DATED SEPTEMBER 1, 2020

NEW ISSUE Electronic Bidding via Parity® BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM RATING Moody's: " "

Due: as shown below

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law interest on the Bonds will be includable in gross income of the holders thereof for purposes of federal taxation. The Bonds and interest thereon are exempt from income taxation and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and political subdivisions thereof (see "Tax Status" herein).

\$7,690,000* KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, TAXABLE SERIES 2020

Dated: September 30, 2020

Interest on the Bonds is payable each May 1 and November 1, beginning November 1, 2020. The Bonds will mature as to principal on May 1, 2021 and each May 1 thereafter as shown below. The Bonds are being issued in Book-Entry-Only Form and will be available for purchase in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Maturing		Interest	Reoffering		Maturing		Interest	Reoffering	
1-May	Amount	Rate	Yield	CUSIP	1-May	Amount	Rate	Yield	CUSIP
2021	\$385,000	%	%		2027	\$950,000	%	%	
2022	\$305,000	%	%		2028	\$985,000	%	%	
2023	\$135,000	%	%		2029	\$990,000	%	%	
2024	\$145,000	%	%		2030	\$1,020,000	%	%	
2025	\$775,000	%	%		2031	\$1,070,000	%	%	
2026	\$930,000	%	%						

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity as described herein.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right to call, upon thirty (30) days notice, the Bonds in whole or in part on any date for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds constitute a limited indebtedness of the Kenton County School District Finance Corporation and are payable from and secured by a pledge of the gross income and revenues derived by leasing the Project on an annually renewable basis to the Kenton County School District Board of Education.

The Secretary of the Kenton County School District Finance Corporation will until September 9, 2020, at 11:00 A.M., E.S.T., receive sealed bids for the Bonds at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

*As set forth in the "Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale," the principal amount of Bonds sold to the successful bidder is subject to a Permitted Adjustment by increasing or decreasing the amount awarded by up to \$770,000.

PURCHASER'S OPTION: The Purchaser of the Bonds, within 24 hours of the sale, may specify to the Financial Advisor that any Bonds may be combined immediately succeeding sequential maturities into a Term Bond(s), bearing a single rate of interest, with the maturities set forth above (or as may be adjusted as provided herein) being subject to mandatory redemption in such maturities for such Term Bond(s).

The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM administered by The Depository Trust Company.

The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for certain information on the cover page hereof which has been omitted in accordance with such Rule and which will be supplied with the final Official Statement.



KENTON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

Carl Wicklund, Chairman Karen Collins, Vice Chairman Carla Egan, Member Jesica Jehn, Member Shannon Herold, Member

Dr. Henry Webb, Superintendent Cathy Finley, Secretary

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

Carl Wicklund, President Karen Collins, Member Carla Egan, Member Jesica Jehn, Member Shannon Herold, Member

Cathy Finley, Secretary Susan Bentle, Treasurer

BOND COUNSEL

Dinsmore & Shohl LLP Covington, Kentucky

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

RSA Advisors, LLC Lexington, Kentucky

PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

U.S. Bank National Association Louisville, Kentucky

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement does not constitute an offering of any security other than the original offering of the Kenton County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2020, identified on the cover page hereof. No person has been authorized by the Corporation or the Board to give any information or to make any representation other than that contained in the Official Statement, and if given or made such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been given or authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, and there shall not be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation or the Board since the date hereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state or other governmental entity or agency, except the Corporation will pass upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement or approve the Bonds for sale.

The Official Statement includes the front cover page immediately preceding this page and all Appendices hereto.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction	
Book-Entry-Only System	
The Corporation	3
Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission;	
No Participation in this Issue	
Commonwealth Budget for Period Ending June 30, 2021	
Outstanding Bonds	
Authority	
The Bonds	
General	
Registration, Payment and Transfer	
Redemption	
Security	
General	
Mortgage Lien	
The Lease	
State Intercept	
Verification of Mathematical Accuracy	
The Plan of Refunding	
Purpose of the Prior Bonds	
Additional Parity Bonds for Completion of Project Estimated Bond Debt Service	
Estimated Bond Debt Service Estimated Use of Bond Proceeds	
District Student Population	
State Support of Education	
Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Allotment	
Facilities Support Program of Kentucky	
Local Support	
Homestead Exemption	
Limitation on Taxation	
Local Thirty Cents Minimum	
Additional 15% Not Subject to Recall	
Assessment Valuation	
Special Voted and Other Local Taxes	
Local Tax Rates, Property Assessments,	10
and Revenue Collections	11
Overlapping Bond Indebtedness	
SEEK Allotment	
State Budgeting Process	
Continuing Disclosure	
Tax Treatment	
COVID-19	
Litigation	18
Approval of Legality	
No Legal Opinion Expressed as to Certain Matters	
Bond Rating	
Financial Advisor	
Approval of Official Statement	19
Demographic and Economic Data	
Audited Financial State for FY Ending June 30, 2019	
Continuing Disclosure Agreement	APPENDIX C
Official Terms & Conditions of Bond Sale	
Official Bid Form	APPENDIX E

OFFICIAL STATEMENT Relating to the Issuance of

\$7,690,000*

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, TAXABLE SERIES 2020

* Subject to Permitted Adjustment

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page and Appendices hereto, is to set forth certain information pertaining to the Kenton County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2020 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are being issued to (i) pay the accrued interest and refund at or in advance of maturity on May 1, 2021 the outstanding maturities of the Kenton County School District Finance Corporation School District Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, dated May 1, 2011 (the "2011 Bonds") maturing May 1, 2021 and thereafter (the "Refunded Bonds"); and, (ii) pay the cost of the Bond issuance expenses (see "Plan of Refunding" herein). The Board has determined that the plan of refunding the Refunded Bonds will result in considerable interest cost savings to the Kenton County School District (the "District") and is in the best interest of the District.

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds will be secured by a statutory mortgage lien and a pledge of the rental income derived by the Corporation from leasing the Project to the Kenton County School District Board of Education (the "Board") on a year to year basis (see "Security" herein).

All financial and other information presented in this Official Statement has been provided by the Kenton County School District Board of Education from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. The presentation of financial and other information is not intended, unless specifically stated, to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the Board. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety, and no one subject discussed should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its location in the text. Reference should be made to laws, reports or other documents referred to in this Official Statement for more complete information regarding their contents.

Copies of the Bond Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and the Contract, Lease and Option, dated July 22, 2020, may be obtained at the office of Dinsmore & Shohl, LLP, 50 East Rivercenter Boulevard, Suite 1150, Kenton, KY 41011.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Bonds initially will be issued solely in Book-Entry form to be held in the Book-Entry-Only-System maintained by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. So long as such Book-Entry system is used, only DTC will receive or have the right to receive physical delivery of Bonds and, except as otherwise provided herein with respect to tenders by Beneficial Owners of Beneficial Ownership Interests, Beneficial owners will not be or be considered to be, and will not have any rights as, owners or holders of the Bonds under the Ordinance.

The following information about the Book-Entry only system applicable to the Bonds has been supplied by DTC. Neither the Corporation nor the Paying Agent and Registrar makes any representations, warranties or guarantees with respect to its accuracy or completeness.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 2 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, (NSCC, GSCC, MBSCC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has Standard & Poor's highest rating: AAA. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the Book-Entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Paying Agent and Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed. Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name" and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or its nominee, the Paying Agent and Registrar or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's Book-Entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation believes to be reliable but the Corporation takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

THE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board. Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Board herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

Any bonds, notes or other indebtedness issued or contracted by the Corporation shall, prior to the issuance or incurrence thereon, be specifically approved by the Board. The members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation are the members of the Board. Their terms expire when they cease to hold the office and any successor members of the Board are automatically members of the Corporation upon assuming their public offices.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION; NO PARTICIPATION IN THIS ISSUE

The Commission is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of Sections 157.611 through 157.640 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as repealed, amended, and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$124,836,200 in FY 2020-21 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues; \$58,000,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium; and authorizes \$58,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2022.

The 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018 and 2020 Regular Sessions of the Kentucky General Assembly appropriated funds to be used for debt service of participating school districts. The appropriations for each biennium are shown in the following table:

Biennium	Appropriation
1986-88	\$18,223,200
1988-90	14,050,700
1990-92	13,542,800
1992-94	3,075,300
1994-96	2,800,000
1996-98	4,996,000
1998-00	12,141,500
2000-02	8,100,000
2002-04	9,500,000
2004-06	14,000,000
2006-08	9,000,000
2008-10	10,968,000
2010-12	12,656,200
2012-14	8,469,200
2014-16	8,764,000
2016-18	23,019,400
2018-20	7,608,000
2020-21	2,946,900
Total	\$183,861,200

In addition to the appropriations for new financings as shown, appropriations subsequent to that for 1986 included additional funds to continue to meet the annual debt requirements for all bond issues involving Commission participation issued in prior years.

COMMONWEALTH BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2021

The Kentucky General Assembly, during its Regular Session, adopted a budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2021 which was approved and signed by the Governor. Such budget was effective beginning July 1, 2020.

OUTSTANDING BONDS

The following table shows the outstanding Bonds of the Board by the original principal amount of each issue, the current principal outstanding, the amount of the original principal scheduled to be paid with the corresponding interest thereon by the Board or the School Facilities Construction Commission, the approximate interest range; and, the final maturity date of the Bonds:

Bond Series	Original Principal	Principal Outstanding	Assigned to Board	Assigned to Commission	Interest Rate Range	Final Maturity
	-					
2010-REF	\$19,855,000	\$4,105,000	\$19,835,368	\$19,632	2.500%	2022
2011	\$9,105,000	\$7,240,000	\$9,105,000	\$0	4.000% - 4.500%	2031
2012-REF	\$43,530,000	\$17,375,000	\$35,414,158	\$8,115,842	2.500%	2024
2013	\$12,005,000	\$9,475,000	\$8,101,041	\$3,903,959	2.000% - 3.125%	2033
2013-REF	\$30,545,000	\$20,480,000	\$30,545,000	\$0	2.000% - 3.000%	2025
2014-Energy	\$4,170,000	\$3,130,000	\$4,170,000	\$0	2.500% - 4.000%	2034
2015A-REF	\$8,895,000	\$6,840,000	\$8,895,000	\$0	3.000%	2029
2015B-REF	\$14,445,000	\$11,510,000	\$12,227,370	\$2,217,630	2.000% - 3.000%	2026
2015	\$17,320,000	\$14,135,000	\$16,352,476	\$967,524	3.000% - 3.625%	2035
2016-REF	\$25,190,000	\$23,780,000	\$24,032,839	\$1,157,161	2.000% - 4.000%	2029
2016B	\$19,400,000	\$17,085,000	\$5,250,000	\$14,150,000	2.000% - 3.250%	2036
2017-Energy	\$5,125,000	\$4,630,000	\$5,125,000	\$0	2.000% - 3.375%	2037
2017R-Energy	\$2,280,000	\$1,870,000	\$2,280,000	\$0	3.000%	2028
2018	\$13,945,000	\$13,895,000	\$588,473	\$13,356,527	2.000% - 4.000%	2038
2020	\$12,850,000	\$12,850,000	\$10,950,194	\$1,899,806	1.500% - 3.000%	2040
TOTALS:	\$238,660,000	\$168,400,000	\$192,871,919	\$45,788,081		

AUTHORITY

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has adopted a Bond Resolution which authorized among other things:

- i) the issuance of approximately \$7,690,000 of Bonds subject to a permitted adjustment by increasing or decreasing the amount awarded by up to \$770,000;
- ii) the advertisement for the public sale of the Bonds;
- iii) the Official Terms and Conditions for the sale of the Bonds to the successful bidder; and,
- iv) the President and Secretary of the Corporation to execute certain documents relative to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

THE BONDS

General

The Bonds will be dated September 30, 2020, will bear interest from that date as described herein, payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing November 1, 2020, and will mature as to principal on May 1, 2021 and each May 1 thereafter in the years and in the principal amounts as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement.

Registration, Payment and Transfer

The Bonds are to be issued in fully-registered form (both principal and interest). U.S. Bank National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date (May 1 and November 1) to each Registered Owner of record as of the 15th day of the month preceding the due date (April 15 and October 15) which shall be Cede & Co., as the nominee of The Depository Trust Company. Please see Book-Entry-Only-System.

Redemption

The Bonds scheduled to mature on and after May 1, 2028, are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturities on any date falling on or after May 1, 2027, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, expressed in percentages of the principal amount with respect to each redeemed Bond as set forth below, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption:

Redemption Dates (inclusive)	Redemption Price
May 1, 2027 and thereafter	100%

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right to call, upon thirty (30) days notice, the Bonds in whole or in part on any date for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

SECURITY

General

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds are payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues derived from the leasing of the Project acquired and constructed from the Bond proceeds from the Corporation to the Board.

Mortgage Lien

The Bonds are secured by a statutory mortgage lien and a pledge of revenues on and from the site of the Project.

The Lease

The Board has leased the school Project securing the Bonds for an initial period from September 30, 2020 through June 30, 2021 with the option in the Board to renew said Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rental due under the Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Bonds as same become due. The Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the Lease until May 1, 2031, the final maturity date of the Bonds.

STATE INTERCEPT

Under the terms of the Lease, and any renewal thereof, the Board has agreed so long as the Bonds remain outstanding, and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 157.627(5) and 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the Lease and Participation Agreement to the Corporation the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

THE PLAN OF REFUNDING

A sufficient amount of the proceeds of the Bonds at the time of delivery will be deposited into an Escrow Fund for the Defeased Bonds. The 2020 Escrow Fund deposit is intended to be sufficient to pay interest and redeem on May 1, 2021 the outstanding Kenton County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 dated May 1, 2011 (the "2011 Bonds") maturing May 1, 2021 and thereafter (the "Defeased Bonds"). The Board has determined that the plan of refunding the Defeased Bonds will result in considerable interest cost savings to the Kenton County School District (the "District") and is in the best interest of the District.

The investments purchased for the Escrow Fund shall be limited to (i) direct Obligations of or Obligations guaranteed by the United States government, or (ii) Obligations of agencies or corporations of the United States as permitted under KRS 66.480(1)(b) and (c) or (iii) Certificates of Deposit of FDIC banks fully collateralized by direct Obligations of or Obligations guaranteed by the United States.

The Plan of Refunding the Bonds of the Prior Issue as set out in the Preliminary Official Statement is tentative as to what Bonds of the Prior Issue shall be defeased and will not be finalized until the sale of the Refunding Bonds.

PURPOSE OF THE PRIOR BONDS

The 2011 Bonds were issued by the Corporation for the purpose of providing funds to finance Phase II improvements at Scott High School (the "Project").

ESTIMATED BOND DEBT SERVICE

The following table shows by fiscal year the current bond payments of the Board. The plan of financing provides for the Board to pay 100% of the debt service of the bonds.

Fiscal Current Year Local		Refunding	Total Local		
Ending	Bond	Principal	Interest	Total	Bond
June 30	Payments	Portion	Portion	Payment	Payments
2020	\$15,549,862				\$15,549,862
2021	\$15,837,561	\$385,000	\$100,030	\$485,030	\$15,770,241
2022	\$15,843,516	\$305,000	\$163,930	\$468,930	\$15,774,696
2023	\$15,839,330	\$135,000	\$158,440	\$293,440	\$15,769,420
2024	\$15,852,562	\$145,000	\$155,943	\$300,943	\$15,782,954
2025	\$15,844,536	\$775,000	\$153,188	\$928,188	\$15,775,374
2026	\$12,959,127	\$930,000	\$138,075	\$1,068,075	\$12,893,252
2027	\$11,729,475	\$950,000	\$118,545	\$1,068,545	\$11,660,164
2028	\$10,831,054	\$985,000	\$97,645	\$1,082,645	\$10,764,731
2029	\$10,835,361	\$990,000	\$74,990	\$1,064,990	\$10,768,601
2030	\$7,298,261	\$1,020,000	\$51,230	\$1,071,230	\$7,227,291
2031	\$6,224,798	\$1,070,000	\$26,750	\$1,096,750	\$6,156,373
2032	\$5,023,985				\$5,023,985
2033	\$5,031,597				\$5,031,597
2034	\$4,268,968				\$4,268,968
2035	\$4,275,400				\$4,275,400
2036	\$3,159,414				\$3,159,414
2037	\$2,574,888				\$2,574,888
2038	\$2,499,273				\$2,499,273
2039	\$1,186,993				\$1,186,993
2040	\$1,184,944				\$1,184,944
TOTALS:	\$183,850,905	\$7,690,000	\$1,238,765	\$8,928,765	\$183,098,420

Notes: Numbers are rounded to the nearest \$1.00.

ESTIMATED USE OF BOND PROCEEDS

The table below shows the estimated sources of funds and uses of proceeds of the Bonds, other than any portions thereof representing accrued interest:

Sources:	
Par Amount of Bonds	\$7,690,000.00
Total Sources	\$7,690,000.00
Uses:	
Deposit to Construction Fund Underwriter's Discount (1%) Cost of Issuance	\$7,551,840.00 76,900.00 61,260.00
Total Uses	\$7,690,000.00

DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION

Selected school census, enrollment and average daily attendance for the Kenton County School District is as follows:

	Average Daily
Year	Attendance
2000-01	11,079.2
2001-02	11,213.6
2002-03	11,419.9
2003-04	11,268.6
2004-05	11,460.5
2005-06	11,782.3
2006-07	12,127.6
2007-08	12,072.3
2008-09	12,412.1
2009-10	12,597.0
2010-11	13,157.7
2011-12	13,094.0
2012-13	13,211.8
2013-14	13,228.8
2014-15	13,224.1
2015-16	13,049.7
2016-17	13,012.9
2017-18	12,999.5
2018-19	12,925.6
2019-20	12,893.7

Source: Kentucky State Department of Education.

STATE SUPPORT

Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK). In determining the cost of the program to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), the statewide guaranteed base funding level is computed by dividing

the amount appropriated by the prior year's statewide average daily attendance. The SEEK fund is a guaranteed amount of money per pupil in each school district of Kentucky. The current SEEK allotment is \$3,827 per pupil. The \$100 capital outlay allotment per each average daily attendance is included within the guaranteed amounts. Each district's base funding from the SEEK program is adjusted for the number of at-risk students, the number and types of exceptional children in the district, and cost of transporting students from and to school in the district.

Capital Outlay Allotment. The per pupil capital outlay allotment for each district from the public school fund and from local sources shall be kept in a separate account and may be used by the district only for capital outlay projects approved by the State Department of Education. These funds shall be used for the following capital outlay purposes:

- a. For direct payment of construction costs.
- b. For debt service on voted and funding bonds.
- c. For payment or lease-rental agreements under which the board will eventually acquire ownership of the school plant.
- d. For retirement of any deficit resulting from over-expenditure for capital construction, if such deficit resulted from certain declared emergencies.
- e. As a reserve fund for the above named purposes, to be carried forward in ensuing budgets.

The allotment for each school board of education in the Commonwealth for fiscal year 1978-79 was \$1,800 per classroom unit. The 1979 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly approved increases in this allotment in 1979-80 to \$1,900 per classroom unit. This rate remained unchanged in 1980-81. The 1981 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly decreased the allotment per classroom to \$1,800 and this allotment rate did not change from the 1981-82 rate, until the 1990-91 school year. Beginning with 1990-91, the Capital Outlay allotment for each district is based on \$100 per average daily attendance.

The following table shows the computation of the capital outlay allotment for the Kenton County School District for certain preceding school years.

Capital Outlay
Allotment
1,107,920.0
1,121,360.0
1,141,990.0
1,126,860.0
1,146,050.0
1,178,230.0
1,212,760.0
1,207,230.0
1,241,208.0
1,259,698.0
1,315,767.0
1,309,398.0
1,321,175.0
1,322,882.0
1,322,409.0
1,304,967.0
1,301,294.9
1,299,952.7
1,292,560.0
1,289,370.0

If the school district has no capital outlay needs, upon approval from the State, the funds can be used for school plant maintenance, repair, insurance on buildings, replacement of equipment, purchase of school buses and purchase of modern technological equipment for educational purposes. If any district has a special levy for capital outlay or debt service that is equal to the capital outlay allotment or a proportionate fraction thereof, and spends the proceeds of the levy for eligible purposes, the State may authorize the district to use all or a proportionate

fraction of its capital outlay allotment for current expenses (school districts which use capital outlay allotments to meet current expenses are not eligible to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission funds).

Facilities Support Program of Kentucky. School districts may be eligible to participate in the Facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), subject to the following requirements:

- 1) The district must have unmet needs as set forth and approved by the State Department of Education in a School Facilities Plan;
- 2) The district must commit to establish an equivalent tax rate of at least 5 cents, in addition to the 30 cents minimum current equivalent tax rate; and,
- 3) The new revenues generated by the 5 cent addition, must be placed in a restricted account for school building construction bonding.

LOCAL SUPPORT

Homestead Exemption. Section 170 of the Kentucky Constitution was amended at the General Election held November 2, 1971, to exempt from property taxes \$6,500 of value of single unit residential property of taxpayers 65 years of age or older. The 1972 General Assembly amended KRS Chapter 132 to permit counties and school districts to adjust their local tax revenues lost through the application of this Homestead Exemption. The "Single Unit" qualification has been enlarged to subsequent sessions of the General Assembly to provide that such exemption shall apply to such property maintained as the permanent resident of the owner and the dollar amount has been construed to mean \$6,500 in terms of the purchasing power of the dollar in 1972. Every two years thereafter, if the cost of living index of the U.S. Department of Labor has changed as much as 1%, the maximum exemption shall be adjusted accordingly. Under the cost of living formula, the maximum was increased to \$39,300 effective January 1, 2019.

Limitation on Taxation. The 1979 Special Session of the Kentucky General Assembly enacted House Bill 44 which provides that no school district may levy a general tax rate, voted general tax rate, or voted building tax rate which would generate revenues that exceeds the previous years revenues by four percent (4%).

The 1990 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly in enacting the "School Reform" legislative package amended the provisions of KRS 160.470 which prohibited school districts from levying ad valorem property taxes which would generate revenues in excess of 4% of the previous year's revenues without said levy subject to recall to permit exceptions to the referendum under (1) KRS 160.470(12) [a new section of the statute] and (2) an amended KRS 157.440.

Under KRS 160.470(12)(a) for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 school districts are required to levy a "minimum equivalent tax rate" of thirty cents (\$.30) for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes (including occupational or utilities) levied by the district for school purposes divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the State Revenue Cabinet. Failure to levy the minimum equivalent rate subjects the board of the district to removal.

The exception provided by KRS 157.440(1)(a) permits school districts to levy an equivalent tax rate as defined in KRS 160.470(12)(a) which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the program to support education excellence in Kentucky. Levies permitted by this section of the statute are not subject to public hearing or recall provisions as set forth in KRS 160.470.

Local Thirty Cents Minimum. Effective for school years beginning after June 30, 1990, the board of education of each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of thirty cents (\$0.30) for general school purposes. If a board fails to comply, its members shall be subject to removal from office for willful neglect of duty.

Additional 15% Not Subject to Recall. Effective with the school year beginning July 1, 1990, each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Effective with the 1990-91 school year, the State will equalize the revenue generated by this levy

at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil equalized assessment. For 1993-94 and thereafter, this level is set at \$225,000. The additional 15% rate levy is not subject to the public hearing or recall provisions.

Assessment Valuation. No later than July 1, 1994, all real property located in the state and subject to local taxation shall be assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of fair cash value.

