# **DATED MAY 18, 2022**

# NEW ISSUE Electronic Bidding via Parity® Bank Interest Deduction Eligible <u>BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM</u>

RATING Moody's: " "

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law (i) interest on the Bonds will be excludable from gross income of the holders thereof for purposes of federal taxation and (ii) interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax, all subject to the qualifications described herein under the heading "Tax Exemption." The Bonds and interest thereon are exempt from income taxation and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and political subdivisions thereof (see "Tax Exemption" herein).

# \$4,190,000\* HART COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION ENERGY CONSERVATION REVENUE BONDS, SERIES OF 2022

# Dated with Delivery: June 16, 2022

# Due: as shown below

Interest on the Bonds is payable each June 1 and December 1, beginning June 1, 2023. The Bonds will mature as to principal on June 1, 2023 and thereafter as shown below. The Bonds are being issued in Book-Entry-Only Form and will be available for purchase in principal amounts of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Maturing	A 4*	Interest	Reoffering	CUCID	Maturing	A 4*	Interest	Reoffering	CUCID
1-Jun	Amount*	Rate	Yield	CUSIP	1-Jun	Amount*	Rate	Yield	CUSIP
2023	\$80,000	%	%		2033	\$200,000	%	%	
2024	\$80,000	%	%		2034	\$220,000	%	%	
2025	\$90,000	%	%		2035	\$240,000	%	%	
2026	\$105,000	%	%		2036	\$260,000	%	%	
2027	\$115,000	%	%		2037	\$280,000	%	%	
2028	\$130,000	%	%		2038	\$300,000	%	%	
2029	\$140,000	%	%		2039	\$325,000	%	%	
2030	\$155,000	%	%		2040	\$345,000	%	%	
2031	\$170,000	%	%		2041	\$370,000	%	%	
2032	\$185,000	%	%		2042	\$400,000	%	%	

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right to call, upon thirty (30) days notice, the Bonds in whole or in part on any date for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds constitute a limited indebtedness of the Hart County School District Finance Corporation and are payable from and secured by a pledge of the gross income and revenues derived by leasing the Project (as hereinafter defined) on an annual renewable basis to the Hart County Board of Education.

The Hart County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation will until May 26, 2022, at 11:00 A.M., E.S.T., receive competitive bids for the Bonds at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Rd, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

\*As set forth in the "Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale," the principal amount of Bonds sold to the successful bidder is subject to a Permitted Adjustment by increasing or decreasing the amount not to exceed \$420,000.

**PURCHASER'S OPTION:** The Purchaser of the Bonds, within 24 hours of the sale, may specify to the Municipal Advisor that any Bonds may be combined immediately succeeding sequential maturities into a Term Bond(s), bearing a single rate of interest, with the maturities set forth above (or as may be adjusted as provided herein) being subject to mandatory redemption in such maturities for such Term Bond(s).

The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM administered by The Depository Trust Company.

The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for certain information on the cover page hereof which has been omitted in accordance with such Rule and which will be supplied with the final Official Statement.



# HART COUNTY, KENTUCKY BOARD OF EDUCATION

Sheryl Shirley, Chairman Wesley Hodges, Member Tina Rutledge, Member Sonya Gedda, Member Tyler Holthouser, Member

Nathan Smith, Superintendent/Secretary

# HART COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

Sheryl Shirley, President Wesley Hodges, Member Tina Rutledge, Member Sonya Gedda, Member Tyler Holthouser, Member

Nathan Smith, Secretary Chris Russell, Treasurer

# **BOND COUNSEL**

Steptoe & Johnson PLLC Louisville, Kentucky

# MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

RSA Advisors, LLC Lexington, Kentucky

# PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association Louisville, Kentucky

# **BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM**

# **REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT**

This Official Statement does not constitute an offering of any security other than the original offering of the Hart County School District Finance Corporation Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds, Series of 2022, identified on the cover page hereof. No person has been authorized by the Corporation or the Board to give any information or to make any representation other than that contained in the Official Statement, and if given or made such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been given or authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, and there shall not be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation or the Board since the date hereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state or other governmental entity or agency, except the Corporation will pass upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement or approve the Bonds for sale.

The Official Statement includes the front cover page immediately preceding this page and all Appendices hereto.

