

DATED JULY 12, 2021

NEW ISSUE
Electronic Bidding via Parity®
BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

RATING
Moody's: " "

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law interest on the Bonds will be includable in gross income of the holders thereof for purposes of federal taxation. The Bonds and interest thereon are exempt from income taxation and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and political subdivisions thereof (see "Tax Status" herein).

\$2,040,000*
LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION
SCHOOL BUILDING REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS,
TAXABLE SERIES OF 2021

Dated with Delivery: August 10, 2021

Due: as shown below

Interest on the Bonds is payable each May 1 and November 1, beginning November 1, 2021. The Bonds will mature as to principal on May 1, 2022 and each May 1 thereafter as shown below. The Bonds are being issued in Book-Entry-Only Form and will be available for purchase in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Maturing		Interest Rate	Reoffering Yield	CUSIP	Maturing		Interest Rate	Reoffering Yield	CUSIP
1-May	Amount				1-May	Amount			
2022	\$55,000	%	%		2028	\$95,000	%	%	
2023	\$45,000	%	%		2029	\$100,000	%	%	
2024	\$45,000	%	%		2030	\$95,000	%	%	
2025	\$40,000	%	%		2031	\$105,000	%	%	
2026	\$40,000	%	%		2032	\$1,325,000	%	%	
2027	\$95,000	%	%						

The Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right to call, upon thirty (30) days notice, the Bonds in whole or in part on any date for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds constitute a limited indebtedness of the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation and are payable from and secured by a pledge of the gross income and revenues derived by leasing the Project (as hereinafter defined) on an annual renewable basis to the Lincoln County Board of Education.

The Lincoln County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation will until July 20, 2021 at 11:30 A.M., E.D.S.T., receive competitive bids for the Bonds at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

***As set forth in the "Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale," the principal amount of Bonds sold to the successful bidder is subject to a Permitted Adjustment by increasing or decreasing the amount not to exceed \$205,000.**

PURCHASER'S OPTION: The Purchaser of the Bonds, within 24 hours of the sale, may specify to the Financial Advisor that any Bonds may be combined immediately succeeding sequential maturities into a Term Bond(s), bearing a single rate of interest, with the maturities set forth above (or as may be adjusted as provided herein) being subject to mandatory redemption in such maturities for such Term Bond(s).

The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM administered by The Depository Trust Company.

The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for certain information on the cover page hereof which has been omitted in accordance with such Rule and which will be supplied with the final Official Statement.



This Preliminary Official Statement and the information contained herein are subject to completion or amendment. Under no circumstances shall this Preliminary Official Statement constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sales of these Bonds in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the laws of any such jurisdiction.

**LINCOLN COUNTY
BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Win Smith, Chairman
Bruce Smith, Member
Ricky Lane, Member
Etta Meek, Member
Gloria Sneed, Member

Michael Rowe, Superintendent
Colleen Benson, Secretary

**LINCOLN COUNTY (KENTUCKY) SCHOOL DISTRICT
FINANCE CORPORATION**

Win Smith, President
Bruce Smith, Member
Ricky Lane, Member
Etta Meek, Member
Gloria Sneed, Member

Colleen Benson, Secretary
Lee Ann Smith, Treasurer

BOND COUNSEL

Step toe & Johnson PLLC
Louisville, Kentucky

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

RSA Advisors, LLC
Lexington, Kentucky

PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

US Bank, National Association
Louisville, Kentucky

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement does not constitute an offering of any security other than the original offering of the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2021, identified on the cover page hereof. No person has been authorized by the Corporation or the Board to give any information or to make any representation other than that contained in the Official Statement, and if given or made such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been given or authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, and there shall not be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation or the Board since the date hereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state or other governmental entity or agency, except the Corporation will pass upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement or approve the Bonds for sale.

The Official Statement includes the front cover page immediately preceding this page and all Appendices hereto.

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**OFFICIAL STATEMENT
Relating to the Issuance of**

\$2,040,000*

**LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION
SCHOOL BUILDING REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS,
TAXABLE SERIES OF 2021**

**Subject to Permitted Adjustment*

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page and Appendices hereto, is to set forth certain information pertaining to the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2021 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are being issued to (i) pay the maturing principal and accrued interest and refund at or in advance of maturity on May 1, 2022, all of the outstanding Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2012, dated May 16, 2012 (the "2012 Bonds") maturing May 1, 2022 and thereafter (the "Refunded Bonds"); and (ii) pay the cost of the Bond issuance expenses (see "Plan of Refunding" herein). The Board has determined that the plan of refunding the Refunded Bonds will result in considerable interest cost savings to the Lincoln County School District (the "District") and is in the best interest of the District.

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds will be secured by a lien and a pledge of the rental income derived by the Corporation from leasing the Projects (as hereinafter defined) to the Lincoln County Board of Education (the "Board") on a year to year basis (see "Security" herein).

All financial and other information presented in this Official Statement has been provided by the Lincoln County Board of Education from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. The presentation of financial and other information is not intended, unless specifically stated, to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the Board. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety, and no one subject discussed should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its location in the text. Reference should be made to laws, reports or other documents referred to in this Official Statement for more complete information regarding their contents.

Copies of the Bond Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and the Lease Agreement, dated August 10, 2021, may be obtained at the office of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, 700 N. Hurstbourne Parkway, Suite 115, Louisville, Kentucky 40222.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

The following information about the Book-Entry only system applicable to the Bonds has been supplied by DTC. Neither the Corporation nor the Paying Agent and Registrar makes any representations, warranties or guarantees with respect to its accuracy or completeness.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code,

and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, (NSCC, GSCC, MBSCC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Paying Agent and Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name" and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or its nominee, the Paying Agent and Registrar or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and

disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's Book-Entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation believes to be reliable but the Corporation takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

THE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board. Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Board herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

Any bonds, notes or other indebtedness issued or contracted by the Corporation shall, prior to the issuance or incurrence thereon, be specifically approved by the Board. The members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation are the members of the Board. Their terms expire when they cease to hold the office and any successor members of the Board are automatically members of the Corporation upon assuming their public offices.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

The Commission is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of Sections 157.611 through 157.640 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as repealed, amended, and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$124,836,200 in FY 2020-21 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues; \$58,000,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium; and authorizes \$58,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2022.

The 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018 and 2020 Regular Sessions of the Kentucky General Assembly appropriated funds to be used for debt service of participating school districts. The appropriations for each biennium are shown in the following table:

<u>Biennium</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>
1986-88	\$18,223,200
1988-90	14,050,700
1990-92	13,542,800
1992-94	3,075,300
1994-96	2,800,000
1996-98	4,996,000
1998-00	12,141,500
2000-02	8,100,000
2002-04	9,500,000
2004-06	14,000,000
2006-08	9,000,000
2008-10	10,968,000
2010-12	12,656,200
2012-14	8,469,200
2014-16	8,764,000
2016-18	23,019,400
2018-20	7,608,000
2020-21	2,946,900
Total	\$183,861,200

BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

Due to the unforeseen nature on the economy of the Commonwealth caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, in its 2020 regular session, the General Assembly adopted only a one-year budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2022 which was approved and signed by the Governor. The biennial budget was reviewed and supplemented during the General Assembly's 2021 regular session. Such budget became effective beginning July 1, 2020. The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at www.osbd.ky.gov.

OUTSTANDING BONDS

The following table shows the outstanding Bonds of the Board by the original principal amount of each issue, the current principal outstanding, the amount of the original principal scheduled to be paid with the corresponding interest thereon by the Board or the School Facilities Construction Commission, the approximate interest range; and, the final maturity date of the Bonds:

Bond Series	Original Principal	Current Principal Outstanding	Principal Assigned to Board	Principal Assigned to Commission	Approximate Interest Rate Range	Final Maturity
2012	\$2,145,000	\$1,920,000	\$2,145,000	\$0	2.200% - 3.250%	2032
2012-REF	\$6,820,000	\$5,015,000	\$5,818,857	\$1,001,143	2.000% - 2.375%	2025
2014-REF	\$5,385,000	\$4,225,000	\$5,818,857	\$0	2.400% - 3.625%	2030
2015-REF	\$6,745,000	\$5,865,000	\$4,322,628	\$2,422,372	2.000% - 3.000%	2030
2019	\$740,000	\$715,000	\$200,000	\$540,000	2.500% - 2.750%	2039
TOTALS:	\$21,835,000	\$17,740,000	\$18,305,342	\$3,963,515		

AUTHORITY

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has adopted a Bond Resolution which authorized among other things:

- i) the issuance of approximately \$2,040,000 of Bonds subject to a permitted adjustment of \$205,000;
- ii) the advertisement for the public sale of the Bonds;
- iii) the Official Terms and Conditions for the sale of the Bonds to the successful bidder; and,
- iv) the President and Secretary of the Corporation to execute certain documents relative to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

THE BONDS

General

The Bonds will be dated August 10, 2021, will bear interest from that date as described herein, payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing November, 2021, and will mature as to principal on May 1, 2022 and each May 1 thereafter in the years and in the principal amounts as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement.

Registration, Payment and Transfer

The Bonds are to be issued in fully-registered form (both principal and interest). US Bank, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co., as the nominee of The Depository Trust Company. Please see Book-Entry-Only-System. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, beginning November 1, 2021 (Record Date is 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

Redemption

The Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to their stated maturity.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part for redemption on any day at par upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

SECURITY

General

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds are payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues derived from the leasing of the Project financed from the Bond proceeds from the Corporation to the Board. The Bonds are secured by a pledge of revenue on and from the School Building Project.

The Lease; Pledge of Rental Revenues

The Board has leased the school Project securing the Bonds for an initial period from August 10, 2021, through June 30, 2022 with the option in the Board to renew said Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rental due under the Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Bonds as same become due. The Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the Lease until May 1, 2032, the final maturity date of the Bonds. Under the lease, the Corporation has pledged the rental revenue to the payment of the Bonds.

STATE INTERCEPT

Under the terms of the 2021 Lease, and any renewal thereof, the Board has agreed so long as the Bonds remain outstanding, and in conformance with the intent and purpose of Section 157.627(5) of the Act and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the 2021 Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the 2021 Lease to the Corporation the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then

held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

VERIFICATION OF MATHEMATICAL ACCURACY

AMTEC, will verify from the information provided to them the mathematical accuracy as of the date of the closing of the Bonds of (1) the computations contained in the provided schedules to determine that the anticipated receipts from the securities and cash deposits listed in the Financial Advisor's schedules, to be held in escrow, will be sufficient to pay, when due, the principal, interest and call premium payment requirements, if any, of the Prior Bonds, and (2) the computations of yield on both the securities and the Bonds contained in the provided schedules used by Bond Counsel in its determination that the interest on the Bonds is not includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. AMTEC will express no opinion on the assumptions provided to them, nor as to the exemption from taxation of the interest on the Bonds.

THE PLAN OF REFUNDING

A sufficient amount of the proceeds of the Bonds at the time of delivery will be deposited into the Bond Fund for the Refunded Bonds. The Bond Fund deposit is intended to be sufficient to (i) pay the maturing principal and accrued interest and refund in advance of maturity all of the outstanding Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2012, dated May 16, 2012 (the "2012 Bonds") maturing May 1, 2022 and thereafter, (the "Refunded Bonds"); and (ii) pay the cost of the Bond issuance expenses (see "Plan of Refunding" herein). The Board has determined that the plan of refunding the Refunded Bonds will result in considerable interest cost savings to the Lincoln County School District (the "District") and is in the best interest of the District.

Any investments purchased for the Bond Fund shall be limited to (i) direct Obligations of or Obligations guaranteed by the United States government, or (ii) Obligations of agencies or corporations of the United States as permitted under KRS 66.480(1)(b) and (c) or (iii) Certificates of Deposit of FDIC banks fully collateralized by direct Obligations of or Obligations guaranteed by the United States.

The Plan of Refunding the Bonds of the Prior Issue as set out in the Preliminary Official Statement is tentative as to what Bonds of the Prior Issue shall be refunded and will not be finalized until the sale of the Refunding Bonds.

PURPOSE OF THE PRIOR BONDS

The Refunded Bonds were issued by the Corporation for the purpose of providing funds to finance improvements at the Board Office, Lincoln County High, Lincoln County Middle, Hustonville Elementary and McKinney Elementary Schools (the "Project").

ESTIMATED BOND DEBT SERVICE

The following table shows by fiscal year the current bond payments of the Board. The plan of financing provides for the Board to meet 100% of the debt service of the Bonds.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Current Local Bond Payments	----- Series 2021 Refunding Revenue Bonds -----			Total Local Bond Payments
		Principal Portion	Interest Portion	Total Payment	
2022	\$1,549,973	55,000	\$27,226	\$82,226	\$1,536,988
2023	\$1,548,044	45,000	\$37,388	\$82,388	\$1,540,011
2024	\$1,543,303	45,000	\$37,208	\$82,208	\$1,535,991
2025	\$1,544,284	40,000	\$36,938	\$76,938	\$1,532,602
2026	\$1,548,021	40,000	\$36,598	\$76,598	\$1,536,899
2027	\$1,511,838	95,000	\$36,138	\$131,138	\$1,501,156
2028	\$1,512,710	95,000	\$34,855	\$129,855	\$1,503,295
2029	\$1,523,052	100,000	\$33,383	\$133,383	\$1,514,714
2030	\$1,511,599	95,000	\$31,683	\$126,683	\$1,499,396
2031	\$1,513,426	105,000	\$29,925	\$134,925	\$1,502,301
2032	\$1,378,449	1,325,000	\$27,825	\$1,352,825	\$1,368,374
2033	\$14,549				\$14,549
2034	\$18,486				\$18,486
2035	\$17,361				\$17,361
2036	\$16,237				\$16,237
2037	\$20,017				\$20,017
2038	\$18,705				\$18,705
2039	\$17,392				\$17,392
2040	\$11,118				\$11,118
TOTALS:	\$16,818,564	\$2,040,000	\$369,163	\$2,409,163	\$16,705,592

Note: Numbers rounded to the nearest \$1.00.

ESTIMATED USE OF BOND PROCEEDS

The table below shows the estimated sources of funds and uses of proceeds of the Bonds, other than any portions thereof representing accrued interest:

Sources:	
Par Amount of Bonds	<u>\$2,040,000.00</u>
Total Sources	\$2,040,000.00
Uses:	
Deposit to Escrow Fund	\$1,985,090.00
Underwriter's Discount (1%)	20,400.00
Cost of Issuance	<u>34,510.00</u>
Total Uses	\$2,040,000.00

DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION

Selected school census and average daily attendance for the Lincoln County School District is as follows:

Year	Average Daily Attendance	Year	Average Daily Attendance
2000-01	3,603.6	2010-11	3,643.5
2001-02	3,668.4	2011-12	3,606.1
2002-03	3,712.8	2012-13	3,545.9
2003-04	3,753.2	2013-14	3,506.7
2004-05	3,855.3	2014-15	3,496.7
2005-06	3,840.6	2015-16	3,441.0
2006-07	3,802.4	2016-17	3,386.8
2007-08	3,722.2	2017-18	3,371.8
2008-09	3,728.8	2018-19	3,310.7
2009-10	3,652.7	2019-20	3,202.7

STATE SUPPORT

Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK). In determining the cost of the program to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), the statewide guaranteed base funding level is computed by dividing the amount appropriated by the prior year's statewide average daily attendance. The SEEK fund is a guaranteed amount of money per pupil in each school district of Kentucky. The current SEEK allotment is \$3,866 per pupil. The \$100 capital outlay allotment per each average daily attendance is included within the guaranteed amounts. Each district's base funding from the SEEK program is adjusted for the number of at-risk students, the number and types of exceptional children in the district, and cost of transporting students from and to school in the district.

Capital Outlay Allotment. The per pupil capital outlay allotment for each district from the public school fund and from local sources shall be kept in a separate account and may be used by the district only for capital outlay projects approved by the State Department of Education. These funds shall be used for the following capital outlay purposes:

- a. For direct payment of construction costs.
- b. For debt service on voted and funding bonds.
- c. For payment or lease-rental agreements under which the board will eventually acquire ownership of the school plant.
- d. For retirement of any deficit resulting from over-expenditure for capital construction, if such deficit resulted from certain declared emergencies.
- e. As a reserve fund for the above named purposes, to be carried forward in ensuing budgets.

The allotment for each school board of education in the Commonwealth for fiscal year 1978-79 was \$1,800 per classroom unit. The 1979 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly approved increases in this allotment in 1979-80 to \$1,900 per classroom unit. This rate remained unchanged in 1980-81. The 1981 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly decreased the allotment per classroom to \$1,800 and this allotment rate did not change from the 1981-82 rate, until the 1990-91 school year. Beginning with 1990-91, the Capital Outlay allotment for each district is based on \$100 per average daily attendance.

The following table shows the computation of the capital outlay allotment for the Lincoln County School District for certain preceding school years.