Special Voted and Other Local Taxes. Any district may, in addition to other taxes for school purposes, levy not less than four cents nor more than twenty cents on each one hundred dollars (\$100) valuation of property subject to local taxation, to provide a special fund for the purchase of sites for school buildings and the erection, major alteration, enlargement, and complete equipping of school buildings. In addition, districts may levy taxes on tangible and intangible property and on utilities, except generally any amounts of revenues generated above that provided for by House Bill 44 is subject to voter recall.

Local Tax Rates, Property Assessments and Revenue Collections

Tax Year	Combined Equivalent Rate	Total Property Assessment	Property Revenue Collections
2000.01	54.0	5 201 255 004	20 (70 140
2000-01	54.2	5,291,355,994	28,679,149
2001-02	54.9	5,607,163,444	30,783,327
2002-03	55.2	5,760,066,049	31,795,565
2003-04	55.2	6,088,007,563	33,605,802
2004-05	62.9	6,281,752,095	39,512,221
2005-06	63.5	6,821,107,249	43,314,031
2006-07	62.7	7,084,241,511	44,418,194
2007-08	63.5	7,414,897,684	47,084,600
2008-09	62.6	7,972,230,353	49,906,162
2009-10	62.6	8,026,716,416	50,247,245
2010-11	62.8	8,100,804,175	50,873,050
2011-12	61.7	8,123,651,533	50,122,930
2012-13	62	8,174,000,165	50,678,801
2013-14	63.7	8,220,975,796	52,367,616
2014-15	65.9	8,333,837,716	54,919,991
2015-16	67.7	8,534,585,595	57,779,144
2016-17	67.7	8,761,042,339	59,312,257
2017-18	69.2	8,940,898,255	61,871,016
2018-19	70.9	9,022,807,779	63,971,707
2019-20	72.2	9,375,354,548	67,690,060

Overlapping Bond Indebtedness

The following table shows any other overlapping bond indebtedness of the Kenton County School District or other issuing agency within the County as reported by the State Local Finance Officer for the period ending June 30, 2020.

Issuer	Original Principal Amount	Amount of Bonds Redeemed	Current Principal Outstanding
	<i></i>		
County of Kenton			
General Obligation	\$31,320,000	\$2,165,000	\$29,155,000
Court Facility	\$31,925,000	\$8,125,000	\$23,800,000
Housing Facilities Revenue	\$26,375,000	\$0	\$26,375,000
Building Revenue	\$3,000,000	\$1,920,000	\$1,080,000
Refinancing Refunding Revenue	\$69,130,000	\$8,550,000	\$60,580,000
City of Covington			
General Obligation	\$61,072,485	\$12,756,011	\$48,316,474
Building Revenue	\$3,225,000	\$2,120,000	\$1,105,000
Multi-Family Housing	\$14,950,000	\$0	\$14,950,000
City of Crestview Hills			
General Obligation	\$2,565,000	\$1,555,000	\$1,010,000
Building Revenue	\$7,180,000	\$3,995,000	\$3,185,000
City of Edgewood			
General Obligation	\$7,965,000	\$4,332,263	\$3,632,737
City of Elsmere			
General Obligation	\$2,560,000	\$2,280,000	\$280,000
City of Erlanger			
General Obligation	\$2,150,000	\$1,855,000	\$295,000
City of Ft. Mitchell			
KLC Funding Trust Revenue	\$50,000,000	\$0	\$50,000,000
City of Ft. Wright			
General Obligation	\$3,465,113	\$2,853,630	\$611,483
Municipal Improvements Public Corp.	\$1,200,000	\$1,112,112	\$87,888
City of Independence			
General Obligation	\$10,225,000	\$6,015,000	\$4,210,000
City of Lakeside Park			
General Obligation	\$1,000,000	\$784,699	\$215,301
Multiple Purposes Revenue	\$800,000	\$346,666	\$453,334
City of Latonia Lakes			
Sewer Revenue	\$198,000	\$73,000	\$125,000
City of Ludlow			
General Obligation	\$2,165,000	\$394,222	\$1,770,778

City of Park Hills General Obligation	\$2,500,000	\$500,000	\$2,000,000
City of Villa Hills			
General Obligation	\$750,000	\$174,318	\$575,682
Special Districts			
Elsmere Fire Protection District	\$175,000	\$164,489	\$10,511
Independence Fire Protection District	\$2,013,266	\$1,461,738	\$551,528
Kenton County Extension District	\$1,430,000	\$35,000	\$1,395,000
Kenton County Public Library	\$15,745,000	\$6,820,000	\$8,925,000
Planning & Developing Services	\$2,225,000	\$900,000	\$1,325,000
Sanitation District No. 1	\$252,300,000	\$48,430,000	\$203,870,000
Kenton County Airport Board	\$774,759,989	\$87,195,260	\$687,564,729
Totals:	\$1,384,368,853	\$206,913,408	\$1,177,455,445

Source: 2020 Kentucky Local Debt Report.

SEEK ALLOTMENT

The Board has reported the following information as to the SEEK allotment to the District, and as provided by the State Department of Education.

	Base	Local	Total State &	
SEEK	Funding	Tax Effort	Local Funding	
2000-01	26,450,327	28,679,149	55,129,476	
2001-02	26,916,326	30,783,327	57,699,653	
2002-03	27,981,220	31,795,565	59,776,785	
2003-04	28,369,567	33,605,802	61,975,369	
2004-05	30,122,875	39,512,221	69,635,096	
2005-06	32,668,779	43,314,031	75,982,810	
2006-07	35,282,097	44,418,194	79,700,291	
2007-08	39,030,063	47,084,600	86,114,663	
2008-09	40,735,608	49,906,162	90,641,770	
2009-10	37,992,006	50,247,245	88,239,251	
2010-11	41,221,069	50,873,050	92,094,119	
2011-12	44,575,380	50,122,930	94,698,310	
2012-13	44,611,561	50,678,801	95,290,362	
2013-14	44,438,822	52,367,616	96,806,438	
2014-15	45,287,983	54,919,991	100,207,974	
2015-16	44,489,130	57,779,144	102,268,274	
2016-17	44,309,232	59,312,257	103,621,489	
2017-18	44,240,899	61,871,016	106,111,915	
2018-19	45,734,686	63,971,707	109,706,393	
2019-20	43,195,049	67,690,060	110,885,109	

- (1) Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) replaces the minimum foundation program and power equalization funding. Capital Outlay is now computed at \$100 per average daily attendance (ADA). Capital Outlay is included in the SEEK base funding.
- (2) The Board established a current equivalent tax rate (CETR) of \$0.653 for FY 2019-20. The equivalent tax rate" is defined as the rate which results when the income from all taxes levied by the district for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Commonwealth of Kentucky Revenue Cabinet.

State Budgeting Process

- i) Each district board of education is required to prepare a general school budget on forms prescribed and furnished by the Kentucky Board of Education, showing the amount of money needed for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay, and other necessary expenses of the school during the succeeding fiscal year and the estimated amount that will be received from all sources.
- ii) By September 15 of each year, after the district receives its tax assessment data from the Department of Revenue and the State Department of Education, 3 copies of the budget are forwarded to the State Department for approval or disapproval.
- iii) The State Department of Education has adopted a policy of disapproving a school budget if it is financially unsound or fails to provide for:
 - payment of maturing principal and interest on any outstanding voted school improvement bonds of the district or payment of rental in connection with any outstanding school building revenue bonds issued for the benefit of the school district;
 - b) fails to comply with the law.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12, as amended (the "Rule") the Board and the Corporation (the "Obligated Persons") will agree pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreement to be dated as of the date of initial issuance and delivery (the "Disclosure Agreement"), to be delivered on the date of delivery of the Bonds, to cause the following information to be provided:

- (i) to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB") or any successor thereto for purposes of the Rule, through the continuing disclosure service portal provided by the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system as described in 1934 Act Release No. 59062, or any similar system that is acceptable to the Securities and Exchange Commission, certain annual financial information and operating data, including audited financial statements, generally consistent with the information contained under the headings "Bond Debt Service", "Local Support"-Local Tax Rates, -Property Assessments and Revenue Collections, -District's Largest Taxpayers, -Overlapping Bond Indebtedness", "SEEK Allotment" and in Appendix B of this Official Statement (the "Annual Financial Information"); such information shall include, at a minimum, that financial information and operating data which is customarily prepared by the Obligated Persons and is publicly available. The annual financial information shall be provided on or before the 270th day following the fiscal year ending on the preceding June 30th;
- (ii) to the MSRB, in a timely manner, not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event, notice of the occurrence of the following events with respect to the Bonds:
 - (a) Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - (b) Non-payment related defaults, if material;
 - (c) Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (d) Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (e) Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;

- (f) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security, or other material events affecting the tax-exempt status of the security;
 - (g) Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
- (h) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers (except for mandatory scheduled redemptions not otherwise contingent upon the occurrence of an event);
 - (i) Defeasances;
 - (i) Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material;
 - (k) Rating changes;
- (l) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person (Note: For the purposes of this event, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: The appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an obligated person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bank National Association Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person);
- (m) The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
 - (n) Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- (o) Incurrence of a financial obligation of the Corporation or Obligated Person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the issuer or Obligated Person, any of which affect security holders, if material;
- (p) Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the issuer or Obligated Person, any of which reflect financial difficulties; and
- (q) The cure, in the manner provided under the Bond Resolution, of any payment or nonpayment related default under the Bond Resolution.
- (iii) to the MSRB, notice of a failure (of which the Obligated Persons has knowledge) of an Obligated Person to provide the required Annual Financial Information on or before the date specified in the Disclosure Agreement.

The Disclosure Agreement provides bondholders, including beneficial owners of the respective series of Bonds, with certain enforcement rights in the event of a failure by the Obligated Persons to comply with the terms thereof; however, a default under the Disclosure Agreement does not constitute an event of default under the Bond Resolution. The Disclosure Agreement may also be amended or terminated under certain circumstances in accordance with the Rule as more fully described therein. Bondholders are advised that the Disclosure Agreement, the form of which is attached to the Official Statement as Appendix C, should be read in its entirety for more complete information regarding its contents.

For purposes of this transaction:

- (a) there are no debt service reserve funds applicable to the Bonds;
- (b) there are no credit enhancements applicable to the Bonds; and
- (c) there are no liquidity providers applicable to the Bonds.

The Board and Corporation have been timely in making required filings under the terms of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement for the past five years.

The Board has adopted procedures to assure timely and complete filings in the future with regard to the Rule in order to provide required financial reports and operating data or notices of material events.

TAX TREATMENT

In the opinion of Bond Counsel for the Bonds, based upon an analysis of existing laws, regulations, rulings, and court decisions, interest on the Bonds will be includable in gross income for Federal and Kentucky income tax purposes. Bond Counsel for the Bonds is of the opinion that Bonds are exempt from ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and any of its political subdivisions.

The Corporation has not designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" with respect to certain financial institutions under Section 265 of the Code.

A copy of the opinion of Bond Counsel for the Bonds is set forth in Appendix D, attached hereto.

General

The following is a summary of the principal federal income tax consequences relating to the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the Bonds for certain U.S. Holders (as defined below). It does not provide a complete analysis of all potential tax considerations relating to the acquisition, ownership, and disposition of the Bonds. This summary is based on the tax laws of the United States, including the current provisions of the Code, its legislative history, current final, temporary and proposed Treasury regulations thereunder, published rulings and pronouncements of the IRS and court decisions, all as currently in effect and all of which are subject to change at any time, possibly with retroactive effect, so as to result in federal income tax consequences different from those described below. There can be no assurance that the IRS will not take a contrary view or that a court would not sustain a contrary view, and no ruling from the IRS has been, or is expected to be, sought on the issues discussed herein. Legislative, judicial, or administrative changes or interpretations may occur that could alter or modify the statements and conclusions set forth herein. Any such changes or interpretations may or may not be retroactive and could affect the tax consequences discussed below.

EACH PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON THE PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR. THIS SUMMARY DOES NOT ADDRESS FEDERAL GIFT, GENERATION SKIPPING, OR ESTATE TAX CONSEQUENCES OR ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM, FOREIGN, STATE, LOCAL, OR OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES, NOR DOES THIS SUMMARY ADDRESS FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES FOR BONDHOLDERS OTHER THAN U.S. HOLDERS (AS DEFINED BELOW). EACH PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER CONSIDERING THE PURCHASE OF BONDS SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISOR CONCERNING THESE MATTERS AND CONCERNING THE TAX TREATMENT OF BONDS UNDER STATE AND LOCAL TAX LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The following summary deals only with Bonds held as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code (generally assets that are held for investment rather than as inventory or as property used in a trade or business) and not with special classes of holders, such as dealers in securities or currencies, financial institutions, insurance companies, S corporations, grantor trusts, certain former citizens or residents of the United States, traders in securities that elect to use a mark-to-market method of accounting for their securities holdings, dealers,

persons holding Bonds as part of a hedging transaction, straddle, conversion transaction, synthetic security transaction, or other risk reduction or integrated transaction, persons whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, persons who acquire the Bonds in connection with their employment or other performance of services, tax-exempt persons, mutual funds, small business investment companies, real estate mortgage investment conduits, or real estate investment trusts.

If a partnership (or other entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes) acquires Bonds, the federal income tax treatment of a partner generally will depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. A partnership holding Bonds, and partners in such a partnership, should consult its and their own tax advisors with regard to the federal income tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership, and disposition of the Bonds by the partnership.

The federal income tax discussion that appears below is included in this Official Statement for the general information of a prospective purchaser. Some or all of the discussion may not apply to a particular purchaser depending upon the particular situation of that purchaser. Each prospective purchaser should consult its own tax advisor concerning the tax consequences to such purchaser of owning and disposing of the Bonds, including the tax consequences under state, local, and other tax laws and the possible effects of changes in federal or other tax laws.

As used in this Official Statement, the term "U.S. Holder" means a beneficial owner of a Bond that is, for federal income tax purposes (a) a citizen or resident of the United States for federal income tax purposes; (b) a corporation (or other entity treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes) created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any of the states thereof or the District of Columbia; (c) an estate, the income of which is includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes regardless of its source; (d) a trust that is subject to the supervision of a court within the United States and one or more United States persons as described in Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code has the authority to control all of the substantial decisions with respect to such trust; or (e) certain trusts with a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury regulations to be treated as a United States person within the meaning of the Code.

Notwithstanding the rules described below, it should be noted that, under law enacted in December 2017 that is effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2018 in the case of original issue discount, certain taxpayers that are required to prepare certified financial statements or file financial statements with certain regulatory or governmental agencies may be required to recognize income, gain, and loss with respect to the Bonds at the time that such income, gain, or loss is recognized on such financial statements instead of under the rules described below. However, recently proposed regulations permit a taxpayer to apply the rules described below rather than the applicable financial statement regime as long as the taxpayer consistently applies all the rules of the proposed regulation to all items of income during the taxable year.

BECAUSE INDIVIDUAL CIRCUMSTANCES MAY DIFFER, PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS AND BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE BONDS ARE STRONGLY URGED TO CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS WITH RESPECT TO THEIR PARTICULAR TAX SITUATIONS AND AS TO ANY FEDERAL, FOREIGN, STATE, LOCAL, OR OTHER TAX CONSIDERATIONS (INCLUDING ANY POSSIBLE CHANGES IN TAX LAW) AFFECTING THE ACQUISITION, OWNERSHIP, AND DISPOSITION OF THE BONDS.

Tax Status of the Bonds

The Bonds are taxable debt instruments for federal income tax purposes. As such, interest on the Bonds is not excludible from the gross income of Bondholders under Section 103 of the Code and will be fully subject to federal income taxation.

Interest

Interest on the Bonds will be taxable to a Bondholder as ordinary interest income. A Bondholder using the accrual method of accounting for federal income tax purposes generally must include such interest in income as the interest accrues, while a Bondholder using the cash receipts and disbursements method of accounting generally must include such interest in income when payments are actually or constructively received. There is an exception if the Bondholder makes a constant yield election ("Constant Yield Election") and for original issue discount.

COVID-19

The recent outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, which was first detected in China and has since spread to other countries, including the United States and the Commonwealth of Kentucky, has been declared a Pandemic by the World Health Organization. The outbreak of the disease has affected travel, commerce and financial markets globally and is widely expected to affect economic growth worldwide. On March 13, 2020, President Donald Trump declared a national emergency to unlock federal funds to help states and local governments fight the pandemic.

While the collection of property taxes, which are a significant source of building fund revenue for the payment of principal and interest due on the bonds (see "LOCAL SUPPORT" herein) may be impacted by the COVID-19 emergency, the District does not expect the impact to be significant unless the economic hardship is long term. In addition, the Commonwealth of Kentucky revenues are also likely to be impacted by a long-term economic hardship caused by declining collections of sales taxes, wage taxes, income taxes, property taxes and other revenue sources. The impact of those declining revenue collections on state education funds (see "STATE SUPPORT" herein) is unknown. Although the potential impact of the virus on the Commonwealth and the Board of Education's future ability to make payments under the Lease cannot be predicted at this time, the continued spread of the outbreak could have a material adverse effect on the Board of Education and ultimately, the Corporation.

On March 24, 2020 the Governor of Kentucky signed Senate Bill 177 which provides relief to Kentucky School Districts in light of the Coronavirus emergency. Among other things, it removes the limits on the number of days that a district can utilize an approved Non-Traditional Instruction program ("NTI"). Senate Bill 177 also authorizes Kentucky Superintendents to use their school year 2018-2019 attendance data on their Superintendent's Annual Attendance Report. The report determines a district's average daily attendance used in calculating Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funds. On April 2, 2020, the Governor of Kentucky has recommended that all schools remain closed until at least May 1, 2020, and all 172 Kentucky school districts are utilizing KDE's Non-Traditional Instruction (NTI) Program. For more information on the Kentucky Department of Education's response to COVID 19, please see their website at https://education.ky.gov/comm/Pages/COVID-19-Updates.aspx.

LITIGATION

There is no litigation presently pending against the Corporation or the District, nor to the knowledge of the officials of the Corporation or the District is there any litigation threatened, which questions or affects the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings or transactions relating to the issue, sale and delivery thereof.

APPROVAL OF LEGALITY

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinion of Dinsmore & Shohl LLP, Covington, Kentucky, Kentucky, Bond Counsel. The form of the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel will appear on each printed Bond.

NO LEGAL OPINION EXPRESSED AS TO CERTAIN MATTERS

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement describing the Bonds and the provisions of the Bond Resolution and related proceedings authorizing the Bonds, but Bond Counsel has not reviewed any of the financial data, computations, tabulations, balance sheets, financial projections, and general information concerning the Corporation or District, and expresses no opinion thereon, assumes no responsibility for same and has not undertaken independently to verify any information contained herein.

BOND RATING

As noted on the cover page of this Official Statement, Moody's Investors Service has given the Bonds the indicated rating. Such rating reflects only the respective views of such organization. Explanations of the significance of the rating may be obtained from the rating agency. There can be no assurance that such rating will be maintained for any given period of time or will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency, if in their judgement circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

Prospective bidders are advised that RSA Advisors, LLC ("RSA") has been employed as Financial Advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. RSA's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. Bidders may submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds at the time of the advertised public sale, either individually or as a member of a syndicate organized to submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds.

APPROVAL OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Corporation has approved and caused this "Official Statement" to be executed and delivered by its President. In making this "Official Statement" the Corporation relied upon information furnished to it by the Board of Education of the Kenton County School District and does not assume any responsibility as to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Official Statement except as to copies of documents denominated "Official Terms and Conditions" and "Bid Form." The financial information supplied by the Board of Education is represented by the Board of Education to be correct. The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of Securities Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1) as qualified by the cover hereof.

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized by the Corporation, the Kenton County School District Board of Education or the Financial Advisor to give any information or representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. Except when otherwise indicated, the information set forth herein has been obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education and the Kenton County School District and is believed to be reliable; however, such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation by the Financial Advisor or by Counsel. The delivery of this Official Statement at any time does not imply that information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

This Official Statement does not, as of its date, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact which should be included herein for the purpose for which the Official Statement is to be used or which is necessary in order to make the statements contained herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading in any material respect.

By /s/		
	President	
By /s/		
	Secretary	

APPENDIX A

Kenton County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds Taxable Series 2020

Demographic and Economic Data

NORTHERN KENTUCKY

Kenton County was established on January 29, 1840. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the county has a total area of 164 square miles, of which 160 square miles is land and 4.1 square miles is water. The county is located at the confluence of the Licking River and Ohio River, in the outer Bluegrass area of the Bluegrass region of the state. The elevation in the county ranges from 455 feet (139 m) to 960 feet (293 m) above sea level. Kenton County is in the Northern Kentucky Area.

The Bluegrass region was the most quickly settled part of the state and now is home to about half the state's population. The Northern Kentucky Area, covering a total land area of 559 square miles, is composed of Boone, Campbell, and Kenton Counties; and is ideally situated along and adjacent to the south bank of the Ohio River, immediately south of Cincinnati, Ohio. These three counties are a part of the Cincinnati Metropolitan Statistical Area. Kenton County had an estimated 2019 population of 166,051.

The Northern Kentucky Area forms the northern apex of an industrial triangle anchored by Louisville on the southwest and Lexington on the southeast. Within the triangle are more than one-third of the state's population and nearly one-half of its manufacturing jobs. The interstate highway system places these three metropolitan areas within less than two hours driving from each other.

The Economic Framework

Kenton County has a labor force of 88,499 people with an unemployment rate of 3.5%. The total number of people employed in 2019 averaged 73,878. The top 5 jobs by occupation are as follows: office and administrative support - 9,790 (13.25%); production workers - 7,074 (9.58%); sales - 6,858 (9.28%); executive managers and administrators - 6,823 (9.24%); and food preparation/serving - 4,880 (6.61%).

Transportation

Major highways serving Kenton, Campbell, and Kenton Counties include Interstates 71, 75, 275, and 471; U.S. Highways 42/127, 25, and 27. The Greater Cincinnati-Northern Kentucky International Airport, located in Kenton County, Kentucky, provides commercial airline service. The airport is a major hub for Delta Airlines. The Southern Railway System and CSX Transportation provide main line rail service to the area. Several barge and towing companies provide barge transportation on the Ohio River. The Port of Cincinnati extends 30 miles along both banks of the Ohio River.

Power and Fuel

Electric power is provided to Kenton, Campbell, and Kenton Counties by Duke Energy Kentucky, E. ON US/KU, East Kentucky Power Cooperative and Owen Electric Cooperative, Inc. Natural gas service is provided to major portions of the three-county area by Duke Energy Kentucky.

LABOR MARKET STATISTICS

The Labor Market Area includes Kenton, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton and Pendleton counties in Kentucky. The Labor Market Area is supplemented by the Ohio counties of Hamilton, Butler, Clermont and Warren; and Dearborn County in Indiana.

Population

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Kenton County	164,092	164,676	164,410	166,051	166,051

Source: Kentucky State Data Center, University of Louisville.

Population Projections

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2030</u>	<u>2035</u>
Kenton County	173,041	176,039	178,392

Source: Kentucky Data Center, University of Louisville.

EDUCATION

Public Schools

		Beechwood Independent	Covington Independent	Erlanger-Elsmere <u>Independent</u>	Ludlow <u>Independent</u>
Total Enrollment (2018-2019)	14,561	1,384	3,566	2,454	798
Pupil-Teacher Ratio (2018-2019)	17 - 1	16 - 1	12 - 1	15 - 1	14 - 1

Vocational - Technical Schools

<u>Institution</u>	Location	Enrollment (2017-2018)
Kenton County Academies of Innovation	Ft. Mitchell, KY	534
Campbell County ATC	Alexandria, KY	298
Boone County ATC	Hebron, KY	217
Carroll County ATC	Carrollton, KY	726
Harrison County ATC	Cynthiana, KY	746
Mason County ATC	Maysville, KY	181
Elkhorn Crossing School	Georgetown, KY	863
Elkhorn Crossing School	Georgetown, KY	863

Colleges and Universities

38.4% of the population in Kenton County have an Associate's degree or higher. 90.21% have a high school degree or higher.

