DATED AUGUST 4, 2020

NEW ISSUE

Electronic Bidding via Parity®

Bank Interest Deduction Eligible

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

RATING Moody's: " "

Due: as shown below

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law (i) interest on the Bonds will be excludable from gross income of the holders thereof for purposes of federal taxation and (ii) interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax, all subject to the qualifications described herein under the heading "Tax Exemption." The Bonds and interest thereon are exempt from income taxation and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and political subdivisions thereof (see "Tax Exemption" herein).

\$2,290,000* CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS, SERIES OF 2020

Dated: September 9, 2020

Interest on the Bonds is payable each May 1 and November 1, beginning November 1, 2020. The Bonds will mature as to principal on November 1, 2020 and each November 1 thereafter as shown below. The Bonds are being issued in Book-Entry-Only Form and will be available for purchase in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Maturing 1-Nov	Amount	Interest Rate	Reoffering Yield	CUSIP	Maturing 1-Nov	Amount	Interest Rate	Reoffering Yield	CUSIP
			- 1			****			
2020	\$210,000	%	%		2026	\$215,000	%	%	
2021	\$200,000	%	%		2027	\$215,000	%	%	
2022	\$205,000	%	%		2028	\$220,000	%	%	
2023	\$205,000	%	%		2029	\$225,000	%	%	
2024	\$205,000	%	%		2030	\$175,000	%	%	
2025	\$215,000	%	%						

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right to call, upon thirty (30) days notice, the Bonds in whole or in part on any date for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds constitute a limited indebtedness of the Clark County School District Finance Corporation and are payable from and secured by a pledge of the gross income and revenues derived by leasing the Project (as hereinafter defined) on an annual renewable basis to the Clark County Board of Education.

The Clark County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation will until August 12, 2020, at 11:00 A.M., E.S.T., receive competitive bids for the Bonds at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 229 West Main Street, Suite 102, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

*As set forth in the "Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale," the principal amount of Bonds sold to the successful bidder is subject to a Permitted Adjustment by increasing or decreasing the amount not to exceed \$230,000.

PURCHASER'S OPTION: The Purchaser of the Bonds, within 24 hours of the sale, may specify to the Financial Advisor that any Bonds may be combined immediately succeeding sequential maturities into a Term Bond(s), bearing a single rate of interest, with the maturities set forth above (or as may be adjusted as provided herein) being subject to mandatory redemption in such maturities for such Term Bond(s).

The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM administered by The Depository Trust Company.

The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for certain information on the cover page hereof which has been omitted in accordance with such Rule and which will be supplied with the final Official Statement.



CLARK COUNTY, KENTUCKY BOARD OF EDUCATION

Ashley Ritchie, Chairman Sherry Richardson, Member Gordon Parido, Member William Taulbee, Member Scott Hisle, Member

Paul Christy, Superintendent/Secretary

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

Ashley Ritchie, President Sherry Richardson, Vice President Gordon Parido, Member William Taulbee, Member Scott Hisle, Member

> Paul Christy, Secretary Aleisha Ellis, Treasurer

BOND COUNSEL

Steptoe & Johnson PLLC Louisville, Kentucky

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

RSA Advisors, LLC Lexington, Kentucky

PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

Traditional Bank, Inc. Mt. Sterling, Kentucky

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement does not constitute an offering of any security other than the original offering of the Clark County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series of 2020, identified on the cover page hereof. No person has been authorized by the Corporation or the Board to give any information or to make any representation other than that contained in the Official Statement, and if given or made such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been given or authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, and there shall not be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation or the Board since the date hereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state or other governmental entity or agency, except the Corporation will pass upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement or approve the Bonds for sale.

The Official Statement includes the front cover page immediately preceding this page and all Appendices hereto.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction	1
Book-Entry-Only System	
The Corporation	
Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission	
Commonwealth Budget for Period Ending June 30, 2021	
Outstanding Bonds	
Authority	5
The Bonds	5
General	_
Registration, Payment and Transfer	
Redemption	5
Security	5
General	
The Lease; Pledge of Rental Revenues	6
State Intercept	6
Commission's Participation	
Verification of Mathematical Accuracy	6
The Plan of Refunding	
Purpose of the Prior Bonds	7
Estimated Bond Debt Service	
Estimated Use of Bond Proceeds	8
District Student Population	
State Support of Education	
Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK)	
Capital Outlay Allotment	
Facilities Support Program of Kentucky	
Local Support	
Homestead Exemption	
Limitation on Taxation	
Local Thirty Cents Minimum	
Additional 15% Not Subject to Recall	
Assessment Valuation	
Special Voted and Other Local Taxes	
Local Tax Rates, Property Assessments	. 11
and Revenue Collections	11
Overlapping Bond Indebtedness	
SEEK Allotment	
State Budgeting Process	• • -
Potential Legislation	
Continuing Disclosure	
Tax Exemption; Bank Qualified	
Original Issue Premium	
Original Issue Discount	. 13
Absence of Material Litigation	
Approval of Legality	
No Legal Opinion Expressed as to Certain Matters	
Bond Rating	
Financial Advisor	
Approval of Official Statement	
Demographic and Economic Data	
Financial Data APPENDI	
Continuing Disclosure Agreement	
Official Terms & Conditions of Bond Sale APPENDI	
Official Bid Form	IX E

OFFICIAL STATEMENTRelating to the Issuance of

\$2,290,000*

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS, SERIES OF 2020

*Subject to Permitted Adjustment

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page and Appendices hereto, is to set forth certain information pertaining to the Clark County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series of 2020 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are being issued to (i) pay the accrued interest and refund on a current basis on September 15, 2020 the outstanding Clark County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2010 (Build America Bonds - Direct Pay to Issuer), dated November 1, 2010 (the "2010 Bonds") maturing October 1, 2020 and thereafter (the "Refunded Bonds"); and (ii) pay the cost of the Bond issuance expenses (see "Plan of Refunding" herein). The Board has determined that the plan of refunding the Refunded Bonds will result in considerable interest cost savings to the Clark County School District (the "District") and is in the best interest of the District.

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds will be secured by a lien and a pledge of the rental income derived by the Corporation from leasing the Projects (as hereinafter defined) to the Clark County Board of Education (the "Board") on a year to year basis (see "Security" herein).

All financial and other information presented in this Official Statement has been provided by the Clark County Board of Education from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. The presentation of financial and other information is not intended, unless specifically stated, to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the Board. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety, and no one subject discussed should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its location in the text. Reference should be made to laws, reports or other documents referred to in this Official Statement for more complete information regarding their contents.

Copies of the Bond Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds, the Participation Agreement and the Lease Agreement, dated September 9, 2020, may be obtained at the office of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, 700 N. Hurstbourne Parkway, Suite 115, Louisville, Kentucky 40222.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

The following information about the Book-Entry only system applicable to the Bonds has been supplied by DTC. Neither the Corporation nor the Paying Agent and Registrar makes any representations, warranties or guarantees with respect to its accuracy or completeness.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code,

and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, (NSCC, GSCC, MBSCC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Paying Agent and Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name" and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or its nominee, the Paying Agent and Registrar or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and

disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's Book-Entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation believes to be reliable but the Corporation takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

THE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.290 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board. Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Board herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

Any bonds, notes or other indebtedness issued or contracted by the Corporation shall, prior to the issuance or incurrence thereon, be specifically approved by the Board. The members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation are the members of the Board. Their terms expire when they cease to hold the office and any successor members of the Board are automatically members of the Corporation upon assuming their public offices.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission") is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of KRS Sections 157.611 through 157.640, as amended, repealed and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

The Commission will enter into a Participation Agreement with the Board whereunder the Commission, will agree to continue to pay approximately \$239,945 to be applied to the debt service requirements of the Refunding Bonds through November 1, 2030; provided, however, that the contractual commitment of the Commission to pay the annual Agreed Participation is limited to the budget period of the Commonwealth, with the first such budget period terminating on June 30, 2021.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$124,836,200 in FY 2020-21 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues; \$58,000,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium; and authorizes \$58,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2022.

The 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018 and 2020 Regular Sessions of the Kentucky General Assembly appropriated funds to be used for debt service of participating school districts. The appropriations for each biennium are shown in the following table:

<u>Biennium</u>	Appropriation
1986-88	\$18,223,200
1988-90	14,050,700
1990-92	13,542,800
1992-94	3,075,300
1994-96	2,800,000
1996-98	4,996,000
1998-00	12,141,500
2000-02	8,100,000
2002-04	9,500,000
2004-06	14,000,000
2006-08	9,000,000
2008-10	10,968,000
2010-12	12,656,200
2012-14	8,469,200
2014-16	8,764,000
2016-18	23,019,400
2018-20	7,608,000
2020-21	2,946,900
Total	\$183,861,200

In addition to the appropriations for new financings as shown, appropriations subsequent to that for 1986 included additional funds to continue to meet the annual debt requirements for all bond issues involving Commission participation issued in prior years.

COMMONWEALTH BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2021

The Kentucky General Assembly, during its Regular Session, adopted a budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2021 which was approved and signed by the Governor. Such budget was effective beginning July 1, 2020.

OUTSTANDING BONDS

The following table shows the outstanding Bonds of the Board by the original principal amount of each issue, the current principal outstanding, the amount of the original principal scheduled to be paid with the corresponding interest thereon by the Board or the School Facilities Construction Commission, the approximate interest range; and, the final maturity date of the Bonds:

		Current	Principal	Principal	Approximate	
Bond	Original	Principal	Assigned to	Assigned to	Interest Rate	Final
Series	Principal	Outstanding	Board	Commission	Range	Maturity
2010-QSCB	\$41,535,000	\$41,535,000	\$41,535,000	\$0	5.200%	2026
2010-BABS	\$5,170,000	\$2,190,000	\$2,084,725	\$3,085,275	4.000% - 5.000%	2030
2011-QSCB	\$15,450,000	\$15,450,000	\$0	\$15,450,000	5.000%	2030
2011-QZAB	\$2,845,000	\$2,845,000	\$2,438,832	\$406,168	5.000%	2030
2012	\$10,800,000	\$9,850,000	\$10,800,000	\$0	2.500% - 3.200%	2032
2014-KISTA	\$420,657	\$295,315	\$420,657	\$0	3.000% - 3.500%	2031
2015	\$8,380,000	\$7,360,000	\$5,297,715	\$3,082,285	3.000% - 3.500%	2035
2017-Energy	\$7,970,000	\$7,410,000	\$7,970,000	\$0	3.000% - 3.500%	2037
2017B	\$19,255,000	\$19,100,000	\$1,666,197	\$17,588,803	3.000% - 3.125%	2037
2019	\$3,000,000	\$2,995,000	\$3,000,000	\$0	3.000% - 3.750%	2039
TOTALS:	\$114,825,657	\$109,030,315	\$75,213,126	\$39,612,531		

AUTHORITY

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has adopted a Bond Resolution which authorized among other things:

- i) the issuance of approximately \$2,290,000 of Bonds subject to a permitted adjustment of \$230,000;
- ii) the advertisement for the public sale of the Bonds;
- iii) the Official Terms and Conditions for the sale of the Bonds to the successful bidder; and,
- iv) the President and Secretary of the Corporation to execute certain documents relative to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

THE BONDS

General

The Bonds will be dated September 9, 2020, will bear interest from that date as described herein, payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing November 1, 2020, and will mature as to principal on November 1, 2020 and each November 1 thereafter in the years and in the principal amounts as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement.

Registration, Payment and Transfer

The Bonds are to be issued in fully-registered form (both principal and interest). Traditional Bank, Inc., Mt. Sterling, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co., as the nominee of The Depository Trust Company. Please see Book-Entry-Only-System. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, beginning November 1, 2020 (Record Date is 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

Redemption

The Bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2028 are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after November 1, 2027, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Redemption Date	Redemption Price
November 1, 2027 and thereafter	100%

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

SECURITY

General

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds are payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues derived from the leasing of the Project financed from the Bond proceeds from the Corporation to the Board. The Bonds are secured by a pledge of revenue on and from the Project; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with the liens and pledges securing the Corporation's outstanding School Building Revenue Bonds issued to improve the building in which the Project is located.

The Lease; Pledge of Rental Revenues

The Board has leased the school Project securing the Bonds for an initial period from September 9, 2020, through June 30, 2021 with the option in the Board to renew said Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rental due under the Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Bonds as same become due. The Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the Lease until November 1, 2030, the final maturity date of the Bonds. Under the lease, the Corporation has pledged the rental revenue to the payment of the Bonds.

STATE INTERCEPT

Under the terms of the 2020 Lease, and any renewal thereof, the Board has agreed so long as the Bonds remain outstanding, and in conformance with the intent and purpose of Section 157.627(5) of the Act and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the 2020 Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the 2020 Lease and Participation Agreement to the Corporation and the Commission the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

COMMISSION'S PARTICIPATION

The Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for an average annual participation equal to approximately \$239,945 from the Commission's appropriation by the Kentucky General Assembly which will be used to meet a portion of the debt service of the Bonds. The plan for financing the Project will require the Commission to pay one hundred percent (99%) of the debt service of the Bonds.

The Participation Agreement to be entered into with the Board will be limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2021. The right is reserved in the Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the agreed participation every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the agreed participation shall be automatically renewed each two years thereafter unless the Commission gives notice to the Board of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium. However, the Commission has expressed its intention to continue to pay the agreed participation in successive biennial budget periods until the Bonds are retired, but the Commission is not required to do so.

VERIFICATION OF MATHEMATICAL ACCURACY

AMTEC, will verify from the information provided to them the mathematical accuracy as of the date of the closing of the Bonds of (1) the computations contained in the provided schedules to determine that the anticipated receipts from the securities and cash deposits listed in the Financial Advisor's schedules, to be held in escrow, will be sufficient to pay, when due, the principal, interest and call premium payment requirements, if any, of the Prior Bonds, and (2) the computations of yield on both the securities and the Bonds contained in the provided schedules used by Bond Counsel in its determination that the interest on the Bonds is not includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. AMTEC will express no opinion on the assumptions provided to them, nor as to the exemption from taxation of the interest on the Bonds.

THE PLAN OF REFUNDING

A sufficient amount of the proceeds of the Bonds at the time of delivery will be deposited into the Bond Fund for the Refunded Bonds. The Bond Fund deposit is intended to be sufficient to (i) pay the accrued interest and refund at or in advance of maturity all of the Clark County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2010 (Build America Bonds - Direct Pay to Issuer), dated November 1, 2010, maturing November 1, 2020 and thereafter (the "Refunded Bonds") on September 15, 2020; and (ii) pay the cost of the Bond issuance expenses (see "Plan of Refunding" herein). The Board has determined that the plan of refunding the Refunded Bonds will result in considerable interest cost savings to the Clark County School District (the "District") and is in the best interest of the District.

Any investments purchased for the Bond Fund shall be limited to (i) direct Obligations of or Obligations guaranteed by the United States government, or (ii) Obligations of agencies or corporations of the United States as permitted under KRS 66.480(1)(b) and (c) or (iii) Certificates of Deposit of FDIC banks fully collateralized by direct Obligations of or Obligations guaranteed by the United States.

The Plan of Refunding the Bonds of the Prior Issue as set out in the Preliminary Official Statement is tentative as to what Bonds of the Prior Issue shall be refunded and will not be finalized until the sale of the Refunding Bonds.

PURPOSE OF THE PRIOR BONDS

The Refunded Bonds were issued by the Corporation for the purpose of providing funds to finance construction of a new High School (the "Project").

ESTIMATED BOND DEBT SERVICE

The following table shows by fiscal year the current bond payments of the Board. The plan of financing provides for the Board to meet approximately 1% of the debt service of the Bonds.

Fiscal	Current	Series 2	2020 School Bu	ilding Refund	ing Revenue I	Bonds	Total
Year	Local	Dada sia al	T44	Total	CECC	Local	Local
Ending June 30	Bond Payments	Principal Portion	Interest Portion	Total Payment	SFCC Portion	Local Portion	Bond Payments
2020	\$3,982,451	1 OI CIOII	1 OI CIOII	1 ayıncın	1 OI CIOII	1 of tion	\$3,982,451
2021	\$3,982,310	\$210,000	\$100,935	\$310,935	\$307,825	\$3,109	\$3,985,419
2022	\$3,979,313	\$200,000	\$101,919	\$301,919	\$298,900	\$3,019	\$3,982,333
2023	\$3,978,514	\$205,000	\$101,769	\$306,769	\$303,701	\$3,068	\$3,981,581
2024	\$3,979,752	\$205,000	\$101,619	\$306,619	\$303,553	\$3,066	\$3,982,818
2025	\$3,978,914	\$205,000	\$101,469	\$306,469	\$303,404	\$3,065	\$3,981,979
2026	\$3,976,163	\$215,000	\$101,169	\$316,169	\$313,007	\$3,162	\$3,979,324
2027	\$4,067,292	\$215,000	\$100,869	\$315,869	\$312,710	\$3,159	\$4,070,451
2028	\$4,062,515	\$215,000	\$100,569	\$315,569	\$312,413	\$3,156	\$4,065,671
2029	\$4,061,923	\$220,000	\$95,019	\$315,019	\$311,869	\$3,150	\$4,065,073
2030	\$4,067,389	\$225,000	\$89,319	\$314,319	\$311,176	\$3,143	\$4,070,532
2031	\$4,065,765	\$175,000	\$83,469	\$258,469	\$255,884	\$2,585	\$4,068,349
2032	\$3,586,052						\$3,586,052
2033	\$3,584,298						\$3,584,298
2034	\$2,958,357						\$2,958,357
2035	\$2,954,869						\$2,954,869
2036	\$2,392,075						\$2,392,075
2037	\$2,393,451						\$2,393,451
2038	\$2,072,978						\$2,072,978
2039	\$290,500						\$290,500
TOTALS:	\$68,414,880	\$2,290,000	\$1,078,122	\$3,368,122	\$3,334,441	\$33,681	\$68,448,561

Notes: Numbers are Rounded to the nearest \$1.00.

ESTIMATED USE OF BOND PROCEEDS

The table below shows the estimated sources of funds and uses of proceeds of the Bonds, other than any portions thereof representing accrued interest:

Sources:	
Par Amount of Bonds	\$2,290,000.00
Total Sources	\$2,290,000.00
Uses:	
Deposit to Escrow Fund Underwriter's Discount (1%) Cost of Issuance	\$2,231,440.00 22,900.00 35,660.00
Total Uses	\$2,290,000.00

DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION

Selected school census and average daily attendance for the Clark County School District is as follows:

Year	Average Daily Attendance	Year	Average Daily Attendance
			_
2000-01	4,689.9	2010-11	4,905.6
2001-02	4,698.1	2011-12	4,945.9
2002-03	4,745.8	2012-13	4,964.8
2003-04	4,687.3	2013-14	4,934.5
2004-05	4,829.5	2014-15	4,983.9
2005-06	4,893.5	2015-16	4,926.4
2006-07	4,954.5	2016-17	4,836.8
2007-08	4,925.7	2017-18	4,796.6
2008-09	4,934.3	2018-19	4,727.4
2009-10	4,887.7	2019-20	4,727.9

STATE SUPPORT

Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK). In determining the cost of the program to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), the statewide guaranteed base funding level is computed by dividing the amount appropriated by the prior year's statewide average daily attendance. The SEEK fund is a guaranteed amount of money per pupil in each school district of Kentucky. The current SEEK allotment is \$3,866 per pupil. The \$100 capital outlay allotment per each average daily attendance is included within the guaranteed amounts. Each district's base funding from the SEEK program is adjusted for the number of at-risk students, the number and types of exceptional children in the district, and cost of transporting students from and to school in the district.

Capital Outlay Allotment. The per pupil capital outlay allotment for each district from the public school fund and from local sources shall be kept in a separate account and may be used by the district only for capital outlay projects approved by the State Department of Education. These funds shall be used for the following capital outlay purposes:

- a. For direct payment of construction costs.
- b. For debt service on voted and funding bonds.
- c. For payment or lease-rental agreements under which the board will eventually acquire ownership of the school plant.
- d. For retirement of any deficit resulting from over-expenditure for capital construction, if such deficit resulted from certain declared emergencies.
- e. As a reserve fund for the above named purposes, to be carried forward in ensuing budgets.

The allotment for each school board of education in the Commonwealth for fiscal year 1978-79 was \$1,800 per classroom unit. The 1979 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly approved increases in this allotment in 1979-80 to \$1,900 per classroom unit. This rate remained unchanged in 1980-81. The 1981 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly decreased the allotment per classroom to \$1,800 and this allotment rate did not change from the 1981-82 rate, until the 1990-91 school year. Beginning with 1990-91, the Capital Outlay allotment for each district is based on \$100 per average daily attendance.

The following table shows the computation of the capital outlay allotment for the Clark County School District for certain preceding school years.

