DATED JANUARY 13, 2021

NEW ISSUE Electronic Bidding via Parity® Bank Interest Deduction Eligible BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law (i) interest on the Bonds will be excludable from gross income of the holders thereof for purposes of federal taxation and (ii) interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax, all subject to the qualifications described herein under the heading "Tax Exemption." The Bonds and interest thereon are exempt from income taxation and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and political subdivisions thereof (see "Tax Exemption" herein).

\$345,000* AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2021

Dated with Delivery: February 11, 2021

Interest on the Bonds is payable each May 1 and November 1, beginning May 1, 2021. The Bonds will mature as to principal on May 1, 2022 and each May 1 thereafter as shown below. The Bonds are being issued in Book-Entry-Only Form and will be available for purchase in principal amounts of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Maturing		Interest	Reoffering		Maturing		Interest	Reoffering	
1-May	Amount	Rate	Yield	CUSIP	1-May	Amount	Rate	Yield	CUSIP
2021	\$3,000	%	%		2026	\$31,000	%	%	
2022	\$35,000	%	%		2027	\$36,000	%	%	
2023	\$34,000	%	%		2028	\$35,000	%	%	
2024	\$39,000	%	%		2029	\$34,000	%	%	
2025	\$33,000	%	%		2030	\$33,000	%	%	

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity as described herein.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right to call, upon thirty (30) days notice, the Bonds in whole or in part on any date for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds constitute a limited indebtedness of the Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation and are payable from and secured by a pledge of the gross income and revenues derived by leasing the Project (as hereinafter defined) on an annual renewable basis to the Augusta Independent Board of Education.

The Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation will until January 21, 2021 at 11:00 A.M., E.S.T., receive competitive bids for the Bonds at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

*As set forth in the "Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale," the principal amount of Bonds sold to the successful bidder is subject to a Permitted Adjustment by increasing or decreasing the amount not to exceed \$35,000.

PURCHASER'S OPTION: The Purchaser of the Bonds, within 24 hours of the sale, may specify to the Financial Advisor that any Bonds may be combined immediately succeeding sequential maturities into a Term Bond(s), bearing a single rate of interest, with the maturities set forth above (or as may be adjusted as provided herein) being subject to mandatory redemption in such maturities for such Term Bond(s).

The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM administered by The Depository Trust Company.

The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for certain information on the cover page hereof which has been omitted in accordance with such Rule and which will be supplied with the final Official Statement.



Due: as shown below

RATING Moody's: " "

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT BOARD OF EDUCATION

Julie Moore, Chairperson Dionne Laycock, Vice Chairperson Shawn Hennessey, Member Laura Bach, Member Chasity Saunders, Member

Lisa McCane, Superintendent/Secretary

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

Julie Moore, President Dionne Laycock, Vice Chairperson Shawn Hennessey, Member Laura Bach, Member Chasity Saunders, Member

> Lisa McCane, Secretary Timothy Litteral, Treasurer

BOND COUNSEL

Dinsmore & Shohl LLP Covington, Kentucky

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

RSA Advisors, LLC Lexington, Kentucky

PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

U.S. Bank, National Association Louisville, Kentucky

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement does not constitute an offering of any security other than the original offering of the Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021, identified on the cover page hereof. No person has been authorized by the Corporation or the Board to give any information or to make any representation other than that contained in the Official Statement, and if given or made such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been given or authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, and there shall not be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation or the Board since the date hereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state or other governmental entity or agency, except the Corporation will pass upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement or approve the Bonds for sale.

The Official Statement includes the front cover page immediately preceding this page and all Appendices hereto.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT Relating to the Issuance of

\$345,000*

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2021

*Subject to Permitted Adjustment

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page and Appendices hereto, is to set forth certain information pertaining to the Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are being issued to (i) pay the maturing principal and accrued interest and refund on a current basis on May 1, 2021 the outstanding Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2011, dated May 1, 2011 (the "2011 Bonds") maturing May 1, 2022 and thereafter (the "Refunded Bonds"); and (ii) pay the cost of the Bond issuance expenses (see "Plan of Refunding" herein). The Board has determined that the plan of refunding the Refunded Bonds will result in considerable interest cost savings to the Augusta Independent School District (the "District") and is in the best interest of the District.

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds will be secured by a lien and a pledge of the rental income derived by the Corporation from leasing the Projects (as hereinafter defined) to the Augusta Independent Board of Education (the "Board") on a year to year basis (see "Security" herein).

All financial and other information presented in this Official Statement has been provided by the Augusta Independent Board of Education from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. The presentation of financial and other information is not intended, unless specifically stated, to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the Board. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety, and no one subject discussed should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its location in the text. Reference should be made to laws, reports or other documents referred to in this Official Statement for more complete information regarding their contents.

Copies of the Bond Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and the Contract, Lease and Option, dated February 11, 2021, may be obtained at the office of Dinsmore & Shohl LLP, 50 East Rivercenter Boulevard, Suite 1150, Covington, KY 41011.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Bonds initially will be issued solely in Book-Entry form to be held in the Book-Entry-Only-System maintained by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. So long as such Book-Entry system is used, only DTC will receive or have the right to receive physical delivery of Bonds and, except as otherwise provided herein with respect to tenders by Beneficial Owners of Beneficial Ownership Interests, Beneficial owners will not be or be considered to be, and will not have any rights as, owners or holders of the Bonds under the Ordinance.

The following information about the Book-Entry only system applicable to the Bonds has been supplied by DTC. Neither the Corporation nor the Paying Agent and Registrar makes any representations, warranties or guarantees with respect to its accuracy or completeness.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 2 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, (NSCC, GSCC, MBSCC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has Standard & Poor's highest rating: AAA. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the Book-Entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Paying Agent and Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed. Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name" and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or its nominee, the Paying Agent and Registrar or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as

may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's Book-Entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation believes to be reliable but the Corporation takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

THE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.290 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board. Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Board herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

Any bonds, notes or other indebtedness issued or contracted by the Corporation shall, prior to the issuance or incurrence thereon, be specifically approved by the Board. The members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation are the members of the Board. Their terms expire when they cease to hold the office and any successor members of the Board are automatically members of the Corporation upon assuming their public offices.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission") is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of KRS Sections 157.611 through 157.640, as amended, repealed and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission") is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of §§ 157.611 through 157.640 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as repealed, amended, and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, the Regulations of the State Board of Education and of the Commission, the Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for participation from the Commission in meeting the costs of the Projects and has entered into the Participation Agreement with the Board whereunder the Commission agrees to pay an Agreed Participation equal to approximately \$18,795 of the debt service requirements each year to be applied only to the payment of the principal and interest requirements on the Bonds; provided, however, that the contractual commitment of the Commission to pay the annual Agreed Participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2021. The right is reserved in the Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the Agreed Participation every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the Agreed Participation shall be automatically renewed each two years for a period of two years unless the Commission shall give notice of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium; however, by execution of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has expressed its present intention to continue to pay the Agreed Participation in each successive biennial budget period until the retirement of all of the Bonds, but such execution does not obligate the Commission to do so.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2020. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$129,504,400 in FY 2018-19 and \$128,672,400 in FY 2019-20 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues; \$58,000,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium; and authorizes \$58,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2022.

The 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018 and 2020 Regular Sessions of the Kentucky General Assembly appropriated funds to be used for debt service of participating school districts. The appropriations for each biennium are shown in the following table:

<u>Biennium</u>	Appropriation
1986-88	\$18,223,200
1988-90	14,050,700
1990-92	13,542,800
1992-94	3,075,300
1994-96	2,800,000
1996-98	4,996,000
1998-00	12,141,500
2000-02	8,100,000
2002-04	9,500,000
2004-06	14,000,000
2006-08	9,000,000
2008-10	10,968,000
2010-12	12,656,200
2012-14	8,469,200
2014-16	8,764,000
2016-18	23,019,400
2018-20	7,608,000
2020-21	<u>2,946,900</u>
Total	\$183,861,200

BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

Due to the unforeseen nature on the economy of the Commonwealth caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, in its 2020 regular session, the General Assembly adopted only a one-year budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2022 which was approved and signed by the Governor. The biennial budget will be reviewed and supplemented during the General Assembly's 2021 regular session. Such budget became effective beginning July 1, 2020. The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at www.osbd.ky.gov.

OUTSTANDING BONDS

The following table shows the outstanding Bonds of the Board by the original principal amount of each issue, the current principal outstanding, the amount of the original principal scheduled to be paid with the corresponding interest thereon by the Board or the School Facilities Construction Commission, the approximate interest range; and, the final maturity date of the Bonds:

Bond Series	Original Principal	Current Principal Outstanding	Principal Assigned to Board	Principal Assigned to Commission	Approximate Interest Rate Range	Final Maturity
2011 2015 2016-REF	\$540,000 \$1,055,000 \$2,665,000	\$360,000 \$930,000 \$1,775,000	\$248,400 \$701,363 \$335,573	\$291,600 \$353,637 \$2,329,427	3.400% - 4.600% 3.250% 2.000% - 2.200%	2031 2035 2028
TOTALS:	\$4,260,000	\$3,065,000	\$1,285,336	\$2,974,664		

AUTHORITY

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has adopted a Bond Resolution which authorized among other things:

- i) the issuance of approximately \$345,000 of Bonds subject to a permitted adjustment of \$35,000;
- ii) the advertisement for the public sale of the Bonds;
- iii) the Official Terms and Conditions for the sale of the Bonds to the successful bidder; and,
- iv) the President and Secretary of the Corporation to execute certain documents relative to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

THE BONDS

General

The Bonds will be dated February 11, 2021, will bear interest from that date as described herein, payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing May 1, 2021, and will mature as to principal on May 1, 2021 and each May 1 thereafter in the years and in the principal amounts as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement.

Registration, Payment and Transfer

The Bonds are to be issued in fully-registered form (both principal and interest). U.S. Bank, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co., as the nominee of The Depository Trust Company. Please see Book-Entry-Only-System. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, beginning May 1, 2021 (Record Date is 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

Redemption

The Bonds maturing on or after May 1, 2029 are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after May 1, 2028, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Redemption Date	Redemption <u>Price</u>
May 1, 2028 and thereafter	100%

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

SECURITY

General

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds are payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues derived from the leasing of the Project financed from the Bond proceeds from the Corporation to the Board. The Bonds are secured by a pledge of revenue on and from the Project; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with the liens and pledges securing the Corporation's outstanding School Building Revenue Bonds issued to improve the building in which the Project is located.

The Lease; Pledge of Rental Revenues

The Board has leased the school Project securing the Bonds for an initial period from February 11, 2021 through June 30, 2021 with the option in the Board to renew said Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rental due under the Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Bonds as same become due. The Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the Lease until May 1, 2031, the final maturity date of the Bonds. Under the lease, the Corporation has pledged the rental revenue to the payment of the Bonds.

STATE INTERCEPT

Under the terms of the Lease, and any renewal thereof, the Board has agreed so long as the Bonds remain outstanding, and in conformance with the intent and purpose of Section 157.627(5) of the Act and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the Lease and Participation Agreement to the Corporation and the Commission the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

COMMISSION'S PARTICIPATION

The Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for an average annual participation equal to approximately \$18,95 from the Commission's appropriation by the Kentucky General Assembly which will be used to meet a portion of the debt service of the Bonds. The plan for financing the Project will require the Commission to pay approximately fifty-one percent (51%) of the debt service of the Bonds.

The Participation Agreement to be entered into with the Board will be limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2021. The right is reserved in the Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the agreed participation every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the agreed participation shall be automatically renewed each two years thereafter unless the Commission gives notice to the Board of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium. However, the Commission has expressed its intention to continue to pay the agreed participation in successive biennial budget periods until the Bonds are retired, but the Commission is not required to do so.

THE PLAN OF REFUNDING

A sufficient amount of the proceeds of the Bonds at the time of delivery will be deposited into the Bond Fund for the Refunded Bonds. The Bond Fund deposit is intended to be sufficient to (i) pay the maturing principal and accrued interest and refund at or in advance of maturity all of the Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2011, dated May 1, 2011, maturing May 1, 2022 and thereafter (the "Refunded Bonds") on May 1, 2021; and (ii) pay the cost of the Bond issuance expenses (see "Plan of Refunding" herein). The Board has determined that the plan of refunding the Refunded Bonds will result in considerable interest cost savings to the Augusta Independent School District (the "District") and is in the best interest of the District.

Any investments purchased for the Bond Fund shall be limited to (i) direct Obligations of or Obligations guaranteed by the United States government, or (ii) Obligations of agencies or corporations of the United States as permitted under KRS 66.480(1)(b) and (c) or (iii) Certificates of Deposit of FDIC banks fully collateralized by direct Obligations of or Obligations guaranteed by the United States.

The Plan of Refunding the Bonds of the Prior Issue as set out in the Preliminary Official Statement is tentative as to what Bonds of the Prior Issue shall be refunded and will not be finalized until the sale of the Refunding Bonds.

PURPOSE OF THE PRIOR BONDS

The Refunded Bonds were issued by the Corporation for the purpose of providing funds to finance improvements and additions at Augusta School (the "Project").

ESTIMATED BOND DEBT SERVICE

Fiscal	Current	Series 20	21 School Bu	ilding Revenu	ie Refunding	Bonds	Total
Year Ending June 30	Local Bond <u>Payments</u>	Principal Portion	Interest Portion	Total Payment	SFCC Portion	Local Portion	Local Bond Payments
2021	\$98,937	\$3,000	\$1,418	\$4,418	¢2 252	\$2,165	\$95,262
2021	\$98,937 \$97,004	\$35,000	\$6,327	\$41,327	\$2,253 \$21,077	\$2,103	\$93,202 \$93,381
2022	\$99,530	\$34,000	\$5,680	\$39,680	\$20,237	\$20,230 \$19,443	\$95,640
2023	\$96,875	\$39,000	\$5,051	\$44,051	\$22,466	\$21,585	\$93,736
2025	\$96,880	\$33,000	\$4,329	\$37,329	\$19,038	\$18,291	\$93,629
2026	\$98,977	\$32,000	\$3,719	\$35,719	\$18,216	\$17,502	\$95,496
2027	\$100,846	\$31,000	\$3,127	\$34,127	\$17,405	\$16,722	\$97,152
2028	\$100,706	\$36,000	\$2,553	\$38,553	\$19,662	\$18,891	\$97,819
2029	\$86,052	\$35,000	\$1,887	\$36,887	\$18,812	\$18,075	\$83,109
2030	\$79,412	\$34,000	\$1,240	\$35,240	\$17,972	\$17,267	\$76,432
2031	\$80,772	\$33,000	\$611	\$33,611	\$17,141	\$16,469	\$77,773
2032	\$67,939					\$0	\$53,615
2033	\$65,338						\$65,338
2034	\$67,657						\$67,657
2035	\$64,896						\$64,896
2036	\$67,783						\$67,783
TOTALS:	\$1,369,604	\$345,000	\$35,939	\$380,939	\$194,279	\$186,660	\$1,318,716

The following table shows by fiscal year the current bond payments of the Board. The plan of financing provides for the Board to meet 49% of the debt service of the Bonds.