Top 5 Universities within 50 miles	Number of Graduates
University of Cincinnati (Main Campus)	9,508
Miami University - Oxford	5,396
Northern Kentucky University	2,957
Xavier University	1,814
Cincinnati State Technical & Community College	1,204

Source: Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development

EXISTING INDUSTRY

Firm	Product	Total Employed
Alexandria		
Tyson-Hillshire Brands	Little Smokies (cocktails), hot dogs, sliced lunch meat	758
Covington	D CC 1 1	
Club Chef LLC	Processor of fresh cut produce	525
Fidelity Investments	Financial Services that support Fidelity's core mutual fund, brokerage & retirement operations	4,500
Erlanger	A. C. 14 11.	
DHL Express	Airfreight delivery service, international hub & distribution facility	2,800
Wild Flavors Inc.	Headquarters, administration, research & development, pilot plants, manufacturing & ADM Global IT Service Center	506
Florence		
Citicorp Credit Services	Financial services customer service center	2,485
Mazak Corporation	Machine tools, general machining & assembly, administration, warehouse, engineering, technology center, North American Headquarters	676
Mubea Inc	Automotive component parts	1,017
Novolex	Paper bags & administrative work	578
Robert Bosch Automotive Steering	Steering gears for car & light truck market	1,200
SFC Global Supply Chain	Frozen pizzas	750
Southern Graphic Systems	Color separation, packaging artwork production, prepress, image carrier manufacturing	147
Hebron		
CVG1 – Amazon	Distribution center	1,000
CVG2 – Amazon	Wholesale distribution, returns facility	2,000
CVG3 – Amazon	Distribution center	1,000
Pomeroy	Headquarters, computer service & sales	615
Toyota North American KY	Parts warehouse/distribution center/hub	600
Independence		
Cengage Distribution Center	Book distribution center	800
FedEx Ground Package System Inc.	Distribution center, package sorting center	700
Richwood		
Radial Inc.	E-commerce distribution & fulfillment	541
Walton		
Radial Inc.	Distribution & logistics	554

Source: Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development (1/1/2020).

APPENDIX B

Kenton County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds Taxable Series 2020

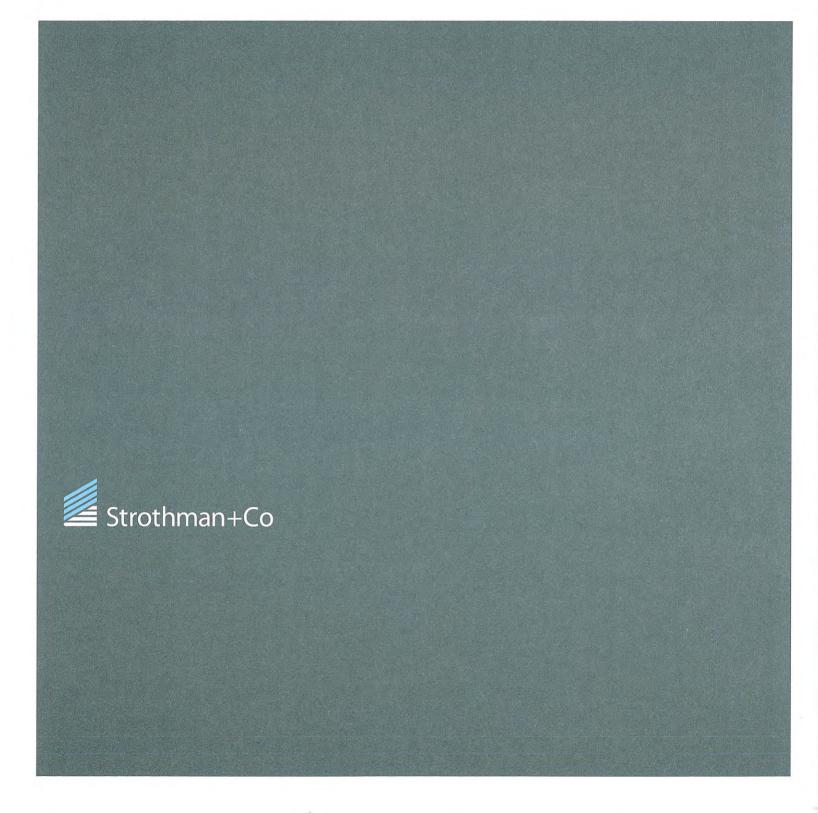
Audited Financial Statement for FY Ending June 30, 2019

Financial Statements, Supplementary Information and Reports Required by the Single Audit Act

2019

Kenton County School District

June 30, 2019



KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2019

Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	4
District-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund	22
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	23
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	24
Notes to Financial Statements	25
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget to Actual – General Fund	59
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget to Actual – Special Revenue Fund	60
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous	61
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Teachers Retirement System	62
Schedule of District Contributions – County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous	63
Schedule of District Contributions – Teachers' Retirement System	64

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2019

	Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous	65
	Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – Teachers Retirement System	66
	Schedule of District OPEB Contributions – County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous	67
	Schedule of District OPEB Contributions – Teachers Retirement System	68
	Other Supplementary Information	
	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	69
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Due To Student Groups – Activity Funds	72
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and Due To Student Groups – Dixie Heights High School	75
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and Due To Student Groups – Scott High School	76
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and Due To Student Groups – Simon Kenton High School	77
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	78
	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures and Federal Awards	80
Re	ports Required by the Single Audit Act	
	Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	81
	Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance	83
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	85
	Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	87

Strothman and Company

Certified Public Accountants and Advisors 1600 Waterfront Plaza 325 West Main Street Louisville, KY 40202 502 585 1600

Independent Auditors' Report



Members of the Board Kenton County School District Fort Wright, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kenton County School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the accompanying table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows of its proprietary funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) on pages 4 through 13 and the budgetary comparison information on pages 60 through 61 and the pension and other post-employment benefits liability and contributions information on pages 62 through 69 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or to provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The activity funds financial information on pages 69 through 77 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Louisville, Kentucky November 14, 2019

Strothman and Company



As management of the Kenton County Board of Education ("Board"), the governing body for the Kenton County School District ("District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Kenton County Schools served 14,786 enrolled students during the 2018-19 fiscal year through 19 schools including 3 high schools, a technology academy, 4 middle schools and 11 elementary schools. More than half of the District's schools are operating at their student capacity.
- District facility activity during 2019 included continued progress on addition/renovation to the Scott High School building and grounds, Ft. Wright Elementary School and school entrance renovation for Hinsdale Elementary.
- The Board approved a Lease & Security Agreement with the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association ("KISTA") resulting in the issuance of \$1.736 million in bonds to finance the purchase of 15 school buses.
- Kindergarten classes in all elementary schools were extended from half day to a full day of instruction. This change required the addition of 20 teachers and 20 instructional assistants to elementary school staff during the year.
- > Net Position increased \$3.9 million reflecting scheduled reduction in debt, changes in pension and postemployment benefit accounts and increased revenues during 2019.
- ➤ Total Revenues were \$168 million for the year. General revenues accounted for \$149.3 million, 89 percent of the total, while program specific revenues, in the form of charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions, accounted for \$19.1 million or 11 percent of total revenues. The District incurred \$164.5 million in total expenses.
- Governmental Fund Revenues were \$161.8 million with \$131.7 million accounted for in the General Fund. Local tax revenues increased to \$64.5 million while state SEEK revenues increased from \$45.4 to \$45.7 million. Local tax, federal grant and state program revenues all experienced higher collections 2019.
- Governmental Fund Expenditures totaled \$173.8 million during 2019 with General Fund expenses comprising \$131.7 million of that total. Personnel costs increase each year as salary schedules reflecting a 1% increase and experience raise are implemented. Instruction expense increased with the addition of kindergarten staff and student support programs. Several facility maintenance projects are also reflected in annual fund expenses.
- ➤ The General Fund ended the year with a reserve balance of \$18.0 million which represents 15% of the non-construction budget for the year. \$3.9 million of the Total Fund Balance is either restricted or committed to capital/construction projects or operating obligations. The Unassigned Fund Balance at the end of the year is \$14.1 million.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

District-wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. This financial perspective is provided via the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Net Position is one indication of financial health and position to support future operations. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school facilities, also contribute to evaluating the District's overall financial position.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, the revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The district-wide financial statements are divided into two categories, governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities include functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues and include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are those that charge a fee to assist in covering the cost of the service. Food Service is the only business—type activity reported in these financial statements. The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Kentucky public school districts utilize a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts with all financial transactions processed by the MUNIS administrative software. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The proprietary funds include food service operations. The District's funds include General, Special Revenue, District Activity, Capital Outlay, Building, Construction, Debt Service, Proprietary and Food Service. School activity funds maintained at each school are reflected as Fiduciary funds in this report. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 24 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 25 through 58 of this report.

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Table 1
Kenton County School District
Net Position
June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Gover	nmental	Business-Type	
	Acti	vities	Activities	Total
	2019	2018	2019 2018	2019 2018
<u>Assets</u>				
Current Assets	\$ 23,361,788	\$ 34,895,108	\$ 2,021,083 \$ 1,864,061	\$ 25,382,871 \$ 36,759,169
Noncurrent Assets	239,287,171	233,223,103	681,665 683,556	239,968,836 233,906,659
Total Assets	262,648,959	268,118,211	2,702,748 2,547,617	265,351,707 270,665,828
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Bond Refunding Savings	5,341,880	6,333,962		5,341,880 6,333,962
Pension & OPEB Contributions	16,614,218	18,506,403	1,639,980 1,928,635	18,254,198 20,435,038
Total Deferred Outflows	21,956,098	24,840,365	1,639,980 1,928,635	23,596,078 26,769,000
Total Assets and				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 284,605,057	\$ 292,958,576	\$ 4,342,728 \$ 4,476,252	\$ 288,947,785 \$ 297,434,828
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	\$ 20,324,419	\$ 21,526,468	\$ 160,141 \$ 98,198	\$ 20,484,560 \$ 21,624,666
Noncurrent Liabilities	253,464,323	268,054,404	6,193,838 6,084,729	259,658,161 274,139,133
Total Liabilities	\$ 273,788,742	\$ 289,580,872	\$ 6,353,979 \$ 6,182,927	\$ 280,142,721 \$ 295,763,799
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pension & OPEB Contributions	\$ 7,922,594	\$ 4,858,928	\$ 608,395 \$ 507,244	\$ 8,530,989 \$ 5,366,172
Net Position Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt	\$ 59,564,071	\$ 40,358,563	\$ 681,665 \$ 683,556	\$ 60,245,736 \$ 41,042,119
Nonspendable - inventories	157,412	146,948	¥ 333,333 ¥ 333,333	157,412 146,948
Restricted	1,339,374	13,180,539	(3,301,311) (2,897,475)	(1,961,937) 10,283,064
Unrestricted	(58,167,136)	(55,167,274)		(58,167,136) (55,167,274)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,893,721	\$ (1,481,224)	\$ (2,619,646) \$ (2,213,919)	\$ 274,075 \$ (3,695,143)
Total Liabilities and Net				
Position	\$ 284,605,057	\$ 292,958,576	\$ 4,342,728 \$ 4,476,252	\$ 288,947,785 \$ 297,434,828

Due to state pension plan liabilities now reflected on the District's balance sheet, Net Position may not be the best indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$ 274,075 as of June 30, 2019. Instead, a better financial gauge may be net change in net position. Total net position increased \$3.9 million, during 2019. Governmental net position increased \$4.3 million due primarily to increases in tax and state SEEK transportation revenue. However, costs also increased by \$3.0 million in salary, benefits, facility maintenance expenses and food service costs. The District's financial position is the product of many financial transactions, including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

The District's property tax base remains strong and increased by \$68 million providing a stable source of operating revenue. Two major tax revenues (real estate and motor vehicle) experienced increases during 2019 while KY SEEK transportation revenue increased \$650,000 in the General Fund. School building and facility additions and improvements continue each year in accordance with the District's Facility Plan.

Capital Assets

The largest portion of the District's net position resides in its investment in capital assets (e.g. land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The complete renovation of Ft. Wright Elementary school was finished in August 2018 for the opening of the 2019 school year. The renovations involve the construction of ten additional classrooms which added significant student capacity for the overcrowded school. The renovation program was comprehensive and involved the replacement of roofing systems and all major mechanical systems. This significant investment will serve the students in Kenton County well for the next thirty years.

The renovation process continues at Scott High School which is the facility identified in the district facility plan with the greatest needs. Phase IV construction began in May 2018 and was completed by August 2019. This phase of construction involves the renovation of the former science classrooms on the second floor into English and social study classrooms. The first floor renovations involve the construction of a new band and choral room, new special education suite, a multiple purpose classroom, and an exterior courtyard.

The construction of a new office suite and secure vestibule designed entrance is now complete at Hinsdale Elementary. This new security entrance replaced the current entrance to improve access to the facility.

The Board of Education revised the original construction application that was established for security and safety upgrades at all school locations. The latest cost estimates for this project is \$17 million. This project involves the construction of a new secure vestibule entrance to be constructed at Ryland Elementary and River Ridge Elementary schools. The work also involves upgrades to all existing secure vestibule designs now in place at all other school locations. The upgrades to all existing secure entrance designs will reflect the latest technology in school security. This project also involves the construction of interior corridor wall systems and classroom doors for the open classroom pods at Hinsdale Elementary.

Each school location will have upgrades to existing security cameras or the addition of a new system in all locations that do not currently have a camera system. Most elementary schools do not have a security camera system. All school locations will be equipped with new door access controls for exterior and interior door hardware upgrades where necessary. Each school will receive a new visitor screening management system, emergency notification buttons, medical evacuation sleds, and vehicular identification system for the parent pick-up process taking place in elementary schools.

All work is scheduled to advertise for prospective bidders in January 2020. The project will be funding through a revenue bond issue in February, 2020.

Fifteen new buses were purchased through the Kentucky Intermodal School Transportation System bond program. The order included one 30 passenger special needs, seven 72 passenger and seven 84 passenger units to replace busses that were over ten years old. Approved by the Board in November, 2018, the new buses were delivered in June, 2019 and all are reflected in the Capital Assets Schedule as of June 30, 2019.

Debt

At June 30, 2019, the District had \$172.8 million in outstanding bonds. The bonds are being paid from the Debt Service Fund. A portion of this debt, \$23.3 million is serviced by the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. See Note E – Bonded Debt in the Notes to Financial Statements.

A new revenue bond issue is scheduled for February, 2020 to fund the school safety/security project described previously.

Participation in the KISTA bus lease/purchase program was approved by the Board and bonds were issued in March 2019 for the purchase of fifteen new buses for the District fleet. The total amount of bonds issued was \$1,736,350. The entire lease/bond debt of \$2,015,038 is reflected in liabilities at June 30, 2019 and will be serviced by the General Fund.

Statement of Activities (Changes In Net Position)

The Statement of Activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. Table 2 presents a summary of revenue and expense for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY

Governmental Revenues were \$4.1 million higher than 2018 with increases in General Revenue property tax revenue (\$2.5 million) and state grants/entitlements (\$2.1 million). Total expenses reflected an increase of \$2.3 million in 2019. This includes salary, benefit and pension expense for additional kindergarten instructional staff and facility maintenance costs. The 2019 fiscal year ended by adding \$4.3 million to net position from current year activities.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY

The only business-type activity of the District is the food service operation. This program had revenues of \$6.4 million and expenditures of \$6.8 million during fiscal year 2019. The Food Service Program continues to offer students excellent nutrition through a variety of breakfast and lunch meal choices. Meals are prepared and served each school day and several weeks during summer instructional programs.

Several schools qualified and operated under the Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) program for the first time in 2019. With more than 40% of their students qualifying for free lunch benefits, all students in the CEP program schools qualify for free breakfast and lunch meals, Therefore, federal operating grant revenue increased and student charge revenues decreased in those schools. Operating expenses increased with fresh food cost increases and pension expenses. The food service operation is self-operating and funded without assistance from the General Fund. The business activity receives no support from tax revenues.

In accordance with Implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Reporting for Pensions, and Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than OPEBs, food service financial results include provisions for deferred outflows and inflows related to both the state net pension and postemployment benefits other than OPEBs liabilities.

Table 2 Kenton County School District Changes In Net Position June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Govern Activ	imental vities	Business-Type Activities		To	tal
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Operating grants and						
contributions	\$ 6,083,149	\$ 6,793,017	\$ 4,018,001	\$ 3,497,321	\$ 10,101,150	\$ 10,290,338
Capital grants and						
contributions	5,932,876	5,381,583	361,773	364,193	6,294,649	5,745,776
Charges for services	1,092,707	1,014,784	1,624,950	1,836,619	2,717,657	2,851,403
Total Program Revenues	13,108,732	13,189,384	6,004,724	5,698,133	19,113,456	18,887,517
General Revenues:						
Taxes	64,504,319	62,040,773			64,504,319	62,040,773
Grants and entitlements	81,724,772	79,614,474	420,564	423,381	82,145,336	80,037,855
Earnings on investments	898,137	583,511	34,160	16,277	932,297	599,788
Miscellaneous	1,766,094	2,498,853	3,184	21,083	1,769,278	2,519,936
					_	_
Total General Revenues	148,893,322	144,737,611	457,908	460,741	149,351,230	145,198,352
Total Revenues	162,002,054	157,926,995	6,462,632	6,158,874	168,464,686	164,085,869
Expenses:						
Instructional	88,047,966	87,779,546			88,047,966	87,779,546
Student Support	9,503,918	9,700,399			9,503,918	9,700,399
Instructional Support	4,987,902	5,365,888			4,987,902	5,365,888
District Administration	2,172,533	2,001,272			2,172,533	2,001,272
School Administration	9,973,669	9,896,706			9,973,669	9,896,706
Business Support	2,854,804	2,629,572			2,854,804	2,629,572
Plant Operations	19,992,786	17,804,146			19,992,786	17,804,146
Student transportation	12,869,360	12,636,651			12,869,360	12,636,651
Community Support	1,062,090	1,015,823			1,062,090	1,015,823
Interest - Long term debt	6,162,081	6,511,960			6,162,081	6,511,960
Food Service Operations			6,868,359	6,057,956	6,868,359	6,057,956
Total Expenses	157,627,109	155,341,963	6,868,359	6,057,956	164,495,468	161,399,919
Change in Net Position	\$ 4,374,945	\$ 2,585,032	\$ (405,727)	\$ 100,918	\$ 3,969,218	\$ 2,685,950

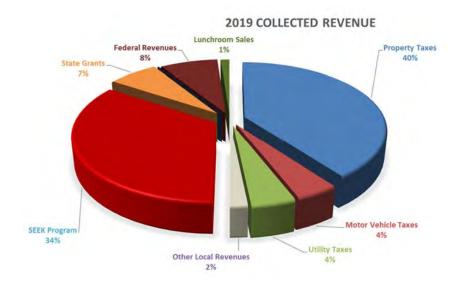
THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fund financial statements are included on pages 16-24. The District accounts include eight different funds with the General Fund reflecting the most activity. Total governmental fund revenues, including on-behalf payments, were \$161.8 million with expenditures of \$173.8 million. Table 3 reflects the 2019 and 2018 fund revenues by type. Chart 1 reflects the percentage for each collected revenue type.

Table 3
Kenton County School District
Revenues
June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018

	Govern	mei	ntal	Busine	ss-T	ype			
	Activ	itie	S	 Activ	vities	3	 To	tal	
	2019		2018	2019		2018	2019		2018
Local Sources:									
Property Taxes	\$ 53,233,338	\$	51,072,094				\$ 53,233,338	\$	51,072,094
Motor Vehicle Taxes	5,539,244		5,366,858				5,539,244		5,366,858
Utility Taxes	5,731,737		5,601,821				5,731,737		5,601,821
Other Local Revenues	2,203,863		2,993,611	\$ 53,265	\$	37,360	2,257,128		3,030,971
State Sources:									
SEEK Program	45,734,686		45,478,631				45,734,686		45,478,631
State Grants	8,889,241		8,043,126	56,509		59,063	8,945,750		8,102,189
Other State Revenues									
Federal Revenues	6,354,606		5,735,302	3,967,266	3	,440,677	10,321,872		9,175,979
Lunchroom Sales				1,574,869	1	,836,620	1,574,869		1,836,620
Other Revenues	1,281,618		718,447	 390,160		361,773	1,671,778		1,080,220
Collected Revenue	128,968,333		125,009,890	6,042,069	5	,735,493	135,010,402		130,745,383
State On-Behalf	32,846,750		32,712,032	420,564		423,381	 33,267,314		33,135,413
Total Revenue	\$ 161,815,083	\$	157,721,922	\$ 6,462,633	\$ 6	,158,874	\$ 168,277,716	\$	163,880,796

Chart 1 2019 Collected Fund Revenues



General Fund revenues increased to \$131.7 million from \$127.8 in 2018 due to a \$2.3 million increase in local property tax revenue. A local property tax rate increase in 2019 and higher motor vehicle tax collections added \$2.6 million revenue in 2019. The General Assembly raised the KY SEEK per pupil amount by \$19 beginning in 2019 and distributed additional transportation money to all KY school districts. These changes resulted in an additional \$1.1 million in SEEK revenue for the district. Other revenue items reflected in the General Fund include a \$1.0 million transfer from the Capital Outlay Fund and capital lease proceeds of \$1,736,350.

General Fund 2019 expenditures totaled \$131.7 million, an increase of \$3.8 million over 2018 with a \$1.1 million increase in Instructional expenditures including added staff for full day Kindergarten and student support programs. Facility repair projects totaled \$1.0 million as well. Lease and debt payments were higher in 2019 and will continue to rise with energy project bond obligations and new bus lease purchases. The 2019 salary schedules included a 1% increase for each position as well as the experience step increase of approximately 1.3%. Salary and benefits costs represent approximately 85% of the General Fund expenditures each year. The District is committed to hiring and retaining the most qualified personnel. The current compensation schedule is competitive with other Northern Kentucky districts as well as Ohio and Indiana. This has helped attract highly qualified applicants and retain staff who have been trained by the District.

Normal winter weather resulted in average snow removal and utility costs. The district participates in an energy conservation program that has earned national recognition for its success in lowering electricity usage in most school buildings. Fifteen new buses were purchased using the KISTA bus lease/purchase program and will be placed in service beginning the next school year. Replacement of the aging bus fleet have helped lower bus maintenance costs and provide reliable fleet vehicles.

The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance at June 30, 2019 of \$18.0 million. The General Fund receives approximately 95% of annual cash revenue from local taxes and state SEEK revenue which can vary with the local economic environment and state budget issues. The fund balance will be critical in maintaining instructional programs and facilities as state funding priorities could shift given the current state pension funding deficiencies.

The Construction Fund balance is \$836,000 reflecting the near completion of several current construction projects during the year. The state legislature issued school safety objectives in Senate Bill 1 during the 2018 general session but did not allocate funding for the specific requirements. Work began on assessment of all the district's schools in response to the requirements and will continue in 2020.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1 - June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal, operate on a different fiscal calendar but are reflected in the overall budget. A tentative budget is adopted by the Board by the end of May for the following year. A working budget is adopted by the end of September for each fiscal year utilizing new school year enrollment, tax assessments and rates and salaries for new employees/positions.

The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency based budgets for all non-construction funds. The Board adopted a working budget for 2019 with \$11.4 million in contingency (11.5%). The beginning fund balance for the fiscal year was \$16.3 million. The 2019 General Fund budget is included in the Supplementary Information section of this report. It should be noted that state on-behalf revenues and expenditures of \$32.8 million are not budgeted but are included in the actual results column of the report.