Capital Outlay Allotment	Year	Capital Outlay Allotment
468,990.0	2010-11	490,559.0
469,810.0	2011-12	494,591.0
474,580.0	2012-13	496,481.0
468,730.0	2013-14	493,448.0
482,950.0	2014-15	498,386.0
489,350.0	2015-16	492,638.0
495,450.0	2016-17	483,680.0
492,570.0	2017-18	479,660.0
493,429.0	2018-19	472,738.6
488,765.0	2019-20	472,790.0
	468,990.0 469,810.0 474,580.0 468,730.0 482,950.0 489,350.0 495,450.0 492,570.0 493,429.0	Allotment Year 468,990.0 2010-11 469,810.0 2011-12 474,580.0 2012-13 468,730.0 2013-14 482,950.0 2014-15 489,350.0 2015-16 495,450.0 2016-17 492,570.0 2017-18 493,429.0 2018-19

If the school district has no capital outlay needs, upon approval from the State, the funds can be used for school plant maintenance, repair, insurance on buildings, replacement of equipment, purchase of school buses and purchase of modern technological equipment for educational purposes. If any district has a special levy for capital outlay or debt service that is equal to the capital outlay allotment or a proportionate fraction thereof, and spends the proceeds of the levy for eligible purposes, the State may authorize the district to use all or a proportionate fraction of its capital outlay allotment for current expenses (school districts which use capital outlay allotments to meet current expenses are not eligible to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission funds).

Facilities Support Program of Kentucky. School districts may be eligible to participate in the Facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), subject to the following requirements:

- 1) The district must have unmet needs as set forth and approved by the State Department of Education in a School Facilities Plan;
- 2) The district must commit to establish an equivalent tax rate of at least 5 cents, in addition to the 30 cents minimum current equivalent tax rate; and,
- The new revenues generated by the 5 cent addition, must be placed in a restricted account for school building construction bonding.

LOCAL SUPPORT

Homestead Exemption. Section 170 of the Kentucky Constitution was amended at the General Election held November 2, 1971, to exempt from property taxes \$6,500 of value of single unit residential property of taxpayers 65 years of age or older. The 1972 General Assembly amended KRS Chapter 132 to permit counties and school districts to adjust their local tax revenues lost through the application of this Homestead Exemption. The "Single Unit" qualification has been enlarged to subsequent sessions of the General Assembly to provide that such exemption shall apply to such property maintained as the permanent resident of the owner and the dollar amount has been construed to mean \$6,500 in terms of the purchasing power of the dollar in 1972. Every two years thereafter, if the cost of living index of the U.S. Department of Labor has changed as much as 1%, the maximum exemption shall be adjusted accordingly. Under the cost of living formula, the maximum was increased to \$39,300 effective January 1, 2019.

Limitation on Taxation. The 1979 Special Session of the Kentucky General Assembly enacted House Bill 44 which provides that no school district may levy a general tax rate, voted general tax rate, or voted building tax rate which would generate revenues that exceeds the previous years revenues by four percent (4%).

The 1990 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly in enacting the "School Reform" legislative package amended the provisions of KRS 160.470 which prohibited school districts from levying ad valorem property taxes which would generate revenues in excess of 4% of the previous year's revenues without said levy subject to recall to permit exceptions to the referendum under (1) KRS 160.470(12) [a new section of the statute] and (2) an amended KRS 157.440.

Under KRS 160.470(12)(a) for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 school districts are required to levy a "minimum equivalent tax rate" of thirty cents (\$.30) for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes (including occupational or utilities) levied by the district for school purposes divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the State Revenue Cabinet. Failure to levy the minimum equivalent rate subjects the board of the district to removal.

The exception provided by KRS 157.440(1)(a) permits school districts to levy an equivalent tax rate as defined in KRS 160.470(12)(a) which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the program to support education excellence in Kentucky. Levies permitted by this section of the statute are not subject to public hearing or recall provisions as set forth in KRS 160.470.

Local Thirty Cents Minimum. Effective for school years beginning after June 30, 1990, the board of education of each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of thirty cents (\$0.30) for general school purposes. If a board fails to comply, its members shall be subject to removal from office for willful neglect of duty.

Additional 15% Not Subject to Recall. Effective with the school year beginning July 1, 1990, each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Effective with the 1990-91 school year, the State will equalize the revenue generated by this levy at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil equalized assessment. For 1993-94 and thereafter, this level is set at \$225,000. The additional 15% rate levy is not subject to the public hearing or recall provisions.

Assessment Valuation. No later than July 1, 1994, all real property located in the state and subject to local taxation shall be assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of fair cash value.

Special Voted and Other Local Taxes. Any district may, in addition to other taxes for school purposes, levy not less than four cents nor more than twenty cents on each one hundred dollars (\$100) valuation of property subject to local taxation, to provide a special fund for the purchase of sites for school buildings and the erection, major alteration, enlargement, and complete equipping of school buildings. In addition, districts may levy taxes on tangible and intangible property and on utilities, except generally any amounts of revenues generated above that provided for by House Bill 44 is subject to voter recall.

Local Tax Rates, Property Assessments and Revenue Collections

Combined	Total	Property
Equivalent	Property	Revenue
Rate	Assessment	Collections
50.8	1,662,138,981	8,443,666
51.8	1,733,724,137	8,980,691
51.1	1,810,169,640	9,249,967
51.1	1,980,958,781	10,122,699
49.1	2,109,045,146	10,355,412
48.4	2,248,608,181	10,883,264
49.5	2,338,397,421	11,575,067
48.4	2,490,055,504	12,051,869
49.4	2,611,778,137	12,902,184
49.4	2,640,597,675	13,044,553
55.5	2,656,916,457	14,745,886
59.7	2,699,013,546	16,113,111
62	2,786,589,177	17,276,853
65	2,811,941,667	18,277,621
66.3	2,894,216,011	19,188,652
67.4	2,888,847,354	19,470,831
67	2,920,053,266	19,564,357
67.8	2,989,355,600	20,267,831
70.3	3,044,768,624	21,404,723
70.2	3,137,167,899	22,022,919
	Equivalent Rate 50.8 51.8 51.1 51.1 49.1 48.4 49.5 48.4 49.4 55.5 59.7 62 65 66.3 67.4 67 67.8 70.3	Equivalent Rate Property Assessment 50.8 1,662,138,981 51.8 1,733,724,137 51.1 1,810,169,640 51.1 1,980,958,781 49.1 2,109,045,146 48.4 2,248,608,181 49.5 2,338,397,421 48.4 2,490,055,504 49.4 2,611,778,137 49.4 2,640,597,675 55.5 2,656,916,457 59.7 2,699,013,546 62 2,786,589,177 65 2,811,941,667 66.3 2,894,216,011 67.4 2,888,847,354 67 2,920,053,266 67.8 2,989,355,600 70.3 3,044,768,624

OVERLAPPING BOND INDEBTEDNESS

The following table shows any other overlapping bond indebtedness of the Clark County School District or other issuing agency within the County as reported by the State Local Debt Officer for the period ending June 30, 2020.

-	Original	Amount	Current
	Principal	of Bonds	Principal
Issuer	Amount	Redeemed	Outstanding
Clark County			
General Obligation	\$2,733,498	\$601,682	\$2,131,816
Nursing Home Revenue	\$3,750,000	\$1,893,022	\$1,856,978
Refinancing Revenue	\$10,000,000	\$2,867,296	\$7,132,704
Building Renewable	\$615,000	\$118,589	\$496,411
Educational Development Revenue	\$10,000,000	\$0	\$10,000,000
City of Winchester			
General Obligation	\$15,884,988	\$1,291,363	\$14,593,625
Multi-Family Housing Revenue	\$4,000,000	\$0	\$4,000,000
Multiple Purposes Revenue	\$9,915,000	\$620,000	\$9,295,000
Manufacturing Facility Revenue	\$140,000,000	\$0	\$140,000,000
Special Districts			
Clark County Extension District	\$1,400,000	\$599,000	\$801,000
Clark County Library District	\$1,400,000	\$790,000	\$610,000
Clark County Public Health Taxing District	\$1,000,000	\$925,000	\$75,000
East Clark Water District	\$1,479,000	\$607,000	\$872,000
Totals:	\$202,177,486	\$10,312,952	\$191,864,534

Source: 2020 Kentucky Local Debt Report.

SEEK Allotment

The Board has reported the following information as to the SEEK allotment to the District, and as provided by the State Department of Education. These receipts are compared to the 1989-90 fiscal year funding prior to enactment of the Kentucky Education Reform Act:

SEEK	Base Funding	Local Tax Effort	Total State & Local Funding	
SEER	- unung	THA EITOTT	Eocal Landing	
2000-01	14,122,396	8,443,666	22,566,062	
2001-02	14,027,649	8,980,691	23,008,340	
2002-03	14,527,916	9,249,967	23,777,883	
2003-04	14,812,341	10,122,699	24,935,040	
2004-05	15,289,805	10,355,412	25,645,217	
2005-06	16,392,987	10,883,264	27,276,251	
2006-07	16,943,803	11,575,067	28,518,870	
2007-08	18,340,413	12,051,869	30,392,282	
2008-09	18,226,638	12,902,184	31,128,822	
2009-10	15,966,236	13,044,553	29,010,789	
2010-11	16,310,021	14,745,886	31,055,907	
2011-12	17,591,139	16,113,111	33,704,250	
2012-13	17,582,098	17,276,853	34,858,951	
2013-14	17,596,265	18,277,621	35,873,886	
2014-15	18,632,563	19,188,652	37,821,215	
2015-16	18,819,767	19,470,831	38,290,598	
2016-17	18,300,444	19,564,357	37,864,801	
2017-18	18,197,145	20,267,831	38,464,976	
2018-19	18,137,211	21,404,723	39,541,934	
2019-20	17,502,642	22,022,919	39,525,561	

- (1) Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) replaces the minimum foundation program and power equalization funding. Capital Outlay is now computed at \$100 per average daily attendance (ADA). Capital Outlay is included in the SEEK base funding.
- (2) The Board established a current equivalent tax rate (CETR) of \$0.702 for FY 2019-20. The equivalent tax rate" is defined as the rate which results when the income from all taxes levied by the district for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Commonwealth of Kentucky Revenue Cabinet.

State Budgeting Process

- i) Each district board of education is required to prepare a general school budget on forms prescribed and furnished by the Kentucky Board of Education, showing the amount of money needed for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay, and other necessary expenses of the school during the succeeding fiscal year and the estimated amount that will be received from all sources.
- ii) By September 15 of each year, after the district receives its tax assessment data from the Department of Revenue and the State Department of Education, 3 copies of the budget are forwarded to the State Department for approval or disapproval.
- iii) The State Department of Education has adopted a policy of disapproving a school budget if it is financially unsound or fails to provide for:
 - a) payment of maturing principal and interest on any outstanding voted school improvement bonds of the district or payment of rental in connection with any outstanding school building revenue bonds issued for the benefit of the school district; or
 - b) fails to comply with the law.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

As a result of the Board and issuing agencies acting on behalf of the Board having outstanding at the time the Bonds referred to herein are offered for public sale municipal securities in excess of \$1,000,000, the Corporation and the Board will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of all parties who may become Registered or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds whereunder said Corporation and Board will agree to comply with the provisions of the Municipal Securities Disclosure Rules set forth in Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 by filing annual financial statements and material events notices with the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) System maintained by the Municipal Securities Rule Making Board.

The Board has been timely in making all required disclosure filings in the past five (5) years.

The Board has adopted new procedures to assure timely and complete filings in the future with regard to the Rule in order to provide required financial reports and operating data or notices of material events.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Clark County Board of Education, 1600 W. Lexington Avenue, Winchester, Kentucky 40391 (859) 744-4545

TAX EXEMPTION; BANK QUALIFIED

Bond Counsel is of the opinion that:

- (A) The Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.
- (B) The interest income from the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law and will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of Federal income taxation.
- (C) As a result of designations and certifications by the Board and the Corporation, indicating the issuance of less than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year ending December 31, 2020, the Bonds are "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

The Corporation will provide the purchaser the customary no-litigation certificate, and the final approving Legal Opinions of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel and Special Tax Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky approving the legality of the Bonds. These opinions will accompany the Bonds when delivered, without expense to the purchaser.

Original Issue Premium

Certain of the Bonds are being initially offered and sold to the public at a premium ("Acquisition Premium" from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. "Acquisition Premium" is the excess of the cost of a bond over the stated redemption price of such bond at maturity or, for bonds that have one or more earlier call dates, the amount payable at the next earliest call date. The Bonds that bear an interest rate that is higher than the yield (as shown on the cover page hereof), are being initially offered and sold to the public at an Acquisition Premium (the "Premium Bonds"). For federal income tax purposes, the amount of Acquisition Premium on each bond the interest on which is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes ("tax-exempt bonds") must be amortized and will reduce the bondholder's adjusted basis in that bond. However, no amount of amortized Acquisition Premium on tax-exempt bonds may be deducted in determining bondholder's taxable income for federal income tax purposes. The amount of any Acquisition Premium paid on the Premium Bonds, or on any of the Bonds, that must be amortized during any period will be based on the "constant yield" method, using the original bondholder's basis in such bonds and compounding semiannually. This amount is amortized ratably over that semiannual period on a daily basis.

Holders of any Bonds, including any Premium Bonds, purchased at an Acquisition Premium should consult their own tax advisors as to the actual effect of such Acquisition Premium with respect to their own tax situation and as to the treatment of Acquisition Premium for state tax purposes.

Original Issue Discount

Certain of the Bonds (the "Discount Bonds") are being initially offered and sold to the public at a discount ("OID") from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. OID is the excess of the stated redemption price of a bond at maturity (the face amount) over the "issue price" of such bond. The issue price is the initial offering price to the public (other than to bond houses, brokers or similar persons acting in the capacity of underwriters or wholesalers) at which a substantial amount of bonds of the same maturity are sold pursuant to that initial offering. For federal income tax purposes, OID on each bond will accrue over the term of the bond. The amount accrued will be based on a single rate of interest, compounded semiannually (the "yield to maturity") and, during each semi-annual period, the amount will accrue ratably on a daily basis. The OID accrued during the period that an initial purchaser of a Discount Bond at its issue price owns it is added to the purchaser's tax basis for purposes of determining gain or loss at the maturity, redemption, sale or other disposition of that Discount Bond. In practical effect, accrued OID is treated as stated interest, that is, as excludible from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

In addition, original issue discount that accrues in each year to an owner of a Discount Bond is included in the calculation of the distribution requirements of certain regulated investment companies and may result in some of the collateral federal income tax consequences discussed above. Consequently, owners of any Discount Bond should be aware that the accrual of original issue discount in each year may result in an alternative minimum tax liability, additional distribution requirements or other collateral federal income tax consequences although the owner of such Discount Bond has not received cash attributable to such original issue discount in such year.

Holders of Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the treatment of OID and the tax consequences of the purchase of such Discount Bonds other than at the issue price during the initial public offering and as to the treatment of OID for state tax purposes.

ABSENCE OF MATERIAL LITIGATION

There is no controversy or litigation of any nature now pending or threatened (i) restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the Board or Corporation taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof or (ii) which if successful would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Board.

APPROVAL OF LEGALITY

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel. The form of the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel will appear on each printed Bond.

NO LEGAL OPINION EXPRESSED AS TO CERTAIN MATTERS

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement describing the Bonds and the provisions of the Bond Resolution and related proceedings authorizing the Bonds, but Bond Counsel has not reviewed any of the financial data, computations, tabulations, balance sheets, financial projections, and general information concerning the Corporation or District, and expresses no opinion thereon, assumes no responsibility for same and has not undertaken independently to verify any information contained herein.

BOND RATING

As noted on the cover page of this Official Statement, Moody's Investors Service has given the Bonds the indicated rating. Such rating reflects only the respective views of such organization. Explanations of the significance of the rating may be obtained from the rating agency. There can be no assurance that such rating will be maintained for any given period of time or will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency, if in their judgement circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

Prospective bidders are advised that RSA Advisors, LLC ("RSA") has been employed as Financial Advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. RSA's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. Bidders may submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds at the time of the advertised public sale, either individually or as a member of a syndicate organized to submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds.

APPROVAL OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Corporation has approved and caused this "Official Statement" to be executed and delivered by its President. In making this "Official Statement" the Corporation relied upon information furnished to it by the Board of Education of the Clark County School District and does not assume any responsibility as to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Official Statement except as to copies of documents denominated "Official Terms and Conditions" and "Bid Form." The financial information supplied by the Board of Education is represented by the Board of Education to be correct. The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of Securities Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1) as qualified by the cover hereof.

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized by the Corporation, the Clark County Board of Education or the Financial Advisor to give any information or representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. Except when otherwise indicated, the information set forth herein has been obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education and the Clark County School District and is believed to be reliable; however, such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation by the Financial Advisor or by Counsel. The delivery of this Official Statement at any time does not imply that information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

This Official Statement does not, as of its date, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to
state a material fact which should be included herein for the purpose for which the Official Statement is to be used
or which is necessary in order to make the statements contained herein, in the light of the circumstances under
which they were made, not misleading in any material respect.

By_/s/		
•	President	
By /s/		
•	Secretary	

APPENDIX A

Clark County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds Series of 2020

Demographic and Economic Data

CLARK COUNTY, KENTUCKY

Winchester, the county seat of Clark County is located in the Bluegrass Region of central Kentucky. Winchester is located 23 miles east of Lexington, Kentucky; 92 miles east of Louisville, Kentucky; 97 miles south of Cincinnati, Ohio, and 167 miles north of Knoxville, Tennessee. The city's 2017 estimated population was 18,486.

Clark County covers a land area of 254 square miles and had an estimated 2017 population of 36,046 persons.

The Economic Framework

The total number of Clark County residents employed in 2017 averaged 16,098. Construction firms reported 549 jobs; manufacturing firms in the county reported 3,039 employees; trade, transportation and utilities provided 2,633 jobs; information services accounted for 66 jobs; 357 persons were employed in the financial industry; 5,253 people were employed in service occupations; and leisure and hospitality provided 1,184 jobs.

Transportation

Winchester is served by Interstate 64, the Mountain Parkway, U.S. 60 and Kentucky Highways 89, 627 and 1958. Each is a AAA-rated trucking highway. Interstate 75 is accessible 17 miles west of Winchester, via Interstate 64, and 14 miles southwest of Winchester, via Kentucky 627. Thirty trucking company provide interstate and/or intrastate service to Winchester. CSX Transportation provides main line rail service to Winchester. The nearest scheduled commercial airline service is located at Lexington's Bluegrass Airport, 27 miles west of Winchester. Local airport service is available 14 miles east of Winchester at Mt. Sterling.

Power and Fuel

Kentucky Utilities Company provides electric power to Winchester and parts of Clark County. The remainder of Clark County is served by Clark Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation, whose source of power is East Kentucky Power. Columbia Gas Company of Kentucky provides natural gas service.

Education

The Clark County School System provides primary and secondary education to Clark County residents. Several nonpublic schools have facilities in Winchester. Thirteen colleges and universities are located within 60 miles of Winchester. The nearest state technical college providing post-secondary education is the Central Kentucky Technical College Lexington Campus in Lexington. Clark County Area Technology Center provides secondary technical training.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Structure

Winchester is served by a mayor and four commissioners. The mayor serves a four-year term and the commissioners serve two-year terms. Clark County is served by a county judge/executive and seven magistrates. The county judge/executive and magistrates all serve four-year terms.

Planning and Zoning

Joint agency - Winchester-Clark County- Planning Commission
Participating cities - Winchester
Zoning enforced - All area
Subdivision regulations enforced - All areas
Local codes enforced - Building code enforced in all cities
Housing code enforced within city of Winchester

Mandatory state codes enforced - Kentucky Plumbing Code, National Electric Code, Kentucky Boiler regulations and Standards, Kentucky Building Code (modeled after BOCA code)

Local Fees and Licenses

Winchester levies a one and one-half percent occupational license tax on gross wages, salaries, and commissions. Winchester also levies an annual business license tax which varies according to the type of business. Manufacturers pay the business license tax ranging from \$240 to \$3,840 per year.

Clark County levies a 1.5 percent occupational license tax on wages, salaries, and commissions of individuals and on net profits of businesses. Businesses with less than five full-time employees are exempt. Persons or businesses subject to the City of Winchester occupational tax are exempt from the Clark County occupational license tax.

Property Taxes

The Kentucky Constitution requires the state to tax all classes of taxable property, and state statutes allow local jurisdictions to tax only a few classes. All locally taxed property is subject to county taxes and school district taxes (either a county school district or an independent school district). Property located inside of city limits may also be subject to city property taxes.

Special local taxing jurisdictions (fire protection districts, watershed districts, and sanitation districts) levy taxes within their operating areas (usually a small portion of community or county).