Note: Numbers rounded to the nearest \$1.00.

ESTIMATED USE OF BOND PROCEEDS

The table below shows the estimated sources of funds and uses of proceeds of the Bonds, other than any portions thereof representing accrued interest:

Sources:	
Par Amount of Bonds	<u>\$345,000.00</u>
Total Sources	\$345,000.00
Uses:	
Deposit to Escrow Fund Underwriter's Discount (1%) Cost of Issuance	\$324,550.00 3,450.00 <u>17,000.00</u>
Total Uses	\$345,000.00

DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION

Selected school census, enrollment and average daily attendance for the Augusta Independent School District is as follows:

Year	Average Daily Attendance	Year	Average Daily Attendance
2000-01	258.5	2010-11	259.1
2001-02	285.4	2011-12	258.5
2002-03	229.0	2012-13	262.0
2003-04	235.7	2013-14	268.0
2004-05	247.6	2014-15	266.8
2005-06	254.4	2015-16	247.0
2006-07	247.8	2016-17	255.1
2007-08	257.4	2017-18	273.6
2008-09	256.5	2018-19	260.9
2009-10	270.6	2019-20	253.0

Source: Kentucky State Department of Education.

STATE SUPPORT

Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK). In determining the cost of the program to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), the statewide guaranteed base funding level is computed by dividing the amount appropriated by the prior year's statewide average daily attendance. The SEEK fund is a guaranteed amount of money per pupil in each school district of Kentucky. The current SEEK allotment is \$3,911 per pupil. The \$100 capital outlay allotment per each average daily attendance is included within the guaranteed amounts. Each district's base funding from the SEEK program is adjusted for the number of at-risk students, the number and types of exceptional children in the district, and cost of transporting students from and to school in the district.

Capital Outlay Allotment. The per pupil capital outlay allotment for each district from the public school fund and from local sources shall be kept in a separate account and may be used by the district only for capital outlay projects approved by the State Department of Education. These funds shall be used for the following capital outlay purposes:

- a. For direct payment of construction costs.
- b. For debt service on voted and funding bonds.
- c. For payment or lease-rental agreements under which the board will eventually acquire ownership of the school plant.
- d. For retirement of any deficit resulting from over-expenditure for capital construction, if such deficit resulted from certain declared emergencies.
- e. As a reserve fund for the above named purposes, to be carried forward in ensuing budgets.

The allotment for each school board of education in the Commonwealth for fiscal year 1978-79 was \$1,800 per classroom unit. The 1979 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly approved increases in this allotment in 1979-80 to \$1,900 per classroom unit. This rate remained unchanged in 1980-81. The 1981 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly decreased the allotment per classroom to \$1,800 and this allotment rate did not change from the 1981-82 rate, until the 1990-91 school year. Beginning with 1990-91, the Capital Outlay allotment for each district is based on \$100 per average daily attendance.

The following table shows the computation of the capital outlay allotment for the Augusta Independent School District for certain preceding school years. Beginning 1990-91, the allotment is based on average daily attendance as required by law.

Year	Capital Outlay Allotment	Year	Capital Outlay Allotment
2000-01	25,850.0	2010-11	25,908.2
2001-02	28,540.0	2011-12	25,848.0
2002-03	22,900.0	2012-13	26,195.1
2003-04	23,570.0	2013-14	26,798.1
2004-05	24,760.0	2014-15	26,681.0
2005-06	25,440.0	2015-16	24,702.7
2006-07	24,780.0	2016-17	25,510.0
2007-08	25,740.0	2017-18	27,360.0
2008-09	25,650.0	2018-19	26,094.0
2009-10	27,058.3	2019-20	25,300.0

If the school district has no capital outlay needs, upon approval from the State, the funds can be used for school plant maintenance, repair, insurance on buildings, replacement of equipment, purchase of school buses and purchase of modern technological equipment for educational purposes. If any district has a special levy for capital outlay or debt service that is equal to the capital outlay allotment or a proportionate fraction thereof, and spends the proceeds of the levy for eligible purposes, the State may authorize the district to use all or a proportionate fraction of its capital outlay allotment for current expenses (school districts which use capital outlay allotments to meet current expenses are not eligible to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission funds).

Facilities Support Program of Kentucky. School districts may be eligible to participate in the Facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), subject to the following requirements:

- 1) The district must have unmet needs as set forth and approved by the State Department of Education in a School Facilities Plan;
- 2) The district must commit to establish an equivalent tax rate of at least 5 cents, in addition to the 30 cents minimum current equivalent tax rate; and,
- 3) The new revenues generated by the 5 cent addition, must be placed in a restricted account for school building construction bonding.

LOCAL SUPPORT

Homestead Exemption. Section 170 of the Kentucky Constitution was amended at the General Election held November 2, 1971, to exempt from property taxes \$6,500 of value of single unit residential property of taxpayers 65 years of age or older. The 1972 General Assembly amended KRS Chapter 132 to permit counties

and school districts to adjust their local tax revenues lost through the application of this Homestead Exemption. The "Single Unit" qualification has been enlarged to subsequent sessions of the General Assembly to provide that such exemption shall apply to such property maintained as the permanent resident of the owner and the dollar amount has been construed to mean \$6,500 in terms of the purchasing power of the dollar in 1972. Every two years thereafter, if the cost of living index of the U.S. Department of Labor has changed as much as 1%, the maximum exemption shall be adjusted accordingly. Under the cost of living formula, the maximum was increased to \$39,300 effective January 1, 2019.

Limitation on Taxation. The 1979 Special Session of the Kentucky General Assembly enacted House Bill 44 which provides that no school district may levy a general tax rate, voted general tax rate, or voted building tax rate which would generate revenues that exceeds the previous years revenues by four percent (4%).

The 1990 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly in enacting the "School Reform" legislative package amended the provisions of KRS 160.470 which prohibited school districts from levying ad valorem property taxes which would generate revenues in excess of 4% of the previous year's revenues without said levy subject to recall to permit exceptions to the referendum under (1) KRS 160.470(12) [a new section of the statute] and (2) an amended KRS 157.440.

Local Thirty Cents Minimum. Effective for school years beginning after June 30, 1990, the board of education of each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of thirty cents (\$0.30) for general school purposes. If a board fails to comply, its members shall be subject to removal from office for willful neglect of duty.

Additional 15% Not Subject to Recall. Effective with the school year beginning July 1, 1990, each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Effective with the 1990-91 school year, the State will equalize the revenue generated by this levy at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil equalized assessment. For 1993-94 and thereafter, this level is set at \$225,000. The additional 15% rate levy is not subject to the public hearing or recall provisions.

Assessment Valuation. No later than July 1, 1994, all real property located in the state and subject to local taxation shall be assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of fair cash value.

Special Voted and Other Local Taxes. Any district may, in addition to other taxes for school purposes, levy not less than four cents nor more than twenty cents on each one hundred dollars (\$100) valuation of property subject to local taxation, to provide a special fund for the purchase of sites for school buildings and the erection, major alteration, enlargement, and complete equipping of school buildings. In addition, districts may levy taxes on tangible and intangible property and on utilities, except generally any amounts of revenues generated above that provided for by House Bill 44 is subject to voter recall.

Local Tax Rates, Property Assessments and Revenue Collections

Tax Year	Combined Equivalent Rate	Total Property Assessment	Property Revenue Collections
2000-01	79	40,193,894	317,532
2001-02	81.4	41,116,354	334,687
2002-03	80.1	40,980,033	328,250
2003-04	80.1	43,860,804	351,325
2004-05	83.3	43,986,577	366,408
2005-06	86.2	47,123,518	406,205
2006-07	82.3	47,314,826	389,401
2007-08	86.2	48,014,529	413,885
2008-09	84.6	49,960,792	422,668
2009-10	84.6	49,785,324	421,184
2010-11	82.2	50,760,388	417,250
2011-12	89	51,670,973	459,872
2012-13	90.3	53,354,764	481,794
2013-14	89.9	53,669,235	482,486
2014-15	89.8	55,433,258	497,791
2015-16	90.9	55,353,572	503,164
2016-17	87.1	55,805,919	486,070
2017-18	88.9	56,234,996	499,929
2018-19	93.9	61,950,319	581,713
2019-20	95.7	62,223,799	595,482

OVERLAPPING BOND INDEBTEDNESS

The following table shows any other overlapping bond indebtedness of the Augusta Independent School District or other issuing agency within the County as reported by the State Local Debt Officer for the period ending June 30, 2020.

Issuer	Original Principal Amount	Amount of Bonds Redeemed	Current Principal Outstanding
Country of Decelear			
County of Bracken	#0.410.000	¢ 10,000	* 0.2 7 0.000
Refunding Revenue	\$8,410,000	\$40,000	\$8,370,000
City of Augusta			
Water Revenue	\$100,000	\$19,400	\$80,600
Refunding Revenue	\$1,150,000	\$145,000	\$1,005,000
City of Brooksville			
General Obligation	\$75,000	\$30,108	\$44,892
Improvement Project	\$261,000	\$18,500	\$242,500
Special Districts			
Bracken County Extension District	\$400,000	\$130,000	\$270,000
Bracken County Water District	\$9,323,000	\$2,150,600	\$7,172,400
Totals:	\$19,719,000	\$2,533,608	\$17,185,392

Source: 2020 Kentucky Local Debt Report.

SEEK ALLOTMENT

SEEK	Base Funding	Local Tax Effort	Total State & Local Funding
2000-01	1,012,699	317,532	1,330,231
2001-02	1,194,926	334,687	1,529,613
2002-03	1,141,693	328,250	1,469,943
2003-04	1,007,361	351,325	1,358,686
2004-05	1,049,663	366,408	1,416,071
2005-06	1,145,050	406,205	1,551,255
2006-07	1,159,278	389,401	1,548,679
2007-08	1,262,321	413,885	1,676,206
2008-09	1,336,520	422,668	1,759,188
2009-10	1,274,453	421,184	1,695,637
2010-11	1,168,018	417,250	1,585,268
2011-12	1,238,676	459,872	1,698,548
2012-13	1,266,498	481,794	1,748,292
2013-14	1,307,222	482,486	6,284,708
2014-15	1,322,638	497,791	1,820,429
2015-16	1,257,244	503,164	1,760,408
2016-17	1,333,268	486,070	1,819,338
2017-18	1,476,370	499,929	1,976,299
2018-19	1,452,863	581,713	2,034,576
2019-20	1,378,364	595,482	1,973,846

The Board has reported the following information as to the SEEK allotment to the District, and as provided by the State Department of Education.

- Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) replaces the minimum foundation program and power equalization funding. Capital Outlay is now computed at \$100 per average daily attendance (ADA). Capital Outlay is included in the SEEK base funding.
- (2) The Board established a current equivalent tax rate (CETR) of \$0.957 for FY 2019-20. The "equivalent tax rate" is defined as the rate which results when the income from all taxes levied by the district for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Commonwealth of Kentucky Revenue Cabinet.

State Budgeting Process

- i) Each district board of education is required to prepare a general school budget on forms prescribed and furnished by the Kentucky Board of Education, showing the amount of money needed for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay, and other necessary expenses of the school during the succeeding fiscal year and the estimated amount that will be received from all sources.
- ii) By September 15 of each year, after the district receives its tax assessment data from the Department of Revenue and the State Department of Education, 3 copies of the budget are forwarded to the State Department for approval or disapproval.
- iii) The State Department of Education has adopted a policy of disapproving a school budget if it is financially unsound or fails to provide for:
 - a) payment of maturing principal and interest on any outstanding voted school improvement bonds of the district or payment of rental in connection with any outstanding school building revenue bonds issued for the benefit of the school district; or
 - b) fails to comply with the law.

COVID-19

The recent outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, which was first detected in China and has since spread to other countries, including the United States and the Commonwealth of Kentucky, has been declared a Pandemic by the World Health Organization. The outbreak of the disease has affected travel, commerce and financial markets globally and is widely expected to affect economic growth worldwide. On March 13, 2020, President Donald Trump declared a national emergency to unlock federal funds to help states and local governments fight the pandemic.

While the collection of property taxes, which are a significant source of building fund revenue for the payment of principal and interest due on the bonds (see "LOCAL SUPPORT" herein) may be impacted by the COVID-19 emergency, the District does not expect the impact to be significant unless the economic hardship is long term. In addition, the Commonwealth of Kentucky revenues are also likely to be impacted by a long-term economic hardship caused by declining collections of sales taxes, wage taxes, income taxes, property taxes and other revenue sources. The impact of those declining revenue collections on state education funds (see "STATE SUPPORT" herein) is unknown. Although the potential impact of the virus on the Commonwealth and the Board of Education's future ability to make payments under the Lease cannot be predicted at this time, the continued spread of the outbreak could have a material adverse effect on the Board of Education and ultimately, the Corporation.

On March 24, 2020 the Governor of Kentucky signed Senate Bill 177 which provides relief to Kentucky School Districts in light of the Coronavirus emergency. Among other things, it removes the limits on the number of days that a district can utilize an approved Non-Traditional Instruction program ("NTI"). Senate Bill 177 also authorizes Kentucky Superintendents to use their school year 2018-2019 attendance data on their Superintendent's Annual Attendance Report. The report determines a district's average daily attendance used in calculating Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funds. On Friday, Dec. 18, 2020, Gov. Andy Beshear issued Executive Order No. 2020-1041 (EO 2020-1041), which outlines requirements and recommendations for the reopening of schools in January 2021. For more information on the Kentucky Department of Education's response to COVID 19, please see their website at https://education.ky.gov/comm/Pages/COVID-19-Updates.aspx.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE; EXEMPTION

In accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12, as amended (the "Rule") the Bonds are exempt from the continuing disclosure requirements of the Rule.