<u>Year</u>	<u>Capital Outlay Allotment</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Capital Outlay Allotment</u>
2000-01	360,360.0	2010-11	364,354.0
2001-02	366,840.0	2011-12	360,610.0
2002-03	371,280.0	2012-13	354,587.0
2003-04	375,320.0	2013-14	350,667.0
2004-05	385,530.0	2014-15	349,674.0
2005-06	384,060.0	2015-16	344,096.0
2006-07	380,240.0	2016-17	338,680.0
2007-08	372,220.0	2017-18	337,180.0
2008-09	372,882.0	2018-19	331,069.0
2009-10	365,267.0	2019-20	320,270.0

If the school district has no capital outlay needs, upon approval from the State, the funds can be used for school plant maintenance, repair, insurance on buildings, replacement of equipment, purchase of school buses and purchase of modern technological equipment for educational purposes. If any district has a special levy for capital outlay or debt service that is equal to the capital outlay allotment or a proportionate fraction thereof, and spends the proceeds of the levy for eligible purposes, the State may authorize the district to use all or a proportionate fraction of its capital outlay allotment for current expenses (school districts which use capital outlay allotments to meet current expenses are not eligible to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission funds).

Facilities Support Program of Kentucky. School districts may be eligible to participate in the Facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), subject to the following requirements:

- 1) The district must have unmet needs as set forth and approved by the State Department of Education in a School Facilities Plan;
- 2) The district must commit to establish an equivalent tax rate of at least 5 cents, in addition to the 30 cents minimum current equivalent tax rate; and,
- 3) The new revenues generated by the 5 cent addition, must be placed in a restricted account for school building construction bonding.

LOCAL SUPPORT

Homestead Exemption. Section 170 of the Kentucky Constitution was amended at the General Election held November 2, 1971, to exempt from property taxes \$6,500 of value of single unit residential property of taxpayers 65 years of age or older. The 1972 General Assembly amended KRS Chapter 132 to permit counties and school districts to adjust their local tax revenues lost through the application of this Homestead Exemption. The "Single Unit" qualification has been enlarged to subsequent sessions of the General Assembly to provide that such exemption shall apply to such property maintained as the permanent resident of the owner and the dollar amount has been construed to mean \$6,500 in terms of the purchasing power of the dollar in 1972. Every two years thereafter, if the cost of living index of the U.S. Department of Labor has changed as much as 1%, the maximum exemption shall be adjusted accordingly. Under the cost of living formula, the maximum was increased to \$40,500 effective January 1, 2021.

Limitation on Taxation. The 1979 Special Session of the Kentucky General Assembly enacted House Bill 44 which provides that no school district may levy a general tax rate, voted general tax rate, or voted building tax rate which would generate revenues that exceeds the previous years revenues by four percent (4%).

The 1990 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly in enacting the "School Reform" legislative package amended the provisions of KRS 160.470 which prohibited school districts from levying ad valorem property taxes which would generate revenues in excess of 4% of the previous year's revenues without said levy

subject to recall to permit exceptions to the referendum under (1) KRS 160.470(12) [a new section of the statute] and (2) an amended KRS 157.440.

Under KRS 160.470(12)(a) for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 school districts are required to levy a "minimum equivalent tax rate" of thirty cents (\$.30) for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes (including occupational or utilities) levied by the district for school purposes divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the State Revenue Cabinet. Failure to levy the minimum equivalent rate subjects the board of the district to removal.

The exception provided by KRS 157.440(1)(a) permits school districts to levy an equivalent tax rate as defined in KRS 160.470(12)(a) which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the program to support education excellence in Kentucky. Levies permitted by this section of the statute are not subject to public hearing or recall provisions as set forth in KRS 160.470.

Local Thirty Cents Minimum. Effective for school years beginning after June 30, 1990, the board of education of each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of thirty cents (\$.30) for general school purposes. If a board fails to comply, its members shall be subject to removal from office for willful neglect of duty.

Additional 15% Not Subject to Recall. Effective with the school year beginning July 1, 1990, each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Effective with the 1990-91 school year, the State will equalize the revenue generated by this levy at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil equalized assessment. For 1993-94 and thereafter, this level is set at \$225,000. The additional 15% rate levy is not subject to the public hearing or recall provisions.

Assessment Valuation. No later than July 1, 1994, all real property located in the state and subject to local taxation shall be assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of fair cash value.

Special Voted and Other Local Taxes. Any district may, in addition to other taxes for school purposes, levy not less than four cents nor more than twenty cents on each one hundred dollars (\$100) valuation of property subject to local taxation, to provide a special fund for the purchase of sites for school buildings and the erection, major alteration, enlargement, and complete equipping of school buildings. In addition, districts may levy taxes on tangible and intangible property and on utilities, except generally any amounts of revenues generated above that provided for by House Bill 44 is subject to voter recall.

Local Tax Rates, Property Assessments and Revenue Collections

Tax Year	Combined Equivalent Rate	Total Property Assessment	Property Revenue Collections
2000-01	48.7	655,681,769	3,193,170
2001-02	50.3	693,754,455	3,489,585
2002-03	49.7	714,889,521	3,553,001
2003-04	49.7	730,606,786	3,631,116
2004-05	49.5	773,161,056	3,827,147
2005-06	50.4	838,413,238	4,225,603
2006-07	47.1	893,290,889	4,207,400
2007-08	50.4	940,695,962	4,741,108
2008-09	49	980,247,501	4,803,213
2009-10	49	977,989,923	4,792,151
2010-11	49.9	997,139,128	4,975,724
2011-12	52.5	1,018,192,171	5,345,509
2012-13	55.9	1,011,818,825	5,656,067
2013-14	58.6	1,008,265,210	5,908,434
2014-15	57.5	997,981,274	5,738,392
2015-16	61.1	1,024,097,446	6,257,235
2016-17	62.1	1,065,835,867	6,618,841
2017-18	62	1,105,843,871	6,856,232
2018-19	64.4	1,169,186,111	7,529,559
2019-20	62.9	1,236,759,767	7,779,219

OVERLAPPING BOND INDEBTEDNESS

The following table shows any other overlapping bond indebtedness of the Lincoln County School District or other issuing agency within the County as reported by the State Local Debt Officer for the period ending June 30, 2021.

Issuer	Original Principal Amount	Amount of Bonds Redeemed	Current Principal Outstanding
County of Lincoln			
General Obligation	\$1,885,000	\$905,000	\$980,000
Senior Citizens Housing	\$640,000	\$590,000	\$50,000
Fire Protection Renewable	\$190,000	\$139,801	\$50,199
Building Renewable	\$130,295	\$80,000	\$50,295
Court Facility Project	\$1,340,000	\$665,000	\$675,000
City of Crab Orchard			
Water & Sewer Revenue Improvement Project	\$653,500	\$521,200	\$132,300
	\$47,000	\$9,300	\$37,700
City of Hustonville			
General Obligation	\$186,000	\$0	\$186,000
City of Stanford			
Water & Sewer Revenue Improvement Project	\$7,750,000	\$1,707,342	\$6,042,658
Refinancing Refunding Revenue	\$3,485,000	\$1,973,500	\$1,511,500
	\$3,390,000	\$285,000	\$3,105,000
Special Districts			
Lincoln County Library Taxing District	\$390,000	\$0	\$390,000
Lincoln County Sanitation District	\$350,000	\$18,000	\$332,000
McKinney Water District	\$1,307,000	\$507,200	\$799,800
Totals:	\$21,743,795	\$7,401,343	\$14,342,452

Source: 2021 Kentucky Local Debt Report.

SEEK ALLOTMENT

The Board has reported the following information as to the SEEK allotment to the District, and as provided by the State Department of Education.

SEEK	Base Funding	Local Tax Effort	Total State & Local Funding
2000-01	14,544,193	3,193,170	17,737,363
2001-02	15,190,570	3,489,585	18,680,155
2002-03	16,035,800	3,553,001	19,588,801
2003-04	17,220,674	3,631,116	20,851,790
2004-05	17,728,145	3,827,147	21,555,292
2005-06	18,744,525	4,225,603	22,970,128
2006-07	18,921,205	4,207,400	23,128,605
2007-08	20,230,159	4,741,108	24,971,267
2008-09	20,131,743	4,803,213	24,934,956
2009-10	17,489,626	4,792,151	22,281,777
2010-11	17,305,272	4,975,724	22,280,996
2011-12	18,648,505	5,345,509	23,994,014
2012-13	18,451,065	5,656,067	24,107,132
2013-14	18,025,269	5,908,434	23,933,703
2014-15	18,129,071	5,738,392	23,867,463
2015-16	18,062,129	6,257,235	24,319,364
2016-17	17,575,057	6,618,841	24,193,898
2017-18	17,385,370	6,856,232	24,241,602
2018-19	17,260,541	7,529,559	24,790,100
2019-20	15,899,881	7,779,219	23,679,100

- (1) Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) replaces the minimum foundation program and power equalization funding. Capital Outlay is now computed at \$100 per average daily attendance (ADA). Capital Outlay is included in the SEEK base funding.
- (2) The Board established a current equivalent tax rate (CETR) of \$0.629 for FY 2019-20. The equivalent tax rate" is defined as the rate which results when the income from all taxes levied by the district for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Commonwealth of Kentucky Revenue Cabinet.

State Budgeting Process

- i) Each district board of education is required to prepare a general school budget on forms prescribed and furnished by the Kentucky Board of Education, showing the amount of money needed for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay, and other necessary expenses of the school during the succeeding fiscal year and the estimated amount that will be received from all sources.
- ii) By September 15 of each year, after the district receives its tax assessment data from the Department of Revenue and the State Department of Education, 3 copies of the budget are forwarded to the State Department for approval or disapproval.
- iii) The State Department of Education has adopted a policy of disapproving a school budget if it is financially unsound or fails to provide for:
 - a) payment of maturing principal and interest on any outstanding voted school improvement bonds of the district or payment of rental in connection with any outstanding school building revenue bonds issued for the benefit of the school district; or

- b) fails to comply with the law.

COVID-19

The recent outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, which was first detected in China and has since spread to other countries, including the United States and the Commonwealth of Kentucky, has been declared a Pandemic by the World Health Organization. The outbreak of the disease has affected travel, commerce and financial markets globally and is widely expected to affect economic growth worldwide. On March 13, 2020, President Donald Trump declared a national emergency to unlock federal funds to help states and local governments fight the pandemic.

While the collection of property taxes, which are a significant source of building fund revenue for the payment of principal and interest due on the bonds (see "LOCAL SUPPORT" herein) may be impacted by the COVID-19 emergency, the District does not expect the impact to be significant unless the economic hardship is long term. In addition, the Commonwealth of Kentucky revenues are also likely to be impacted by a long-term economic hardship caused by declining collections of sales taxes, wage taxes, income taxes, property taxes and other revenue sources. The impact of those declining revenue collections on state education funds (see "STATE SUPPORT" herein) is unknown. Although the potential impact of the virus on the Commonwealth and the Board of Education's future ability to make payments under the Lease cannot be predicted at this time, the continued spread of the outbreak could have a material adverse effect on the Board of Education and ultimately, the Corporation.

On March 24, 2020 the Governor of Kentucky signed Senate Bill 177 which provides relief to Kentucky School Districts in light of the Coronavirus emergency. Among other things, it removes the limits on the number of days that a district can utilize an approved Non-Traditional Instruction program ("NTI"). Senate Bill 177 also authorizes Kentucky Superintendents to use their school year 2018-2019 attendance data on their Superintendent's Annual Attendance Report. The report determines a district's average daily attendance used in calculating Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funds. On Friday, Dec. 18, 2020, Gov. Andy Beshear issued Executive Order No. 2020-1041 (EO 2020-1041), which outlines requirements and recommendations for the reopening of schools in January 2021. For more information on the Kentucky Department of Education's response to COVID 19, please see their website at <https://education.ky.gov/comm/Pages/COVID-19-Updates.aspx>.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

As a result of the Board and issuing agencies acting on behalf of the Board having outstanding at the time the Bonds referred to herein are offered for public sale municipal securities in excess of \$1,000,000, the Corporation and the Board will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of all parties who may become

Registered or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds whereunder said Corporation and Board will agree to comply with the provisions of the Municipal Securities Disclosure Rules set forth in Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 by filing annual financial statements and material events notices with the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) System maintained by the Municipal Securities Rule Making Board.

The Board and Corporation have been timely in making required filings under the terms of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement for the past five years.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Lincoln County Board of Education, 305 Danville Avenue, Stanford, Kentucky 40484, Telephone: (606) 365-2124.

TAX STATUS

Bond Counsel advises as follows:

(A) The Refunding Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.

(B) The interest income from the Refunding Bonds is includable in the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law.

ABSENCE OF MATERIAL LITIGATION

There is no controversy or litigation of any nature now pending or threatened (i) restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the Board or Corporation taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof or (ii) which if successful would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Board.

APPROVAL OF LEGALITY

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel. The form of the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel will appear on each printed Bond.

NO LEGAL OPINION EXPRESSED AS TO CERTAIN MATTERS

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement describing the Bonds and the provisions of the Bond Resolution and related proceedings authorizing the Bonds, but Bond Counsel has not reviewed any of the financial data, computations, tabulations, balance sheets, financial projections, and general information concerning the Corporation or District, and expresses no opinion thereon, assumes no responsibility for same and has not undertaken independently to verify any information contained herein.

BOND RATING

As noted on the cover page of this Official Statement, Moody's Investors Service has given the Bonds the indicated rating. Such rating reflects only the respective views of such organization. Explanations of the significance of the rating may be obtained from the rating agency. There can be no assurance that such rating will be maintained for any given period of time or will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency, if in their judgement circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

Prospective bidders are advised that RSA Advisors, LLC ("RSA") has been employed as Financial Advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. RSA's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. Bidders may submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds at the time of the advertised public sale, either individually or as a member of a syndicate organized to submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds.

APPROVAL OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Corporation has approved and caused this "Official Statement" to be executed and delivered by its President. In making this "Official Statement" the Corporation relied upon information furnished to it by the Board of Education of the Lincoln County School District and does not assume any responsibility as to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Official Statement except as to copies of documents denominated "Official Terms and Conditions" and "Bid Form." The financial information supplied by the Board of Education is represented by the Board of Education to be correct. The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of Securities Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1) as qualified by the cover hereof.

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized by the Corporation, the Lincoln County Board of Education or the Financial Advisor to give any information or representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. Except when otherwise indicated, the information set forth herein has been obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education and the Lincoln County School District and is believed to be reliable; however, such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation by the Financial Advisor or by Counsel. The delivery of this Official Statement at any time does not imply that information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

This Official Statement does not, as of its date, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact which should be included herein for the purpose for which the Official Statement is to be used or which is necessary in order to make the statements contained herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading in any material respect.

By /s/ _____
President

By /s/ _____
Secretary

APPENDIX A

**Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation
School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds
Taxable Series of 2021**

Demographic and Economic Data

LINCOLN COUNTY, KENTUCKY

Lincoln County, with a land area of 336 square miles, is located in portions of both the Outer Blue Grass and Mississippi Plateaus Regions. Lincoln County had an estimated 2020 population of 24,607.

Stanford, the county seat of Lincoln County, is located in south central Kentucky. Stanford is located 42 miles south of Lexington, Kentucky; 93 miles southeast of Louisville, Kentucky; 120 miles south of Cincinnati, Ohio; and 144 miles northwest of Knoxville, Tennessee. Stanford had an estimated 2020 population of 3,646.

The Economic Framework

Lincoln County had a labor force of 10,449 in 2020 and the total number of employees in Lincoln County in 2020 averaged 4,339. The top jobs in the county were office and administrative support - 676 (15.58%); executive, managers and administrators - 638 (14.7%); sales - 533 (12.28%); education, training/library - 324 (7.47%); and, food preparation, serving - 292 (6.3%).

Transportation

U.S. Highways 27, 127 and 150 are AAA - rated trucking highways serving Lincoln County. Interstate 75, a major north-south corridor, is located 27 miles southeast of Stanford via U.S. 150. The Cumberland Parkway, an east-west multi-lane toll road located in south central Kentucky, is 34 miles south of Stanford via U.S. 27. The Bluegrass Parkway, an east-west multi-lane highway located in central Kentucky, is 36 miles north of Stanford via U.S. 150 and 127. Twenty-three trucking companies provide interstate and/or intrastate service to Stanford. Southern Railway System provides the nearest rail service to Stanford at Danville, 11 miles northeast. The nearest scheduled commercial airline service is available at Bluegrass Airport near Lexington, 42 miles north of Stanford. Goodall Field, 8 miles northwest of Stanford, offers 2 paved runways, 4,600 and 2,500 feet in length.

Power and Fuel

Electric power is provided to Lincoln County by East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inter-County Energy Cooperative, South KY RECC, KY Utilities and Jackson Energy Corp. Natural gas is provided by Atmos Energy Corp.

Education

The Lincoln County School System provides primary education to the residents of Lincoln County. There are 42 colleges and universities and 22 technology centers (ATC) within 60 miles of Stanford.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Structure

Stanford's government structure consists of a Mayor and six council members. For Stanford, the Mayor serves a four-year term while the council members serve two-year terms. Lincoln County is served by a Judge/Executive, a Deputy Judge/Executive and four Magistrates. The Judge/Executive, Deputy Judge/Executive and Magistrates are elected to serve a four-year term.

Planning and Zoning

Mandatory state codes enforced - Kentucky Plumbing Code, National Electric Code, Kentucky Boiler Regulations and Standards, Kentucky Building Code (modeled after BOCA code).

