DATED MARCH 16, 2021

NEW ISSUE Electronic Bidding via Parity® BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

RATING Moody's: " "

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law interest on the Bonds will be includable in gross income of the holders thereof for purposes of federal taxation. The Bonds and interest thereon are exempt from income taxation and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and political subdivisions thereof (see "Tax Status" herein).

\$1,220,000* CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS, TAXABLE SERIES OF 2021

Dated with Delivery: April 14, 2021

Due: as shown below

Interest on the Bonds is payable each June 1 and December 1, beginning June 1, 2021 The Bonds will mature as to principal on June 1, 2021 and December 1, 2021 and each December 1 thereafter as shown below. The Bonds are being issued in Book-Entry-Only Form and will be available for purchase in principal amounts of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Maturing		Interest	Reoffering		Maturing		Interest	Reoffering	
1-Dec	Amount	Rate	Yield	CUSIP	1-Dec	Amount	Rate	Yield	CUSIP
6/1/2021	\$10,000	%	%		2026	\$110,000	%	%	
2021	\$105,000	%	%		2027	\$110,000	%	%	
2022	\$105,000	%	%		2028	\$110,000	%	%	
2023	\$105,000	%	%		2029	\$115,000	%	%	
2024	\$105,000	%	%		2030	\$115,000	%	%	
2025	\$110,000	%	%		2031	\$120,000	%	%	

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity as described herein.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right to call, upon thirty (30) days notice, the Bonds in whole or in part on any date for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds constitute a limited indebtedness of the Carter County School District Finance Corporation and are payable from and secured by a pledge of the gross income and revenues derived by leasing the Project (as hereinafter defined) on an annual renewable basis to the Carter County Board of Education.

The Carter County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation will until March 24, 2021 at 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T., receive competitive bids for the Bonds at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

*As set forth in the "Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale," the principal amount of Bonds sold to the successful bidder is subject to a Permitted Adjustment by increasing or decreasing the amount not to exceed \$125,000.

PURCHASER'S OPTION: The Purchaser of the Bonds, within 24 hours of the sale, may specify to the Financial Advisor that any Bonds may be combined immediately succeeding sequential maturities into a Term Bond(s), bearing a single rate of interest, with the maturities set forth above (or as may be adjusted as provided herein) being subject to mandatory redemption in such maturities for such Term Bond(s).

The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM administered by The Depository Trust Company.

The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for certain information on the cover page hereof which has been omitted in accordance with such Rule and which will be supplied with the final Official Statement.



CARTER COUNTY, KENTUCKY BOARD OF EDUCATION

Bryan Greenhill, Chairman Kirk Wilburn, Member Rachel Frankell, Member Lisa Easterling, Member Patrick Ferry, Member

Ronnie Dotson, Superintendent/Secretary

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

Bryan Greenhill, President Kirk Wilburn, Vice President Rachel Frankell, Member Lisa Easterling, Member Patrick Ferry, Member

Ronnie Dotson, Secretary Jerry Lyons, Treasurer

BOND COUNSEL

Steptoe & Johnson PLLC Louisville, Kentucky

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

RSA Advisors, LLC Lexington, Kentucky

PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

First National Bank of Grayson Grayson, Kentucky

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement does not constitute an offering of any security other than the original offering of the Carter County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2021, identified on the cover page hereof. No person has been authorized by the Corporation or the Board to give any information or to make any representation other than that contained in the Official Statement, and if given or made such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been given or authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, and there shall not be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation or the Board since the date hereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state or other governmental entity or agency, except the Corporation will pass upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement or approve the Bonds for sale.

The Official Statement includes the front cover page immediately preceding this page and all Appendices hereto.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT Relating to the Issuance of

\$1,220,000*

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS, TAXABLE SERIES OF 2021

*Subject to Permitted Adjustment

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page and Appendices hereto, is to set forth certain information pertaining to the Carter County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2021 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are being issued to (i) pay the maturing principal and accrued interest and refund at or in advance of maturity on December 1, 2021, all of the outstanding Carter County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Second Series of 2011, dated December 1, 2011 (the "2011 Bonds") maturing December 1, 2021 and thereafter (the "Refunded Bonds"); and (ii) pay the cost of the Bond issuance expenses (see "Plan of Refunding" herein). The Board has determined that the plan of refunding the Refunded Bonds will result in considerable interest cost savings to the Carter County School District (the "District") and is in the best interest of the District.

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds will be secured by a lien and a pledge of the rental income derived by the Corporation from leasing the Projects (as hereinafter defined) to the Carter County Board of Education (the "Board") on a year to year basis (see "Security" herein).

All financial and other information presented in this Official Statement has been provided by the Carter County Board of Education from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. The presentation of financial and other information is not intended, unless specifically stated, to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the Board. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety, and no one subject discussed should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its location in the text. Reference should be made to laws, reports or other documents referred to in this Official Statement for more complete information regarding their contents.

Copies of the Bond Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and the Lease Agreement, dated April 14, 2021, may be obtained at the office of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, 700 N. Hurstbourne Parkway, Suite 115, Louisville, Kentucky 40222.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

The following information about the Book-Entry only system applicable to the Bonds has been supplied by DTC. Neither the Corporation nor the Paying Agent and Registrar makes any representations, warranties or guarantees with respect to its accuracy or completeness.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code,

and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, (NSCC, GSCC, MBSCC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Paying Agent and Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name" and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or its nominee, the Paying Agent and Registrar or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and

disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's Book-Entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation believes to be reliable but the Corporation takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

THE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board. Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Board herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of <u>White v. City of Middlesboro</u>, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

Any bonds, notes or other indebtedness issued or contracted by the Corporation shall, prior to the issuance or incurrence thereon, be specifically approved by the Board. The members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation are the members of the Board. Their terms expire when they cease to hold the office and any successor members of the Board are automatically members of the Corporation upon assuming their public offices.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION; NO PARTICIPATION IN THIS ISSUE

The Commission is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of Sections 157.611 through 157.640 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as repealed, amended, and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$124,836,200 in FY 2020-21 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues; \$58,000,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium; and authorizes \$58,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2022.

The 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018 and 2020 Regular Sessions of the Kentucky General Assembly appropriated funds to be used for debt service of participating school districts. The appropriations for each biennium are shown in the following table:

<u>Biennium</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>
1986-88	\$18,223,200
1988-90	14,050,700
1990-92	13,542,800
1992-94	3,075,300
1994-96	2,800,000
1996-98	4,996,000
1998-00	12,141,500
2000-02	8,100,000
2002-04	9,500,000
2004-06	14,000,000
2006-08	9,000,000
2008-10	10,968,000
2010-12	12,656,200
2012-14	8,469,200
2014-16	8,764,000
2016-18	23,019,400
2018-20	7,608,000
2020-21	<u>2,946,900</u>
Total	\$183,861,200

BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

Due to the unforeseen nature on the economy of the Commonwealth caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, in its 2020 regular session, the General Assembly adopted only a one-year budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2022 which was approved and signed by the Governor. The biennial budget will be reviewed and supplemented during the General Assembly's 2021 regular session. Such budget became effective beginning July 1, 2020. The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at www.osbd.ky.gov.

OUTSTANDING BONDS

The following table shows the outstanding Bonds of the Board by the original principal amount of each issue, the current principal outstanding, the amount of the original principal scheduled to be paid with the corresponding interest thereon by the Board or the School Facilities Construction Commission, the approximate interest range; and, the final maturity date of the Bonds:

Bond Series	Original Principal	Current Principal Outstanding	Principal Assigned to Board	Principal Assigned to Commission	Approximate Interest Rate Range	Final Maturity
2011B	\$1,815,000	\$1,140,000	\$1,815,000	\$0	3.000% - 4.100%	2031
2011-QSCB	\$7,665,000	\$7,665,000	\$7,665,000	\$0	5.000%	2030
2012	\$3,460,000	\$3,090,000	\$3,460,000	\$0	2.500% - 3.625%	2032
2013-REF	\$3,805,000	\$2,265,000	\$3,805,000	\$0	2.000% - 2.250%	2025
2014	\$655,000	\$475,000	\$0	\$655,000	4.000%	2034
2015-REF	\$5,300,000	\$3,260,000	\$3,577,216	\$1,722,784	2.000% - 2.250%	2026
2015	\$3,130,000	\$2,795,000	\$2,479,000	\$651,000	2.000% - 3.250%	2035
2017-REF	\$8,635,000	\$8,320,000	\$2,444,275	\$6,190,725	2.500% - 3.000%	2031
TOTALS:	\$34,465,000	\$29,010,000	\$25,245,491	\$9,219,509		

AUTHORITY

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has adopted a Bond Resolution which authorized among other things:

- i) the issuance of approximately \$1,220,000 of Bonds subject to a permitted adjustment of \$125,000;
- ii) the advertisement for the public sale of the Bonds;
- iii) the Official Terms and Conditions for the sale of the Bonds to the successful bidder; and,
- iv) the President and Secretary of the Corporation to execute certain documents relative to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

THE BONDS

General

The Bonds will be dated April 14, 2021, will bear interest from that date as described herein, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2021, and will mature as to principal on June 1, 2021 and December 1, 2021 and each December 1 thereafter in the years and in the principal amounts as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement.

Registration, Payment and Transfer

The Bonds are to be issued in fully-registered form (both principal and interest). The First National Bank of Grayson, Grayson, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co., as the nominee of The Depository Trust Company. Please see Book-Entry-Only-System. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning June 1, 2021 (Record Date is 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

Redemption

The Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2030 are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after December 1, 2029, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Redemption Date	Redemption Price
December 1, 2029 and thereafter	100%

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part for redemption on any day at par upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

SECURITY

General

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds are payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues derived from the leasing of the Project financed from the Bond proceeds from the Corporation to the Board. The Bonds are secured by a pledge of revenue on and from the Project; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with the liens and pledges securing the Corporation's outstanding School Building Revenue Bonds issued to improve the building in which the Project is located.

The Lease; Pledge of Rental Revenues

The Board has leased the school Project securing the Bonds for an initial period from April 14, 2021, through June 30, 2021 with the option in the Board to renew said Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rental due under the Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Bonds as same become due. The Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the Lease until December 1, 2031, the final maturity date of the Bonds. Under the lease, the Corporation has pledged the rental revenue to the payment of the Bonds.

STATE INTERCEPT

Under the terms of the 2021 Lease, and any renewal thereof, the Board has agreed so long as the Bonds remain outstanding, and in conformance with the intent and purpose of Section 157.627(5) of the Act and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the 2021 Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the 2021 Lease to the Corporation the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

VERIFICATION OF MATHEMATICAL ACCURACY

AMTEC, will verify from the information provided to them the mathematical accuracy as of the date of the closing of the Bonds of (1) the computations contained in the provided schedules to determine that the anticipated receipts from the securities and cash deposits listed in the Financial Advisor's schedules, to be held in escrow, will be sufficient to pay, when due, the principal, interest and call premium payment requirements, if any, of the Prior Bonds, and (2) the computations of yield on both the securities and the Bonds contained in the provided schedules used by Bond Counsel in its determination that the interest on the Bonds is not includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. AMTEC will express no opinion on the assumptions provided to them, nor as to the exemption from taxation of the interest on the Bonds.

THE PLAN OF REFUNDING

A sufficient amount of the proceeds of the Bonds at the time of delivery will be deposited into the Bond Fund for the Refunded Bonds. The Bond Fund deposit is intended to be sufficient to (i) pay the maturing principal and accrued interest and refund in advance of maturity all of the outstanding Carter County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Second Series of 2011, dated December 1,2011 (the "2011 Bonds") maturing December 1, 2021 and thereafter, (the "Refunded Bonds"); and (ii) pay the cost of the Bond issuance expenses (see "Plan of Refunding" herein). The Board has determined that the plan of refunding the Refunded Bonds will result in considerable interest cost savings to the Carter County School District (the "District") and is in the best interest of the District.

Any investments purchased for the Bond Fund shall be limited to (i) direct Obligations of or Obligations guaranteed by the United States government, or (ii) Obligations of agencies or corporations of the United States as permitted under KRS 66.480(1)(b) and (c) or (iii) Certificates of Deposit of FDIC banks fully collateralized by direct Obligations of or Obligations guaranteed by the United States.

The Plan of Refunding the Bonds of the Prior Issue as set out in the Preliminary Official Statement is tentative as to what Bonds of the Prior Issue shall be refunded and will not be finalized until the sale of the Refunding Bonds.

PURPOSE OF THE PRIOR BONDS

The Refunded Bonds were issued by the Corporation for the purpose of providing funds to finance construction of the Carter Elementary School (the "Project").

ESTIMATED BOND DEBT SERVICE

The following table shows by fiscal year the current bond payments of the Board. The plan of financing provides for the Board to meet 100% of the debt service of the Bonds.

Fiscal Year	Current Local	8		Total Local	
Ending June 30	Bond Payments	Principal Portion	Interest Portion	Total Payment	Bond Payments
	·				
2021	\$2,428,925	\$10,000	\$65,374	\$12,109	\$2,419,134
2022	\$2,429,102	\$105,000	\$248,225	\$120,749	\$2,422,726
2023	\$2,431,840	\$105,000	\$246,350	\$120,014	\$2,422,466
2024	\$2,427,639	\$105,000	\$244,475	\$119,148	\$2,420,392
2025	\$2,428,106	\$105,000	\$242,475	\$118,124	\$2,418,075
2026	\$2,430,346	\$110,000	\$224,850	\$121,913	\$2,422,814
2027	\$1,871,147	\$110,000	\$206,850	\$120,510	\$1,861,312
2028	\$1,864,947	\$110,000	\$184,650	\$118,943	\$1,857,745
2029	\$1,863,771	\$110,000	\$161,850	\$117,210	\$1,854,136
2030	\$1,875,982	\$115,000	\$138,600	\$120,296	\$1,868,933
2031	\$1,875,592	\$115,000	\$112,050	\$118,255	\$1,866,262
2032	\$858,820	\$120,000	\$85,350	\$121,110	\$852,368
2033	\$310,083	. ,	. ,		\$310,083
2034	\$307,883				\$307,883
2035	\$319,009				\$319,009
2036	<i>~~~</i> ,,				40 - 2 , 0 0 2
2037					
2038					
2039					
2040					
2041					
2041					
TOTALS:	\$25,723,193	\$1,220,000	\$2,161,099	\$1,328,379	\$25,623,337

Note: Numbers rounded to the nearest \$1.00.

ESTIMATED USE OF BOND PROCEEDS

The table below shows the estimated sources of funds and uses of proceeds of the Bonds, other than any portions thereof representing accrued interest:

Sources:	
Par Amount of Bonds	<u>\$1,220,000.00</u>
Total Sources	\$1,220,000.00
Uses:	
Deposit to Escrow Fund Underwriter's Discount (1%) Cost of Issuance	\$1,181,600.00 12,200.00 <u>26,200.00</u>
Total Uses	\$1,220,000.00

DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION

Selected school census and average daily attendance for the Carter County School District is as follows:

Year	Average Daily Attendance	Year	Average Daily Attendance
2000-01	4,145.6	2010-11	4,221.2
2001-02	4,215.4	2011-12	4,201.3
2002-03	4,283.0	2012-13	4,191.6
2003-04	4,285.4	2013-14	4,174.5
2004-05	4,356.2	2014-15	4,161.8
2005-06	4,360.4	2015-16	4,115.0
2006-07	4,369.4	2016-17	4,056.6
2007-08	4,334.1	2017-18	3,971.6
2008-09	4,315.1	2018-19	3,810.3
2009-10	4,275.6	2019-20	3,736.4

Source: Kentucky State Department of Education.

STATE SUPPORT

Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK). In determining the cost of the program to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), the statewide guaranteed base funding level is computed by dividing the amount appropriated by the prior year's statewide average daily attendance. The SEEK fund is a guaranteed amount of money per pupil in each school district of Kentucky. The current SEEK allotment is \$3,866 per pupil. The \$100 capital outlay allotment per each average daily attendance is included within the guaranteed amounts. Each district's base funding from the SEEK program is adjusted for the number of at-risk students, the number and types of exceptional children in the district, and cost of transporting students from and to school in the district.

Capital Outlay Allotment. The per pupil capital outlay allotment for each district from the public school fund and from local sources shall be kept in a separate account and may be used by the district only for capital outlay projects approved by the State Department of Education. These funds shall be used for the following capital outlay purposes:

- a. For direct payment of construction costs.
- b. For debt service on voted and funding bonds.
- c. For payment or lease-rental agreements under which the board will eventually acquire ownership of the school plant.
- d. For retirement of any deficit resulting from over-expenditure for capital construction, if such deficit resulted from certain declared emergencies.
- e. As a reserve fund for the above named purposes, to be carried forward in ensuing budgets.

The allotment for each school board of education in the Commonwealth for fiscal year 1978-79 was \$1,800 per classroom unit. The 1979 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly approved increases in this allotment in 1979-80 to \$1,900 per classroom unit. This rate remained unchanged in 1980-81. The 1981 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly decreased the allotment per classroom to \$1,800 and this allotment rate did not change from the 1981-82 rate, until the 1990-91 school year. Beginning with 1990-91, the Capital Outlay allotment for each district is based on \$100 per average daily attendance.

The following table shows the computation of the capital outlay allotment for the Carter County School District for certain preceding school years.