For the General Fund, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$97.2 million and actual revenues, excluding on-behalf payments were \$99.9 million. Local tax revenue collections, state SEEK and interest income revenues were all higher than budgeted amounts for the year.

General Fund budgeted expenditures, excluding contingency, were \$102 million while actual expenditures, excluding on-behalf totaled \$99.9 million. The favorable variances in actual revenue and expenditures resulted in a \$18.0 million fund balance at the end of the year versus a budgeted ending fund balance of \$11.4 million.

During the course of fiscal 2019, the Board amended its General Fund budget within expenditure types as needed. The Board uses a site-based budget. The budgeting systems are designed to control total site budgets, but provide flexibility for site management.

On-Behalf Payments

The District recorded on-behalf payments in the General Fund in 2019 totaling \$32.8 million as required by KDE. On-behalf payments represent amounts paid on behalf of the Kenton County School District by the Commonwealth of Kentucky for employee health insurance, Teachers' Retirement and Vocational Education. These revenues and expenditures are not budgeted but are required to be reflected in the annual financial fund reports as a revenue and expenditure. As a result, it should be noted that large variances between budgeted and actual amounts for the General Fund are the result of this inconsistency.

CURRENT ISSUES

Local taxes provide approximately 48% of annual fund revenue and are critical to the General Fund. Both property and motor vehicle assessed values experienced an increase for the 2019 tax year. The real estate market and business/industry activity in the County remain critical factors in sustaining local tax revenue. The district is relying more each year on local property tax revenue to fund improvements and new initiatives that are critical in the current educational environment.

The northern KY economic environment has grown with development in all three counties. Business and industry growth and development continues to be strong prompting a robust housing market and providing ample job opportunities for the population. While this growth has provided a steady property tax base it has also provided the district with challenges in filling vacant jobs since workers have many other employment options. The unemployment rate in the area is 3.5%, the lowest in decades. The District is reviewing various alternatives to address the labor shortage in several classified and professional positions as well as a professional development program for staff. The changes are designed to effectively compete in the local labor market, retain and develop current staff.

SEEK revenues account for another 34% of fund revenue and reflected a per pupil base revenue increase of \$19 in 2019 to the current \$4,000 per student. This is the first significant per pupil funding increase in 15 years. However, the General Assembly reduced direct financial support for preschool, teacher professional development and instructional resources in 2019 and future years. Rising property values will add to local revenue streams but continue to reduce the state SEEK contribution.

State operating grants provide funding for specialized instructional and safety programs. Funding for these programs is vulnerable as fluctuations in state revenue prompted state budget cuts and other important objectives for education in the state including school safety, charter schools, preschool and early intervention programs.

The financial position of the state's pension plans continues to affect the District's financial obligations in the near future. Both the Teachers' Retirement and County Employees Retirement Systems are underfunded at this time. The General Assembly passed pension legislation in the 2018 biennium but did not go into effect per a ruling by the KY Supreme Court. Future developments to address the underfunding may involve increased pension contribution rates for employees and/or employers as well as changes to state funding. The risk of losing experienced staff members due to retirement continues. The District has always paid its required contribution as determined by the plans. In accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 68 and 75, the District has recorded its proportionate share of certain financial aspects of the pension plans in which its employees participate.

In February, 2019 the Board of Education approved a Memorandum of Agreement with the Boone County Board of Education for the collaborative development of the Ignite Institute. The program is a partnership designed to inspire STEAM learning and elevate educational opportunities for all students in the Northern Kentucky region. This new program will allow the district to merge the educational opportunities previously offered to high school students at the Kenton County Academies of Innovation and Technology (KCAIT) with Boone County and establish a full day program. The new program opened in August, 2019 in the facility formerly owned by Toyota "Roebling Innovation"

Center" (and donated to Boone County Schools) which is located on the Kenton County and Boone County line. The new program includes Bio-Medical/Health Sciences, Engineering, Construction Technology, IT/Computer Science, Logistics, Design, and Education.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to reflect the District's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information needs should be directed to Dr. Henry Webb, Superintendent, or Ms. Susan Bentle, Treasurer, at 859-344-8888, or by mail at 1055 Eaton Drive, Fort Wright, Kentucky 41017.



KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	TOTAL
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,463,705	\$ 1,671,468	\$ 18,135,173
Investments	3,000,000		3,000,000
Accounts receivable	3,740,671	86,101	3,826,772
Inventories	157,412	263,514	420,926
Land and other nondepreciable assets	46,399,290		46,399,290
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	192,887,881	681,665	193,569,546
Total Assets	262,648,959	2,702,748	265,351,707
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred savings from refunding bonds	5,341,880		5,341,880
Deferred outflows from pension liability	10,782,166	1,239,426	12,021,592
Deferred outflows from OPEB liabilities	5,832,052	400,554	6,232,606
Total Deferred Outflows	21,956,098	1,639,980	23,596,078
Liabilities	0.007.040	70.045	0.407.000
Accounts payable	3,067,043	70,945	3,137,988
Accrued interest payable	1,247,919	00.100	1,247,919
Unearned revenue	904,201	89,196	993,397
Net pension liability	40,836,696	4,694,240	45,530,936
Net OPEB liability	46,533,199	1,437,847	47,971,046
Current maturities of	14 005 000		44.005.000
school building revenue bonds	14,085,000		14,085,000
capital lease obligations	1,020,256		1,020,256
Long-term maturities of school building revenue bonds	159 902 202		150 000 000
	158,803,202		158,803,202
capital lease obligations compensated absences	5,814,642 1,476,584	61,751	5,814,642 1,538,335
Total Liabilities	273,788,742	6,353,979	280,142,721
	213,100,142	0,000,919	200,142,721
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2 006 255	242.006	2 220 644
Deferred inflows from pension liability	2,986,355	343,286	3,329,641
Deferred inflows from OPEB liabilities	4,936,239	265,109	5,201,348
Total Deferred Inflows	7,922,594	608,395	8,530,989
Net Position	50 504 074	004 005	00 045 700
Net investment in capital assets	59,564,071	681,665	60,245,736
Nonspendable fund balance - inventories	157,412		157,412
Restricted for	000.450		000.450
Capital projects and construction	838,150		838,150
Grants and awards	21,909		21,909
District activities	479,315	(0.004.044)	479,315
Food service (deficit) Unrestricted (deficit)	(58,167,136)	(3,301,311)	(3,301,311) (58,167,136)
,	<u> </u>	ф (0.040.040)	<u> </u>
Total Net Position	\$ 2,893,721	\$ (2,619,646)	\$ 274,075

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Total		Program Revenues	, and	Net (E	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	e and
	District-wide Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs Governmental activities Instruction	\$ 88,031,978	\$ 151,733	\$ 6,002,728		\$ (81,877,517)		\$ (81,877,517)
Student services. Student Instructional staff District administrative School administrative Business support services	9,503,918 4,987,902 2,172,533 9,973,669 2,854,804				(9,503,918) (4,987,902) (2,172,533) (9,973,669) (2,854,804)		(9,503,918) (4,987,902) (2,172,533) (9,973,669) (2,854,804)
Plant operation and maintenance Transportation Community services Other instructional	19,992,786 12,869,360 1,062,090 15,988	69,145 871,829	80,421		(19,923,641) (11,997,531) (981,669) (15,988)		(19,923,641) (11,997,531) (981,669) (15,988)
Facilities acquisition & construction Interest Total governmental activities	6,162,081 157,627,109	1,092,707	6,083,149	\$ 5,932,876 5,932,876	5,932,876 (6,162,081) (144,518,377)		5,932,876 (6,162,081) (144,518,377)
Business-type activities School food services Total business-type activities	6,868,359	1,624,950 1,624,950	4,018,001	361,773 361,773		\$ (863,635) (863,635)	(863,635)
Total activities	\$ 164,495,468	\$2,717,657	\$ 10,101,150	\$ 6,294,649	\$ (144,518,377)	\$ (863,635)	\$ (145,382,012)
			General revenues: Taxes Property taxes Utility taxes State sources SEK program revenues On behalf revenues Other state revenues and gran	al revenues: Property taxes Utility taxes ate sources SEEK program revenues On behalf revenues Other state revenues and grants terest and investment earnings	\$ 58,7 5,7 44,4 32,8 8	\$ 420,564	\$ 58,772,582 5,731,737 44,442,124 33,267,314 4,435,898 932,297
			Galn/(Loss) on di Miscellaneous	Gain(Loss) on disposition of capital asset Miscellaneous	1,726,877	3, 184	42,401 1,726,877
			Total general revenues	Ø	148,893,322	457,908	149,351,230
			Change in net position	_	4,374,945	(405,727)	3,969,218
			Net position, beginning of year	g of year	(1,481,224)	(2,213,919)	(3,695,143)
See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements	Statements		Net position, end of year	sar	\$ 2,893,721	\$ (2,619,646)	\$ 274,075





KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

Total Governmental Funds	16,463,705 3,000,000 157,412 3,740,671 23,361,788	3,067,043 904,201 3,971,244	157,412 1,339,374 1,215,040 2,564,820	19,390,544	\$ 23,361,788
Gove	\$ 16	φ r	T T Z Z	13	\$ 23
District Activity Fund (Nonmajor)	\$ 486,517 13,581 \$ 500,098	\$ 20,783	479,315	479,315	\$ 500,098
Building Fund (Nonmajor)	မာ				↔
Capital Outlay Fund (Nonmajor)	2,048		2,048	2,048	2,048
Capi (No	φ φ		₩		↔
Debt Service Fund	မ				€9
Construction Fund	\$ 1,792,972	\$ 956,870	836,102	836,102	\$ 1,792,972
Special Revenue Fund	\$ 77,785 1,032,554 \$ 1,110,339	\$ 222,638 887,701 1,110,339			\$ 1,110,339
General Fund	\$ 14,104,383 3,000,000 157,412 2,694,536 \$ 19,956,331	\$ 1,866,752 16,500 1,883,252	157,412 21,909 1,215,040 2,564,820	18,073,079	\$ 19,956,331
	Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Inventory Accounts and grants receivable Total Assets	Liabilities Accounts payable Unearned revenue Total Liabilities	Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	Total Fund Balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2019

\$ 19,390,544

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental fund balance sheet.	239,287,171

Deferred savings from refunding bonds are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds	
balance sheet.	5,341,880

Deferred outflows and inflows from pension are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds	
balance sheet.	7,795,811

Deferred outflows and inflows from OPEB are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds	
balance sheet.	895,813

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the governmental funds balance sheet. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Bonds & leases payable	(179,723,100)
Accrued interest - bonds payable	(1,247,919)
Compensated absences	(1,476,584)
Net pension liability	(40,836,696)
Net OPEB liability	(46,533,199)
	(269,817,498)

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 2,893,721

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

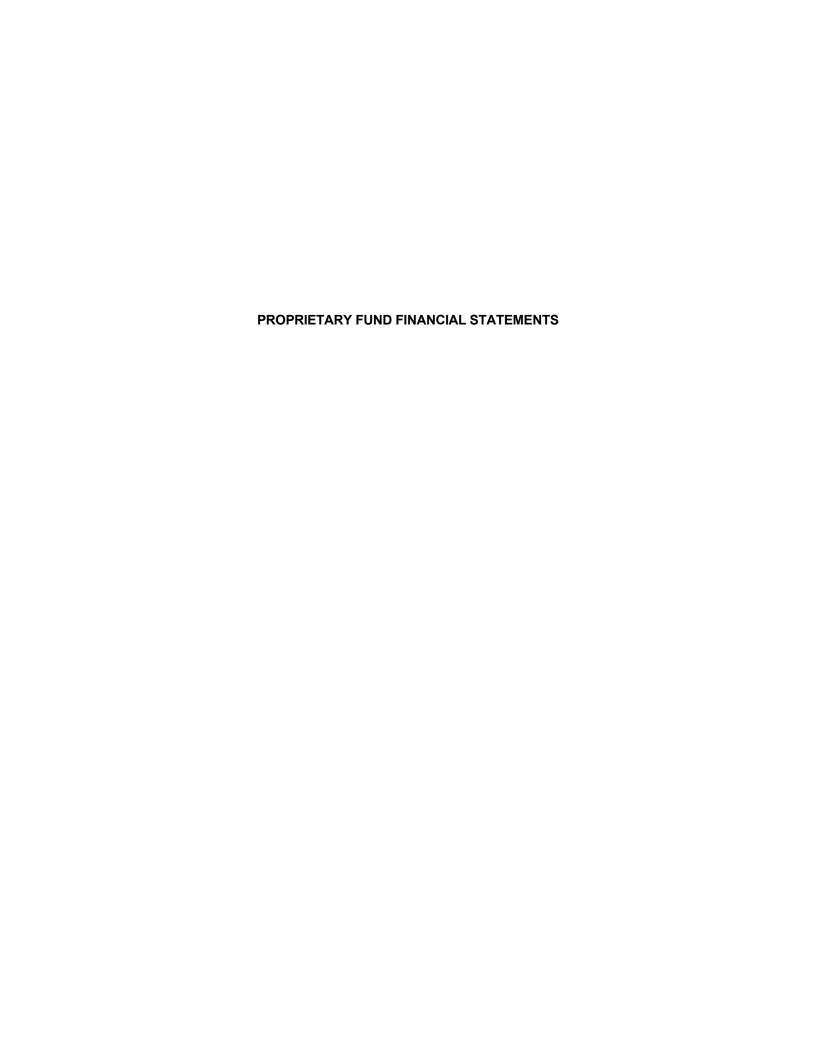
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Outlay Fund (Nonmajor)	Building Fund (Nonmajor)	District Activity Fund (Nonmajor)	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Local sources Property taxes Motor Vehicle taxes Utilities taxes Tuition and fees Transportation Revenue Other local revenues Grants from local agencies and donors	\$ 39,699,126 5,539,244 5,731,737 151,733 871,829 411,938	\$ 80,421				\$ 13,534,212	\$ 687,942	\$ 53,233,338 5,539,244 5,731,737 151,733 871,829 1,099,880
State sources SEEK program FSPK program KSFCC allocation Other state revenues	44,442,124 33,355,486	3,927,162		\$ 2,883,154	\$ 1,292,562	1,757,160		45,734,686 1,757,160 2,883,154 37,282,648
Federal sources - indirect Interest Income on Investments Other sources Total Revenues	351,878 770,762 383,481 131,709,338	6,002,728	\$ 127,375	2,883,154	1,292,562	15,291,372	687,942	6,354,606 898,137 383,481 162,002,054
Expenditures Instruction Student support services Instructional staff support services Instructional staff support services District administrative support services School administrative support services Business support services Plant operations and maintenance Transportation Community services Educational Specific Building renovations	78,371,458 9,181,662 3,969,502 2,156,199 9,767,912 2,656,719 13,718,069 10,945,862	7,698,224 183,365 1,095,014 50,927 20,618 42,930 1,108,288 18,908	11,799,031				615,008 7,505 33,973 203,539 5,882	86,684,690 9,372,532 5,098,489 2,156,199 9,818,839 2,656,719 13,942,226 10,994,674 1,108,338 18,908

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Outlay Fund (Nonmajor)	Building Fund (Nonmajor)	District Activity Fund (Nonmajor)	Total Governmental Funds	al nental ds
Expenditures (Continued) Debt Service Principal Interest Total Expenditures	834,345 144,071 131,745,849	10.218.274	11.799.031	13,855,000 5,339,636 19,194,636			865.907	14,6 5,4 173.8	14,689,345 5,483,707 173,823,697
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(36,511)	(207,963)	(11,671,656)	(16,311,482)	1,292,562	15,291,372	(177,965)	(11,8	(11,821,643)
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds Transfers in Transfers out	1,736,350 1,114,830 (1,050,341)	271,437 (63,474)		16,311,482	(1,292,562)	(15,291,372)		1,7 17,6 (17,6	1,736,350 17,697,749 17,697,749 <u>)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,800,839	207,963		16,311,482	(1,292,562)	(15,291,372)		1,7	1,736,350
Net change in fund balances	1,764,328		(11,671,656)				(177,965)	(10,0	(10,085,293)
Fund balances, beginning of year	16,308,751		12,507,758		2,048		657,280	29,4	29,475,837
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 18,073,079	\$	\$ 836,102	\$	\$ 2,048	↔	\$ 479,315	\$ 19,3	19,390,544

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (10,085,293)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statements because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of net position and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays for the year as well as differences in gains and losses on capital asset sales	6,064,068
Bond proceeds are recorded as other financing sources in the fund financial statements but are additions to liabilities in the statement of net position.	(1,736,350)
Capital lease payments and bond payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	14,689,345
Accrued bond interest payable is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements but is recorded in the statement of net position	61,087
Bond premiums are not reported as a part of long-term debt in the fund financial statements but are recorded in the statement of net position	253,985
Capitalized savings from bond refundings are not reported in the fund financial statements but must be amortized over the remaining life of the bonds in the statement of activities.	(992,082)
Net Pension Liability is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements but is recorded in the statement of net position	(4,028,255)
Net Pension Liability is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements but is recorded in the statement of net position	(298,027)
Capital Lease Liability is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements but is recorded in the statement of net position.	(65,540)
Noncurrent accrued sick leave is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements but is recorded in the statement of net position	403,161
Multi-employer insurance trust liability is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements but is recorded in the statement of net position	108,846
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,374,945



KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2019

	Fo	ood Service
Assets	•	4.074.400
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,671,468
Accounts receivable		86,101
Inventories		263,514
Total Current Assets		2,021,083
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital assets		3,038,435
Less: accumulated depreciation		(2,356,770)
Total Noncurrent Assets		681,665
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows from pension		1,239,426
Deferred outflows from OPEB		400,554
Total Deferred Outflows		1,639,980
Total Assets	\$	4,342,728
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	70,945
Unearned revenue	·	89,196
Long-term maturities of		,
compensated absences		61,751
Net pension liability		4,694,240
Net OPEB liability		1,437,847
Total Liabilities		6,353,979
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows from pension		343,286
Deferred inflows from OPEB		265,109
Total Deferred Inflows		608,395
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		681,665
Restricted (deficit)		(3,301,311)
Total Net Position (deficit)		(2,619,646)
Total Liabilities & Net Position	\$	4,342,728

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Fo	ood Service
Operating revenues		
Lunchroom sales	\$	1,574,869
Other operating revenues		50,081
Total operating revenues		1,624,950
Operating expenses		
Salaries and wages		3,660,357
Contract services		261,363
Materials and supplies		2,622,172
Depreciation		109,681
Other expenses		214,787
Total operating expenses		6,868,360
Operating loss		(5,243,410)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		
Federal grants		3,967,266
Donated commodities		356,000
On-behalf revenues		420,564
State grants		56,509
Investment income		34,160
Gain on disposal of capital assets		3,184
Total non-operating revenues		4,837,683
Change in Net Position		(405,727)
Net Position, beginning of year		(2,213,919)
Net Position, end of year	\$	(2,619,646)

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

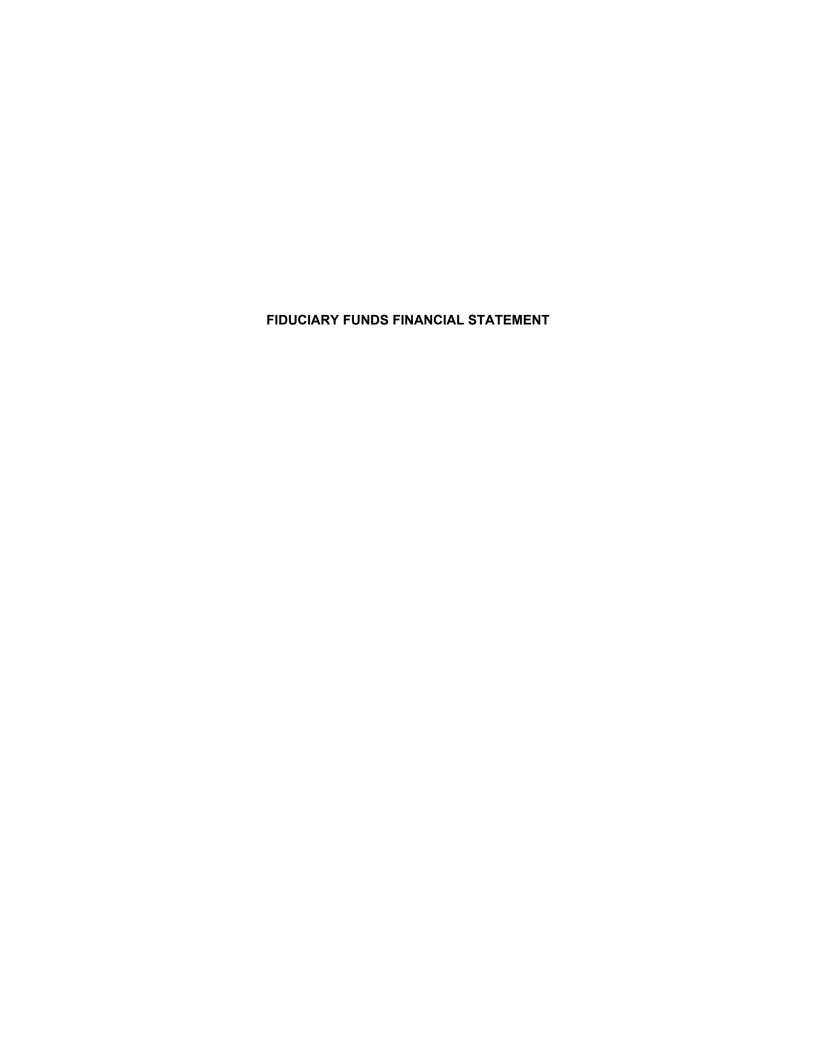
Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash received from:	
Lunchroom sales	\$ 1,575,417
Other activities	50,081
Cash paid to/for:	
Employees	(2,740,878)
Supplies	(2,688,423)
Net cash used by operating activities	(3,803,803)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Purchases of capital assets	(72,567)
	,
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Investment income	34,160
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Cash received from non-operating revenues	 4,023,775
	104 505
Net increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	181,565
Balances - beginning of year	1,489,903
Dalances - Deginning of year	1,409,903
Balances - end of year	\$ 1,671,468
•	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used	
by Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	
	\$ (5.243.410)
·	\$ (5,243,410)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash	\$ (5,243,410)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities:	\$, ,
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used	\$ 356,000
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments	\$ 356,000 420,564
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation	\$ 356,000
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities	\$ 356,000 420,564 109,681
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts receivable	\$ 356,000 420,564 109,681 (7,034)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts receivable Inventory	\$ 356,000 420,564 109,681 (7,034) 31,577
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable	\$ 356,000 420,564 109,681 (7,034) 31,577 22,322
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable Deferred revenue	\$ 356,000 420,564 109,681 (7,034) 31,577 22,322 7,582
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable Deferred revenue Accrued sick leave	\$ 356,000 420,564 109,681 (7,034) 31,577 22,322 7,582 3,267
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable Deferred revenue Accrued sick leave Pension deferrals and net liability	\$ 356,000 420,564 109,681 (7,034) 31,577 22,322 7,582 3,267 452,232
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable Deferred revenue Accrued sick leave Pension deferrals and net liability OPEB deferrals and net liability	356,000 420,564 109,681 (7,034) 31,577 22,322 7,582 3,267 452,232 43,416
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable Deferred revenue Accrued sick leave Pension deferrals and net liability	\$ 356,000 420,564 109,681 (7,034) 31,577 22,322 7,582 3,267 452,232
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable Deferred revenue Accrued sick leave Pension deferrals and net liability OPEB deferrals and net liability Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	356,000 420,564 109,681 (7,034) 31,577 22,322 7,582 3,267 452,232 43,416
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable Deferred revenue Accrued sick leave Pension deferrals and net liability OPEB deferrals and net liability Net Cash Used by Operating Activities SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS	\$ 356,000 420,564 109,681 (7,034) 31,577 22,322 7,582 3,267 452,232 43,416 (3,803,803)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by operating activities: Commodities used On-behalf payments Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities Accounts receivable Inventory Accounts payable Deferred revenue Accrued sick leave Pension deferrals and net liability OPEB deferrals and net liability Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	356,000 420,564 109,681 (7,034) 31,577 22,322 7,582 3,267 452,232 43,416

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements



Kenton County School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

	Agency Fund
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,073,575
Accounts Receivable	132
Total Assets	\$ 1,073,707
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 30,044
Due To Student Groups	1,043,663
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,073,707



Note A--Nature of Organization and Operations

The Kenton County Board of Education (the "Board"), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Kenton County School District (the "District"). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included as a component unit in any other governmental "reporting entity". Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Kenton County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Kenton County School District Finance Corporation—The Board authorized the establishment of the Kenton County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") (a non-profit, non-stock, public corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the Board for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Kenton County Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Note B--Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

<u>District-wide Financial Statements</u>--The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the District's financial activities, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The district-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements but differs from the manner in which Governmental Fund Financial Statements are prepared. Governmental Fund Financial Statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the district-wide financial statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Presentation -- Continued

The District-Wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>--The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a Balance Sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, which reports on the sources (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

Proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow of the proprietary activities.