Sales and Use Tax

A state sales and use tax is levied at the rate of 6.0% on the purchase or lease price of taxable good and on utility services. Local sales taxes are not levied in Kentucky.

State and Local Property Taxes

The Kentucky Constitution requires the state to tax all classes of taxable property, and state statutes allow local jurisdictions to tax only a few classes. All locally taxed property is subject to county taxes and school district taxes (either a county school district or an independent school district). Property located inside of city limits may also be subject to city property taxes. Property assessments in Kentucky are at 100% fair cash value. Accounts receivable are taxed at 85% of face value. Accounts receivable are taxed at 85% of face value. Special local taxing jurisdictions (fire protection districts, watershed districts, and sanitation districts) levy taxes within their operating areas (usually a small portion of community of county).

LABOR MARKET STATISTICS

The Stanford Labor Market Area includes Jessamine, Madison, Garrard, Rockcastle, Laurel, Pulaski, Casey, Marion, Mercer, Boyle and Lincoln counties.

Population

<u>Area</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Lincoln County	24,414	24,322	24,607
Stanford	3,614	3,593	3,646
Crab Orchard	815	809	825

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Annual Estimates.

Population Projections

<u>Area</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2030</u>	<u>2035</u>
Lincoln County	24,035	23,576	22,975

Source: Kentucky State Data Center, University of Louisville.

EDUCATION

Public Schools

	<u>Lincoln County</u>
Total Enrollment (2019-2020)	3,388
Pupil-Teacher Ratio	15 - 1

Vocational Training

Vocational training is available at both the state vocational-technical schools and the area vocational education centers. The state vocational-technical schools are post-secondary institutions. The area vocational education centers are designed to supplement the curriculum of high school students. Both the state vocational-technical schools and the area vocational education centers offer evening courses to enable working adults to upgrade current job skills.

Arrangements can be made to provide training in the specific production skills required by an industrial plant. Instruction may be conducted either in the vocational school or in the industrial plant, depending upon the desired arrangement and the availability of special equipment.

Bluegrass State Skills Corporation

The Bluegrass State Skills Corporation, an independent public corporation created and funded by the Kentucky General Assembly, provides programs of skills training to meet the needs of business and industry from entry level to advanced training, and from upgrading present employees to retraining experienced workers. The Bluegrass State Skills corporation is the primary source for skills training assistance for a new or existing company. The Corporation works in partnership with other employment and job training resources and programs, as well as Kentucky's economic development activities, to package a program customized to meet the specific needs of a company.

Vocational Schools

<u>Technical Institution</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Enrollment (2019-2020)</u>
Lincoln County ATC	Stanford, KY	363
Garrard County ATC	Lancaster, KY	386
Trailblazer Academy	Harrodsburg, KY	391
Casey County ATC	Liberty, KY	394
Rockcastle County ATC	Mount Vernon, KY	431
Madison County ATC	Richmond, KY	896
Pulaski County ATC	Somerset, KY	423
Marion County ATC	Lebanon, KY	574
Jackson County ATC	McKee, KY	277
Lake Cumberland ATC	Russell Springs, KY	879
Clark County ATC	Winchester, KY	664
Nelson County ATC	Bardstown, KY	604
Wayne County ATC	Monticello, KY	551
Green County ATC	Greensburg, KY	488
Corbin ATC	Corbin, KY	441
Lee County ATC	Beattyville, KY	298
Montgomery County ATC	Mt. Sterling, KY	563
Clay County ATC	Manchester, KY	357
Shelby County ATC	Shelbyville, KY	598

Area Colleges and Universities

<u>Institution</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Enrollment (Fall 2020)</u>
Centre College	Danville, KY	1,411
Berea College	Berea, KY	1,688
Asbury University	Wilmore, KY	1,930
Eastern Kentucky University	Richmond, KY	14,980
Transylvania University	Lexington, KY	949
University of Kentucky	Lexington, KY	29,402
Campbellsville University	Campbellsville, KY	13,744
Midway University	Midway, KY	1,702
Lindsey Wilson College	Columbia, KY	1,999
Georgetown College	Georgetown, KY	1,484
Kentucky State University	Frankfort, KY	2,171

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

<u>Institution</u>	<u>Total Assets</u>	<u>Total Deposits</u>
PBK Bank, Inc.	\$118,688,000	\$101,705,000

Source: McFadden American Financial Directory, January-June 2020 Edition.

EXISTING INDUSTRY

<u>Firm</u>	<u>Product</u>	<u>Total Employed</u>
<i>Stanford:</i> DecoArt Inc.	Acrylic paints for arts, crafts & home decorating.	134
Lincoln County Ready Mix Inc.	Ready mix concrete.	10
Lincoln Manufacturing USA LLC.	Steel stamping, welding, and machining operations to produce parts for the automotive industry.	125
Lincoln Tool & Die Co. Inc.	Machine shop - parts, tool & die, repair & make New machinery parts for factories.	14
Tillett's Uniforms Inc.	Band uniforms, choir robes, flags & dresses.	14
Tin Man Manufacturing Co.	Manufacture metal & roofing siding panels and Trim components; also wood roof trusses.	17

Sources: Kentucky Directory of Manufacturers (2020).

APPENDIX B

**Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation
School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds
Taxable Series of 2021**

Audited Financial Statement ending June 30, 2020

**LINCOLN COUNTY
SCHOOL DISTRICT
AUDIT REPORT
JUNE 30, 2020**

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October 31, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Education
Lincoln County School District
Stanford, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lincoln County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request*, *Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County School District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of the district's proportionate share of net pension liabilities, and the schedules of the district's proportionate share of net other post-employment benefits on Pages 4 through 10, 54 through 57, and 60 through 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lincoln County School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the statement of receipts, disbursements and fund balance – High School Activity Fund are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the other supplemental financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated October 31, 2020, on our consideration of Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

White and Company, P.S.C.

Certified Public Accountants

**LINCOLN COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT – STANFORD, KY
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020**

As management of the Lincoln County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The June 30, 2020 cash balance for the District was \$6.0 million, as compared with the beginning cash balance of \$6.84 million. The ending cash balance consists of General Fund of \$3,556,597, Capital Outlay of \$1,161,771, Building (FSPK) Fund of \$895,682, Construction Fund of \$173,492, Debt Service \$5,098, Food Service of \$112,109 and District Activity of \$100,271.
- Government-wide net position decreased \$765,503 during the year. Total long-term obligations decreased by \$1,859,052.
- The General Fund had \$31.5 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. There were \$31.7 million in General Fund expenditures.
- General Fund revenue decreased \$1,216,634 from last fiscal year due to the SEEK revenue from the state. General Fund expenses increased \$5,801 compared to last fiscal year.
- The financial statements reflect revenues of \$9,173,007 in on-behalf payments compared to revenues of \$9,261,201 for the previous year. On-behalf payments are revenue from the state on-behalf of District employees retirement contributions, health insurance, administration fees and technology with a like amount of expenses recorded.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements, statement of net position and statement of activities are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds for these financial statements are school activity funds. The only proprietary funds are our community education and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities by \$1,251,810.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the period ending June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020

A comparison of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020 government wide net position is as follows:

	Governmental		Business - Type		Total	
	Activities		Activities		Primary Government	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$ 7,617,778	\$ 7,253,347	\$ 464,276	\$ 304,305	\$ 8,082,054	\$ 7,557,652
Capital Assets	42,148,232	41,361,484	269,134	224,386	42,417,366	41,585,870
Total Assets	49,766,010	48,614,831	733,410	528,691	50,499,420	49,143,522
Deferred Outflows	4,958,299	4,922,042	443,535	460,417	5,401,834	5,382,459
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	<u>54,724,309</u>	<u>53,536,873</u>	<u>1,176,945</u>	<u>989,108</u>	<u>55,901,254</u>	<u>54,525,981</u>
Current Liabilities	3,202,016	3,366,335	12,588	21,298	3,214,604	3,387,633
Non-Current Liabilities	45,021,254	43,045,602	2,607,197	2,716,997	47,628,451	45,762,599
Total Liabilities	<u>48,223,270</u>	<u>46,411,937</u>	<u>2,619,785</u>	<u>2,738,295</u>	<u>50,843,055</u>	<u>49,150,232</u>
Deferred Inflows	2,743,383	3,740,380	300,503	386,559	3,043,886	4,126,939
Net Position						
Investment in capital assets (net of related debt)	18,948,210	19,306,622	269,134	224,386	19,217,344	19,531,008
Restricted	2,251,037	2,336,234	(2,012,477)	(2,360,132)	238,560	(23,898)
Unrestricted	<u>(17,441,591)</u>	<u>(18,258,300)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(17,441,591)</u>	<u>(18,258,300)</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 3,757,656</u>	<u>\$ 3,384,556</u>	<u>\$(1,743,343)</u>	<u>\$(2,135,746)</u>	<u>\$ 2,014,313</u>	<u>\$ 1,248,810</u>

Statement of Activities

	Governmental		Business - Type		Total	
	Activities		Activities		Primary Government	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
REVENUES						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 13,735	\$ 67,610	\$ 91,722	\$ 65,585	\$ 105,457	\$ 133,195
Operating grants and contributions	7,128,457	7,327,608	2,985,691	2,685,968	10,114,148	10,013,576
Capital grants	73,100	68,578			73,100	68,578
General revenues						
Property taxes	5,408,448	5,664,279			5,408,448	5,664,279
Motor vehicle taxes	939,105	846,671			939,105	846,671
Utility Taxes	1,056,563	1,101,059			1,056,563	1,101,059
Other taxes	139,906	99,267			139,906	99,267
Investment earnings	46,055	48,069	1,878	1,688	47,933	49,757
State and formula grants	27,116,763	25,629,832			27,116,763	25,629,832
Miscellaneous	317,028	349,928			317,028	349,928
Total revenues	<u>42,239,160</u>	<u>41,202,901</u>	<u>3,079,291</u>	<u>2,753,241</u>	<u>45,318,451</u>	<u>43,956,142</u>
EXPENSES						
Program Activities						
Instructional	27,165,214	26,678,841			27,165,214	26,678,841
Student support	1,381,224	1,077,213			1,381,224	1,077,213
Instructional staff Support	1,407,548	1,306,813			1,407,548	1,306,813
District administrative support	850,106	929,034			850,106	929,034
School administrative support	2,377,789	2,390,328			2,377,789	2,390,328
Business support	906,432	1,116,212			906,432	1,116,212
Plant operations and maintenance	4,254,476	4,259,651			4,254,476	4,259,651
Student transportation	2,567,605	2,677,713			2,567,605	2,677,713
Community service activities	475,698	462,991			475,698	462,991
Debt Service	714,441	677,205			714,441	677,205
Other	-	-			-	-
Business-type Activities						
Food service			3,246,220	3,145,094	3,246,220	3,145,094
Community education			11	550	11	550
Total operating expenses	<u>42,100,533</u>	<u>41,576,001</u>	<u>3,246,231</u>	<u>3,145,644</u>	<u>45,346,764</u>	<u>44,721,645</u>
Revenue Over (Under) Expend.	<u>\$ 138,627</u>	<u>\$ (373,100)</u>	<u>\$ (166,940)</u>	<u>\$ (392,403)</u>	<u>\$ (28,313)</u>	<u>\$ (765,503)</u>

On-behalf amounts are included in the above figures. On-behalf payments are payments the state makes on behalf of employees to the various agencies for health and life insurance benefits, administration fees, technology, retirement plans and debt service. The total on-behalf payments for 2019 and 2020 were \$9,261,200 and \$9,173,007 respectively.

Governmental Activities

For the governmental program, instructional expense comprises 64% of total expense and includes the schools' expenditures for staff and supplies. Support services equate to 33% of total expense and are comprised of spending for student support, staff support, district administrative support, business support, plant operation and maintenance and student transportation. Interest and other expenses make up the remaining 3% of the total.

The cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services are shown on the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Activities identifies the net cost of services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues (State entitlements).

	Governmental Activities Total		Governmental Activities Net	
	Cost of Services		Cost of Services	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Instructional	\$ 27,165,214	\$ 26,678,841	\$ 20,982,329	\$ 20,194,385
Support Services	13,745,180	13,756,964	13,265,304	13,307,334
Other	475,698	462,991	(3,733)	1,859
Interest Costs	<u>714,441</u>	<u>677,205</u>	<u>641,341</u>	<u>608,627</u>
Total Expenses	<u>\$ 42,100,533</u>	<u>\$ 41,576,001</u>	<u>\$ 34,885,241</u>	<u>\$ 34,112,205</u>

Business-Type Activities

The business type activities at the District are Food Service and Community Education. These programs had total revenues of \$2,753,241 and expenses of \$3,145,644 for fiscal year 2020. These revenues were made up of \$65,585 charges for services, \$2,685,968 federal and state operating grants and \$1,688 earnings on investments. These business-type activities receive no support from tax revenues, and, as such, the District will continue to monitor these activities and make the necessary adjustments to the operations of these activities.

FSPK and Construction Funds Revenue/Expenditures

Fund 310 is the capital outlay fund and Fund 320 is the building fund (FSPK). State funding makes up the Capital Outlay fund and building fund is made up of state and local revenue. Fund 400 is the debt service fund and is used to make debt payments. There, the funds 310 and 320 were used to collect the state and local revenues, and transfers were then made to Fund 400 as debt service payments came due.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is based on accounting for certain transactions on the cash basis for receipts and expenditures and encumbrances and is prepared according to Kentucky law. The Kentucky Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any remaining fund balance to be shown as a contingency expense in the budgeting process.

The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The General Fund had budgeted revenues of \$31,608,135 with actual results being \$31,729,938. Budgeted expenditures were \$33,980,653 compared to actual expenditures of \$32,421,727.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of the 2020 fiscal year, the district had invested \$80,235,051 in a broad range of capital assets, including equipment, buses, buildings, and land. This District had a net decrease in Capital Assets of \$831,496. Depreciation expense for the year was \$2,225,005 and capital additions were \$1,393,509.

	Governmental		Business - Type		Total Primary Government	
	Activities (Net of Depreciation)		Activities (Net of Depreciation)		(Net of Depreciation)	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Land	\$ 409,580	\$ 409,580	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 409,580	\$ 409,580
Construction in Progress	-	-	-	-	-	-
Buildings and Improvements	38,516,883	37,915,813	-	-	38,516,883	37,915,813
Technology	86,337	22,056	-	-	86,337	22,056
Vehicles	2,827,582	2,715,993	-	-	2,827,582	2,715,993
General Equipment	<u>307,850</u>	<u>298,042</u>	<u>269,134</u>	<u>224,386</u>	<u>576,984</u>	<u>522,428</u>
Total	<u>\$42,148,232</u>	<u>\$41,361,484</u>	<u>\$ 269,134</u>	<u>\$ 224,386</u>	<u>\$42,417,366</u>	<u>\$ 41,585,870</u>

	Governmental		Business - Type		Total	
	Activities		Activities		Primary Government	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Beginning Balance	\$ 43,890,596	\$ 42,148,232	\$ 303,439	\$ 269,134	\$ 44,194,035	\$42,417,366
Additions	452,033	1,393,509	11,531	-	463,564	1,393,509
Retirements	(287,563)	-	-	-	(287,563)	-
Depreciation	<u>(1,906,834)</u>	<u>(2,180,257)</u>	<u>(45,836)</u>	<u>(44,748)</u>	<u>(1,952,670)</u>	<u>(2,225,005)</u>
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 42,148,232</u>	<u>\$ 41,361,484</u>	<u>\$ 269,134</u>	<u>\$ 224,386</u>	<u>\$ 42,417,366</u>	<u>\$ 41,585,870</u>

Long-Term Debt

The District made scheduled bond principal payments in the amount of \$1,615,000 and KISTA principal lease payments in the amount of \$286,940. In addition to the KISTA lease, the District was assessed \$355,503 by Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust (KSBIT) as of June 30, 2013. The balance on this assessment is \$42,245.

Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	Government	
	Activities (in Millions)	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Capital Lease Obligations	\$ 1.88	\$ 1.59
General Bond Obligations	21.32	20.44
Net Pension Liability	11.57	12.56
Net OPEB Liability	11.71	9.91
KSBIT Assessment	0.08	0.04
Accrued Sick Leave	<u>0.79</u>	<u>0.84</u>
Total Obligations	<u>\$ 47.35</u>	<u>\$ 45.38</u>

Future Budgetary Implications

In Kentucky, the public school's fiscal year is July 1 – June 30; other programs, i.e. some Federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for fiscal year 2020-2021 with a 4.0% contingency.

The state did not mandate pay increases and none were given for the 2020-2021 school year. The SEEK base received from the State remained at \$4,000. With a declining pupil adjusted average daily attendance (AADA), the total SEEK funding is projected to decrease. Since state funding is not keeping pace with rising costs it will continue to be an issue. Increasing retirement costs borne by the District is one of the significant issues that will impact future budgets.