Capital Outlay Allotment	Year	Capital Outlay Allotment
414,560.0	2010-11	422,124.0
421,540.0	2011-12	420,126.0
428,300.0	2012-13	419,164.0
428,540.0	2013-14	417,454.0
435,620.0	2014-15	416,176.0
436,040.0	2015-16	411,497.0
436,940.0	2016-17	405,660.0
433,410.0	2017-18	397,160.0
431,514.0	2018-19	381,026.3
427,562.0	2019-20	373,640.0
	Allotment 414,560.0 421,540.0 428,300.0 428,540.0 435,620.0 436,040.0 436,940.0 433,410.0 431,514.0	AllotmentYear414,560.02010-11421,540.02011-12428,300.02012-13428,540.02013-14435,620.02014-15436,040.02015-16436,940.02016-17433,410.02017-18431,514.02018-19

If the school district has no capital outlay needs, upon approval from the State, the funds can be used for school plant maintenance, repair, insurance on buildings, replacement of equipment, purchase of school buses and purchase of modern technological equipment for educational purposes. If any district has a special levy for capital outlay or debt service that is equal to the capital outlay allotment or a proportionate fraction thereof, and spends the proceeds of the levy for eligible purposes, the State may authorize the district to use all or a proportionate fraction of its capital outlay allotment for current expenses (school districts which use capital outlay allotments to meet current expenses are not eligible to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission funds).

Facilities Support Program of Kentucky. School districts may be eligible to participate in the Facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), subject to the following requirements:

- 1) The district must have unmet needs as set forth and approved by the State Department of Education in a School Facilities Plan;
- 2) The district must commit to establish an equivalent tax rate of at least 5 cents, in addition to the 30 cents minimum current equivalent tax rate; and,
- 3) The new revenues generated by the 5 cent addition, must be placed in a restricted account for school building construction bonding.

LOCAL SUPPORT

Homestead Exemption. Section 170 of the Kentucky Constitution was amended at the General Election held November 2, 1971, to exempt from property taxes \$6,500 of value of single unit residential property of taxpayers 65 years of age or older. The 1972 General Assembly amended KRS Chapter 132 to permit counties

and school districts to adjust their local tax revenues lost through the application of this Homestead Exemption. The "Single Unit" qualification has been enlarged to subsequent sessions of the General Assembly to provide that such exemption shall apply to such property maintained as the permanent resident of the owner and the dollar amount has been construed to mean \$6,500 in terms of the purchasing power of the dollar in 1972. Every two years thereafter, if the cost of living index of the U.S. Department of Labor has changed as much as 1%, the maximum exemption shall be adjusted accordingly. Under the cost of living formula, the maximum was increased to \$40,500 effective January 1, 2021.

Limitation on Taxation. The 1979 Special Session of the Kentucky General Assembly enacted House Bill 44 which provides that no school district may levy a general tax rate, voted general tax rate, or voted building tax rate which would generate revenues that exceeds the previous years revenues by four percent (4%).

The 1990 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly in enacting the "School Reform" legislative package amended the provisions of KRS 160.470 which prohibited school districts from levying ad valorem property taxes which would generate revenues in excess of 4% of the previous year's revenues without said levy subject to recall to permit exceptions to the referendum under (1) KRS 160.470(12) and (2) an amended KRS 157.440.

Under KRS 160.470(12)(a) for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 school districts are required to levy a "minimum equivalent tax rate" of thirty cents (\$.30) for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes (including occupational or utilities) levied by the district for school purposes divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the State Revenue Cabinet. Failure to levy the minimum equivalent rate subjects the board of the district to removal.

The exception provided by KRS 157.440(1)(a) permits school districts to levy an equivalent tax rate as defined in KRS 160.470(12)(a) which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the program to support education excellence in Kentucky. Levies permitted by this section of the statute are not subject to public hearing or recall provisions as set forth in KRS 160.470.

Local Thirty Cents Minimum. Effective for school years beginning after June 30, 1990, the board of education of each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of thirty cents (\$0.30) for general school purposes. If a board fails to comply, its members shall be subject to removal from office for willful neglect of duty.

Additional 15% Not Subject to Recall. Effective with the school year beginning July 1, 1990, each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Effective with the 1990-91 school year, the State will equalize the revenue generated by this levy at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil equalized assessment. For 1993-94 and thereafter, this level is set at \$225,000. The additional 15% rate levy is not subject to the public hearing or recall provisions.

Assessment Valuation. No later than July 1, 1994, all real property located in the state and subject to local taxation shall be assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of fair cash value.

Special Voted and Other Local Taxes. Any district may, in addition to other taxes for school purposes, levy not less than four cents nor more than twenty cents on each one hundred dollars (\$100) valuation of property subject to local taxation, to provide a special fund for the purchase of sites for school buildings and the erection, major alteration, enlargement, and complete equipping of school buildings. In addition, districts may levy taxes on tangible and intangible property and on utilities, except generally any amounts of revenues generated above that provided for by House Bill 44 is subject to voter recall.

Local Tax Rates, Property Assessments and Revenue Collections

Tar	Combined	Total Buon outer	Property
Tax	Equivalent	Property	Revenue
Year	Rate	Assessment	Collections
2000-01	51.1	631,139,856	3,225,125
2001-02	51.2	657,135,974	3,364,536
2002-03	52.7	708,524,549	3,733,924
2003-04	52.7	727,823,252	3,835,629
2004-05	53.5	760,959,228	4,071,132
2005-06	53.6	810,614,315	4,344,893
2006-07	51.9	826,281,048	4,288,399
2007-08	53.6	848,392,293	4,547,383
2008-09	52.6	871,325,130	4,583,170
2009-10	52.6	862,329,484	4,535,853
2010-11	55	896,999,969	4,933,500
2011-12	59.1	902,265,188	5,332,387
2012-13	61.9	946,574,936	5,859,299
2013-14	57.9	948,290,162	5,490,600
2014-15	60.2	949,679,735	5,717,072
2015-16	61.5	985,030,634	6,057,938
2016-17	59.4	1,028,896,910	6,111,648
2017-18	58.4	1,056,760,860	6,171,483
2018-19	60.2	1,061,902,871	6,392,655
2019-20	63.4	1,138,509,008	7,218,147
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OVERLAPPING BOND INDEBTEDNESS

The following table shows any other overlapping bond indebtedness of the Carter County School District or other issuing agency within the County as reported by the State Local Debt Officer for the period ending June 30, 2020.

	Original Principal	Amount of Bonda	Current
Issuer	Principal Amount	of Bonds Redeemed	Principal Outstanding
County of Carter	Amount	Keuteineu	Outstanding
General Obligation	\$7,790,000	\$1,545,950	\$6,244,050
Justice Center Revenue	\$7,470,000	\$5,890,000	\$1,580,000
Fire Equipment Renewable	\$148,000	\$135,000	\$1,580,000
Refinancing Revenue	\$5,300,000	\$3,670,000	\$1,630,000
Multiple Purporses Refunding	\$5,460,000	\$1,910,000	\$3,550,000
Improvement Project Revenue	\$200,000	\$11,000	\$189,000
Vehicles Revenue	\$423,940	\$0	\$423,940
City of Grayson	* • -• • • • •		* • • • • • • •
General Obligation	\$9,720,000	\$1,633,525	\$8,086,475
Utilities Revenue	\$450,000	\$148,000	\$302,000
Water Revenue	\$2,000,000	\$473,500	\$1,526,500
Library Revenue	\$275,000	\$71,017	\$203,983
City of Olive Hill			
General Obligation	\$741,090	\$301,515	\$439,575
Water, Sewer & Gas Revenue	\$1,083,000	\$660,000	\$423,000
Special Districts		·	
Carter County Conservation District	\$495,000	\$0	\$495,000
Carter County Cooperative Extension Dist.	\$685,000	\$364,975	\$320,025
Carter County Emergency Ambulance Svc.	\$772,143	\$405,408	\$366,735
Carter County Public Library	\$100,000	\$37,456	\$62,544
Rattlesnake Ridge Water District	\$9,793,000	\$2,291,900	\$7,501,100
Total:	\$52,906,173	\$19,549,246	\$33,356,927

Source: 2020 Kentucky Local Debt Report.

SEEK ALLOTMENT

The Board has reported the following information as to the SEEK allotment to the District, and as provided by the State Department of Education.

CDDV/	Base	Local	Total State &
SEEK	Funding	Tax Effort	Local Funding
2000.01		2 22 5 12 5	
2000-01	17,489,019	3,225,125	20,714,144
2001-02	17,666,866	3,364,536	21,031,402
2002-03	18,568,832	3,733,924	22,302,756
2003-04	19,601,195	3,835,629	23,436,824
2004-05	20,196,612	4,071,132	24,267,744
2005-06	21,469,073	4,344,893	25,813,966
2006-07	22,119,933	4,288,399	26,408,332
2007-08	23,759,331	4,547,383	28,306,714
2008-09	23,706,537	4,583,170	28,289,707
2009-10	21,269,159	4,535,853	25,805,012
2010-11	20,600,395	4,933,500	25,533,895
2011-12	22,189,865	5,332,387	27,522,252
2012-13	22,029,889	5,859,299	27,889,188
2013-14	21,831,674	5,490,600	27,322,274
2014-15	22,117,637	5,717,072	27,834,709
2015-16	21,981,322	6,057,938	28,039,260
2016-17	21,751,860	6,111,648	27,863,508
2017-18	21,499,001	6,171,483	27,670,484
2018-19	20,957,940	6,392,655	27,350,595
2019-20	19,894,913	7,218,147	27,113,060

- Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) replaces the minimum foundation program and power equalization funding. Capital Outlay is now computed at \$100 per average daily attendance (ADA). Capital Outlay is included in the SEEK base funding.
- (2) The Board established a current equivalent tax rate (CETR) of \$0.634 for FY 2019-20. The equivalent tax rate" is defined as the rate which results when the income from all taxes levied by the district for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Commonwealth of Kentucky Revenue Cabinet.

State Budgeting Process

- i) Each district board of education is required to prepare a general school budget on forms prescribed and furnished by the Kentucky Board of Education, showing the amount of money needed for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay, and other necessary expenses of the school during the succeeding fiscal year and the estimated amount that will be received from all sources.
- ii) By September 15 of each year, after the district receives its tax assessment data from the Department of Revenue and the State Department of Education, 3 copies of the budget are forwarded to the State Department for approval or disapproval.
- iii) The State Department of Education has adopted a policy of disapproving a school budget if it is financially unsound or fails to provide for:
 - a) payment of maturing principal and interest on any outstanding voted school improvement bonds of the district or payment of rental in connection with any outstanding school building revenue bonds issued for the benefit of the school district; or

b) fails to comply with the law.

COVID-19

The recent outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, which was first detected in China and has since spread to other countries, including the United States and the Commonwealth of Kentucky, has been declared a Pandemic by the World Health Organization. The outbreak of the disease has affected travel, commerce and financial markets globally and is widely expected to affect economic growth worldwide. On March 13, 2020, President Donald Trump declared a national emergency to unlock federal funds to help states and local governments fight the pandemic.

While the collection of property taxes, which are a significant source of building fund revenue for the payment of principal and interest due on the bonds (see "LOCAL SUPPORT" herein) may be impacted by the COVID-19 emergency, the District does not expect the impact to be significant unless the economic hardship is long term. In addition, the Commonwealth of Kentucky revenues are also likely to be impacted by a long-term economic hardship caused by declining collections of sales taxes, wage taxes, income taxes, property taxes and other revenue sources. The impact of those declining revenue collections on state education funds (see "STATE SUPPORT" herein) is unknown. Although the potential impact of the virus on the Commonwealth and the Board of Education's future ability to make payments under the Lease cannot be predicted at this time, the continued spread of the outbreak could have a material adverse effect on the Board of Education and ultimately, the Corporation.

On March 24, 2020 the Governor of Kentucky signed Senate Bill 177 which provides relief to Kentucky School Districts in light of the Coronavirus emergency. Among other things, it removes the limits on the number of days that a district can utilize an approved Non-Traditional Instruction program ("NTI"). Senate Bill 177 also authorizes Kentucky Superintendents to use their school year 2018-2019 attendance data on their Superintendent's Annual Attendance Report. The report determines a district's average daily attendance used in calculating Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funds. On Friday, Dec. 18, 2020, Gov. Andy Beshear issued Executive Order No. 2020-1041 (EO 2020-1041), which outlines requirements and recommendations for the reopening of schools in January 2021. For more information on the Kentucky Department of Education's response to COVID 19, please see their website at https://education.ky.gov/comm/Pages/COVID-19-Updates.aspx.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

As a result of the Board and issuing agencies acting on behalf of the Board having outstanding at the time the Bonds referred to herein are offered for public sale municipal securities in excess of \$1,000,000, the Corporation and the Board will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of all parties who may become

Registered or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds whereunder said Corporation and Board will agree to comply with the provisions of the Municipal Securities Disclosure Rules set forth in Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 by filing annual financial statements and material events notices with the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) System maintained by the Municipal Securities Rule Making Board.

In the past five (5) years, the Board and the Corporation have made the required filings under the terms of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement between the Board and the Corporation executed in connection with previous bond issues.

The Board has adopted new procedures to assure timely and complete filings in the future with regard to the Rule in order to provide required financial reports and operating data or notices of material events.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Carter County Board of Education, 228 S. Carol Malone Blvd., Grayson, Kentucky 41143 (606) 474-6696.

TAX STATUS

Bond Counsel advises as follows:

(A) The Refunding Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.

(B) The interest income from the Refunding Bonds is includable in the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law.

ABSENCE OF MATERIAL LITIGATION

There is no controversy or litigation of any nature now pending or threatened (i) restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the Board or Corporation taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof or (ii) which if successful would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Board.

APPROVAL OF LEGALITY

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel. The form of the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel will appear on each printed Bond.

NO LEGAL OPINION EXPRESSED AS TO CERTAIN MATTERS

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement describing the Bonds and the provisions of the Bond Resolution and related proceedings authorizing the Bonds, but Bond Counsel has not reviewed any of the financial data, computations, tabulations, balance sheets, financial projections, and general information concerning the Corporation or District, and expresses no opinion thereon, assumes no responsibility for same and has not undertaken independently to verify any information contained herein.

BOND RATING

As noted on the cover page of this Official Statement, Moody's Investors Service has given the Bonds the indicated rating. Such rating reflects only the respective views of such organization. Explanations of the significance of the rating may be obtained from the rating agency. There can be no assurance that such rating will be maintained for any given period of time or will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency, if in their judgement circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

Prospective bidders are advised that RSA Advisors, LLC ("RSA") has been employed as Financial Advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. RSA's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. Bidders may submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds at the time of the advertised public sale, either individually or as a member of a syndicate organized to submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds.

APPROVAL OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Corporation has approved and caused this "Official Statement" to be executed and delivered by its President. In making this "Official Statement" the Corporation relied upon information furnished to it by the Board of Education of the Carter County School District and does not assume any responsibility as to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Official Statement except as to copies of documents denominated "Official Terms and Conditions" and "Bid Form." The financial information supplied by the Board of Education is represented by the Board of Education to be correct. The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of Securities Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1) as qualified by the cover hereof.

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized by the Corporation, the Carter County Board of Education or the Financial Advisor to give any information or representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. Except when otherwise indicated, the information set forth herein has been obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education and the Carter County School District and is believed to be reliable; however, such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation by the Financial Advisor or by Counsel. The delivery of this Official Statement at any time does not imply that information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

This Official Statement does not, as of its date, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact which should be included herein for the purpose for which the Official Statement is to be used or which is necessary in order to make the statements contained herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading in any material respect.

By /s/ President

By /s/

Secretary

APPENDIX A

Carter County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds Taxable Series of 2021

Demographic and Economic Data

CARTER COUNTY, KENTUCKY

Grayson, the county seat of Carter County, had an estimated population of 3,083 in 2020. Olive Hill, located fifteen miles west of Grayson in Carter County, had an estimated 2020 population of 1,545. Grayson is located 167 miles east of Louisville, Kentucky; 118 miles southeast of Cincinnati, Ohio; and 244 miles northeast of Knoxville, Tennessee.

Carter County covers a land area of 411 square miles and had an estimated 2020 population of 26,842 persons.

The Economic Framework

Carter County has a labor force of 9,295 people, with an unemployment rate of 8.8%. The top 5 jobs by occupation are as follows: office and administrative support - 1,022 (16.32%); sales - 923 (14.74%); farming, fishing/forestry - 1,176 (9.39%); executive, managers, and administrators - 512 (8.17%); and education, training/library - 411 (6.56%).

Transportation

Interstate 64 and US 60, both "AAA"-rated trucking highways and Kentucky Highways 1 and 7 serve Carter County. Also, the AA highway runs from Grayson to Route 275 in Northern Kentucky and is also a "AAA"-rated trucking highway. Fourteen trucking companies provide Carter County with interstate and/or intrastate service. Sellers Field in Olive Hill has a 2,500-foot paved runway. The nearest scheduled commercial airline service is available at the Tri-State Airport in Huntington, West Virginia, 26 miles east of Grayson.

Power and Fuel

Grayson and Carter County are supplied electric power by American Electric Power. Electric power is provided to Olive Hill by the Olive Hill Municipal Electric Company, which is supplied by American Electric Power. Also serving portions of Carter County is the Grayson Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation. Grayson is provided natural gas by the City of Grayson Utilities. Olive Hill is provided natural gas by the City of Olive Hill Municipal Gas Company.

Education

The Carter County School System provides primary and secondary education to Grayson and Olive Hill. Kentucky Christian College, located in Grayson, is a four-year institution designed especially for the preparation of men and women who plan to enter specialized church-related vocations. The nearest area technology centers (ATC) providing secondary technical training are Greenup County ATC in Greenup and Russell ATC in Russell. The nearest technical colleges providing post-secondary technical training are Ashland Technical College in Ashland; Rowan County Technical College in Morehead; and Mayo Technical College in Paintsville.