Fiduciary Funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore measurement focus is not applicable to them.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when paid.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the General Fund be reported as a major fund. All other governmental and proprietary funds whose assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures comprise at least 10% of the total for the relevant fund category and at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined must also be reported as major funds.

Continued

Basis of Presentation -- Continued

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

Major Funds

- A. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds. This is a budgeted fund and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- B. The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project period as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. This is a major fund of the District.
- C. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.
- D. Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and, for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

Nonmajor Funds

- A. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- B. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky Fund ("FSPK") accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- C. District Activity Funds are used to account for revenue and expenditures related to co-curricular and extra-curricular student activities. The funds have been restricted by the Board for specific purposes.

II. Proprietary Funds Types (Enterprise Fund)

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program and the National School Breakfast Program, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA"). The Food Service fund is a major fund of the District.

III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency Funds)

The Agency Funds account for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the Kentucky Department of Education Publication, *Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds*.

Continued

Basis of Presentation -- Continued

<u>Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u>--The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the standard-setting body for government accounting and financial reporting.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>--The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

<u>Accounts Receivable</u>--Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and likely received within 90 days from end of the fiscal period. Major receivable amounts consist of tax revenue earned through June 30, 2019 as well as federal and state grant reimbursement revenue.

<u>Investments</u>--In accordance with GASB 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Inventories</u>--Government Fund inventory consists of expendable transportation supplies and materials held for consumption and are stated at the lower of cost or market. Inventory accounted for in the Proprietary Fund consists of donated and purchased foods held for resale. Purchased food is valued at cost and U.S. Government donated commodities value is determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. All other supplies and materials are charged to expenses/expenditures when purchased. The Proprietary Fund inventories use the specific identification method and the Government Fund inventories use the first-in, first-out method.

Bond Issue Costs- Costs associated with the issuance of bond obligations are expensed as incurred.

<u>Capital Assets</u>--Governmental fund capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the district-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the district-wide statement of net position and in the proprietary fund statement of net position.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed.

Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation -- Continued

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund capital assets:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 Years
Land improvements	20 Years
Technology equipment	5 Years
Vehicles	5 - 10 Years
Audio-visual equipment	15 Years
Food service equipment	10 - 12 Years
Furniture and fixtures	7 Years
Other	10 Years

<u>Deferred Savings on Bond Refundings</u>--Deferred savings on bond refunding represents losses equal to the principal amount borrowed to refund the principal amount outstanding on previous bond issues. These amounts are recognized as deferred outflows of resources on the accompanying statement of net position. The amounts are amortized over the life of the new bond or the life of the refunded bond (whichever is shorter), and included in interest expense on the accompanying statement of activities.

<u>Estimates</u>--The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Interfund Balances</u>--On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

<u>Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations</u>--All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements, and all payables and accrued liabilities from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation -- Continued

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits--Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the District's experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the district-wide financial statements.

<u>Pensions</u>--For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System, Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by these pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEBs)--For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System, Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by these pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

<u>Equity Classifications</u>--In the district-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in the following three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Capital Assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the
 outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition,
 construction or improvement of the capital assets.
- Restricted Net Position Net assets with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such
 as creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling
 legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation -- Continued

Government Fund Balance Reserves--The District follows GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which defines fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the District's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable Fund Balance--Amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>--Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>--Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Board, using its decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes the action to remove or change the constraint.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>--Amounts the District intends to use for specific purpose (such as encumbrances); intent can be expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the District delegates the authority.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>--Amounts that are available for purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

<u>Encumbrances</u>--Encumbrances are not liabilities and are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. Encumbrances remaining open at the end of the fiscal year are automatically re-budgeted in the following fiscal year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions-Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation -- Continued

<u>Unearned Grant Revenue</u>--Unearned grant revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned grant revenue.

<u>Operating Revenues and Expenses</u>--Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Expenses/Expenditures--On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

<u>Donated Commodities</u>--The fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as an expense and as donated commodities revenue (nonoperating revenue).

<u>Taxes</u>--Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the County. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund. The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$0.659 per \$100 valuation for real property and \$0.659 per \$100 valuation for tangible personal property. Motor vehicle tax was \$0.635 for \$100 valuation of motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from furnishing, within the County, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

<u>Budgetary Process</u>--The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP of the United States of America. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

<u>Interfund Activity</u>--Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation -- Continued

Recently Issued Accounting Standards--In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations ("AROs"). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. This standard has been adopted in the current period and did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits). This standard has been adopted in the current period and did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This standard has been adopted in the current period and did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

Note C--Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

District funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS") 160.570 and 702 Kentucky Administrative Regulations ("KAR") 3:090. The depository bank holds for safekeeping with the District's third party agent approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may be lost. The District's cash deposits are covered by Federal Depository Insurance up to \$250,000 per financial institution, with the remainder covered by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name.

Cash equivalents are funds temporarily invested in securities with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Bank	Book
	Balance	Balance
First Financial Bank	\$22,094,851	\$19,208,748
Amounts per financial statements:		
Governmental funds		\$16,463,705
Proprietary funds		1,671,468
Fiduciary funds		1,073,575
Total		\$19,208,748

Note C-Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments--Continued

During the year, the District invested excess cash into short-term repurchase agreements, collateralized by U.S. Government securities and highly rated commercial paper instruments. These investments are either insured or securities are held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the District's name. District policy limits investment in non U.S. government backed securities to no more than twenty percent of the total amount invested at any one time. Fiduciary funds utilize certificate of deposit instruments in Kenton County financial institutions at various interest rates and maturity dates. These amounts are included in the Cash and Cash Equivalents amounts on the fiduciary financial statements.

Kentucky statutes authorize the District to invest in the following:

- 1. Obligations of the United States Government and of its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements and specially approved AAA rated corporate bonds;
- 2. Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and of its agencies and municipalities;
- 3. Any savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States Government up to the amount insured;
- 4. Interest bearing deposits in national and state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States Government up to the amount so insured, and in larger amounts providing such bank shall pledge securities having a current quoted market value at least equal to any uninsured deposits.

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following investments:

Fund Type	Investment Type	Cost	Fair Value	Moody's Rating	Maturity Date	Yield
Government	U.S. Agency Note	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	AA+	23-Nov-21	1.500%
Government	U.S. Agency Note	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	AA+	13-Jul-20	1.240%

Fair Value Measurement - The District's investments are measured and reported at fair value and classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflected prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Investments reflected priced that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

Investments by Fair Value Level:

		Quoted	Prices in Active
	Fair Value 6/30/2019		ets for Identical sets - Level 1
Government U.S. Agency Notes	\$ 3.000.000	\$	3,000,000
o.o. rigonoj riolos	Ψ 0,000,000	_Ψ	0,000,000

Note D--Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental activities	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Dispositions	Balance June 30, 2019
Cost Land Construction in progress	\$ 6,337,338 28,116,285	\$ 11,967,514	\$ 21,847	\$ 6,337,338 40,061,952
Land improvements	4,842,734	662,327		5,505,061
Buildings & building improvements Technology equipment	283,701,946 11,240,071	1,083,159 972,321	612,868 1,359,056	284,172,237 10,853,336
Vehicles	15,366,122	1,779,405	1,540,899	15,604,628
General equipment	3,564,910	23,077	74,155	3,513,832
Total assets at historical cost	\$ 353,169,406	\$ 16,487,803	\$ 3,608,825	\$ 366,048,384
	Balance June 30, 2018	Depreciation	Dispositions	Balance June 30, 2019
Accumulated depreciation	Julie 30, 2016	Depreciation	Dispositions	Julie 30, 2019
Land improvements	\$ 2,786,475	\$ 163,097		\$ 2,949,572
Buildings & building improvements	99,887,479	7,327,124	\$ 129,010	107,085,593
Technology equipment	6,790,022	1,076,822	1,313,169	6,553,675
Vehicles	8,632,274	1,101,834	1,540,899	8,193,209
General equipment Total Accumulated depreciation	1,850,053 \$ 119,946,303	196,973 \$ 9,865,850	67,862 \$ 3,050,940	1,979,164 \$ 126,761,213
rotal Accumulated depreciation	Ψ 110,040,000	ψ 3,000,000	ψ 0,000,040	ψ 120,701,210
Governmental Activities				
Depreciable capital assets	\$ 198,769,480			\$ 192,887,881
Non-depreciable capital assets	34,453,623			46,399,290
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 233,223,103			\$ 239,287,171
	Balance			Balance
Description of Towns of Market	June 30, 2018	Additions	Dispositions	June 30, 2019
Business-Type activities				
Cost Food service equipment	\$ 3,008,136	\$ 72,567	\$ 145,852	\$ 2,934,851
Vehicles	74,488	32,039	20,770	85,757
Technology equipment	21,756	A 404 606	3,929	17,827
Total assets at historical cost	\$ 3,104,380	\$ 104,606	\$ 170,551	\$ 3,038,435
	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2018	Depreciation	Dispositions	June 30, 2019
Accumulated depreciation	¢ 222.046	¢ 102.505	¢ 140.026	¢ 2.206.44E
Food service equipment Vehicles	\$ 2,332,946 74,488	\$ 102,505 534	\$ 149,036 20,770	\$ 2,286,415 54,252
Technology equipment	13,390	6,642	3,929	16,103
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,420,824	\$ 109,681	\$ 173,735	\$ 2,356,770
Business-Type activities				
Capital Assets, net of accumulated				
depreciation	\$ 683,556			\$ 681,665

Continued

Note D--Capital Assets--Continued

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 for governmental activities by function is summarized below:

Instruction	\$ 3,268,778
Student Support Services	355
Instructional staff support services	6,396
District administration support services	39,431
School Admin Support	16,261
Business support services	18,117
Plant operation and maintenance	5,459,436
Transportation	1,056,108
Community services	968
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 9,865,850

Note E--Bonded Debt

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

		Original	Interest		Amount
Issue	Purpose of Issue	Issue	Rate	Final Maturity	Outstanding
2009B Revenue Bonds	Refinance 1999 bond obligations	\$ 3,635,000	2.0-3.5%	12/1/2019	\$ 295,000
2009C Revenue Bonds	Refinance 2000 bond obligations	6,355,000	1.2-3.6%	8/1/2020	1,550,000
2010 Refinancing Bonds	Improvements at Scott High School and Refinance 2002 bond obligations	19,855,000	0.5-2.5%	4/1/2022	6,090,000
2011 Revenue Bonds	Improvements at Scott High School	9,105,000	2.5-4.5%	5/1/2031	7,470,000
2012R Revenue Bonds	Refinance 2004 bond obligations	43,530,000	2.5%-6.5%	6/1/2024	21,560,000
2013R Revenue Bonds	Refinance 2005 bond obligations	30,545,000	2.0-3.0%	2/1/2025	22,880,000
2013 Revenue Bonds	Scott High School Renovations	12,005,000	2.0-3.125%	5/1/2033	9,865,000
2014 Conservation	Energy Conservation	4,170,000	1.0-4.0%	2/1/2034	3,310,000
2015A Refinancing	Refinance 2009D bond obligations	8,895,000	2.0-3.0%	9/1/2029	7,530,000
2015B Refinancing	Refinance 2006A, 2006B & 2006C bond obligations	14,445,000	2.0-3.0%	10/1/2026	12,335,000
2015C Revenue Bonds	Scott High School Renovations	17,320,000	3.0-3.625%	5/1/2035	14,810,000
2016R Refinancing	Refinance 2009 bond obligations	25,190,000	2.0-4.0%	2/1/2029	24,665,000
2016 Revenue Bonds	Ft. Wright School Renovations	19,400,000	2.0-3.25%	4/1/2036	17,675,000
2017 Conservation	Energy Conservation	5,125,000	2.0-3.55%	5/1/2037	4,740,000
2017R Refinancing	Refinance 2008 Conservation	2,280,000	3.00%	4/1/2028	2,075,000
2018 Revenue Bonds	Scott High School Renovations, Transportation Bus Garage & School Entry Renovations	13,945,000	2.0-4.0%	4/1/2038	13,920,000
Total					170,770,000
Unamortized Bond Premiu	m				2,118,202
Bonds Payable, Net					\$ 172,888,202

Note E--Bonded Debt--Continued

Bonds payable activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance 30-Jun-18	Increases	Decreases	Balance 30-Jun-19	Amounts Due in One Year
2009 Revenue Bonds	\$ 705,000		\$ (705,000)		
2009B Revenue Bonds	695,000		(400,000)	\$ 295,000	\$ 295,000
2009C Revenue Bonds	2,290,000		(740,000)	1,550,000	760,000
2010R Revenue Bonds	8,040,000		(1,950,000)	6,090,000	1,985,000
2011 Revenue Bonds	7,690,000		(220,000)	7,470,000	230,000
2012R Revenue Bonds	25,655,000		(4,095,000)	21,560,000	4,185,000
2013R Revenue Bonds	25,225,000		(2,345,000)	22,880,000	2,400,000
2013 Revenue Bonds	10,225,000		(360,000)	9,865,000	390,000
2014 Energy Bonds	3,485,000		(175,000)	3,310,000	180,000
2015A Refinancing	7,870,000		(340,000)	7,530,000	345,000
2015B Refinancing	13,145,000		(810,000)	12,335,000	825,000
2015C Revenue Bonds	15,465,000		(655,000)	14,810,000	675,000
2016R Refinancing	24,815,000		(150,000)	24,665,000	885,000
2016 Revenue Bonds	18,255,000		(580,000)	17,675,000	590,000
2017 Energy Bonds	4,845,000		(105,000)	4,740,000	110,000
2017R Refinancing	2,275,000		(200,000)	2,075,000	205,000
2018 Revenue Bonds	13,945,000		(25,000)	13,920,000	25,000
	\$ 184,625,000	\$	\$ (13,855,000)	\$ 170,770,000	\$ 14,085,000

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes) and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make bond payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Kenton County Fiscal Court and the Kenton County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities.

Bondholders are protected against default by a mechanism whereby the Commonwealth of Kentucky would withhold state SEEK payments and remit required debt service payments directly to the debt service paying agent.

The District entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission ("KSFCC"). The KSFCC was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the KSFCC for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal has been recorded in the financial statements.

Note E--Bonded Debt—Continued

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. As of June 30, 2019 the total bond principal and interest due was \$170,770,000 and \$38,486,737, respectively. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the KSFCC, at June 30, 2019 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Kenton	•	Kentucky School Facility		T-4-1	Tatal	
	Board of E	ducation	Construction (Commission	Total	Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2020	\$ 11,977,559	\$ 4,359,801	\$ 2,107,441	\$ 656,367	\$ 14,085,000	\$ 5,016,168	
2021	12,264,990	4,067,681	1,850,010	611,229	14,115,000	4,678,910	
2022	12,568,808	3,777,147	1,871,192	569,268	14,440,000	4,346,415	
2023	12,890,677	3,454,497	1,919,323	519,031	14,810,000	3,973,528	
2024	13,238,826	3,127,641	1,971,174	467,180	15,210,000	3,594,821	
2025-2029	54,587,948	10,062,247	6,097,052	1,701,048	60,685,000	11,763,295	
2030-2034	21,677,685	3,510,381	5,472,315	834,919	27,150,000	4,345,300	
2035-2038	8,251,696	662,311	2,023,304	105,989	10,275,000	768,300	
	\$147,458,189	\$33,021,706	\$23,311,811	\$5,465,031	170,770,000	\$38,486,737	
Plus Unamo	rtized Bond Premiu	ıms			2,118,202		
Total School	Revenue Bonds				\$172,888,202		

Note F--Capital Lease Obligations

The District leases several buses and office copiers under long-term capital leases. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Years Ending June 30	 Amount
2020	\$ 1,203,549
2021	1,057,483
2022	1,029,239
2023	1,005,769
2024	979,258
2025-2028	 2,386,013
Total	7,661,311
Less amounts representing interest	 826,413
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	6,834,898
Capital lease obligations, due within one year	 (1,020,256)
Capital lease obligations, due after one year	\$ 5,814,642
Leased property under capital leases at June 30, 2019 consists of:	
Equipment	\$ 9,694,349
Less accumulated depreciation	 2,959,534
Net property under capital lease	\$ 6,734,815

Note G--Commitments Under Operating Leases

The district entered into a five-year operating lease for office and parking space on June 1, 2016. Annual lease payments for 2019 were \$108,144 and will continue at that rate through May, 2021. A second five-year operating lease was entered into for other office space on July 1, 2017. Annual lease payments under this lease during 2019 were \$148,368. In accordance with the terms of the lease, annual payments under the second lease increase three percent (3%) each year through June 30, 2022. Both leases contain an open-ended option to renew.

Minimum future lease payments as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2020 2021 2022	\$ 260,952 265,536 162,114
Total	\$ 688,602

Note H--On-Behalf Payments

For the year ended June 30, 2019, total payments of \$35,729,905 were made for life insurance, health insurance, Teacher's Retirement System matching, administrative and technology fees by the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the "Commonwealth") on behalf of the District. This amount also includes \$2,883,154 related to the KSFCC debt service payments contributed by the Commonwealth. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and are recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the District-wide statement of activities and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. In addition, for the year ended June 30, 2019, total payments of \$420,564 for the items noted above were made by the Commonwealth on behalf of the District for the proprietary fund.

Note I--Retirement Plans

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS") covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous

Plan description--Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided--CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service of 65 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old AT least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components.

Contributions--Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required Contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

General Information About the Teachers' Retirement System

Plan description--Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the TRS - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov.

Benefits provided--For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Continued

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2008, will receive monthly benefits equal to the average of their top three salary years multiplied by a sliding scale rate from 1.7% up to 2.5% based on years of service up to 30 years. Beyond 30 years of service, the rate increases to 3.0%.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions--Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System.

The Commonwealth, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability \$ 45,530,936

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability associated with the District

254,678,297

\$ 300,209,233

Continued

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.747597% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$7,594,066 related to CERS and \$22,384,165 related to TRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$20,006,373 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 1,485,092 4,449,697	\$ 666,477
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences	2,117,222	2,663,164
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	856,001	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,113,580	
Total	\$ 12,021,592	\$ 3,329,641

An amount of \$3,113,580 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:		
2019	\$4,092,919	
2020	2,149,407	
2021	(419,583)	
2022	(244,372)	

Actuarial assumptions--The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	TRS
Inflation	3.25%	3.00%
Projected Salary increases	4.00%	3.50 - 7.30%
Investment rate of return, net of investment expense and inflation	7.50%	7.50%

For CERS, the mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

For TRS, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 set forward two years for males and one year for females.

For CERS, the long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the tables below.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	17.50%	4.87%
International Equity	17.50%	6.71%
Global Bonds	4.00%	1.20%
Credit Fixed	24.00%	6.71%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.50%
Real Estate	5.00%	9.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	5.00%
Real Return	10.00%	7.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.50%
Total	100.0%	

For TRS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2011 through 2015, is outlined in a report dated November 19, 2016. the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	4.20%
International Equity	22.00%	5.20%
Fixed Income	15.00%	1.20%
Additional Categories*	8.00%	3.30%
Real Estate	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	7.00%	6.30%
Cash	2.00%	0.90%
Total	100.0%	

^{*} Includes High Yield, Non-US Development Bonds and Private Credit Strategies

Discount rate--For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 7.50%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates, adjusted by 95%, for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The change in the discount rate from the 4.49% used in 2017 disclosure reports is considered a change in actuarial assumptions or other inputs under GASB 68.

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS District's proportionate share	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
of net pension liability	\$ 57,319,733	\$ 45,530,936	\$35,654,827
TRS District's proportionate share	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
of net pension liability	-	-	-

Pension plan fiduciary net position--Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS.

Note J--Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS") covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

County Employee Retirement System Non-Hazardous OPEB Plan

Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are provided OPEBs through CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth. The plan provides health insurance benefits to plan members. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from https://kyret.ky.gov.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the CERS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645 requires CERS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The CERS Non-hazardous Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") plans for members that cover all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of any state department, board, agency, county, city, school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate. The plans provide for health insurance benefits to plan members. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions.

Benefits provided--CERS health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The CERS Non-hazardous Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. For medical insurance purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Medical Benefit	Before July 1, 2003 Based on yrs of service and type of service KRS pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate
	Participation date	July 1, 2003 - August 31, 2008 At least 10 years of service
	Medical Benefit	\$10 per month for each year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount; adjusted annually
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 At least 15 years of service
	Medical Benefit	\$10 per month for each year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount; adjusted by 1.5% annually
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Medical Benefit	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 At least 15 years of service \$10 per month for each year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount; adjusted by 1.5% annually

Contributions - Required contributions by the employee are based on the following tier:

	Required Contribution
Tier 1	None
Tier 2	1%
Tier 3	1%

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2019, the Kenton County School District reported a liability of \$13,273,046 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.747575 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability was \$13,273,046 for employees participating in CERS as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,563,765. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	0	Deferred outflows of Resources	Ī	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience			\$	1,546,797
Changes of assumptions	\$	2,650,824		30,667
Net difference between projected and actual				044050
earnings on pension plan investments				914,252
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate		105.040		07.600
share of contributions		185,040		27,632
District contributions subsequent to the		4 000 007		
measurement date		1,002,807		
Total	\$	3,838,671	\$	2,519,348

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$1,002,807 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:			
	2019	\$	75,698
	2020		75,698
	2021		75,698
	2022		253,262
	2023		(86,941)
-	Thereafter		(76,901)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Discount Rate	5.85%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.62%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Projected Salary increases	4.00%
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets
	and the expected actuarial value of the assets is recognized
Healthcare trend rates:	
Under 65	7.50% at 1/1/2019 decreasing to 5.0%
	over a period of 5 years
Ages 65 and Older	5.50% at 1/1/2019 decreasing to 5.0%
	over a period of 2 years
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with
	Scale BB (set back 1 year for females)

Discount rate--For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.85%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 7.50%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of CERS proportionate share of net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS discount rate District's proportionate share	4.85%	5.85%	6.85%
of net OPEB liability	\$ 17,239,558	\$13,273,046	\$ 9,894,302

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Health Care Trend		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 9,881,914	\$13,273,046	\$17,270,213

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS financial report.