TAX EXEMPTION; BANK QUALIFIED

Bond Counsel is of the opinion that:

(A) The Bonds and the interest payable thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions

(B) Interest payable on the Bonds is excludable from gross income under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Furthermore, interest on the Bonds will not be treated as a specific item of tax preference, under Section 57(a)(5) of the Code, in computing the alternative minimum tax. The Corporation has covenanted to comply with the applicable provisions of the Code, and such compliance by the corporation is necessary to maintain the federal income tax status described above. No opinion is expressed regarding other federal tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.

(C) The Corporation has designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" pursuant to Section 265 of the Code.

The Corporation has covenanted to comply with the applicable provisions of the Code, and such compliance by the Corporation is necessary to maintain the federal income tax status described above. No opinion is expressed regarding other federal tax consequences arising with respect to Bonds.

LITIGATION

There is no litigation presently pending against the Corporation or the District, nor to the knowledge of the officials of the Corporation or the District is there any litigation threatened, which questions or affects the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings or transactions relating to the issue, sale and delivery thereof.

APPROVAL OF LEGALITY

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinion of Dinsmore & Shohl LLP, Fairview, Kentucky, Kentucky, Bond Counsel. The form of the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel will appear on each printed Bond.

NO LEGAL OPINION EXPRESSED AS TO CERTAIN MATTERS

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement describing the Bonds and the provisions of the Bond Resolution and related proceedings authorizing the Bonds, but Bond Counsel has not reviewed any of the financial data, computations, tabulations, balance sheets, financial projections, and general information concerning the Corporation or District, and expresses no opinion thereon, assumes no responsibility for same and has not undertaken independently to verify any information contained herein.

BOND RATING

As noted on the cover page of this Official Statement, Moody's Investors Service has given the Bonds the indicated rating. Such rating reflects only the respective views of such organization. Explanations of the significance of the rating may be obtained from the rating agency. There can be no assurance that such rating will be maintained for any given period of time or will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency, if in their judgement circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

Prospective bidders are advised that RSA Advisors, LLC ("RSA") has been employed as Financial Advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. RSA's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. Bidders may submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds at the time of the advertised public sale, either individually or as a member of a syndicate organized to submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds.

APPROVAL OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Corporation has approved and caused this "Official Statement" to be executed and delivered by its President. In making this "Official Statement" the Corporation relied upon information furnished to it by the Board of Education of the Augusta Independent School District and does not assume any responsibility as to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Official Statement except as to copies of documents denominated "Official Terms and Conditions" and "Bid Form." The financial information supplied by the Board of Education is represented by the Board of Education to be correct. The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of Securities Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1) as qualified by the cover hereof.

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized by the Corporation, the Augusta Independent School District Board of Education or the Financial Advisor to give any information or representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. Except when otherwise indicated, the information set forth herein has been obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education and the Augusta Independent School District and is believed to be reliable; however, such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation by the Financial Advisor or by Counsel. The delivery of this Official Statement at any time does not imply that information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

This Official Statement does not, as of its date, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact which should be included herein for the purpose for which the Official Statement is to be used or which is necessary in order to make the statements contained herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading in any material respect.

By /s/ President

By_/s/ Secretary

APPENDIX A

Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2021

Demographic and Economic Data

BRACKEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY

Bracken County, with a 2020 estimated population of 8,180, has a land area of 203 square miles. Brooksville, the county seat of Bracken County, is located in the Outer Bluegrass Region of northern Kentucky. In 2020, Brooksville had an estimated population of 619. Brooksville is located 52 miles southeast of Cincinnati, Ohio; 121 miles northeast of Louisville, Kentucky; and 297 miles southwest of Pittsburgh, PA.

Augusta, situated along the Ohio River in northern Bracken County and located eight miles north of Brooksville, had a 2020 estimated population of 1,131.

The Economic Framework

Bracken County has a labor force of 3,865 people with an unemployment rate of 6%. The total number of people employed in 2020 averaged 1,511. The top 5 jobs by occupation are as follows: sales - 273 (18.07%); office and administrative support - 201 (13.3%); production workers - 146 (9.66%); executive, managers, and administrators - 129 (8.54%); material moving - 119 (7.88%).

Transportation

Major highways serving Bracken County include Kentucky Highways 8 and 546, both "AAA"-rated (80,000-pound gross load limit) trucking highways. Kentucky Highways 10, 19, 22 and 1159 are all "AA"-rated (62,000-pound gross load limit) trucking highways. Nineteen common carrier trucking companies provide interstate and/or intrastate service to Bracken County. CSX Transportation provides main line rail service to Augusta. The Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky International Airport near Covington, Kentucky, and the Blue Grass Airport near Lexington, Kentucky, both within 67 miles of Brooksville, provide the nearest scheduled commercial airline services. The Fleming-Mason Airport, 26 miles southeast of Brooksville, has a 5,000-foot paved runway. The Cynthiana-Harrison County Airport, 31 miles southwest of Brooksville, maintains a 3,200-foot paved runway.

Property Taxes

The Kentucky Constitution requires the state to tax all classes of taxable property, and state statutes allow local jurisdictions to tax only a few classes. All locally taxed property is subject to county taxes and school district taxes (either a county school district or an independent school district). Property located inside of city limits may also be subject to city property taxes.

Special local taxing jurisdictions (fire protection districts, watershed districts, and sanitation districts) levy taxes within their operating areas (usually a small portion of community or county).

Property assessments in Kentucky are at 100% fair cash value. A 15% reduction is automatically granted for accounts receivable.

LABOR MARKET STATISTICS

The Bracken County Labor Market Area includes Bracken County and the adjoining Kentucky counties of Harrison, Mason, Pendleton and Robertson.

Population

<u>Area</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Bracken County	8,231	8,190	8,180
Augusta	1,137	1,135	1,131
Brooksville	623	620	619

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

Population Projections

Area	<u>2025</u>	<u>2030</u>	<u>2035</u>
Bracken County	7,900	7,609	7,276

Source: Kentucky State Data Center, University of Louisville and Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development.

EDUCATION

Public Schools

	Augusta <u>Independent</u>	Bracken <u>County</u>	
Total Enrollment (2019-2020)	281	1,183	
Pupil-Teacher Ratio (2019-2020)	15-1	17-1	

Vocational Training

Ky Tech Schools are operated by the Cabinet for Workforce Development and provide secondary (Sec) and postsecondary (P/S) vocational-technical training.

Vocational School	<u>Location</u>	Enrollment <u>(2018-2019)</u>
Campbell County ATC	Alexandria, KY	286
Harrison County ATC	Cynthiana, KY	556
Champman Academic VEC	Covington, KY	NA
Kenton County Academies of Innovation	Ft. Mitchell, KY	508
Foster Meade Career & Tech Center	Vanceburg, KY	NA
Boone County ATC	Hebron, KY	215
Montgomery County ATC	Mt. Sterling, KY	496
Clark County ATC	Winchester, KY	680
Eastside Technical Center	Lexington, KY	NA
Southside Technical Center	Lexington, KY	NA
Carter County Career & Tech Center	Olive Hill, KY	NA

Customized Training

The Kentucky Tech system, through its Training and Development Coordinators, will provide technical assistance and will identify and develop low-cost customized training programs and services for established and prospective businesses. Businesses needing customized training should contact a Training and Development Coordinator located on the campus of the Jefferson Technical College in Louisville.

Assessment Services

Kentucky Tech Career Connections offers to businesses, education, and government agencies customized assessment in career inventories, interest inventories, pre-hire assessment, psychomotor shills, and academic potential. A Career Connection Assessment Center is located on the campus of the Elizabethtown Technical College.

Adult Education Service

Adult education programs are available to adults who want to develop new skills, improve basic skills, or earn a high school equivalency diploma. In Bracken County, adult education and adult literacy classes are administered through Bracken County Literacy Council and the Bardstown Independent Board of Education.

Bluegrass State Skills Corporation

The Bluegrass State Skills Corporation, an independent public corporation created and funded by the Kentucky General Assembly, provides programs of skills training to meet the needs of business and industry from entry level to advanced training, and from upgrading present employees to retraining experienced workers.

The Bluegrass State Skills corporation is the major source for skills training assistance for a new or existing company. The Corporation works in partnership with other employment and job training resources and programs, as well as Kentucky's economic development activities, to package a program customized to meet the specific needs of a company.

Colleges and Universities

		Enrollment
Institution	Location	<u>(Fall 2019)</u>
Maysville Community & Technical College	Maysville, KY	3,890
Northern Kentucky University	Highland Heights, KY	15,678
Gateway Community & Technical College	Florence, KY	4,764
Thomas More College	Crestview Hills, KY	2,238
Georgetown College	Georgetown, KY	983
Morehead State University	Morehead, KY	9,660
Bluegrass Community & Technical College	Lexington, KY	10,144
Transylvania University	Lexington, KY	949
University of Kentucky	Lexington, KY	29,402
Midway University	Midway, KY	1,481

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

<u>Institution</u>	Total Assets	<u>Total Deposits</u>
First National Bank of Brooksville	\$59,366,000	\$51,648,000

Source: McFadden American Financial Directory, January-June 2020 Edition.

EXISTING INDUSTRY

<u>Firm</u>	<u>Product</u>	Total <u>Employed</u>
Clopay Plastic Products Co.	Surgical supplies, patient care products, polyethylene & polypropylene film, and residential and commercial garage doors	353

Source: Kentucky Directory of Manufacturers (2020).

APPENDIX B

Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2021

Audited Financial Statement ending June 30, 2019

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Augusta Independent School District Augusta, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Augusta Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities* and *State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's

internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Augusta Independent School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis information on pages 5 through 8 and the Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Pension Contributions, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of OPEB Contributions on pages 50 through 59 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Augusta Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2019, on our consideration of Augusta Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Killey Autoway Smith Hinfsby, PSC

Ashland, Kentucky November 1, 2019

Augusta Independent School District - Augusta, KY Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2019

As management of the Augusta Independent School District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning cash balance for all funds of the District was \$714,482, and the ending balance was approximately \$902,426, an increase of \$187,944 for the year.
- The General Fund had \$2,845,911 in revenue, which consisted primarily of the State program (SEEK), and property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding interfund transfers, there was \$2,824,106 in General Fund expenditures.
- The majority of the District's General Fund revenues were derived from state sources (79%) and local taxes (18%). Regular instruction, student support services, instructional staff, and school administration accounts for 67% of the District's General Fund expenditures. Central support service expenditures were pupil transportation 5%, maintenance and operations 10% and business functions 6%, with central office support and facilities acquisitions making up 12%.
- The District implemented GASB 68 in 2015. There are two sources of pension liabilities with which the District has to contend. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers the District's professional staff members. It had analysis performed by Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC to determine each Kentucky school district's share of pension liabilities for its professional staff. This debt is the responsibility of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The District's allocated amount was \$5,824,015, as of June 30, 2018. The District's non-professional staff members are covered by the Kentucky County Employee Retirement System. Under this system the District's share of the pension liabilities was \$588,567, as of June 30, 2018. The District does not believe these disclosures will have a major impact on our day to day operations or the financial health of District. The District's bond rating is based on the State's rating so we have little control over our cost of borrowing.
- The District implemented GASB 75 in 2018. There are two sources of OPEB liabilities with which the District has to contend. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (KTRS) Medical Insurance Plan and Life Insurance Plan cover the District's professional staff members. The District's allocated OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 for KTRS Medical Insurance Plan was \$1,480,000 with the District's responsibility being \$795,000 and the Commonwealth of Kentucky's responsibility being \$685,000. The liability for the KTRS Life Insurance Plan is the responsibility of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and the District's allocated amount as of June 30, 2018 was \$12,000. Non-professional staff members are covered by the County Employee Retirement System Insurance Fund. Under this fund the District's share of OPEB liability was \$171,582 as of June 30, 2018. The District does not believe these disclosures will have a major impact on their day to day operations or the financial health of District. The District's bond rating is based on the State's rating so the District has little control over the cost of borrowing.
- The District renovated the old computer lab, including purchase of virtual reality equipment, flat screen panel, five new computers, and green screen/video equipment and installed new computer tables.
- The District purchased 30 Chromebooks for K-5 classrooms.
- The District purchased eight staff computers to replace aging devices.
- The District purchased Xello subscription to facilitate individual learning plans.
- The District purchased Edmentum subscription for online ACT prep and course recovery.

- The District purchased iReady Teacher Toolbox online for individual reading and math instruction.
- The District purchased two Vertimax's for athletic training and added new equipment to the fitness center.
- The District purchased a new eight passenger 2018 Chevrolet Suburban.
- The District purchased two used 66 passenger school buses.
- The District purchased new wax stripper equipment.
- The District purchased a new riding lawn mower.
- The District installed and carpeted a ramp to the cafeteria.
- The District installed two new AC units in the fitness center.
- The District installed a new library HVAC system.
- The District installed new flooring in the third grade classroom and adjacent hallway.
- The District levied a nickel tax for future building and construction projects.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, and operation of non-instructional services. Capital assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary fund is our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds. The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-21 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-49 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources were exceeded by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$162,552 as of June 30, 2019.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in

progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the period ending June 30, 2019 as compared to June 30, 2018

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Current Assets	\$ 978,936	\$ 717,019
Noncurrent Assets	4,276,526	4,527,774
Total Assets	5,255,462	5,244,793
Deferred Outflows	322,383	418,222
Current Liabilities	607,981	575 111
Noncurrent Liabilities	4,922,341	535,444 5,369,339
Total Liabilities	5,530,322	5,904,783
1 otal Liabilities	5,550,522	
Deferred Inflows	210,075	114,804
Net Position		
Investment in capital		
assets (net of debt)	596,823	562,552
Restricted	(95,164)	(113,284)
Unrestricted	(664,211)	(805,840)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ (162,552)</u>	<u>\$ (356,572)</u>

The following table presents a summary of revenue and expense on a government-wide basis for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

	2019 Amount		2018 Amount		
Revenues:					
Local Revenue Sources	\$	642,448	\$	575,531	
State Revenue Sources		1,813,528		3,328,561	
Federal Sources		494,169		369,436	
Interest Income		730		226	
Other Sources		49,397		76,919	
Total revenues		3,000,272		4,350,673	
Expenses:					
Instruction		855,152		2,310,659	
Student Support Services		231,545		185,733	
Instructional Support		20,198		17,080	
District Administration		330,940		346,519	
School Administration		207,159		234,258	
Business Support		164,790		149,222	
Plant Operations		558,070		527,161	
Student Transportation		95,227		111,483	
Community Services		39,818		39,129	
Food Service Operations		194,181		216,660	
Interest		109,172		122,457	
Total expenses		2,806,252		4,260,361	
Revenue over expenses	\$	194,020	\$	90,312	

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

- The District's total revenues for the governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, net of interfund transfers and bond proceeds, was approximately \$3,905,000 and \$3,730,000, respectively.
- The total costs of all programs and services for the governmental funds was approximately \$3,395,000 and \$3,136,000, net of debt service and facilities acquisition and construction, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The General Fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item with ending actual revenue being \$51,045 or 1.83% more than budgeted. The largest reason for the variance is the fact that the District under budgeted \$46,371 for intergovernmental-state revenue.
- Actual General Fund expenditures (excluding transfers) compared to budget expenditures, net of contingency allotments, varied from line item to line item with expenditures being \$4,987 or 0.18% more than budgeted. The District has been watching their total expenditures very closely.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of June 30, 2019, the District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and businesstype activities was \$4,276,526 representing a decrease of \$251,248, net of depreciation, from the prior year.