LABOR MARKET STATISTICS

The Grayson & Olive Hill labor market area includes Carter County and the following additional counties: Boyd, Elliott, Greenup, Lawrence, Lewis, Rowan, Fleming, Bath and Montgomery.

Population	
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Description	2018	2019	2020
Carter County	27,057	26,937	26,842
Grayson	3,933	3,935	3,883
Olive Hill	1,585	1,549	1,545

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

Description	2025	2030	2035	
Carter County	26,417	25,833	25,124	

Source: Kentucky State Data Center, University of Louisville and Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Structure

Grayson's local government structure consists of a mayor and six council members. Olive Hill is served by a mayor and six council members. Both mayors serve a four-year term while the council members serve twoyear terms. Carter County is served by a county judge/executive and five magistrates. The judge/executive and magistrates are elected to serve four-year terms.

Planning and Zoning

At the present time, there are no active planning and zoning commissions in Olive Hill. The Grayson Planning Commission is in the process of being developed.

Mandatory state codes enforced - Kentucky Plumbing Code, National Electric Code, Kentucky Boiler regulations and Standards, Kentucky Building Code (modeled after BOCA code)

State and Local Property Taxes

The Kentucky Constitution requires the state to tax all classes of taxable property, and state statutes allow local jurisdictions to tax only a few classes. All locally taxed property is subject to county taxes and school district taxes (either a county school district or an independent school district). Property located inside the city limits may also be subject to city property taxes. Property assessments in Kentucky are at 100% fair cash value. Accounts receivable are taxed at 85% of face value. Special local taxing jurisdictions (fire protection districts, watershed districts, and sanitation districts) levy taxes within their operating areas (usually a small portion of community or county).

EDUCATION

Public Schools

Total Enrollment (2019-2020) Pupil-Teacher Ratio (2019-2020)

Carter <u>County</u> 4,108 16

Vocational Training

Vocational training is available at both the state vocational-technical schools and the area vocational education centers. The state vocational-technical schools are post-secondary institutions. The area vocational education centers are designed to supplement the curriculum of high school students. Both the state vocational-technical schools and the area vocational education centers offer evening courses to enable working adults to upgrade current job skills.

Arrangements can be made to provide training in the specific production skills required by an industrial plant. Instruction may be conducted either in the vocational school or in the industrial plant, depending upon the desired arrangement and the availability of special equipment.

Bluegrass State Skills Corporation

The Bluegrass State Skills Corporation, an independent public corporation created and funded by the Kentucky General Assembly, provides programs of skills training to meet the needs of business and industry from entry level to advanced training, and from upgrading present employees to retraining experienced workers.

The Bluegrass State Skills corporation is the primary source for skills training assistance for a new or existing company. The Corporation works in partnership with other employment and job training resources and programs, as well as Kentucky's economic development activities, to package a program customized to meet the specific needs of a company.

Vocational School	Location	Cumulative Enrollment <u>(2018-2019)</u>
Carter County Career & Tech Center	Olive Hill, KY	N/A
Boyd County High School Vocational Sch.	Ashland, KY	N/A
Greenup County ATC	Greenup, KY	477
Russell ATC	Russell, KY	462
Foster Meade Vocational Center	Vanceburg, KY	N/A
Morgan County ATC	West Liberty, KY	479
Martin County ATC	Inez, KY	373
Floyd County ATC	Martin, KY	532
Mason County ATC	Maysville, KY	219
Breathitt County ATC	Jackson, KY	508
Montgomery County ATC	Mt. Sterling, KY	563

Colleges and Universities

Name	Location	Enrollment (Fall 2020)
Morehead State University	Morehead, KY	9,660
Ashland Community & Tech College	Ashland, KY	2,598
Big Sandy Community & Tech College	Prestonsburg, KY	2,721
Maysville Community & Tech College	Maysville, KY	3,890

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Total	Total
Assets	Deposits
\$180,699,000 \$249,817,000	\$151,506,000 \$218,086,000
	Assets

Source: McFadden American Financial Directory, January-June 2020.

Firm	Product	Total Employed
Grahn: Louisville Fire Brick Works	Fire brick, refractories	10
Grayson:		
Scott Mullins Pallets & Lumber Inc. Smithfield Packing - Grayson Spea-Dee Print Shop Olive Hill:	Wooden pallets & skids Hams, pork chops Offset printing, computer typesetting, desktop	11 550 1
Carter Industries, Inc. Eugene Rayburn Lumber Co. Globe Hardwood Inc.	Men's uniforms & military clothing Sawmill Secondary wood processing operation	45 13 14
Willard: Willard Milling Inc.	Pet food mixing and blending	11

EXISTING INDUSTRY

Source: Kentucky Directory of Manufacturers (2020).

APPENDIX B

Carter County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds Taxable Series of 2021

Audited Financial Statement ending June 30, 2020

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

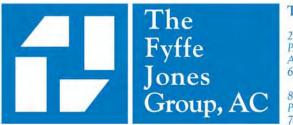
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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The Fyffe Jones Group, AC

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806 Chillicothe Street Portsmouth, OH 45662 740-353-0400 1033 Twentieth Street P.O. Box 1148 Huntington, WV 25713-1148 304-525-8592

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Carter County School District Grayson, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carter County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the "Auditor Responsibilities" Section of the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's

1

internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carter County School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information on pages 4 through 8 and 56 through 63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Carter County School District's basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements of changes in assets and liabilities – school activity funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulation* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

These statements and schedule are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our testing of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The Fyffe Jones Group, AL

THE FYFFE JONES GROUP, AC

Ashland, Kentucky November 11, 2020

As management of the Carter County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning unassigned fund balance for General Fund was \$3.9 million ending the Fiscal Year on June 30, 2019.
- The ending unassigned fund balance for General Fund decreased \$599 thousand to a balance of \$3.3 million ending the Fiscal Year on June 30, 2020.
- A decrease in unassigned fund balance is partially attributable to a decrease in state funding because of declining enrollment and an increase in nonspendable fund balance.
- Beginning district-wide net position including capital assets and related long term debt was negative \$2.9 million ending the Fiscal Year June 30, 2019.
- The ending district-wide net position decreased \$981 thousand to negative \$3.9 million ending the Fiscal Year June 30, 2020.
- A decrease in district-wide net position is attributable to depreciation of assets greater than capital outlays and increased pension and pension benefit related obligations.
- The fundable average daily attendance for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019 was 3,736 and enrollment was 4,327.
- Due to COVID-19 and the use of virtual instruction average daily attendance is not used to calculate funding for the 2021 fiscal year. Enrollment for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was 4,122
- During the 2020 Fiscal Year Carter County Board of Education expended \$502 thousand on capital assets; made principal payments for the retirement of debt in the amount of \$2.0 million and bond sinking fund contributions of \$346 thousand.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of facilities, student transportation, and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 55 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$3.9 million as of June 30, 2020.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

		2020		2019
Current Assets	\$	10,773,740	\$	10,060,331
Noncurrent Assets		45,831,535		47,545,989
Total Assets	\$	56,605,275	\$	57,606,320
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	7,105,230	\$	6,462,813
Deletted Outlows of Resources	φ	7,103,230	φ	0,402,015
Current Liabilities	\$	3,760,480	\$	3,394,795
Long-Term Liabilities		58,923,111		60,192,028
Total Liabilities	\$	62,683,591	\$	63,586,823
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4,904,014	\$	3,378,179
Invested in Capital Assets (Net of Debt)	\$	17,754,869		17,125,357
Restricted - Other		(1,690,120)		(1,173,143)
Restricted - Future Construction		1,684,472		1,239,746
Unrestricted		(21,626,321)		(20,087,829)
Total Net Position	\$	(3,877,100)	\$	(2,895,869)

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Comments on Budget Comparisons:

- The District's total revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, net of Interfund transfers was \$49 million.
- General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$64 thousand less favorable than budget.
- General fund budget compared to actual expenditures varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$570 thousand more favorable than budget.
- General fund budget compared to actual other financing sources (uses) varied from line item to line item with the ending balance being \$38 thousand more favorable than budget.
- The general fund net position was \$544 thousand less favorable than budget.

The following table presents a summary of the District's revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ending:

	2020	2019
Revenues:		
Taxes	\$ 6,670,429	\$ 5,789,398
State Aid Formula Grants	30,195,394	30,888,544
Operating Grants and Contributions	8,268,453	9,082,834
Capital Grants and Contributions	3,264,349	4,771,391
Charges for Services	136,714	204,637
Investment Earnings	182,865	229,949
Other	309,214	187,394
Total Revenues	\$ 49,027,418	\$ 51,154,147
Expenses:		
Instruction	\$ 28,305,108	\$ 28,398,486
Student Support Services	1,932,277	1,966,470
Staff Support	1,657,155	1,710,984
District Administration	835,791	697,313
School Administration	2,565,189	2,494,318
Business Support	728,140	705,647
Plant Operations	5,714,603	5,865,959
Student Transportation	2,993,371	3,233,190
Food Service Operations	3,639,121	3,376,694
Community Support	458,006	453,218
Interest on Long Term Debt	1,179,888	1,130,410
Total Expenses	\$ 50,008,649	\$ 50,032,689
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenses	\$ (981,231)	\$ 1,121,458

Revenue

The majority of revenue was derived from state-aid formula grants, 61.6%, with local taxes making up 13.6% of total revenue.

School Allocation

Instruction accounts for 56.6% for of the school level expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets – The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020, amounts to \$45.6 million. The investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, technology equipment, machinery and equipment, and vehicles. The total decrease in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$1.7 million, or 3.6%, which is due mostly to the annual depreciation expense for depreciable assets. Beyond the depreciation decrease, major capital asset events during the current fiscal year consisted primarily of the purchase and disposal of school buses.

	2020			2019		
	Govern	nmental Activities	Govern	mental Activities	Va	riance
Land	\$	1,683,811	\$	1,683,811	\$	-
Land Improvements		4,201		14,281		(10,080)
Buildings and Improvements		41,547,549		43,280,059	(1,	732,510)
Technology Equipment		860,171		25,405	8	834,766
Machinery and Equipment		(732,605)		103,984	()	836,589)
Vehicles		2,264,873		2,225,279		39,594
Total	\$	45,628,000	\$	47,332,819	\$ (1,	704,819)

Long-term Debt – At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$30.9 million. At June 30, 2020, the liability remaining for the capital leases amounted to \$10 thousand. Employees of the District are eligible to receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave upon retirement from the school system. At June 30, 2020, the liability for such costs was \$1.7 million. The District owes amounts to the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust (KSBIT) in regards to the underfunded insurance pool, payable in equal yearly installments. At June 30, 2020, the liability for the KSBIT Assessment Payable amounted to \$17 thousand.

	2020		2019		
	Governmental Activities		Governmental Activities		Variance
Revenue Bonds	\$	30,905,000	\$	32,860,000	\$ (1,955,000)
Capital Leases		10,170		13,335	(3,165)
KSBIT Assessment Payable		16,645		33,290	(16,645)
Accumulated Sick Leave		1,681,242		1,552,935	128,307
Total	\$	32,613,057	\$	34,459,560	\$ (1,846,503)

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky, the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal, operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The district adopted a budget with \$3.2 million in contingency in the current 2020 school year.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent, Ronnie Dotson, (606) 474-6696, or to Jerry A. Lyons, Business Office Manager, (606) 474-6696, or by mail at 228 South Carol Malone Blvd., Grayson, Kentucky 41143.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

		overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Held for the Retirement of Debt Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectable):	\$	5,176,679 2,833,883	\$	967,988 -	\$	6,144,667 2,833,883
Property Taxes Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - Federal		484,991 33,035 722,184		- -		484,991 33,035 722,184
Inventories		-		88,025		88,025
Prepaid Expenses		466,955		-		466,955
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		1,683,811		-		1,683,811
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		43,944,189		203,535		44,147,724
Total Assets	\$	55,345,727	\$	1,259,548	\$	56,605,275
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	¢	2 570 722	¢	226 417	¢	2 01 (150
Deferred Outflows from OPEB Deferred Outflows from Pensions	\$	2,579,733	\$	236,417	\$	2,816,150
		3,055,322		572,441		3,627,763
Deferred Outflows from Debt Refunding Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	<u>661,317</u> 6,296,372	\$	808,858	\$	<u>661,317</u> 7,105,230
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	¢	0,290,372	φ	808,838	Φ	7,103,230
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	367,220	\$	43,143	\$	410,363
Unamortized Bond Premium		85,087		-		85,087
Accrued Payroll and Related Expenses		365,017		-		365,017
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year:						
Debt Obligations		2,010,000		-		2,010,000
Capital Leases		3,274		-		3,274
Accrued Sick Leave		662,052		-		662,052
Interest Payable		208,042		-		208,042
KSBIT Assessment Payable		16,645		-		16,645
Portion Due or Payable After One Year:						
Debt Obligations		28,895,000		-		28,895,000
Capital Leases		6,896		-		6,896
Accrued Sick Leave		1,019,190		-		1,019,190
Net OPEB Liability		11,623,554		631,878		12,255,432
Net Pension Liability		14,104,072	_	2,642,521		16,746,593
Total Liabilities	\$	59,366,049	\$	3,317,542	\$	62,683,591
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Grant Revenue Received in Advance	\$	186,675	\$	_	\$	186,675
Deferred Inflows from OPEB	Ψ	3,689,463	Ψ	237,470	Ψ	3,926,933
Deferred Inflows from Pensions		665,684		124,722		790,406
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4,541,822	\$	362,192	\$	4,904,014
	-)- <u>)-</u>				<u> </u>
Net Position:						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	17,551,334	\$	203,535	\$	17,754,869
Restricted - Other		124,743		(1,814,863)		(1,690,120)
Restricted - Future Construction		1,684,472		-		1,684,472
Unrestricted		(21,626,321)				(21,626,321)
Total Net Position	\$	(2,265,772)	\$	(1,611,328)	\$	(3,877,100)

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

	FOR 1	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE	TIES UNE 30, 2020				
			Program Revenues		Net	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	and on	
Eurorion/Decorrams	Нупенсес	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type		Total
Governmental Activities:	exert dyr				G21114 1121 7	CANTA 11AT 7		I Otal
Instructional	\$ 28,305,108	\$ 78,828	\$ 4,334,306	۰ ۲	\$ (23,891,974)	۰ د	\$	(23, 891, 974)
Support Services:								
Students	1,932,277		23,376		(1,908,901)			(1,908,901)
Instructional Staff	1,657,155		262,406		(1, 394, 749)			(1, 394, 749)
District Administration	835,791	I	ı	ı	(835,791)	ı		(835, 791)
School Administration	2,565,189	·		·	(2,565,189)	·		(2,565,189)
Business and Other Support Services	728,140		28,982		(699, 158)			(699, 158)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	5,714,603		147,751		(5,566,852)			(5,566,852)
Student Transportation	2,993,371	I	290		(2,993,081)			(2,993,081)
Food Service	6,522	ı	4,103		(2,419)			(2, 419)
Community Services	458,006	ı	442,920	'	(15,086)			(15,086)
Facility Acquisition and Construction				3,264,349	3,264,349			3,264,349
Debt Service	1,179,888		ı		(1, 179, 888)			(1, 179, 888)
Total Government Activities	46,376,050	78,828	5,244,134	3,264,349	(37,788,739)	1		(37,788,739)
Business-Type Activities:								
Food Service	3,632,599	57,886	3,024,319	T	ı	(550, 394)		(550, 394)
Total Business-Type Activities	3,632,599	57,886	3,024,319	ı	'	(550, 394)		(550, 394)
Total School District	\$ 50,008,649	\$ 136,714	\$ 8,268,453	\$ 3,264,349	(37,788,739)	(550,394)		(38, 339, 133)
		General Revenues	s					
		Taxes			6,670,429	ı		6,670,429
		Intergovernmental Revenues	ital Revenues		30,195,394			30,195,394
		Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Revenue	aings Revenue		166,47/1 306 262	16,394		306 262
								101000

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

(2, 895, 869)

(1,077,328)

(1,818,541)

Net Position, June 30, 2019

Net Position, June 30, 2020

(981, 231)

(534,000)

(447, 231)

2,952 37,357,902

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16,394

\$

2,95237,341,508

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Miscellaneous Revenue Gain on Sale of Assets

Total General Revenues

Change In Net Position

(3, 877, 100)

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(1, 611, 328)

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(2,265,772)

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CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Debt Service Fund		Building Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:												
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	4,090,989	\$	(728,826)	\$	4,620 2,833,883	\$	1,684,472	\$	125,424	\$	5,176,679 2,833,883
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectable):		40.4.00.1						-				40.4.001
Property Taxes		484,991		- 658,815		-		-		-		484,991
Accounts Prepaid Expenditures		96,403 167,436		299,519		-		-		-		755,218 466,955
Total Assets	\$	4,839,819	\$	299,519	\$	2,838,503	\$	1,684,472	\$	125,424	\$	9,717,726
10141 / 35015	ψ	4,057,017	φ	22),500	ψ	2,050,505	Φ	1,004,472	φ	123,424	ψ),/1/,/20
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows												
of Resources	\$	4,839,819	\$	229,508	\$	2,838,503	\$	1,684,472	\$	125,424	\$	9,717,726
Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll and Related Expenses	\$	323,707 365,017	\$	42,834	\$	-	\$	-	\$	678	\$	367,219 365,017
Advances from Grantors		-		186,674		-		-		-		186,674
Accrued Sick Leave		662,052		-		-		-		-		662,052
Total Liabilities	\$	1,350,776	\$	229,508	\$	-	\$	-	\$	678	\$	1,580,962
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable	\$	167,436	\$	299,519	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	466,955
Restricted - Capital Projects		-		-		-		1,684,472		-		1,684,472
Restricted - Debt Service		-		-		2,838,503		-		-		2,838,503
Restricted - Other		-		(299,519)		-		-		124,746		(174,773)
Unassigned	-	3,321,607	-	-	_	-		-	-	-	-	3,321,607
Total Fund Balances	\$	3,489,043	\$	-	\$	2,838,503	\$	1,684,472	\$	124,746	\$	8,136,764
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of											-	
of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	4,839,819	\$	229,508	\$	2,838,503	\$	1,684,472	\$	125,424	\$	9,717,726