Teachers' Retirement System OPEB Plan

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS")—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The State reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2019, the Kenton County School District reported a liability of \$34,698,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 1.000033 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the TRS OPEB liability	\$ 34,698,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the TRS net	
OPEB liability associated with the District	29,903,000
	\$ 64,601,000

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability was \$34,698,000 for employees participating in TRS as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,628,822 and revenue of \$1,535,172 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions	\$ 477,000	\$ 1,777,000
Net difference between projected and actual	φ <i>477</i> ,000	
earnings on OPEB plan investments		141,000
Changes in proportion and differences		
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the		764,000
measurement date	1,916,935	
Total	\$ 2,393,935	\$ 2,682,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$1,916,935 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

	Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (1	32,000)
2020	•	32,000)
2022	•	32,000)
2023	•	68,000)
2024	(3	(000,08
Thereafter	(1	61,000)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Discount Rate	8.00%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Projected Salary increases	3.50% - 7.20%
Healthcare trend rates:	
Under 65	7.75% for FY 2018 decreasing to 5.0% by FY 2024
Ages 65 and Older	5.75% for FY 2018 decreasing to 5.0% by FY 2021
Medicare Part B Premiums	0.00% for FY 2018 increasing to 5.00% by FY 2030
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2025 with
-	Scale BB (set forward 2 years for males and 1 year for females)

TRS mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement. The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2016 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.6%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.2%
Real Estate	5.5%	3.8%
Private Equity	6.5%	6.3%
Cash	1.0%	0.9%
Other Categories	20.0%	3.3%
Total	100.0%	

Continued

Discount rate — For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 8.0%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
TRS Discount Rate	7.00%	8.00%	9.00%
District's proportionate share	7.00 /0	0.0070	9.00 /0
of net OPEB liability	\$ 40,689,000	\$34,698,000	\$29,708,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Health Care Trend				
	1% Decrease Rate		1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability	\$ 28,772,000	\$34,698,000	\$42,010,000		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position--Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS financial report.

TRS Life Insurance Plan

TRS administers a Life Insurance Plan for eligible active and retired members per Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655. The TRS Life Insurance Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. The plan is entirely funded by the state. Changes to the Plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefit provided – The TRS Life Insurance Plan provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 payable for members who retire based on service or disability. Active members may receive a \$2,000 lump sum payable. The benefit is payable to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – Three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross payroll of participating members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2019, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

State's proportionate share of the OPEB liability - Life Insurance \$ 513,000

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability - Life Insurance - \$ 513,000

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized revenue of \$17,814 for support provided by the state. At June 30, 2019 the District did not have any net OPEB liability, deferred outflows or deferred inflows related to the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance Benefits.

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment Rate of Return	7.50%, net of OPEB Plan Investment Expensional inflation		
Projected Salary Increases	3.50 - 7.20%, including inflation		
Inflation Rate	3.00%		
Real wage growth	0.50%		
Wage Inflation	3.50%		
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%		
Discount Rate	7.50%		
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%, net of OPEB Plan Investment Expense, including inflation		

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2015 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS' investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long- Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	4.20%
International Equity	23.00%	5.20%
Fixed Income	18.00%	1.20%
Real Estate	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	5.00%	6.30%
Other Additional Categories	6.00%	3.30%
Cash	2.00%	0.90%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the State's total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Note K--Contingencies

Grant Fund Approval

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue the programs.

Note L--Insurance and Related Activities

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated, which includes workers' compensation insurance.

Note M--Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. The District purchases workers' compensation insurance from Kentucky Employers' Mutual Insurance Company. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note N--Deficit Operating/Fund Balances

There are no funds of the District that currently have a deficit fund balance.

Note O--COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

Note P--Transfer of Funds

The following transfers were made during the year.

Туре	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose		o Fund Purpose		Amount
Operating	General	Special revenue	KETS General Fund Match	\$	271,437		
Operating	General	Debt service	Debt service		778,904		
Operating	Capital Outlay	Debt service	Debt service		241,205		
Operating	Capital Outlay	General Fund	Capital Funds Transfer		1,051,357		
Operating	Building	Debt service	Debt service		15,291,372		
Operating	Special Revenue	General Fund	Indirect Cost		63,474		
			Total	\$	17,697,749		

Note Q--Commitments

The Construction Fund cash balance at June 30, 2019 was \$ 1,792,972. The District has contract and materials purchase commitments on active construction projects in the following amounts:

Fort Wright Elementary School Renovation	\$ 1,433
Hinsdale Secure Vestibule	11,900
Scott High School Phases IV & V	1,239,649
Twenhofel Bus Garage - Phase I	10,456
School Security Enhancements	1,500
Total Construction Commitments	\$ 1,264,938

NOTE R--Recent GASB Pronouncements

Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, the objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements relating to debt. This statement was adopted during the current year. It did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

The GASB has issued several reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal year 2020 and later years' financial statements.

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments.

Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, addresses practice issue that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements.

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, the objective of which is to better meet the information needs financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments.

Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, the objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements related to debt.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, this Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources management focus. Thus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund.

Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, the primary objective of this statement is to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information of certain component units.

Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, the primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures.

The District is currently evaluating the impact that will result from adopting these GASB standards and is therefore unable to disclose the impact that adopting these standards will have on the District's financial position and the results of its operations when the standards are adopted.

Note S--Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, management of the District has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 14, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Budget and Actual General Fund

General Fund June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable			
		Original	Final	Actual	(L	ravorable Infavorable)
Revenues		.				,
From local sources						
Property taxes	\$	37,300,000	\$ 39,024,798	\$ 39,699,126	\$	674,328
Motor vehicle taxes		5,400,000	5,400,000	5,539,244		139,244
Utilities taxes		5,650,000	5,650,000	5,731,737		81,737
Tuition and fees		185,000	185,000	151,733		(33,267)
Earnings on investments		300,032	300,032	770,762		470,730
Other local revenues		1,126,500	1,126,500	1,443,441		316,941
State sources						
SEEK		43,241,861	43,549,473	44,442,124		892,651
On-behalf revenues				32,846,750		32,846,750
Restricted state revenues		511,500	511,500	508,736		(2,764)
Federal - indirect		250,000	 250,000	351,878		101,878
Total Revenues		93,964,893	95,997,303	131,485,531		35,488,228
Expenditures						
Instruction		56,978,754	56,453,451	78,371,458		(21,918,007)
Support services:		, ,	, ,	, ,		(, , , ,
Student		6,553,639	6,957,407	9,181,662		(2,224,255)
Instruction staff		2,721,269	2,956,728	3,969,502		(1,012,774)
District administration		2,339,104	2,240,589	2,156,199		84,390
School administration		6,902,924	7,050,471	9,767,912		(2,717,441)
Business		1,969,080	2,321,562	2,656,719		(335,157)
Plant operation and maintenance		12,194,875	12,999,541	13,718,069		(718,528)
Student transportation		8,460,847	8,988,945	10,945,862		(1,956,917)
Community service activities		2,718	2,718	50		2,668
Debt service		978,416	978,416	978,416		_,,
Contingency		9,672,041	11,431,575			11,431,575
Total Expenditures		108,773,667	112,381,403	131,745,849		(19,364,446)
Deficit of revenues over expenditures		(14,808,774)	(16,384,100)	(260,318)		(16,123,782)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets				39,217		39,217
Proceeds from Bond Sale (Leases)				1,736,350		1,736,350
Operating transfers in		1,381,166	1,276,148	1,299,420		23,272
Operating transfers out		(1,053,904)	(1,053,904)	(1,050,341)		3,563
Total Other Financing Sources		327,262	222,244	2,024,646		1,802,402
Net Change in Fund Balance		(14,481,512)	(16,161,856)	1,764,328		
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018				16,308,751		
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	(14,481,512)	\$ (16,161,856)	\$ 18,073,079		

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Other local revenues		\$ 119,939	\$ 80,421	\$ (39,518)
State sources				
Restricted state revenues	\$ 4,133,653	4,234,871	3,927,162	(307,709)
Federal - indirect	5,663,092	6,021,078	6,002,728	(18,350)
Total Revenues	9,796,745	10,375,888	10,010,311	(365,577)
Expenditures				
Instruction	6,833,252	7,506,931	7,698,224	(191,293)
Support services:				
Student	360,110	300,332	183,365	116,967
Instruction staff	1,057,267	1,161,743	1,095,014	66,729
School administration	323,430	61,312	50,927	10,385
Plant operation and maintenance		96,344	20,618	75,726
Student transportation			42,930	(42,930)
Community service activities	1,109,807	1,136,863	1,108,288	28,575
Education Specific	335,074	327,948	18,908	309,040
Total Expenditures	10,018,940	10,591,473	10,218,274	373,199
Deficit of revenues over expenditures				
expenditures	(222,195)	(215,585)	(207,963)	(7,622)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	275,000	271,437	271,437	
Operating transfers out	(52,805)	(55,852)	(63,474)	7,622
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	222,195	215,585	207,963	7,622
Net Change in Fund Balance				
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018				
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	\$	\$	

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability **County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous

Kenton County Board of Education June 30, 2019

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.7483600%	0.7137440%	0.7175922%	0.730802%	0.747597%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 24,280,000	\$ 30,687,590	\$ 35,331,499	\$ 42,776,088	\$ 45,530,936
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 16,656,667	\$ 16,968,535	\$ 17,847,065	\$ 18,445,837	\$ 19,064,764
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.801030%	59.970000%	55.500000%	53.300000%	53.540000%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

**Teachers Retirement System

Kenton County Board of Education

June 30, 2019

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
District's proportion of the net pension liability	None	None	None	None	None
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Commonwealth's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the District	1.9568%	1.9559%	1.9466%	1.9495%	1.9912%
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	\$ 402,114,109	\$ 455,140,342	\$ 574,248,216	\$ 526,022,122	\$ 254,678,297
Total	\$ 402,114,109	\$ 455,140,342	\$ 574,248,216	\$ 526,022,122	\$ 254,678,297
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 57,147,377	\$ 61,049,646	\$ 61,542,779	\$ 62,415,878	\$ 63,929,795
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	None	None	None	None	None
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of the District's covered payroll	703.64%	745.52%	933.09%	842.77%	398.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	45.5907%	55.3000%	54.6000%	39.8300%	59.3000%

Schedule of the District Contributions

**County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous

Kenton County Board of Education June 30, 2019

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Contractually required contributions	\$ 2,944,08	0 \$ 2,943,161	\$ 3,365,129	\$ 3,425,254	\$ 3,113,580
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	2,944,08	0 2,943,161	3,365,129	3,425,254	3,113,580
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 16,656,66	7 \$ 16,968,535	\$ 17,847,065	\$ 18,445,837	\$ 19,064,764
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	17.675	% 17.345%	18.855%	18.569%	16.332%

Schedule of the District Contributions

**Teachers Retirement System

Kenton County Board of Education

June 30, 2019

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,285,651	\$ 2,252,504	\$ 2,238,476	\$ 2,267,256	\$ 2,377,760
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	1,285,651	2,252,504	2,238,476	2,267,256	2,377,760
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 57,147,377	\$ 61,049,646	\$ 61,542,779	\$ 62,415,878	\$ 63,929,795
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	2.2497%	3.6896%	3.6373%	3.6325%	3.7193%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability **County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous

Kenton County School District

June 30, 2019

	2017-18		2018-19	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.730802%		0.747575%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	14,691,620	\$	13,273,046
District's covered employee payroll	\$	18,537,507	\$	19,064,764
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.40%		57.62%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability **Teachers Retirement System

Kenton County School District

June 30, 2019

	2017-18	2018-19
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	1.025238%	1.000033%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 36,558,000	\$ 34,698,000
Commonwealth's proportion of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	0.837475%	0.861820%
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	29,863,000	29,903,000
Total	\$ 66,421,000	\$ 64,601,000
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 62,415,878	\$ 63,929,795
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 36,558,000	\$ 34,698,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of the District's covered payroll	47.85%	46.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	21.18%	25.50%

Schedule of the District OPEB Contributions

**County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous

Kenton County School District

June 30, 2019

	2017-18		2018-19	
Contractually required contributions	\$	871,263	\$	1,002,807
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		871,263		1,002,807
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	18,537,507	\$	19,064,764
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		4.700%		5.260%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See Independent Auditors' Report

Schedule of the District OPEB Contributions **Teachers Retirement System

Kenton County School District

June 30, 2019

	2017-18	2018-19	
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,823,422	\$ 1,916,935	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	1,823,422	1,916,935	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 60,780,735	\$ 63,897,822	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3.0000%	3.0000%	





Kenton County School District Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

	Dixie	Dixie Heights High School		Scott High School	Sime	Simon Kenton High School	Kenton Acadeı Innovat Techn	Kenton County Academies of Innovation and Technology	Turk	Turkey Foot Middle School	Tw	Twenhofel Middle School	W _o	Woodland Middle School
Assets					1									
Cash	↔	84,972	↔	112,555	↔	299,288	↔	1,753	↔	46,866	↔	146,225	↔	30,160
Accounts Receivable		25		107						ĺ				
Total Assets	\$	84,997	↔	112,662	8	299,288	8	1,753 \$	⇔	46,866	↔	146,225	⇔	30,160
Liabilities														
Accounts Payable	↔	4,082	↔	522	↔	19,798					↔	5,209		
Due to Student Groups		80,915		112,140		279,490	↔	1,753	↔	46,866		141,016	↔	30,160
Total Liabilities	\$	84,997	↔	112,662	\$	299,288	↔	1,753	↔	46,866	↔	146,225	↔	30,160

Continued

Kenton County School District Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Continued June 30, 2019

	Sur	Summit View Academy	Northern Kentucky Youth Development Center		Beechgrove Elementary	J.A. Ele	J.A. Caywood Elementary	For	Fort Wright Elementary	E S	Kenton Elementary	Ele	Piner Elementary
Assets Cash	↔	99,801	\$ 324	\$	18,056	\$	11,862	↔	11,407	↔	21,314	↔	29,151
Accounts Receivable													
Total Assets	↔	99,801	\$ 324	↔	18,056	↔	11,862	↔	11,407	↔	\$ 21,314	↔	29,151
Liabilities													
Accounts Payable	↔	366								↔	09		
Due to Student Groups		99,435	\$ 324	⇔	18,056	S	11,862	↔	11,407		21,254	↔	29,151
Total Liabilities	¥	90 801	\$-	4	78 75 8	¥	11 862	¥	11 407	¥	21 2 10	¥	29 151

Kenton County School District Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Continued June 30, 2019

	R.C. F	R.C. Hinsdale	Riv	River Ridge	Rylar	Ryland Heights	_a I	Taylor Mill	White	White's Tower		+
Assets		Elementary		Elementary	<u> </u>	Elementary		Elementary		Elementary		lotals
Cash	↔	7,441	↔	29,969	⇔	60,778	↔	34,857	⇔	26,796	↔	1,073,575
Accounts Receivable												132
Total Assets	↔	7,441	↔	29,969	8	60,778	↔	34,857	s	26,796	ઝ	\$ 1,073,707
Liabilities												
Accounts Payable									↔	7	↔	30,044
Due to Student Groups	↔	7,441	s	29,969	↔	60,778	s	34,857		26,789		1,043,663
Total Liabilities	↔	7,441	S	29,969	↔	60,778	\$	34,857	8	26,796	\$	\$ 1,073,707

Kenton County School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Due To Student Groups - Activity Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Dixie High	Dixie Heights High School	Scott High School		Simon Kenton High School	Kenton County Academies of Innovation and Technology	Turke	Turkey Foot Middle School	Twenhofel Middle School	ofel chool	Woodland Middle School	ldle
Revenues from student activities	↔	346,683	\$ 320,874	4	711,915	\$ 6,531	6	183,661	\$ 21	213,683	\$ 86,642	242
Non-instructional expenses		355,273	309,436	ا ايو	723,110	7,011	Ì	189,796	18	188,750	85,882	882
Excess (deficit) of revenue over expenditures		(8,590)	11,438	<u>დ</u>	(11,195)	(480)		(6, 135)	Ø.	24,933	2	092
Due to student groups, June 30, 2018		89,505	100,702	[2 	290,685	2,233		53,001		116,083	29,400	00
Due to student groups, June 30, 2019	↔	80,915	80,915 \$ 112,140	⊕	279,490	\$ 1,753	₩	46,866	\$ 14	141,016	\$ 30,160	09

Kenton County School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Due To Student Groups - Activity Funds - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Sun	Summit View Academy	Northern Kentucky Youth Development Center	outh ent	Beec	Beechgrove Elementary	J.A. C Eler	J.A. Caywood Elementary		Fort Wright Elementary	K Eler	Kenton Elementary	Fler	Piner Elementary
Revenues from student activities	\$	256,132			\$	67,118	↔	49,469	\$	49,661	↔	57,195	↔	52,210
Non-instructional expenses		247,908 \$	€	22		70,308		47,332		46,559		57,331		51,117
Excess (deficit) of revenue over expenditures		8,224		(22)		(3,190)		2,137		3,102		(136)		1,093
Due to student groups, June 30, 2018		91,211		346		21,246		9,725		8,305		21,390		28,058
Due to student groups, June 30, 2019	ઝ	99,435 \$	↔	324	s	18,056	છ	11,862	↔	11,407	\$	21,254	↔	29,151

Kenton County School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Due To Student Groups - Activity Funds - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2019

	표 월	R.C. Hinsdale Elementary	Rive	River Ridge Elementary	Ryland Heights Elementary	∍ights tary	Taylor Mill Elementary	ا ا	White's Tower Elementary	Tower ntary	•	Totals
Revenues from student activities	↔	67,362	↔	101,367	\$ 10	100,211	\$ \$	39,192	∨	63,275		2,773,181
Non-instructional expenses		75,091		101,862	47	55,071	36	39,096		57,246		2,708,201
Excess (deficit) of revenue over expenditures		(7,729)		(495)	4	45,140		96		6,029		64,980
Due to student groups, June 30, 2018		15,170		30,464		15,638	3	34,761		20,760		978,683
Due to student groups, June 30, 2019	ઝ	7,441	↔	29,969	\$	60,778	\$ 37	34,857	↔	26,789	\$	\$ 1,043,663

Kenton County School District

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and Due To Student Groups Scott High School Year Ended June 30, 2019

Activity	Due To Student Group June 30, 2018	Recpt/JV	Disb/JV	Transfers, Net	Due To Student Group June 30, 2019
Academic Team	\$ 561	\$ 1,266	\$ (1,147)		\$ 680
Athletics	5,674	108,773	(101,130)	\$ 1,675	14,992
Athletics/Concession	1,675			(1,675)	
Awareness Acceptance Al.	10				10
Band (Marching Band)		37,169	(28,912)		8,257
Fastpitch/Softball	1,279	9,294	(7,575)		2,998
Boys Soccer	7,123		(6,070)		1,053
Volleyball	831	179	(490)	540	1,060
Girls Soccer	6,143	1,511	(7,329)		325
Boys Golf	1,148				1,148
Cross Country	2,082	10,674	(10,092)		2,664
Girls Golf	86	89	(160)		15
Girls Basketball	2,572	10,869	(11,011)	(540)	1,890
Swimming & Diving	2,019	7,031	(3,953)		5,097
Boys Tennis	877				877
Boys Track	1,005	1,576	(1,000)		1,581
Girls Tennis	96				96
Bowling	126				126
Girls Track	717	1,010	(700)		1,027
Dance Team	924		(222)		702
Archery	1,387	8,335	(9,722)		
Class of 2018	6,409		(6,409)		
Class of 2019	4,214	8,369	(13,623)	2,000	960
Class of 2020	1,513	19,108	(10,798)	1,500	11,323
Class of 2021	1,198	335	(205)	1,000	2,328
Class of 2022				500	500
CBI	539	3,375	(3,018)		896
College & Career Events		150	(121)		29
Creative Writing Club	564				564
Drama	3,169	12,958	(13,465)		2,662
Fund 21/Ath. Admissions		11,113	(11,113)		
Fund 21/Student Fees		12,062	(11,879)		183
Fund 21/Donations		150			150
Fund 21/Other Student Act.		293	(293)		
Fund 21/Ath. Other Activity		12,746	(12,746)		
Family Assistance	1,460	812	(284)	631	2,619
Fellowship Christian Students	14				14
Flower Fund	35	70	(77)		28
Forensics	574				574
French Honor Society	251			(251)	
German Club	98			(98)	
German National Honor Society	41	32	(66)	224	231
Janie Fund	631			(631)	
Key Club	2			(2)	
Junior Statesman	1,345	3,980	(2,524)		2,801
Math Club	15				15
Military Academy	110	464	(446)		128
National Art HS	580		(50)		530
National Honor Society	640		(579)	2	63
Field Trips	3,734		(749)		2,985
Scott Student Support	2,762	5,514	(13,462)	6,525	1,339
Scott Swimming Pool		4,370	(1,850)		2,520
SHS Scholarship Fund	22,871	13,508	(14,000)		22,379
SHS Teacher Scholarship	1,229			(1,229)	
NHHS	65	41	(63)	126	169
Science Club		100	. ,		100
Student Council	7,018	12,119	(1,745)	(10,000)	7,392
STLP	297	•	, , ,	(297)	•
Summer School	300			, ,	300
Teacher Support	2,689	1,429	(358)		3,760
Totals	\$ 100,702	\$ 320,874	\$ (309,436)	\$	\$ 112,140
			. , -/		

See Independent Auditors' Report

Kenton County School District

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and Due To Student Groups Dixie Heights High School Year Ended June 30, 2019

Activity	Due To Student Group June 30, 2018	D	aant/ IV	Disb/JV	Transf	ioro Not	Group	Student June 30,
Activity			ecpt/JV	 	Halisi	ers, Net		
Academic Team	\$ 1	\$	676	\$ (505)			\$	172
Admissions - Athletic			2,062	(2,062)				
AMC Competition			85	(166)	\$	81		
Art Club	307		79	(109)		150		427
Athletics, General	15,147		132,346	(132,524)				14,969
Band	33							33
BETA Club	987		540	(393)				1,134
Bowling Fund Raising	22							22
Boys Golf Fund Raising	2							2
Brandon Stamm Mem Scholarship			500	(500)				
CBI - Community Based Edu	96		367	(71)		(95)		297
Cheerleading Fund Raising	21			,		(,		21
Choir Club	195		1,748	(1,934)				9
Dixie's Big Give			454	(454)				· ·
Donations			100	(100)				
Dixie Scholars Club			2,844	(2,531)				313
Drama Club	5,219		12,279	(14,732)				2.766
Drug Free Club	11		165	(30)				146
	816		808					926
Faculty				(698)				
Faculty Flower Fund	123		257	(240)				140
FBLA Club	75		6,367	(6,442)				0
FEA Club	6		00 575	(00 550)				6
Fees			62,575	(62,550)				25
Football Fund Raising	26			/- \				26
Forensics Team	30		8,173	(7,920)				283
Gaming Club	9							9
German NHS	130			(56)				74
Girls BK Fund Raising	36							36
Girls Soccer Fund Raising	425							425
Ham Radio Tech Club	279							279
IMPACT Club	4,171							4,171
Janie Fund	199			(245)		46		
JC Ruf Scholarship	43							43
Jr Class Dance/Activities	14,836		23,665	(27,406)		300		11,395
Mock Trial Team			1,890	(1,832)				58
NHS Club	1,040		3,448	(2,484)				2,004
Odyssey of the Mind Team	343		210	(335)				218
Other Athletic Activities			21,475	(21,475)				
Other Dist/Stu Act Income			183	(183)				
Random Acts of Kindness			1,394	(1,253)				141
S.T.L.P. Club	697		,	(70)				627
Scott Scholarship			13,508	(13,508)				
Social Norms Club	104		,	(10,000)				104
Softball Fundraising	604							604
Spanish NHS	1,104		600	(320)				1,384
Sr Class Dance/Activities	2,428		17,705	(20,148)		540		525
Student Council	6,345		14,148	(14,662)		(780)		5,051
Student Enrichment	24,709		14,146	(13,931)		(196)		24,728
Volleyball Fund Raising	170		EEA	(4 445)		EO		170
Yearbook Club	2,413		551 1 225	(1,145)		50		1,869
Youth Service Center	6,303		1,335	 (2,259)		(96)		5,283
Totals	\$ 89,505	\$	346,683	\$ (355,273)	\$		\$	80,915