The District has not experienced any real growth in student population for more than a decade, although costs of providing services continue to increase. Thus, management will continue to be challenged with balancing our staffing needs with declining enrollment and providing the resources to meet the students' needs.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and other interested readers with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the District's Superintendent or Finance Director at (606) 365-2124 or by mail at Lincoln County Board of Education, 305 Danville Avenue, Stanford, KY 40484.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2020

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS:			
Cash & Cash Equivalents - Note C	5,892,911	112,109	6,005,020
Accounts Receivable:			
Taxes - Current	421,647		421,647
Taxes - Delinquent	26,174		26,174
Accounts	3,297	112,350	115,647
Intergovernmental - State	20,343		20,343
Intergovernmental - Federal	888,975		888,975
Inventories for Consumption		79,846	79,846
Total Current Assets	7,253,347	304,305	7,557,652
Noncurrent Assets - Note F			
Land	409,580		409,580
Buildings & Improvements	64,271,393		64,271,393
Furniture & Equipment	14,123,577	1,430,501	15,554,078
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(37,443,066)	(1,206,115)	(38,649,181)
Total Noncurrent Assets	41,361,484	224,386	41,585,870
TOTAL ASSETS	48,614,831	528,691	49,143,522
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	2,947,456	251,082	3,198,538
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	1,712,357	209,335	1,921,692
Deferred Outflows from Advanced Bond Refundings	262,229		262,229
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	4,922,042	460,417	5,382,459
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	53,536,873	989,108	54,525,981
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	135,648	21,298	156,946
Accrued Salaries & Sick Leave - Note A	557,047		557,047
Advances from Grantors	645,879		645,879
KSBIT Assessment - Note R	42,245		42,245
Bond Obligations - Note D	1,540,000		1,540,000
Capital Lease Obligation - Note E	293,377		293,377
Accrued Interest Payable	152,139		152,139
Total Current Liabilities	3,366,335	21,298	3,387,633
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bond Obligations - Note D	18,921,780		18,921,780
Capital Lease Obligation - Note E	1,299,705		1,299,705
Net Pension Liability	12,563,431	2,217,075	14,780,506
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	9,916,916	499,922	10,416,838
Accrued Sick Leave - Note A	343,770		343,770
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	43,045,602	2,716,997	45,762,599
TOTAL LIABILITIES	46,411,937	2,738,295	49,150,232
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	1,189,606	142,605	1,332,211
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	2,550,774	243,954	2,794,728
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	3,740,380	386,559	4,126,939
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	50,152,317	3,124,854	53,277,171
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,306,622	224,386	19,531,008
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	173,492		173,492
SFCC Escrow	2,057,453		2,057,453
School Activities	100,271		100,271
Food Service		(2,360,132)	(2,360,132)
Other	5,098		5,098
Unrestricted	(18,258,380)		(18,258,380)
TOTAL NET POSITION	3,384,556	(2,135,746)	1,248,810
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	53,536,873	989,108	54,525,981

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FUNCTION/PROGRAMS	PROGRAM REVENUES				NET(EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION		
	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
Instructional	26,678,841	67,610	6,416,846		(20,194,385)		(20,194,385)
Support Services:							
Student Support Services	1,077,213		20,313		(1,056,900)		(1,056,900)
Staff Support Services	1,306,813		377,975		(928,838)		(928,838)
District Administration	929,034				(929,034)		(929,034)
School Administration	2,390,328				(2,390,328)		(2,390,328)
Business Support Services	1,116,212				(1,116,212)		(1,116,212)
Plant Operation & Maintenance	4,259,651		576		(4,259,075)		(4,259,075)
Student Transportation	2,677,713		50,766		(2,626,947)		(2,626,947)
Community Service Operations	462,991		461,132		(1,859)		(1,859)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	677,205			68,578	(608,627)		(608,627)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	41,576,001	67,610	7,327,608	68,578	(34,112,205)		(34,112,205)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:							
Community Education	550					(550)	(550)
Food Service	3,026,061	65,585	2,685,968			(274,508)	(274,508)
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	3,026,611	65,585	2,685,968	0	0	(275,058)	(275,058)
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	44,602,612	133,195	10,013,576	68,578	(34,112,205)	(275,058)	(34,387,263)
GENERAL REVENUES:							
Taxes:							
Property					5,664,279		5,664,279
Motor Vehicle					846,671		846,671
Utility					1,101,059		1,101,059
Other					99,267		99,267
State Aid - Formula Grants					25,629,832		25,629,832
Investment Earnings					48,069	1,688	49,757
Miscellaneous					207,541		207,541
Funds Transfer (Expense)					119,033	(119,033)	0
Loss Compensation					23,354		23,354
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES & TRANSFERS					33,739,105	(117,345)	33,621,760
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					(373,100)	(392,403)	(765,503)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING					3,757,656	(1,743,343)	2,014,313
NET POSITION - ENDING					3,384,556	(2,135,746)	1,248,810

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2020

	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	BUILDING FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS:						
Cash & Cash Equivalents	3,556,597		1,161,771	895,682	278,861	5,892,911
Accounts Receivable:						
Taxes - Current	421,647					421,647
Taxes - Delinquent	26,174					26,174
Accounts	3,297					3,297
Interfund Receivable	209,081					209,081
Intergovernmental - State		20,343				20,343
Intergovernmental - Federal		888,975				888,975
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>4,216,796</u>	<u>909,318</u>	<u>1,161,771</u>	<u>895,682</u>	<u>278,861</u>	<u>7,462,428</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	81,290	54,358				135,648
Accrued Salaries & Sick Leave	557,047					557,047
Interfund Payable		209,081				209,081
Advances from Grantors		645,879				645,879
Total Liabilities	<u>638,337</u>	<u>909,318</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,547,655</u>
Fund Balance:						
Restricted for:						
Capital Projects					173,492	173,492
School Activities					100,271	100,271
SFCC Escrow			1,161,771	895,682		2,057,453
Debt Service					5,098	5,098
Committed for:						
Accrued Sick Leave	343,770					343,770
Site-Based Carry Forward	99,695					99,695
Assigned for:						
Purchase Obligations	170,998					170,998
Unassigned Fund Balance	2,963,996					2,963,996
Total Fund Balance	<u>3,578,459</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,161,771</u>	<u>895,682</u>	<u>278,861</u>	<u>5,914,773</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>4,216,796</u>	<u>909,318</u>	<u>1,161,771</u>	<u>895,682</u>	<u>278,861</u>	<u>7,462,428</u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE		5,914,773
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets	78,804,550	
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(37,443,066)</u>	41,361,484
Deferred Outflows on Bond Refundings are not current assets and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
		262,229
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions are not current assets and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
		2,947,456
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not current assets and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
		1,712,357
Long-term liabilities (including bonds payable) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds Payable	(20,445,000)	
Unamortized Bond Premiums	(31,025)	
Unamortized Bond Discount	14,245	
Capital Lease Obligation	(1,593,082)	
Accrued Interest on Bonds	(152,139)	
KSBIT Assessment	(42,245)	
Net Pension Liability	(12,563,431)	
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	(9,916,916)	
Accrued Sick Leave	<u>(343,770)</u>	(45,073,363)
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not current liabilities and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.		
		(2,550,774)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions are not current liabilities and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.		
		<u>(1,189,606)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		<u><u>3,384,556</u></u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	BUILDING FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Property	5,045,899			618,380		5,664,279
Motor Vehicle	846,671					846,671
Utility	1,101,059					1,101,059
Other	99,267					99,267
Earnings on Investments	39,098	2,443			6,528	48,069
Intergovernmental - State	24,191,834	1,000,915	320,268	717,138	469,170	26,699,325
Intergovernmental - Federal	142,061	6,184,632				6,326,693
Other Sources	56,043	150,960			68,148	275,151
TOTAL REVENUES	31,521,932	7,338,950	320,268	1,335,518	543,846	41,060,514
EXPENDITURES:						
Instructional	19,525,756	6,431,598			51,701	26,009,055
Support Services:						
Student Support Services	1,028,693	20,360				1,049,053
Staff Support Services	895,300	378,844				1,274,144
District Administration	916,498					916,498
School Administration	2,310,931					2,310,931
Business Support Services	1,124,202					1,124,202
Plant Operation & Maintenance	3,481,647	577				3,482,224
Student Transportation	2,459,332	50,883				2,510,215
Community Service Operations	289	462,192				462,481
Facility Acquisition & Construction					868,369	868,369
Debt Service:						
Principal					1,901,940	1,901,940
Interest					625,501	625,501
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	31,742,648	7,344,454	0	0	3,447,511	42,534,613
EXCESS(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(220,716)	(5,504)	320,268	1,335,518	(2,903,665)	(1,474,099)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES):						
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds					740,000	740,000
Discount on Issuance of Bonds					(14,800)	(14,800)
Loss Compensation	23,354					23,354
Operating Transfers In - Note N	184,652	71,123			2,263,742	2,519,517
Operating Transfers Out - Note N	(679,079)	(65,619)	(320,268)	(1,335,518)		(2,400,484)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(471,073)	5,504	(320,268)	(1,335,518)	2,988,942	867,587
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(691,789)	0	0	0	85,277	(606,512)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	4,270,248	0	1,161,771	895,682	193,584	6,521,285
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	3,578,459	0	1,161,771	895,682	278,861	5,914,773

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

NET CHANGES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		(606,512)
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures because they use current financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital exceeds depreciation expense for the year.</p>		
Depreciation Expense	(2,180,257)	
Capital Outlays	<u>1,393,509</u>	(786,748)
<p>Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.</p>		
Bond Principal Paid	1,615,000	
Proceeds from Bond Issuance	(725,200)	
Capital Lease Principal Paid	<u>286,940</u>	1,176,740
<p>Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.</p>		
Amortization-Deferred Outflows on Advanced Bond Refundings	(63,376)	
Amortization - Bond Premiums	3,027	
Amortization - Bond Discounts	(555)	
District Pension Contributions	1,016,550	
Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions	(2,042,367)	
District Other Post Employment Benefits Contributions	735,440	
Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions - OPEB	124,298	
Accrued Interest Payable	9,200	
KSBIT Assessment	42,244	
Accrued Sick Leave	<u>18,959</u>	(156,580)
CHANGES - NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		<u><u>(373,100)</u></u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>ENTERPRISE FUNDS</u>		<u>TOTAL</u>
	<u>FOOD SERVICE</u>	<u>COMMUNITY EDUCATION FUND</u>	
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	112,109		112,109
Accounts Receivable	112,350		112,350
Inventories for Consumption	79,846		79,846
Total Current Assets	<u>304,305</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>304,305</u>
Noncurrent Assets:			
Furniture & Equipment	1,430,501		1,430,501
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,206,115)		(1,206,115)
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>224,386</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>224,386</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>528,691</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>528,691</u>
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	209,335		209,335
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	251,082		251,082
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	<u>989,108</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>989,108</u>
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Account Payable	21,298		21,298
Total Current Liabilities	<u>21,298</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>21,298</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	499,922		499,922
Net Pension Liability	2,217,075		2,217,075
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>2,716,997</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,716,997</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>2,738,295</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,738,295</u>
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	243,954		243,954
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	142,605		142,605
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	<u>3,124,854</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3,124,854</u>
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	224,386		224,386
Restricted	(2,360,132)		(2,360,132)
Total Net Position	<u>(2,135,746)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(2,135,746)</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	<u>989,108</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>989,108</u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>ENTERPRISE FUNDS</u>		
	<u>FOOD SERVICE</u>	<u>COMMUNITY EDUCATION FUND</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Lunchroom Sales	65,103		65,103
Other Operating Revenues	482		482
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	<u>65,585</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>65,585</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Salaries & Benefits	1,247,414		1,247,414
Contract Services	37,446		37,446
Materials & Supplies	1,672,750	550	1,673,300
Depreciation - Note F	44,748		44,748
Other Operating Expenses	23,703		23,703
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	<u>3,026,061</u>	<u>550</u>	<u>3,026,611</u>
OPERATING INCOME(LOSS)	(2,960,476)	(550)	(2,961,026)
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES):			
Transfer Out to General Fund	(119,033)		(119,033)
Federal Grants	2,285,791		2,285,791
State Grants	175,597		175,597
Donated Commodities	224,580		224,580
Interest Income	1,687	1	1,688
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUE	<u>2,568,622</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2,568,623</u>
INCOME(LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	(391,854)	(549)	(392,403)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(391,854)	(549)	(392,403)
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>(1,743,892)</u>	<u>549</u>	<u>(1,743,343)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	<u>(2,135,746)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(2,135,746)</u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	FOOD SERVICE FUND	COMMUNITY EDUCATION FUND	TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash Received from:			
Lunchroom Sales	65,103		65,103
Other Activities	482		482
Cash Paid to/for:			
Employees	(920,599)		(920,599)
Supplies	(1,487,146)		(1,487,146)
Other Activities	(61,149)	(550)	(61,699)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(2,403,309)	(550)	(2,403,859)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Transfer out to General Fund	(119,033)		(119,033)
Federal Grants	2,216,642		2,216,642
State Grants	27,756		27,756
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities	2,125,365	-	2,125,365
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
	0		0
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Receipt of Interest Income	1,687	1	1,688
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,687	1	1,688
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(276,257)	(549)	(276,806)
Balances, Beginning of Year	388,366	549	388,915
Balances, End of Year	112,109	-	112,109
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating Income (Loss)	(2,960,476)	(550)	(2,961,026)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities			
Depreciation	44,748		44,748
State On-Behalf Payments	147,841		147,841
Donated Commodities	224,580		224,580
Change in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:			
Deferred Outflows	(16,882)		(16,882)
Deferred Inflows	86,056		86,056
Net Pension Liability	175,018		175,018
Net Other Post Employment Benefits	(65,218)		(65,218)
Inventory	(47,686)		(47,686)
Accounts Payable	8,710		8,710
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(2,403,309)	(550)	(2,403,859)
Schedule of Non-Cash Transactions:			
Donated Commodities	224,580	-	224,580
State On-Behalf Payments	147,841	-	147,841

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>AGENCY FUND</u>
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	373,448
Accounts Receivable	2,789
TOTAL ASSETS	376,237
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts Payable	8,005
Due to Student Groups	368,232
TOTAL LIABILITIES	376,237
NET POSITION IN TRUST	0

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Lincoln County Board of Education (“Board”), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Lincoln County Board of Education (“District”). The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental “reporting entity” as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Lincoln County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organizations are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Lincoln County Board of Education Finance Corporation – In a prior year, the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the “Corporation”) as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation’s Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

- A. The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Board. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- B. The Special Revenue (Grant) Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and related notes. This is a major fund of the District.
- C. Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).
 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a major fund of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.
- D. Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on generally obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Private Purpose Trust Funds)

- A. The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. The funds are accounted for in accordance with the Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds.
- B. The Private Purpose Trust funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organization, or other governments.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Proprietary Fund operating revenues are defined as revenues received from the direct purchases of products and services (i.e. food service). Non-operating revenues are not related to direct purchases of products; for the District, these revenues are typically investment income and state and federal grant revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue – Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2020, to finance the General Fund operations were \$0.602 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$0.602 per \$100 valuation for business personal property, and \$0.542 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial, and mixed gases.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payable resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as “interfund receivables/payables.” These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District’s past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the amount “accumulated sick leave payable” in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is reported as a reserve of fund balance.

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District’s budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

The food service fund uses the specific identification method.

Investments

The private purpose trust funds record investments at their quoted market prices. All realized gains and losses and changes in fair value are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end. Formal School Board action must be taken during an open meeting to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Superintendent.

Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The District committed the following fund balance type by taking the following action:

<u>Fund Balance Type</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Action</u>
General Fund	\$343,770	Long-Term Sick Leave Commitment

The District uses *restricted/committed* amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use *committed*, then *assigned*, and lastly *unassigned* amounts for unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

<u>Major Special Revenue Fund</u>	<u>Revenue Source</u>
Special Revenue	State, Local and Federal Grants

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Pensions

Teachers' Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

County Employees Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Since certain expense items are amortized over the closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred inflows. If amounts will increase pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Teachers' Retirement System – For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

County Employees Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS) and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Since certain expense items are amortized over the closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred inflows. If amounts will increase pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

NOTE B – ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general-purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE C – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial Credit is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's total cash and cash equivalents was \$6,378,468. Of the total cash balance, \$280,098 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, with the remainder covered by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name. Cash equivalents are funds temporarily invested in securities with maturity of 90 days or less.

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

	Bank Balance	Book Balance
Farmers Bank	7,176,816	6,348,370
U.S. Bank	5,098	5,098
J.P. Chase	<u>25,000</u>	<u>25,000</u>
Total Cash	<u>7,206,914</u>	<u>6,378,468</u>
Breakdown per financial statements:		
Governmental Funds		5,892,911
Proprietary Funds		<u>112,109</u>
Cash per Statement of Net Position		6,005,020
Agency Funds		<u>373,448</u>
Total Cash		<u>6,378,468</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE D – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bond obligations represents the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation in the original amount aggregating \$29,180,000.