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$ 8,136,764
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	45,628,000
Certain other assets and liabilities are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	(85,087)
Savings from the refunding of bonds are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	661,317
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds: Deferred inflows from pensions	(665,684)
Deferred outflows from Pensions Deferred outflows from OPEB liability Deferred inflows from OPEB liability	3,055,322 2,579,733 (3,689,463)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, pensions, and OPEB liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	(57,886,674)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,265,772)

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

-		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Debt Service Fund		Building Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	\$	5,531,919	\$		\$		\$	1 120 510	\$		\$	((70.420
Taxes Interest Income	\$	5,531,919 101,306	\$	-	\$	65,165	\$	1,138,510	\$	-	\$	6,670,429 166,471
Intergovernmental - State		30,195,394		- 1,575,589		535,772		- 1,977,653		374,211		34,658,619
Intergovernmental - State		208,325		3,657,681		360,638		1,977,035		240		4,226,884
Other Local Revenues		208,323 97,937		10,866		500,058		-		78,018		4,220,884
Total Revenues	¢	36,134,881	\$	5,244,136	\$	961,575	\$	3,116,163	\$	452,469	\$	45,909,224
Total Revenues	Φ	30,134,001	<u>م</u>	5,244,150	¢	901,575	¢	3,110,103	φ	432,409	Φ	43,909,224
Expenditures:												
Instruction	\$	23,096,034	\$	4,414,293	\$	-	\$	-	\$	66,604	\$	27,576,931
Students		1,856,191		23,376		-		-		-		1,879,567
Instructional Staff		1,351,149		262,406		-		-		4,354		1,617,909
District Administration		814,915		-		-		-		-		814,915
School Administration		2,500,538		-		-		-		-		2,500,538
Business and Other Support Services		683,876		28,982		-		-		-		712,858
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		3,956,081		147,751		-		-		200		4,104,032
Student Transportation		2,994,655		290		-		-		2,540		2,997,485
Food Service		2,399		4,103		-		-		-		6,502
Community Services		-		442,920		-		-		-		442,920
Facility Acquisition and Construction		-		-		-		-		-		-
Retirement of Principal		-		-		1,955,000		-		-		1,955,000
Interest		-		-		1,083,084		-		-		1,083,084
Total Expenditures	\$	37,255,838	\$	5,324,121	\$	3,038,084	\$	-	\$	73,698	\$	45,691,741
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(1,120,957)	\$	(79,985)	\$	(2,076,509)	\$	3,116,163	\$	378,771	\$	217,483
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					-				-			
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	\$	2,952	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,952
Operating Transfers In		788,719		83,465		2,462,310		-		2,261		3,336,755
Operating Transfers Out		(102,370)		(3,480)		-		(2,671,437)		(373,641)		(3,150,928)
Total Other Financing (Uses) Sources	\$	689,301	\$	79,985	\$	2,462,310	\$	(2,671,437)	\$	(371,380)	\$	188,779
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(431,656)	\$	-	\$	385,801	\$	444,726	\$	7,391	\$	406,262
Fund Balances, June 30, 2019	\$	3,920,699	\$	-	\$	2,452,702	\$	1,239,746	\$	117,355	\$	7,730,502
Fund Balances, June 30, 2020	\$	3,489,043	\$		\$	2,838,503	\$	1,684,472	\$	124,746	\$	8,136,764

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Net Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	406,262
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures because they use current financial resources. However in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expense exceeds depreciation expense for the year. Depreciation expense Capital outlay	(2,176,736) 471,917		(1,704,819)
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures when paid. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and investment experience:			
KTRS on-behalf revenue KTRS on-behalf pension expense Pension Expense, Net OPEB Expense, Net	5,411,445 (5,411,445) (1,258,123) 222,109		
	222,109	-	(1,036,014)
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.			
Principal paid			1,955,000
Amortization of Bond Premium			8,879
Deferred Outflows from Advance Refunding			(110,219)
Generally, expenditures recognized in the fund financial statements are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred for the followi			
Long-Term Portion of Accrued Sick Leave	-		456
Capital Lease Principal Paid			3,164
Extraordinary Item from Prior Year Paid in Current Year			16,645
Decrease in Accrued Interest			13,415
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	(447,231)

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Assets:	Food Service Fund	Total Proprietary Fund
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 967,988	\$ 967,988
Inventories	88,025	88,025
Total Current Assets	\$ 1,056,013	\$ 1,056,013
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 203,535	\$ 203,535
Total Noncurrent Assets	203,535	203,535
Total Assets	\$ 1,259,548	\$ 1,259,548
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred Outflows from OPEB	\$ 236,417	¢ 226 417
Deferred Outflows From Pensions	\$ 236,417 572,441	\$ 236,417 572,441
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 808,858	\$ 808,858
Total Defence Outflows of Resources	\$ 808,838	\$ 808,838
Liabilities:		
~		
Current Liabilities:	* * * * * *	<u> </u>
Accounts Payable	\$ 43,143	\$ 43,143
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 43,143	\$ 43,143
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 631,878	\$ 631,878
Net Pension Liability	2,642,521	2,642,521
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,317,542	\$ 3,317,542
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Deferred Inflows on OPEB	\$ 237,470	\$ 237,470
Deferred Inflows on Pensions	\$ 237,470 124,722	\$ 237,470 124,722
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 362,192	\$ 362,192
Total Deferred finlows of Resources	\$ 502,192	\$ 302,192
Net Position:		
Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 203,535	\$ 203,535
Restricted	(1,814,863)	(1,814,863)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,611,328)	\$ (1,611,328)

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Food Service Fund	I	Total Proprietary Fund
Operating Revenues:	¢	57.000	¢	57.006
Lunchroom Sales	\$ \$	57,886	<u>\$</u> \$	57,886
Total Operating Revenues	2	57,886	2	57,886
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and Benefits	\$	1,928,820	\$	1,928,820
Contract Services		64,787		64,787
Materials and Supplies		1,407,754		1,407,754
Depreciation		39,450		39,450
Other Operating Expenses	<u>_</u>	5,961	φ.	5,961
Total Operating Expenses	\$	3,446,772	\$	3,446,772
Operating Gain (Loss)	\$	(3,388,886)	\$	(3,388,886)
Nonoperating Revenues:				
Federal Grants	\$	2,584,293	\$	2,584,293
State Grants		249,821		249,821
Donated Commodities		190,205		190,205
Interest Income		16,394		16,394
Total Nonoperating Revenues	\$	3,040,713	\$	3,040,713
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating Transfers In	\$	-	\$	-
Operating Transfers Out		(185,827)		(185,827)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(185,827)		(185,827)
Change in Net Position	\$	(534,000)	\$	(534,000)
Net Position, June 30, 2019	\$	(1,077,328)	\$	(1,077,328)
Net Position, June 30, 2020	\$	(1,611,328)	\$	(1,611,328)

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Food Service Fund	P	Total roprietary Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Cash Received from: Lunchroom sales	\$	57,886	\$	57,886
Cash paid for: Employees (less on behalf of payments, pension and OPEB change) Supplies (less commodities and capital purchases)		(1,281,678) (1,272,608)		(1,281,678) (1,272,608)
Other Activities Net Cash Provided / (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(5,961) (2,502,361)	\$	(5,961) (2,502,361)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Net Cash Provided / (Used) by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	\$ \$	(29,815) (29,815)	\$ \$	(29,815) (29,815)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Government Grants Transfers Out	\$	2,610,090 (185,827)	\$	2,610,090 (185,827)
Net Cash Provided / (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	2,424,263	\$	2,424,263
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Interest Received on Investments	\$	16,394	\$	16,394
Net Cash Provided / (Used) by Investing Activities	\$	16,394	\$	16,394
Not Ingross / (Degross) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(01.510)	\$	(01.510)
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(91,519)	\$	(91,519)
Cash Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	1,059,507	\$	1,059,507
Cash Balance, June 30, 2020	\$	967,988	\$	967,988
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash				
Used for Operating Activities:	¢	(2, 200, 000)	¢	(2, 200, 000)
Operating Gain / (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided / (Used) for Operating Activities:	\$	(3,388,886)	\$	(3,388,886)
Depreciation		39,450		39,450
Donated Commodities		190,205		190,205
Employee Benefits Paid by KDE		224,024		224,024
Net OPEB Activity		49,109		49,109
Net Pension Activity Inventory		374,009 (22,628)		374,009 (22,628)
Accounts payable		32,356		32,356
Net Cash Provided / (Used) for Operating Activities	\$	(2,502,361)	\$	(2,502,361)
Non-Cash Items:				
Donated Commodities	\$	190,205	\$	190,205
On-Behalf Payments		224,024		224,024

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Fund		Scl	1001 Activity Funds
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	153,116	\$	396,257
Investments		11,042		-
Total Assets		164,158		396,257
Liabilities: Due to Students Total Liabilities		-		<u>396,257</u> 396,257
Net Position Held in Trust	\$	164,158	\$	-

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Fund				
Additions:					
Contributions	\$	25			
Total Additions		25			
Deductions:					
Scholarships Paid		6,750			
Total Deductions		6,750			
Change in Net Position		(6,725)			
Net position - beginning		164,158			
Net position - ending	\$	157,433			

See Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Carter County Board of Education (the "Board"), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the Carter County School District (the "District"). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Board. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements. Copies of component unit reports may be obtained from the District's Finance Office at 228 South Carol Malone Blvd., Grayson, KY 41143.

Carter County School District Finance Corporation - On August 14, 1989, the Carter County Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Carter County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the Board for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Carter County Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Description of Funds

Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide Statements - Provide information about the primary government (the District). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government and business-type activities of the District. Governmental

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements - Report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

(A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund and any unassigned fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.

(B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

(C) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

i. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

ii. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky Fund (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy and also participates in the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

iii. The Construction Fund includes Capital Projects Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.

(D) Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and, for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. <u>Proprietary Fund Type (Enterprise Fund)</u>

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contributions of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

III. Fiduciary Fund Type (includes Agency and Trust Funds)

The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the *Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds*.

The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report trust agreements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Propriety and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the school year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are appropriated in the next year. A reservation of fund balance equal to outstanding encumbrances at year-end is provided for at June 30, 2020. Accordingly, no differences exist between actual results and the applicable budgetary data presented in the accompanying combined financial statements related to encumbrance accounting. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported in the appropriate fund balance category (restricted, committed, or assigned) since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	12 years
Furniture and fixtures	20 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other general equipment	10 years

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Interfund Activity

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Investments

The District's investments relate to the 2011 QSCB Bonds (Note 6), in which the District makes annual payments to a guaranteed investment account which will grow to the \$7,665,000 final payment due December 1, 2030 in accordance with KRS 66.480.

Inventories

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased with the exception of the Proprietary Funds, which records inventory at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis, using the accrual basis of accounting.

Budgetary Process

The District is required by state law to adopt annual budgets for the general fund, special revenue fund, capital outlay fund and the food service fund. The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major difference between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis is that on-behalf payments made by the state for the District are not budgeted. See Note (14) for these amounts which were not known by the District at the time the budget was adopted.

Property Taxes

Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fund for which they were levied. The District's ad valorem property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business property located in the District. The assessed value of property upon which the levy for the 2020 fiscal year was based was \$949 million.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2020, to finance general fund operations were \$.481 on real estate and \$.47 on motor vehicles, per \$100 valuation.

Taxes are due on October 1 and become delinquent by February 1 following the October 1 levy date. Current tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2020, were approximately 94.17% of the tax levy.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, all payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund balances which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion, which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balances reserves have been established for accrued sick leave. Unreserved fund balances are composed of designated and undesignated portions. The undesignated portion of the unreserved fund balance represents that portion of fund balance that is available for budgeting in future periods. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Fund Equity

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

I. Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form, such as inventory, or prepaid expense amounts, or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as the corpus of a permanent fund.

II. Restricted fund balances are restricted due to legal restrictions from creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments or by legally enforceable enabling legislation or constitutional provisions.

III. Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority, which for the county is the five-member School Board. Said specific purposes and amounts are recorded in the official Board minutes of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

IV. Assigned fund balances are constrained by the intent to use funds for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent can be expressed by the five-member School Board or by a body or official to which the School Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. By reporting particular amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund, the Board has assigned those amounts to the purposes of the respective funds.

V. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In other funds, any negative fund balances would be unassigned.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the propriety funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the foods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Restricted Resources

Restricted resources should be applied first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. If an expense is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unrestricted fund balances are all available, the fund balances should be reduced in the following order: committed, assigned, and then unrestricted.

Note 1 – Nature of Activities (Cont.):

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Balances of deferred outflows of resources may be presented in the statement of net position or governmental fund balance sheet as aggregations of different types of deferred amounts. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements for deferred pension contributions, deferred pension and OPEB payments, and advance refunding bond payments.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Balances of deferred inflows of resources may be presented in the statement of net position or governmental fund balance sheet as aggregations of different types of deferred amounts. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements for deferred pension investment earnings, and deferred OPEB investment earnings.

Pensions and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, OPEB, pension expense, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions and OPEB. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2 - Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, effective immediately. This Statement extends the effective dates of certain accounting and financial reporting provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that were first effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The updated GASB pronouncement effective dates are as follows:

- GASB 83, Asset Retirement Obligations: effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2019 (FY20).
- GASB 84, Fiduciary Activities: effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019 (FY21).
- GASB 87, Leases: effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021 (FY22).
- GASB 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements: effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2019 (FY20).
- GASB 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period: effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020 (FY22).
- GASB 90, Majority Equity Interests: effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019 (FY21).
- GASB 91, Conduit Debt Obligations: effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021 (FY23)
- GASB 92, Omnibus 2020: effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021 (FY22).
- GASB 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates: Effective dates were changed to FY21 for certain parts and FY22 for others, see update below for more details.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. The requirements of this Statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefits plans and paragraph 5 of this Statement are effective immediately. The requirements in paragraphs 6-9 of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The District has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 97 may have on its financial statements.

Note 2 - Recent Accounting Pronouncements (Cont.):

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 87, Leases, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. This Statement will increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring reporting of certain lease liabilities that currently are not reported. It will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring lessees and lessors to report leases under a single model. This Statement also will enhance the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring notes to financial statements related to the timing, significance, and purpose of a government's leasing arrangements. The District has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The District has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 89 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The District has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 90 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. The objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The District has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 91 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The District has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 92 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. GASB 95 extended the due date for paragraphs 13 and 14 (lease modifications) to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements of the Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The primary objective of this Statement is to address the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The District has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 93 may have on its financial statements.

Note 2 - Recent Accounting Pronouncements (Cont.):

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The District has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 94 may have on its financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has also issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The District has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96 may have on its financial statements.

Note 3 – Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 4 – Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The funds of the District must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the Board's cash and cash equivalents was \$6.7 million and the bank balances totaled \$9.7 million including school activity. Of the total bank balances, up to \$250,000 was secured by Federal Depository insurance and the remaining amount was covered by a collateral agreement and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name.

The cash deposits held at financial institutions can be categorized according to three levels of risk. These three levels of risks are as follows:

Category 1 - Deposits, which are insured or collateralized with securities, held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

Category 2 - Deposits, which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.

Category 3 - Deposits, which are not collateralized or insured.

Note 4 – Cash and Cash Equivalents (Cont.):

Based on these three levels of risk, the District's uninsured cash deposits are classified as Category 2.

General Fund cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2020, consisted of an interest bearing checking account.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK) Fund, Education Building Fund, Special Revenue (Grant) Funds, Bond and Interest Redemption Fund, School Food Service Funds, and School Activity Funds.

Note 5 – Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental	Balance						Balance	
Activities	Jı	une 30, 2019		Additions	I	Disposals	J	une 30, 2020
Land	\$	1,683,811	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,683,811
Land Improvements		248,262		-		-		248,262
Buildings and Improvements		71,775,686		5,945		-		71,781,631
Technology Equipment		1,097,971		6,995		-		1,104,966
Machinery and Equipment		295,314		15,886		836,475		(525,275)
Vehicles		6,721,110		443,091		130,208		7,033,993
Total	\$	81,822,154	\$	471,917	\$	966,683	\$	81,327,388
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:								
Land Improvements	\$	233,981	\$	10,080	\$	-	\$	244,061
Buildings and Improvements		28,495,627		1,738,455		-		30,234,082
Technology Equipment		1,072,566		8,704		836,475		244,795
Machinery and Equipment		191,330		16,000		-		207,330
Vehicles		4,495,831		403,497		130,208		4,769,120
Total	\$	34,489,335	\$	2,176,736	\$	966,683	\$	35,699,388
Governmental Activities Capital								
Assets - Net	\$	47,332,819	\$	(1,704,819)	\$	-	\$	45,628,000
Business-Type								
Activities								
Food Service Equipment	\$	959,921	\$	29,815	\$	47,095	\$	942,641
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		746,751		39,450		47,095		739,106
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets - Net	\$	213,170	\$	(9,635)	\$		\$	203,535

Depreciation expense was allocated to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 13,495
District administration	13,543
School administration	721
Plant operation and maintenance	1,772,443
Student transportation	 376,534
Total	\$ 2,176,736

Note 6 – Debt Obligations:

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as debt obligations represents the District's future obligations to make lease payments relating to the bonds issued by the Carter County School District Financial Corporation and the Kentucky School Construction Commission aggregating \$30.9 million.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Proceeds	Rates
2011	\$ 12,590,000	1.00% to 5.00%
2011	7,665,000	5.00%
2011	1,815,000	2.00% to 4.10%
2012	3,460,000	1.00% to 3.625%
2013	3,805,000	2.00% to 2.25%
2014	655,000	4.00%
2015	5,300,000	2.00% to 2.25%
2015	3,130,000	2.00% to 3.25%
2017	8,635,000	1.25% to 3.00%
	\$ 47,055,000	

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Carter County School District Financial Corporation and the Kentucky School Construction Commission to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding. The proceeds from certain refunding issues have been placed in escrow accounts to be used to service the related debt.