DEBT SERVICE

At June 30, 2019, the District had approximately \$3,682,000 in outstanding debt (net of discounts), compared to \$3,969,000 at June 30, 2018. The District continues to maintain favorable debt ratings from Moody's and Standard & Poor's.

FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky, the public schools fiscal year is July 1 - June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2019 - 2020 with \$525,616 or 17.65% contingency. Significant Board action that impacts the finances includes mandated pay increases, and in depth examination of all expense categories, which would include staffing patterns, and any facility repairs outside of bonded building and renovation projects.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to Superintendent Lisa McCane or to Timothy Litteral, Finance Director at 606-756-2545 or by mail at 307 Bracken Street, Augusta, KY 41002.

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	vernmental Activities		ness-Type ctivities		Total
Assets			10.044		201 000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 747,171	\$	49,066	\$	796,237
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	60 876				69,876
Property taxes	69,876 12,918		-		12,918
Other Interfund receivable	29,460		_		29,460
	60,746		_		60,746
Intergovernmental - state Intergovernmental - federal	910		-		910
Inventories	-		8.789		8,789
Capital assets, not being depreciated	5,198		-		5,198
Capital assets, hor being depreciated, net	4,223,102		48,226		4,271,328
Total assets	 5,149,381	······	106,081		5,255,462
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred outflows - savings from refunding bonds	83,036		-		83,036
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	112,796		7,736		120,532
Deferred outflows - pension related	99,633		19,182		118,815
Total deferred outflows of resources	295,465		26,918		322,383
Total assets and deferred outflows	 				
of resources	\$ 5,444,846		132,999	\$	5,577,845
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 78,560	\$	-	\$	78,560
Interfund payable	29,460		-		29,460
Deferred revenue	28,869		-		28,869
Accrued salaries and benefits payable	136,238		-		136,238
Accrued interest payable	14,831		-		14,831
Portion due or payable within one year:					
Accrued sick leave	5,218		-		5,218
Debt obligations	305,000		-		305,000
Capital Leases	8,658		-		8,658
KSBIT	1,147		-		1,147
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Net OPEB liability	927,742		38,840		966,582
Net pension liability	453,918		134,649		588,567
Accrued sick leave	-		-		-
Debt obligations, net of discounts of \$18,147	3,326,853		-		3,326,853
Capital Leases	39,192		-		39,192
KSBIT	 1,147		-		1,147
Total liabilities	 5,356,833		173,489	<u></u>	5,530,322
Deferred Inflows of Resources	07.800		10 275		108 265
Deferred changes in proportionate share of OPEB liability	97.890		10.375		108,265
Deferred changes in proportionate share of pension liability	 85,373		16,437		101,810
Total deferred inflows of resources	 183,263		26,812	<u> </u>	210,075
Net Position	631.633		48.226		679,859
Net investment in capital assets	660,160		40,220		017,009
Restricted for:	17,250		_		17.250
Capital projects	3,114		- (115.528)		(112,414)
Other purposes	5,114 (747.247)		(115,528)		
Unrestricted	 		(67 202)		(747,247)
Total net position	 (95.250)	·····	(67,302)		(162,552)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position	\$ 5,444.846	\$	132,999	\$	5,577,845

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Program Revenues						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total
Primary government:														
Governmental activities:														
Instruction	\$	855,152	\$	31,347	\$	449,189	\$	-	\$	(374,616)	\$	-	\$	(374,616)
Support services:														
Students		231,545		-		69,755		-		(161,790)		-		(161,790)
Instructional staff		20,198		-		-		•		(20,198)		-		(20,198)
District administration		330,940		-		-		-		(330,940)		-		(330,940)
School administration		207,159		-		-		-		(207,159)		-		(207,159)
Business and other support services		164,790		-		-		-		(164,790)		-		(164,790)
Operation and maintenance of plant		558,070		-		-		-		(558,070)		-		(558,070)
Student transportation		95,227		5,390		-		-		(89,837)		-		(89,837)
Community services		39,818		2,278		39,818		-		2,278		-		2,278
Interest		109,172		-		-		103,932		(5,240)		-		(5,240)
Total governmental activities		2,612,071		39,015		558,762		103,932		(1,910,362)		-		(1,910,362)
Business-type activities:						·····								·········
Food service		194,181		16,440		187,622		-		-		9,881		9,881
Total business-type activities		194,181		16,440		187,622		-				9,881		9,881
Total primary government	S	2,806,252	\$	55,455	\$	746,384	S	103,932	\$	(1,910,362)	\$	9,881	S	(1,900,481)
	General revenu	ies:												
	Taxes: Property	taxes, levied for ge	neral p	urnoses					\$	402,137	\$	-	\$	402,137
Motor vehicle Utilities Intergovernmental revenues:							+	32,964	•		Ŷ	32,964		
								151,892		-		151,892		
	State									1,457,381		-		1,457,381
	Investment	earnings								730		-		730
) on disposal of ass	ets							2,526		_		2,526
	Other local		010							46,871				46,871
		eneral revenues an	d transf	èrs						2,094,501				2,094,501
	Char	ge in net position								184,139		9,881		194,020
	Net position, J	une 30, 2018								(279,389)		(77,183)		(356,572
	Net position, J	une 30, 2019							s	(95,250)	\$	(67,302)	\$	(162,552)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement. $\hfill -$ 10 -

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Debt Service Fund	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	G0	Total vernmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	726,807	\$	_	\$	_	\$	20,364	\$	747,171
Receivables (net of allowances for	Ф	120,807	Ð	-	ъ	-	Φ	20,504		/4/,1/1
uncollectibles):										
Taxes		69,876		-		-		-		69.876
Other		12,918		-		-		-		12.918
Interfund receivable		29,460		-		-		-		29,460
Intergovernmental - state		-		60,746		-		-		60,746
Intergovernmental - federal		910		-		-		-		910
Total assets	\$	839,971	\$	60,746	\$	-	\$	20,364	\$	921,081
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	76,143	\$	2,417	\$	-	\$	-	\$	78,560
Accrued salaries and benefits payable		136,238		-		-		-		136,238
Interfund payable		-		29,460		-		-		29,460
Deferred revenue		-		28,869		~		-		28,869
Total liabilities		212,381		60,746		-	-			273,127
Fund balances:										
Restricted for construction escrow		-		-		-		17,250		17.250
Restricted for debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-		3,114		3,114
Assigned for accrued sick leave		5,218		-		-		-		5,218
Unassigned		622,372		-		-	·	-		622,372
Total fund balances		627,590		-		-		20,364		647,954
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u></u>	839,971	<u>\$</u>	60,746	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	20,364	<u>\$</u>	921.081

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Fund balances—total governmental funds	\$	647,954
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		4,228,300
Savings from refunding bonds are not available to pay current		
period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the funds.		83,036
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are		
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		14,260
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are		
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		14,906
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability (453,5	 ₹18)	
Net OPEB liability (927,7	742)	
Bonds payable (3,631,8	353)	
Capital leases payable (47,8	350)	
KSBIT payable (2,2	294)	
Accrued sick leave (5,2	18)	
Accrued interest payable (14,8	31)	(5,083,706)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(95,250)

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund		Special Debt Revenue Service Fund Fund		Service Governmental		Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues:	<u> </u>		-							
From local sources:										
Taxes -										
Property	\$	340,187	\$	-	\$	-	\$	61,950	\$	402,137
Motor vehicles		32,964		-		-		-		32,964
Utilities		151,892		-		-		-		151,892
Tuition from individuals		31,347		-		-		-		31,347
Transportation fees		5,390				-		-		5,390
Interest income		730		-		-		-		730
Community services		2,278		-		**		-		2,278
Other local revenues		21,441		21,836		-		3,594		46,871
Intergovernmental - State		2,249,111		223,355		336,228		103,932		2,912,626
Intergovernmental - Indirect federal		-		308,073		-		-		308,073
Intergovernmental - Direct federal		10,571		-		-		-		10,571
Total revenues		2,845,911		553,264		336,228		169,476		3,904,879
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction		1,514,628		449,189		-		-		1,963,817
Support services:										
Students		159,694		69,755		-		-		229,449
Instructional staff		17,031		-		-		3,187		20,218
District administration		330,858		-		-		-		330,858
School administration		207,512		-		-		-		207,512
Business and other support services		164,979		-		-		~		164,979
Operation and maintenance of plant		290,627		-		-		9,000		299,627
Student transportation		138,777		-		-		-		138,777
Community services		-		39,818		-		-		39,818
Facilities acquisition and construction		~		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		436,556		-		436,556
Total expenditures		2,824,106		558,762		436,556		12,187		3,831,611
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures		21,805		(5,498)		(100,328)		157,289		73,268
Other financing sources (uses):										
Gain on sale of equipment		2,507		19		-		-		2.526
Proceeds from issuance of debt		47,850				_		_		47,850
Transfers in		65,553		5,479		100,328		_		171,360
Transfers out		(5,479)		-		100,520		(165.881)		(171,360)
Total other financing sources (uses)		110,431		5,498		100,328		(165,881)		50,376
Net change in fund balances		132,236		-				(8,592)		123.644
-										·
Fund balances, June 30, 2018		495,354		-				28,956	<u></u>	524,310
Fund balances, June 30, 2019	\$	627,590	\$	-		-	\$	20.364	\$	647,954

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ 123,644
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Purchase of capital assets through a capital lease	47,850	
Depreciation expense	(282,267)	(234,417)
Bond and capital lease proceeds, including related premiums and discounts, are recognized as revenues in the fund financial statements, but are increases in liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Capital lease issued		(47,850)
Generally, expenditures recognized in the fund financial statements are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred for the following		
the following. Long-term portion of accrued sick leave Interest payable Amortization of deferred savings from refunding bonds		15,674 2,542 (9,674)
Amortization of bond discounts and premiums		(1,039)
Governmental funds report CERS contributions as expenditures when paid However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions, and investment experience.		
KTRS nonemployer support revenue - OPEB KTRS expense - OPEB KTRS nonemployer support revenue - pension KTRS expense - pension KTRS contributions - OPEB CERS contributions - OPEB CERS expense - OPEB CERS contributions - pensions	14,427 (17,811) (1,125,622) 1,125,622 (808) (2,038) 4,034 6,312	
CERS expense - pension	(4,412)	(296)
Bond and capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current		
financial resources in the fund financial statements but are reductions of		
liabilities in the statement of net position.		 335,555
Change in net position of governmental activities		 184.139

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	Food Service Fund
Assets	
Current assets:	\$ 49,066
Cash and cash equivalents	.5 47,000
Accounts receivable	8,789
Inventories	57,855
Total current assets	
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	48,226
Total noncurrent assets	48,226
Total assets	106,081
Deferred Outflows of Resources	7.72
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	7,736
Deferred outflows - pension related	19,182
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>26,918</u> \$ 132,999
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 132,999
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$-
Total current liabilities	
	······································
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Net OPEB liability	38,840
Net pension liability	134,649
Total noncurrent liabilities	173,489
Total liabilities	173,489
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows OPEB related	10,375
Deferred inflows pension related	16,437
Total deferred inflows of resources	26,812
Net Position	
Invested in capital assets	48,226
Restricted	(115,528)
Total net position	(67,302)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$ 132,999

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Food Service Fund
Operating revenues:	
Lunchroom sales	\$ 16,291
Miscellaneous	149
Total operating revenues	16,440
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and wages	41,924
Employee benefits	22,750
Materials and supplies	103,800
Depreciation	16,831
Other operating expenses	8,876
Total operating expenses	194,181
Operating loss	(177,741)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Federal grants	175,525
Donated commodities	10,397
State grants	1,700
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	187,622
Change in net position	9,881
Net position, June 30, 2018	(77,183)
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$ (67,302)

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Food Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from:		
Lunchroom sales and fees charged	\$	16,440
Cash paid to/for:		
Payments to suppliers and providers of goods		
and services		(93,862)
Payments to employees		(54,170)
Other payments		(8,876)
Net cash used for operating activities	*-	(140,468)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Government grants	Pug	178,455
Net cash provided by noncapital and		
related financing activities	P	178,455
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Purchases of capital assets	·	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		•
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received on investments		-
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		37,987
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2018	-	11,079
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2019	\$	49,066
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for		
operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(177,741)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to		
net cash used for operating activities:		
Depreciation		16,831
Donated commodities		10,397
Net OPEB adjustment		2,829
Net pension adjustment		7,675
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Inventory		(448)
Accounts payable		(11)
Net cash used for operating activities		(140,468)
Non-cash items:		
Donated commodities	\$	10,397

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Trust Funds	Activity Funds		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 43,925	\$	62,264	
Accounts receivable	-		-	
Total assets	43,925		62,264	
Liabilities Accounts payable	_		-	
Due to students	 ·	<u>,</u>	62,264	
Total liabilities	 		62,264	
Net position held in trust	\$ 43,925	\$	-	

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Trust Funds
Additions - Donations	\$
Deductions - Benefits paid	 1,000
Change in net position	(1,000)
Net position, June 30, 2018	 44,925
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$ 43,925