Kenton County School District

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and Due To Student Groups - Simon Kenton High School

Activity	Studen	• To t Group 0, 2018	Re	ecpt/JV		Disb/JV		sfers, let	Stud	Due To ent Group e 30, 2019
Academic Team	_		\$	1,100	\$	(1,260)	\$	160		
Art Club	\$	264		466		(475)		(20)	\$	235
Athletic		18,837		155,425		(164,130)		(563)		9,569
Spirit Shop		4,132		4,257		(3,062)		1,143		6,470
Bridge Club		1,137		622		(128)				1,631
Choir Club		857		7,868		(10,703)		1,978		
Junior Class of 2020		1,775		14		(31)				1,758
Soph Class of 2021		797		1,194		(1,949)				42
Fresh Class of 2022				13		(32)		19		
Class of 2019		1,325		43,418		(47,310)		2,568		1
Community Based Class		3,081		1,732		(1,985)				2,828
Community Based Transport		1,253								1,253
Deb Fehler Memorial		425				(229)				196
Drama Club		3,323		5,106		(6,519)		(804)		1,106
Field Trips		2,299		12,086		(11,692)		22		2,715
Fine Arts Support Fund		2,641				(1,115)				1,526
Fire Fund		27,100		105		(0.5)				27,100
First Priority		49		105 136		(98)		(35)		7 150
French Club Freshman Academy		7,430		3,015		(2,555)		(396)		7,494
Pioneer Pride		2,507		3,277		(2,825)		(380)		2,579
FBLA		52		2,659		(2,664)		(000)		47
Future Farmers of America		4,555		12,782		(15, 169)		(120)		2,048
Faculty Fund		4,260		1,339		(1,628)				3,971
Greenhouse		6,955		3,718		(1,687)		(2,000)		6,986
Nat'l Art Honor Society		12		143		(71)		(000)		84
NHS Rising Sun		1,761		3,137 4,000		(3,350) (1,000)		(320)		1,228 3,000
Science Club		212		1,185		(892)		(169)		336
Robert Roden Scholarship		400		1,100		(200)		(100)		200
Scholarship		16,013		1,400		(4,150)				13,263
Scott Scholarship		37,663		13,509		(10,933)				40,239
Strides for Stephanie		7,221				(4,000)				3,221
Homecoming		21,939		15,995		(7,166)		(419)		30,349
Spanish Club Summer School		94				(162)		(94)		1 170
Student Incentives		1,332 7,033		29,929		(162) (9,601)		(5,510)		1,170 21,851
AP Testing Fund		18,217		33,000		(1,497)		(15,000)		34,720
Yearbook		4,449		,		(250)		(20)		4,179
Youth Service Center		6,153		2,253		(3,845)		108		4,669
Archery Team		4,971		4,517		(8,149)		(1,320)		19
Baseball		6,771		35,216		(33,271)		(7,940)		776
Bass Fishing Team		2,239		4,275		(2,600)		(21)		3,914
Bowling Team Basketball - Boys		3,985 15,204		1,359 51,756		(1,588) (57,070)		(21) (3,120)		3,735 6,770
Basketball - Girls		4,786		17,420		(17,883)		300		4,623
Cheerleading		1,100		83,500		(82,844)		385		1,041
Cross Country		4,253		7,608		(7,151)		(1,420)		3,290
Dance Team		582		3,386		(1,657)				2,311
Football		8,003		41,188		(55,852)				(6,661)
Golf - Boys				2,281		(2,281)				
Golf - Girls		585		449		(575)				459
Hall of Fame Soccer - Boys		15,566 874				(23) (511)				15,543 363
Soccer - Girls		364		1,400		(1,583)				181
Softball		3,986		400		(2,313)		(20)		2,053
Swimming		166		5,216		(3,744)		(20)		1,618
Tennis - Boys & Girls		303		4,125		(3,788)		(20)		620
Adaptive Track		358		500		(546)				312
Track - Boys & Girls		136		9,033		(8,867)				302
Fund 21 - Admissions				600		(600)				
Fund 21-Ath Admissions Fund 21-Other Dist-Stu Ac				22,314 20,789		(22,314) (39,089)		18,300		
Fund 21-Other Ath Act				29,700		(44,448)		14,748		
Totals	\$	290,685	\$	711,915	\$	(723,110)	\$	<u>, </u>	\$	279,490
iotais	Ψ	230,000	Ψ	111,810	φ	(120, 110)	Ψ		Ψ	∠13,43U

See Independent Auditors' Report



KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Child Nutrition Cluster National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Food Commodities School Breakfast Program Summer Food Service Program	10.555 10.555 10.553	7750002 7750002 7760005 7740023		\$ 3,007,277 356,000 923,083 36,906
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				4,323,266
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture passed through Kentucky Department of Education				\$ 4,323,266
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A 84.010A	3100002 - 18 3100002 - 19		\$ 296,414 1,540,725
Program Total				1,837,139
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048 84.048	4621132 - 18 4621132 - 19		5,006
Program Total				135,991
Title I-State Agency Program for Neglected and Delinquent Children & Youth Title I-State Agency Program for Neglected and Delinquent Children & Youth	84.013 84.013	313D 313E		24,448 5,265

Continued

29,713

Program Total

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) Special Education Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.173A 84.173A 84.027A 84.027A	3800002 -18 3800002 -19 3810002 - 18 3810002 - 19		26,552 73,010 658,510 2,747,365
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				3,505,437
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A 84.367A 84.367A	3230002 - 17 3230002 - 18 3230002 - 19		1,693 26,158 380,525
Program Total				408,376
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	3300002 - 19		46,669
Program Total				46,669
Title IV Cluster Student Support & Academic Enrichment Grant (Part A) Student Support & Academic Enrichment Grant (Part A)	84.424A 84.424A	3420002 - 18 3420002 - 19		21,717
Program Total				39,402
Total U.S. Department of Education passed through Kentucky Department of Education				
Total Federal Expenditures			\$	\$ 10,325,993

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Independent Auditors' Report

Kenton County School District Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2019

Note A - Basis of Accounting

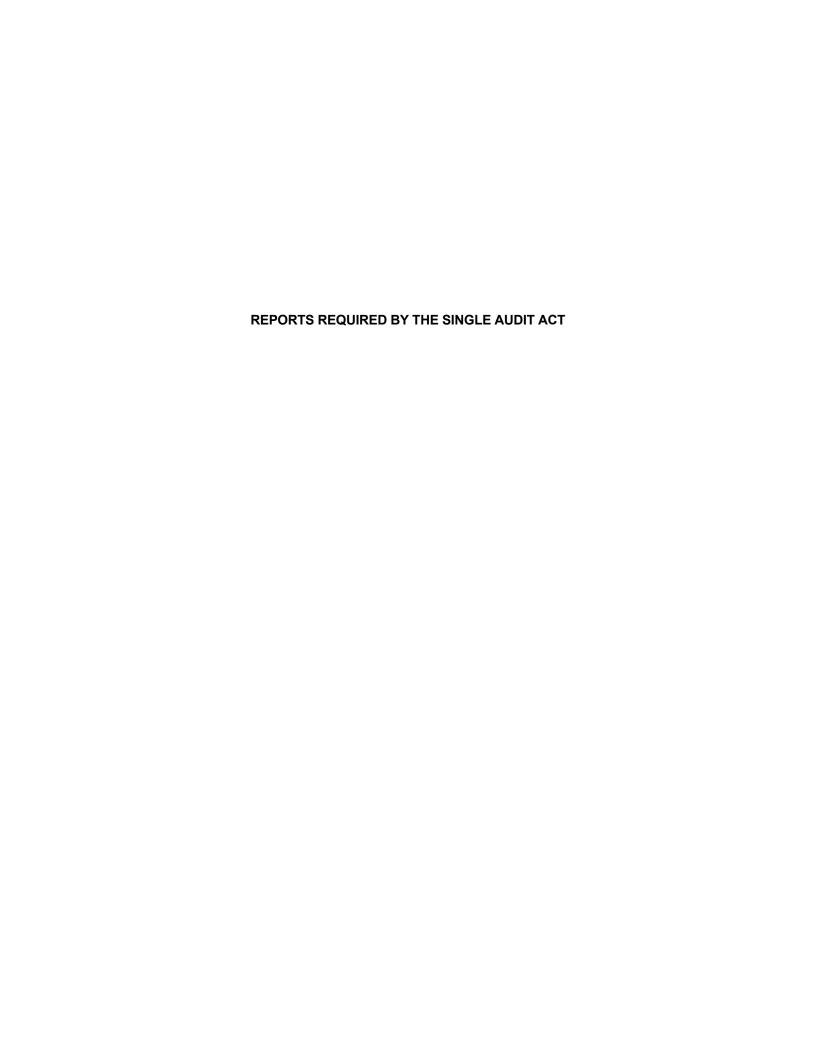
The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Kenton County School District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance").

Note B - Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 the District received \$356,000 in donated food commodities.

Note C - Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect costs rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial
Statements Performed In Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

Strothman and Company

Certified Public Accountants and Advisors 1600 Waterfront Plaza 325 West Main Street Louisville, KY 40202 502 585 1600



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Members of the Board Kenton County School District Fort Wright, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kenton County School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the District.

In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with specific statutes or regulations identified in the *Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Louisville, Kentucky November 14, 2019

Strothman and Company

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Strothman and Company

Certified Public Accountants and Advisors 1600 Waterfront Plaza 325 West Main Street Louisville, KY 40202 502 585 1600



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Members of the Board Kenton County School District Fort Wright, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Kenton County School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* (date August 2019) that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of audit results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and terms and conditions of the federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"); and the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Louisville, Kentucky November 14, 2019

Strothman and Company



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Kenton County School District

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Audit Results

- 1. The Independent Auditors' Report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Kenton County School District (the "District").
- 2. A significant deficiency relating to the audit of the financial statements was noted. No material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control relating to the audit of the major federal award program are reported.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal program of the District expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. There were no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance.
- 7. The program tested as major program is as follows:

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	
Child Nutrition Cluster	
National School Lunch Program	10.555
National School Lunch Program - Food Commodities	10.555
School Breakfast Program	10.553
Summer Food Service Program	10.559

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing Type A programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The District qualified to be audited as a low-risk auditee.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs--Continued

Kenton County School District

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II--Findings - Financial Statement Audit

Item 2019-1 - Data Encryption

Condition & Criteria: HIPAA (45 CFR 164.312(a)(2)(iv) and 45 CFR 164.312(e)(2)(ii)) require the encryption of student information when stored on disk, on tape, on USB drives, and on any non-volatile storage. This is called encryption of data at rest. Currently, student health information potentially rests on devices which are issued by the school and are not encrypted.

Cause: No school-issued devices are encrypted.

Effect: This is potentially a HIPAA violation and should be addressed.

Recommendation: We recommend that encryption software be selected and deployed on devices which might contain relevant HIPAA-protected data.

Management's Response: Management agrees with the recommendation regarding encryption of student health information stored on district-issued devices. The Technology Department has chosen the Microsoft Windows 10 data encryption system resident on all district-issued devices for this purpose. District employees have received direction to encrypt any and all files containing private data, including HIPAA-protected data, and specific directions on using the encryption system.

Section III--Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Program Audit

There are no findings or questioned costs related to the major federal program which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.



Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Kenton County School District

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II--Findings – Financial Statement Audit

There were no findings related to the financial statements which were required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III--Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Program Audit

There were no findings or questioned costs related to the major federal program which were required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

APPENDIX C

Kenton County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds Taxable Series 2020

Continuing Disclosure Agreement

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

Relating to:

\$7,690,000

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, TAXABLE SERIES 2020

Dated as of: September 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Pa	ge
RECITALS		•••	1
Section 1.	Definitions; Scope of this Agreement	•••	1
Section 2.	Disclosure of Information	4	4
Section 3.	Amendment or Waiver	´	7
Section 4.	Miscellaneous	8	8
Section 5.	Additional Disclosure Obligations	9	9
Section 6	Notices	(9

THIS CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is made and entered into as of September 30, 2020, between the Board of Education of the Kenton County School District (the "Board") and the Kenton County School District Finance Corporation (the "Issuer").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Issuer has issued or will issue its School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2020 in the original aggregate principal amount of \$______ (the "Bonds") pursuant to a Bond Resolution adopted August 3, 2020 (the "Bond Resolution") by the Issuer for the purpose of financing the costs of refunding a portion of the outstanding Kenton County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011, the proceeds of which were used to finance the construction of Phase II improvements at School High School (the "Project"); and

WHEREAS, the Bonds have been offered and sold pursuant to a Preliminary Official Statement, dated September 2, 2020 and an Official Statement, dated September 9, 2020 (the "Offering Document"); and ______ (the "Original Purchaser") has agreed to purchase the Bonds based on its competitive bid pursuant to the Issuer's Notice of Sale as to the Bonds; and

WHEREAS, the Board and the Issuer wish to provide for the disclosure of certain information concerning the Bonds, the Project and other matters on an on-going basis as set forth herein for the benefit of the Bondholders, as hereinafter defined, in accordance with the provisions of Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12, as amended from time to time (the "Rule"); and

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises and agreements made herein and in the Bond Resolution and the resolution of the Board adopted on August 3, 2020 (the "Board Resolution"), the receipt and sufficiency of which consideration is hereby mutually acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

SECTION 1. <u>Definitions; Scope of this Agreement.</u>

(A) All terms capitalized but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings assigned to those terms in the Bond Resolution, as amended and supplemented from time to time. The following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

"Annual Financial Information" shall mean a copy of the annual audited financial information prepared by the Board which shall include a balance sheet, a statement of revenue and expenditure and a statement of changes in fund balances. All such financial information shall be prepared using generally accepted accounting principles; provided, however, that the Board may change the accounting principles used for preparation of such financial information so long as the Board includes as information provided to the public, a statement in narrative form to the effect that different accounting principles are being used, stating the reason for such change and how to compare the financial information provided by the differing financial accounting principles. Any or all of the items listed above may be set forth in other documents, including Offering Documents of debt issues of the Issuer, the Board or related public entities, which have been transmitted to the MSRB, or may be included by specific reference to documents available to the public on the MSRB's Internet Website or filed with the SEC.

"Beneficial Owner" shall mean any person which has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, any Bonds (including persons holding Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries).

"Bondholders" shall mean any holder of the Bonds and any Beneficial Owner thereof.

"MSRB" shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

"Event" shall mean any of the following events with respect to the Bonds:

(i) Principal and interest payment delinquencies;

- (ii) Non-payment related defaults, if material;
- (iii) Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- (iv) Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- (v) Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- (vi) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax-exempt status of the security, or other material events affecting the tax-exempt status of the security;
- (vii) Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
- (viii) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers (except for mandatory scheduled redemptions not otherwise contingent upon the occurrence of the event);
- (ix) Defeasances;
- (x) Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material;
- (xi) Rating changes;
- (xii) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Obligated Person.
- (xiii) The consummation of a merger, consolidation or acquisition involving an Obligated Person, or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Obligated Person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- (xiv) Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- (xv) Incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer or Obligated Person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer or Obligated Person, any of which affect security holders, if material;
- (xvi) Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Issuer or Obligated Person, any of which reflect financial difficulties; and
- (xvii) The cure, in the manner provided under the Bond Resolution, of any payment or nonpayment related default under the Bond Resolution;

The SEC requires the listing of (i) through (xvi) although some of such events may not be applicable to the Bonds.

"Financial Obligation" shall mean (a) a debt obligation, (b) a derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation, or (c) a guarantee of either (a) or (b). The term Financial Obligation shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule

"Operating Data" shall mean an update of the Operating Data contained in the Offering Document under the headings "BOND DEBT SERVICE," "DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION," "LOCAL SUPPORT," and "SEEK ALLOTMENT".

"Participating Underwriter" shall mean any of the original underwriters of the Bonds required to comply with the Rule in connection with the offering of the Bonds.

"SEC" shall mean the Securities and Exchange Commission.

"State" shall mean the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

(B) This Agreement applies to the Bonds and any Additional Bonds issued under the Bond Resolution.

SECTION 2. Disclosure of Information.

- (A) <u>General Provisions</u>. This Agreement governs the Issuer's and the Board's obligations with respect to information to be made public.
- (B) <u>Information Provided to the Public</u>. Except to the extent this Agreement is modified or otherwise altered in accordance with Section 3 hereof, the Issuer and the Board shall make or cause to be made public the information set forth in subsections (1), (2), and (3) below:
 - (1) <u>Annual Financial Information and Operating Data</u>. Annual Financial Information and Operating Data at least annually not later than 270 days following the end of each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 and continuing with each fiscal year thereafter, for which the information is provided.
 - (2) <u>Events Notices</u>. Notice of the occurrence of an Event, in a timely manner, within ten business days of the occurrence of the Event.
 - (3) <u>Failure to Provide Annual Financial Information</u>. In a timely manner, notice of the failure of the Issuer or the Board to provide the Annual Financial Information and Operating Data by the date required herein.

(C) Information Provided to Public.

- (1) The Issuer and the Board shall make the following items public in accordance with subsection (D) of this Section 2 and within the time frame set forth in clause (3) below, :
 - (a) the Annual Financial Information and Operating Data;
 - (b) Event occurrences;
 - (c) the notices of failure to provide information which the Issuer and the Board have agreed to make public pursuant to subsection (B)(3) of this Section 2;
 - (d) such other information as the Issuer and the Board shall determine to make public . If the Issuer and the Board choose to include any information in any Annual Financial Information report or in any notice of occurrence of an Event, in addition to that which is specifically required by this Agreement, neither the Issuer nor the Board shall have any obligation under this Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Financial Information report or notice of occurrence of an Event; and
- (2) The information which the Issuer and the Board have agreed to make public shall be in the following form:
 - (a) as to all notices, reports and financial statements to be provided, in the form required by the Bond Resolution or other applicable document or agreement; and
 - (b) as to all other notices or reports, in such form as the Issuer and the Board shall deem suitable for the purpose of which such notice or report is given.

(D) Means of Making Information Public.

- (1) Information shall be deemed to be made public by the Issuer or the Board under this Section if it is transmitted to one or more of the following as provided in subsection (D)(2) of this Section 2:
 - (a) to the Bondholders of outstanding Bonds, by the method prescribed by the Bond Resolution;
 - (b) to the MSRB, in an electronic format as prescribed by the MSRB, accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB; and/or
 - (c) to the SEC, by (i) electronic facsimile transmissions confirmed by first class mail, postage prepaid, or (ii) first class mail, postage prepaid; provided that the Issuer is authorized to transmit information to a SEC by whatever means are mutually acceptable to the Issuer, the Board, and the SEC.
 - (2) Information shall be transmitted to the following:
 - (a) all Annual Financial Information and Operating Data shall be transmitted to the MSRB;
 - (b) notice of all Events and notice of a failure by the Issuer or the Board to provide Annual Financial Information on or before the date specified in Section 2(B)(1) hereof shall be transmitted to the MSRB; and
 - (c) all information described in clauses (a) and (b) shall be made available to any Bondholder upon request, but need not be transmitted to the Bondholders who do not so request.
 - (d) to the extent the Issuer or the Board is obligated to file any Annual Financial Information or Operating Data with the MSRB pursuant to this Agreement, such Annual Financial Information or Operating Data may be set forth in the document or set of documents transmitted to the MSRB, or may be included by specific reference to documents available to the public on the MSRB's Internet Website or filed with the SEC.
- SECTION 3. Amendment or Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Issuer and the Board may amend this Agreement and any provision of this Agreement may be waived, if such amendment or waiver is supported by an opinion of nationally recognized counsel expert in federal securities laws acceptable to the Issuer and the Board to the effect that such amendment or waiver would not, in and of itself, cause the undertakings herein to violate the Rule if such amendment or waiver had been effective on the date hereof but taking into account any subsequent change in or official interpretation of the Rule.

SECTION 4. Miscellaneous.

- (A) Representations. Each of the parties hereto represents and warrants to each other party that it has (i) duly authorized the execution and delivery of this Agreement by the officer of such party whose signature appears on the execution pages hereto, (ii) that it has all requisite power and authority to execute and deliver, and perform this Agreement under its organizational documents and any corporate resolutions now in effect, (iii) that the execution and delivery of this Agreement, and performance of the terms hereof, does not and will not violate any law, regulation, ruling, decision, order, indenture, decree, agreement or instrument by which such party is bound, and (iv) such party is not aware of any litigation or proceeding pending, or, to the best of such party's knowledge, threatened, contesting or questioning its existence, or its power and authority to enter into this Agreement, or its due authorization, execution and delivery of this Agreement, or otherwise contesting or questioning the issuance of the Bonds.
- (B) <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State; provided that, to the extent that the SEC, the MSRB or any other federal or state agency or regulatory

body with jurisdiction over the Bonds shall have promulgated any rule or regulation governing the subject matter hereof, this Agreement shall be interpreted and construed in a manner consistent therewith.

- (C) <u>Severability</u>. If any provision hereof shall be held invalid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions hereof shall survive and continue in full force and effect.
- (D) <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each and all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument.
- (E) <u>Termination</u>. This Agreement may be terminated by any party to this Agreement upon thirty days' written notice of termination delivered to the other party or parties to this Agreement; provided the termination of this Agreement is not effective until (i) the Issuer and the Board, or their successors, enter into a new continuing disclosure agreement and agree to continue to provide, to the MSRB and the Bondholders of the Bonds, all information required to be communicated pursuant to the rules promulgated by the SEC or the MSRB, (ii) nationally recognized bond counsel or counsel expert in federal securities laws provides an opinion that the new continuing disclosure agreement is in compliance with all State and Federal Securities laws and (iii) notice of the termination of this Agreement is provided to the MSRB.

This Agreement shall terminate when all of the Bonds are or are deemed to be no longer outstanding by reason of redemption or defeasance or at maturity.

(F) <u>Defaults: Remedies</u>. A party shall be in default of its obligations hereunder if it fails to carry out or perform its obligations hereunder.

If a default occurs and continues beyond a period of thirty (30) days following notice of default given in writing to such defaulting party by any other party hereto or by a beneficiary hereof as identified in Section 4(G), the non-defaulting party or any such beneficiary may (and, at the request of the Original Purchaser or the holders of at least 25% aggregate principal amount of Outstanding Bonds, shall) take such action as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandamus or specific performance by court order, to compel performance hereunder. A default under this Agreement shall not be deemed an Event of Default under the Bond Resolution, and the sole remedy under this Agreement in the event of any failure to comply with this Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

- (G) <u>Beneficiaries</u>. This Agreement is entered into by the parties hereof and shall inure solely to the benefit of the Issuer, the Board, the original purchaser of the Bonds, and Bondholders and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.
- SECTION 5. <u>Additional Disclosure Obligations</u>. The Issuer and the Board acknowledge and understand that other state and federal laws, including but not limited to the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder, may apply to the Issuer and the Board, and that under some circumstances compliance with this Agreement, without additional disclosures or other action, may not fully discharge all duties and obligations of the Issuer or the Board under such laws.