KSBIT Payable

The Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust ("KSBIT") notified the District in 2013 that their selfinsurance pools for worker's compensation and liability insurance were underfunded. As a result, an assessment will be required under a fair methodology to be approved by the Kentucky Department of Insurance, of current and past participating members to fund the deficit and the transfer of liability to a qualified insurer/reinsurer. On June 24, 2013, the KSBIT Board voted to submit a plan to the Kentucky Department of Insurance using the novation option. A novation transfers all existing KSBIT claims and risk to a highly rated reinsurer which will continue to make claims payments. Under the novation method, the current District's liability is \$17 thousand.

In prior years The Carter County School Finance Corporation issued Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs). The QSCB is a federal program that provides bond holders with annual tax credits that are approximately equal to the interest that states and communities would ordinarily pay to the holders of taxable bonds. Sequestration affected the subsidy received from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 by reducing payments from the Federal Government by 5.9% (\$23 thousand). The District was responsible to the bond holder for the reduction.

Note 6 – Debt Obligations (Cont.):

At June 30, 2020 the District had a balance of \$2.8 million in a QSCB sinking fund as required by bond indentures. Future required deposits of \$321 thousand is due annually until the bond is payable in full December 1, 2030.

The changes in the general long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	Jı	ine 30, 2019	New Issues		Retirement		June 30, 2020	
Revenue Bonds	\$	32,860,000	\$	-	\$	1,955,000	\$	30,905,000
Capital Lease		13,335		-		3,165		10,170
KSBIT Assessment Payable		33,290		-		16,645		16,645
Net OPEB Liability		13,729,259		-		1,473,827		12,255,432
Net Pension Liability		14,511,308		2,235,285		-		16,746,593
Accumulated Sick Leave		1,552,935		128,307		-		1,681,242
Total	\$	62,700,127	\$	2,363,592	\$	3,448,637	\$	61,615,082

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2020, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Carter	Coun	ty	Kentucky Sc	hool F	acilities		
Year	 School	Distr	ict	 Construction	Com	nission		
	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	То	tal Principal
2021	\$ 1,464,593	\$	638,474	\$ 545,407	\$	12,220	\$	2,010,000
2022	1,517,468		589,162	550,921		6,707		2,068,389
2023	1,728,361		548,606	383,250		-		2,111,611
2024	1,776,750		499,408	383,250		-		2,160,000
2025	1,831,750		444,873	383,250		-		2,215,000
2026-2030	6,988,750		1,410,419	1,916,250		-		8,905,000
2031-2035	 10,860,125		259,085	 574,875		-		11,435,000
	\$ 26,167,797	\$	4,390,027	\$ 4,737,203	\$	18,927	\$	30,905,000

The District has entered into a capital lease purchase agreement for two printers with an imputed interest rate of 3.49%. The following is a summary of the future minimum require payments by year under the lease purchase agreement:

	Minim	um Capital
Year	Lease	Payments
2021	\$	3,274
2022		3,389
2023		3,507
2024		-
2025		-
Thereafter		-
	\$	10,170

Note 7 – Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits:

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the District's past experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued sick leave" in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported in the fund financial statements.

Note 8 – Interfund Transfers:

Туре	From	То	Purpose	Amount
Operating	General	Special Revenue	Technology	\$ 83,465
Operating	General	Special Revenue	Operating	2,261
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Operating	3,480
Operating	Capital Outlay	General	Operating	373,641
Operating	Building	General	Operating	225,772
Operating	Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	2,445,666
Operating	General	Debt Service	Debt Service	16,643
Operating	Food Service	General	Operating	185,827

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Note 9 – Retirement Plans:

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Note 9 - Retirement Plans (Cont.):

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years service or 65 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old
	Omeduced lethenent	Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87 Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required disability benefits.

Contributions—Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

Commonwealth's financial statements—KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05 publications/index.htm</u>.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service. Including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 9.895% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 7.68% of their salary to KTRS.

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

	 KTRS	 CERS
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ 16,746,593
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	 71,907,622	
	\$ 71,907,622	\$ 16,746,593

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.238113% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$3.0 million related to CERS and \$674 thousand related to KTRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$5.8 million for KTRS pension support provided by the Commonwealth.

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

At June 30, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	rred Inflows
	ofResources		ofl	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	427,591	\$	70,759
Changes of assumptions		1,694,945		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		321,469		591,431
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		20,351		128,216
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,163,407		-
Total	\$	3,627,763	\$	790,406

The \$1.2 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:				
2020		\$1,078,594		
2021		403,261		
2022		172,943		
2023		19,152		
	Total	\$1,673,950		

Actuarial assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	KTRS
Inflation	2.30%	3.00%
Projected salary increases	3.30%-11.55%	3.50%-7.30%
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense and inflation	6.25%	7.50%

Note 9 - Retirement Plans (Cont.):

For CERS, the Mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin on the current mortality tables for possible improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

For KTRS, Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with a setback of 1 year for females. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010-June 30, 2015 adopted by the Board on September 19, 2016.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US Equity	18.8%	4.30%
Non-US Equity	18.8%	4.80%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.65%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.0%	2.60%
Core Bonds	13.5%	1.35%
Cash Equivalent	1.0%	0.20%
Real Estate	5.0%	4.85%
Opportunistic	3.0%	2.97%
Real Return	15.0%	4.10%
	100%	

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

For KTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US Equity	40.0%	4.20%
Non-US Equity	22.0%	5.20%
Fixed Income	15.0%	1.20%
Additional Categories	8.0%	3.30%
Real Estate	6.0%	3.80%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.30%
Cash	2.0%	0.90%
	100%	

Discount rate-For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 passed in 2018.

Discount rate-For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates, adjusted by 95% for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 9 – Retirement Plans (Cont.):

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

CERS	 5.25%	 6.25%	 7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 20,945,238	\$ 16,746,593	\$ 13,247,063
<u>KTRS</u>	 6.50%	 7.50%	 8.50%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and KTRS.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans:

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System OPEB Plans

Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)-a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information/#CAFR.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description - In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

Benefits provided - To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three and three quarter percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Medical Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$12.3 million for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.281927% percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability	\$	8,251,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liab	ility	
associated with the District		6,664,000
	\$	14,915,000

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$403 thousand and revenue of \$403 thousand for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,997,000
Changes of assumptions		219,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on investments		35,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		251,000		425,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		812,891		-
Total	\$	1,317,891	\$	2,422,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$813 thousand is resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:		
2020	\$	(376,000)
2021		(376,000)
2022		(358,000)
2023		(361,000)
2024		(283,000)
Thereafter		(163,000)
Total	\$(1,917,000)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.50%-7.20%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	7.75%, for FY2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY2024
Ages 65 and Older	5.75%, for FY2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY2021
Medicare Part B Premiums	2.63% for FY2019 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY2031
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.50%
Discount Rate	8.00%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.00%	5.10%
Fixed Income	9.00%	1.20%
Real Estate	6.50%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.30%
Other Additional Categories*	17.00%	3.20%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	0.90%
	100%	

*Includes hedge funds, high yield, and non-US developed bonds

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as, what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	 7.00%		8.00%	 9.00%
District's proportionate share of		-		
net OPEB liability	\$ 9,775,000	\$	8,251,000	\$ 6,975,000

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current Trend Rate			1%
	 Decrease			Increase	
District's proportionate share of					
net OPEB liability	\$ 6,717,000	\$	8,251,000	\$	10,138,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description: Life Insurance Plan- TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided- TRS provide s a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions- In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Life Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2020, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ -
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	 155,000
	\$ 155,000

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the Commonwealth as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.498247%.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$8 thousand for support provided by the State.

Actuarial assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
3.50%-7.20%, including inflation
3.00%
0.50%
3.50%
3.89%
7.50%
7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	30 Year Expected Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.30%
International Equity	23.0%	5.20%
Fixed Income	18.0%	1.20%
Real Estate	6.0%	3.80%
Private Equity	5.0%	6.30%
Other Additional Categories*	6.0%	3.20%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.0%	0.90%
	100%	

*Modeled of 50% High Yield and 50% Bank Loans

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	 5.50%	7.50%	8.50%
District's proportionate share of			
net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

OPEB plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

County Employees Retirement Systems OPEB Plan

Plan description: The County Employees Retirement System ("CERS") Insurance Fund was established to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The CERS Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems' (KRS) board of trustees.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided - CERS health insurance benefits are subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. For employees who initiated participation in the CERS system prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for insurance coverage based on the retired member's years of service and type of service. Non-hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for only the member's health insurance premium.

Percentage of contribution ranges from 0% for less than 4 years of service to 100% for 20 years or more of service. For members who initiated participation in the CERS system after July 1, 2003 until August 31, 2008, members must have 120 months of service in a state-administered retirement system to qualify for participation in the KRS health plans. Members who began participating with KRS on or after September 1, 2008, must have 180 months of service upon retirement to participate in the KRS health plans. Non-hazardous retirees receive \$10 toward the monthly premium for each full year of service.

Contributions: CERS allocates a portion of the employer contributions to the health insurance benefit plans. For the year ending June 30, 2019, CERS allocated 4.70% of the 19.18% actuarially required contribution rate paid by employers for funding the healthcare benefit. In addition, 1.00% of the contributions by employees hired after September 1, 2008 are allocated to the health insurance plan. During the year ending June 30, 2019, the District contributed \$197 thousand to the CERS Insurance Fund. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Implicit Subsidy: The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. This implicit subsidy is included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS Insurance Fund

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$4.0 million for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. At June 30 2019, the District's proportion was 0.238082%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability is as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability \$ 4,004,432

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability associated with the District

\$ 4,004,432

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$420 thousand, including an implicit subsidy of \$86 thousand. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 ferred Inflows f Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 1,208,229
Changes of assumptions		1,184,948	7,924
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		26,377	204,236
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		- 286,934	84,544 -
Total	\$	1,498,259	\$ 1,504,933

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$287 thousand resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred (inflows) of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:				
2020	\$ (49,259)			
2021	(49,259)			
2022	(7,290)			
2023	(100,993)			
2024	(86,652)			
Thereafter	(14,734)			
Total	\$ (308,187)			

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed 26 years
Remaining Amortization Period	5-year smoothed market
Asset Valuation Method	20.00% of the difference between the market value of assets
	and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Healthcare Trend Rates	
Pre-65	Initial trend starting at 7.25% at January 1, 2019 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Post-65	Initial trend starting at 5.10% at January 1, 2019 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 11 years
Payroll Growth	2.00%
Inflation Salary Increase	3.05% to 18.55%
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for members) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the below tables.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity*	18.75%	4.30%
International Equity	18.75%	4.80%
Core Bonds	13.50%	1.35%
Credit Fixed	15.00%	2.60%
Real Estate*	5.00%	4.85%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.97%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Real Return*	15.00%	4.10%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	0.20%
	100%	

*Long-term Expected Real Rates of Return may vary by plans depending on the risk tolerance of the plan

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.68%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 26 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.13%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 -Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2019. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans (Cont.):

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.68%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	_	4.68% 5.68%		6.68%		
District's proportionate share of						
net OPEB liability	\$	5,364,292	\$	4,004,432	\$	2,883,998

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1 percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease]	Frend Rate	Increase
District's proportionate share of				
net OPEB liability	\$ 2,978,117	\$	4,004,432	\$ 5,248,961

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at <u>https://kyret.ky.gov</u>.

Note 11 – Contingencies:

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantors review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors' may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant program is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

The District is subject to certain legal proceedings arising from normal business activities. Administrative officials believe that these actions are without merit or that the ultimate liability, if any, resulting from them will not materially affect the accompanying financial statements.

Note 12 – Risk Management:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, the District carries their insurance with Kentucky Employers' Mutual Insurance (KEMI), which is located in Lexington Kentucky. KEMI is a mutual insurance company regulated by the Kentucky

Note 12 – Risk Management (Cont.):

Department of Insurance. The District pays annual premiums for their coverage. The premium for workers' compensation is based on a formula. The District is assigned a classification code for their industry and each classification code has a corresponding rate. Multiplying the rate times the estimated payroll for operations then dividing by 100 will give the base premium, in some cases, modifiers may also be added, based on eligibility, which may increase or decrease the premium. In other cases, additional coverage may be requested that increase the premium.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13 – COBRA:

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

Note 14 – On-Behalf Payments:

For fiscal year 2020, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed payments on behalf of the Carter County School District as follows:

Plan/Description	 Amount
KTRS - Pension	\$ 5,411,445
KTRS - OPEB	402,994
Health and Life Insurance	4,841,318
Technology	103,470
Debt Service	 552,416
Total On-Behalf	\$ 11,311,643

These amounts are included the Government-wide Statement of Activities as State Revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

Note 15 - Fund Balance:

	eral Current ense Fund	Special Revenue Fund		D	ebt Service Fund	1	Capital Outlay and Building Fund		District Activity Fund		Total mmental Funds
Nonspendable	\$ 167,436	\$	299,519	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	466,955
Restricted:											
Capital Projects	-		-		-		1,684,472		-		1,684,472
Debt Service	-		-		2,838,503		-		-		2,838,503
Other	-		(299,519)		-		-		124,746		(174,773)
Unassigned	3,321,607		-		-		-		-		3,321,607
Total Fund Balance	\$ 3,489,043	\$	-	\$	2,838,503	\$	1,684,472	\$	124,746	\$	8,136,764

The detailed components of the various fund balance categories as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Note 16 – Encumbrances:

The District did not have any encumbrances as of June 30, 2020.

Note 17 – Commitments, Contingencies, and Subsequent Events:

All commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events have been evaluated by management and have been properly disclosed up through November 11, 2020, the date of this report.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	riance with al Budget	
Revenues:	0	 0	 	 0	
Taxes	\$ 5,446,787	\$ 5,963,677	\$ 5,531,919	\$ (431,758)	
Earnings on Investments	168,000	120,000	101,306	(18,694)	
State Sources	31,148,128	29,831,712	30,195,394	363,682	
Federal Sources	187,812	201,000	208,325	7,325	
Other Sources	 20,510	 83,000	 97,937	 14,937	
Total Revenues	\$ 36,971,237	\$ 36,199,389	\$ 36,134,881	\$ (64,508)	
Expenditures:					
Instruction	\$ 23,460,710	\$ 22,912,132	\$ 23,096,034	\$ (183,902)	
Support Services:					
Students	1,796,222	1,829,600	1,856,191	(26,591)	
Instructional Staff	1,474,779	1,472,206	1,351,149	121,057	
District Administration	800,275	859,432	814,915	44,517	
School Administration	2,528,666	2,614,976	2,500,538	114,438	
Business and Other Support Services	731,012	696,970	683,876	13,094	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,984,971	4,170,392	3,956,081	214,311	
Student Transportation	3,260,871	3,265,992	2,994,655	271,337	
Food Services	 2,254	 4,271	 2,399	 1,872	
Total Expenditures	\$ 38,039,760	\$ 37,825,971	\$ 37,255,838	\$ 570,133	
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues					
(Under) Over Expenditures	 (1,068,523)	 (1,626,582)	 (1,120,957)	 505,625	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	5,000	5,000	2,952	(2,048)	
Transfers In	791,973	747,705	788,719	41,014	
Transfers Out	(101,833)	(101,833)	(102,370)	(537)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 695,140	 650,872	 689,301	 38,429	
Net Change In Fund Balance	\$ (373,383)	\$ (975,710)	\$ (431,656)	\$ 544,054	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 3,213,516	\$ 3,920,699	\$ 3,920,699	\$ -	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 2,840,133	\$ 2,944,989	\$ 3,489,043	\$ 544,054	