The original amount of each issue and interest rates are summarized below:

2009	3,130,000	2.00% - 3.00%
2010 Refunding	4,215,000	2.00% - 3.30%
2012	2,145,000	1.15% - 3.20%
2012 Refunding	6,820,000	1.00% - 2.375%
2014 Refunding	5,385,000	2.75% - 3.625%
2015 Refunding	6,745,000	2.00% - 3.00%
2019	740,000	2.50% - 2.75%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make bond payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In 1995 the Board entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky Legislature for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table sets forth the amount to be paid by the Board and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bonds issued. The Kentucky School Construction Commission's participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth of Kentucky with the right reserved by the Kentucky School Construction Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the agreed participation every two years. The obligation of the Kentucky School Construction Commission to make the agreed payments automatically renews each two years for a period of two years unless the Kentucky School Construction Commission gives notice of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of its biennium.

On October 1, 2019 the District issued \$740,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds at interest rates ranging from 2.50% to 2.75%. The net proceeds of \$709,060 (after \$16,140 in cost of issuance and \$14,800 in bond discount) were deposited in the construction fund. The final principal payment matures September 1, 2039.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission at June 30, 2020, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Participation	District's Portion
2020-21	1,540,000	550,588	345,272	1,745,316
2021-22	1,595,000	508,480	345,273	1,758,207
2022-23	1,645,000	468,153	345,272	1,767,881
2023-24	1,685,000	429,816	345,274	1,769,542
2024-25	1,735,000	390,341	345,273	1,780,068
2025-26	1,765,000	348,366	319,639	1,793,727
2026-27	1,685,000	311,235	228,375	1,767,860
2027-28	1,745,000	262,835	228,374	1,779,461
2028-29	1,820,000	209,333	228,374	1,800,959
2029-30	1,880,000	149,473	228,375	1,801,098
2030-31	1,620,000	79,313	185,887	1,513,426
2031-32	1,360,000	52,950	34,501	1,378,449
2032-33	40,000	9,050	34,501	14,549
2033-34	45,000	7,987	34,501	18,486
2034-35	45,000	6,862	34,501	17,361
2035-36	45,000	5,738	34,501	16,237
2036-37	50,000	4,518	34,501	20,017
2037-38	50,000	3,206	34,501	18,705
2038-39	50,000	1,894	34,502	17,392
2039-40	<u>45,000</u>	<u>619</u>	<u>34,501</u>	<u>11,118</u>
	<u>20,445,000</u>	<u>3,800,757</u>	<u>3,455,898</u>	<u>20,789,859</u>

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Primary Government					
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Bond Payable	21,320,000	740,000	1,615,000	20,445,000	1,540,000
Add: Bond Premiums	34,052	0	3,026	31,026	3,026
Less: Bond Discount	<u>0</u>	<u>(14,800)</u>	<u>(554)</u>	<u>(14,246)</u>	<u>(740)</u>
Net Revenue Bond Payable	21,354,052	725,200	1,617,472	20,461,780	1,542,286
Capital Lease Obligations	1,880,022	0	286,940	1,593,082	293,377
KSBIT Assessment	84,489	0	42,244	42,245	42,245
Net Pension Liability	11,571,662	991,769	0	12,563,431	0
Net OPEB Liability	11,712,484	0	1,795,568	9,916,916	0
Accrued Sick Leave	<u>785,861</u>	<u>137,640</u>	<u>81,237</u>	<u>842,264</u>	<u>498,494</u>
Total Governmental Activities:	47,388,570	1,854,609	3,823,461	45,419,718	2,376,402

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Proprietary Activities:

Net OPEB Liability	565,140	0	65,218	499,922	0
Net Pension Liability	<u>2,042,057</u>	<u>175,018</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,217,075</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Long-Term Liabilities:	<u>49,995,767</u>	<u>2,029,627</u>	<u>3,888,679</u>	<u>48,136,715</u>	<u>2,376,402</u>

NOTE E - CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

The District is the lessee of buses under capital leases expiring in various years through 2027. The assets and liabilities under capital leases are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. The assets are amortized over their estimated productive lives. Amortization of assets under capital leases is included in depreciation expense for fiscal year 2020.

The following is a summary of property held under capital leases:

<u>Classes of Property</u>	<u>Book Value as of June 30, 2020</u>
Buses	2,927,765
Accumulated Amortization	<u>(1,534,446)</u>
	<u>1,393,319</u>

The following is a schedule by years of the future principal payments under capital leases as of June 30, 2020:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Capital Lease Payable</u>
2021	331,474
2022	323,714
2023	316,858
2024	273,951
2025	218,720
2026-2027	<u>261,849</u>
Net minimum lease payments	1,726,566
Amount representing interest	<u>(133,484)</u>
Present value of net minimum lease payments	<u>1,593,082</u>

Interest rates on capitalized leases vary from 1.00% to 3.900%. The capital leases provide for the buses to revert to the District at the end of the respective lease with no further payment for purchase.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	BEGINNING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	ENDING BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
Non-Depreciable Assets:				
Land	409,580			409,580
Construction	-			-
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings & Building Improvements	63,372,677	898,716		64,271,393
Technology Equipment	3,957,770			3,957,770
Vehicles	8,204,811	420,428		8,625,239
General Equipment	1,466,203	74,365		1,540,568
TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST	77,411,041	1,393,509	-	78,804,550
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:				
Buildings & Building Improvements	24,855,794	1,499,786		26,355,580
Technology Equipment	3,871,433	64,281		3,935,714
Vehicles	5,377,229	532,017		5,909,246
General Equipment	1,158,353	84,173		1,242,526
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	35,262,809	2,180,257	-	37,443,066
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET	42,148,232	(786,748)	-	41,361,484
PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES:				
Depreciable Assets:				
Technology Equipment	65,921			65,921
General Equipment	1,364,580			1,364,580
TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST	1,430,501	-	-	1,430,501
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:				
Technology Equipment	65,921			65,921
General Equipment	1,095,446	44,748		1,140,194
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	1,161,367	44,748	-	1,206,115
PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET	269,134	(44,748)	-	224,386
DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:				
Instructional				809,069
Staff Support Services				7,449
District Administration				5,744
Business Support Services				1,805
Plant Operation & Maintenance				829,983
Student Transportation				523,797
Central Office				1,900
Community Service Operations				510
TOTAL				2,180,257

NOTE G – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District’s employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position’s college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (“CERS”)

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute (“KRS”) Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from <http://kyret.ky.gov/>.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years’ service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008
	Unreduced retirement	27 years service or 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old OR age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service or 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old OR age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not Available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years’ service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years’ earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years’ service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent’s beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent’s monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent’s monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years’ service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Contributions—Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	<u>Required Contributions</u>
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% +1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% +1% for insurance

General information about the Teachers’ Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (“TRS”)

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers’ Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth’s financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.TRS.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years.

In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member’s five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 10.40% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 8.185% of their salary to TRS.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, six percent (6%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three percent (3%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from Commonwealth appropriation and two and one quarter percent (2.25%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 14,780,506
Commonwealth's proportional share of the TRS net pension liability associated with the District	<u>59,824,759</u>
	<u>\$ 74,605,265</u>

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.210158% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,223,392 related to CERS and \$4,502,141 related to TRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$4,502,141 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 377,391	\$ 62,451
Changes of assumptions	1,495,955	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	283,728	521,996
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	24,914	747,764
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>1,016,550</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,198,538</u>	<u>\$ 1,332,211</u>

\$1,016,550 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30:</u>	
2021	678,903
2022	86,327
2023	67,642
2024	16,905
2025	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	25.4 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.5-7.3%, includes inflation
Cost of living adjustments	1.50% annually
Inflation rate	3.0-3.5%

County Employees' Retirement System (CERS)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Experience Study	July 1, 2008-June 30, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	26 years
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets if recognized
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0%
Investment rate of return	6.25%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.3 to 11.5% average, includes inflation
Inflation rate	2.30%

For CERS, the mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013.

For TRS, Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with a setback of 1 year for females. The last experience study was performed in 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for the system. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are

considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
U.S. Equity	40.00%	4.20%
International Equity	22.00%	5.20%
Fixed Income	15.00%	1.20%
Additional Categories	7.00%	3.20%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	7.00%	6.3%
Cash	2.0%	.9%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For CERS the target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS’s investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Growth	62.50%	
U.S. Equity	18.75%	4.30%
Non-U.S. Equity	18.75%	4.80%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.60%
Liquidity	14.50%	
Core Bonds	13.50%	1.35%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Diversifying Strategies	23.00%	
Real Estate	5.00%	4.85%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.97%
Real Return	15.0%	4.10%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate—For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees until the 2040 plan year. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments through 2039 and a municipal bond index rate of 3.01% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments after 2039. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) that discounts the entire projected benefit stream to the same amount as the sum of the present values of the two separate benefit payments streams was used to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District’s net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	18,486,220	14,780,506	11,691,829
TRS	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	0	0	0

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS.

NOTE H – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Teachers’ Retirement System of Kentucky

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers’ Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth’s financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information>.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member’s supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2020, the Lincoln County District reported a liability of \$6,883,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District’s proportion was .2352 percent, compared to .2395 percent at June 30, 2018.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 6,883,000
State’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	<u>5,559,000</u>
Total	<u>\$12,442,000</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$103,106 and revenue of \$336,161 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 921,643
Changes of assumptions	16,043	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	101,237	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		246,730
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>408,849</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>526,129</u>	<u>1,168,373</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$408,849 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2021	\$ (201,367)
2022	(201,367)
2023	(193,069)
2024	(194,729)
2025	(160,430)
Thereafter	(100,131)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.50 – 7.20%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	7.5% for FY 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2024
Ages 65 and Older	5.5% for FY 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2021
Medicare Part B Premiums	2.63% for FY 2019 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2031
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.50%
Discount Rate	8.00%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	58.0%	5.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.2%
Real Estate	6.5%	3.8%
Private Equity	8.5%	6.3%
Additional Categories	17.0%	3.2%
Cash	1.0%	0.9%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
TRS	7.00%	8.00%	9.00%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	8,154,000	6,883,000	5,819,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Trend Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	5,603,000	6,883,000	8,457,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member’s estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

At June 30, 2020, the Kentucky School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-0-
State’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	<u>129,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 129,000</u>

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.5-7.45%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.5%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.50%
Discount Rate	7.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS’s investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class*</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.2%
International Equity	23.0%	5.2%
Fixed Income	18.0%	1.2%
Real Estate	6.0%	3.8%
Private Equity	5.0%	6.3%
Additional Categories	6.0%	3.2%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

**As the LIF investment policy is to change, the above reflects the pension allocation and returns that achieve the target 7.5% long-term rate of return.*

***Modeled as 50% High Yield and 50% Bank Loans.*

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

County Employees’ Retirement System of Kentucky

Plan description – Classified (non-certified) employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public agencies in the state. CERS was established July 1, 1958 by the state legislature. CERS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth’s financial statements. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <https://kyret.ky.gov/About/Board-of-Trustees/Pages/CAFR-and-SAFR.aspx>.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the CERS Medical Insurance. The following information is about the CERS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description –The Kentucky Retirement Systems’ Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from KERS, CERS, and SPRS, the state retirement options. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance. It is noted that while this insurance fund covers employees eligible through KERS, CERS, and SPRS, only the portion related to CERS is applicable to Lincoln County School District since the District does not have or qualify to have employees participate in KERS or SPRS.

Benefits provided – Medical Insurance coverage is provided based on the member’s initial participation date and length of service. Members received either a percentage or dollar amount for insurance coverage. The amount of contribution paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

<u>Years of Service</u>	<u>Paid By Insurance Fund (%)</u>
20+	100%
15-19	75%
10-14	50%
4-9	25%
Less than 4	0%

Medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participating on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a vesting period of 10 years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003 earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually, which is currently 1.5%, based upon Kentucky Revised Statutes. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. Only benefit descriptions applicable to CERS Non-Hazardous have been included with this information since only that portion is applicable to the District.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, four and seventy-six one hundredths percent (4.76%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed for the year ended June 30, 2020 for CERS Non-Hazardous, which is the portion of the plan applicable to the District, and this portion is paid 100% paid by employer contributions. One percent (1.00%) is contributed by employees hired on or after September 1, 2008.

At June 30, 2020, the Lincoln County District reported a liability of \$3,533,838 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District’s proportion was .210103 percent, compared to .223524 percent at June 30, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,533,838
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	<u>-0-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,533,838</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$237,041. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 1,066,241
Changes of assumptions	1,045,695	6,993
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	23,277	180,234
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	372,887
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>326,591</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u><u>1,395,563</u></u>	<u><u>1,626,355</u></u>

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$326,591 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2021	\$ (104,513)
2022	(104,513)
2023	(54,610)
2024	(150,026)
2025	(120,700)
Thereafter	(23,021)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Experience Study	July 1, 2008-June 30 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay
Remaining Amortization Period	26 Years, Closed
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Investment rate of return	6.25%
Projected salary increases	3.05% to 11.55%, varies by service
Inflation rate	2.30%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	Initial trend starting at 7.0% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 12 years
Ages 65 and Older	Initial trend starting at 5.0% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 10 years

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale BB to 2013 (Set-back for one year for females) For Disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disability Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013(set back four years for males) is used for period after disability retirement.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS’s investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Growth	62.50%	
U.S. Equity	18.75%	4.30%
Non-U.S. Equity	18.75%	4.80%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.60%
Liquidity	14.50%	
Core Bonds	13.50%	1.35%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Diversifying Strategies	23.00%	
Real Estate	5.00%	4.85%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.97%
Real Return	15.0%	4.10%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.68%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District’s proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.68%, as well as what the District’s proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.68%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.68%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	4.68%	5.68%	6.68%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	4,733,889	3,533,838	2,545,076

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District’s proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Trend Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
Systems' net pension liability	2,628,133	3,533,838	4,632,112

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE I – CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor’s review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected, to be significant. Continuation of the District’s grant programs is predicated upon the grantors’ satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors’ intent to continue their programs.

NOTE J – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively related including Workers’ Compensation insurance.

NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees. To obtain insurance of workers’ compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District obtains quotes from commercial insurance companies. Currently, the District maintains insurance coverage through Ohio Casualty Insurance Company.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE L – DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES

The Food Service Fund had a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$2,135,746 at June 30, 2020. Additionally, the following funds have operations that resulted in a current year deficit of expenditures over revenues resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

General	220,717
Special Revenue	5,504
Construction	865,900
Debt Service	2,054,212

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE M – COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the School District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE N – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
Matching	General	Special Revenue	Technology Match	71,123
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Debt Service	57,672
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Indirect Cost	7,947
Operating	General	Debt Service	Debt Service	607,956
Operating	Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	1,127,823
Operating	Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Debt Service	320,268
Operating	Building	Construction	Construction	<u>207,695</u>
		Subtotal Governmental Funds Transfer		2,400,484
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	<u>119,033</u>
		Total Transferred Funds		2,519,517

NOTE O – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Special Revenue	\$209,081

The interfund payables/receivables represent temporary financing that will be repaid within one year.

NOTE P – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed subsequent events through October 31, 2020. There are no material subsequent events to disclose.

NOTE Q – ON-BEHALF PAYMENT

For the year ended June 30, 2020, \$9,173,007 in on-behalf payments were made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky for the benefit of the District. Payments for life insurance, health insurance, Kentucky teacher retirement matching pension contributions, administrative fees, technology and debt service were paid by the State for the District. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts. These payments were as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 Schedule A)	\$4,502,142
Teachers Retirement System (GASB 75)	336,161
Health Insurance	4,088,659
Life Insurance	6,767
Administrative Fee	55,803
HRA/Dental/Vision	225,933
Federal Reimbursement	(613,655)
Technology	102,027
SFCC Debt Service Payments	<u>469,170</u>
Total	<u>\$9,173,007</u>

NOTE R – KSBIT ASSESSMENT

As of June 30, 2013, Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust (KSBIT) was disbanded. On January 14, 2013, school districts in Kentucky were notified that if they had been participating members in KSBIT Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Pool or its Property and Liability Self-Insurance Pool, they would be required to pay an assessment to repay their portion of the losses incurred by KSBIT. The total assessment for all participants is expected to be between \$50 million and \$60 million. As of June 30, 2020, Lincoln County School District's remaining assessment is valued at \$42,245. This has been recorded as a long-term liability on the government-wide financial statements. However, the District may be given an additional assessment in the future if KSBIT incurs additional losses as a result of ongoing litigation. The District has elected to pay this assessment according to the following schedule:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>KSBIT Assessment Payable</u>
2021	42,245

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY
INFORMATION

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	6,526,390	6,526,390	7,092,896	566,506
Other Local Sources	33,000	33,000	95,141	62,141
State Sources	24,771,245	24,771,245	24,191,834	(579,411)
Federal Sources	120,000	120,000	142,061	22,061
Other Sources	157,500	157,500	208,006	50,506
TOTAL REVENUES	31,608,135	31,608,135	31,729,938	121,803
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional	19,953,283	19,953,283	19,525,756	427,527
Student Support Services	1,282,099	1,282,099	1,028,693	253,406
Staff Support Services	970,994	970,994	895,300	75,694
District Administration	1,066,012	1,066,012	916,498	149,514
School Administration	2,322,549	2,322,549	2,310,931	11,618
Business Support Services	1,079,661	1,079,661	1,124,202	(44,541)
Plant Operation & Maintenance	3,744,546	3,744,546	3,481,647	262,899
Student Transportation	2,967,544	2,967,544	2,459,332	508,212
Community Service Operations	0	0	289	(289)
Other	593,965	593,965	679,079	(85,114)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	33,980,653	33,980,653	32,421,727	1,558,926
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,372,518)	(2,372,518)	(691,789)	1,680,729
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	3,907,519	3,907,519	4,270,248	362,729
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	1,535,001	1,535,001	3,578,459	2,043,458

On-behalf payments totaling \$9,173,007 are not budgeted by the Lincoln County School District.