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts				А	ctual	Variance with	
	Origi			Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues:								
Taxes -								
Property	\$ 33	0,105	\$	329,682	\$	340,187	\$	10,505
Motor vehicles	3	1,443		31,755		32,964		1,209
Utilities	16	0,500		161,700		151,892		(9,808)
Tuition and fees	1.	3,500		30,200		31,347		1,147
Transportation fees		2,770		3,739		5,390		1,651
Interest income		120		550		730		180
Community services		2,800		2,100		2,278		178
Other local revenues	2:	2,000		16,500		21,441		4,941
Intergovernmental - State	2,02	2,125		2,202,740	2	,249,111		46,371
Intergovernmental - Direct federal	1	3,603		15,900		10,571		(5,329)
Other sources						_		-
Total revenues	2,59	8,966		2,794,866	2	,845,911		51,045
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction	1,39	5,351		1,545,066	1,	,514,628		30,438
Support services:								
Students	113	3,265		154,002		159,694		(5,692)
Instructional staff	10),286		11,345		17,031		(5,686)
District administration	323	3,382		322,051		330,858		(8,807)
School administration	219	9,044		229,995		207,512		22,483
Business and other support services	143	3,269		148,744		164,979		(16,235)
Operation and maintenance of plant	263	3,518		289,181		290,627		(1,446)
Student transportation	132	2,506		128,709		138,777		(10,068)
Community services	-			-		-		-
Debt service	-			-		-		-
Contingency	493	7,252		456,101		-		456,101
Total expenditures	3,108	3,873		3,285,194	2,	824,106		461,088
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	-							
expenditures	(509	9,907)		(490,328)		21,805		512,133
Other financing sources (uses):								
Gain on sale of equipment	-			-		2,507		2,507
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-			-		47,850		47,850
Transfers in	ç	9,823		-		65,553		65,553
Transfers out	(5	5,026)		(5,026)		(5,479)		(453)
Total other financing sources (uses)		,797		(5,026)		110,431		115,457
Net change in fund balances	(505	5,110)		(495,354)	·	132,236		627,590
Fund balances, June 30, 2018	505	5,110		495,354		495,354		
Fund balances, June 30, 2019	<u> </u>		\$	-	\$	627,590	\$	627,590

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
	Original			Final	Actual		Final Budget		
Revenues:									
Interest income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Other local revenues		2,000		56,164		21,836		(34,328)	
Intergovernmental - State		211,480		1,085,192		223,355		(861,837)	
Intergovernmental - Indirect federal		194,645		1,066,365		308,073		(758,292)	
Intergovernmental - Direct federal		-		-		~			
Total revenues		408,125		2,207,721		553,264		(1,654,457)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction		329,079		1,746,963		449,189		1,297,774	
Support services:									
Students		49,222		257,347		69,755		187,592	
Instructional staff		-		-		-		-	
Operation and maintenance of plant		-		-		-		-	
Student transportation		-		-		-		-	
Community services		34,850		236,289		39,818		196,471	
Operation of non-instructional services		-		-				-	
Total expenditures		413,151		2,240,599		558,762		1,681,837	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures		(5,026)		(32,878)		(5,498)		27,380	
Other financing sources:									
Gain on sale of equipment		-		-		19		19	
Transfers in		5,026		32,878		5,479		(27,399)	
Total other financing sources		5,026		32,878		5,498		(27,380)	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-	
Fund balances, June 30, 2018		-					— ———	-	
Fund balances, June 30, 2019		28 21		-			\$		

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(1) **REPORTING ENTITY**

The Augusta Independent Board of Education (the "Board"), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Augusta Independent School District (the "District"). The District receives funding from local, state and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial reporting purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Augusta Independent School District. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the Board include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization is included in the accompanying financial statements.

<u>Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation</u> - The Board authorized the establishment of the Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Augusta Independent School District substantially comply with generally accepted accounting principles and the rules prescribed by the Kentucky Department of Education for local school districts.

Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements provide information about the primary government (the District). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. They also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in total net position. The proprietary fund and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

I. <u>Governmental Fund Types</u>

- (A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes.
 - 1. The Special Revenue Fund includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. This is a major fund of the District.
 - 2. The District Activity Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for funds collected at individual schools for operation costs of the school or school district that allows for more flexibility in the expenditure of those funds.
- (C) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).
 - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
 - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) Fund accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction

Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

- 3. The School Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.
- (D) The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and, for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. Proprietary Fund (Enterprise Fund)

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contributions of commodities from the USDA. This is a major fund of the District.

III. Fiduciary Fund Type (includes Agency and Trust Funds)

The Activity Funds account for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with *Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds*.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Government funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased, with the exception of the Proprietary Fund, which records inventory at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis, using the accrual method of accounting.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated with the exception of land. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	5-12 years
Other general	7-10 years

Property Taxes

Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fund for which they were levied. The District's ad valorem tax is levied prior to June 30, of each year on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and business personal property located in the District. The assessed value of property upon which the levy for the 2019 fiscal year was based was \$56,515,591.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2018 to finance general fund operations were \$0.696 on real estate, \$0.696 on personal property, and \$0.576 on motor vehicles per \$100 valuation.

Taxes are due on October 1 and become delinquent by February 1 following the October 1 levy date. Current tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2019 were approximately 79.39% of the tax levy.

<u>In-Kind</u>

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The District also receives commodities from USDA. The amounts of such services and commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Budgetary Process

The District is required by state law to adopt annual budgets. Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Per Board policy, only amendments that aggregate greater than \$50,000 require Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the proprietary fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions, contractually required OPEB contributions, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, all payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Fund Balance Reserves

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose (such as encumbrances); intent can be expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the District delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned resources are available, it is the District's policy to use restricted, committed and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

<u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Bond Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period they are incurred.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* ("GASB 84"). GASB 84 establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. Generally, the focus of the criteria relates to (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity, and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and post-employment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. Additionally, GASB 84 describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust, or an equivalent arrangement, that meets specific criteria. Finally, it provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. GASB 84 will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2020. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* ("GASB 87"), which establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. GASB 87 (1) increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract; and (2) establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Additionally, under GASB 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. GASB 87 will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2021 and will be applied retroactively by restating financial statements. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements* ("GASB 88"), which seeks to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements, while providing financial statement users with additional essential information concerning debt. In particular, GASB 88 defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one

or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date that the contractual obligation is established, and it clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. Furthermore, this Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including (1) unused lines of credit; (2) assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and (3) terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. GASB 88 will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2019. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period* ("GASB 89"), which seeks to (1) enhance the relevance and comparability of information concerning capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period, and (2) simplify accounting for interest cost incurred during the period of construction. In particular, GASB 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, and thus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. GASB 89 will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2021. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

(3) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The funds of the District must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$902,426 and the related bank balances totaled \$922,494. Of these total bank balances, \$250,000 was insured by the Bank Insurance Fund and \$672,494 was secured by collateral held by the pledging bank in the District's name.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK) Fund, Special Revenue (Grant Funds), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Funds, and School Activity Funds.

(4) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> Land and land improvements	<u>June 30, 2018</u> \$ 94,405	Additions	Deductions \$ - \$	<u>June 30, 2019</u> 94,405
Buildings and improvements	7,610,348	Ψ -	φ φ -	7,610,348
Technology equipment	181,970	-	(4,977)	176,993
Vehicles	169,026	47,850	-	216,876
General	213,318	_		213,318
Totals at historical cost	8,269,067	47,850	(4,977)	8,311,940
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(51,806)	(2,517)	-	(54,323)
Buildings and improvements	(3,238,359)	(270,339)	-	(3,508,698)
Technology equipment	(166,146)	(319)	4,977	(161, 488)
Vehicles	(168,573)	(4,386)	-	(172,959)
General	(181,466)	(4,706)		(186,172)
Total accumulated depreciation	on <u>(3,806,350</u>)	(282,267)	4,977	(4,083,640)
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets - Net	<u>\$ 4,462,717</u>	<u>\$ (234,417)</u>	<u>\$\$</u>	4,228,300

Business-Type Activities								
Buildings and improvements	\$	427,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	427,600
General		88,332				-		88,332
Technology equipment		7,175		-		-		7,175
Totals at historical cost		523,107		-		-		523,107
Less: accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and improvements		(397,340)		(12, 104)		-		(409,444)
General		(53,535)		(4,727)		-		(58,262)
Technology equipment		(7,175)		-		-		(7,175)
Total accumulated depreciation	l	(458,050)		(16,831)				(474,881)
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets - Net	<u>\$</u>	65,057	<u>\$</u>	(16,831)	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	48,226

Depreciation expense was allocated to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 16,409
Student support services	2,359
Instructional staff support	_
District administration	480
School administration	-
Business support services	-
Plant operation & maintenance	258,633
Student transportation	 4,386
	\$ 282,267

(5) LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as debt obligations represents the District's future obligations to make lease payments relating to bonds issued in the original amount of \$4,260,000.

<u>Bonds</u>

The General Fund, Facilities Support Program (FSPK) Fund and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund are obligated to make lease payments. The lease agreements provide among other things, (1) for rentals sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities and (2) the Board with the option to purchase the properties under leases at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding. The proceeds from certain refunding issues have been placed in escrow accounts to be used to service the related debt.

The original amount of present outstanding issues, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

		Interest
Issue Date	Original Amount	Rates
Issue of 5-1-11	\$ 540,000	2.50% to 4.60%
Issue of 8-1-15	1,055,000	3.25%
Issue of 10-1-16	2,665,000	2.00 to 2.20%
	\$4,260,000	

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in the issues.

A summary of long-term debt and other long-term obligations is as follows:

Description General obligation bonds - \$4,260,000 originally issued with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to	Balance at June 30, 2018	30, 2018 Additions		Balance at June 30, 2019		
4.60%	\$ 3,950,000	\$ -	\$ 300,000	\$ 3,650,000		
Capital leases	34,408	47,850	34,408	47,850		
KSBIT payable	3,440	-	1,147	2,293		
Accrued interest payable	17,373	-	2,542	14,831		
Net pension liability	694,319	-	105,752	588,567		
Net OPEB liability	1,031,467	-	64,885	966,582		
Accumulated unpaid sick leave	20,892	-	15,674	5,218		
Less: Discounts on bonds	(19,186) <u>\$ 5,732,713</u>	<u> </u>	(1,039) <u>\$ 523,369</u>	(18,147) \$ 5,257,194		

The 2011 and 2015 bond issues were sold at a discount of \$8,617 and \$21,100, respectively. The 2016 bond issuance was sold at a premium of \$5,022. These amounts are being amortized over the life of the respective debt.

In connection with the bond issues of 2011, 2015, and 2016, the Board entered into a participation agreement with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, whereby the Commission has agreed to provide amounts on an annual basis (reflected in the following table) toward the payment of principal and interest requirements on the bonds. The agreement is in effect for a period of two years. The obligation of the Commission to make said payments shall automatically renew every two years, unless the Commission provides the Board notice of its intention not to participate within sixty days prior to the expiration of the two year period.

Assuming no issues are called prior to scheduled maturity and that the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission continues to renew its agreement, the minimum obligations at June 30, 2019 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Kentucky Sch Construction (Por		District's	Portion	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 240,655	\$ 58,682	\$ 64,345	\$ 36,302	\$ 399,984
2021	245,688	53,527	64,312	34,625	398,152
2022	250,955	48,259	64,045	32,959	396,218
2023	256,482	42,733	68,518	31,012	398,745
2024	262,140	37,075	67,860	29,015	396,090
2025-2029	1,060,272	98,138	374,728	108,733	1,641,871
2030-2034	145,814	18,349	314,186	46,932	525,281
2035-2036	41,576	1,270	128,424	4,255	175,525
	\$ 2,503,582	\$ 358,033	\$ 1,146,418	\$ 323,833	\$ 4.331,866

Capital Leases

On August 28, 2018, the District entered into a tax-exempt lease purchase agreement with U.S. Bank Equipment Finance to purchase a 2018 Chevrolet Suburban. The District will make a single payment annually in the amount \$11,056 for principal and interest at 4.90% through August 28, 2023.

Future minimum debt service on capital leases, at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 8,658	\$ 2,398	\$ 11,056
2021	9,091	1,965	11,056
2022	9,547	1,509	11,056
2023	10,026	1,030	11,056
2024	10,528	526	11,054
	<u>\$ 47,850</u>	<u>\$7,428</u>	<u>\$ 55,278</u>

KSBIT Payable

The Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust ("KSBIT") notified the District during fiscal year 2013 that their self-insurance pools for worker's compensation and liability insurance were underfunded. As a result, an assessment will be required under a fair methodology to be approved by the Kentucky Department of Insurance, of current and past participating members to fund the deficit and the transfer of liability to a qualified insurer/reinsurer. On May 13, 2014, the court approved the plan of assessment tendered by KSBIT and approved the Loss Portfolio Transfer to Kentucky Employers Mutual Insurance ("KEMI"). As a result the District's portion of the liability was reduced from \$20,766 to \$9,175. The District took the option of paying 25% down by August 31, 2014 and financing the remaining balance over 6 years to be paid in equal annual installments beginning August 31, 2015 with no interest. The following is a schedule by year of payments:

Year	
Ending	
2020	\$ 1,147
2021	 1,147
	\$ 2,294

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is \$453,918 and \$134,649 for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively, at June 30, 2019. See Note (7) for more detailed information.

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is \$927,742 and \$38,840 for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively, at June 30, 2019. See Note (8) for more detailed information.

(6) ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. At June 30, 2019, this amount totaled \$5,218.

(7) **RETIREMENT PLANS**

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System

Plan description: Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined

benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided: For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Nonuniversity members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the KTRS has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions: Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university members are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. University members are required to contribute 10.400% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its members by 2.215%; therefore, university members contribute 8.185% of their salary to KTRS.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. University employers contribute 15.865% of salaries of members. For local school district and regional cooperative members whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS

At June 30, 2019, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net Pension liability \$

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the Net Pension liability associated with the District 5,824,015 \$ 5,824,015

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the Commonwealth as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.0445%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of (\$703,624) and revenue of (\$703,624) for support provided by the State.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%
Inflation	3.0%
Salary Increase	3.5-7.3%, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	1.50% annually

The following change of assumptions were adopted by the Board of Trustees and reflected in the liability measurement as of June 30, 2018:

• Increased the Single Equivalent Interest rate (SEIR) from 4.49% to 7.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015 adopted by the Board on November 19, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
<u>Asset Class</u>	Allocation	<u>Real Rate of Return</u>
US Equity	40.0%	4.2%
International Equity	22.0%	5.2%
Fixed Income	15.0%	1.2%
Other Additional Categories*	8.0%	3.3%
Real Estate	6.0%	3.8%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.3%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.0%	0.9%
Total	100.0%	

*Includes Hedge Funds, High Yield and Non-US Developed Bonds.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates, adjusted by 95%, for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The change in the discount rate from the 4.49% used in the 2017 disclosure reports is considered a change in actuarial assumptions or other inputs under GASB 68.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease	d	iscount rate		Increase
	 (6.50%)		(7.50%)	_	(8.50%)
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the Net Pension liability associated with the					
District	\$ 7,465,000	\$	5,824,015	\$	4,443,000

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KTRS financial report which is publically available at <u>http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/</u>.