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget			Final Budget	1	Actual Amounts		ariance with
Revenues:								
State Sources	\$	1,689,577	\$	1,641,270	\$	1,575,589	\$	(65,681)
Federal Sources		4,059,335		5,336,354		3,657,681		(1,678,673)
Other Local Sources		11,000		10,333		10,866		533
Total Revenues	\$	5,759,912	\$	6,987,957	\$	5,244,136	\$	(1,743,821)
Expenditures:								
Instruction	\$	4,924,663	\$	6,511,434	\$	4,414,293	\$	2,097,141
Support Services	Ψ	1,92 1,005	Ψ	0,011,101	Ψ	1,111,295	Ψ	2,097,111
Students		160,815		7,324		23,376		(16,052)
Instructional Staff		186,617		181,935		262,406		(80,471)
Business and Other Support Services		23,000		40,000		28,982		11,018
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		92,145		153,221		147,751		5,470
Student Transportation		-		250,868		290		250,578
Student Transportation		-		-		4,103		(4,103)
Community Services		451,305		435,463		442,920		(7,457)
Total Expenditures	\$	5,838,545	\$	7,580,245	\$	5,324,121	\$	2,256,124
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues								
(Under) Over Expenditures	\$	(78,633)	\$	(592,288)	\$	(79,985)	\$	512,303
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In	\$	85,188	\$	83,465	\$	83,465	\$	-
Transfers Out		(6,555)		(3,393)		(3,480)		87
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	78,633	\$	80,072	\$	79,985	\$	87
Net Change In Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	(512,216)	\$		\$	512,216
	4		Ŷ	(012,210)	4		4	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund Balance, June 30, 2020	\$	-	\$	(512,216)	\$		\$	512,216

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Reported Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)										
		2020 (2019)				2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)
<u>COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:</u> District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.238113%		0.238269%		0.242444%		0.250130%		0.251606%		0.249827%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	16,746,593	\$	14,511,308	\$	14,190,993	\$	12,315,580	\$	10,817,868	\$	8,105,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	6,031,961	\$	6,088,543	\$	5,987,889	\$	6,040,195	\$	6,003,629	\$	5,808,981
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		277.6310%		238.3379%		236.9949%		203.8937%		180.1888%		162.1470%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		50.450%		53.540%		53.300%		55.500%		59.968%		66.800%
<u>KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:</u> District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.5030%		0.5041%		0.5242%		0.5463%		0.5817%		0.5738%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associate with the District Total	1 \$ \$	71,907,622 71,907,622	\$ \$	69,208,464 69,208,464	\$ \$	148,133,916 148,133,916	\$ \$	169,952,133 169,952,133	\$ \$	135,361,018 135,361,018	\$ \$	129,893,267 129,893,267
District's covered-employee payroll			\$	18,368,039	\$	18,015,012	\$	18,410,547	\$	19,289,595	\$	19,225,037
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		58.800%		59.300%		39.830%		35.220%		42.490%		45.590%

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

COUNTY FURI OVERS DETIDEMENT SYSTEM.	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
<u>COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:</u> Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,164,168	\$ 987,562	\$ 867,046	\$ 842,607	\$ 745,651	\$ 740,645	\$ 792,540
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,164,168	\$ 987,562	\$ 867,046	\$ 842,607	\$ 745,651	\$ 740,645	\$ 792,540
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -						
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 6,031,961	\$ 6,088,543	\$ 5,987,889	\$ 6,040,195	\$ 6,003,629	\$ 5,808,981	\$ 5,768,121
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%	12.75%	13.74%
<u>KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:</u> Contractually required contribution	\$ -						
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -						
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,267,173	\$ 18,368,039	\$ 18,015,012	\$ 18,410,547	\$ 19,289,595	\$ 19,225,037	\$ 18,888,406
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 – Changes in Assumptions:

<u>CERS</u>

There were no changes of assumptions.

<u>KTRS</u>

There were no changes of assumptions.

Note 2 – Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions:

<u>CERS</u>

House Bill 362 passed during the legislative session caps CERS employer contribution rate increases up to 12% per year over the prior fiscal year for the period of July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2028. Senate Bill 249 of the 2020 regular session of the legislature reset the amortization period back to 30 years from 24 years. It set the CERS employer contribution rates at the current 2020 level for one more year: 24.06%.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	26 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the
	expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increase	3.55% to 15.55%
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%, net of pension plan investments expense, including inflation

<u>KTRS</u>

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years closed
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	3.0%
Salary Increase	3.5% to 7.3%, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Note 3 – Change of Benefits:

There were no changes in benefit terms for KTRS or CERS.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		2020 (2019)	-	orting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)
<u>COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM-</u> INSURANCE FUND:						
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.238082%		0.238260%		0.242444%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,004,432	\$	4,230,259	\$	4,873,954
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	6,031,961	\$	6,088,543	\$	5,987,889
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		66.387%		69.479%		81.397%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		60.440%		57.620%		52.400%
<u>KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM-</u> 						
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.281913%		0.273767%		0.364027%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	8,251,000	\$	9,499,000	\$	10,374,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$ \$	6,664,000 14,915,000	\$ \$	8,186,000 17,685,000	\$ \$	8,474,000 18,848,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	18,267,173	\$	18,368,039	\$	18,015,012
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		45.168%		51.715%		57.585%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		32.580%		25.500%		21.180%

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (CONCLUDED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		2020 (2019)		rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)		
<u>KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM-</u> <u>LIFE INSURANCE PLAN:</u> District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.000000%		0.000000%		0.000000%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$ \$	155,000 155,000	\$ \$	140,000 140,000	\$ \$	113,000 113,000	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	18,267,173	\$	18,368,039	\$	18,015,012	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		73.400%		75.000%		79.990%	

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	2020	2019	2018		2017
<u>COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM</u> <u>INSURANCE FUND:</u>		 			
Contractually required contribution	\$ 287,121	\$ 320,257	\$ 281,376	\$	285,701
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 287,121	\$ 320,257	\$ 281,376	\$	285,701
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-		-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,031,961	\$ 6,088,543	\$ 5,987,889	\$	6,040,195
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	4.76%	5.26%	4.70%		4.73%
<u>KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM -</u> <u>MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN:</u> Contractually required contribution	\$ 548,015	\$ 551,041	\$ 540,450	\$	552,316
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 548,015	\$ 551,041	\$ 540,450	\$	552,316
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-		-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,267,173	\$ 18,368,039	\$ 18,015,012	\$	18,410,547
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		3.00%

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS (CONCLUDED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
<u>KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM -</u> <u>LIFE INSURANCE PLAN:</u> Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,267,173	\$ 18,368,039	\$ 18,015,012	\$ 18,410,547
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 – Changes in Assumptions:

CERS Insurance Fund

There were no changes of assumptions

KTRS Insurance Fund

Medical Insurance Plan- There were no changes of assumptions.

Life Insurance Plan - There were no changes of assumptions.

Note 2 – Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions:

CERS Insurance Fund

The following actuarial methods and assumptions, for actuarially determined contributions effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2019:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Experience Study	July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay
Remaining Amortization Period	26 Years, Closed
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	3.25%
Salary Increase	3.30% to 11.55%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%
Healthcare Trend Rates	
Pre-65	Initial trend starting at 7.25% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Post-65	Initial trend starting at 5.10% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 11 years.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>Note 2 – Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions</u> (Cont.):

KTRS Insurance Fund

Medical Insurance Plan - The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization Period	30 years, Open
Asset Valuation Method	Five-year, smoothed value
Inflation	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Salary Increases, including	
Wage Inflation	3.50% - 7.20%
Discount Rate	8.00%
Health Care Cost Trends	
Under 65	7.50% for FY2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY2024
Ages 65 and older	5.50% for FY2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY2021
Medicare Part B Premiums	2.63% for FY2019 with an ultimate rate of
	5.00% by FY2031
Under Age 65 Claims	The current premium charged by KEHP is used as the base cost and is projected forward using only the health care trend assumption (no implicit rate subsidy is recognized).

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPEB FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>Note 2 – Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions</u> (Cont.):

Life Insurance Plan - The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization Period	30 years, Open
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Inflation	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including	
wage inflation	3.50% - 7.20%
Discount rate	7.50%

Note 3 – Changes in Benefits:

There were no changes in benefit terms for KTRS or CERS.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Assets:	District Activity Fund		Total Non-Major overnmental Funds
15505.			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$ 125,42 \$ 125,42		125,424 125,424
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 67 \$ 67		678 678
Fund Balances:			
Restricted - Other	\$ 124,74	6 \$	124,746
Total Fund Balances	\$ 124,74	6 \$	124,746
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 125,42	4 \$	125,424

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		District Activity Fund		Capital Outlay Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Revenues:			.				
Earnings on Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Intergovernmental - State		-		373,641		373,641	
Intergovernmental - Federal		240		-		240	
Other Local Revenues		78,588		-		78,588	
Total Revenues	\$	78,828	\$	373,641	\$	452,469	
Expenditures:	\$		\$		\$		
Facility Acquisition and Construction Instruction	Э	-	Э	-	Э	-	
		66,604		-		66,604	
Staff Support Services		4,354		-		4,354	
Plant Operation and Maintenance		200		-		200	
Interest		-		-		-	
Principal Payments		-		-		-	
Student Transportation		2,540		-		2,540	
Total Expenditures	\$	73,698	\$	-	\$	73,698	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	5 1 2 0	\$	272 641	\$	279 771	
Over (Older) Expenditures	φ	5,130	Φ	373,641	φ	378,771	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating Transfers In	\$	2,261	\$		\$	2,261	
Operating Transfers Out	φ	2,201	Φ	(373,641)	Φ		
Total Other Financing (Uses) Sources	\$	2,261	\$	(373,641)	\$	(373,641) (371,380)	
Total Other Financing (Oses) Sources	φ	2,201	Φ	(373,041)	φ	(371,380)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	7,391	\$		\$	7,391	
The change in Fund Bulance	Ψ	7,571	Ψ		Ψ	7,371	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2019	\$	117,355	\$	-	\$	117,355	
, ,		, .				, .	
Fund Balances, June 30, 2020	\$	124,746	\$	-	\$	124,746	

	D'I	K THE FISCAL	FOR THE FISCAL TEAK ENDED JUNE 30, 2020	NE 30, 2020			
	Ċ			Ċ		n F	Deposits Held in
	Lasn Balances			Casn Balances	Accounts Payable	Fund Balances	Students
	July 1, 2019	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
ACTIVITY FUNDS:							
East Carter High School	\$ 108,180	\$ 284,741	\$ 283,754	\$ 109,167	s S	s.	\$ 109,167
West Carter High School	76,245	361,610	343,999	93,856	ı	ı	93,856
Carter Elementary School	5,137	6,049	3,788	7,398	·	ı	7,398
Carter County Career Technical School	18,295	18,155	13,736	22,714	ı	I	22,714
Heritage Elementary School	10,068	50,963	50,331	10,700	ı	I	10,700
Olive Hill Elementary School	29,662	23,339	19,411	33,590	ı	I	33,590
Prichard Elementary School	18,279	7,442	6,317	19,404	ı	I	19,404
Star Elementary School	5,954	805	2,072	4,687	ı	I	4,687
Tygart Elementary School	17,551	23,676	13,815	27,412	ı	I	27,412
East Middle School	51,058	80,243	75,971	55,330	ı	I	55,330
West Middle School	9,808	67,047	64,856	11,999	I	I	11,999
Total	350,237	924,070	878,050	396,257		1	396,257
TRUST FUNDS:							
McDavid Hicks Scholarship	9,242	1,500	ı	10,742	ı	10,742	
Hamilton Mem. Scholarship	116,171	2,000	I	118,171	I	118,171	I
McKenzie	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I
Samantha Holbrook Mem. Fund	182	I	I	182	ı	182	ı
Thompson K. Bonzo Estate	11,042	I	25	11,017	ı	11,017	ı
John "Hop" Brown Scholarship	16,498	2,000	I	18,498		18,498	
Bill Ticknor Mem. Camp	1,860	500	I	2,360	·	2,360	
Johnny Fankell	1,939	500	I	2,439	ı	2,439	·
William Gilliam	284	ı	I	284	ı	284	ı
James Riley	145	250	I	395	ı	395	ı
Peggy Owens Mem. Fund	ı	·	ı	I	I	I	I
Sandy Clayton Mem. Fund	70	·	ı	70	ſ	70	
Total	157,433	6,750	25	164,158		164,158	I
TOTAL SCHOOL ACTIVITY					é		
AND TRUST FUNDS	\$ 507,670	\$ 930,820	\$ 878,075	\$ 560,415	ı ≫	\$ 164,158	\$ 396,257

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CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS - EAST CARTER HIGH SCHOOL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	G 1 D 1			0.1.D.1		Accounts	
	Cash Balance			Cash Balance		Receivable	
	June 30, 2019	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2020	Transfer	(Payable)	Total
A.P.E.S.	\$ 123	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 123	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 123
ACADEMIC CLUB	-	162	(162)	-	-	-	-
AP CLASS	3,809	1,625	-	5,434	-	-	5,434
ARCHERY	1	3,885	(3,105)	781	-	-	781
ATHLETICS	4,615	15,739	(17,151)	3,203	-	-	3,203
BAND	1,282	14,324	(13,248)	2,358	-	-	2,358
BASEBALL	97	6,012	(6,109)	-	-	-	-
BASKETBALL-BOYS	1,018	13,226	(14,244)	-	-	-	-
BASKETBALL-GIRLS	9,856	9,933	(17,543)	2,246	-	-	2,246
BETA CLUB	591	9,160	(8,651)	1,100	-	-	1,100
CENTRAL	2,008	14,766	(6,906)	9,868	-	-	9,868
CHARITABLE GAMING	1,990	-	(1,990)	-	-	-	-
CHEERLEADERS	1,053	2,814	(2,888)	979	-	-	979
CLASS OF 2018	1,034	-	(1,034)	-	-	-	-
CLASS OF 2019	3,055	-	(3,055)	-	-	-	-
CLASS OF 2020	3,655	2,465	(5,329)	791	-	-	791
CLASS OF 2021	230	5,762	(965)	5,027	-	-	5,027
CLASS OF 2022	325	1,140	-	1,465	-	-	1,465
CLASS OF 2023	-	805	(464)	341	-	-	341
COMIC BOOK CLUB	76	-	(76)	-	-	-	-
CROSS COUNTRY	8,335	4,199	(7,268)	5,266	-	-	5,266
CULINARY	513	286	(64)	735	-	-	735
DISTRICT SOCCER	-	10,340	(10,340)	-	-	-	-
DRAMA CLUB	74		(10,510)	74	-	-	74
FBLA	9,228	7,263	(10,355)	6,136	_		6,136
FCCLA	366	3,780	(3,455)	691	_	_	691
FFA	5,732	27,253	(22,712)	10,273		_	10,273
FISHING	5,752	3,076	(22,712)	3,076	-	-	3,076
FMD	1,691	1,241	(294)	2,638	-	-	2,638
FMD FOOTBALL	1,268	57,177	. ,	2,038	-	-	2,038
	1,208	494	(58,445)	810	-	-	810
FRENCH ACCOUNT	3,547	3,356	(1,140) (4,627)	2,276	-	-	2,276
GOLF	,	,	())	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		· · · · · ·
GUIDANCE	3,306	2,148	(370)	5,084	-	-	5,084
JROTC	279	14,479	(9,795)	4,963	-	-	4,963
LIBRARY	2,416	7,063	(5,693)	3,786	-	-	3,786
MATH DEPT	457	-	-	457	-	-	457
PARKING FEES	300	-	(300)	-	-	-	-
RADD UNITE	1,648	-	-	1,648	-	-	1,648
SOCCER-GIRLS	1,296	3,996	(3,570)	1,722	-	-	1,722
SOCCER-BOYS	4,683	5,342	(8,738)	1,287	-	-	1,287
SOFTBALL	1,236	5,093	(6,329)	-	-	-	-
SPECIAL EDUCATION	1,604	164	-	1,768	-	-	1,768
STUDENT COUNCIL	1,082	-	(1,082)	-	-	-	-
TEACHERS LOUNGE	1,107	728	(985)	850	-	-	850
TENNIS	10,161	2,515	(3,527)	9,149	-	-	9,149
TRACK	2,120	10,704	(9,586)	3,238	-	-	3,238
TRACK - GIRLS	328	-	(328)	-	-	-	-
TSA	465	328	(328)	465	-	-	465
UNIFIED CLUB	113	1,475	(793)	795	-	-	795
VOLLEYBALL	2,535	5,868	(3,795)	4,608	-	-	4,608
YEARBOOK	6,015	4,556	(6,915)	3,656	-	-	3,656
TOTAL	\$ 108,179	\$ 284,742	\$ (283,754)	\$ 109,167	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109,167
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS - WEST CARTER HIGH SCHOOL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		HE FISCAL YE			OL		
	Cash Balance	HE FISCAL I EA	AK ENDED JUP	Cash Balance		Accounts Receivable	
	June 30, 2019	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2020	Transfers	(Payable)	Total
16TH REGION PRINCIPAL	\$ 2,674	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,674	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,674
3D ARCHERY	80	-	-	80	-	-	80
4-H	156		- (720)	156	-	-	156
ACADEMIC CLUB ACT	- 317	842	(729)	113 317	-	-	113 317
ADVANCED KY	855	-	-	855	_	-	855
AP CLUB	747	-	-	747	-	-	747
ARCHERY TEAM	374	250	(281)	343	-	-	343
ART	38	111	-	149	-	-	149
ATHLETICS BAND	173 924	24,513 3,226	(21,507) (2,950)	3,179 1,200	-	-	3,179 1,200
BASEBALL	1,484	4,040	(5,524)	-	-	-	-
BASKETBALL-BOYS	15,284	37,355	(41,163)	11,476	-	-	11,476
BASKETBALL-GIRLS	6,674	29,218	(28,334)	7,558	-	-	7,558
BD	75	-	-	75	-	-	75
BETA CLUB BIOLOGY CLUB	325 19	2,981	(3,304)	2 19	-	-	2 19
BOOK	624	_	_	624	_	-	624
BUY THE DRESS	119	3,935	(3,073)	981	-	-	981
CCR	242	-	-	242	-	-	242
CENTRAL	2,531	4,725	(6,490)	766	-	-	766
CHEERLEADERS CHORUS	1,629 74	12,812	(16,629) (74)	(2,188)	-	-	(2,188)
CLASS OF 2018	165	161	(326)	-	-	-	-
CLASS OF 2020	2,296	6,215	(5,160)	3,351	-	-	3,351
CLASS OF 2021	355	842	(368)	829	-	-	829
CLASS OF 2022	1,010	218	-	1,228	-	-	1,228
CLASS OF 2023 CROCHET	- 42	401	- (42)	401	-	-	401
CROSS COUNTRY	42	2,298	(855)	1,443	-	-	1,443
DANCE	1	-	-	1,115	-	-	1,113
DISTRICT SOCCER	-	2,520	(2,520)	-	-	-	-
DRAMA CLUB	177	-	(177)	-	-	-	-
EKC TOURNAMENT-WES	-	1,065	(1,065)	-	-	-	-
ENGLISH FBLA	- 296	3,121 716	(3,121) (1,012)	-	-	-	-
FCA	214	-	(214)	-	-	-	-
FCCLA	1,131	3,386	(1,708)	2,809	-	-	2,809
FFA	12,903	58,127	(48,661)	22,369	-	-	22,369
FISHING	90 267	480	-	570 67	-	-	570
FLOWER FUND FMD	267 940	2,248	(200) (1,679)	1,509	-	-	67 1,509
FOOTBALL	296	24,927	(25,223)	-	-	-	-
GAMING	120	-	-	120	-	-	120
GOLF-BOYS	-	2,230	(684)	1,546	-	-	1,546
GOLF-GIRLS	-	3,248	(2,756)	492	-	-	492
GUIDANCE IT	60	- 45	(60)	- 45	-	-	- 45
JOURNALISM	6	-	(6)	-	_	-	-
KHSAA CHEER	2,328	1,250	-	3,578	-	-	3,578
JROTC	-	7,306	(5,695)	1,611	-	-	1,611
LIBRARY	-	25	-	25	-	-	25
MATH DEPARTMENT MOCK TRIAL	185 470	750	(1,100)	185 120	-	-	185 120
PEER LISTENERS	40	-	(1,100) (40)	-	-	-	-
PEP CLUB	736	-	-	736	-	-	736
PLAYOFFS	-	2,630	(2,630)	-	-	-	-
PROM ACCOUNT	937	-	-	937	-	-	937
SEEK CLUB SENIOR FAREWELL	45 4,457	55,111	(45) (57,951)	- 1,617	-	-	1,617
SENIOR SPOTLIGHT	395	1,350	(1,726)	19	_	-	1,017
SOCCER-BOYS	7	5,583	(5,590)	-	-	-	-
SOCCER-GIRLS	-	3,479	(3,147)	332	-	-	332
SOFTBALL	517	2,757	- (1.020)	3,274	-	-	3,274
SPANISH CLUB SPECIAL ED.	388 55	1,579	(1,080)	887 55	-	-	887 55
SPORTS MEDICINE	-	1,876	(1,118)	758	-	-	758
TEACHERS LOUNGE	1,925	4,729	(5,939)	715	-	-	715
TEEN WRITERS	99	-	(99)	-	-	-	-
TENNIS	-	1,815	(309)	1,506	-	-	1,506
TEXTBOOKS THOMAS K. BONZO	94 22	-	-	94 22	-	-	94 22
TRACK-BOYS	- 22	2,164	(412)	1,752	-	-	1,752
TRACK-GIRLS	-	495	(412) (495)	-	-	-	-
VOLLEYBALL	405	9,815	(10,220)	-	-	-	-
WCYSC	958	3,581	(2,310)	2,229	-	-	2,229
Y-CLUB YEARBOOK	391 6,005	14,287 6,905	(12,818) (7,514)	1,860 5,396	-	-	1,860 5,396
LANDOOK	Total \$ 76,246	\$ 363,743	\$ (346,133)	\$ 93,856	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 93,856