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Other Local Sources			2,443	2,443
State Sources	998,768	998,768	1,000,915	2,147
Federal Sources	7,975,736	7,975,736	6,184,632	(1,791,104)
Other Sources	71,123	71,123	222,083	150,960
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>9,045,627</u>	<u>9,045,627</u>	<u>7,410,073</u>	<u>(1,635,554)</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional	7,048,305	7,048,305	6,431,598	616,707
Student Support Services	17,433	17,433	20,360	(2,927)
Staff Support Services	431,756	431,756	378,844	52,912
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Support Services				
Plant Operation & Maintenance	32,000	32,000	577	31,423
Student Transportation	57,715	57,715	50,883	6,832
Food Service				
Central Office				
Community Service Operations	443,348	443,348	462,192	(18,844)
Facility Acquisition & Construction				
Other	32,610	32,610	65,619	(33,009)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>8,063,167</u>	<u>8,063,167</u>	<u>7,410,073</u>	<u>653,094</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	982,460	982,460	0	(982,460)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u><u>982,460</u></u>	<u><u>982,460</u></u>	<u><u>0</u></u>	<u><u>(982,460)</u></u>

See accompanying auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
 OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
 TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	<u>107,599,741</u>	<u>114,033,554</u>	<u>145,053,801</u>	<u>128,026,106</u>	<u>60,368,474</u>	<u>59,824,759</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>107,599,741</u></u>	<u><u>114,033,554</u></u>	<u><u>145,053,801</u></u>	<u><u>128,026,106</u></u>	<u><u>60,368,474</u></u>	<u><u>59,824,759</u></u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,242,417	\$ 17,267,002	\$ 16,798,382	\$ 16,550,655	\$ 16,008,627	\$ 16,249,012
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	45.59%	44.70%	57.04%	39.80%	59.30%	58.80%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
 OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
 COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.227394%	0.234952%	0.232259%	0.236088%	0.223531%	0.210158%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,377,999	10,101,825	11,435,526	13,818,956	13,613,719	14,780,506
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
TOTAL	<u><u>\$ 7,377,999</u></u>	<u><u>10,101,825</u></u>	<u><u>11,435,526</u></u>	<u><u>13,818,956</u></u>	<u><u>13,613,719</u></u>	<u><u>14,780,506</u></u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,088,163	5,561,734	5,788,896	5,549,483	5,319,668	5,267,100
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	121.19%	181.63%	197.54%	249.01%	255.91%	280.62%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.80%	63.46%	55.50%	53.30%	53.54%	50.45%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE
 TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 16,242,417	\$ 17,267,002	\$ 16,798,382	\$ 16,550,655	\$ 16,008,627	\$ 16,249,012
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE
 COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 698,977	\$ 690,767	\$ 807,551	\$ 803,565	\$ 862,851	\$ 1,016,550
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u>698,977</u>	<u>690,767</u>	<u>807,551</u>	<u>803,565</u>	<u>862,851</u>	<u>1,016,550</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 5,482,170	\$ 5,561,734	\$ 5,788,896	\$ 5,549,483	\$ 5,319,668	\$ 5,267,100
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	12.75%	12.42%	13.95%	14.48%	16.22%	19.30%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
 OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE
 COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.236088%	0.223524%	0.210103%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	4,746,176	3,968,624	3,533,838
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district	-	-	-
TOTAL	<u><u>4,746,176</u></u>	<u><u>3,968,624</u></u>	<u><u>3,533,838</u></u>
District's covered-employee payroll	5,549,483	5,319,668	5,267,100
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	85.52%	74.60%	67.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.40%	57.62%	60.40%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
 OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN
 TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.2521%	0.2395%	0.2352%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	8,991,000	8,309,000	6,883,000
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district	<u>7,344,000</u>	<u>7,160,000</u>	<u>5,559,000</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>16,335,000</u></u>	<u><u>15,469,000</u></u>	<u><u>12,442,000</u></u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,550,655	\$ 16,008,627	\$ 16,249,012
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	54.32%	51.90%	42.36%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	21.18%	25.50%	32.60%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
 OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN
 TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-	-	-
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district	<u>98,000</u>	<u>123,000</u>	<u>129,000</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>98,000</u></u>	<u><u>123,000</u></u>	<u><u>129,000</u></u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,550,655	\$ 16,008,627	\$ 16,249,012
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	79.99%	75.00%	73.40%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MEDICAL INSUARANCE PLAN
 COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 260,826	\$ 279,815	\$ 250,714
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u>260,826</u>	<u>279,815</u>	<u>250,714</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 5,549,483	\$ 5,319,668	\$ 5,267,100
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	4.70%	5.26%	4.76%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.

LINCON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN
 TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 496,520	\$ 480,259	\$ 487,470
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u>496,520</u>	<u>480,259</u>	<u>487,470</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 16,550,655	\$ 16,008,627	\$ 16,249,012
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE LIFE INSURANCE PLAN
 TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2019</u>
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 16,550,655	\$ 16,008,627	\$ 16,249,012
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and rates of salary increases were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, set forward two years for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with projection scales AA, which was used prior to 2016.

In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with projection scale AA, set back one year for females rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables which was used prior to 2016. For the 2011 valuation through the 2013 valuation, an interest smoothing methodology was used to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

In the 2019 valuation the salary increase was reduced to 3.5-7.3% from 4.0-8.2%

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age
Amortization Period	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	25.4 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	3.0-3.5 percent
Salary Increase	3.5 to 7.3 percent, including inflation
Ultimate Investment rate of return	7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment Expense, including inflation

NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for TRS pension.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

2015

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%

The assumed inflation rate was reduced from 3.5% to 3.255%

The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to .75%

Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females)

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

2016

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2016.

2017

The following changes were made by the KRS Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

The assumed rate of inflation was reduced to 2.30% from 3.25%

The assumed salary increases were reduced to 3.05%, average, from 4.00%, average including inflation

The assumed investment rate of return was reduced to 6.25% from 7.50%

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

The following changes were made by the KRS Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
 OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

The projected salary increase was changed to 3.3-11.5% from 3.05%

The asset valuation method was changed to 20% of the difference between the market value assets and the expected actuarial value of assets if recognized from 5-year smoothed market.

The payroll growth rate was changed to 2.0% from 4.0%.

The investment rate of return was change to 6.25% from 7.5%

The inflation rate was changed to 2.3% from 3.25%

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of contribution are determined on a biennial basis beginning with the fiscal years ended 2016 and 2017, determined as of July 1, 2016. The amortization period of the unfunded liability has been reset as of July 1, 2013 to a closed 30-year period. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the rates reported in that schedule:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Experience Study	July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	26 years, Closed
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	3.25 percent
Salary Increase	3.3-11.5 percent average, includes inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for CERS pension.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
 OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

2017

There were no changes in assumptions.

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

There were no changes in assumptions.

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions – The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Valuation date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization period	23 years, Closed
Asset valuation method	Five-year smoothed value
Inflation	3.00%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.5% - 7.20%
Discount rate	8.00%
Health care cost trends	
Under 65	7.5% for FY 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2024
Ages 65 and older	5.5% for FY 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2021
Medicare Part B premiums	2.63% for FY 2019 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2031
Under age 65 claims	the current premium charged by KEHP is used as the base cost and is projected forward using only the health care trend assumption (no implicit rate subsidy is recognized).

NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

Changes of benefit terms – With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the state will only finance, via its KEHP “Shared Responsibility” contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

2017

The assumed investment return was changed from 7.5% to 6.2%

The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30% which resulted in a .95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service

The payroll growth assumption (*applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.0% to 2.0%

For the non-hazardous plan, the single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%. For the hazardous plan the single discount rate changed from 7.37% to 5.96%

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

The investment rate of return was changed to 6.25% from 7.0%

The projected salary increases changed to 3.05-11.55% from 4.0%

The inflation rate changed to 2.3% from 3.25%

The payroll growth rate changed to 2.0% from 4.0%

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
 OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions – The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Experience Study	July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	26 years, Closed
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	2.3 percent
Salary Increase	2.0 percent, average
Investment Rate of Return	6.25 %
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	Initial trend starting at 7.0% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 12 years
Ages 65 and Older	Initial trend starting at 5.0% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 10 years

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for CERS OPEB.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY
INFORMATION

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 JUNE 30, 2020

	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	CONSTRUCTION FUND	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS
ASSETS:				
Cash & Cash Equivalents	100,271	173,492	5,098	278,861
TOTAL ASSETS	100,271	173,492	5,098	278,861
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable				0
Total Liabilities	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances:				
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects		173,492		173,492
School Activities	100,271			100,271
Debt Service			5,098	5,098
Total Fund Balances	100,271	173,492	5,098	278,861
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	100,271	173,492	5,098	278,861

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
 NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	CONSTRUCTION FUND	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS
REVENUES:				
Earnings on Investments		2,469	4,059	6,528
Intergovernmental - State			469,170	469,170
Other Sources	68,148			68,148
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>68,148</u>	<u>2,469</u>	<u>473,229</u>	<u>543,846</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional	51,701			51,701
Facility Acquisition & Construction		868,369		868,369
Debt Service:				
Principal			1,901,940	1,901,940
Interest			625,501	625,501
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>51,701</u>	<u>868,369</u>	<u>2,527,441</u>	<u>3,447,511</u>
EXCESS(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	16,447	(865,900)	(2,054,212)	(2,903,665)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES):				
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds		740,000		740,000
Discount on Issuance of Bonds		(14,800)		(14,800)
Operating Transfers In		207,695	2,056,047	2,263,742
Operating Transfers Out				0
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)	<u>0</u>	<u>932,895</u>	<u>2,056,047</u>	<u>2,988,942</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	<u>16,447</u>	<u>66,995</u>	<u>1,835</u>	<u>85,277</u>
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	<u>83,824</u>	<u>106,497</u>	<u>3,263</u>	<u>193,584</u>
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u><u>100,271</u></u>	<u><u>173,492</u></u>	<u><u>5,098</u></u>	<u><u>278,861</u></u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCES
 AGENCY FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	FUND BALANCE JULY 1, 2019	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2020
Lincoln County High School	179,097	385,817	403,067	161,847
Lincoln County Middle School	64,057	223,840	195,240	92,657
Crab Orchard Elementary	22,056	24,021	18,584	27,493
Highland Elementary	7,743	22,742	19,528	10,957
Hustonville Elementary	20,264	68,667	44,203	44,728
McKinney Elementary	16,916	-	16,916	-
Stanford Elementary	18,966	53,149	49,189	22,926
Waynesburg Elementary	11,675	24,239	28,290	7,624
Total Activity Funds (Due to Student Groups)	<u>340,774</u>	<u>802,475</u>	<u>775,017</u>	<u>368,232</u>

See independent accountant's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND FUND BALANCE
HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	CASH BALANCE JULY 1, 2019	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	CASH BALANCE JUNE 30, 2020	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2020	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE JUNE 30, 2020	FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2020
General Fund	688	1,102	577	1,213			1,213
LCHS Special Acct.	241	0	225	16			16
Flower Fund	592	0	218	374			374
District Attendance	1,262	100	12	1,350			1,350
General Student	5,365	10,150	12,297	3,218			3,218
General Staff	1,499	1,145	2,385	259			259
Chrome Books	4,618	27,667	32,215	70			70
Project Graduation	4,695	5,813	9,907	601			601
Prom Account	23,336	0	2,496	20,840			20,840
Yearbook	10,330	2,040	1,215	11,155			11,155
Picture Account	4,218	1,312	1,404	4,126			4,126
Art Department	453	1,063	66	1,450			1,450
Business Department	2,507	0	0	2,507			2,507
Computer Lab	219	0	219	0			0
Culinary	146	4,207	3,752	601			601
VO. AG. Special	392	0	0	392			392
Floral Design	457	301	414	344			344
Family & Cons. Science	844	0	844	0			0
Horticulture	10,388	21,386	11,601	20,173			20,173
Industrial Arts	120	0	120	0			0
Language Arts Department	301	35	336	0			0
Math Department	119	0	119	0			0
Physical Education Department	459	0	459	0			0
Science Dept.	92	14	106	0			0
Social Studies Dept.	57	0	57	0			0
Marketing	880	584	1,009	455			455
Athletics	11,856	70,596	68,165	14,287			14,287
A.D. Financial Aid	5,123	39,544	42,975	1,692			1,692
Baseball BC	5,277	7,373	12,538	112			112
Football BC	285	0	285	0			0
Boys Golf BC	443	500	575	368			368
Girls Golf BC	869	750	897	722			722
Softball BC	228	(228)	0	0			0
Boys and Girls Tennis BC	949	975	792	1,132			1,132
Cross Country BC	900	3,401	3,707	594			594
Girls Volleyball BC	2,103	7,583	9,067	619			619
District Softball	3,270	17,115	6,307	14,078			14,078
Cheerleaders	5,607	13,045	15,311	3,341			3,341
Death Valley Bowl	410	26,900	16,814	10,496		7,915	2,581
Bass Fishing BC	2,438	2,055	0	4,493			4,493
Trip-Cross Country	0	2,060	1,749	311	749		1,060
Regional Basketball	11,587	26,856	28,945	9,498			9,498
Training/F.A.	48	1,000	1,048	0			0
Archery BC	3,333	41,944	39,332	5,945			5,945
Football Playoffs	6,590	947	4,342	3,195			3,195
Bowling BC	2,512	3,728	5,895	345			345

Uniform FA	0	10,963	10,963	0			0
Baseball FA	414	2,750	1,273	1,891			1,891
Boys Basketball FA	629	5,460	4,149	1,940			1,940
Girls Basketball FA	77	9,705	9,683	99			99
Football FA	367	7,000	7,088	279			279
Boys Soccer FA	547	1,250	1,797	0			0
Girls Soccer FA	278	1,250	1,528	0			0
Softball FA	1,595	2,750	2,538	1,807			1,807
Boys Track & Field FA	68	1,000	1,068	0			0
Cross Country FA	1,286	1,000	237	2,049			2,049
Girls Volleyball FA	1,156	1,003	519	1,640			1,640
Cheerleaders FA	811	750	1,361	200			200
Swim B/C FA	365	475	588	252			252
Archery FA	0	500	404	96			96
Beta Club	1,666	1,535	1,890	1,311			1,311
Jr. Guard/JROTC	2,124	0	2,124	0			0
Spring Musical	3,409	1,517	4,926	0			0
F.B.L.A.	520	5,432	4,529	1,423			1,423
F.C.A.	953	0	953	0			0
F.F.A.	3,435	8,858	11,647	646	2,040		2,686
F.C.C.L.A.	1,370	4,004	3,710	1,664			1,664
Guidance Department	399	2,026	1,992	433			433
Library	4,093	856	1,872	3,077			3,077
National Honor Society	1,219	1,292	1,596	915			915
Pep Club	2,001	0	543	1,458			1,458
Student Y/KYA	149	0	0	149			149
Youth Service Center	21	0	21	0			0
Key Club	1,183	0	1,183	0			0
Drama Club	959	0	959	0			0
National Art Honor Society	190	0	0	190			190
Band	1,420	6,408	4,452	3,376	90		3,286
Chorus	882	1,854	2,657	79			79
Senior Class	1,078	1,047	2,124	1			1
Academic Team	449	0	0	449			449
Student Council	697	0	324	373			373
Foreign Language	246	0	200	46			46
Arts & Humanity	542	0	542	0			0
Auditorium/Rental	523	98	159	462			462
Textbooks	2,994	0	2,994	0			0
Educators Rising	672	1,387	1,751	308			308
Snow Queen	0	225	225	0			0
National Spanish Honor	19	229	248	0			0
District Activity Sweep	0	51,344	51,344	0			0
Startup Funds	0	3,150	3,150	0			0
National French Honor	185	386	493	78			78
Total All Funds	179,097	480,567	492,601	167,063	2,789	8,005	161,847
Interfund Transfers	0	(97,539)	(97,539)	0	0	0	0
Total	179,097	383,028	395,062	167,063	2,789	8,005	161,847