Property assessments in Kentucky are at 100% fair cash value. A 15% reduction is automatically granted for accounts receivable.

LABOR MARKET STATISTICS

The Winchester Labor Market Area includes Clark County and the adjoining Kentucky counties of Bath, Bourbon, Estill, Fayette, Lee, Madison, Montgomery, and Powell.

POPULATION

<u>Area</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Labor Market Area	768,617	777,319	785,465
Winchester	18,446	18,461	18,486
Clark County	35,757	35,819	36,046

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

*Population estimates.

POPULATION PROJECTIONS

<u>Area</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2030</u>
Clark County	36,206	36,508	36,647

Source: University of Louisville, Urban Studies Center, State Data Center.

EDUCATION

Public Schools

	Clark County
Total Enrollment (2016-17)	5,253
Pupil-Teacher Ratio (2016-17)	15.5-1

Vocational Training

Vocational training is available at both the state vocational-technical schools and the area vocational education centers. The state vocational-technical schools are post-secondary institutions. The area vocational education centers are designed to supplement the curriculum of high school students. Both the state vocational-technical schools and the area vocational education centers offer evening courses to enable working adults to upgrade current job skills.

Arrangements can be made to provide training in the specific production skills required by an industrial plant. Instruction may be conducted either in the vocational school or in the industrial plant, depending upon the desired arrangement and the availability of special equipment.

Bluegrass State Skills Corporation

The Bluegrass State Skills Corporation, an independent public corporation created and funded by the Kentucky General Assembly, provides programs of skills training to meet the needs of business and industry from entry level to advanced training, and from upgrading present employees to retraining experienced workers.

The Bluegrass State Skills corporation is the primary source for skills training assistance for a new or existing company. The Corporation works in partnership with other employment and job training resources and programs, as well as Kentucky's economic development activities, to package a program customized to meet the specific needs of a company.

		Cumulative
		Enrollment
Vocational School	Location	2016-2017
Clark County ATC	Winchester	689
Montgomery County ATC	Mt. Sterling	657
Eastside Technical Center	Lexington	820
Southside Technical Center	Lexington	438
Madison County ATC	Richmond	808
Harrison County ATC	Cynthiana	1,098
Garrard County ATC	Lancaster	368
Lee County ATC	Beattyville	469
Franklin County Career & Tech Ctr.	Frankfort	892
Hughes Jones Harrodsburg ATC	Harrodsburg	255
Jackson County ATC	McKee	477
Lincoln County ATC	Stanford	407
Rockcastle County ATC	Mt. Vernon	436
Mason County ATC	Maysville	195
Morgan County ATC	West Liberty	635
Breathitt County ATC	Jackson	443
Carter County Career & Tech Ctr.	Olive Hill	183
Shelby County ATC	Shelbyville	565

Colleges and Universities

<u>Name</u>	Location	Enrollment <u>(Fall 2016)</u>
Bluegrass Community College	Lexington, KY	9,940
Transylvania University	Lexington, KY	963
University of Kentucky	Lexington, KY	29,781
Eastern Kentucky University	Richmond, KY	16,881
Georgetown College	Georgetown, KY	1,526
Asbury College	Wilmore, KY	1,854
Kentucky State University	Frankfort, KY	1,736
Centre College	Danville, KY	1,430
Morehead State University	Morehead, KY	10,746
Maysville Community College	Maysville, KY	3,521
Midway University	Midway, KY	1,194
Berea College	Berea, KY	1,665

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

<u>Institution</u>	<u>Assets</u>	Deposits
Peoples Exchange Bank	\$375,754,000	\$307,284,000
WinFirst Bank	\$139,660,000	\$95,191,000

Source: McFadden American Financial Directory, Jan-June 2019 Edition.

EXISTING INDUSTRY

		Total
<u>Firm</u>	Product	Employed
Winchester		
Advanced Green Components LLC	Forgings and machined rings	100
Ale 8 One Bottling Co.	Manufacture & distribution of soft drinks	99
AMZN Wacs Inc.	Back office technology center	500
Catalent Pharma Solutions	Pharmaceutical processing	494
CONTECH Engineered Solutions LLC	Galvanized structural steel & aluminum	
	drainage & bridge products	70
East KY Power Cooperative Inc.	Headquarters	300
Gate Precast Company	Architectural precast concrete products	75
General Dynamics Information Tech. Inc.	Customer care center for Medicare/Medicai	d 150
Infiltrator Systems Inc.	Plastic injection molding	266
Leggett & Platt Inc.	Inner springs and box springs	350
Pepsi-Cola Bottling Co.	Soft drinks	117
Rocky Mountain ATV	Distribution center of ATV parts	180
Sav-A-Lot Distribution Center	Food distribution center	210
Sekisui S-LEC America LLC	Interlayer film for the laminated glass in	
	automotive & architectural applications	92
Sonoco	Plastic caulking tubes	70
The Freeman Corporation	Hardwood veneer	223
Univance Inc.	Machine ATV axles and prop shafts	185
Walle Corp.	Paper coating & laminating for packaging	125
Winchester Coatings Inc.	Electrostatic coating service	85
Winchester Farms Dairy	Fluid milk, orange juice, cottage cheese	182

Source: Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development (12/19/18).

APPENDIX B

Clark County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds Series of 2020

Audited Financial Statement ending June 30, 2019

Clark County School District

Audited Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2019

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund	17
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	19
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	20
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	21
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	22-65

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2019

	<u>Page</u>
Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Schedule of District Contributions - Pension Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability - Medical Insurance Plan Schedule of District Contributions - Medical Insurance Plan Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Medical Insurance Plan Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability - Life Insurance Plan Schedule of District Contributions - Life Insurance Plan Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Life Insurance Plan	66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74
Supplemental Schedules: Combining Balance Sheet – Non-major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances – Non-major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances – School Activity Funds Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances – Clark County High School Activity Funds	75 76 77 78-79
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Grant	80-81
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	82
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each	83-84
Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	85-86
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	87-88
Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	89
Management Letter Comments	90-98

SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Kentucky State Committee of School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Clark County School District Winchester, KY 40391

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clark County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities* and *State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clark County School District as of June 30, 2019, and, the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions – Pension, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – Medical Insurance Plan, Schedule of District Contributions – Medical Insurance Plan, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – Life Insurance Plan, and Schedule of District Contributions – Life Insurance Plan on pages 3-9 and 66-74 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clark County School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditure of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2019, on our consideration of Clark County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY November 12, 2019

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT – WINCHESTER, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

As management of the Clark County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The total General Fund balance for FY 2019 is \$10,378,993 as compared to \$10,020,679 for FY 2018, which is greater than the 2% as required by state law. The General Fund had \$49,663,157 in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. Expenditures for General Fund totaled \$50,605,536.

The District is completing the final steps of the Energy Performance contract that will improve the district wide quality of environment for every school. The GRC Athletic Complex is still under construction with the final steps being completed on the Basketball stadium with an anticipated opening date of January 2020. The Football stadium is complete and had its grand opening on September 6, 2019 to a booming crowd of 6,000+ people. The remainder of the Athletic Complex for the Fieldhouse, Softball and Baseball fields are currently under construction and are anticipated to open in the Spring of 2020.

As a result of the District's finance and educational support to schools, Clark County Public Schools received scores in five curriculum indicators. Those indicators are proficiency, separate academic, growth, transition readiness, and graduation rate. The chart below summarizes Clark County District scores related to the State recommended scores for the 2018-2019 school year.

Grade Span	Indicators	State Recommend Clark County	
Elementary	Index	above 59.0	66.5
3 Stars	Proficiency		75.8
	Reading	54.6	58.3
	Math	48.6	56.1
	Separate Academic		67.3
	Science	31.7	32.9
	Social Studies	55.1	67.2
	Writing	46.6	39.5
	Growth	above 50.0	56.7
Middle	Index	above 59.0	64.8
3 Stars	Proficiency		79.2
	Reading	59.6	62.9
	Math	46.4	56.8
	Separate Academic		60.6
	Science	26.0	27.3
	Social Studies	58.8	55.1
	Writing	31.9	25.1
	Growth	above 50.0	53.5
High	Index	above 62.0	65.5
3 Stars	Proficiency		59.7
	Reading	44.5	49.9
	Math	35.3	38.1
	Separate Academic		57.0
	Science	29.9	31.7
	Writing	50.3	40.7
	Transition Readiness		71.9
	Graduation Rate	90.0	97.6
District	Index		65.6
3 Stars	Proficiency		71.6
	Separate Academic		61.6
	Growth	above 50.0	55.1

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT – WINCHESTER, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-21 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-65 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$46,333,770 as of June 30, 2019 as compared to \$46,802,534 in the prior year. The prior year net position was revised to correct an error in the fixed asset balances as of June 30, 2018. The prior year fund balance has been restated from \$46,802,534 to \$45,588,454 to reflect this accounting change.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT – WINCHESTER, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net position for the years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018

		2019		2018		Change
Current Assets	\$	31,162,584	\$	42,299,075	\$	(11,136,491)
Noncurrent Assets		136,780,483		122,912,517		13,867,966
Total Assets		167,943,067	_	165,211,592		2,731,475
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	6,666,180	-	6,952,954	_	(286,774)
Current Liabilities		7,720,926		6,335,804		1,385,122
Noncurrent Liabilities		117,533,557	_	118,240,451		(706,894)
Total Liabilities	_	125,254,483	_	124,576,255		678,228
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	3,020,994	. <u>-</u>	1,999,837	_	1,021,157
Net Position						
Investment in capital assets (net)		48,644,384		33,683,851		14,960,533
Restricted		16,984,005		29,943,917		(12,959,912)
Unrestricted		(19,294,619)	_	(18,039,314)		(1,255,305)
Total Net Position	\$_	46,333,770	\$	45,588,454	\$	745,316

The following table presents a summary of revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

	Summary of Revenue and Expenditures											
	Govern	mental	Busines	s-type	То	tal						
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018						
Revenues:												
Local revenue sources	\$22,311,345	\$22,311,599	\$298,584	\$352,341	\$22,609,929	\$22,663,940						
State revenue sources	40,090,929	42,350,940	269,928	399,975	40,360,857	42,750,915						
Federal revenue sources	7,068,727	6,617,790	3,615,730	3,219,511	10,684,457	9,837,301						
Investments	1,022,366	694,515	22,834	14,170	1,045,200	708,685						
Total Revenue	70,493,367	71,974,844	4,207,076	3,985,997	74,700,443	75,960,841						
Expenses:												
Instruction	43,442,214	43,518,346	0	0	43,442,214	43,518,346						
Student support services	3,594,374	2,754,900	0	0	3,594,374	2,754,900						
Instructional support	1,624,165	1,640,395	0	0	1,624,165	1,640,395						
District administration	2,204,489	2,023,750	0	0	2,204,489	2,023,750						
School administration	2,162,577	3,496,967	0	0	2,162,577	3,496,967						
Business support	1,333,116	1,901,469	0	0	1,333,116	1,901,469						
Plant operations	5,094,888	2,443,294	0	0	5,094,888	2,443,294						
Student transportation	4,518,297	4,429,156	0	0	4,518,297	4,429,156						
Community service	987,289	1,390,813	0	0	987,289	1,390,813						
Interest on long-term debt	4,783,181	4,499,944	0	0	4,783,181	4,499,944						
Food service	0	0	4,210,537	4,245,416	4,210,537	4,245,416						
Total Expenses	69,744,590	68,099,034	4,210,537	4,245,416	73,955,127	72,344,450						
Transfers	33,039	162,973	(33,039)	(162,973)	0	0						
Change in net position	781,816	4,038,783	(36,500)	(422,392)	745,316	3,616,391						
Beginning net position	46,544,514	58,060,566	(956,060)	(81,193)	45,588,454	57,979,373						
Effect of adoption of GASB 75	0	(15,554,835)	0	(452,475)	0	(16,007,310)						
Beginning net position restated	46,544,514	42,505,731	(956,060)	(533,668)	45,588,454	41,972,063						
Ending net position	\$47,326,330	\$46,544,514	(\$992,560)	(\$956,060)	\$46,333,770	\$45,588,454						

Governmental Activities

The revenue derived from local taxes makes up 32% of the total revenue and state funding makes up 57% of total revenue. Instruction makes up 62% of total Governmental Fund Expenditures. Central support services expenditures are: Transportation 6%, Maintenance & Operations 7%, School Administration 3% and Other Support Functions 22%.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues for Food Service Fund totals \$4,207,076 as of June 30, 2019, an increase of \$221,079 from 2018. These revenues include lunchroom sales, federal and state grants, federal commodities, and interest income. Total Operating Expenditures for Food Service Fund totals \$4,210,537 as of June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$34,879 from 2018. The Change in Net position (Revenues less Expenditures) for the Food Service Fund is a decrease of \$36,500.

The following tables present a summary of revenue and expense, excluding transfers for selected funds for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (including on-behalf payments). These tables include capital outlay with the corresponding program that purchased the assets. Food service amounts are presented on the accrual basis while general fund and special revenue fund are on the modified accrual basis.

For the Year ending June 30, 2019

				SPECIAL		FOOD
		GENERAL		REVENUE		SERVICE
		FUND		FUND		FUND
REVENUES:						
From local sources:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	14,066,850	\$	0	\$	0
Motor vehicle		1,576,600		0		0
Utilities		2,398,397		0		0
Earnings on investments		275,261		0		22,834
Other local revenues		675,253		53,917		0
Intergovernmental - state		30,399,587		2,354,632		269,928
Intergovernmental - federal		271,209		3,923,858		3,615,730
Lunchroom sales	_	0		0	_	298,584
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	49,663,157	\$	6,332,407	\$	4,207,076
EXPENDITURES:	-		-			_
Instruction:	\$	31,710,133	\$	5,099,030	\$	0
Support Services:						
Student		2,960,987		162,674		0
Instructional staff		1,001,330		432,029		0
District administration		2,072,995		0		0
School administration		1,888,203		0		0
Business		1,201,139		0		0
Plant operations and maintenance		4,601,461		110,314		0
Student transportation		3,739,925		8,175		0
Food Service		0		0		4,210,537
Community Service		905,309		519,739		0
Debt service		523,755		0		0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	50,605,237	\$	6,331,961	\$	4,210,537
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	(942,080)	\$	446	\$	(3,461)

For the Year ending June 30, 2018

				SPECIAL		FOOD
		GENERAL FUND		REVENUE FUND		SERVICE FUND
REVENUES:		TOND		TOND		TOND
From local sources:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	14,124,847	\$	0	\$	0
Motor vehicle	•	1,529,728	•	0	,	0
Utilities		2,532,337		0		0
Earnings on investments		388,289		5,969		14,170
Other local revenues		708,209		393,624		0
Intergovernmental - state		30,320,649		2,668,198		399,975
Intergovernmental - federal		281,637		3,397,969		3,219,511
Lunchroom sales		0		0		352,341
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	49,885,696	\$	6,465,760	\$	3,985,997
EXPENDITURES:						
Instruction:	\$	29,049,930	\$	5,672,144	\$	0
Support Services:						
Student		2,263,523		23,149		0
Instructional staff		1,045,826		324,901		0
District administration		2,015,653		190		0
School administration		2,864,105		0		0
Business		1,634,695		0		0
Plant operations and maintenance		4,393,953		98,196		0
Student transportation		4,113,670		98		0
Food Service		0		0		4,245,416
Community Service		799,570		507,662		0
Debt service		507,823		0		0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	48,688,748		6,626,340	_\$_	4,245,416
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	1,196,948	\$	(160,580)	\$_	(259,419)

Debt

At June 30, 2019, the School District had \$87,277,499 in revenue bonds outstanding; of this amount \$10,263,000 is to be paid from the KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$3,937,992 is due within one year.

Capital Assets

The Board added \$16,646,726 to the governmental funds and \$111,956 to the proprietary funds in capital assets during the year, primarily for construction projects.

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

Comments on Budget Comparisons

The District's total general fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 net of inter-fund transfers, were \$49,663,157, a decrease of \$222,539 from the total revenues of \$49,885,696 for 2018.

General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item with the ending actual revenues being \$3,751,494 more than budget. General fund budget compared to actual expenditures varied slightly from line item to line item with the ending actual expenditures being \$6,462,724 less than budgeted.

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to Paul Christy, Superintendent, or Aleisha Ellis, Director of Finance, at (859) 744-4545 or by mail at 1600 W. Lexington Avenue, Winchester, KY 40391.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL						
ASSETS:	7.01111120								
Current Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,966,463	\$ 962,416	\$ 29,928,879						
Accounts receivable									
Taxes	507,887	-	507,887						
Accounts	81,852	31,012	112,864						
Intergovernmental - federal	583,240	-	583,240						
Inventory	-	29,714	29,714						
Total Current Assets	30,139,442	1,023,142	31,162,584						
Noncurrent Assets									
Non-depreciated capital assets	37,541,350	-	37,541,350						
Net depreciated capital assets	98,987,887	251,246	99,239,133						
Total Noncurrent Assets	136,529,237	251,246	136,780,483						
TOTAL ASSETS	166,668,679	1,274,388	167,943,067						
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES									
Pension	3,960,105	419,482	4,379,587						
OPEB	2,106,852	179,741	2,286,593						
TOTAL DEFFERED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	6,066,957	599,223	6,666,180						
LIABILITIES:									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts payable	2,415,924	6,020	2,421,944						
Accrued interest	726,090	-	726,090						
Unearned revenues	347,323	-	347,323						
Current portion of accrued sick leave	97,613	-	97,613						
Current portion of bond obligations	3,937,992	-	3,937,992						
Current portion of lease obligations	189,964		189,964						
Total Current Liabilities	7,714,906	6,020	7,720,926						
Noncurrent Liabilities									
Noncurrent portion of bond obligations	82,929,841	-	82,929,841						
Noncurrent portion of lease obligations	1,078,302	-	1,078,302						
Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave	518,814	-	518,814						
Net pension liability	13,781,223	2,014,652	15,795,875						
Net OPEB liability	16,633,685	577,040	17,210,725						
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	114,941,865	2,591,692	117,533,557						
TOTAL LIABILITIES	122,656,771	2,597,712	125,254,483						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension	1,125,625	162,563	1,288,188						
OPEB	1,626,910	105,896	1,732,806						
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,752,535	268,459	3,020,994						
NET POSITION									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	48,393,138	251,246	48,644,384						
Restricted For:									
Capital projects	16,724,027	-	16,724,027						
Student activites	259,978	-	259,978						
Unrestricted	(18,050,813)	(1,243,806)	(19,294,619)						
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$47,326,330	\$ (992,560)	\$46,333,770						

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

							CHANGES IN NET POSITION				
			P	ROGRAM REVENUES			P	RIMARY GOVERNMENT			
				OPERATING	CAPITAL						
			CHARGES FOR	GRANTS AND	GRANTS AND		GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE			
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	_	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS	-	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL		
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities:											
Instructional	\$	43,442,214 \$	-	\$ 16,914,426 \$	-	\$	(26,527,788)	- \$	(26,527,788)		
Support Services:											
Student		3,594,374	23,380	1,403,391	-		(2,167,603)	-	(2,167,603)		
Instructional staff		1,624,165	-	625,390	-		(998,775)	-	(998,775)		
District administration		2,204,489	-	860,723	-		(1,343,766)	-	(1,343,766)		
School administration		2,162,577	-	844,359	-		(1,318,218)	-	(1,318,218)		
Business		1,333,116	-	520,503	-		(812,613)	-	(812,613)		
Plant operations and maintenance		5,094,888	-	1,965,139	-		(3,129,749)	-	(3,129,749)		
Student transportation		4,518,297	-	1,764,050	-		(2,754,247)	-	(2,754,247)		
Non-Instructional		987,289	-	374,493	_		(612,796)	-	(612,796)		
Interest on long-term debt		4,783,181	_	-	4,140,213		(642,968)	-	(642,968)		
Total Governmental Activities		69,744,590	23,380	25,272,474	4,140,213	-	(40,308,523)	-	(40,308,523)		
Business-Type Activities:											
Lunchroom sales		4,210,537	298,584	3,885,658		-	-	(26,295)	(26,295)		
Total Primary Government	\$	73,955,127 \$	321,964	\$ 29,158,132	4,140,213	\$	(40,308,523)	\$ (26,295) \$	(40,334,818)		
				General Revenues:							
				Taxes:							
				Property		\$	17,111,618	\$ - \$	17,111,618		
				Motor vehicle		,	1,576,600	<u>-</u>	1,576,600		
				Utilities			2,398,397	-	2,398,397		
				State aid formula gr	ants		17,731,681	-	17,731,681		
				Interest and investr			1,022,366	22,834	1,045,200		
				Gain on disposal			1,591	,_,	1,591		
				Miscellaneous			1,215,047	-	1,215,047		
				Transfers			33,039	(33,039)	-,2.0,0		
				Total General Re	evenues	-	41,090,339	(10,205)	41,080,134		
				Change in N	et Position	_	781,816	(36,500)	745,316		
				Net Position beginn	ing		47,758,594	(956,060)	46,802,534		
				Prior period adjustm	nent	-	(1,214,080)		(1,214,080)		
				Net position beginn	ng restated	-	46,544,514	(956,060)	45,588,454		
				Net Position ending		\$	47,326,330	(992,560) \$	46,333,770		