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor <u>Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Expenditures <u>Paid</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed through State Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster: Cash Assistance:			
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-19	\$ 175,107
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-20	465,993
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-19	406,124
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-20	1,045,122
Summer Food Service for Children	10.559	7690023-19	42,962
Summer Food Service for Children	10.559	7740023-20	111,628
Summer Food Service for Children	10.559	7740024-19	304,705
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,551,641
State Administrative Reimbursement	10.560	7700001-19	7,652
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grant	10.500	7840027-18	25,000
Total Cash Assistance	10.577	/04002/ 10	2,584,293
			,0 0 .,>0
Non-Cash Assistance:			
Food Distribution Program	10.565	N/A	190,205
Total Non-Cash Assistance			190,205
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,774,498
U.S. Department of Education:			
Passed through State Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-18	156,252
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-19	1,356,742
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100202-18	125,954
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100202-19	95,400
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			1,734,348
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education Grants to States - IDEA, Part B	84.027	3810002-18	3,851
Special Education Grants to States - IDEA, Part B	84.027	3810002-19	1,002,658
Special Education - Pre-School	84.173	3800002-18	4,304
Special Education - Pre-School	84.173	3800002-19	62,249
Total Special Education Cluster			1,073,062
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States:			
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States:	84.048	3710002-18	16,718
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-18	57,793
Total Vocational Education Basic Grants to States	07.070	5/10000-17	74,511
			*
Rural and Low Income School Grant:			
Rural and Low Income School Grant	84.358	3140002-18	30,116
Rural and Low Income School Grant	84.358	3140002-19	67,136
Total Rural and Low Income School Grant			\$ 97,252

See Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONT.) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor <u>Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Expenditures <u>Paid</u>
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants:			
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	3230002-17	\$ 1,225
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	3230002-18	930
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	3230002-19	226,272
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			228,427
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy Grant:			
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy	84.371	3220002-17	326,220
Total Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy			326,220
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant:			
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002-17	347
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002-18	3,257
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002-19	92,800
Total Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment			96,404
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,630,224
U.S. Department of Defense:			
Direct Program:			
ROTC	12.000	N/A	89,064
Total U.S. Department of Defense			89,064
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 6,493,786

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Carter County School District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Note 2 – Food Distribution:

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2020, commodities on hand are included on the total inventory of \$88 thousand.

Note 3 – Indirect Cost:

The Carter County School District did not elect to use the 10% de minims indirect cost rate for its federal programs.

Note 4 – Subrecipients:

The Carter County School District did not have subrecipients during the 2020 fiscal year.



The Fyffe Jones Group, AC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Carter County School District Grayson, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carter County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Carter County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Carter County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Carter County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Carter County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Carter County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that were reported to management of the Carter County School District in a separate letter dated November 11, 2020.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

The Fyffe Jones Group, AL

THE FYFFE JONES GROUP, AC

Ashland, Kentucky November 11, 2020



The Fyffe Jones Group, AC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Carter County School District Grayson, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Carter County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Carter County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Carter County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Carter County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal* Awards (Uniform Guidance); and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the "Auditor Responsibilities" Section of the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements.* Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Carter County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Carter County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Carter County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Carter County School District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Carter County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Carter County School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

The Fyffe Jones Group, AL

THE FYFFE JONES GROUP, AC

Ashland, Kentucky November 11, 2020

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

A. <u>Summary of Audit Results</u>:

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements?	No
<u>Federal Awards</u>	
Internal control over major programs	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?	No
The District had the following major federal award programs with CFDA numb	ers in parentheses

for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Special Education Cluster (84.027/84.173) Improving Teacher Quality (84.367)

The dollar threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.

The Carter County School District qualified as a low-risk auditee under Uniform Guidance.

B. <u>Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Required to be Reported in Accordance with</u> <u>Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards</u>:

No matters were reported.

C. <u>Findings and Questioned Costs Related to Federal Awards</u>:

No matters were reported.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

No findings reported in the prior year.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Name of Contact Person:

Ronnie Dotson (606) 474-6696

Corrective Action Planned:

No corrective action plan is needed in the current year.



The Fyffe Jones Group, AC

Ashland, KY 41105-2245

806 Chillicothe Street Portsmouth, OH 45662

1033 Twentieth Street P.O. Box 1148 Huntington, WV 25713-1148 304-525-8592

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Carter County School District Grayson, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Carter County School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit, we did not become aware of matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding these matters, if any. This letter does not affect our report dated November 11, 2020, on the financial statements of the District.

Our prior year memorandum included issues needing addressed, therefore, we performed procedures to follow up on resolutions from the previous year. We have detailed the status of the previous year's resolutions in the following memorandum that accompanies this letter. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

The Fyffe Jones Group, AL

THE FYFFE JONES GROUP, AC Ashland, Kentucky November 11, 2020

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Current Year Management Points

None.

Status of Prior Year Management Points

East Carter High School

<u>Finding #2019-01 –</u> Based on our testing, this finding was corrected.

Finding #2019-02 – Based on our testing, this finding was corrected.

<u>Finding #2019-03 –</u> Based on our testing, this finding was corrected.

<u>Finding #2019-04 –</u> Based on our testing, this finding was corrected.

West Carter High School

Finding #2019-05 – Based on our testing, this finding was corrected.

<u>Finding #2019-06 –</u> Based on our testing, this finding was corrected.

APPENDIX C

Carter County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds Taxable Series of 2021

Continuing Disclosure Agreement

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE UNDERTAKING AGREEMENT

This Continuing Disclosure Undertaking Agreement ("Agreement") made and entered into as of the 14th day of April, 2021, by and between the Board of Education of Carter County, Kentucky School District ("Board"); the Carter County School District Finance Corporation, an agency and instrumentality of the Board ("Corporation") and the Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds hereinafter identified as third party beneficiaries to this Agreement. For the purposes of this Agreement "Beneficial Owner" means the person or entity treated as the owner of the Bonds for federal income tax purposes and "Registered Owner" means the person or entity named on the registration books of the bond registrar.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Corporation has acted as issuing agency for the Board pursuant to the provisions of Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS") and the Corporation's Bond Resolution in connection with the authorization, sale and delivery of \$1,220,000 of the Corporation's School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2021, dated as of April 14, 2021 ("Bonds"), which Bonds were offered for sale under the terms and conditions of a Final Official Statement ("FOS") prepared by RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky ("Financial Advisor") and approved by the authorized representatives of the Board and the Corporation, and

WHEREAS, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, has amended the provisions of SEC Rule 15c2-12 relating to financial disclosures by the issuers of municipal securities under certain circumstances ("Rule"), and

WHEREAS, it is intended by the parties to this Agreement that all terms utilized herein shall have the same meanings as defined by the Rule, and

WHEREAS, the Board is an "obligated person" as defined by the Rule and subject to the provisions of said Rule, and

WHEREAS, failure by the Board and the Corporation to observe the requirements of the Rule will inhibit the subsequent negotiation, transfer and exchange of the Bonds with a resulting diminution in the market value thereof to the detriment of the Registered and Beneficial Owners of said Bonds and the Board;

NOW, THEREFORE, in order to comply with the provisions of the Rule and in consideration of the purchase of the Bonds by the Registered and Beneficial Owners, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Board agrees to provide the annual financial information contemplated by Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i) relating to the Board for its fiscal years ending June 30 of each year to (a) the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"), or any successor thereto for purposes of its Rule, through the continuing disclosure service portal provided by the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system as described in 1934 Act Release No. 59062, or any similar system that is acceptable to the Securities and Exchange Commission and (b) the State Information Depository ("SID"), if any (the Commonwealth of Kentucky has not established a SID as of the date of this Agreement) within nine (9) months of the close of each fiscal year.

For the purposes of the Rule "annual financial information" means financial information and operating data provided annually, of the type included in the FOS with respect to the Board in accordance with guidelines established by the National Federation of Municipal Analysts, and shall include annual audited financial statements for the Board in order that the recipients will be provided with ongoing information regarding revenues and operating expenses of the Board and the information provided in the FOS under the headings "OUTSTANDING BONDS", "BOND DEBT SERVICE", "DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION", "LOCAL SUPPORT - Local Tax Rates, Property Assessment and Revenue Collections and SEEK Allotment". If audited financial statements are not available when the annual financial information is filed, unaudited financial statements shall be included, to be followed by audited financial statements when available.

The audited financial statements shall be prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, Generally Accepted Auditing Standards or in accordance with the appropriate sections of KRS or Kentucky Administrative Regulations.

The parties hereto agree that this Agreement is entered into among them for the benefit of those who become Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds as third party beneficiaries to said Agreement.

2. MATERIAL EVENTS NOTICES

Under the Rule, Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C), the following sixteen (16) events must be disclosed within ten (10) business days following the occurrence of said event to MSRB via EMMA and the SID, if any:

- (1) Principal/interest payment delinquency;
- (2) Nonpayment related default, if material;
- (3) Unscheduled draw on debt service reserve reflecting financial difficulties;
- (4) Unscheduled draw on credit enhancement reflecting financial difficulties;
- (5) Substitution of credit or liquidity provider, or its failure to perform;
- (6) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the IRS of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the securities, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security;
- (7) Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
- (8) Bond call, if material and tender offers;
- (9) Defeasance;
- (10) Release, substitution or sale of property securing the repayment of the security, if material;
- (11) Rating change;
- (12) Merger, consolidation, acquisition or sale of all or substantially all assets of an obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, and the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to such action, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- (13) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person;
- (14) Successor, additional or change in trustee, if material;
- (15) Incurrence of a financial obligation of the obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material, and;
- (16) Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For purposes of this Agreement the term "financial obligation" means:

(A) Debt obligation;

(B) Derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or

(C) Guarantee of paragraph (A) or (B) above.

Notice of said material events shall be given to the entities identified in this Section by the Board on a timely basis (within ten (10) business days of the occurrence). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of the documents under which the Bonds are authorized and issued do not provide for a debt service reserve, credit enhancements or credit or liquidity providers.

In accordance with Rule Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(D), the Board agrees that in the event of a failure to provide the Annual Financial Information required under Section 1 of this Agreement, it will notify MSRB via EMMA of such failure in a timely manner.

The Finance Officer of the Board shall be the responsible person for filing the annual financial information and/or notices of the events set forth above within the time prescribed in this Agreement. The Board shall cause the Finance Officer to institute an internal tickler system as a reminder of the obligations set forth herein. By December 1 of each fiscal year and each 30 days thereafter the Finance Officer will contact the auditor for the Board to determine when the audited financial statements will be finalized. The Finance Officer will impress upon the auditor the necessity of having such audited financial report on or before March 15. Within 5 days of receipt of such audited financial report the finance officer will cause the annual financial information to be filed as required by this Agreement.

3. SPECIAL REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Upon the request of any Registered or Beneficial Owner of the Bonds or the original purchaser of the Bonds or any subsequent broker-dealer buying or selling said Bonds on the secondary market ("Underwriters"), the Board shall cause financial information or operating data regarding the conduct of the affairs of the Board to be made available on a timely basis following such request.

4. DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

The Board and the Corporation hereby disclaim any liability for monetary damages for any breach of the commitments set forth in this Agreement and remedies for any breach of the Board's continuing disclosure undertaking shall be limited to an action for specific performance or mandamus in a court of competent jurisdiction in Kentucky following notice and an opportunity to cure such a breach.

5. FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT

That the Final Official Statement prepared by the Financial Advisor and approved by the authorized representatives of the Board and the Corporation is hereby incorporated in this Agreement as fully as if copied herein and the "annual financial information" required under Section 1 hereof shall in summary form update the specific information set forth in said FOS.

6. DURATION OF THE AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall be in effect so long as any of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid; provided, however, that the right is reserved in the Board to delegate its responsibilities under the Agreement to a competent agent or trustee, or to adjust the format of the presentation of annual financial information so long as the intent and purpose of the Rule to present adequate and accurate financial information regarding the Board is served.

7. AMENDMENT; WAIVER

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Board may amend this Agreement, and any provision of this Agreement may be waived, provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) If the amendment or waiver relates to the provisions of Section 1, it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of an obligated person with respect to the Bonds, or the type of business conducted;

(b) The undertaking, as amended or taking into account such waiver, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the original issuance of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(c) The amendment or waiver either (i) is approved by the holders of the Bonds in the same manner as provided in the Bond Resolution for amendments to the Bond Resolution with the consent of holders, or (ii) does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, materially impair the interests of the Registered Owners or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Agreement, the Board shall describe such amendment or waiver in the next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by the Board. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given in the same manner as for a material event under Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) of the Rule, and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles.

8. DEFAULT

In the event of a failure of the Board to comply with any provision of this Agreement, the Corporation may and, at the request of any Underwriter or any Registered Owner or Beneficial Owner of Bonds, shall take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the Board to comply with its obligations under this Agreement. A default under this Agreement shall not be deemed an event of default under the Bond Resolution, and the sole remedy under this Agreement in the event of any failure of the Board to comply with this Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

In witness whereof the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF	
CARTER COUNTY, KENTUCKY	,
SCHOOL DISTRICT	

Chairman

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

President

Attest:

Attest:

Secretary

Secretary

APPENDIX D

Carter County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds Taxable Series of 2021

Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale

OFFICIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF BOND SALE

\$1,220,000* Carter County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2021 Dated as of April 14, 2021

SALE: March 24, 2021 AT 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T.

As published on PARITY®, a nationally recognized electronic bidding system, the Carter County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") will until 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T., on March 24, 2021 receive at the office of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, competitive bids for the purchase of \$1,220,000 principal amount of Carter County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2021 (the "Refunding Bonds"), dated and bearing interest from April 14, 2021, payable on June 1, 2021, and semi-annually thereafter on December 1 and June 1 of each year, in denominations in multiples of \$5,000 within the same maturity, maturing on June 1, 2021 and December 1 in each of the years as follows:

MATURITY	PRINCIPAL <u>AMOUNT*</u>
Jun. 1, 2021	\$ 10,000
2021	105,000
2022	105,000
2023	105,000
2024	105,000
2025	110,000
2026	110,000
2027	110,000
2028	110,000
2029	115,000
2030	115,000
2031	120,000

* Subject to Permitted Adjustment as described herein.