County Employees Retirement System

Plan description: Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly. The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at <u>https://kyret.ky.gov</u>.

Benefits provided: Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions: Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions, and by employers of members. For the year ending June 30, 2019, employers were required to contribute 21.48% (16.22% - pension, 5.26% insurance) of the member's salary. During the year ending June 30, 2019, the District contributed \$42,098 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. At June 30 2018, the District's proportion was 0.00966%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$47,872. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	О	eferred utflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	19,197 57,520	\$	8,615	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Changes in proportion and differences		-		7,057	
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to		-		86,138	
the measurement date	\$	<u>42,098</u> <u>118,815</u>	\$	101,810	

The \$42,098 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2020	\$ 9,145
2021	(10, 107)
2022	(20,972)
2023	 (3,159)
	\$ (25,093)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The total pension liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2016
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Experience Study	July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	25 years, closed
Payroll growth	2.00%
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increase	3.05%, average
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2017. However, during the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2018 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the below tables.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Equity	17.50%	
US Large Cap	5.00%	4.50%
US Mid Cap	6.00%	4.50%
US Small Cap	6.50%	5.50%
Non US Equity	17.50%	
International Developed	12.50%	6.50%
Emerging Markets	5.00%	7.25%
Global Bonds	4.00%	3.00%
Credit Fixed	24.00%	
Global IG Credit	2.00%	3.75%
High Yield	7.00%	5.50%
EMD	5.00%	6.00%
Illiquid Private	10.00%	8.50%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.50%
	27	

Real Estate	5.00%	9.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	5.00%
Real Return	10.00%	7.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	6.09%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
	1	Decrease	dis	scount rate	Increase
		<u>(5.25%)</u>		(6.25%)	 (7.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	740,945	\$	588,567	\$ 460,901

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at <u>https://kyret.ky.gov</u>.

Payables to the pension plan: At June 30, 2019, there was a payable to the CERS Pension Plan of \$8,278.

(8) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT ("OPEB") PLANS

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System OPEB Plans

Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description - In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance, and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided - To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three and three quarters percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Medical Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$795,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.042648%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	795,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the		
District		685,000
	<u>\$</u>	1,480,000

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$93,000 and revenue of \$48,000 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$	_	\$	41,000
Ŷ	11,000	Ŷ	-
	-		3,000
	20,000		-
\$	<u>41,612</u> 72,612	\$	
	Ōι	Outflows of Resources \$ - 11,000 - 20,000	Outflows In of Resources of R \$ - \$ 11,000 - 20,000 41,612

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$41,612 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year	
2020	\$ (3,000)
2021	(3,000)
2022	(3,000)
2023	(1,000)
2024	(1,000)
Thereafter	 (2,000)
	\$ (13,000)

Actuarial methods and assumptions – The total OPEB liability was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.50 - 7.20%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	7.75% for FY 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by
	FY 2024
Ages 65 and Older	5.75% for FY 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by
	FY 2021
Medicare Part B Premiums	0.00% for FY 2018 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2030
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%
Discount Rate	8.00%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2015 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	30 Year Expected Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.6%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.2%
Real Estate	5.5%	3.8%
Private Equity	6.5%	6.3%
Other Additional Categories	20.0%	3.3%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.0%	0.9%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's and Commonwealth's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the District's and Commonwealth's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease (7.00%)		Current discount rate (8.00%)		1% Increase (9.00%)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability Commonwealth's proportionate share of the	\$	932,000	\$	795,000	\$	681,000	
net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	<u>\$</u>	803,000 1,735,000	<u>\$</u>	<u>685,000</u> 1,480,000	\$	586,000 1,267,000	

Sensitivity of the District's and Commonwealth's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's and Commonwealth's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's and Commonwealth's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		1% Decrease		Current trend rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability Commonwealth's proportionate share of the	\$	659,000	\$	795,000	\$	962,000	
net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>568,000</u> 1,227,000	\$	<u>685,000</u> 1,480,000	<u>\$</u>	829,000 1,791,000	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description - Life Insurance Plan - TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-

sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided - TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Life Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2019, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability associated with the	
District	12,000

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the Commonwealth as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.041671%.

12,000

\$

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,000 and revenue of \$2,000 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial methods and assumptions – The total OPEB liability was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date Measurement Date	June 30, 2017 June 30, 2018
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.50 - 7.20%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%
Discount Rate	7.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service

retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2015 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	30 Year Expected
Target	Geometric
Allocation	Real Rate of Return
40.0%	4.2%
23.0%	5.2%
18.0%	1.2%
6.0%	3.8%
5.0%	6.3%
6.0%	3.3%
2.0%	0.9%
100.0%	
	Allocation 40.0% 23.0% 18.0% 6.0% 5.0% 6.0% 2.0%

**As the LIF investment policy is to change, the above reflects the pension allocation and returns that achieve the target 7.5% long-term rate of return.*

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the Commonwealth's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the Commonwealth's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

		1%	(Current	1%
		Decrease (6.50%)		count rate 7.50%)	ncrease 8.50%)
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the	ł	0.0070)		<u></u>	 0.0070
net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$	18,000	\$	12,000	\$ 7,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

County Employees Retirement System Insurance Fund

Plan description: The County Employees Retirement System ("CERS") Insurance Fund was established to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The CERS Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems' (KRS) board of trustees.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at <u>https://kyret.ky.gov</u>.

Benefits provided - CERS health insurance benefits are subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. For employees who initiated participation in the CERS system prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for insurance coverage based on the retired member's years of service and type of service. Non-hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for only the member's health insurance premium.

Percentage of contribution ranges from 0% for less than 4 years of service to 100% for 20 years or more of service. For members who initiated participation in the CERS system after July 1, 2003 until August 31, 2008, members must have 120 months of service in a state-administered retirement system to qualify for participation in the KRS health plans. Members who began participating with KRS on or after September 1, 2008, must have 180 months of service upon retirement to participate in the KRS health plans. Non-hazardous retirees receive \$10 toward the monthly premium for each full year of service.

Contributions: CERS allocates a portion of the employer contributions to the health insurance benefit plans. For the year ending June 30, 2019, CERS allocated 5.26% of the 21.48% actuarially required contribution rate paid by employers for funding the healthcare benefit. In addition, 1.00% of the contributions by employees hired after September 1, 2008 are allocated to the health insurance plan. During the year ending June 30, 2019, the District contributed \$13,652 to the CERS Insurance Fund. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Implicit Subsidy: The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. This implicit subsidy is included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS Insurance Fund

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. District's proportion of the net OPEB

liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. At June 30 2018, the District's proportion was 0.009664%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$16,533, including an implicit subsidy of \$2,048. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	- 34,268	\$	19,996 396
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Changes in proportion and differences		-		11,819
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to		-		32,054
the measurement date	\$	<u>13,652</u> 47,920	\$	64,265

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$13,652 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year	
2020	\$ (5,457)
2021	(5,457)
2022	(5,457)
2023	(3, 162)
2024	(7,545)
Thereafter	(2,919)
	\$ (29,997)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2016
Measurement Date Experience Study	June 30, 2018 July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay
Remaining Amortization Period	28 Years, Closed
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increase	3.05%, average
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%

Healthcare Trend Rates	
Pre-65	Initial trend starting at 7.25% at January 1, 2019 and
	gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of
	4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Post-65	Initial trend starting at 5.10% at January 1, 2019 and
	gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of
	4.05% over a period of 11 years.

There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2017 (other than the blended discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability). However, during the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. The system shall now pay 100% of the insurance premium for spouses and children of all active members who die in the line of duty. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018, is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females).

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the below tables.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
US Equity	17.50%	
US Large Cap	5.00%	4.50%
US Mid Cap	6.00%	4.50%
US Small Cap	6.50%	5.50%
Non US Equity	17.50%	
International Developed	12.50%	6.50%
Emerging Markets	5.00%	7.25%
Global Bonds	4.00%	3.00%
Credit Fixed	24.00%	
Global IG Credit	2.00%	3.75%
High Yield	7.00%	5.50%
EMD	5.00%	6.00%
Illiquid Private	10.00%	8.50%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.50%
Real Estate	5.00%	9.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	5.00%
Real Return	10.00%	7.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	6.09%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.85%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 25 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.62%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 –Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2018. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.85%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.85%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.85%) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
	I	Decrease	dis	scount rate	Increase
		(4.85%)		(5.85%)	 (6.85%)
District's proportionate share of the					
net OPEB liability	\$	222,858	\$	171,582	\$ 127,908

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease	t	rend rate	 Increase
District's proportionate share of the				
net OPÉB liability	\$ 127,745	\$	171,582	\$ 223,254

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at <u>https://kyret.ky.gov</u>.

Payables to the OPEB plan: At June 30, 2019, there was a payable to the CERS OPEB Plan of \$3,033.

(9) **OPERATING LEASES**

The District has operating lease agreements for use of equipment cancelable annually with the option to renew. The District recognizes the expenditures related to those obligations in the General Fund as lease payments are made. Total rent expenditures under operating type leases were approximately \$11,588.

(10) CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, state and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based on the grantor's review the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

The District is a defendant in certain claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, after consultation with legal counsel, the ultimate disposition of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

The District has no outstanding construction commitments at June 30, 2019.

(11) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District carries insurance with private insurance carriers. The District pays annual premiums for insurance coverage.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through a private carrier. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(12) COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

(13) ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2019, total payments of \$1,137,632 were made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky on behalf of the District for life insurance, health insurance, and KTRS matching and administrative fees, and SFCC debt service. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and are recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the Statement of Activities and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

On-behalf payments for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Plan/Description	A	Amount
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System – GASB 68	\$	421,998
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System – GASB 75		35,573
Health Insurance Plan		296,202
Life Insurance Plan		508
Administrative Fee		4,169
HRA/Dental/Vision		17,587
Federal Reimbursement		(15,945)
Technology		41,312
Debt Service		336,228
Total On-Behalf	<u>\$</u>	1,137,632

(14) TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

<u>Type</u> Operating	From Fund General	Fund Special Revenue	Purpose Technology Match	Amount \$ 5,479
Debt Service	Building Fund	Debt Service	Debt Service	100,328
Operating	Capital Outlay	General Fund	Technology Purchase & Property Insurance	35,543
Operating	Building Fund	General Fund	Technology Purchase & Property Insurance	30,010

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(15) FUND DEFICIT

As of June 30, 2019, the Food Service Fund had a negative net position of \$67,302. This deficit resulted from the fund's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans*. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2017 (2016)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2016 (2015)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2015 (2014)	
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.009664%		0.011862%	-	0.012381%		0.012721%		0.014247%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	S	588,567	\$	694,319	\$	609,574	\$	546,927	\$	462,000	
District's covered payroll	\$	254.682	\$	294,831	\$	295,330	\$	263,520	\$	326,847	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		231.099%		235.497%		206.404%		207.547%		141.351%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		53.540%		53.300%		55.500%		59.970%		66.800%	
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0445%		0.0422%		0.0437%		0.0435%		0.0429%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	<u></u> \$	<u>5,824,015</u> 5,824,015		11,389,956 11,389,956		<u>12,893,317</u> 12,893,317		10,113,739		<u>8,823,040</u> 8,823,040	
				<u></u>							
District's covered payroll	\$	1,508,489	\$	1,410,300	\$	1,438,279	\$	1,377,477	\$	1,341,022	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		59.300%		39.830%		35.220%		42.490%		45.590%	

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	·	2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$	42,098	\$ 36,878	\$ 41,130	\$ 36.680	\$ 33,601	\$ 44,910
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		42.098	 36,878	 41,130	 36,680	 33,601	 44,910
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$	259,545	\$ 254,682	\$ 294,831	\$ 295,330	\$ 263,520	\$ 326,847
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered payroll		16.22%	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%	12.75%	13.74%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>	 -	 	 	 <u> </u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$	1,387,044	\$ 1,508,489	\$ 1,410,300	\$ 1,438,279	\$ 1,377,477	\$ 1,341,022
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)		
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM INSURANCE FUND:	 		
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.009664%		0.011862%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 171,582	\$	238,467
District's covered payroll	\$ 254,682	\$	294,831
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	67.371%		80.883%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	57.6%		52.4%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN:			
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.042648%		0.040388%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 795,000	\$	793,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	685,000		647,000
Total	\$ 1,480,000	\$	1,440,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,360,128	\$	1,269,521
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	58.450%		62.465%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	25.50%		21.18%

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (CONCLUDED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)			Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)		
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.041671%		0.039485%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-		
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$	12,000	<u> </u>	9,000		
District's covered payroll	\$	1,360,128	\$	1,269,521		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.000%		0.000%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		75.000%		79.990%		

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM INSURANCE FUND: Contractually required contribution	\$ 13,652	\$ 11,970	\$ 13,945
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	13,652	11,970	13,945
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 259,545	\$ 254,682	\$ 294,831
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered payroll	5.26%	4.70%	4.73%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN: Contractually required contribution	\$ 41,612	\$ 40,804	\$ 38,086
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	41,612	40,804	38,086
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,387,044	\$ 1,360,128	\$ 1,269,521
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered payroll	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS (CONCLUDED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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	2019	2018	2017
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,387,044	\$ 1,360,128	\$ 1,269,521
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION – PENSION PLANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(1) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

<u>KTRS</u>

In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2011. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation, the Board adopted an interest smoothing methodology to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, set forward two year for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with projection scale AA, which was used prior to 2016.

The following change of assumptions were adopted by the Board of Trustees and reflected in the liability measurement as of June 30, 2018:

• Increased the Single Equivalent Interest rate (SEIR) from 4.49% to 7.50%

<u>CERS</u>

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.
- The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).
- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.
- The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

The following changes were made by the Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

- Decreased the price inflation assumption to 2.30%
- Decreased the assumed rate of return to 6.25%
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption to 2.00%.