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		GENERAL FUND	_	SPECIAL REVENUE (GRANT) FUNDS		CONSTRUCTION FUND	_	DEBT SERVICE FUND		NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	10,395,369	\$	(161,134)	\$	18,452,150	\$	-	\$	280,078	\$	28,966,463
Taxes Other Intergovernmental - federal		507,887 81,852		- - 583,240		- -		-		- -		507,887 81,852 583,240
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,985,108	\$_	422,106	\$	18,452,150	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	280,078	\$	
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable	\$	592.242	\$	75,459	\$	1,734,141	\$	_	\$	14,082	\$	2,415,924
Sick leave payable Unearned revenue	Ψ	13,873	Ψ	347,323	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	13,873 347,323
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	606,115	_	422,782		1,734,141	-	-		14,082		2,777,120
FUND BALANCES: Restricted Capital projects				_		16,718,009				6,018		16,724,027
Student activities Committed		- 357,252		-		-		-		259,978		259,978 357,252
Assigned Unassigned		774,571 9,247,170		- (676)		- -		-		-		774,571 9,246,494
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	10,378,993	_	(676)		16,718,009	=	-		265,996		27,362,322
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	10,985,108	\$_	422,106	\$	18,452,150	\$	-	\$	280,078	\$	30,139,442

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	27,362,322
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets are not reported in the fund financial statements because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.		136,529,237
Deferred outflows of resources are not recorded in the government fund financials because they do not affect current resources, but are recorded in the statement of net position.		
Pension plan OPEB		3,960,105 2,106,852
Deferred inflows of resources are not recorded in the government fund financials because they do not affect current resources, but are recorded in the statement of net position.		
Pension plan OPEB		(1,125,625) (1,626,910)
Certain obligations are not reported in the fund financial statements since they are not a use of current financial resources because they are not due and payable. However they are presented in the statement of net position.		
Bond ogligations Capital lease obligations Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Accrued interest Accrued sick leave		(86,867,833) (1,268,266) (13,781,223) (16,633,685) (726,090) (602,554)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$_	47,326,330

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL REVENUE (GRANT) FUNDS	CONSTRUCTION FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:	_		_				-	•	
From local sources:									
Taxes:									
Property	\$	14,066,850 \$;	- \$	- 9	-	\$ 3,044,768	\$	17,111,618
Motor vehicle		1,576,600		-	-	-	-		1,576,600
Utilities		2,398,397		-	-	-	-		2,398,397
Tuition and fees		-		-	-	-	23,380		23,380
Earnings on investments		275,261		-	747,105	-	-		1,022,366
Other local revenues		675,253		53,917	600	-	469,989		1,199,759
Intergovernmental - state		30,399,587		2,354,632	-	1,266,553	1,370,611		35,391,383
Intergovernmental - federal		271,209		3,923,858	-	2,873,660	-		7,068,727
TOTAL REVENUES	_	49,663,157		6,332,407	747,705	4,140,213	4,908,748	-	65,792,230
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Instruction:		31,673,281		5,057,113	-	-	120,882		36,851,276
Support Services:									
Student		2,960,987		162,674	-	-	-		3,123,661
Instructional staff		1,001,330		432,029	-	-	22,413		1,455,772
District administration		2,072,995		-	-	-	-		2,072,995
School administration		1,888,203		-	-	-	-		1,888,203
Business		1,201,139		-	-	-	-		1,201,139
Plant operations and maintenance		4,441,709		110,314	-	-	61,760		4,613,783
Student transportation		3,739,925		8,175	-	-	200		3,748,300
Non-Instructional		359,358		519,739	-	-	28,136		907,233
Capital outlay		742,555		41,917	15,862,254	-	-		16,646,726
Debt service		523,755		-	97,470	8,297,230	-		8,918,455
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	50,605,237		6,331,961	15,959,724	8,297,230	233,391	-	81,427,543
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(942,080)		446	(15,212,019)	(4,157,017)	4,675,357	-	(15,635,313)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Operating transfers in		1,400,514		-	-	4,157,017	-		5,557,531
Operating transfers out		(100,120)		(1,122)	(1,013,889)	-	(4,409,361)		(5,524,492)
Proceeds from debt issuance		-		-	3,000,000	-	-		3,000,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	1,300,394	_	(1,122)	1,986,111	4,157,017	(4,409,361)	-	3,033,039
Net Change in Fund Balances		358,314		(676)	(13,225,908)	-	265,996		(12,602,274)
Fund Balance beginning of year		10,020,679			29,943,917			-	39,964,596
Fund Balance end of year	\$	10,378,993 \$	·	(676) \$	16,718,009	<u> </u>	\$ 265,996	\$	27,362,322

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

\$ (12,602,274) Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Bond discounts and premiums are expensed as incurred in the fund financial statement, but are amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of activities: Bond discount expense 59.970 Amortization expense (20,241)The proceeds from the disposal of capital assets provide current financial resources and are reported in the fund financial statements. However, for governmental actvities the proceeds are reported net of the cost less any accumulated depreciation. 1,591 Bond and capital lease proceeds are recognized in the fund financial statements as resources available for use as current financial resources, but debt issuance proceeds are not recognized in the statement of activities. Bond proceeds (3.000.000)Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the fund financial statements because they are current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense for the year. Capital outlays 16.646.726 Depreciation expense (2,864,320)Generally, expenditures recognized in the fund finanical statements are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred Accrued interest 42,707 Sick leave (65,282)Governmental funds report retirement contributions as expenditure when paid. However, in the statement of activities, pension expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, and the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and investment experience. KTRS on-behalf revenue 11.889.199 KTRS on-behalf pension expense (11,179,652)KTRS on-behalf OPEB expense (709,547)Pension expense (1,347,414)**OPEB** expense (122,485)Bond and lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statements, but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position. 4,052,838

781,816

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	GENERAL FUND									
	_				VARIANCE					
	_	BUDGETE	D A					Favorable		
	_	ORIGINAL		FINAL	_	ACTUAL	_	(Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:										
From Local Sources:										
Taxes:										
Property	\$	13,866,322	\$	14,046,904	\$	14,066,850	\$	19,946		
Motor vehicle		1,429,600		1,480,740		1,576,600		95,860		
Utilities		2,350,000		2,550,000		2,398,397		(151,603)		
Earnings on investments		150,000		300,000		275,261		(24,739)		
Other local revenues		527,244		713,547		675,253		(38,294)		
Intergovernmental - state		27,013,482		26,570,472		30,399,587		3,829,115		
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	_	250,000		250,000		271,209	_	21,209		
TOTAL REVENUES	_	45,586,648		45,911,663		49,663,157	_	3,751,494		
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Instruction:		27,776,004		28,706,225		31,710,133		(3,003,908)		
Support Services:		, .,		-,,		. , .,		(-,,,		
Student		2,052,631		2,643,713		2,960,987		(317,274)		
Instructional staff		1,166,602		931,079		1,001,330		(70,251)		
District administration		2,149,752		2,166,153		2,072,995		93,158		
School administration		2,486,273		1,540,427		1,888,203		(347,776)		
Business		1,469,851		1,185,452		1,201,139		(15,687)		
Plant operations and maintenance		4,606,725		5,185,422		4,601,461		583,961		
Student transportation		3,796,420		3,965,855		3,739,925		225,930		
Non-instructional		1,122,631		1,443,770		905,309		538,461		
Debt service		684,919		523,755		523,755		-		
Contingency		13,027,170		8,776,110		525,755		8,776,110		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	60,338,978		57,067,961	_	50,605,237	-	6,462,724		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(14,752,330)		(11,156,298)	_	(942,080)	-	10,214,218		
,	_	,		, ,		, ,	_			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		
Operating transfers in		520,000		1,407,234		1,400,514		(6,720)		
Operating transfers out		(574,868)		-		(100,120)		(100,120)		
Capital lease proceeds		-		-			_			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(54,868)		1,407,234		1,300,394	-	(106,840)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(14,807,198)		(9,749,064)		358,314		10,107,378		
Fund Balance beginning	_	14,807,198		9,747,883	_	10,020,679	_	272,796		
Fund Balance ending	\$_	-	\$	(1,181)	\$_	10,378,993	\$_	10,380,174		

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND								
		BUDGETE	D AN					VARIANCE Favorable	
		ORIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL			(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:									
From Local Sources:									
Earnings on investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Other local revenues		86,473		108,006		53,917		(54,089)	
Intergovernmental - state		2,175,292		2,191,285		2,354,632		163,347	
Intergovernmental - indirect federal		3,710,288		3,801,009		3,923,858	_	122,849	
TOTAL REVENUES	_	5,972,053	_	6,100,300	_	6,332,407	_	232,107	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Instruction:		4,905,714		5,035,658		5,099,030		(63,372)	
Support Services:									
Student		14,737		88,956		162,674		(73,718)	
Instructional staff		552,216		462,680		432,029		30,651	
District administration		500		-		-		-	
School administration		-		-		-		-	
Plant operations and maintenance		68,735		161,400		110,314		51,086	
Student Transportation		-		2,653		8,175		(5,522)	
Non-Instructional		477,574		519,305		519,739		(434)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		6,019,476		6,270,652		6,331,961		(61,309)	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(47,423)	_	(170,352)	_	446	_	170,798	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Operating transfers in		58,042		99,276		-		(99,276)	
Operating transfers out		-		(1,895)		(1,122)		773	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	=	58,042		97,381	_	(1,122)	_	(98,503)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		10,619		(72,971)		(676)		72,295	
Fund Balance beginning	_		_		_	-	_		
Fund Balance ending	\$_	10,619	\$	(72,971)	\$_	(676)	\$_	72,295	

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2019

		FOOD SERVICE FUND
ASSETS:		
Current Assets	•	202 442
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	962,416
Accounts receivable		31,012
Inventory		29,714
Total Current Assets		1,023,142
Noncurrent Assets		
Machinery & equipment		966,842
Accumulated depreciation		(715,596)
Total Noncurrent Assets		251,246
TOTAL ASSETS		1,274,388
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Pension plan		419,482
OPEB		179,741
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		599,223
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable		6,020
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net pension liability		2,014,652
Net OPEB liability		577,040
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,591,692
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,597,712
DEFENDED INCLOSE OF DECOLIDATE		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		400 500
Pension plan		162,563
OPEB		105,896
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		268,459
NET POSITION:		
Net Invetsment in Capital Assets		251,246
Unestricted		(1,243,806)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(992,560)
TOTAL BLIT COTTON	Ψ	(332,300)

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	F	OOD SERVICE FUND
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Reimbursable programs	\$	-
Non-Reimbursable programs		257,985
Special Functions		39,123
Other operating revenues		1,476
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		298,584
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Salaries and benefits		1,853,792
Contract services		60,886
Materials and supplies		2,258,541
Miscellaneous		8,361
Property		972
Depreciation		27,985
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		4,210,537
Operating Income (Loss)		(3,911,953)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Federal grants		3,414,590
Federal commodities		201,140
State grants		31,227
State on-behalf payments		238,701
Interest income		22,834
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		3,908,492
Net income (loss) before operating transfers		(3,461)
Operating transfers		(33,039)
Change in Net Position		(36,500)
Total Net Position beginning		(956,060)
Total Net Position ending	\$	(992,560)

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	FOOD SERVICE FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$ 353,622 (1,884,483) (1,647,496)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(3,178,357)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers Governmental grants	(33,039) 3,445,817
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	3,412,778
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets	(111,956)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(111,956)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	22,834
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	22,834
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	145,299
Cash and cash equivalents beginning	817,117
Cash and cash equivalents ending	\$ 962,416
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net	\$ (3,911,953)
Cash from Operating Activities: Depreciation On-behalf payments Donated commodities Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	27,985 238,701 201,140
Accounts receivable Inventories Deferred outflows Accounts payable Deferred inflows Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	55,038 (1,160) 58,041 5,596 39,612 153,917 (45,274)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (3,178,357)
Non-cash Items: On-behalf payments Donated commodities	\$ 238,701 201,140

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	287,880 2,559
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	290,439
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Due to student groups	\$_	3,455 286,984
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$_	290,439

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The Clark County Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Clark County School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Clark County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which, although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself, such as Boosters Clubs, Parent-Teacher Associations and other student association entities.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Blended Component Unit

Clark County Board of Education Finance Corporation - In a prior year, the Board resolved to authorize the establishment of the Clark County School District Finance Corporation (a non-stock, non-profit corporation organized under School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180) (the Corporation) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building improvements. The Board members of the Clark County Board of Education also comprise the corporation's Board of Directors. The Corporation does not publish individual component unit financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activity of the reporting entity, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS (Cont'd)

Fund Financial Statements (Cont'd)

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in the total fund balances. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The Special Revenue Fund is a major fund.
- (C) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds). The following are Capital Project Funds:
 - The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds (unless authorized for retention in the General Fund) and is generally restricted for use in financing capital acquisitions. This is a non-major fund of the District.
 - 2) The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) Fund accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a non-major fund of the District.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS (Cont'd)

Fund Financial Statements (Cont'd)

- The Construction Fund accounts for funds from two sources. First, funds generated by sales of bonds issues are used for various construction and renovation projects. Second, proceeds from the sale of properties and equipment owned by the District are to be used at the discretion of the Board for construction projects in future years. This is a major fund of the District.
- (D) The Debt Service Fund accounts for financial resources used for payment of principal and interest and other debt related costs. This is a major fund of the District.

II. <u>Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)</u>

(A) The Food Service Fund accounts for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA"). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency)

(A) The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the *Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds*.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS (Cont'd)

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions are where each party receives equal value. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Assets from property taxes are normally recognized when an enforceable legal claim arises. However, for the District, an enforceable legal claim arises during the period for which taxes are levied, but only after the District has completed certain legal steps to establish the enforceable legal claim. Property taxes receivable are recognized in the same period that the revenues are recognized. The property taxes are normally levied in September.

On the modified accrual basis of accounting, assets and revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Revenues from non-exchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized in the governmental fund statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS (Cont'd)

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions (Cont'd)

In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fund for which they were levied. Revenue is recognized when susceptible to accrual. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded on the same basis, if measurable. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available.

Grant funds which are recorded in the special revenue fund as restricted funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant and, accordingly, when such funds are received they are recorded as unearned revenues until all eligibility requirements have been met.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS (Cont'd)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. Improvements are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are expensed.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS (Cont'd)

Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues - Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes unpaid after December 31 are considered delinquent and the County Attorney can file a lien against the property, after certain notices are provided to taxpayers.

Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund; and then, transferred to the appropriate fund, if the taxes are restricted to a specific purpose, such as the Building Fund (FSPK).

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2019 to finance the General Fund operations were \$.622 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.622 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.535 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles. The District levies a 3% utility tax on all businesses and households within the County.

Interfund Balances

Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Budgetary Process

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis of accounting other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major difference between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis is that on-behalf payments made by the state for the District are not budgeted. As a result, several programs exceeded budgetary appropriations. However, these amounts were funded by the on-behalf revenues from the state. See Note 15 for these amounts which were not known by the District at the time the budget was adopted. In addition, capital outlay is budgeted with the departmental budget (budget basis) rather than as a separate category (GAAP basis).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. The budget for the Special Revenue Fund consists of the sum of each active grant's budget.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS (Cont'd)

Budgetary Process (Cont'd)

Large variances between budgeted and actual activity can occur because grants with little activity during the year will have their entire budget rolled up into the combined budget for all grants.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the governmentwide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the non-current portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the amount "accumulated sick leave payable" in the general fund. The non-current portion of the liability is not reported in the fund financial statements, but is reflected in the statement of net position.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS (Cont'd)

Fund Balances

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54) for fiscal year 2011 for its governmental funds. Fund balances for each of the District's governmental funds (General Fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and debt service funds) will be displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that cannot be spent because they are either
 not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or
 contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance—amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Fund balance in the SEEK, construction and FSPK of \$16,724,027 are restricted for capital projects. District Activity funds are restricted for student activities with a total of \$259,978 at June 30, 2019.
- Committed fund balance—amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes
 determined by a formal action of the board's highest level of decision-making
 authority, which is a resolution. As of June 30, 2019, the District committed
 \$308,213 for sick leave and \$49,039 for site base council.
- Assigned fund balance—amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The Board or a delegated entity has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balance in the General Fund includes amounts that have been appropriated for expenditures in the budget for the District's subsequent fiscal year of \$774,571 as of June 30, 2019.
- Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

The District considers unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also, the District has established the order of assigned, committed and restricted when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS (Cont'd)

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net invested in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets and any deferred outflows/inflows related to debt issued for capital financing. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by various schools and fees charged for day care services. All other revenues are non-operating. Operating expenses can be tied directly to the production of the goods and services, such as the materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are non-operating.

Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset in the proprietary fund financial statements and business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements, unless a right of offset exists.

Interfund Activity

Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Bond Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period they are incurred.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS (Cont'd)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows- contributions to the CERS and KTRS pension systems after the measurement period, differences between actual and estimated actuarial assumptions in the two pension systems (see Notes 7 and 8), and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt (see Note 5).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until appropriate period. The District reports one type of deferred inflows- those related to the net differences between projected and actual actuarial assumptions for pension and OPEB plans (see Notes 7 and 8).

<u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CERS and KTRS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note 7.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by these multiple-employer cost-sharing OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized by the pension systems when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value by the pension systems. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note 8.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS (Cont'd)

New Accounting Pronouncements (Cont.)

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87), increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that lease are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. GASB 87 will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has not determined the financial impact of the implementation of GASBS No. 87, but many of the leases reported in Note 6 will be reported as intangible assets and lease liabilities with the implementation of GASBS No. 87.

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities (GASB 84), improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how these activities should be reported. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for all state and local governments. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. GASB 84 will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The District has not determined the financial impact of the implementation of GASBS No. 84, but the school activity funds will be reviewed to determine which funds will be reported as special revenue funds, which will increase net position, and which will be reported as fiduciary custodial funds.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240 (4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end, the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC Insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$30,216,759. The bank balance for the same time was \$33,325,546.

Due to the nature of the accounts and limitations imposed by the purposes of the various funds, all cash balances are considered to be restricted except for the General Fund.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning	A . I . I' ('	D'anna anta	Ending
On the second of	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:	¢4.400.000	¢ο	ΦO	¢4.400.000
Land	\$4,123,823	\$0	\$0	\$4,123,823
Construction in Progress	18,683,041	15,862,254	1,127,767	33,417,528
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	22,806,864	15,862,254	1,127,767	37,541,350
Other Capital Assets	207 404	007.554	0	404.050
Land Improvements	227,404	237,554	0	464,958
Buildings & Improvements	119,865,120	1,349,669	0	121,214,788
Technological Equipment Vehicles	1,895,637	55,019	1,042,556	908,100
	4,913,669	146,531	32,500	5,027,700
General Equipment	1,100,085	123,466	91,549	1,132,001
Total Other Assets	128,001,914	1,912,239	1,166,605	128,747,548
Less accumulated depreciation for:	(70,500)	(00.050)	0	(0.4.000)
Land Improvements	(72,580)	(22,358)	0	(94,938)
Buildings & Improvements	(22,790,898)	(2,379,066)	0	(25,169,964)
Technological Equipment	(1,828,012)	(26,784)	(1,044,147)	(810,649)
Vehicles	(2,721,759)	(369,392)	(32,500)	(3,058,652)
General Equipment	(650,288)	(66,721)	(91,549)	(625,460)
Total accumulated depreciation	(28,063,538)	(2,864,320)	(1,168,196)	(29,759,662)
Other Capital Assets, net	99,938,376	(952,081)	(1,591)	98,987,887
Governmental Activities, net	\$122,745,240	\$14,910,173	\$1,126,176	\$136,529,237
Business Activities:				
Technological Equipment	\$121,063	\$0	\$114,350	\$6,713
Vehicles	0	11,836	0	11,836
General Equipment	893,973	100,120	45,800	948,293
Total	1,015,036	111,956	160,150	966,842
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Technological Equipment	(120,481)	(582)	(114,350)	(6,713)
Vehicles) O) O	O O	0
General Equipment	(727,280)	(27,403)	(45,800)	(708,883)
Total accumulated depreciation	(847,761)	(27,985)	(160,150)	(715,596)
Business Activities, net	\$167,276	\$83,971	\$0	\$251,246
•				

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the governmental activities of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Instruction	\$2,292,523
Support Services:	
Student	32,179
Instructional Staff	10,404
District Administration	25,130
School Administration	32,304
Business Support Services	6,133
Plant Operations & Maintenance	104,528
Student Transportation	359,092
Non-instructional	2,026
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$2,864,320

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Bonds

The District, through the General Fund, the Building Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund are obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Clark County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has the option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In connection with the school revenue bonds issued after May 1, 1996, the District entered into "Participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

On December 1, 2011, the District issued \$2,845,000 in Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZABS). QZAB's are financing instruments that are used to finance renovations and repairs to schools, with the federal government providing the interest payment and the school district being responsible for the repayment of principal only.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (Cont'd)

On December 1, 2011, the District issued \$15,450,000 in Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB). The QSCB are tax advantaged bonds issued as described in section 54A, 54F and 6431 of the Internal Revenue Code. The District has irrevocably elected to receive a cash interest subsidy payment from the Federal government equal to the interest payable by the District on each interest payment date. The SFCC will make annual payments of \$640,348 into an irrevocable escrow account, which along with the income earned on the payments will produce the total principal amount required for the retirement of the bonds at their maturity.