REDEMPTION PROVISIONS

The Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2030 are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after December 1, 2029, in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Refunding Bonds are to be issued in fully registered form (both principal and interest). The First National Bank of Grayson, Grayson, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to each Registered Owner of record as of the 15th day of the month preceding the due date which shall be Cede & Co., as the Nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"). Please see "Book-Entry-Only-System" below.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board of Education of the Carter County, Kentucky School District (the "Board"). Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Bonds herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE

The Refunding Bonds are being issued under and in full compliance with the Constitution and Statutes of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, including Sections 162.120 through 162.300, 162.385, and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, within the meaning of the decision of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky (Supreme Court) in the case of Hemlepp v. Aronberg, 369 S.W.2d 121, for the purpose of providing funds to retire the outstanding Carter County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Second Series of 2011, dated December 1, 2011 maturing December 1, 2021 and thereafter (the "Refunded Bonds") at or prior to their stated maturities on December 1, 2021.

ADDITIONAL PARITY BONDS

The Corporation has reserved the right and privilege of issuing additional bonds from time to time payable from the income and revenues of said lands and school building Projects and secured by a statutory mortgage lien and pledge of revenues, but only if and to the extent the issuance of such additional parity bonds are in accordance with the plans and specifications of the architect in charge of said Projects, which plans have been completed, approved by the Board, Commissioner of Education, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Corporation.

PROCEEDS TO RETIRE ALL BONDS OF PRIOR ISSUE

The Refunded Bonds were issued under the authority of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes for the purpose of providing funds to finance construction of a new Elementary School (the "Project"). Under the terms of the Resolution authorizing the Refunded Bonds, the Refunded Bonds are payable from the income and revenues of the Project financed from the proceeds thereof. The Refunded Bonds are secured by a lien upon and a pledge of revenues from the rental of the Project to the Board under a Contract, Lease and Option, dated December 1, 2011 (the "Prior Lease").

The total principal amount of the Refunded Bonds currently outstanding is \$1,140,000, scheduled to mature on December 1 in each of the years 2021 through 2031. The proceeds of the Refunding Bonds will be used to pay accruing interest on and retire on December 1, 2021 all of the Refunded Bonds

The 2021 Bond Resolution adopted by the Corporation's Board of Directors authorizes the payment and retirement of the Refunded Bonds including principal and accruing interest at or prior to their stated maturities through the deposit of the required amount of proceeds of the Refunding Bonds in the Bond and Interest Redemption Fund established for the Refunded Bonds or in a special Escrow Fund for application to the retirement of the Refunded Bonds.

The 2021 Bond Resolution expressly provides that upon delivery of the Refunding Bonds and the deposit of sufficient funds in accordance with the preceding paragraph neither the lien upon nor the pledge of the revenues from the rental of the Project under the Prior Lease shall constitute the security and source of payment for any of the Refunded Bonds and the Registered Owners of such Refunded Bonds shall be paid from and secured by the monies deposited in the Bond and Interest Redemption Fund established for the Refunded Bonds or in Escrow Fund for the retirement thereof upon the delivery of the Refunding Bonds.

SECURITY FOR REFUNDING BONDS

The Refunding Bonds will constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation and will be payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues of the school Project financed from the proceeds of the Refunded Bonds. The Refunding Bonds are secured by a lien upon and a pledge of the revenues derived from the rental of the school Project to the Board under a Lease Agreement dated April 14, 2021 (the "2021 Lease"); provided, however, said lien and pledge rank on parity with the Corporation's outstanding School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, dated October 1, 2017, and the Corporation's outstanding Qualified School Construction Bonds, Taxable Series of 2011, dated December 1, 2011 concurrently issued with the 2011 Bonds to construct the Project (the "Parity Bonds").

Under the 2021 Lease the Board has leased the school property securing the Refunding Bonds in accordance with the provisions of KRS 162.140 for an initial period from April 14, 2021 through June 30, 2021, with the option in the Board to renew said 2021 Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rentals due under the 2021 Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Refunding Bonds as same become due.

The 2021 Lease provides that the Prior Lease will be canceled effective upon the deposit of sufficient funds to provide for the retirement of the Refunded Bonds. The 2021 Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the 2021 Lease until December 1, 2031, the final maturity date of the Refunding Bonds, and such annual rentals shall be deposited as received in the Bond Fund for the Refunding Bonds and used and applied for the payment of all maturing principal of and interest on the Refunding Bonds.

Under the terms of the 2021 Lease, and any renewal thereof, the Board has agreed so long as the Bonds remain outstanding, and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the 2021 Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the 2021 Lease to the Corporation the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

BIDDING CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

(A)The terms and conditions of the sale of the Refunding Bonds are as follows:

(1) Bids must be made on Official Bid Form, contained in Information for Bidders available from the undersigned or RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky, or by visiting www.rsamuni.com submitted manually, by facsimile or electronically via PARITY®.

(2) Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

(3) The bid shall be not less than \$1,207,800 (99% of par) plus accrued interest. Interest rates shall be in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1% or both. Only one interest rate shall be permitted per Bond, and all Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same rate. Interest rates must be on an ascending scale, in that the interest rate stipulated in any year may not be less than that stipulated for any preceding maturity. There is no limit on the number of different interest rates.

(4) The determination of the best purchase bid for said Refunding Bonds shall be made on the basis of all bids submitted for exactly \$1,220,000 principal amount of Refunding Bonds offered for sale under the terms and conditions herein specified; provided, however, the Corporation reserves the right to increase or decrease the total principal amount of Refunding Bonds sold to such best bidder, in the amount of not exceeding \$120,000, with such increase or decrease to be made in any maturity, and the total amount of Refunding Bonds awarded to such best bidder will be a minimum of \$1,100,000 or a maximum of \$1,340,000. In the event of any such adjustment, no rebidding or recalculation of a submitted bid will be required or permitted. The price at which such adjusted principal amount of Bonds will be sold will be at the same price per \$5,000 of Refunding Bonds as the price per \$5,000 for the \$1,220,000 of Refunding Bonds bid.

(5) The successful bidder may elect to notify the Financial Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each Term Bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption by lot on December 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

(6) The successful purchaser shall be required (without further advice from the Corporation) to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Refunding Bonds actually awarded to the Paying Agent The First National Bank of Grayson, Grayson, Kentucky, Attn: Terra Waddell (606-474-2000) by the close of business on the day following the award as a good faith deposit said amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price upon delivery and will be forfeited if the purchaser fails to take delivery.

(7) All Refunding Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same and a single interest rate from the date thereof to maturity.

(8) The right to reject bids for any reason deemed acceptable by the Corporation, and the right to waive any possible informalities or irregularities in any bid, which in the sole judgment of the Corporation shall be minor or immaterial, is expressly reserved.

(9) CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Refunding Bonds at the expense of the Corporation. The purchaser shall pay the CUSIP Service Bureau assignment charge. Improper imprintation or the failure to imprint CUSIP numbers shall not constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for said Refunding Bonds in accordance with the terms of any accepted proposal for the purchase of said Bonds.

(B) The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the DTC Book-Entry-Only-System.

(C) Said Bonds are offered for sale on the basis of the principal of said Bonds not being subject to Kentucky ad valorem taxation and on the basis of the interest on said Bonds being subject to Federal taxation but not Kentucky income taxation on the date of their delivery to the successful bidder. See TAX STATUS below.

(D) The Corporation will provide to the successful purchaser a Final Official Statement in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12. A Final Official Statement will be provided in Electronic Form to the successful bidder, in sufficient time to meet the delivery requirements of the successful bidder under SEC and Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board Delivery Requirements. The successful bidder will be required to pay for the printing of Final Official Statements.

(E) If, prior to the delivery of the Bonds, any event should occur which alters the tax status of the Bonds, or of the interest thereon, the purchaser shall have the privilege of avoiding the purchase contract by giving immediate written notice to the Corporation, whereupon the good faith check of the purchaser will be returned to the purchaser, and all respective obligations of the parties will be terminated.

(F) The Corporation and the Board agree to cooperate with the successful bidder in the event said purchaser desires to purchase municipal bond insurance regarding the Refunding Bonds; provided, however, that any and all expenses incurred in obtaining said insurance shall be solely the obligation of the successful bidder should the successful bidder so elect to purchase such insurance.

STATE SUPPORT OF EDUCATION

The 1990 Regular Session of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth enacted a comprehensive legislative package known as the Kentucky Education Reform Act ("KERA") designed to comply with the mandate of the Kentucky Supreme Court that the General Assembly provide for as efficient and equitable system of schools throughout the State.

KERA became fully effective on July 13, 1990. Elementary and Secondary Education in the Commonwealth is supervised by the Commissioner of Education as the Chief Executive Officer of the State Department of Education ("DOE"), an appointee of the reconstituted State Board for Elementary and Secondary Education (the "State Board"). Some salient features of KERA are as follows:

KRS 157.330 establishes the fund to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funded from biennial appropriations from the General Assembly for distribution to school districts. The base funding guaranteed to each school district by SEEK for operating and capital expenditures is determined in each fiscal year by dividing the total annual SEEK appropriation by the state-wide total of pupils in average daily attendance ("ADA") in the preceding fiscal year; the ADA for each district is subject to adjustment to reflect the number of at risk students (approved for free lunch programs under state and federal guidelines), number and types of exceptional children, and transportation costs.

KRS 157.420 establishes a formula which results in the allocation of funds for capital expenditures in school districts at \$100 per ADA pupil which is included in the SEEK allotment (\$4,000) for the current biennium which is required to be segregated into a Capital Outlay Allotment Fund which may be used only for (1) direct payment of construction costs; (2) debt service on voted and funding bonds; (3) lease rental payments in support of bond issues; (4) reduction of deficits resulting from over expenditures for emergency capital construction; and (5) a reserve for each of the categories enumerated in 1 through 4 above.

KRS 157.440(1) requires that effective for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of \$.30 for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes levied by the district (including utilities gross receipts license and special voted) for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property, plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Revenue Cabinet of the Commonwealth. Any school district board of education which fails to comply with the minimum equivalent tax rate levy shall be subject to removal from office.

KRS 157.440(2) provides that for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Any increase beyond the 4% annual limitation imposed by KRS 132.017 is not subject to the recall provisions of that Section. Revenue generated by the 15% levy is to be equalized at 150% of the state-wide average per pupil equalized assessment.

KRS 157.440(2) permits school districts to levy up to 30% of the revenue guaranteed by the SEEK program, plus the revenue produced by the 15% levy, but said additional tax will not be equalized with state funds and will be subject to recall by a simple majority of those voting on the question.

KRS 157.620(1) also provides that in order to be eligible for participation from the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission for debt service on bond issues the district must levy a tax which will produce revenues equivalent to \$.05 per \$100 of the total assessed value of all property in the district (including tangible and intangible property and motor vehicles) in addition to the minimum \$.30 levy required by KRS 160.470(12). A district having a special voted tax which is equal to or higher than the required \$.05 tax, must commit and segregate for capital purposes at least an amount equal to the required \$.05 tax. Those districts which levy the additional \$.05 tax are also eligible for participation in the Kentucky Facilities Support ("KFS") program for which funds are appropriated separately from SEEK funds and are distributed to districts in accordance with a formula taking into account outstanding debt and funds available for payment from both local and state sources under KRS 157.440(1)(b).

KRS 160.460 provides that as of July 1, 1994 all real property located in the Commonwealth subject to local taxation shall be assessed at 100% of fair cash value.

BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

Due to the unforeseen nature on the economy of the Commonwealth caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, in its 2021 regular session, the General Assembly adopted only a one-year budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2022 which was approved and signed by the Governor. The biennial budget will be reviewed and supplemented during the General Assembly's 2021 regular session. Such budget became effective beginning July 1, 2021. The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at www.osbd.ky.gov.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, will not cause interest on the Refunding Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to state income taxation. Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, will not affect the market price for the Refunding Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

As a result of the Board and issuing agencies acting on behalf of the Board offering for public sale municipal securities in excess of \$1,000,000, the Corporation and the Board will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of all parties who may become Registered or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds whereunder said Corporation and Board will agree to comply with the provisions of the Municipal Securities Disclosure Rules set forth in Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") by filing annual financial statements and material events notices with the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") System maintained by the Municipal Securities Rule Making Board.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Carter County Board of Education, 228 S. Carol Malone Blvd., Grayson, Kentucky 41143 (606) 474-6696.

TAX STATUS

Bond Counsel advises as follows:

(A) The Refunding Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.

(B) The interest income from the Refunding Bonds is includable in the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Refunding Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds initially will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee). One fully-registered Bond Certificate will be issued, in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds securities that its participants ("Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the settlement among Participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in Participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. "Direct Participants" include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is owned by a number of its Direct Participants and by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange, Inc., and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as securities brokers and dealers, banks, and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). The Rules applicable to DTC and its participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participant's records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds ("Beneficial Ownership Interest") are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their Beneficial Ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued. Transfers of ownership interest in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued. Transfers of ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co., effect no change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners, will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to Cede & Co. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in the Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. will consent or vote with respect to Bonds. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede

& Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments of the Bonds will be made to DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' account on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records unless DTC has reason to believe that it will not receive payment on payable date. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name", and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Issuer, or the Trustee, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to DTC is the responsibility of the Issuer or the Trustee, disbursements of such payments to Direct Participants shall be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payment to the Beneficial Owners shall be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Beneficial Ownership Interests purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Trustee, and shall effect delivery of such Beneficial Ownership Interests by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Beneficial Ownership Interests, on DTC's records, to the purchaser or the Trustee, as appropriate. The requirements for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with a demand for purchase or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Issuer or the Bond Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered by the Bond Registrar.

NEITHER THE ISSUER, THE BOARD NOR THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OR ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER OR ANY OTHER PERSON NOT SHOWN ON THE REGISTRATION BOOKS OF THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT AS BEING AN OWNER WITH RESPECT TO: (1) THE BONDS; (2) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (3) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT DUE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF TENDERED BONDS OR THE PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PRICE OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS; (4) THE DELIVERY BY ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY NOTICE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WHICH IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE BOND RESOLUTION TO BE GIVEN TO HOLDERS; (5) THE SELECTION OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF ANY PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE BONDS; OR (6) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS HOLDER.

CARTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

By /s/ Ronnie Dotson Secretary **APPENDIX E**

Carter County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds Taxable Series of 2021

Official Bid Form

OFFICIAL BID FORM (Bond Purchase Agreement)

The Carter County School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation"), will until 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T., on March 24, 2021, receive in the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, (telephone 502-564-5582; Fax 888-979-6152) competitive bids for its \$1,220,000 School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2021, dated as of April 14, 2021; maturing June 1, 2021 and December 1, 2021 through 2031 ("Bonds").

We hereby bid for said \$1,220,000* principal amount of Bonds, the total sum of \$ (not less than \$1,207,800) plus accrued interest from April 14, 2021 payable June 1, 2021 and semiannually thereafter (rates on ascending scale in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1%; number of interest rates unlimited) and maturing as to principal on June 1, 2021 and December 1 in each of the years as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount*</u>	<u>Rate</u>
Jun. 1, 2021		%
2021 2022	105,000	
2022	105,000	%
2024	105,000 105,000	%
$2025 \\ 2026$	110,000 110,000	
2020	110,000	%
2028	110,000 115,000	%
$2029 \\ 2030$	115,000	0/0
2030	115,000 120,000	%
	,	

* Subject to Permitted Adjustment up to \$120,000

We understand this bid may be accepted for as much as \$1,340,000 of Bonds or as little as \$1,100,000 of Bonds, at the same price per \$5,000 Bond, with the variation in such amount occurring in any maturity or all maturities, which will be determined by the Secretary of the Corporation at the time of acceptance of the best bid.

Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102.

The successful bidder may elect to notify the Financial Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each Term Bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption by lot on December 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

The DTC Book-Entry-Only-System will be utilized on delivery of this issue.

It is understood that the Corporation will furnish the final, approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky.

No certified or bank cashier's check will be required to accompany a bid, but the successful bidder shall be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Refunding Bonds awarded by the close of business on the date following the award. Said good faith amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price on delivery. Wire transfer procedures should be arranged through The First National Bank of Grayson, Grayson, Kentucky, Attn: Terra Waddell (606-474-2000).

Bids must be submitted only on this form and must be fully executed.

If we are the successful bidder, we agree to accept and make payment for the Bonds in Federal Funds on or about April 14, 2021 and upon acceptance by the Issuer's Financial Advisor this Official Bid Form shall become the Bond Purchase Agreement.

Respectfully submitted,

Bidder

By _____Authorized Officer

Address

Total interest cost from April 14, 2021 to final maturity	\$
Plus discount or less any premium	\$
Net interest cost (Total interest cost plus discount or less any premium)	\$
Average interest rate or cost (ie NIC)	%

The above computation of net interest cost and of average interest rate or cost is submitted for information only and is not a part of this Bid.

Accepted by RSA Advisors, LLC, as Agent for the Carter County School District Finance Corporation for <u>amount of Bonds at a price of </u><u>as follows:</u>

Year	Amount	Rate	Year	Amount	Rate
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	$\begin{array}{c} ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\end{array}$		2028 2029 2030 2031 2032	$\underbrace{,000}_{,000},000$	

Dated: March 24, 2021

RSA Advisors, LLC, Financial Advisor and Agent for Carter County School District Finance Corporation