SECTION 6. <u>Notices</u>. Any notices or communications to or among any of the parties to this Agreement may be given as follows:

To the Issuer: Kenton County School District Finance Corporation

1055 Eaton Drive

Fort Wright, Kentucky 41017

Attention: Secretary

Telephone: 859-344-8888 Fax: 859-344-1531

To the Board: Board of Education of Kenton County School District

1055 Eaton Drive

Fort Wright, Kentucky 41017

Attention: Secretary Telephone: 859-344-8888

Fax: 859-344-1531

Any person may, by written notice to the other persons listed above, designate a different address or telephone number(s) to which subsequent notices or communications should be sent.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Issuer and the Board have each caused their duly authorized officers to execute this Agreement, as of the date first written above.

	KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL
	DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION, Issuer
	,
	By:
	President
Attest:	
Secretary	
	BOARD OF EDUCATION OF KENTON
	INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
	INDEFERRITION DISTRICT
	By:
	Chairperson
Attest:	
Secretary	

APPENDIX D

Kenton County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds Taxable Series 2020

Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale

OFFICIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF BOND SALE

\$7,690,000*

Kenton County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2020 Dated September 30, 2020

SALE: Wednesday, September 9, 2020 at 11:00 A.M., E.T.

As advertised in The Bond Buyer, published in New York, New York, the Courier-Journal, published in Louisville, Kentucky and The Kentucky Enquirer, published in Covington, Kentucky, the Secretary of the Kenton County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") will until September 9, 2020, at the hours of 11:00 A.M., at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction, 700 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601, receive sealed competitive bids for the revenue refunding bonds (the "Bonds") herein described. To be considered, Bids must be submitted on an Official Bid Form and must be delivered to the Secretary at the address indicated on the date of sale no later than the hour indicated. Bids will be opened by the Secretary and may be accepted without further action by the Corporation's Board of Directors.

*Subject to Permitted Adjustment increasing or decreasing the Bonds by up to \$770,000.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY, PURPOSE OF ISSUE AND SECURITY

The Bonds are authorized pursuant to KRS 162.120 through 162.300, 162.385 and KRS 58.180 and are issued in accordance with a Resolution of the Corporation's Board of Directors. Said Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation payable from rental revenues derived by the Corporation from the Board under the Lease identified below.

The Bonds are being issued to finance the cost of refunding the outstanding Kenton County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 (the "Refunded Prior Bonds"), the proceeds of which were used to finance the construction of Phase II improvements at School High School (the "Project") and are secured by a statutory mortgage lien upon and a pledge of the revenues from the rental of the school buildings to the Board under a Contract, Lease and Option (the "Lease,") on a year to year basis; the first rental period ending June 20, 2021. The statutory mortgage lien securing the Bonds is limited in its application to the exact site of the Project, real estate unoccupied by the Project is unencumbered. The Board has reserved the right to obtain the release of the statutory mortgage lien and revenue pledge on the site of the Project by effecting the redemption or defeasance of the proportionate part of the Bonds then outstanding as was expended on the site being released. Should the Board default in its obligations under the Lease or fail to renew the Lease, the Registered Owners of the Bonds have the right to have a receiver appointed to administer the Project under KRS 162.220; foreclosure and sale are not available as remedies.

The rental of the Project from the Corporation to the Board is to be effected under the Lease, whereunder the Project is leased to the Board for initial period ending June 20, 2021, with an option in the Board to renew the Lease each year at rentals sufficient to provide for the principal and interest requirements on the Bonds as they become due, plus the cost of insurance, maintenance, depreciation, and bond issuance and administration expenses; the Board is legally obligated only for the initial rental periods and for one year at a time thereafter each time the Leases are renewed.

ADDITIONAL PARITY BONDS FOR COMPLETION OF PROJECTS

The Corporation has reserved the right and privilege of issuing additional bonds from time to time payable from the income and revenues of said Project and secured by the same statutory mortgage liens and pledges of revenues, but only if and to the extent the issuance of such additional parity bonds may be necessary to pay the costs, for which funds are not otherwise available, of completing the construction of said Project in accordance with the plans and specifications of the architect in charge of said Project, which plans have been completed, approved by the Board, State Department of Education, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Corporation.

BOND MATURITIES, PRIOR REDEMPTION PROVISIONS AND PAYING AGENT

The Bonds shall be in denominations in multiples of \$5,000 within the same maturity, bear interest from September 30, 2020, payable on November 1, 2020 and semiannually thereafter and shall mature as to principal on May 1 in each of the years as follows:

MATURITY	AMOUNT*	MATURITY	AMOUNT*
May 1, 2021	\$ 385,000	May 1, 2027	\$ 950,000
May 1, 2022	305,000	May 1, 2028	985,000
May 1, 2023	135,000	May 1, 2029	990,000
May 1, 2024	145,000	May 1, 2030	1,020,000
May 1, 2025	775,000	May 1, 2031	1,070,000
May 1, 2026	930,000	•	

*Subject to Permitted Adjustment of the amount of Bonds awarded of up to \$770,000 which may be applied in any or all maturities.

The Bonds maturing on or after May 1, 2028, are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturities on any date falling on or after May 1, 2027, in such order of maturities as the Corporation may determine (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent by regular United States Mail to the registered Owners of the Bonds so selected not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The Bonds are further subject to extraordinary optional redemption prior to their stated maturities on any date, in such order of maturities as the Corporation may determine (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, from the proceeds of casualty insurance received upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the buildings constituting the Project, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent by regular United States Mail to the registered Owners of the applicable series of Bonds so selected not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The Bonds are to be issued in fully registered form (both principal and interest). U.S. Bank National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to each Registered Owner of records of the 15th day of each month preceding the due date by regular United States Mail postmarked as of the interest due date. Principal shall be paid upon submission of matured Bond Certificates to the Paying Agent. Subsequent to the initial delivery of the Bonds, upon the submission of proper authentication, the Bond Registrar shall transfer ownership of Bonds within three (3) business days of receipt without expense to the Registered Owner.

FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Corporation shall provide to the successful purchaser a Final Official Statement. Arrangements have been made with the printer of the Preliminary Official Statement, upon submission of completion text, to print a reasonable quantity of Final Official Statements in sufficient time to meet the delivery requirements of the successful bidder under SEC or Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board delivery requirements. The successful bidder shall be required to pay for the printing of the Final Official Statement.

BOND MATURITIES, PRIOR REDEMPTION PROVISIONS AND PAYING AGENT

The Bonds will mature, have interest payment dates, be subject to redemption, have a Paying Agent and Registrar, be subject to the issuance of additional bonds and have other conditions and restrictions as set forth in the Preliminary Official Statement describing the Bonds. Reference is made to the Preliminary Official Statement for such information and for information regarding the District and the Corporation.

BIDDING CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

- Bids for each of the Bonds must be made on Official Bid Form, contained in the Official (A) Statement available from the undersigned or Ross, Sinclaire & Associates, LLC 325 West Main Street, Suite 300, Lexington, Kentucky 40507, enclosed in sealed envelopes marked "Bid for School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds." Bids may alternatively be submitted electronically via BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system. Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system. The use of the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system, potential bidders may contact BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM, 1359 Broadway - 2nd Floor, New York, NY 10018, Telephone: (800) 850-7422. Notwithstanding the foregoing non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.
- (B) The minimum bid for the Bonds shall be not less than \$7,613,100 (99.00% of par) nor more than \$8,459,000 (110% of par), plus accrued interest. Interest rates shall be in multiples of 1/8 or 1/100 of 1% or both. Only one interest rate shall be permitted per Bond series and all Bonds of the same maturity and series shall bear the same rate. There is no limit on the number of different interest rates.
- (C) The maximum permissible net interest cost for each of the Bonds shall not exceed "The Bond Buyer's" Index of 20 Municipal Bonds as established on the Thursday immediately preceding the sale of said bonds plus 1.50%.
- (D) The determination of the best purchase bid for the Bonds shall be made on the basis of all bids submitted for exactly \$7,690,000 principal amount of Bonds offered for sale hereunder; but the Corporation may adjust the principal amount of Bonds which may be awarded to such best bidder upward or downward by \$770,000 (the "Permitted Adjustment") to a minimum of \$6,920,000 or a maximum of \$8,460,000. In the event of such Permitted Adjustment, no rebidding or recalculation of a submitted bid will be required or permitted. The price of which such adjusted principal amount of Bonds will be sold will be the same price per \$1,000 of Bonds as the price per \$1,000 for the \$7,690,000 of Bonds bid.
- (E) If three or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will be required to certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing Wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, (ii) the initial offering price to the public as of the Sale Date of any Maturity of the Bonds, and (iii) that they neither offered nor sold any of the Bonds of any Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the initial offering price for such Maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the winning bidder shall advise the Corporation on the Sale Date if any maturity of the Bonds satisfies the 10% test set forth in (i) above as of the date and time of the award of the Bonds.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

- (i) Holding Period means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.
- (ii) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.
- (iii) *Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.
- (iv) Sale Date means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is September 9, 2020.
- (v) Underwriter means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).
- (E) CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Bonds at the expense of the Corporation. The purchaser shall pay the CUSIP Service Bureau Charge and the cost of printing the Final Official Statement. Improper imprintation or the failure to imprint CUSIP numbers shall not constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchasers to accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds in accordance with the terms of any accepted proposals for the purchase of the Bonds.
- (F) The Corporation shall provide to the successful purchasers a Final Official Statement in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12, as amended. Arrangements have been made with the printer of the Preliminary Official Statement, upon submission of completion text, to print a reasonable quantity of Final Official Statements in sufficient time to meet the delivery requirements of the successful bidder under SEC or Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board Delivery Requirements. The successful bidders shall be required to pay for the printing of the Final Official Statement.
- (G) Bids need not be accompanied by a certified or bank cashier's good faith check, but the successful bidders will be required to wire transfer to the order of the Corporation an amount equal to 2% of the amount of the principal amount of the Bonds awarded by the close of business on the day following the award. Said good faith amount will be forfeited as liquidated damages in the event of a failure of the successful bidder to take delivery of such Bonds, as the case may be, when ready. The good faith amounts (without interest) will be applied to the purchase price upon delivery of the Bonds. The successful bidders shall not be required to take up and pay for said Bonds, as the case may be, unless delivery is made within 45 days from the date the bid is accepted.
- (H) The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. They will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee). One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds of each series, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC. Purchases of the Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations (the "Direct Participants"), which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond (a "Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the records of Direct Participants or securities brokers and dealers, banks, and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant (the "Indirect Participants"). Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but

Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

- (I) The Corporation reserves the right to reject any and all bids or to waive any informality in any bid. The Bonds are offered for sale subject to the principal and interest not being subject to Federal or Kentucky income taxation or Kentucky ad valorem taxation on the date of their delivery to the successful bidders, in accordance with the Final Approving Legal Opinion of Dinsmore & Shohl LLP, Covington, Kentucky, which Opinions will be qualified in accordance with the section hereof on TAX TREATMENT.
- (J) The successful purchaser may require that a portion of the Bonds be term bonds maturing on one or more dates (the "Bonds"); provided, however, that the Term Bonds shall be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption by lot at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption on May 1 of the years and in the principal amounts set forth in the final adjusted maturity schedule as seen on page 2 of the successful bid.
- (K) Prospective bidders are advised that Ross, Sinclaire & Associates, LLC has been employed as Financial Advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. Ross, Sinclaire & Associates, LLC's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. Bidders may submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds at the time of the advertised public sale, either individually or as a member of a syndicate organized to submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds.
- (L) As required by the Code, purchasers of the Bonds will be required to certify to the Corporation as to certain of their activities regarding any reoffering to the public of the Bonds, including any reoffering prices.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12, as amended (the "Rule") the Board and the Corporation (the "Obligated Persons") will agree pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Agreements to be dated as of date of initial issuance and delivery (the "Disclosure Agreement"), with Ross, Sinclaire & Associates, LLC, as disclosure agent (the "Disclosure Agent"), to be delivered on the respective date of delivery of the Bonds, to cause the following information to be provided through the Disclosure Agent:

- (a) to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB") or any successor thereto for purposes of the Rule, through the continuing disclosure service portal provided by the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system as described in 1934 Act Release No. 59062, or any similar system that is acceptable to the Securities and Exchange Commission, certain annual financial information and operating data, including audited financial statements, generally consistent with the information contained under the headings "Bond Debt Service", "Local Support"-Local Tax Rates, -Property Assessments and Revenue Collections, -District's Largest Taxpayers, -Overlapping Bond Indebtedness", "SEEK Allotment" and in Appendix B of this Official Statement (the "Annual Financial Information"); such information shall include, at a minimum, that financial information and operating data which is customarily prepared by the Obligated Persons and is publicly available. The annual financial information shall be provided on or before the 270th day following the fiscal year ending on the preceding June 30;
- (b) to the MSRB, in a timely manner, not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event, notice of the occurrence of the following events with respect to the Bonds:
 - (i) Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - (ii) Non-payment related defaults, if material;
 - (iii) Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;

- (iv) Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- (v) Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- (vi) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security, or other material events affecting the tax-exempt status of the security;
- (vii) Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
- (viii) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers (except for mandatory scheduled redemptions not otherwise contingent upon the occurrence of an event);
- (ix) Defeasances;
- (x) Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material;
- (xi) Rating changes;
- (xii) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person (Note: For the purposes of this event, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: The appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an obligated person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person);
- (xiii) The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; and
- (xiv) Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material.
- (xv) Incurrence of a financial obligation of the Corporation or Obligated Person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the issuer or Obligated Person, any of which affect security holders, if material:
- (xvi) Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the issuer or Obligated Person, any of which reflect financial difficulties; and
- (vii) The cure, in the manner provided under the Bond Resolution, of any payment or nonpayment related default under the Bond Resolution.
- (c) to the MSRB, notice of a failure (of which the Obligated Persons have knowledge) of an Obligated Person to provide the required Annual Financial Information on or before the date specified in the Disclosure Agreement.

The Disclosure Agreements provide bondholders, including beneficial owners of the Bonds, with certain enforcement rights in the event of a failure by the Obligated Persons to comply with the terms thereof; however, a default under a Disclosure Agreement does not constitute an event of default under the Bond Resolution. The Disclosure Agreements may also be amended or terminated under certain circumstances in accordance with the Rule as more fully described therein. Bondholders are advised that the Disclosure Agreements, the form of which is attached to the Official Statement as Appendix C, should be read in its entirety for more complete information regarding its contents.

For purposes of this transaction with respect to material events as defined under the Rule:

- (a) there are no debt service reserve funds applicable to the Bonds;
- (b) there are no credit enhancements applicable to the Bonds; and
- (c) there are no liquidity providers applicable to the Bonds.

The Board adopted procedures in 2015 to assure timely and complete filings with regard to the Rule in order to provide required financial reports and operating data or notices of material events.

TAX TREATMENT

In the opinion of Bond Counsel for the Bonds, based upon an analysis of existing laws, regulations, rulings, and court decisions, interest on the Bonds will be includable in gross income for Federal and Kentucky income tax purposes. Bond Counsel for the Bonds is of the opinion that Bonds are exempt from ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and any of its political subdivisions.

The Corporation has not designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" with respect to certain financial institutions under Section 265 of the Code.

A copy of the opinion of Bond Counsel for the Bonds is set forth in Appendix D, attached hereto.

General

The following is a summary of the principal federal income tax consequences relating to the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the Bonds for certain U.S. Holders (as defined below). It does not provide a complete analysis of all potential tax considerations relating to the acquisition, ownership, and disposition of the Bonds. This summary is based on the tax laws of the United States, including the current provisions of the Code, its legislative history, current final, temporary and proposed Treasury regulations thereunder, published rulings and pronouncements of the IRS and court decisions, all as currently in effect and all of which are subject to change at any time, possibly with retroactive effect, so as to result in federal income tax consequences different from those described below. There can be no assurance that the IRS will not take a contrary view or that a court would not sustain a contrary view, and no ruling from the IRS has been, or is expected to be, sought on the issues discussed herein. Legislative, judicial, or administrative changes or interpretations may occur that could alter or modify the statements and conclusions set forth herein. Any such changes or interpretations may or may not be retroactive and could affect the tax consequences discussed below.

EACH PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON THE PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR. THIS SUMMARY DOES NOT ADDRESS FEDERAL GIFT, GENERATION SKIPPING, OR ESTATE TAX CONSEQUENCES OR ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM, FOREIGN, STATE, LOCAL, OR OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES, NOR DOES THIS SUMMARY ADDRESS FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES FOR BONDHOLDERS OTHER THAN U.S. HOLDERS (AS DEFINED BELOW). EACH PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER CONSIDERING THE PURCHASE OF BONDS SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISOR CONCERNING THESE MATTERS AND CONCERNING THE TAX TREATMENT OF BONDS UNDER STATE AND LOCAL TAX LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The following summary deals only with Bonds held as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code (generally assets that are held for investment rather than as inventory or as property used in a trade

or business) and not with special classes of holders, such as dealers in securities or currencies, financial institutions, insurance companies, S corporations, grantor trusts, certain former citizens or residents of the United States, traders in securities that elect to use a mark-to-market method of accounting for their securities holdings, dealers, persons holding Bonds as part of a hedging transaction, straddle, conversion transaction, synthetic security transaction, or other risk reduction or integrated transaction, persons whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, persons who acquire the Bonds in connection with their employment or other performance of services, tax-exempt persons, mutual funds, small business investment companies, real estate mortgage investment conduits, or real estate investment trusts.

If a partnership (or other entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes) acquires Bonds, the federal income tax treatment of a partner generally will depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. A partnership holding Bonds, and partners in such a partnership, should consult its and their own tax advisors with regard to the federal income tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership, and disposition of the Bonds by the partnership.

The federal income tax discussion that appears below is included in this Official Statement for the general information of a prospective purchaser. Some or all of the discussion may not apply to a particular purchaser depending upon the particular situation of that purchaser. Each prospective purchaser should consult its own tax advisor concerning the tax consequences to such purchaser of owning and disposing of the Bonds, including the tax consequences under state, local, and other tax laws and the possible effects of changes in federal or other tax laws

As used in this Official Statement, the term "U.S. Holder" means a beneficial owner of a Bond that is, for federal income tax purposes (a) a citizen or resident of the United States for federal income tax purposes; (b) a corporation (or other entity treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes) created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any of the states thereof or the District of Columbia; (c) an estate, the income of which is includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes regardless of its source; (d) a trust that is subject to the supervision of a court within the United States and one or more United States persons as described in Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code has the authority to control all of the substantial decisions with respect to such trust; or (e) certain trusts with a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury regulations to be treated as a United States person within the meaning of the Code.

Notwithstanding the rules described below, it should be noted that, under law enacted in December 2017 that is effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2018 in the case of original issue discount, certain taxpayers that are required to prepare certified financial statements or file financial statements with certain regulatory or governmental agencies may be required to recognize income, gain, and loss with respect to the Bonds at the time that such income, gain, or loss is recognized on such financial statements instead of under the rules described below. However, recently proposed regulations permit a taxpayer to apply the rules described below rather than the applicable financial statement regime as long as the taxpayer consistently applies all the rules of the proposed regulation to all items of income during the taxable year.

BECAUSE INDIVIDUAL CIRCUMSTANCES MAY DIFFER, PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS AND BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE BONDS ARE STRONGLY URGED TO CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS WITH RESPECT TO THEIR PARTICULAR TAX SITUATIONS AND AS TO ANY FEDERAL, FOREIGN, STATE, LOCAL, OR OTHER TAX CONSIDERATIONS (INCLUDING ANY POSSIBLE CHANGES IN TAX LAW) AFFECTING THE ACQUISITION, OWNERSHIP, AND DISPOSITION OF THE BONDS.

Tax Status of the Bonds

The Bonds are taxable debt instruments for federal income tax purposes. As such, interest on the Bonds is not excludible from the gross income of Bondholders under Section 103 of the Code and will be fully subject to federal income taxation.

Interest

Interest on the Bonds will be taxable to a Bondholder as ordinary interest income. A Bondholder using the accrual method of accounting for federal income tax purposes generally must include such interest in income as the interest accrues, while a Bondholder using the cash receipts and disbursements method of accounting generally must include such interest in income when payments are actually or constructively received. There is an exception if the Bondholder makes a constant yield election ("Constant Yield Election") and for original issue discount.

KENTON COUNTY SCHOOL
DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

By:	/s/	
	Secretary	

APPENDIX E

Kenton County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds Taxable Series 2020

Official Bid Form

OFFICIAL BID FORM

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale for \$7,690,000 of School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds, Taxable Series 2020, dated date of initial issuance and delivery (the "Bonds") offered for sale by the Kenton County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation"), an agency and instrumentality acting on behalf of the Board of Education of the Kenton County School District and in accordance with the Notice of Bond Sale, as advertised in The Courier-Journal, published in Louisville, Kentucky and the Kentucky Enquirer, published in Covington, Kentucky, to all of which the undersigned agrees, the undersigned hereby submits the following offer to purchase said Bonds.

We hereby bid for said \$7,690,000 principal amount of the Bonds, the total sum of \$_____ (not less than \$7,613,100 nor more than \$8,459,000) plus accrued interest from September 9, 2020, at the following annual rate(s), payable semiannually (rates on ascending scale, number of interest rates unlimited):

MATURITY	<u>AMOUNT</u>	RATE	MATURITY	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>RATE</u>
May 1, 2021	\$ 385,000		May 1, 2027	\$ 950,000	
May 1, 2022	305,000	<u></u>	May 1, 2028	985,000	<u></u>
May 1, 2023	135,000	_%	May 1, 2029	990,000	<u></u>
May 1, 2024	145,000	%	May 1, 2030	1,020,000	
May 1, 2025	775,000	%	May 1, 2031	1,070,000	%
May 1, 2026	930,000	%	•		

^{*}Subject to Permitted Adjustment.

We understand this bid may be accepted for as much as \$8,460,000 of the Bonds or as little as \$6,920,000 of the Bonds, at the same price per \$1,000 Bond, with the variation in such amount occurring in any maturity of all maturities, which will be determined by the Corporation at the time of acceptance of the best bid.

It is understood that the Corporation will furnish the final, approving Legal Opinion of Dinsmore & Shohl LLP, Bond Counsel, of Covington, Kentucky.

No certified or bank cashier's check will be required to accompany the bid, but the successful bidder shall be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Bonds awarded by the close of business on the day following the award. Said good faith amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price when said Bonds are tendered for delivery.

Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM. The use of BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM, potential bidders may contact BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM, 1359 Broadway - 2nd Floor, New York, NY 10018, Telephone: (800) 850-7422. Notwithstanding the foregoing non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

We further understand that by submitting a bid we agree as follows:

If three or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will be required to certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the

Pricing Wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they neither offered nor sold any of the Bonds of any Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the initial offering price for such Maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule. For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

- (a) Holding Period means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.
- (b) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.
- (c) *Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.
- (d) Sale Date means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is September 9, 2020.
- (e) *Underwriter* means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

If we are the successful bidder, we agree to accept and make payment for the Bonds in Federal Funds within forty-five (45) days from the date of sale in accordance with the terms of the sale.

Respectfully sub	mitted,
	Bidder
	Address
	Signature

Total interest to final i	cost from September naturity	30, 2020		\$	
Plus discoun	t			\$	
Net interest of plus disc	cost (Total interest cos	st		\$	
Average inte	rest rate or cost				%
Accepted by principal amount MATURING	the Secretary of the K of Bonds at the price	Kenton County Schoo of \$ INTEREST	ol District Finance Co as follows: MATURING	orporation for \$	INTEREST
MAY 1	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>RATE</u>	<u>MAY 1</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	RATE
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$	% 	2027 2028 2029 2030 2031	\$	%
Dated: September	9, 2020		Secretary	/ County School Dist	