Advance Refunding

On July 1, 2012, the District issued \$268,100 of general obligation refunding bonds, Series 2012R, with interest rates of 2.0%. The bonds consist of serial bonds with annual maturities from June, 2013 through December, 2016. The net proceeds of \$267,954 (after issuance costs of \$146) were used to advance refund series 2001 bonds with a total outstanding principal amount of \$265,000 and an average interest rate of 4.825%.

The net proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refundable bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the District's liabilities. The advance refunding was done in order to reduce debt payments in the short-term. The refunding decreased the District's total debt service payments by \$11,893. The transaction resulted in an economic loss (difference between the present value of the debt service on the old and the new bonds) of \$3,100. The District reports the refundable credit and interest subsidy as federal revenues.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, interest rates, and outstanding balances of each bond are summarized below:

			Outstanding
		Maturity	Balance June
Proceeds	Rates	Dates	30, 2019
\$3,945,008	2.25% - 5.25%	9/1/2019	\$445,000
41,535,000	5.20%	6/1/2026	23,775,490
5,170,000	5.00%	11/1/2030	2,360,000
2,845,000	5.00%	12/1/2030	2,009,445
15,450,000	5.00%	12/1/2030	10,967,564
10,800,000	2.00% - 3.20%	8/1/2032	10,345,000
8,380,000	3.00% - 3.50%	4/1/2035	7,570,000
7,970,000	2.00% - 3.50%	5/1/2037	7,605,000
19,255,000	2.00% 3.13%	9/1/2037	19,200,000
3,000,000	3.00% 3.75%	8/1/2039	3,000,000
\$118,350,008			\$87,277,499
	\$3,945,008 41,535,000 5,170,000 2,845,000 15,450,000 10,800,000 8,380,000 7,970,000 19,255,000 3,000,000	\$3,945,008 2.25% - 5.25% 41,535,000 5.20% 5.170,000 5.00% 15,450,000 5.00% 10,800,000 2.00% - 3.20% 8,380,000 3.00% - 3.50% 7,970,000 2.00% - 3.50% 19,255,000 2.00% 3.13% 3,000,000 3.00% 3.75%	Proceeds Rates Dates \$3,945,008 2.25% - 5.25% 9/1/2019 41,535,000 5.20% 6/1/2026 5,170,000 5.00% 11/1/2030 2,845,000 5.00% 12/1/2030 15,450,000 5.00% 12/1/2030 10,800,000 2.00% - 3.20% 8/1/2032 8,380,000 3.00% - 3.50% 4/1/2035 7,970,000 2.00% - 3.50% 5/1/2037 19,255,000 2.00% 3.13% 9/1/2037 3,000,000 3.00% 3.75% 8/1/2039

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (Cont'd)

	Clark County	Kentucky School Construction School District Commission				
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total	
2020	\$3,501,058	\$4,324,364	\$436,934	\$352,138	\$8,614,494	
2021	3,520,939	4,293,376	457,053	369,017	8,640,385	
2022	3,538,428	4,271,433	479,564	323,711	8,613,136	
2023	3,559,760	4,247,759	503,232	307,464	8,618,215	
2024	3,584,671	4,222,348	528,321	1,250,736	9,586,076	
2025-2029	28,762,605	13,970,471	3,070,055	682,511	46,485,641	
2030-2034	21,023,760	4,177,361	3,116,120	184,633	28,501,873	
2035-2039	9,523,279	660,435	1,671,721	0	11,855,435	
	\$77,014,499	\$40,167,546	\$10,263,000	\$3,470,209	\$130,915,254	

Capital Leases

Following is an analysis of the leased property under capital lease through KISTA:

			6/30/18			6/30/19
	Maturity	Interest	Outstanding			Outstanding
KISTA Issue	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Balance</u>
2009	3/1/2020	2-3.6%	\$61,175	\$0	\$30,074	\$31,101
2012	3/1/2022	2-2.625%	102,706	0	27,098	75,608
2014	6/1/1931	3-3.5%	339,206	0	21,622	317,584
2015	3/1/2025	2-2.5%	195,740	0	27,907	167,833
2017	3/1/2027	2.55%	401,855	0	49,231	352,624
2018	9/1/2028	2-3%	362,430	0	38,914	323,516
Totals			\$1,463,112	\$0	\$194,846	\$1,268,266

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under KISTA capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019:

	Capital
	Lease
Year Ending June 30	Payable
2020	\$225,303
2021	182,999
2022	182,452
2023	157,555
2024	152,741
Thereafter	546,800
Total minimum lease payments	1,447,851
Less: Amount of interest	(179,585)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$1,268,266

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (Cont'd)

Capital Leases (Cont'd)

The following is an analysis of the leased property under capital leases by class at June 30, 2019:

Class of Property	Amount
Buses	\$2,050,594
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	1,044,248
Book Value	\$1,006,346

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	06/30/18 Beginning			06/30/19 Ending	Amounts Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Bonds	\$88,135,490	\$3,000,000	\$3,857,992	\$87,277,499	\$3,937,992
Net Bond Premium (Discount)	(369,937)	(59,970)	(20,241)	(409,666)	0
Capital Leases	1,463,112	0	194,846	1,268,266	189,964
Sick Leave	545,594	159,201	88,368	616,427	97,613
Total	\$89,774,260	\$3,099,231	\$4,120,965	\$88,752,526	\$4,225,569

NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS UNDER NON-CAPITALIZED LEASES

Commitments under operating lease agreements for office equipment provided for the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Amount
2020	\$186,348
2021	186,348
2022	144,596
2023	20,364
Total	\$537,656

Expenditures for equipment under operating leases for the year ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$186,348.

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN (cont'd)

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan Description

Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and the General Assembly of the Commonwealth has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided

CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Beginning in 2015, COLAs were suspended until the retirement funds reach 100% funded status.

Retirement benefits are calculated using factors for the number of years' service multiplied by the "final compensation." Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Again, the definitions of "final compensation" and the benefit factor for years' of service depend on the Tier in which the member participates. Benefits in Tier 3, the cash balance plan, are limited to the accumulated contributions and earnings credited to the member's account, similar to a defined contribution plan.

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN (cont'd)

Benefits provided (cont'd)

There are, however, minimum rates of return that are guaranteed and funded with employer contributions when actual earnings are less than these minimum rates.

Tier 1 Final Compensation Average of the highest 5

fiscal years

Benefit Factor 2.2% prior to 8/1/2004

or 2% after 8/1/2004

Interest on member 2%

accounts

Tier 2 Final Compensation 5 complete fiscal years

preceding retirement

Benefit Factor Scale of 1.1% to 2%

based on number of years of service

Interest on member 2.50%

accounts

Tier 3 Final Compensation N/A

Benefit Factor N/A

Interest on member 4% plus 75% of the 5 accounts year geometric average

earnings in excess of

4%

Employer Pay Credit 4% of creditable

compensation

Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are provided in a \$5,000 lump sum payment.

- Death benefits before retirement are based on the member's eligibility for normal or early retirement at the time of death, or five years of service if the member is under the age of 55, or 144 months of service if the member is no longer working for a participating agency.
- If beneficiaries are eligible for benefits, they may choose a lifetime monthly benefit or a lump sum payment for an actuarial refund, or annuities for 5 or 10 years of monthly payments.
- If the beneficiary is not eligible for monthly benefits, a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accumulated interest will be paid. Beneficiaries of Tier 3 members will also include the employer pay credit if the member has at least 5 years of service at the time of death.

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN (cont'd)

Benefits provided (cont'd)

- If the member dies as a result of a duty-related death, the decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit or \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children.
- Dependent children also receive benefits for duty-related deaths as a monthly benefit equal to 10% of the member's monthly final rate of pay. But, dependent children benefits cannot total more than 40% of the monthly final rate of pay.

Contributions

Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

General information about the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System ("KTRS")

Plan description

Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05 publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided

For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service.

To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN (cont'd)

Benefits provided (cont'd)

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 10.400% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 8.185% of their salary to KTRS.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN (cont'd)

Other Retirement Plans

The District also offers employees the option to participate in defined contribution plans under Sections 403(B) and 401(K) of the Internal Revenue Code. All regular full-time and part-time employees are eligible to participate and may contribute up to the maximum amount allowable by law. These plans are administered by independent third-party administrators.

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until their termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement and who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not report these assets and liabilities on its financial statements. Employee contributions made to the plans during the year totaled \$409,383. The District does not contribute to these plans.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net CERS pension liability	\$ 15,795,875
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net KTRS pension	00 505 000
liability associated with the District	 92,535,820
	\$ 108,331,695

The net pension liability for CERS was based on the total pension liability that was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN (cont'd)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (cont'd)

The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end, June 30, 2018, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2018 the District's proportion was .259361%. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,530,485 (\$1,347,414 in Governmental funds and \$183,071 in Proprietary fund) related to CERS. The net pension liability for KTRS was based on the total pension liability that was measured as of June 30, 2018, determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The district recognized pension expense of \$11,179,652 related to KTRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$11,179,652 for KTRS support provided by the Commonwealth.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	•		
experience	\$	515,217	\$ 231,218
Changes of assumptions		1,543,717	-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		734,520	923,921
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions		421,830	133,049
District contributions subsequent to the		,	,
measurement date	. <u>-</u>	1,164,303	
	\$	4,379,587	\$ 1,288,188

\$1,164,303 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN (cont'd)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (cont'd)

Year end	led June 30:
2020	\$1,370,114
2021	\$ 750,917
2022	\$ (109,158)
2023	\$ (84,777)
2024	\$ -

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	KTRS
Inflation	2.30%	3.0%
Projected salary increases	3.30%-11.55% (varies by service)	3.5-7.3%
Investment rate of return, net of investment expense & inflation	6.25%	7.5%

For CERS, the mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. At the time of the last experience study, performed as of June 30, 2013, this mortality assumption provided 37% and 19% margin for future improvement for males and females, respectively. This will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted for the 2019 actuarial analysis.

For KTRS, Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025, set forward two years for males and one year for females. The last experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class.

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN (cont'd)

Actuarial assumptions (cont'd)

In May 2017, the Kentucky Retirement Systems Board of Trustees adopted a new asset allocation policy based on recommendations from the investment professionals serving as trustees on the Board, the actuarial valuation used a long-term excepted rate of return determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS' investment trustees, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap	5.00%	4.50%
U.S. Mid Cap	6.00%	4.50%
U.S. Small Cap	6.50%	5.50%
International Developed	12.50%	6.50%
Emerging Markets	5.00%	7.25%
Global Bonds	4.00%	3.00%
Global IG Credit	2.00%	3.75%
High Yield	7.00%	5.50%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	6.00%
Illiquid Private	10.00%	8.50%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.50%
Real Estate	5.00%	9.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	5.00%
Real Return	10.00%	7.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.50%
Total	100.0%	

For KTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN (cont'd)

Actuarial assumptions (cont'd)

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	4.20%
International Equity	22.00%	5.20%
Fixed Income	15.00%	1.20%
Additional Categories*	8.00%	3.30%
Real Estate	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	7.00%	6.30%
Cash	2.00%	0.90%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}Includes High Yield, Non-US Developed Bonds, and Private Credit Strategies

Discount rate

For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates, adjusted by 95%, for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees. Therefore, the long- term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments. The change in the discount rate from the 4.49% used in the 2017 disclosure reports is considered a change in the actuarial assumptions or other inputs under GASBS No. 68.

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN (cont'd)

		1%		Current Discount	1%
	_	Decrease	_	Rate	Increase
CERS	_	5.25%		6.25%	 7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	19,885,371	\$	15,795,875	\$ 12,369,594
KTRS		6.50%		7.50%	8.50%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and KTRS.

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB)

The District's employees are provided with two OPEB plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. Retired District employees receive some health care benefits depending on their length of service. In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes, these benefits are provided and advance funded on an actuarially determined basis through the CERS and KTRS plans. The Kentucky Retirement System's publicly available financial report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

CERS Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description—CERS health insurance benefits are also subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. For employees who initiated participation in the CERS system prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for insurance covered based on the retired member's years of service and type of service. Non-hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for only the member's health insurance premium. Hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for both the member and dependent coverage.

Benefits Provided—Percentage of premium subsidies ranges from 0% for less than 4 years of service to 100% for 20 years or more of service. For members who initiated participation in the CERS system after July 1, 2003 until August 31, 2008, members must have 120 months of service in a state-administered retirement system to qualify for participation in the KRS health plans. Members who began participating with KRS on or after September 1, 2008, must have 180 months of service upon retirement to participate in the KRS health plans. Non- hazardous retirees receive \$10 toward the monthly premium for each full year of service.

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (cont'd)

CERS Other Postemployment Benefits (cont'd)

Hazardous retirees receive \$15 toward the monthly premium and the hazardous retiree's spouse may also receive this contribution upon the retiree's death. The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually by a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) since July 2004.

Contributions—CERS allocates a portion of the employer contributions to the health insurance benefit plans. For the 2018 measurement period, CERS allocated 4.70% of the 19.18% actuarially required contribution rate paid by employers for funding the healthcare benefit. In addition, 1% of the Tier 2 and 3 employee contributions of 6% are allocated to the health insurance plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs - CERS

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$4,604,725 for its proportionate share of the collective net CERS OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information for CERS are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end, June 30, 2018, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.259351%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability was \$4,604,725 as of June 30, 2019. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$194,163.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (cont'd)

CERS Other Postemployment Benefits (cont'd)

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	_		
experience	\$	-	\$ 536,620
Changes of assumptions		919,632	10,639
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-	317,175
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions		143,781	9,372
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	377,573	
	\$ _	1,440,986	\$ 873,806

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$377,573 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:					
2020	\$ 41,328				
2021	\$ 41,328				
2022	\$ 41,328				
2023	\$ 102,929				
2024	\$ (15,132))			
Thereafter	\$ (22.173))			

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTE 8 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (cont'd)

CERS Other Postemployment Benefits (cont'd)

Investment rate of return 6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation.

Projected salary increases

3.30% - 11.55%, depending on years of service

Inflation rate

2.30%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Under 65 Initial trend starting at 7.50% and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00%

over a period of 5 years

Ages 65 and Older Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00%

over a period of 2 years

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Discount Rate 5.85%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table updated with Scale BB from the year 2000 to the year 2013. Pre-retirement mortality male mortality rates are multiplied by 50% and female mortality rates are multiplied by 30%. Post-retirement mortality rates for females are set back one year. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table is used for post-retirement mortality using the Scale BB projected to 2025. Male mortality rates are set back four years.

3.62%

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2013 valuation. The investment return, price inflation, and payroll growth assumption were adopted by the Board in May and July 2017 for use with the June 30, 2018 valuation in order to reflect future economic expectations.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major class are summarized in the table below.

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (cont'd)

CERS Other Postemployment Benefits (cont'd)

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap	5.00%	4.50%
U.S. Mid Cap	6.00%	4.50%
U.S. Small Cap	6.50%	5.50%
International Developed	12.50%	6.50%
Emerging Markets	5.00%	7.25%
Global Bonds	4.00%	3.00%
Global IG Credit	2.00%	3.75%
High Yield	7.00%	5.50%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	6.00%
IIIiquid Private	10.00%	8.50%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.50%
Real Estate	5.00%	9.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	5.00%
Real Return	10.00%	7.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.50%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate – The single discount rate of 5.85% for CERS-Nonhazardous was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018. The Single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.62%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2018. Future contributions are projected in accordance with the current funding policy mandated in Ky Revised Statutes 61.565, as amended, which includes the requirement that each participating employer in the System contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (26 years as of June 30, 2018) and the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Board of Trustees. Current assets, future contributions, and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay the projected benefit payments from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, but any cost associated with the implicit subsidy is not paid out of the System's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.85%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.85%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.85%) than the current rate:

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (cont'd)

CERS Other Postemployment Benefits (cont'd)

		1% Current		Current Discount	1%
		Decrease		Rate	Increase
	_	4.85%		5.85%	 6.85%
District's proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability	\$	5,980,800	\$	4,604,725	\$ 3,432,561

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Health Care Trend					
	1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase	
	6.5%		7.5%		8.5%	
	decreasing to 4%		decreasing to 5%		decreasing to 6%	
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 3,428,264	\$	4,604,725	\$	5,991,435	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS financial report.

KTRS Postemployment Health Care Benefits

The Commonwealth of Kentucky (State) reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the KTRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the KTRS plans:

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 7, KRS 161.675 requires KTRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (cont'd)

KTRS Postemployment Health Care Benefits (cont'd)

Benefits Provided—To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

For the state's fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the State budgeted supplemental appropriations for the Kentucky Teachers Retirement System to improve the system's funded status. Although not actuarially required, these appropriations have been included in the State's share of contributions for the actuarial measurement as of June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$12,606,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was .363301%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (cont'd)

KTRS Postemployment Health Care Benefits (cont'd)

District's proportionate share of the net KTRS OPEB liability	\$ 12,606,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net KTRS OPEB	
liability associated with the District	10,863,000
Total	\$ 23,469,000

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$709,547 and revenue of \$709,547 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$	-	\$	646,000
	173,000		-
	-		51,000
	-		162,000
_	672,607		-
\$_	845,607	\$	859,000
		of Resources \$ - 173,000 - 672,607	\$ - \$ 173,000 672,607

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$672,607 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:						
2020	\$	(136,000)				
2021	\$	(136,000)				
2022	\$	(136,000)				
2023	\$	(113,000)				
2024	\$	(117,000)				
Thereafter	\$	(48.000)				

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (cont'd)

KTRS Postemployment Health Care Benefits (cont'd)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	8.00%,	net	Of	OPER	plan	investment
	expens	e. ind	clud	ling infla	ition.	

Projected salary increases 3.50 – 7.20%, including inflation

Inflation rate 3.00%
Real Wage Growth 0.50%
Wage Inflation 3.50%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Under 65 7.75% for FY 2018 decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2024

Ages 65 and Older 5.75% for FY 2018 decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2021

Medicare Part B Premiums 1.02% for FY 2018 with an ultimate rate of

5.00% by 2030

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.56% Discount Rate 8.00%

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (cont'd)

KTRS Postemployment Health Care Benefits (cont'd)

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.6%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.2%
Additional Categories*	20.0%	3.3%
Real Estate	5.5%	3.8%
Private Equity	6.5%	6.3%
Cash	<u>1.0%</u>	.9%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

^{*}Includes high yield, non-US developed bonds, and private credit strategies

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

		1%		Current Discount		1%
	_	Decrease	_	Rate	_	Increase
	_	7.00%	_	8.00%		9.00%
District's proportionate share						
of MIF net OPEB liability	\$	14,782,000	\$	12,606,000	\$	10,793,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (cont'd)

KTRS Postemployment Health Care Benefits (cont'd)

	•	 Current	
		Health Care	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	 1% Increase
	6.75%	7.75%	8.75%
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
	4%	5%	6%
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	\$ 10,453,000	\$ 12,606,000	\$ 15,262,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

KTRS Postemployment Life Insurance Benefits

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

For the state's fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the State budgeted supplemental appropriations for the Kentucky Teachers Retirement System to improve the system's funded status. Although not actuarially required, these appropriations have been included in the State's share of contributions for the actuarial measurement as of June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2019, the Kentucky School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (cont'd)

KTRS Postemployment Life Insurance Benefits (cont'd)

District's proportionate share of the net KTRS OPEB liability	\$ -
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net KTRS OPEB	
liability associated with the District	186,000
	\$ 186,000

The collective net OPEB liability for life insurance was based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the State's long-term share of contributions to the State's life insurance plan for District employees relative to the projected contributions for all employees, actuarially determined. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$31,000 and revenue of \$31,000 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.50 – 7.20%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%
Discount Rate	7.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) (cont'd)

KTRS Postemployment Life Insurance Benefits (cont'd)

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
U.S Equity	40.0%	4.2%
International Equity	23.0%	5.2%
Fixed Income	18.0%	1.2%
Additional Categories*	6.0%	3.3%
Real Estate	6.0%	3.8%
Private Equity	5.0%	6.3%
Cash	2.0%	.9%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

^{*}Includes high yield, non-US developed bonds, and private credit strategies

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current Discount	1%
	Decrease	 Rate	 Increase
	 6.50%	 7.50%	 8.50%
District's proportionate share			
of LIF net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

NOTE 9 – ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. At June 30, 2019, this amount totaled \$616,427.