(2) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

<u>KTRS</u>

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	3.5%
Salary Increase	4.0% to 8.2%, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including
	inflation

<u>CERS</u>

The actuarially determined contribution rates are determined on a biennial basis beginning with the fiscal year ended 2016, determined as of July 1, 2015. The amortization period of the unfunded liability has been reset as of July 1, 2013 to a closed 30-year period. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Experience Study	July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	27 years, closed
Payroll growth	4.00%
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	3.25%
Salary Increase	4.00%, average
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with Scale BB (set back 1 year for females)

(3) CHANGES OF BENEFITS

KTRS

There were no changes of benefit terms for KTRS.

<u>CERS</u>

During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2018 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OPEB PLANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(1) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

<u>KTRS</u>

Medical Insurance Plan - There were no changes of assumptions.

Life Insurance Plan - There were no changes of assumptions.

CERS Insurance Fund

The following changes were made by the Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

- Decreased the price inflation assumption to 2.30%
- Decreased the assumed rate of return to 6.25%
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption to 2.00%.

(2) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

<u>KTRS</u>

Medical Insurance Plan - The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization period	23 years, Closed
Asset valuation method	Five-year smoothed value
Inflation	3.00%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50% - 7.20%
Discount rate	8.00%
Health care cost trends	
Under 65	7.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate
	rate of 5.00% by FY 2023
Ages 65 and older	5.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate
8	rate of 5.00% by FY 2020
Medicare Part B premiums	1.02% for FY 2017 with an ultimate rate of
	5.00% by 2029
Under age 65 claims	The current premium charged by KEHP is used
	as the base cost and is projected forward using
	only the health care trend assumption (no
	implicit rate subsidy is recognized).

Life Insurance Plan - The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization period	30 years, Open
Asset valuation method	Market value
Inflation	3.50%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	4.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	4.00% - 8.10%
Discount rate	7.50%

CERS Insurance Fund

The following actuarial methods and assumptions, for actuarially determined contributions effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2018:

Experience Study Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Payroll Growth Rate Asset Valuation Method	July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013 Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Pay 27 Years, Closed 4.00% 20% of the difference between the market value of
	assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	3.25%
Salary Increase	4.00%, average
Investment Rate of Return Healthcare Trend Rates	7.50%
Pre-65	Initial trend starting at 7.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over a period of 5 years.
Post-65	Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over a period of 2 years.

(3) CHANGES OF BENEFITS

<u>KTRS</u>

Medical Insurance Plan – With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the state will only finance, via its KEHP "Shared Responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

Life Insurance Plan – There were no changes of benefit terms.

<u>CERS</u>

During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. The system shall now pay 100% of the insurance premium for spouses and children of all active members who die in the line of duty. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018, is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	(on-Major Capital Project Funds	A	District Activity Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Total assets	\$ \$	17,250 - 17,250	\$	3,114 - 3,114	\$ \$	20,364	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$			-	\$		
Fund Balances: Restricted for construction Restricted for debt service Restricted Total fund balance		17,250 - - 17,250		- 3,114 3,114		17,250 - 3,114 20,364	
Total liabilites and fund balances	\$	17,250		3,114		20,364	

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Non-Major Capital Project Funds		A	District .ctivity Funds		Total on-Major vernmental Funds
REVENUES:						
From local sources -						
Property taxes	\$	61,950	\$	-	\$	61,950
Earnings on investments		-		-		-
Other local revenue		-		3,594		3,594
Intergovernmental - State		103,932				103,932
Total revenues		165,882		3,594		169.476
EXPENDITURES:						
Current -						
Instructional staff		-		3,187		3,187
Operation and maintenance of plant		9,000		-		9,000
Debt service		-		-	_	-
Total expenditures		9,000		3,187		12,187
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		156,882		407		157,289
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Operating transfers in		-		-		-
Operating transfers out		(165,881)		-		(165,881)
Total other financing uses		(165,881)		-		(165,881)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(8,999)		407		(8,592)
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2018	<u></u>	26,249		2,707		28,956
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019	\$	17,250	\$	3,114		20,364

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		FSPK Fund		SEEK Fund	C	onstruction Fund	(]	Total on-Major Capital Project Funds
ASSETS:	\$	17,250	\$		\$		\$	17 250
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	Φ	-	Φ	-	Φ	-	Φ	17,250
Total assets	\$	17,250	\$		\$	-	\$	17,250
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Total liabilities		-						-
Fund Balances:								
Restricted for construction		17,250		-		-		17,250
Restricted for SFCC escrow		-				-		-
Total fund balance		17,250				-		17,250
Total liabiliites and fund balances		17,250	\$			-	\$	17,250

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		FSPK Fund		SEEK Fund		Construction Fund		Total Non-major Capital Project Funds
REVENUES: From local sources -								
Property taxes	\$	61,950	\$	_	\$	87	\$	61,950
Intergovernmental - State	÷	77,838	ů,	26,094	ų	-	Φ	103,932
Interest income		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		139,788		26,094		-		165,882
EXPENDITURES:								
Current -								
Operation and maintenance of plant		-		9,000		-		9,000
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		- 9,000				
Total expenditures				9,000				9,000
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		139,788		17,094		-		156,882
OTHER FINANCING USES:								
Operating transfers in		-		-		-		-
Operating transfers out		(130,338)	****	(35,543)		-		(165,881)
Total other financing uses	<u></u>	(130,338)		(35,543)		-		(165,881)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		9,450		(18,449)		-		(8,999)
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2018		7,800		18,449				26,249
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019	\$	17,250	\$		\$	-	\$	17,250

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	2009 KISTA Lease	2008 Bond Fund	2011 Bond Fund	2015 Bond Fund	2017 Bond Fund	Totals Debt Service Funds
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Total assets	\$ - 	\$ - - \$ -	\$ - - \$ -	\$ - 	\$ - - \$ -	\$ -
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Fund Balances: Restricted for debt service Total fund balance						
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ </u>

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2009 KISTA Lease		2011 Bond Fund	 2015 Bond Fund	 2017 Bond Fund	De	Totals ebt Service Funds
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental - State	\$ 34,967	\$	20,913	\$ 24,250	\$ 256,098	\$	336,228
Intergovernmental - Direct Federal	-		-	-	-		-
Interest income	**		-	 -	 	-	-
Total revenues	34,967		20,913	 24,250	 256,098		336,228
EXPENDITURES:							
Debt service	34,967		43,070	 62,308	 296,211		436,556
Total expenditures	34,967		43,070	 62,308	 296,211		436,556
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER							
EXPENDITURES	50	·	(22,157)	 (38,058)	 (40,113)		(100,328)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							
Bond proceeds	-		-	-	~		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-		-	-	-		*
Operating transfers in	-		22,157	 38,058	 40,113		100,328
Total other financing sources			22,157	 38,058	 40,113		100,328
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-	-	-		-
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2018				 <u> </u>	 		-
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019	<u>\$</u> -		-	\$ 	 -	\$	

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Cash Balance June 30, 2018	Receipts	Disburse- ments	Cash Balance June 30, 2019	Accounts Payable	Deposits Held in Custody for Students June 30, 2019
Athletics	\$ 6,309	\$ 99.287	\$ 93.719	\$ 11,877	\$ -	\$ 11,877
Band	118	2,367	2,446	39	-	39
Beta Club	16	140	132	24	-	24
Blessing Box / Helping Hand	-	437	-	437	-	437
Champions	2,919	3,250	2.021	4,148	-	4,148
Class of 2018	221	-	221	-	-	· -
Class of 2019	6,384	9,235	13,783	1,836	-	1,836
Class of 2020	4,592	6,443	2,102	8,933	-	8,933
Class of 2021	1,916	2,674	488	4,102	-	4,102
Class of 2022	2,564	2,697	475	4,786	-	4,786
Class of 2023	2,168	441	-	2,609	_	2,609
Class of 2024	318	1,161	452	1,027	_	1,027
Class of 2025	-	521	-	521		521
Class of 2025	535	71	88	518		518
Class of 2020	280	58	00	338	-	338
Class of 2028	280	70	-	70	-	70
Class of 2028	-	14	-	114		114
	-	40	-	40	-	40
Class of 2030	-		-		-	
Class of 2031		32	-	32	-	32
Culinary Arts	231	-	231	-		-
Drama Club	1,547	594	463	1,678	-	1,678
Faculty Enhancement	9,260	7,087	11,076	5,271	-	5,271
FBLA	1,087	5,579	6,178	488	*	488
FCCLA	2,988	1,190	2,783	1,395	-	1,395
Film Fest	776	-	~	776	~	776
Fitness Center	38	-	-	38	-	38
Future Educators	161	-	161	-	-	-
Gifted and Talented	186	-	-	186	-	186
Gracie Account	13	-	-	13	-	13
High School Art	286	-	286	-	-	-
Library	1,223	3,038	2,545	1,716	-	1,716
Nursing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Robotics	250	309	192	367	-	367
Senior Scholarship	207	-	-	207	•	207
Senior Trip Deposit	-	650	650	-	-	-
Special Education Fund	88	-	-	88	-	88
Student Enhancement	5,740	8,744	8.929	5,555	-	5,555
Yearbook/Newspaper	2,938	1,271	1,174	3,035	-	3,035
	\$ 55,459	\$ 157,400	\$ 150,595	\$ 62,264	\$ -	\$ 62,264



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Augusta Independent School District Augusta, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities* and *State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Augusta Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect, and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated November 1, 2019.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Killing Hallinsug Son the Amberg, PSC Ashland, Kentucky

November 1, 2019

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

There were no findings in the prior year.



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Kentucky State Committee of School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Augusta Independent School District Augusta, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Augusta Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion of the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding these matters. This letter does not affect our report dated November 1, 2019, on the financial statements of the District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform and additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Killing Salleway Smith Angloby, PSC

Ashland, Kentucky November 1, 2019

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

COMPETITIVE BIDDING

Condition: We noted that proper bid procedures were not followed for the purchase of a 2018 Chevrolet Suburban in the amount of \$47,850.

Criteria: KRS 424.260 and Board policy requires that all like items purchased during the fiscal year exceeding \$20,000 (before March 2019) or \$30,000 (after March 2019) be purchased through a bid approved by the Board or at state/federal contract pricing.

Cause: Large purchases requiring the bid process to be followed are not typical for the District and the thought to observe the bidding process did not occur to management at the time of the purchase. The District called three local dealerships and obtained quotes for the vehicle in an effort to get the best deal; however, the formal process of bidding the purchase was not followed.

Effect: Possible noncompliance with KRS 424.260 and Board policy.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District implement procedures to ensure that all purchases comply with KRS 424.260.

Management's Response: The District will follow the formal bidding process for purchases that exceed \$30,000 with a bid approved by the Board or at state/federal contract pricing.

STALE CHECKS - ACTIVITY FUNDS

Condition: We noted one outstanding check in the amount of \$710 to Marshall County High School that has been outstanding for greater than one year.

Criteria: The Kentucky Redbook states that an Activity Fund should "Write off any outstanding check with an issuance date older than one year."

Cause: This was an oversight by the responsible employee due to her being out on extended medical leave.

Effect: Failure to properly follow Kentucky Redbook procedures.

Recommendation: We recommend that all checks that are currently older than one year be written off. We also recommend that moving forward the status of outstanding checks be evaluated on at least an annual basis.

Management's Response: The school accounting bookkeeper and finance officer will write off all checks older than one year and evaluate the status of outstanding checks on an annual basis before the close of the fiscal year.

BOARD MEMBER REIMBURSEMENT

Condition: We noted one instance where a check for travel reimbursement did not contain all of the receipts to properly support the amount.

Criteria: When requesting reimbursement for travel, Board Members should include both the itemized receipt as well as the credit card receipt so that the purchases can be properly documented.

Cause: Oversight / human error.

Effect: The disbursement is not fully documented.

Recommendation: We recommend that more care be taken by the individual turning in receipts as well as the individual preparing the disbursement to ensure that all receipts are present.

Management's Response: The board members will include both itemized receipts and credit card receipts when requesting reimbursements for travel and the finance officer will ensure all receipts are present before reimbursement of travel expenses.

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS (CONCLUDED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Follow-up on Prior Year Recommendations

The finding about stale checks at the activity fund is a repeat finding from the prior year. All other prior year conditions have been implemented and corrected. Ms. Lisa McCane, Superintendent, is the person responsible for initiation of the corrective action plan for the above conditions which will be implemented immediately. The corrective action plan is the management response for each condition.

APPENDIX C

Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2021

Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale

OFFICIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF BOND SALE

\$345,000* Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021 Dated February 11, 2021

SALE: January 21, 2021 at 11:00 A.M., E.T.

As advertised in conformity with Chapter 424 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, the Secretary of the Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") will until January 21, 2021, at the hour of 11:00 A.M., E.T., at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction, 700 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601, receive sealed competitive bids for the revenue bonds (the "Bonds") herein described. To be considered, Bids must be submitted on an Official Bid Form and must be delivered to the Secretary at the address indicated on the date of sale no later than the hour indicated. Bids will be opened by the Secretary and may be accepted without further action by the Corporation's Board of Directors.

*Subject to Permitted Adjustment increasing or decreasing the issue by \$35,000.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY, PURPOSE OF ISSUE AND SECURITY

The Bonds are authorized pursuant to KRS 162.120 through 162.300, 162.385 and KRS 58.180 and are issued in accordance with a Resolution of the Corporation's Board of Directors. Said Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation payable from rental revenues derived by the Corporation from the Board under the Lease identified below.

The Bonds are being issued to provide funds for the refunding in advance of maturity all or a portion of the outstanding Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, the proceeds of which were used to finance the construction of improvements at Augusta School and are secured by a statutory mortgage lien upon and a pledge of the revenues from the rental of the school buildings to the Board under a Contract, Lease and Option (the "Lease") on a year to year basis; the first rental period ending June 30, 2021. The statutory mortgage lien securing the Bonds is limited in its application to the exact site of the Project constructed from the proceeds of the Bonds, real estate unoccupied by the Project is unencumbered. The Board has reserved the right to obtain the release of the statutory mortgage lien and revenue pledge on the site of the Project by effecting the redemption or defeasance of the proportionate part of the Bonds then outstanding as was expended on the site being released. Should the Board default in its obligations under the Lease or fail to renew the Lease, the Registered Owners of the Bonds have the right to have a receiver appointed to administer the Project under KRS 162.220; foreclosure and sale are not available as remedies.