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE</u>	<u>CFDA NUMBER</u>	<u>PASS THROUGH NUMBER (if applicable)</u>	<u>MUNIS PROJECT NUMBER</u>	<u>EXPENDITURES</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u>				
Passed-Through Department of Education				
Title I - Parent Involvement	84.010	3100002	310EM	6,568
Title I - Parent Involvement	84.010	3100002	310FM	7,712
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002	310E	576,418
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002	310F	916,397
Title I - School Improvement	84.010	3100002	320DC	164,554
Title I - School Improvement	84.010	3100202	320FE	401,525
Title I Cluster				2,073,174
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy Program	84.371C	466E	466E	19,644
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002	401E	43,657
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002	401F	162,086
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Total				205,743
Perkins Voc.	84.048	3710002	348E	10,035
Perkins Voc.	84.048	3710002	348F	24,241
Total Perkins Voc.				34,276
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027	3810002	337E	464,008
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027	3810002	337F	13,279
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002	343E	52,530
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002	343F	46,633
Special Education Cluster				576,450
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550D	1,313
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550DC	12,894
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550DE	54,556
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550DH	15,609
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550DM	41,920
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550EC	91,350
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550EE	100,893
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550EH	86,915
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550EJ	396
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550EM	125,369
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550EO	123,422
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550EW	91,978
21st Century Learning Center Total				746,615
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	3110002	311E	39,745
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	3110002	311F	86,146
Migrant Education -State Grant Program Total				125,891
Title IV - Rural and Low Income Schools	84.358	3140002	350E	40,597
Title IV - Rural and Low Income Schools	84.358	3140002	350F	18,432
Title IV - Rural and Low Income Schools Total				59,029
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	552D	552E	68,964
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	552E	552F	18,984
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Total				87,948

COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	Unknown	613F	6,080
Passed Through Berea College				
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379AB	379EB	19,270
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379CB	379EC	529
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379CL	379FB	45,983
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379BB	379FC	9,611
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379CR	379FE	3,899
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379CS	379FL	4,611
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379BL	379FR	20,721
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379BS	379FS	81,175
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs Total				185,799
Total U.S. Department of Education				4,120,649
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u>				
Head Start	93.600	Direct	655E	43,250
Head Start - Early Head Start	93.600	Direct	655EH	18,278
Head Start	93.600	Direct	655F	1,439,978
Head Start - Early Head Start	93.600	Direct	655FH	458,979
Head Start Total				1,960,485 *
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				1,960,485
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u>				
Passed-Through State Department of Education				
National School Lunchroom	10.555	7750002-19	7750002-19	342,783
National School Lunchroom	10.555	7750002-20	7750002-20	961,474
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-19	7760005-19	141,918
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-20	7760005-20	402,280
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7740023-19	7740023-19	94,332
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7740023-20	7740023-20	203,886
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7690024-19	7690024-19	9,855
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7690024-20	7690024-20	21,283
Child Nutrition Cluster				2,177,811
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021-19	7790021-19	19,195
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021-20	7790021-20	87,324
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7800016-19	7800016-19	1,054
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7800016-20	7800016-20	5,090
Child & Adult Care Food Program Total				112,663
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	7720012-19	7720012-19	4,430
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	7720012-20	7720012-20	33,707
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program Total				38,137
State Administrative Expense Funds	10.560	7700001-19	7700001-19	5,377
Food Distribution	10.565	057502-10	057502-10	224,580
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				2,558,568
Total Federal Financial Assistance				8,639,702

* Tested as major program

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Lincoln County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Lincoln County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net asset, or cash flows of Lincoln County School District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are present where available.

NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed.

NOTE D – DE MINIMIS COST RATE

The District did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE E – SUBRECIPIENTS

There were no subrecipients during the fiscal year.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results

Financial Statements

Type of audit issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? _____ Yes X No
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? _____ Yes X None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? _____ Yes X No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs?

- Material weakness(es) identified? _____ Yes X No
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? _____ Yes X None Reported

Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major programs (unmodified):

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)? _____ Yes X No

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Number</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>
93.600	Head Start

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes _____ No

Section II – Financial Statement of Findings

No matters were reported.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS
JUNE 30, 2020

There were no prior year audit findings.

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October 31, 2020

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Members of the Board of Education
Lincoln County School District
Stanford, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request*, *Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract*, *Audit Acceptance Statement*, *AFR and Balance Sheet*, *Statement of Certification*, and *Audit Report*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lincoln County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lincoln County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lincoln County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lincoln County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulation identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Lincoln County School District in a separate letter dated October 31, 2020.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

White and Company, P.S.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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October 31, 2020

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR
PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED
BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Members of the Board of Education
Lincoln County School District
Stanford, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lincoln County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lincoln County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Lincoln County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Lincoln County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report*. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lincoln County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Lincoln County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Lincoln County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Lincoln County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Lincoln County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lincoln County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

White and Company, P.S.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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October 31, 2020

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Members of the Board of Education
Lincoln County School District
Stanford, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Lincoln County School District for the year ended June 30, 2020, we considered its internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements. Our professional standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We feel that the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement. However, we offer the following suggestions that we feel will strengthen your organization's internal control structure.

Prior Year Recommendation – School Activity Funds:

2018-5: Prior Year Recommendation:

During the 2018 audit, it was noted that money was collected for fall festival by McKinney Elementary School. However, a Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales form was not completed for the event. This form should be used for tickets sold for meals, games, admission, et cetera. We recommend that a Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales be properly completed.

During the 2019 audit, it was noted that McKinney Elementary School failed to support fall festival ticket sales through use of a Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales form. For support, a multiple receipt form was generated, with totals only being recorded. We recommend that receipt support be generated through use of the Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales form.

Current Year Status & Recommendation:

No instances were noted during the 2020 audit.

2019-1: Prior Year Recommendation:

During the 2019 audit, three instances were noted at Lincoln County Middle School and one instance at Waynesburg Elementary of charges being made prior to the issuance of a purchase order. We recommend that a purchase order be issued prior to all charges being made.

Current Year Status & Recommendation:

No instances were noted during the 2020 audit.

2019-2: Prior Year Recommendation:

During the 2019 audit, one instance was noted at Hustonville Elementary School of a multiple receipt form lacking support for money received. The multiple receipt form states the total amount received without a list of individuals and the corresponding amounts received from each of them. We recommend that when remitting funds, all individuals 6th grade and above sign their own name and the amount of funds they are turning in. This allows for a detailed proof that the bookkeeper can reconcile to the actual amount received.

Current Year Status & Recommendation:

No instances were noted during the 2020 audit.

Current Year Recommendation – District:

2020-1: Current Year Recommendation:

During the 2020 audit, three instances were noted of charges being incurred prior to the issuance and approval of a purchase order. We recommend that an approved purchase order be issued prior to occurrence of all charges, as set by the current District policy.

Management Response:

We will remind all staff of this requirement.

Current Year Recommendation – School Activity Funds:

2020-2: Current Year Recommendation:

During the 2020 audit, one instance was noted at Hustonville Elementary and Crab Orchard Elementary of a fundraiser occurring and concluding without the completion of a fundraiser summary form. We suggest that the District reiterate the Redbook requirement to complete this form at the conclusion of all fundraisers.

Management Response:

We will discuss this form and its completion instructions with all school staff and sponsors.

2020-3: Current Year Recommendation:

During the 2020 audit, one instance was noted at Stanford Elementary of gate collection occurring while hosting an archery tournament without pre-numbered tickets being issued or the completion of a requisition and report of ticket form. We suggest that the District speak to school staff and sponsors about all of the applicable situations for the use of pre-numbered tickets and the corresponding form.

Management Response:

We will ensure that all sponsors and staff are familiar with this process and that it applies to all age groups when admission is being charged.

We would like to offer our assistance throughout the year if and when new or unusual situations arise. Our awareness of new developments when they occur would help to ensure that the District is complying with requirements such as those mentioned above.

Sincerely,

White and Company, P.S.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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October 31, 2020

Members of the Board of Education
Lincoln County School District
Stanford, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County School District for the year ended June 30, 2020. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated April 23, 2019. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters:

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting polices used by Lincoln County School District are described in Note A to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2020. We noted no transactions entered into by Lincoln County School District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the sick leave liability is based on current pay rates and those currently eligible for retirement. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the sick leave liability in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management had corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 31, 2020.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Lincoln County School District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were not such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Lincoln County School District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were not engaged to report on the budgetary comparison information on pages 54 and 55, or on the schedules of the district's proportionate share of net pension liabilities and other post-employment benefit plans on pages 56-57 and 60-62, or on the schedules of contributions to the County Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System pension plans or the County Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System other post-employment benefit plans on pages 58-59 and 63-65, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of Members of the Board of Education and management of Lincoln County School District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

White and Company, P.S.C.

Certified Public Accountants

APPENDIX C

**Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation
School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds
Taxable Series of 2021**

Continuing Disclosure Agreement

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE UNDERTAKING AGREEMENT

This Continuing Disclosure Undertaking Agreement ("Agreement") made and entered into as of the 10th day of August, 2021, by and between the Board of Education of Lincoln County, Kentucky School District ("Board"); the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation, an agency and instrumentality of the Board ("Corporation") and the Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds hereinafter identified as third-party beneficiaries to this Agreement. For the purposes of this Agreement "Beneficial Owner" means the person or entity treated as the owner of the Bonds for federal income tax purposes and "Registered Owner" means the person or entity named on the registration books of the bond registrar.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Corporation has acted as issuing agency for the Board pursuant to the provisions of Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS") and the Corporation's Bond Resolution in connection with the authorization, sale and delivery of \$2,040,000 of the Corporation's School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2021, dated as of August 10, 2021 ("Bonds"), which Bonds were offered for sale under the terms and conditions of a Final Official Statement ("FOS") prepared by RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky ("Financial Advisor") and approved by the authorized representatives of the Board and the Corporation, and

WHEREAS, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, has amended the provisions of SEC Rule 15c2-12 relating to financial disclosures by the issuers of municipal securities under certain circumstances ("Rule"), and

WHEREAS, it is intended by the parties to this Agreement that all terms utilized herein shall have the same meanings as defined by the Rule, and

WHEREAS, the Board is an "obligated person" as defined by the Rule and subject to the provisions of said Rule, and

WHEREAS, failure by the Board and the Corporation to observe the requirements of the Rule will inhibit the subsequent negotiation, transfer and exchange of the Bonds with a resulting diminution in the market value thereof to the detriment of the Registered and Beneficial Owners of said Bonds and the Board;

NOW, THEREFORE, in order to comply with the provisions of the Rule and in consideration of the purchase of the Bonds by the Registered and Beneficial Owners, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Board agrees to provide the annual financial information contemplated by Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i) relating to the Board for its fiscal years ending June 30 of each year to (a) the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"), or any successor thereto for purposes of its Rule, through the continuing disclosure service portal provided by the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system as described in 1934 Act Release No. 59062, or any similar system that is acceptable to the Securities and Exchange Commission and (b) the State Information Depository ("SID"), if any (the Commonwealth of Kentucky has not established a SID as of the date of this Agreement) within nine (9) months of the close of each fiscal year.

For the purposes of the Rule "annual financial information" means financial information and operating data provided annually, of the type included in the FOS with respect to the Board in accordance with guidelines established by the National Federation of Municipal Analysts, and shall include annual audited financial statements for the Board in order that the recipients will be provided with ongoing information regarding revenues and operating expenses of the Board and the information provided in the FOS under the headings "OUTSTANDING BONDS", "BOND DEBT SERVICE", "DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION", "LOCAL SUPPORT - Local Tax Rates, Property Assessment and Revenue Collections and SEEK Allotment". If audited financial statements are not available when the annual financial information is filed, unaudited financial statements shall be included, to be followed by audited financial statements when available.

The audited financial statements shall be prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, Generally Accepted Auditing Standards or in accordance with the appropriate sections of KRS or Kentucky Administrative Regulations.

The parties hereto agree that this Agreement is entered into among them for the benefit of those who become Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds as third party beneficiaries to said Agreement.

2. MATERIAL EVENTS NOTICES

Under the Rule, Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C), the following sixteen (16) events must be disclosed within ten (10) business days following the occurrence of said event to MSRB via EMMA and the SID, if any:

- (1) Principal/interest payment delinquency;
- (2) Nonpayment related default, if material;
- (3) Unscheduled draw on debt service reserve reflecting financial difficulties;
- (4) Unscheduled draw on credit enhancement reflecting financial difficulties;
- (5) Substitution of credit or liquidity provider, or its failure to perform;
- (6) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the IRS of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the securities, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security;
- (7) Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
- (8) Bond call, if material and tender offers;
- (9) Defeasance;
- (10) Release, substitution or sale of property securing the repayment of the security, if material;
- (11) Rating change;
- (12) Merger, consolidation, acquisition or sale of all or substantially all assets of an obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, and the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to such action, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- (13) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person;
- (14) Successor, additional or change in trustee, if material;
- (15) Incurrence of a financial obligation of the obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material, and;
- (16) Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For purposes of this Agreement the term "financial obligation" means:

- (A) Debt obligation;

(B) Derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or

(C) Guarantee of paragraph (A) or (B) above.

Notice of said material events shall be given to the entities identified in this Section by the Board on a timely basis (within ten (10) business days of the occurrence). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of the documents under which the Bonds are authorized and issued do not provide for a debt service reserve, credit enhancements or credit or liquidity providers.

In accordance with Rule Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(D), the Board agrees that in the event of a failure to provide the Annual Financial Information required under Section 1 of this Agreement, it will notify MSRB via EMMA of such failure in a timely manner.

The Finance Officer of the Board shall be the responsible person for filing the annual financial information and/or notices of the events set forth above within the time prescribed in this Agreement. The Board shall cause the Finance Officer to institute an internal tickler system as a reminder of the obligations set forth herein. By December 1 of each fiscal year and each 30 days thereafter the Finance Officer will contact the auditor for the Board to determine when the audited financial statements will be finalized. The Finance Officer will impress upon the auditor the necessity of having such audited financial report on or before March 15. Within 5 days of receipt of such audited financial report the finance officer will cause the annual financial information to be filed as required by this Agreement.

3. SPECIAL REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Upon the request of any Registered or Beneficial Owner of the Bonds or the original purchaser of the Bonds or any subsequent broker-dealer buying or selling said Bonds on the secondary market ("Underwriters"), the Board shall cause financial information or operating data regarding the conduct of the affairs of the Board to be made available on a timely basis following such request.

4. DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

The Board and the Corporation hereby disclaim any liability for monetary damages for any breach of the commitments set forth in this Agreement and remedies for any breach of the Board's continuing disclosure undertaking shall be limited to an action for specific performance or mandamus in a court of competent jurisdiction in Kentucky following notice and an opportunity to cure such a breach.

5. FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT

That the Final Official Statement prepared by the Financial Advisor and approved by the authorized representatives of the Board and the Corporation is hereby incorporated in this Agreement as fully as if copied herein and the "annual financial information" required under Section 1 hereof shall in summary form update the specific information set forth in said FOS.

6. DURATION OF THE AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall be in effect so long as any of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid; provided, however, that the right is reserved in the Board to delegate its responsibilities under the Agreement to a competent agent or trustee, or to adjust the format of the presentation of annual financial information so long as the intent and purpose of the Rule to present adequate and accurate financial information regarding the Board is served.

7. AMENDMENT; WAIVER

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Board may amend this Agreement, and any provision of this Agreement may be waived, provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) If the amendment or waiver relates to the provisions of Section 1, it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of an obligated person with respect to the Bonds, or the type of business conducted;

(b) The undertaking, as amended or taking into account such waiver, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the original issuance of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(c) The amendment or waiver either (i) is approved by the holders of the Bonds in the same manner as provided in the Bond Resolution for amendments to the Bond Resolution with the consent of holders, or (ii) does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, materially impair the interests of the Registered Owners or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Agreement, the Board shall describe such amendment or waiver in the next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by the Board. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given in the same manner as for a material event under Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) of the Rule, and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

8. DEFAULT

In the event of a failure of the Board to comply with any provision of this Agreement, the Corporation may and, at the request of any Underwriter or any Registered Owner or Beneficial Owner of Bonds, shall take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the Board to comply with its obligations under this Agreement. A default under this Agreement shall not be deemed an event of default under the Bond Resolution, and the sole remedy under this Agreement in the event of any failure of the Board to comply with this Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

In witness whereof the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

**BOARD OF EDUCATION OF
LINCOLN COUNTY, KENTUCKY
SCHOOL DISTRICT**

Attest:

Chairman

Secretary

**LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL
DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION**

Attest:

President

Secretary

APPENDIX D

**Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation
School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds
Taxable Series of 2021**

Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale

OFFICIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF BOND SALE

\$2,040,000*

**Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation
School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2021
Dated as of August 10, 2021**

SALE: July 20, 2021 AT 11:30 A.M., E.D.S.T.

As published on PARITY®, a nationally recognized electronic bidding system, the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") will until 11:30 A.M., E.D.S.T., on July 20, 2021 receive at the office of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, competitive bids for the purchase of \$2,040,000 principal amount of Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2021 (the "Refunding Bonds"), dated and bearing interest from August 10, 2021, payable on November 1, 2021, and semi-annually thereafter on May 1 and November 1 of each year, in denominations in multiples of \$5,000 within the same maturity, maturing on May 1 in each of the years as follows:

<u>MATURITY</u>	<u>PRINCIPAL AMOUNT*</u>
2022	\$ 55,000
2023	45,000
2024	45,000
2025	40,000
2026	40,000
2027	95,000
2028	95,000
2029	100,000
2030	95,000
2031	105,000
2032	1,325,000

* Subject to Permitted Adjustment as described herein.