NOTE 10 - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated and include workers' compensation insurance.

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Funding for the District's Grant Funds is provided by federal, state and local government agencies. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. If, based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced, or to refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantor's satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantor's intent to continue their programs.

In addition, the District operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the District are subject to the administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal and state regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the U.S. Department of Education and the Kentucky Department of Education. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or the Kentucky Legislature or an administrative change mandated by the Kentucky Department of Education. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including the additional administrative burden to comply with a change.

At June 30, 2019, the District had several uncompleted construction contracts in the capital projects fund. The remaining commitment on these construction contracts was approximately \$12,572,472.

NOTE 12- RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for worker's compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage. Contributions to the Workers' Compensation Fund are based on premium rates established by such a fund in conjunction with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and a group discount amount. Dividends may be declared, but are not payable until twenty-four months after the expiration of the self-insurance term. The liability insurance fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage, and for any reason, by giving ninety days notice.

In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund would be returned to the member on a pro rata basis.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past several fiscal years.

NOTE 13 - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE 14 - DEFICIT OPERATING/ FUND BALANCES

The following funds were operating at a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2019: Food Service \$992,560

Also, the following funds had operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures resulting in the following reductions of fund balance:

Food Service \$36,500 Special Revenue \$676 Construction \$13,225,908

NOTE 15 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$3,942,640
Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$214,377
Capital Outlay	General	CFR	\$252,344
Construction	General	Construction	\$1,013,889
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	\$133,159
General	Food Service	Fixed Assets	\$100,120
Special Revenue	General	Indirect Costs	\$1,122

NOTE 16 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System	\$	7,269,107
Health & Life Insurance		5,511,995
Technology		110,218
Debt Service	_	1,266,553
Recognized at the Fund Level	\$	14,157,873
Additional pension & OPEB expense recognized	_	
at the Government-Wide Level	\$	4,699,545
Total On-Behalf	\$	18,857,418

NOTE 16 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS (Cont'd)

These payments were recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund balance as follows:

General Fund	\$ 12,652,619
Food Service Fund	238,701
Debt Service Fund	1,266,553
Total	\$ 14,157,873

NOTE 17-LITIGATION

The District is subject to several legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

NOTE 18- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, management of the District has evaluated events and transaction for potential recognition or disclosure through November 12, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 19 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The District has determined that capital assets were overstated for the governmental funds in the prior year.

Upon reconciliation of the capital asset detail to the financial statement balances it was discovered that governmental capital assets were overstated. This was corrected in the current year resulting in the prior period adjustment as shown in the Government Wide Statement of Activities.

The adjustment affected beginning balances for the year ended June 30, 2019 as shown in the following table:

	Α	s Previously		
		Reported	Adjustment	As Restated
Governmental:				
Net depreciated capital assets	\$	101,152,457	\$(1,214,080)	\$99,938,377
Net investment in capital assets	\$	34,730,655	\$(1,214,080)	\$33,516,575

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)				-	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2017 (2016)	orting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2016 (2015)		orting Fiscal Year assurement Date) 2015 (2014)
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.259351%		0.247879%		0.255670%	0.250200%		0.252150%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	15,795,875	\$	14,509,120	\$	12,588,232	\$ 10,757,386	\$	8,180,771
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	6,366,878	\$	5,890,324	\$	6,271,485	\$ 6,064,648	\$	6,048,423
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		248.09%		246.32%		200.72%	177.38%		135.25%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		53.54%		53.30%		55.50%	59.97%		66.80%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net pension liability		0%		0%		0%	0%		0%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		-		-		-	-		-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$ \$	92,535,820 92,535,820	\$	189,692,739 189,692,739	\$	209,072,870 209,072,870	\$ 165,560,053 165,560,053	\$ \$	106,821,950 106,821,950
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	23,300,998	\$	22,835,242	\$	22,717,608	\$ 22,386,072	\$	22,638,548
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		59.30%		56.40%		54.60%	55.30%		53.60%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. **Note:** These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2018		2017		2016		 2015	2014		
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$	930,809	\$	841,917	\$	726,374	\$ 747,009	\$	1,092,745	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		930,809		841,917		726,374	 747,009		1,092,745	
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-		-		-	-		-	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	6,366,878	\$	5,890,324	\$	6,271,485	\$ 6,064,648	\$	6,048,423	
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		14.62%		14.29%		11.58%	12.32%		18.07%	
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution							 <u>-</u>			
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-		-		-	-		-	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	23,300,998	\$	22,835,242	\$	22,717,608	\$ 22,386,072	\$	22,638,548	
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Changes of Benefit Terms -

2009: A new benefit tier for members who first participate on or after September 1, 2008 was introduced which included the following changes:

- 1. Tiered Structure for benefit accrual rates
- 2. New retirement eligibility requirements
- 3. Different rules for the computation of final average compensation

2014: A cash balance plan was introduced for member whose participation date is on or after January 1, 2014

Changes of Assumptions -

The actuarially determined contribution rates are determined in an annual basis using the actuarial valuation conducted two years prior to the year in which the contribution will be assessed. The amortization period for the unfunded liability was reset as of July 1, 2013 to a closed 30-year period. For the 2017 actuarial valuation, several key actuarial assumptions were revised. Changes in assumptions prior to 2016 provided minor adjustments to the actuarial measurements. The following table outlines the actuarial methods and assumptions that were used in 2017 and 2016 to determine contribution rates reported for all systems:

Assumption	2017 Valuation	2016 Valuation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level of Percentage of Payroll, closed	Level of Percentage of Payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	26 Years	27 Years
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Post-retirement benefit adjustments	0.00%	0.00%
Inflation	2.30%	3.25%
Salary Increase	3.3% to 11.55% varies by service), average, including Inflation	4%, average, including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.25% , Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, including Inflation	7.5%, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, including Inflation

KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Changes of Benefit Terms - None

Changes of Assumptions:

The 2018 actuarial analysis for KTRS indicated that cash flows for the system would be sufficient to pay benefits in all periods. As a result, the discount rate for the 2018 study was the same as the long-term expected yield of 7.5%. In 2017, the analysis used a blended rate of 4.49% which included the application of the municipal bond index to periods after 2038.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	•	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2019 (2018)	•	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2018 (2017)
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.259351%		0.247879%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,604,725	\$	4,983,216
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	6,366,878	\$	5,890,324
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		72.32%		84.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		57.62%		52.40%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.363301%		0.368681%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		12,606,000		13,146,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$ \$	10,863,000 23,469,000	\$	10,739,000 23,885,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	23,300,998	\$	22,835,242
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		54.10%		57.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		25.50%		26.70%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 2018	 2017
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ 302,127	\$ 285,467
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 302,127	 285,467
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,366,878	\$ 5,890,324
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	4.75%	4.85%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ 647,154	\$ 631,655
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	647,154	631,655
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 23,300,998	\$ 22,835,242
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	2.78%	2.77%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2018

Changes in actuarial assumptions:

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions which were changed from the 2016 actuarial valuation, applied to all periods included in the measurement

Investment rate of retur 6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Projected salary increase 4% average Inflation rate 3.25%

Healthcare cost trend rate

Under 6! Initial trend starting at 7.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate

of 5.00% over a period of 5 years

Ages 65 and olde Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate

of 5.00% over a period of 2 years

Municipal bond index rate 3.56% Discount rate 5.84%

KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2018

2017 Changes to benefit terms:

With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retire prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participatin members who retired on or after July 1, 2010

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		ting Fiscal Year surement Date)		orting Fiscal Year asurement Date)
		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0%		0%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		-		-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	<u>\$</u>	186,000 186,000	<u>\$</u>	144,000 144,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	23,300,998	\$	22,835,242
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		75.00%		87.80%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2018	2017
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 <u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 23,300,998	\$ 22,835,242
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2018

Changes to benefit terms:

With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retire prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	_	FSPK BUILDING FUND	_	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	_	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	6,018	\$_		\$_	274,060	\$_	280,078
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	6,018	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	274,060	\$_	280,078
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable	\$_	- _	\$_	<u>-</u> _	\$_	14,082	\$_	14,082
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	- _	_	- _	_	14,082	-	14,082
FUND BALANCES: Restricted	_	6,018	_	- _	_	259,978	_	265,996
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	6,018	_	<u> </u>	_	259,978	-	265,996
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	6,018	\$_		\$_	274,060	\$_	280,078

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY	. <u>-</u>	FSPK BUILDING FUND		DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	_	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES: From local sources:								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	-	\$	3,044,768	\$	_	\$	3,044,768
Tuition and fees	Ψ.	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	23,380	Ψ	23,380
Other local revenues		-		-		469,989		469,989
Intergovernmental - state		472,739		897,872		· -		1,370,611
Intergovernmental - federal		-		-		-		-
TOTAL REVENUES		472,739		3,942,640		493,369		4,908,748
EXPENSES:								
Instruction		-		-		120,882		120,882
Support Services:						,		,
Instructional staff		-		-		22,413		22,413
Plant operations and maintenance		-		-		61,760		61,760
Student transportation		-		-		200		200
Non-Instructional		-		-		28,136		28,136
Debt service	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		-		233,391		233,391
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures		472,739		3,942,640		259,978		4,675,357
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating transfers in		-		-		_		_
Operating transfers out		(466,721)		(3,942,640)		-		(4,409,361)
Proceeds from debt issuance	_	<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	_	<u> </u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(466,721)		(3,942,640)	_	-	_	(4,409,361)
Net Change in Fund Balance		6,018		-		259,978		265,996
Fund balance beginning	_	-			_	-	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balance ending	\$	6,018	\$	-	\$	259,978	\$_	265,996

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Cash Balances June 30, 2018	s 	Receipts	. <u>-</u>	Disbursements	_	Cash Balances June 30, 2019	 Accounts Receivable June 30, 2019	. <u>-</u>	Accounts Payable June 30, 2019	 Deposits Held in Custody for Students June 30, 2019
George Rogers Clark High School	\$ 155,626	\$	423,851	\$	393,316	\$	186,161	\$ 2,559	\$	755	\$ 187,965
Campbell Jr. High School	83,721		226,608		229,903		80,426	-		2,079	78,347
Baker Intermediate School	13,146	5	26,152		30,274		9,024	-		455	8,569
Conkwright Elementary School	1,930)	21,081		20,994		2,017	-		166	1,851
Willis H. Justice Elementary School	5,690)	32,761		32,403		6,048	-		-	6,048
Shearer Elementary School	3,519)	15,441		16,251		2,709	-		-	2,709
Strode Station Elementary School	2,261 \$ 226,658		16,358 762,252	\$	17,124 740,265	\$_	1,495 287,880	\$ - 2,559	\$_	3,455	\$ 1,495 286,984

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CLARK COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ACCOUNTS:	Cash Balances June 30, 2018	Receipts	Disbursements	Cash Balances June 30, 2019	Accounts Receivable June 30, 2019	Accounts Payable June 30, 2019	Deposits Held in Custody for Students June 30, 2019
American Heart Association \$	- \$	105	\$ - \$	105	\$ - \$	- \$	105
Academic Team Tshirts	-	400	400	-	-	-	-
Athletics	-	73,391	62,138	11,253	2,000	-	13,253
AP Testing	-	31,789	30,725	1,064			1,064
Athletic Contigency	28,629	6,656	15,264	20,021	-	-	20,021
Band	169	4,500	4,669	-	-	-	-
Baseball	532	-	532	-	-	-	-
Bass Fishing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beta Club	710	1,940	2,650	-	-	-	-
Bookstore	940	28,179	21,206	7,913	-	-	7,913
Bowling	225	-	225	-	-	-	-
Beacon of Hope Fundraiser	-	211	211	-			-
Boy's Basketball	2,318	9,200	10,488	1,030	-	-	1,030
Boy's Golf	34	-	34	-	-	-	-
Boy's Soccer	69	1,956	1,976	49	-	-	49
Boy's Tennis	98	52	150	-	-	-	-
Cap & Gowns	2,789	21,015	19,069	4,735	-	-	4,735
Cards for Paws	87	-	87	-	-	-	-
Cheer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chorus	18	-	-	18	-	-	18
Cinderella's Closet	3,986	-	3,431	555	-	-	555
Class of 2018	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Class of 2019	35,435	18,914	54,349	-	-	76	(76)
Class of 2020	-	38,500	-	38,500	-	-	38,500
Contingency	6,623	-	6,623	-	-	-	-
Dance Blue	72	401	473	-	-	-	-
Dance Team	1,834	5,377	6,061	1,150	-	-	1,150
DECA	962	-	962	-	-	-	-
ELL	-	182	154	28			28
Drama	12,182	9,073	10,142	11,113	273	-	11,386
Faculty Lounge	4,481	804	172	5,113	51	-	5,164
Fees	-	3,755	3,473	282	-	-	282
FFA	-	8,242	6,630	1,612	-	-	1,612
Fine Arts Cohort	1,512	1,226	1,437	1,301	90	-	1,391
Floral Design	155	645	800	-	-	-	-
Football 6A Playoff	-	3,139	3,139	-	-	-	-
Football	-	9,688	10,009	(321)	-	-	(321)

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CLARK COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

							Deposits Held in
	Cash			Cash	Accounts	Accounts	Custody for
	Balances			Balances	Receivable	Payable	Students
	June 30,			June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
ACCOUNTS:	2018	Receipts	Disbursements	2019	2019	2019	2019
French Club		2,675 \$		482 \$	- \$	- \$	482
General	987	17,998	400	18,585	-	10	18,575
Girl's Basketball	-	4,203	3,432	771	-	-	771
Girl's Golf	34	1,513	1,513	34	-	-	34
Girl's Soccer	-	40	40	-	-	-	-
Girl's Tennis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Green Club	162	-	162	-	-	-	-
Greenhouse	12,480	13,266	13,899	11,847	-	-	11,847
Guidance	666	810	335	1,141	15	-	1,156
Journalism	7,860	17,203	17,213	7,850	-	-	7,850
Jr. ROTC	8,759	9,360	8,494	9,625	-	-	9,625
Key Club	-	24	-	24	-	-	24
Leadership Challenge	-	2,500	320	2,180	-	-	2,180
Library	194	843	328	709	-	-	709
Marching Band	-	794	794	-	-	-	-
NHS	-	1,170	1,154	16	-	-	16
Nat Art Honor Soc Club	-	376	38	338	=	-	338
Orchestra	37	25	-	62	-	-	62
PLTW	-	1,735	1,735	-	=	-	-
PLTW Boat Race	-	500	486	14	-	-	14
Principal's Account	9,747	2,250	4,771	7,226	-	-	7,226
Softball	-	364	-	364	-	-	364
Soft Drinks	1,765	1,535	167	3,133	130	169	3,094
STLP	146	10	27	129	-	-	129
Spanish Club	-	157	157	-	-	-	-
Senior NYC Trip	7,180	35,590	36,984	5,786	-	-	5,786
Student Christmas Shopping	930	11,887	3,938	8,879	-	-	8,879
Swimming	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trooper Island Fund	-	625	-	625	-	-	625
Track	90	570	-	660	-	500	160
TSA	613	171	679	105	=	-	105
Vex Robotics	-	55	-	55	-	-	55
Volleyball	-	2,197	2,197	-	-	-	-
Y-Club	30	14,065	14,095	-	-	-	-
TOTALS \$	155,626 \$	423,851 \$		186,161 \$	2,559 \$	755 \$	187,965

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOLS

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education	, rumber		
United States Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)-Cluster			
Special Education_Grants to States			
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	3810002-17	\$363,267
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	3810002-16	56,446
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	3810002-18	893,918
Total Special Education_Grants to States			1,313,631
Special Education_Preschool Grants			
Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-17	44,556
Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-18	6,541
Total Special Education_Preschool Grants			51,097
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)-Cluster			1,364,728
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3220001-17	2,492
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-17	306,759
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3220002-17	6,817
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-18	1,150,840
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3220002-18	6,820 1,473,728
Total Title Forums to Local Educational Agencies			1,173,720
English Language Acquisition Grants			
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	3300002-17	351
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	3300002-16	499
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	3300002-18	2,682
Total English Language Acquisition Grants			3,532
Migrant Education_State Grant Program			
Migrant Education_State Grant Program	84.011	3110002-17	64,453
Migrant Education_State Grant Program	84.011	3110002-18	100,150
Total Migrant Education_State Grant Program			164,603
Title I State Agency Program for Neglected and Delinquent			
Children and Youth	84.013	313E	16,970
Total Title I State Agency Program for Neglected and Delinquent Children and Youth			16,970
Cimaretrana roadir			10,370
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States			
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-18	23,884
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-17	5,739
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710006-18	2,106
Total Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States			31,729
Rural Education			
Rural Education	84.358	3140002-17	58,226
Rural Education	84.358	3140002-18	22,910
Total Rural Education			81,136

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOLS Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	3230002-17	\$76,103
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	3230002-18	131,204
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	3230003-17	37,398
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			244,705
Striving Readers/Comprehensive Literacy Development			
Striving Readers/Comprehensive Literacy Development	84.371	S371C170016	331,060
Total Striving Readers/Comprehensive Literacy Development			331,060
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-17	25,834
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-18	66,903
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			92,737
Total Department of Education			3,804,928
United States Department of Agriculture			
National School Lunch Program			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	4001097	201,140
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-18	382,893
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-19	1,768,393
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-18	208,811
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-19	987,267
Child and Adult Care	10.558	7790021-19	7,769
Child and Adult Care	10.558	7800016-19	552
Summer School Feeding Program	10.559	7690024-18	5,787
Summer School Feeding Program	10.559	7690024-19	288
Summer School Feeding Program	10.559	7740023-18	28,021
Summer School Feeding Program	10.559	7740023-19	24,810
Total United States Department of Agriculture			3,615,730
Department of Defense			
ROTC			
ROTC	12.000	504E	69,100
Total Department of Defense			69,100
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 7,489,758
•			

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1- BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Clark County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of operations of the Clark County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1) Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- 2) Clark School District did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

NOTE 3 – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District received food commodities totaling \$201,140.

SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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Laurence T. Summers 1961-1992

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Clark County School District Winchester, KY 40391

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clark County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clark County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clark County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clark County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clark County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clark County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management for the District in a separate letter dated November 12, 2019.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY November 12, 2019

SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members for the Board of Education Clark County School District Winchester, KY 40391

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Clark County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Clark County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Clark County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Clark County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities* and *State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Clark County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Clark County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Clark County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Clark County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Clark County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clark County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY November 12, 2019

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section 1 - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report is	ssued - <u>unmodified</u>	_			
Internal control over finar	ncial reporting:				
Material weakness	s(es) identified?		_yes	Χ	_no
Significant deficier	ncies identified		_yes _	Х	_none reported
Noncompliance material statements noted?	to financial		_yes _	Х	_no
Federal Awards Internal control over major	ority programs:				
Material weakness	s(es) identified?		_yes _	Χ	_no
Significant deficier	ncies identified		yes _	Х	_none reported
Type of auditor's report is	ssued on compliance	for the m	najor prog	grams	- unmodified
Any audit findings disclosure required to be report in a with 2 CFR section 200.5	ccordance 116 (a)?		yes _	X	no
CFDA Number(s) 84.010 84.371	Name of Federal P Title 1 Striving Readers	rogram o	or Cluster	. <u> </u>	
Dollar threshold used to between type A and type	distinguish	<u> </u>	\$750,00 <u>0</u>	<u>)</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-	risk auditee?	Χ	ves		no

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

No findings in the current year.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings in the current year.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

No findings in the prior year.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings in the prior year.

SUMMERS, MCCRARY & SPARKS, P.S.C.

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LAURENCE T. SUMMERS 1961-1992

Members of the Board of Education Clark County School District Winchester, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Clark County School District for the year ended June 30, 2019, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. This letter does not affect our report dated November 12, 2019 on the financial statements of the Clark County School District

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various district personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Respectfully,

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC Lexington, Kentucky November 12, 2019

BOARD

Any exceptions noted in testing appeared to be isolated incidents only and were communicated to management.