The rental of the Project from the Corporation to the Board is to be effected under the Lease, whereunder the Project is leased to the Board for an initial period ending June 30, 2021, with an option in the Board to renew the Lease each year at rentals sufficient to provide for the principal and interest requirements on the Bonds as they become due, plus the costs of insurance, maintenance, depreciation, and bond issuance and administration expenses; the Board is legally obligated only for the initial rental period and for one year at a time thereafter each time the Lease is renewed.

Although the Board is obligated to pay the Corporation annual rentals in the full amount of the principal and interest requirements on the Bonds for each year in which the Lease is renewed, the Board has entered into the Lease in reliance upon a certain Participation Agreement by and between the Board and the Kentucky School Facilities Commission (the "Commission"). Under the terms of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has agreed to pay annually, until May 1, 2029 directly to the Paying Agent for the Bonds a stated agreed participation of approximately 23% of the debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified until such date, subject to the constitutional restrictions limiting the commitment to the biennial; said annual amount is to be applied only to the principal and interest requirements of the Bonds so long as the Board renews the Lease. Under the Lease, the Board has pledged and assigned all of its rights under the Participation Agreement in and to the Agreed Participation to the Corporation in order to secure the Bonds and has agreed to pay that portion of the rentals in excess of the Agreed Participation for each year in which the Lease is renewed.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

The Commission is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of §§ 157.611 through 157.640 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as repealed, amended, and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission") is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of §§ 157.611 through 157.640 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as repealed, amended, and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, the Regulations of the State Board of Education and of the Commission, the Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for participation from the Commission in meeting the costs of the Projects and has entered into the Participation Agreement with the Board whereunder the Commission agrees to pay an Agreed Participation equal to approximately 23% of the debt service requirements each year to be applied only to the payment of the principal and interest requirements on the Bonds; provided, however, that the contractual commitment of the Commission to pay the annual Agreed Participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2021. The right is reserved in the Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the Agreed Participation every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the Agreed Participation shall be automatically renewed each two years for a period of two years unless the Commission shall give notice of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium; however, by execution of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has expressed its present intention to continue to pay the Agreed Participation in each successive biennial budget period until the retirement of all of the Bonds, but such execution does not obligate the Commission to do so.

ADDITIONAL PARITY BONDS FOR COMPLETION OF PROJECT

The Corporation has reserved the right and privilege of issuing additional bonds from time to time payable from the income and revenues of said Project and secured by the same statutory mortgage lien and pledge of revenues, but only if and to the extent the issuance of such additional parity bonds may be necessary to pay the costs, for which funds are not otherwise available, of completing the construction of said Project in accordance with the plans and specifications of the architect in charge of said Project, which plans have been completed, approved by the Board, State Department of Education, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Corporation.

BOND MATURITIES, PRIOR REDEMPTION PROVISIONS AND PAYING AGENT

The Bonds shall be in denominations in multiples of \$5,000 within the same maturity, bear interest from the date of initial issuance and delivery, payable on May 1, 2021, and semiannually each May 1 and November 1 thereafter and shall mature as to principal on May 1, 2021 and May 1 in each of the years thereafter as follows:

MATURITY	AMOUNT*	MATURITY	AMOUNT*
May 1, 2021	\$ 3,000	May 1, 2027	\$ 31,000
May 1, 2022	35,000	May 1, 2028	36,000
May 1, 2023	34,000	May 1, 2029	35,000
May 1, 2024	39,000	May 1, 2030	34,000
May 1, 2025	33,000	May 1, 2031	33,000
May 1, 2026	32,000	-	

The Bonds maturing on or after May 1, 2028, are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturities on any date falling on or after May 1, 2027, in such order of maturities as the Corporation may determine (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent by regular United States Mail to the registered Owners of the Bonds so selected not less than

thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The Bonds are further subject to extraordinary optional redemption prior to their stated maturities on any date, in such order of maturities as the Corporation may determine (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, from the proceeds of casualty insurance received upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the buildings constituting the Project, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent by regular United States Mail to the registered Owners of the Bonds so selected not less than thirty days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The Bonds are to be issued in fully registered form (both principal and interest). U.S. Bank National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to each Registered Owner of records of the 15th day of each month preceding the due date by regular United States Mail postmarked as of the interest due date. Principal shall be paid upon submission of matured Bond Certificates to the Paying Agent. Subsequent to the initial delivery of the Bonds, upon the submission of proper authentication, the Bond Registrar shall transfer ownership of Bonds within three business days of receipt without expense to the Registered Owner.

FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Corporation shall provide to the successful purchaser a Final Official Statement. Arrangements have been made with the printer of the Preliminary Official Statement, upon submission of completion text, to print a reasonable quantity of Final Official Statements in sufficient time to meet the delivery requirements of the successful bidder under SEC or Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board delivery requirements. The successful bidder shall be required to pay for the printing of the Final Official Statement.

BOND MATURITIES, PRIOR REDEMPTION PROVISIONS AND PAYING AGENT

The Bonds will mature, have interest payment dates, be subject to redemption, have a Paying Agent and Registrar, be subject to the issuance of additional bonds and have other conditions and restrictions as set forth in the Preliminary Official Statement describing the Bonds. Reference is made to the Preliminary Official Statement for such information and for information regarding the District and the Corporation.

BIDDING CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

(A) Bids must be made on Official Bid Form, contained in the Official Statement available from the undersigned or RSA Advisors, LLC 325 West Main Street, Suite 300, Lexington, Kentucky 40507, enclosed in sealed envelopes marked "Bid for School Building Revenue Bonds." Bids may alternatively be submitted electronically via BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system. Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system. The use of the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM system, potential bidders may contact BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM, 1359 Broadway - 2nd Floor, New York, NY 10018, Telephone: (800) 850-7422. Notwithstanding the foregoing non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

(B) The minimum bid for the Bonds shall be not less than \$338,100 (98% of par), plus accrued interest. Interest rates shall be in multiples 1/8 or 1/20 of 1% or both. Only one interest rate shall be permitted per Bond and all Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same rate. Interest rates must be on an ascending scale, in that the interest rate stipulated for any maturity shall not be less than the interest rate for any preceding maturity. There is no limit on the number of different interest rates.

(C) The maximum permissible net interest cost for each of the Bonds shall not exceed "The Bond Buyer's" Index of 20 Municipal Bonds as established on the Thursday immediately preceding the sale of said bonds plus 1.50%

(D) The determination of the best purchase bid for each of the Bonds shall be made on the basis of all bids submitted for exactly \$345,000 principal amount of Bonds offered for sale hereunder; but the Corporation may adjust the principal amount of Bonds which may be awarded to such best bidder upward or downward by \$35,000 (the "Permitted Adjustment") to a minimum of \$310,000 or a maximum of \$380,000. In the event of such Permitted Adjustment, no rebidding or recalculation of a submitted bid will be required or permitted. The price at which such adjusted principal amount of Bonds will be sold will be the same price per \$1,000 of Bonds as the price per \$1,000 for the \$345,000 of Bonds bid.

(E) If three or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will be required to certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing Wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, (ii) the initial offering price to the public as of the Sale Date of any Maturity of the Bonds, and (iii) that they neither offered nor sold any of the Bonds of any Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the initial offering price for such Maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the winning bidder shall advise the Corporation on the Sale Date if any maturity of the Bonds satisfies the 10% test set forth in (i) above as of the date and time of the award of the Bonds.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

(a) *Holding Period* means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.

(b) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

(c) *Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(d) *Sale Date* means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is January 21, 2021.

(e) *Underwriter* means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a

person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

(F) CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Bonds at the expense of the purchaser. The purchaser shall pay the CUSIP Service Bureau Charge and the cost of printing the Final Official Statement. Improper imprintation or the failure to imprint CUSIP numbers shall not constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds in accordance with the terms of any accepted proposal for the purchase of the Bonds.

(G) The Corporation shall provide to the successful purchaser a Final Official Statement in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12, as amended. Arrangements have been made with the printer of the Preliminary Official Statement, upon submission of completion text, to print a reasonable quantity of Final Official Statements in sufficient time to meet the delivery requirements of the successful bidder under SEC or Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board Delivery Requirements. The successful bidder shall be required to pay for the printing of the Final Official Statement.

(H) Bids need not be accompanied by a certified or bank cashier's good faith check, but the successful bidder will be required to wire transfer to the order of the Corporation an amount equal to 2% of the amount of the principal amount of Bonds awarded by the close of business on the day following the award. Said good faith amount will be forfeited as liquidated damages in the event of a failure of the successful bidder to take delivery of such Bonds when ready. The good faith amount (without interest) will be applied to the purchase price upon delivery of the Bonds. The successful bidder shall not be required to take up and pay for said Bonds unless delivery is made within 45 days from the date the bid is accepted.

(I) The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. They will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee). One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds of each series, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC. Purchases of the Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations (the "Direct Participants"), which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond (a "Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the records of Direct Participants or securities brokers and dealers, banks, and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant (the "Indirect Participants"). Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

(J) The purchaser shall be required to supply the Bond Registrar with the name, address, social security number or taxpayer identification number, principal amount and principal maturities for each person or entity in whose name Bonds are to be registered. Failure of a purchaser to fully designate the Registered Owners of Bonds shall result in the issuance of Bond Certificates by the Registrar in the purchaser's "street name" (to the extent a purchaser fails to designate).

(K) The Corporation reserves the right to reject any and all bids or to waive any informality in any bid. The Bonds are offered for sale subject to the principal and interest not being subject to Federal or Kentucky income taxation or Kentucky ad valorem taxation on the date of their delivery to the successful bidder, in accordance with the Final Approving Legal Opinion of Dinsmore & Shohl LLP, Covington, Kentucky, which Opinion will be qualified in accordance with the section hereof on TAX TREATMENT.

(L) The successful purchaser may require that a portion of the Bonds be term bonds maturing on one or more dates (the "Term Bonds"); provided, however, that the Term Bonds shall be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption by lot at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date

of redemption on May 1 of the years and in the principal amounts set forth in the final adjusted maturity schedule as seen on page 2 of the successful bid.

(M) Prospective bidders are advised that RSA Advisors, LLC has been employed as Financial Advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. RSA Advisors, LLC's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. Bidders, including RSA Advisors, LLC, may submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds at the time of the advertised public sale, either individually or as a member of a syndicate organized to submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds.

(N) As required by the Code, the purchaser of the Bonds will be required to certify to the Corporation as to certain of their activities regarding any reoffering to the public of the Bonds, including any reoffering prices.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE; EXEMPTION

In accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12, as amended (the "Rule") the Bonds are exempt from the continuing disclosure requirements of the Rule.

TAX TREATMENT

Bond Counsel is of the opinion that:

(A) The Bonds and the interest payable thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions

(B) Interest payable on the Bonds is excludable from gross income under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Furthermore, interest on the Bonds will not be treated as a specific item of tax preference, under Section 57(a)(5) of the Code, in computing the alternative minimum tax. The Corporation has covenanted to comply with the applicable provisions of the Code, and such compliance by the corporation is necessary to maintain the federal income tax status described above. No opinion is expressed regarding other federal tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.

(C) The Corporation has designated the Bonds as "qualified tax exempt obligations" pursuant to Section 265 of the Code.

AUGUSTA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

By:

/s/_____

Secretary

APPENDIX D

Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2021

Official Bid Form

OFFICIAL BID FORM

(Bond Purchase Agreement)

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale for \$345,000 of School Building Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021, dated the date of initial issuance and delivery (the "Bonds") offered for sale by the Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation"), an agency and instrumentality acting on behalf of the Board of Education of the Augusta Independent School District and in accordance with the Notice of Bond Sale, as advertised in conformity with Chapter 424 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, to all of which the undersigned agrees, the undersigned hereby submits the following offer to purchase said Bonds.

We hereby bid for said \$345,000 principal amount of the Bonds, the total sum of \$______(not less than \$338,100) plus accrued interest from February 11, 2021, at the following annual rate(s), payable semiannually (rates on ascending scale, number of interest rates unlimited):

MATURITY	AMOUNT*	INTEREST <u>RATE</u>	MATURITY	AMOUNT*	INTEREST <u>RATE</u>
May 1, 2021 May 1, 2022 May 1, 2023 May 1, 2024 May 1, 2025 May 1, 2026	\$ 3,000 35,000 34,000 39,000 33,000 32,000	% % %	May 1, 2027 May 1, 2028 May 1, 2029 May 1, 2030 May 1, 2031	\$ 31,000 36,000 35,000 34,000 33,000	% % %

*Subject to Permitted Adjustment

We understand this bid may be accepted for as much as \$380,000 of the Bonds or as little as \$310,000 of the Bonds, at the same price per \$1,000 Bond, with the variation in such amount occurring in any maturity of all maturities, which will be determined by the Corporation at the time of acceptance of the best bid.

It is understood that the Corporation will furnish the final, approving Legal Opinion of Dinsmore & Shohl LLP, Bond Counsel, of Covington, Kentucky.

No certified or bank cashier's check will be required to accompany the bid, but the successful bidder shall be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Bonds awarded by the close of business on the day following the award. Said good faith amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price when said Bonds are tendered for delivery.

Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM. The use of BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM, potential bidders may contact BiDCOMPTM/PARITYTM, 1359 Broadway - 2nd Floor, New York, NY 10018, Telephone: (800) 850-7422. Notwithstanding the foregoing non-electronic bids may be submitted via facilities or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

We further understand that by submitting a bid we agree as follows:

If three or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will be required to certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing Wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they neither offered nor sold any of the Bonds of any Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the initial offering price for such Maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule. For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

(a) *Holding Period* means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful

purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.

(b) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

(c) *Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(d) *Sale Date* means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is January 21, 2021.

(e) Underwriter means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

If we are the successful bidder, we agree to accept and make payment for the Bonds in Federal Funds within forty five days from the date of sale in accordance with the terms of the sale

	Respectfully submitted,		
	Bidder Address		
	Signature		
Total interest cost from February 11, 2021 to final maturity	\$		
Plus discount	\$		
Net interest cost (Total interest cost plus discount)	\$		
Average interest rate or cost	%		

The above computation of net interest cost and of average interest rate or cost is submitted for information only and is not a part of this Bid.

Accepted by the Secretary of the Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation for sas follows:

MATURING MAY 1	AMOUNT	INTEREST RATE	MATURING MAY 1	<u>AMOUNT</u>	INTEREST RATE
2021 2022	\$	%	2027 2028	\$	%
2023 2024			2029 2030		
2025 2026			2031		

Dated: January 21, 2021

Secretary Augusta Independent School District Finance Corporation