REDEMPTION PROVISIONS

The Bonds are NOT subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Refunding Bonds are to be issued in fully registered form (both principal and interest). U.S. Bank National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to each Registered Owner of record as of the 15th day of the month preceding the due date which shall be Cede & Co., as the Nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"). Please see "Book-Entry-Only-System" below.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board of Education of the Lincoln County, Kentucky School District (the "Board"). Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Bonds herein referred

to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE

The Refunding Bonds are being issued under and in full compliance with the Constitution and Statutes of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, including Sections 162.120 through 162.300, 162.385, and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, within the meaning of the decision of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky (Supreme Court) in the case of Hemlepp v. Aronberg, 369 S.W.2d 121, for the purpose of providing funds to retire the outstanding Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2012, dated May 31, 2012 maturing May 1, 2022 and thereafter (the "Refunded Bonds") at or prior to their stated maturities on May 1, 2022.

ADDITIONAL PARITY BONDS

The Corporation has reserved the right and privilege of issuing additional bonds from time to time payable from the income and revenues of said lands and school building Projects and secured by a statutory mortgage lien and pledge of revenues, but only if and to the extent the issuance of such additional parity bonds are in accordance with the plans and specifications of the architect in charge of said school building Projects, which plans have been completed, approved by the Board, Commissioner of Education, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Corporation.

PROCEEDS TO RETIRE ALL BONDS OF PRIOR ISSUE

The Refunded Bonds were issued under the authority of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes for the purpose of providing funds to finance roof improvements at the Board Office, Lincoln County High, Lincoln County Middle, Hustonville Elementary and McKinney Elementary Schools (collectively, the "Project"). Under the terms of the Resolution authorizing the Refunded Bonds, the Refunded Bonds are payable from the income and revenues of the school building Project financed from the proceeds thereof. The Refunded Bonds are secured by a lien upon and a pledge of revenues from the rental of the school building Project to the Board under a Lease Agreement, dated May 31, 2012 (the "Prior Lease").

The total principal amount of the Refunded Bonds currently outstanding is \$1,920,000, scheduled to mature on May 1 in each of the years 2022 through 2032. The proceeds of the Refunding Bonds will be used to pay accruing interest on and retire on May 1, 2022 all of the Refunded Bonds

The 2021 Bond Resolution adopted by the Corporation's Board of Directors authorizes the payment and retirement of the Refunded Bonds including principal and accruing interest at or prior to their stated maturities through the deposit of the required amount of proceeds of the Refunding Bonds in the Bond and Interest Redemption Fund established for the Refunded Bonds or in a special Escrow Fund for application to the retirement of the Refunded Bonds.

The 2021 Bond Resolution expressly provides that upon delivery of the Refunding Bonds and the deposit of sufficient funds in accordance with the preceding paragraph neither the lien upon nor the pledge of the revenues from the rental of the Project under the Prior Lease shall constitute the security and source of payment for any of the Refunded Bonds and the Registered Owners of such Refunded Bonds shall be paid from and secured by the monies deposited in the Bond and Interest Redemption Fund established for the Refunded Bonds or in Escrow Fund for the retirement thereof upon the delivery of the Refunding Bonds.

SECURITY FOR REFUNDING BONDS

The Refunding Bonds will constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation and will be payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues of the school Project financed from the proceeds of the Refunded Bonds. The Refunding Bonds are secured by a lien upon and a pledge of the revenues derived from the rental of the school building Project to the Board under a Lease Agreement dated August 10, 2021 (the "2021 Lease"); provided, however, that said lien and pledge are on parity with similar liens and pledges securing certain

of the Corporation's outstanding School Building Revenue Bonds previously issued to finance or refinance the school building Project (the "Parity Bonds").

Under the 2021 Lease the Board has leased the school property securing the Refunding Bonds in accordance with the provisions of KRS 162.140 for an initial period from August 10, 2021 through June 30, 2022, with the option in the Board to renew said 2021 Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rentals due under the 2021 Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Refunding Bonds as same become due.

The 2021 Lease provides that the Prior Lease will be canceled effective upon the deposit of sufficient funds to provide for the retirement of the Refunded Bonds. The 2021 Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the 2021 Lease until May 1, 2032, the final maturity date of the Refunding Bonds, and such annual rentals shall be deposited as received in the Bond Fund for the Refunding Bonds and used and applied for the payment of all maturing principal of and interest on the Refunding Bonds.

Under the terms of the 2021 Lease, and any renewal thereof, the Board has agreed so long as the Bonds remain outstanding, and in conformance with the intent and purpose of Section 157.627(5) of the Act and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the 2021 Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the 2021 Lease to the Corporation the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

BIDDING CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

(A) The terms and conditions of the sale of the Refunding Bonds are as follows:

(1) Bids must be made on Official Bid Form, contained in Information for Bidders available from the undersigned or RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky, or by visiting www.rsamuni.com submitted manually, by facsimile or electronically via PARITY®.

(2) Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

(3) The bid shall be not less than \$2,019,600 (99% of par) plus accrued interest. Interest rates shall be in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1% or both. Only one interest rate shall be permitted per Bond, and all Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same rate. Interest rates must be on an ascending scale, in that the interest rate stipulated in any year may not be less than that stipulated for any preceding maturity. There is no limit on the number of different interest rates.

(4) The determination of the best purchase bid for said Refunding Bonds shall be made on the basis of all bids submitted for exactly \$2,040,000 principal amount of Refunding Bonds offered for sale under the terms and conditions herein specified; provided, however, the Corporation reserves the right to increase or decrease the

total principal amount of Refunding Bonds sold to such best bidder, in the amount of not exceeding \$205,000, with such increase or decrease to be made in any maturity, and the total amount of Refunding Bonds awarded to such best bidder will be a minimum of \$1,835,000 or a maximum of \$2,245,000. In the event of any such adjustment, no rebidding or recalculation of a submitted bid will be required or permitted. The price at which such adjusted principal amount of Bonds will be sold will be at the same price per \$5,000 of Refunding Bonds as the price per \$5,000 for the \$2,040,000 of Refunding Bonds bid.

(5) The successful bidder may elect to notify the Financial Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each Term Bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption by lot on May 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

(6) The successful purchaser shall be required (without further advice from the Corporation) to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Refunding Bonds actually awarded to the Paying Agent U.S. Bank National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, Attn: Mr. Charles Lush (502-562-6436) by the close of business on the day following the award as a good faith deposit said amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price upon delivery and will be forfeited if the purchaser fails to take delivery.

(7) All Refunding Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same and a single interest rate from the date thereof to maturity.

(8) The right to reject bids for any reason deemed acceptable by the Corporation, and the right to waive any possible informalities or irregularities in any bid, which in the sole judgment of the Corporation shall be minor or immaterial, is expressly reserved.

(9) CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Refunding Bonds at the expense of the Corporation. The purchaser shall pay the CUSIP Service Bureau assignment charge. Improper imprintation or the failure to imprint CUSIP numbers shall not constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for said Refunding Bonds in accordance with the terms of any accepted proposal for the purchase of said Bonds.

(B) The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the DTC Book-Entry-Only-System.

(C) Said Bonds are offered for sale on the basis of the principal of said Bonds not being subject to Kentucky ad valorem taxation and on the basis of the interest on said Bonds being subject to Federal taxation but not Kentucky income taxation on the date of their delivery to the successful bidder. See TAX STATUS below.

(D) The Corporation will provide to the successful purchaser a Final Official Statement in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12. A Final Official Statement will be provided in Electronic Form to the successful bidder, in sufficient time to meet the delivery requirements of the successful bidder under SEC and Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board Delivery Requirements. The successful bidder will be required to pay for the printing of Final Official Statements.

(E) If, prior to the delivery of the Bonds, any event should occur which alters the tax status of the Bonds, or of the interest thereon, the purchaser shall have the privilege of avoiding the purchase contract by giving immediate written notice to the Corporation, whereupon the good faith check of the purchaser will be returned to the purchaser, and all respective obligations of the parties will be terminated.

(F) The Corporation and the Board agree to cooperate with the successful bidder in the event said purchaser desires to purchase municipal bond insurance regarding the Refunding Bonds; provided, however, that any and all expenses incurred in obtaining said insurance shall be solely the obligation of the successful bidder should the successful bidder so elect to purchase such insurance.

STATE SUPPORT OF EDUCATION

The 1990 Regular Session of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth enacted a comprehensive legislative package known as the Kentucky Education Reform Act ("KERA") designed to comply with the mandate of the Kentucky Supreme Court that the General Assembly provide for as efficient and equitable system of schools throughout the State.

KERA became fully effective on July 13, 1990. Elementary and Secondary Education in the Commonwealth is supervised by the Commissioner of Education as the Chief Executive Officer of the State Department of Education ("DOE"), an appointee of the reconstituted State Board for Elementary and Secondary Education (the "State Board"). Some salient features of KERA are as follows:

KRS 157.330 establishes the fund to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funded from biennial appropriations from the General Assembly for distribution to school districts. The base funding guaranteed to each school district by SEEK for operating and capital expenditures is determined in each fiscal year by dividing the total annual SEEK appropriation by the state-wide total of pupils in average daily attendance ("ADA") in the preceding fiscal year; the ADA for each district is subject to adjustment to reflect the number of at risk students (approved for free lunch programs under state and federal guidelines), number and types of exceptional children, and transportation costs.

KRS 157.420 establishes a formula which results in the allocation of funds for capital expenditures in school districts at \$100 per ADA pupil which is included in the SEEK allotment (\$4,000) for the current biennium which is required to be segregated into a Capital Outlay Allotment Fund which may be used only for (1) direct payment of construction costs; (2) debt service on voted and funding bonds; (3) lease rental payments in support of bond issues; (4) reduction of deficits resulting from over expenditures for emergency capital construction; and (5) a reserve for each of the categories enumerated in 1 through 4 above.

KRS 157.440(1) requires that effective for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of \$.30 for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes levied by the district (including utilities gross receipts license and special voted) for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property, plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Revenue Cabinet of the Commonwealth. Any school district board of education which fails to comply with the minimum equivalent tax rate levy shall be subject to removal from office.

KRS 157.440(2) provides that for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Any increase beyond the 4% annual limitation imposed by KRS 132.017 is not subject to the recall provisions of that Section. Revenue generated by the 15% levy is to be equalized at 150% of the state-wide average per pupil equalized assessment.

KRS 157.440(2) permits school districts to levy up to 30% of the revenue guaranteed by the SEEK program, plus the revenue produced by the 15% levy, but said additional tax will not be equalized with state funds and will be subject to recall by a simple majority of those voting on the question.

KRS 157.620(1) also provides that in order to be eligible for participation from the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission for debt service on bond issues the district must levy a tax which will produce revenues equivalent to \$.05 per \$100 of the total assessed value of all property in the district (including tangible and intangible property and motor vehicles) in addition to the minimum \$.30 levy required by KRS 160.470(12). A district having a special voted tax which is equal to or higher than the required \$.05 tax, must commit and segregate for capital purposes at least an amount equal to the required \$.05 tax. Those districts which levy the additional \$.05 tax are also eligible for participation in the Kentucky Facilities Support ("KFS") program for which funds are appropriated separately from SEEK funds and are distributed to districts in accordance with a formula taking into account outstanding debt and funds available for payment from both local and state sources under KRS 157.440(1)(b).

KRS 160.460 provides that as of July 1, 1994 all real property located in the Commonwealth subject to local taxation shall be assessed at 100% of fair cash value.

BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

Due to the unforeseen nature on the economy of the Commonwealth caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, in its 2020 regular session, the General Assembly adopted only a one-year budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2022 which was approved and signed by the Governor. The biennial budget was reviewed and supplemented during the General Assembly's 2021 regular session. Such budget became effective beginning July 1, 2020. The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at www.osbd.ky.gov.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, will not cause interest on the Refunding Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to state income taxation. Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, will not affect the market price for the Refunding Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

As a result of the Board and issuing agencies acting on behalf of the Board offering for public sale municipal securities in excess of \$1,000,000, the Corporation and the Board will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of all parties who may become Registered or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds whereunder said Corporation and Board will agree to comply with the provisions of the Municipal Securities Disclosure Rules set forth in Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") by filing annual financial statements and material events notices with the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") System maintained by the Municipal Securities Rule Making Board.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Lincoln County Board of Education, 305 Danville Avenue, Stanford, Kentucky 40484 (606) 365-2124.

TAX STATUS

Bond Counsel advises as follows:

(A) The Refunding Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.

(B) The interest income from the Refunding Bonds is includable in the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Refunding Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds initially will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee). One fully-registered Bond Certificate will be issued, in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds securities that its participants ("Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the settlement among Participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in Participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. "Direct Participants" include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is owned by a number of its Direct Participants and by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange, Inc., and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as securities brokers and dealers, banks, and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). The Rules applicable to DTC and its participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participant's records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds ("Beneficial Ownership Interest") are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their Beneficial Ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued. Transfers of ownership interest in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co., effect no change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners, will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to Cede & Co. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in the Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. will consent or vote with respect to Bonds. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments of the Bonds will be made to DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' account on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records unless DTC has reason to believe that it will not receive payment on payable date. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for

the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name", and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Issuer, or the Trustee, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to DTC is the responsibility of the Issuer or the Trustee, disbursements of such payments to Direct Participants shall be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payment to the Beneficial Owners shall be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Beneficial Ownership Interests purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Trustee, and shall effect delivery of such Beneficial Ownership Interests by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Beneficial Ownership Interests, on DTC's records, to the purchaser or the Trustee, as appropriate. The requirements for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with a demand for purchase or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Issuer or the Bond Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered by the Bond Registrar.

NEITHER THE ISSUER, THE BOARD NOR THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OR ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER OR ANY OTHER PERSON NOT SHOWN ON THE REGISTRATION BOOKS OF THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT AS BEING AN OWNER WITH RESPECT TO: (1) THE BONDS; (2) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (3) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT DUE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF TENDERED BONDS OR THE PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PRICE OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS; (4) THE DELIVERY BY ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY NOTICE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WHICH IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE BOND RESOLUTION TO BE GIVEN TO HOLDERS; (5) THE SELECTION OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF ANY PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE BONDS; OR (6) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS HOLDER

**LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
FINANCE CORPORATION**

By /s/ Colleen Benson
Secretary

APPENDIX E

**Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation
School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds
Taxable Series of 2021**

Official Bid Form

**OFFICIAL BID FORM
(Bond Purchase Agreement)**

The Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation"), will until 11:30 A.M., E.D.S.T., on July 20, 2021, receive in the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, (telephone 502-564-5582; Fax 888-979-6152) competitive bids for its \$2,040,000 School Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series of 2021, dated as of August 10, 2021; maturing May 1, 2022 through 2032 ("Bonds").

We hereby bid for said \$2,040,000* principal amount of Bonds, the total sum of \$ _____ (not less than \$2,019,600) plus accrued interest from August 10, 2021 payable November 1, 2021 and semiannually thereafter (rates on ascending scale in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1%; number of interest rates unlimited) and maturing as to principal on May 1 in each of the years as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount*</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2022	\$ 55,000	_____ %
2023	45,000	_____ %
2024	45,000	_____ %
2025	40,000	_____ %
2026	40,000	_____ %
2027	95,000	_____ %
2028	95,000	_____ %
2029	100,000	_____ %
2030	95,000	_____ %
2031	105,000	_____ %
2032	1,325,000	_____ %

* Subject to Permitted Adjustment up to \$205,000

We understand this bid may be accepted for as much as \$2,245,000 of Bonds or as little as \$1,835,000 of Bonds, at the same price per \$5,000 Bond, with the variation in such amount occurring in any maturity or all maturities, which will be determined by the Secretary of the Corporation at the time of acceptance of the best bid.

Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102.

The successful bidder may elect to notify the Financial Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each Term Bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption by lot on May 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

The DTC Book-Entry-Only-System will be utilized on delivery of this issue.

It is understood that the Corporation will furnish the final, approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky.

No certified or bank cashier's check will be required to accompany a bid, but the successful bidder shall be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Refunding Bonds awarded by the close of business on the date following the award. Said good faith amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price on delivery. Wire transfer procedures should be arranged through U.S. Bank National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, Attn: Mr. Charles Lush (502-562-6436).

Bids must be submitted only on this form and must be fully executed.

If we are the successful bidder, we agree to accept and make payment for the Bonds in Federal Funds on or about August 10, 2021 and upon acceptance by the Issuer's Financial Advisor this Official Bid Form shall become the Bond Purchase Agreement.

Respectfully submitted,

Bidder

By _____
Authorized Officer

Address

Total interest cost from August 10, 2021 to final maturity \$ _____
 Plus discount or less any premium \$ _____
 Net interest cost (Total interest cost plus discount or less any premium) \$ _____
 Average interest rate or cost (ie NIC) _____ %

The above computation of net interest cost and of average interest rate or cost is submitted for information only and is not a part of this Bid.

Accepted by RSA Advisors, LLC, as Agent for the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation for \$ _____ amount of Bonds at a price of \$ _____ as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2022	_____,000	_____%	2028	_____,000	_____%
2023	_____,000	_____%	2029	_____,000	_____%
2024	_____,000	_____%	2030	_____,000	_____%
2025	_____,000	_____%	2031	_____,000	_____%
2026	_____,000	_____%	2032	_____,000	_____%
2027	_____,000	_____%			

Dated: July 20, 2021

 RSA Advisors, LLC, Financial Advisor and
 Agent for Lincoln County School District
 Finance Corporation