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

GEORGE ROGERS CLARK HIGH SCHOOL

Comment: During our te

During our testing of cash receipts, we found an instance where students did not sign the Multiple Receipt Form when turning in money. We recommend the bookkeeper and teachers review the "Receipts" section of the "Redbook", which states "Students third grade and above must sign the Multiple Receipt Form."

Response:

Management agrees and has addressed the school regarding the findings in this audit comment. The Director of Finance has reviewed the Receipts section of Redbook with the Principal and bookkeeper to ensure these procedures are followed in the future. The District has also implemented the Cloud version of the EPES School Accounting Software giving more oversight of the daily activities. The school had a new bookkeeper that started in January after it was discovered the previous bookkeeper was committing fraudulent activity in regards to the school activity account. The document reviewed is thought to be forged by the previous bookkeeper and would be the reason for the students to not have signed the document. A formal training of Redbook and its requirements has been presented to the GRC Staff as a whole since the discovery of fraud.

Comment:

During our testing of cash receipts, we had an instance where the amount deposited could not be verified against the multiple receipt form. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Receipts" section of the "Redbook", which states, "All money collected by a teacher or sponsor shall be given to the school treasurer on the day collected, or if the money is collected after school business hours for evening or weekend events, on the next business day" & "The school treasurer shall deposit slips containing the issuer's name and the amount of each check or retain a copy of all checks to be deposited. The deposit slip shall note the receipt numbers in the deposit."

Response:

Management agrees and has addressed the school regarding the findings in this audit comment. The Director of Finance has reviewed the Receipts section of Redbook with the Principal and bookkeeper to ensure these procedures are followed in the future. The District has also implemented the Cloud version of the EPES School Accounting Software giving more oversight of the daily activities.

The school had a new bookkeeper that started in January after it was discovered the previous bookkeeper was committing fraudulent activity in regards to the school activity account. The document reviewed is thought to be forged by the previous bookkeeper and would be the reason the amounts could not be verified. A formal training of Redbook and its requirements has been presented to the GRC Staff as a whole since the discovery of fraud. In addition, a night drop safe has been placed in the GRC office area for those staff who need to turn in money after the bookkeeper has left for the day. Those receipts are then processed the next morning after a dual verification of the monies listed on the receipt.

Comment:

During our testing of cash receipts, we found several instances of a Multiple Receipt Form or Prenumbered receipt not being given to the school treasurer. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Receipts" section of the "Redbook" which states a copy of the Multiple Receipt Form or a copy of the pre-numbered receipt shall be retained by the teacher or sponsor and the original shall be given to the school treasurer.

Response:

Management agrees and has addressed the school regarding the findings in this audit comment. The Director of Finance has reviewed the Receipts section of Redbook with the Principal and bookkeeper to ensure these procedures are followed in the future. The District has also implemented the Cloud version of the EPES School Accounting Software giving more oversight of the daily activities. The school had a new bookkeeper that started in January after it was discovered the previous bookkeeper was committing fraudulent activity in regards to the school activity account. Several documents reviewed are thought to be forged by the previous bookkeeper and would be the reason for the lack of proper documentation. A formal training of Redbook and its requirements has been presented to the GRC Staff as a whole since the discovery of fraud. In addition, all staff who turns in monies has been asked to keep a copy of what they submitted for at least the three year retention period the district is required to adhere to as well.

Comment:

During our testing of cash receipts we found multiple instances of the Multiple Receipt Form (F-SA-6) not signed by the person remitting the money. We recommend the bookkeeper review the Multiple Receipt Form (F-SA-6) in the "Redbook", to familiarize themselves with all sections of the form.

Response:

Management agrees and has addressed the school regarding the findings in this audit comment. The Director of Finance has reviewed the Multiple Receipt Form with the Principal and bookkeeper to ensure these procedures are followed in the future.

The District has also implemented the Cloud version of the EPES School Accounting Software giving more oversight of the daily activities. The school had a new bookkeeper that started in January after it was discovered the previous bookkeeper was committing fraudulent activity in regards to the school activity account. Several of the documents reviewed are thought to be forged by the previous bookkeeper and would be the reason for lack of proper signatures. A formal training of Redbook and its requirements has been presented to the GRC Staff as a whole since the discovery of fraud.

Comment:

During our review of receipts, we found an instance of the Sales from Concessions/Bookstore/School Store/Pencil Machine Form (Form F-SA-17) was not signed by the individual preparing the form. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Receipts" section of the "Redbook", which states the Sales from Concessions/Bookstore/School Store/Pencil Machine Form shall be signed by the individual preparing the form and by the school treasurer.

Response:

Management agrees and has addressed the school regarding the findings in this audit comment. The Director of Finance has reviewed the Receipts section of Redbook with the Principal and bookkeeper to ensure these procedures are followed in the future. The District has also implemented the Cloud version of the EPES School Accounting Software giving more oversight of the daily activities. The school had a new bookkeeper that started in January after it was discovered the previous bookkeeper was committing fraudulent activity in regards to the school activity account. Several of the documents reviewed are thought to be forged by the previous bookkeeper and would be the reason for lack of proper signatures. A formal training of Redbook and its requirements has been presented to the GRC Staff as a whole since the discovery of fraud.

Comment:

During our review of the end of year reports, we found the Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable (Form F-SA-15B) was not completed, and based upon our review of subsequent period disbursements, we found multiple accounts payable and accounts receivable. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Reports" section of the "Redbooks, which states several reports are filled out by the treasurer each month, including Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable (Form F-SA-15B), and "Appendix D: Monthly Reports" section of the "Redbook", which states for payables, this report should only list unpaid invoices dated on or before the end of the month.

Response:

Management agrees and has addressed the school regarding the findings in this audit comment. The Director of Finance has reviewed the Reports section and Appendix D of Redbook with the Principal and bookkeeper to ensure these procedures are followed in the future.

The District has also implemented the Cloud version of the EPES School Accounting Software giving more oversight of the daily activities. The school had a new bookkeeper that started in January and has since received annual Redbook training and will watch these items going forward for compliance.

Comment:

During our review of the Annual Financial Report and after applying the year end Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable balances, we found two activity accounts that ended the year with a negative balance. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Reports" section of the "Redbook", which states individual school activity accounts shall not end the fiscal year with a negative balance.

Response:

Management agrees and has addressed the school regarding the findings in this audit comment. The Director of Finance has reviewed the Reports section of Redbook with the Principal and bookkeeper to ensure these procedures are followed in the future. The District has also implemented the Cloud version of the EPES School Accounting Software giving more oversight of the daily activities. The school had a new bookkeeper that started in January and has since received annual Redbook training and will watch these items going forward for compliance.

SHEARER ELEMENTARY

Any exceptions noted in testing appeared to be isolated incidents only and were communicated to management.

CAMPBELL JR. HIGH

Any exceptions noted in testing appeared to be isolated incidents only and were communicated to management.

WILLIS H. JUSTICE ELEMENTARY

Comment:

During our review of receipts we noted multiple deposits that were missing the receipt numbers included in the deposit. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Receipts" section of the "Redbook" which states the deposit slip shall note the receipt numbers in the deposit.

Response:

Management agrees and has addressed the school regarding the findings in this audit comment. The Director of Finance has reviewed the Receipts section of Redbook with the Principal and bookkeeper to ensure these procedures are followed in the future. The District has also implemented the Cloud version of the EPES School Accounting Software giving more oversight of the daily activities.

Comment:

During our review of cash we noted multiple bank reconciliations were not completed in a timely manner. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Reports" section of the "Redbook", which states upon receipt of the monthly student activity fund account bank statement, the statement balance is to be reconciled to the monthly report.

Response:

Management agrees and has addressed the school regarding the findings in this audit comment. The Director of Finance has reviewed the Reports section of Redbook with the Principal and bookkeeper to ensure these procedures are followed in the future. The District has also implemented the Cloud version of the EPES School Accounting Software giving more oversight of the daily activities. The bookkeeper was out several times during the fiscal year for medical reasons which hindered the timely completion of monthly reconciliations. In the future, if this situation occurs at any school, district staff will assist the school in completing procedures in a timely manner.

Comment:

During our review of fundraisers, we found the Fundraiser Worksheet (F-SA-2B) was not completed for each fundraiser, and when it was completed, the forms were missing the sponsor's signature. We Recommend the Principal review the "Receipts" section of the "Redbook", which states the activity sponsor shall complete the Fundraiser Worksheet (F-SA-2B) and forward the report to the Principal for review and filing within one week of the completion of the fundraising period or event. The Principal and club sponsors should review the Fundraiser Worksheet (F-SA-2b) to ensure they are familiar with all aspects of the form.

Response:

Management agrees and has addressed the school regarding the findings in this audit comment. The Director of Finance has reviewed the Receipts section of Redbook with the Principal and bookkeeper to ensure these procedures are followed in the future. The District has also implemented the Cloud version of the EPES School Accounting Software giving more oversight of the daily activities.

STRODE STATION ELEMENTARY

Any exceptions noted in testing appeared to be isolated incidents only and were communicated to management.

CONKWRIGHT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Any exceptions noted in testing appeared to be isolated incidents only and were communicated to management.

BAKER INTERMEDIATE

Comment:

During our review of the end of year reports, we found the Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable (Form F-SA-15B) was not completed, and based upon our review of subsequent period disbursements, we found multiple accounts payable. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Reports" section of the "Redbooks, which states several reports are filled out by the treasurer each month, including Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable (Form F-SA-15B), and "Appendix D: Monthly Reports" section of the "Redbook", which states for payables, this report should only list unpaid invoices dated on or before the end of the month.

Response:

Management agrees and has addressed the school regarding the findings in this audit comment. The Director of Finance has reviewed the Reports section of Redbook with the Principal and bookkeeper to ensure these procedures are followed in the future. The District has also implemented the Cloud version of the EPES School Accounting Software giving more oversight of the daily activities. The school had a new bookkeeper this fiscal year and has since received annual Redbook training and will watch these items going forward for compliance.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS

BOARD

 Previously, during testing of cash disbursements we noted a few instances of Purchase Orders not being approved prior to incurring the associated expense, or the Purchase Order was approved for an amount less than the actual expense. No similar finding occurred in the current year.

GEORGE ROGERS CLARK HIGH SCHOOL

• Previously, during our review of the AFR we noted multiple accounts that did not have activity during the preceding 12 months. We recommend the bookkeeper and Principal review the "Inactive Account Balances" section of the "Redbook", which states an activity account will be considered inactive if there has been no activity during the preceding 12 months. When an account has become inactive, its funds need to be transferred to an account designated in writing by the student organization or the funds shall be transferred to the school activity general account. No similar finding occurred in the current year.

CAMPBELL JR. HIGH

• Previously, during our review of the AFR we noted multiple accounts that did not have activity during the preceding 12 months. We recommend the bookkeeper and Principal review the "Inactive Account Balances" section of the "Redbook", which states an activity account will be considered inactive if there has been no activity during the preceding 12 months. When an account has become inactive, its funds need to be transferred to an account designated in writing by the student organization or the funds shall be transferred to the school activity general account. No similar finding occurred in the current year.

WILLIS H. JUSTICE ELEMENTARY

- Previously, during our review of the AFR we noted an account that did not have activity during the preceding 12 months. We recommend the bookkeeper and Principal review the "Inactive Account Balances" section of the "Redbook", which states an activity account will be considered inactive if there has been no activity during the preceding 12 months. When an account has become inactive, its funds need to be transferred to an account designated in writing by the student organization or the funds shall be transferred to the school activity general account. No similar finding occurred in the current year.
- Previously, during our review of receipts we noted multiple deposits that were missing the receipt numbers included in the deposit. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Receipts" section of the "Redbook" which states the deposit slip shall note the receipt numbers in the deposit. A similar finding occurred in the current year.
- Previously, during our review of cash disbursements we noted multiple instances were refunds to students were not done on the proper form. We recommend the bookkeeper review the "Expenditures" section on the "Redbook" which states if there is a need to reimburse or refund monies to students, use the Student Refund/Disbursement Form (F-SA-14). No similar finding occurred in the current year.

CONKWRIGHT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

 Previously, during our review of the AFR we noted an account that did not have activity during the preceding 12 months. We recommend the bookkeeper and Principal review the "Inactive Account Balances" section of the "Redbook", which states an activity account will be considered inactive if there has been no activity during the preceding 12 months.

When an account has become inactive, its funds need to be transferred to an account designated in writing by the student organization or the funds shall be transferred to the school activity general account. No similar finding occurred in the current year.

BAKER INTERMEDIATE

 Previously, during our review of the AFR we noted multiple accounts that did not have activity during the preceding 12 months. We recommend the bookkeeper and Principal review the "Inactive Account Balances" section of the "Redbook", which states an activity account will be considered inactive if there has been no activity during the preceding 12 months. When an account has become inactive, its funds need to be transferred to an account designated in writing by the student organization or the funds shall be transferred to the school activity general account. No similar finding occurred in the current year.

APPENDIX C

Clark County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds Series of 2020

Continuing Disclosure Undertaking Agreement

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE UNDERTAKING AGREEMENT

This Continuing Disclosure Undertaking Agreement ("Agreement") made and entered into as of the 9th day of September, 2020, by and between the Board of Education of Clark County, Kentucky School District ("Board"); the Clark County School District Finance Corporation, an agency and instrumentality of the Board ("Corporation") and the Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds hereinafter identified as third party beneficiaries to this Agreement. For the purposes of this Agreement "Beneficial Owner" means the person or entity treated as the owner of the Bonds for federal income tax purposes and "Registered Owner" means the person or entity named on the registration books of the bond registrar.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Corporation has acted as issuing agency for the Board pursuant to the provisions of Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS") and the Corporation's Bond Resolution in connection with the authorization, sale and delivery of \$2,290,000 of the Corporation's School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2020, dated as of September 9, 2020 ("Bonds"), which Bonds were offered for sale under the terms and conditions of a Final Official Statement ("FOS") prepared by RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky ("Financial Advisor") and approved by the authorized representatives of the Board and the Corporation, and

WHEREAS, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, has amended the provisions of SEC Rule 15c2-12 relating to financial disclosures by the issuers of municipal securities under certain circumstances ("Rule"), and

WHEREAS, it is intended by the parties to this Agreement that all terms utilized herein shall have the same meanings as defined by the Rule, and

WHEREAS, the Board is an "obligated person" as defined by the Rule and subject to the provisions of said Rule, and

WHEREAS, failure by the Board and the Corporation to observe the requirements of the Rule will inhibit the subsequent negotiation, transfer and exchange of the Bonds with a resulting diminution in the market value thereof to the detriment of the Registered and Beneficial Owners of said Bonds and the Board;

NOW, THEREFORE, in order to comply with the provisions of the Rule and in consideration of the purchase of the Bonds by the Registered and Beneficial Owners, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Board agrees to provide the annual financial information contemplated by Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i) relating to the Board for its fiscal years ending June 30 of each year to (a) the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"), or any successor thereto for purposes of its Rule, through the continuing disclosure service portal provided by the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system as described in 1934 Act Release No. 59062, or any similar system that is acceptable to the Securities and Exchange Commission and (b) the State Information Depository ("SID"), if any (the Commonwealth of Kentucky has not established a SID as of the date of this Agreement) within nine (9) months of the close of each fiscal year.

For the purposes of the Rule "annual financial information" means financial information and operating data provided annually, of the type included in the FOS with respect to the Board in accordance with guidelines established by the National Federation of Municipal Analysts, and shall include annual audited financial statements for the Board in order that the recipients will be provided with ongoing information regarding revenues and operating expenses of the Board and the information provided in the FOS under the headings "OUTSTANDING BONDS", "BOND DEBT SERVICE", "DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION", "LOCAL SUPPORT - Local Tax Rates, Property Assessment and Revenue Collections and SEEK Allotment". If audited financial statements are not available when the annual financial information is filed, unaudited financial statements shall be included, to be followed by audited financial statements when available.

The audited financial statements shall be prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, Generally Accepted Auditing Standards or in accordance with the appropriate sections of KRS or Kentucky Administrative Regulations.

The parties hereto agree that this Agreement is entered into among them for the benefit of those who become Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds as third party beneficiaries to said Agreement.

2. MATERIAL EVENTS NOTICES

Under the Rule, Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C), the following sixteen (16) events must be disclosed within ten (10) business days following the occurrence of said event to MSRB via EMMA and the SID, if any:

- (1) Principal/interest payment delinquency;
- (2) Nonpayment related default, if material;
- (3) Unscheduled draw on debt service reserve reflecting financial difficulties;
- (4) Unscheduled draw on credit enhancement reflecting financial difficulties;
- (5) Substitution of credit or liquidity provider, or its failure to perform;
- (6) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the IRS of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the securities, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security;
- (7) Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
- (8) Bond call, if material and tender offers;
- (9) Defeasance;
- (10) Release, substitution or sale of property securing the repayment of the security, if material;
- (11) Rating change;
- (12) Merger, consolidation, acquisition or sale of all or substantially all assets of an obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, and the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to such action, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- (13) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person;
- (14) Successor, additional or change in trustee, if material;
- (15) Incurrence of a financial obligation of the obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material, and;

(16) Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For purposes of this Agreement the term "financial obligation" means:

- (A) Debt obligation;
- (B) Derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or
 - (C) Guarantee of paragraph (A) or (B) above.

Notice of said material events shall be given to the entities identified in this Section by the Board on a timely basis (within ten (10) business days of the occurrence). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of the documents under which the Bonds are authorized and issued do not provide for a debt service reserve, credit enhancements or credit or liquidity providers.

In accordance with Rule Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(D), the Board agrees that in the event of a failure to provide the Annual Financial Information required under Section 1 of this Agreement, it will notify MSRB via EMMA of such failure in a timely manner.

The Finance Officer of the Board shall be the responsible person for filing the annual financial information and/or notices of the events set forth above within the time prescribed in this Agreement. The Board shall cause the Finance Officer to institute an internal tickler system as a reminder of the obligations set forth herein. By December 1 of each fiscal year and each 30 days thereafter the Finance Officer will contact the auditor for the Board to determine when the audited financial statements will be finalized. The Finance Officer will impress upon the auditor the necessity of having such audited financial report on or before March 15. Within 5 days of receipt of such audited financial report the finance officer will cause the annual financial information to be filed as required by this Agreement.

3. SPECIAL REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Upon the request of any Registered or Beneficial Owner of the Bonds or the original purchaser of the Bonds or any subsequent broker-dealer buying or selling said Bonds on the secondary market ("Underwriters"), the Board shall cause financial information or operating data regarding the conduct of the affairs of the Board to be made available on a timely basis following such request.

4. DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

The Board and the Corporation hereby disclaim any liability for monetary damages for any breach of the commitments set forth in this Agreement and remedies for any breach of the Board's continuing disclosure undertaking shall be limited to an action for specific performance or mandamus in a court of competent jurisdiction in Kentucky following notice and an opportunity to cure such a breach.

5. FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT

That the Final Official Statement prepared by the Financial Advisor and approved by the authorized representatives of the Board and the Corporation is hereby incorporated in this Agreement as fully as if copied herein and the "annual financial information" required under Section 1 hereof shall in summary form update the specific information set forth in said FOS.

6. DURATION OF THE AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall be in effect so long as any of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid; provided, however, that the right is reserved in the Board to delegate its responsibilities under the Agreement to a competent agent or trustee, or to adjust the format of the presentation of annual financial information so long as the intent and purpose of the Rule to present adequate and accurate financial information regarding the Board is served.

7. AMENDMENT; WAIVER

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Board may amend this Agreement, and any provision of this Agreement may be waived, provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) If the amendment or waiver relates to the provisions of Section 1, it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of an obligated person with respect to the Bonds, or the type of business conducted;
- (b) The undertaking, as amended or taking into account such waiver, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the original issuance of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and
- (c) The amendment or waiver either (i) is approved by the holders of the Bonds in the same manner as provided in the Bond Resolution for amendments to the Bond Resolution with the consent of holders, or (ii) does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, materially impair the interests of the Registered Owners or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Agreement, the Board shall describe such amendment or waiver in the next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by the Board. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given in the same manner as for a material event under Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) of the Rule, and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

8. DEFAULT

In the event of a failure of the Board to comply with any provision of this Agreement, the Corporation may and, at the request of any Underwriter or any Registered Owner or Beneficial Owner of Bonds, shall take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the Board to comply with its obligations under this Agreement. A default under this Agreement shall not be deemed an event of default under the Bond Resolution, and the sole remedy under this Agreement in the event of any failure of the Board to comply with this Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

In witness whereof the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

	BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Attest:	Chairman
Secretary	CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION
Attest:	President
Secretary	

APPENDIX D

Clark County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds Series of 2020

Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale

OFFICIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF BOND SALE

\$2,290,000*

Clark County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series of 2020 Dated as of September 9, 2020

SALE: August 12, 2020 AT 11:00 A.M., E.S.T.

The Clark County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") will until 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T., on August 12, 2020 receive at the office of the Executive Director, Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, competitive bids for the purchase of \$2,290,000 principal amount of Clark County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 (the "Refunding Bonds"), dated and bearing interest from September 9, 2020, payable on November 1, 2020, and semi-annually thereafter on May 1 and November 1 of each year, in denominations in multiples of \$5,000 within the same maturity maturing on November 1 thereafter in each of the years as follows:

<u>MATURITY</u>	PRINCIPAL <u>AMOUNT*</u>	<u>MATURITY</u>	PRINCIPAL <u>AMOUNT*</u>
2020	\$ 210,000	2026	\$ 215,000
2021	200,000	2027	215,000
2022	205,000	2028	220,000
2023	205,000	2029	225,000
2024	205,000	2030	175,000
2025	215,000		Ź

^{*}Subject to adjustment as set forth herein.

REDEMPTION PROVISIONS

The Bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2028 are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturities on any date falling on or after November 1, 2027, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Refunding Bonds are to be issued in fully registered form (both principal and interest). Traditional Bank, Inc., Mt. Sterling, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to each Registered Owner of record as of the 15th day of the month preceding the due date which shall be Cede & Co., as the Nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"). Please see "Book-Entry-Only-System" below.

CLARK COUNTY (KENTUCKY) SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board of Education of the Clark County School District (the "Board"). Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Bonds herein referred to has

been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE

The Refunding Bonds are being issued under and in full compliance with the Constitution and Statutes of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, including Sections 162.120 through 162.300, 162.385, and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, within the meaning of the decision of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky (Supreme Court) in the case of Hemlepp v. Aronberg, 369 S.W.2d 121, for the purpose of providing funds to retire all of the outstanding Clark County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2010 ("Build America Bonds - Direct Pay to Issuer"), dated November 1, 2010 (the "Prior Bonds") maturing on and after November 1, 2020 (the "Refunded Bonds") prior to their stated maturities on September 15, 2020.

The Prior Bonds were authorized pursuant to the provisions of Sections 54AA of the Internal Revenue Code as "Build America Bonds" whereunder the US Treasury agreed to pay an interest subsidy equal to 35% of the total interest requirements of the Prior Bonds if the interest on the Prior Bonds was required to be included in the gross income of the recipients.

Under the provisions of the Budget Control Act of 2011, 125 Stat. 240, ("Sequestration") the US Treasury acting through the Internal Revenue Service reduced the promised interest subsidy for the Federal fiscal year ending September 30, 2013 by the amount of 8.7% and for the Federal fiscal year ending September 30, 2020 by 7.2%. The interest subsidy payments were and continue to be in fact paid at reduced amounts.

The provisions of the Prior Bonds state that the Corporation may redeem and retire all or any part of the principal amount of the Prior Bonds if the U.S. Treasury fails to remit all or any part of the interest subsidy to the Corporation.

SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of Sections 157.611 through 157.640 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as amended, repealed and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

The Commission will enter into a Participation Agreement with the Board whereunder the Commission, will agree to continue to pay approximately \$239,945 to be applied to the debt service requirements of the Refunding Bonds through November 1, 2030; provided, however, that the contractual commitment of the Commission to pay the annual Agreed Participation is limited to the budget period of the Commonwealth, with the first such budget period terminating on June 30, 2021.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

PROCEEDS TO RETIRE ALL BONDS OF PRIOR ISSUE

The Bonds of the Prior Issue were issued under the authority of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes for the purpose of providing funds to finance construction of a new High School (the "Project"). Under the terms of the Resolution authorizing the Prior Bonds, those Bonds are payable from the income and revenues of the Project financed from the proceeds thereof. The Prior Bonds are secured by a statutory mortgage lien upon and a pledge of revenues from the rental of the Project to the Board under the Lease Agreement, dated November 1, 2010 (the "Prior Lease").

The total principal amount of the Prior Issue currently outstanding is \$2,190,000, scheduled to mature on November 1 in each of the years 2020 through 2030. Prior Bonds maturing November 1, 2020 and thereafter will be retired on or about September 15, 2020 from the proceeds of the Refunding Bonds.

The 2020 Bond Resolution adopted by the Corporation's Board of Directors authorizes the payment and retirement of the Refunded Bonds including principal and accruing interest prior to their stated maturities through the deposit of the required amount of proceeds of the Refunding Bonds in the Prior Bond Fund or a special Escrow Fund for application to the retirement of the Refunded Bonds.

The 2020 Bond Resolution expressly provides that upon delivery of the Refunding Bonds and the deposit of sufficient funds in accordance with the preceding paragraph neither the statutory mortgage lien upon nor the pledge of the revenues from the rental of the Project under the Prior Lease shall constitute the security and source of payment for any of the Refunded Bonds of the Prior Issue and the Registered Owners of such Refunded Bonds of the Prior Issue shall be paid from and secured by the monies deposited in the Prior Bond Fund or Escrow Fund for the retirement thereof upon the delivery of the Refunding Bonds.

SECURITY FOR REFUNDING BONDS

The Refunding Bonds will constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation and will be payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues of the school Project financed from the proceeds of the Prior Bonds. The Refunding Bonds are secured by a statutory mortgage lien upon and pledge of the revenues derived from the rental of the school Project to the Board under a Lease Agreement dated September 9, 2020 (the "2020 Lease"); provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with a similar lien and pledge securing the Corporation's School Building Revenue Bonds previously issued to finance certain of the building(s) in which the Project is located (the "Parity Bonds").

Under the 2020 Lease the Board has leased the school property securing the Refunding Bonds in accordance with the provisions of KRS 162.140 for an initial period from the date of delivery through June 30, 2021, with the option in the Board to renew said 2020 Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rentals due under the 2020 Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Refunding Bonds as same become due.

The 2020 Lease provides that the Prior Lease will be canceled effective upon the deposit or escrow of sufficient funds to provide for the retirement of the Refunded Bonds. The 2020 Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the 2020 Lease until November 1, 2030, the final maturity date of the Refunding Bonds, and such annual rentals shall be deposited as received in the Bond Fund for the Refunding Bonds and used and applied for the payment of all maturing principal of and interest on the Refunding Bonds.

Under the terms of the 2020 Lease, and any renewal thereof, the Board has agreed so long as the Bonds remain outstanding, and in conformance with the intent and purpose of Section 157.627(5) of the Act and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the 2020 Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the 2020 Lease and Participation Agreement to the Corporation and the Commission the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

Under the terms of the 2020 Bond Resolution and the 2020 Lease the statutory mortgage lien securing the Refunding Bonds which is created and granted pursuant to KRS 162.200 upon the school Project are and shall be restricted in their application to the exact locations of said school building Project and to such easements and rights of way for ingress, egress and the rendering of services thereto as may be necessary for the proper use and maintenance of said school buildings; the right being reserved to erect or construct upon any land not occupied by the school Project other independently financed school buildings, free and clear of said statutory mortgage lien, which other independently financed school buildings may or may not have a party wall with and adjoin said school buildings constituting the Project, provided no part of the cost of said other independently financed school building is paid from the proceeds of the sale of the Refunding Bonds.

BIDDING CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

(A)The terms and conditions of the sale of the Refunding Bonds are as follows:

- (1) Bids must be made on Official Bid Form, contained in Information for Bidders available from the undersigned or RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky, or by visiting www.rsamuni.com submitted manually, by facsimile or electronically via PARITY®.
- (2) Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.
- (3) The minimum bid shall be not less than \$2,267,100 (99% of par) plus accrued interest. Interest rates shall be in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1% or both. Only one interest rate shall be permitted per Bond, and all Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same rate. Interest rates must be on an ascending scale, in that the interest rate stipulated in any year may not be less than that stipulated for any preceding maturity. There is no limit on the number of different interest rates.
- (4) The determination of the best purchase bid for said Refunding Bonds shall be made on the basis of all bids submitted for exactly \$2,290,000 principal amount of Refunding Bonds offered for sale under the terms and conditions herein specified; provided, however, the Corporation reserves the right to increase or decrease the total principal amount of Refunding Bonds sold to such best bidder, in the amount of not exceeding \$230,000, with such increase or decrease to be made in any maturity, and the total amount of Refunding Bonds awarded to such best bidder will be a minimum of \$2,060,000 or a maximum of \$2,520,000. In the event of any such adjustment, no rebidding or recalculation of a submitted bid will be required or permitted. The price at which such adjusted principal amount of Bonds will be sold will be at the same price per \$5,000 of Refunding Bonds as the price per \$5,000 for the \$2,290,000 of Refunding Bonds bid.
- (5) If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public as of the Sale Date for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

- (a) Holding Period means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.
- (b) Maturity means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.
- (c) *Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.
- (d) Sale Date means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is August 12, 2020.
- (e) Underwriter means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).
- (6) The successful bidder may elect to notify the Financial Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each Term Bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption by lot on November 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.
- (7) The successful purchaser shall be required (without further advice from the Corporation) to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Refunding Bonds actually awarded to the Paying Agent Traditional Bank, Inc., Mt. Sterling, Kentucky, Attn: Ms. Becky Myers, VP & Operations Officer (859-498-0414)by the close of business on the day following the award as a good faith deposit said amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price upon delivery and will be forfeited if the purchaser fails to take delivery.
- (8) All Refunding Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same and a single interest rate from the date thereof to maturity.
- (9) The right to reject bids for any reason deemed acceptable by the Corporation, and the right to waive any possible informalities or irregularities in any bid, which in the sole judgment of the Corporation shall be minor or immaterial, is expressly reserved.
- (10) CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Refunding Bonds at the expense of the Corporation. The purchaser shall pay the CUSIP Service Bureau assignment charge. Improper imprintation or the failure to imprint CUSIP numbers shall not constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for said Refunding Bonds in accordance with the terms of any accepted proposal for the purchase of said Bonds.
 - (B) The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the DTC Book-Entry-Only-System.
- (C) Said Bonds are offered for sale on the basis of the principal of said Bonds not being subject to Kentucky ad valorem taxation and on the basis of the interest on said Bonds not being subject to Federal or Kentucky income taxation on the date of their delivery to the successful bidder. See TAX EXEMPTION below.

- (D) The Corporation will provide to the successful purchaser a Final Official Statement in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12. A Final Official Statement will be provided in Electronic Form to the successful bidder, in sufficient time to meet the delivery requirements of the successful bidder under SEC and Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board Delivery Requirements. The successful bidder will be required to pay for the printing of Final Official Statements.
- (E) If, prior to the delivery of the Bonds, any event should occur which alters the tax exempt status of the Bonds, or of the interest thereon, the purchaser shall have the privilege of avoiding the purchase contract by giving immediate written notice to the Corporation, whereupon the good faith check of the purchaser will be returned to the purchaser, and all respective obligations of the parties will be terminated.
- (F) The Corporation and the Board agree to cooperate with the successful bidder in the event said purchaser desires to purchase municipal bond insurance regarding the Refunding Bonds; provided, however, that any and all expenses incurred in obtaining said insurance shall be solely the obligation of the successful bidder should the successful bidder so elect to purchase such insurance.

STATE SUPPORT OF EDUCATION

The 1990 Regular Session of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth enacted a comprehensive legislative package known as the Kentucky Education Reform Act ("KERA") designed to comply with the mandate of the Kentucky Supreme Court that the General Assembly provide for as efficient and equitable system of schools throughout the State.

KERA became fully effective on July 13, 1990. Elementary and Secondary Education in the Commonwealth is supervised by the Commissioner of Education as the Chief Executive Officer of the State Department of Education ("DOE"), an appointee of the reconstituted State Board for Elementary and Secondary Education (the "State Board"). Some salient features of KERA are as follows:

KRS 157.330 establishes the fund to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funded from biennial appropriations from the General Assembly for distribution to school districts. The base funding guaranteed to each school district by SEEK for operating and capital expenditures is determined in each fiscal year by dividing the total annual SEEK appropriation by the state-wide total of pupils in average daily attendance ("ADA") in the preceding fiscal year; the ADA for each district is subject to adjustment to reflect the number of at risk students (approved for free lunch programs under state and federal guidelines), number and types of exceptional children, and transportation costs.

KRS 157.420 establishes a formula which results in the allocation of funds for capital expenditures in school districts at \$100 per ADA pupil which is included in the SEEK allotment (\$4,000) for the current biennium which is required to be segregated into a Capital Outlay Allotment Fund which may be used only for (1) direct payment of construction costs; (2) debt service on voted and funding bonds; (3) lease rental payments in support of bond issues; (4) reduction of deficits resulting from over expenditures for emergency capital construction; and (5) a reserve for each of the categories enumerated in 1 through 4 above.

KRS 157.440(1) requires that effective for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of \$.30 for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes levied by the district (including utilities gross receipts license and special voted) for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property, plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Revenue Cabinet of the Commonwealth. Any school district board of education which fails to comply with the minimum equivalent tax rate levy shall be subject to removal from office.

KRS 157.440(2) provides that for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Any increase beyond the 4% annual limitation imposed by KRS 132.017 is not subject to the recall provisions of that Section. Revenue generated by the 15% levy is to be equalized at 150% of the state-wide average per pupil equalized assessment.

KRS 157.440(2) permits school districts to levy up to 30% of the revenue guaranteed by the SEEK program, plus the revenue produced by the 15% levy, but said additional tax will not be equalized with state funds and will be subject to recall by a simple majority of those voting on the question.

KRS 157.620(1) also provides that in order to be eligible for participation from the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission for debt service on bond issues the district must levy a tax which will produce revenues equivalent to \$.05 per \$100 of the total assessed value of all property in the district (including tangible and intangible property and motor vehicles) in addition to the minimum \$.30 levy required by KRS 160.470(12). A district having a special voted tax which is equal to or higher than the required \$.05 tax, must commit and segregate for capital purposes at least an amount equal to the required \$.05 tax. Those districts which levy the additional \$.05 tax are also eligible for participation in the Kentucky Facilities Support ("KFS") program for which funds are appropriated separately from SEEK funds and are distributed to districts in accordance with a formula taking into account outstanding debt and funds available for payment from both local and state sources under KRS 157.440(1)(b).

KRS 160.460 provides that as of July 1, 1994 all real property located in the Commonwealth subject to local taxation shall be assessed at 100% of fair cash value.

COMMONWEALTH BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2021

The Kentucky General Assembly, during its Regular Session, adopted a budget for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2021 which was approved and signed by the Governor. Such budget was effective beginning July 1, 2020.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Refunding Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Refunding Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. Prospective purchasers of the Refunding Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Refunding Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Refunding Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Refunding Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

As a result of the Board and issuing agencies acting on behalf of the Board having outstanding at the time the Bonds referred to herein are offered for public sale municipal securities in excess of \$1,000,000, the Corporation and the Board will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of all parties who may become Registered or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds whereunder said Corporation and Board will agree to comply with the provisions of the Municipal Securities Disclosure Rules set forth in Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 by filing annual financial statements and material events notices with the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) System maintained by the Municipal Securities Rule Making Board.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Clark County Board of Education, 1600 W. Lexington Avenue, Winchester, Kentucky 40391 (859) 744-4545.

TAX EXEMPTION; "BANK QUALIFIED"

Bond Counsel advises as follows:

- (A) The Refunding Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.
- (B) The interest income from the Refunding Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law and interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of calculating the Federal alternative minimum tax.
- (C) As a result of certifications by the Board and the Corporation, indicating the issuance of less than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year ending December 31, 2020, the Refunding Bonds may be treated by financial institutions as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

The Corporation will provide the purchaser the customary no-litigation certificate, and the final approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson, PLLC, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky approving the legality of the Bonds. These opinions will accompany the Bonds when delivered, without expense to the purchaser.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Refunding Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds initially will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee). One fully-registered Bond Certificate will be issued, in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds securities that its participants ("Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the settlement among Participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in Participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. "Direct Participants" include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is owned by a number of its Direct Participants and by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange, Inc., and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as securities brokers and dealers, banks, and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). The Rules applicable to DTC and its participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participant's records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds ("Beneficial Ownership Interest") are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their Beneficial Ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued. Transfers of ownership interest in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co., effect no change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are

credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners, will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to Cede & Co. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in the Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. will consent or vote with respect to Bonds. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments of the Bonds will be made to DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' account on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records unless DTC has reason to believe that it will not receive payment on payable date. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name", and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Issuer, or the Trustee, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to DTC is the responsibility of the Issuer or the Trustee, disbursements of such payments to Direct Participants shall be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payment to the Beneficial Owners shall be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Beneficial Ownership Interests purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Trustee, and shall effect delivery of such Beneficial Ownership Interests by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Beneficial Ownership Interests, on DTC's records, to the purchaser or the Trustee, as appropriate. The requirements for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with a demand for purchase or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Issuer or the Bond Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered by the Bond Registrar.

NEITHER THE ISSUER, THE BOARD NOR THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OR ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER OR ANY OTHER PERSON NOT SHOWN ON THE REGISTRATION BOOKS OF THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT AS BEING AN OWNER WITH RESPECT TO: (1) THE BONDS; (2) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (3) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT DUE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF TENDERED BONDS OR THE PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PRICE OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS; (4) THE DELIVERY BY ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY NOTICE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WHICH IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE BOND RESOLUTION TO BE GIVEN TO HOLDERS; (5) THE SELECTION OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF ANY PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE BONDS; OR (6) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS HOLDER.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

By /s/ Paul Christy Secretary

APPENDIX E

Clark County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds Series of 2020

Official Bid Form

OFFICIAL BID FORM (Bond Purchase Agreement)

The Clark County School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation"), will until 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T., on August 12, 2020, receive in the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky Schools Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, (telephone 502-564-5582; Fax 888-979-6152) competitive bids for its \$2,290,000 School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series of 2020, dated September 9, 2020; maturing November 1, 2020 through 2030 ("Bonds").

We hereby bid for said \$2,290,000 principal amount of Bonds, the total sum of \$ (not less than \$2,267,100) plus accrued interest from September 9, 2020 payable November 1, 2020 and semiannually thereafter (rates on ascending scale in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1%; number of interest rates unlimited;) and maturing as to principal on November 1 in each of the years as follows:

Year	Amount*	Rate	<u>Year</u>	Amount*	Rate
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$210,000 200,000 205,000 205,000 205,000 215,000		2026 2027 2028 2029 2030	\$215,000 215,000 220,000 225,000 175,000	

*We understand this bid may be accepted for as much as \$2,520,000 of Bonds or as little as \$2,060,000, at the same price per \$5,000 Bond, with the variation in such amount occurring in any maturity or all maturities, which will be determined by the Secretary of the Corporation at the time of acceptance of the best bid.

We further understand that by submitting a bid we agree as follows:

If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public as of the Sale Date for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

(a) Holding Period means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.

(b) Maturity means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

(c)Public means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(d) Sale Date means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is August 12, 2020.

(e) Underwriter means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102.

The successful bidder may elect to notify the Financial Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one

or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each Term Bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption by lot on November 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

The DTC Book-Entry-Only-System will be utilized on delivery of this issue.

It is understood that the Corporation will furnish the final, approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson, PLLC, Attorneys at Law, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky.

No certified or bank cashier's check will be required to accompany a bid, but the successful bidder shall be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Refunding Bonds awarded by the close of business on the date following the award. Said good faith amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price on delivery. Wire transfer procedures should be arranged through Traditional Bank, Inc., Mt. Sterling, Kentucky, Attn: Ms. Becky Myers, VP & Operations Officer (859-498-0414).

Bids must be submitted only on this form and must be fully executed.

If we are the successful bidder, we agree to accept and make payment for the Bonds in Federal on or about September 9, 2020 and upon acceptance by the Issuer's Financial Advisor this Official Bid Form shall become the Bond Purchase Agreement.

			R	espectfully su	bmitted,		
				Bi	dder		
			B	YAuthor	rized Offi	cer	
			_	Ac	ldress		-
	Total interest co	st from September 9	, 2020 to final m	aturity		\$	_
	Plus discount or	less any premium				\$	_
	Net interest cost	(Total interest cost p	olus discount or	less any prem	ium)	\$	_
	Average interest	rate or cost (ie NIC))				_%
is 1	The above comp not a part of this B	utation of net interes	t cost and of aver	rage interest ra	ate or cost	t is submitted for int	formation only and
\$_	Accepted by RS	SA Advisors, LLC, amount of Bonds	as Agent for that a price of \$	ne Clark Cou	nty Scho _ as follo	ool District Financ ows:	e Corporation for
	Year	Amount	Rate	Year	Amoun	t Rate	

Year	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Year	<u>Amount</u>	Rate
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,000		2026 2027 2028 2029 2030	,000 ,000 ,000 ,000	9/0 9/0 9/0 9/0 9/0

Dated: August 12, 2020

RSA Advisors, LLC, Financial Advisor and Agent for Clark County School District Finance Corporation