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### **OFFICIAL STATEMENT Relating to the Issuance of**

# \$4,190,000\*

### HART COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION ENERGY CONSERVATION REVENUE BONDS, SERIES OF 2022

\*Subject to Permitted Adjustment

#### INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page and Appendices hereto, is to set forth certain information pertaining to the Hart County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds, Series of 2022 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are being issued to finance district-wide energy improvements (the "ECM Projects" or "Projects").

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds will be secured by a lien and a pledge of the rental income derived by the Corporation from leasing the Projects (as hereinafter defined) to the Hart County Board of Education (the "Board") on a year to year basis (see "Security" herein).

All financial and other information presented in this Official Statement has been provided by the Hart County Board of Education from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. The presentation of financial and other information is not intended, unless specifically stated, to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the Board. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety, and no one subject discussed should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its location in the text. Reference should be made to laws, reports or other documents referred to in this Official Statement for more complete information regarding their contents.

Copies of the Bond Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and the Lease Agreement, dated June 16, 2022, may be obtained at the office of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, 700 N. Hurstbourne Parkway, Suite 115, Louisville, Kentucky 40222.

#### **BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM**

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

The following information about the Book-Entry only system applicable to the Bonds has been supplied by DTC. Neither the Corporation nor the Paying Agent and Registrar makes any representations, warranties or guarantees with respect to its accuracy or completeness.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry

transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, (NSCC, GSCC, MBSCC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Paying Agent and Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name" and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or its nominee, the Paying Agent and Registrar or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation

may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's Book-Entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation believes to be reliable but the Corporation takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

### THE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board. Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Board herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of <u>White v. City of Middlesboro</u>, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

Any bonds, notes or other indebtedness issued or contracted by the Corporation shall, prior to the issuance or incurrence thereon, be specifically approved by the Board. The members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation are the members of the Board. Their terms expire when they cease to hold the office and any successor members of the Board are automatically members of the Corporation upon assuming their public offices.

# KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission") is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of KRS Sections 157.611 through 157.640, as amended, repealed and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$124,836,200 in FY 2020-21 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues; \$58,000,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium; and authorizes \$58,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2022.

The 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018 and 2020 Regular Sessions of the Kentucky General Assembly appropriated funds to be used for debt service of participating school districts. The appropriations for each biennium are shown in the following table:

<u>Biennium</u>	<b>Appropriation</b>
1986-88	\$18,223,200
1988-90	14,050,700
1990-92	13,542,800
1992-94	3,075,300
1994-96	2,800,000
1996-98	4,996,000
1998-00	12,141,500
2000-02	8,100,000
2002-04	9,500,000
2004-06	14,000,000
2006-08	9,000,000
2008-10	10,968,000
2010-12	12,656,200
2012-14	8,469,200
2014-16	8,764,000
2016-18	23,019,400
2018-20	7,608,000
2020-22	2,946,900
Total	\$183,861,200

In addition to the appropriations for new financings as shown, appropriations subsequent to that for 1986 included additional funds to continue to meet the annual debt requirements for all bond issues involving Commission participation issued in prior years.

# **BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2022**

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

Due to the unforeseen nature on the economy of the Commonwealth caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, in its 2020 regular session, the General Assembly adopted only a one-year budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2021 which was approved and signed by the Governor. The biennial budget was reviewed and supplemented during the General Assembly's 2021 regular session. Such budget became effective beginning July 1, 2020. The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at www.osbd.ky.gov

#### **OUTSTANDING BONDS**

The following table shows the outstanding Bonds of the Board by the original principal amount of each issue, the current principal outstanding, the amount of the original principal scheduled to be paid with the corresponding interest thereon by the Board or the School Facilities Construction Commission, the approximate interest range; and, the final maturity date of the Bonds:

Bond Series	Original Principal	Current Principal Outstanding	Principal Assigned to Board	Principal Assigned to Commission	Approximate Interest Rate Range	Final Maturity
2011	\$1,435,000	\$1,380,000	\$1,435,000	\$0	4.000% - 4.500%	2031
2011-REF	\$2,760,000	\$1,500,000	\$2,532,511	\$227,489	2.375% - 2.500%	2023
2013-REF	\$8,590,000	\$5,220,000	\$3,116,276	\$5,473,724	2.000% - 2.300%	2027
2015	\$3,335,000	\$2,555,000	\$323,412	\$3,011,588	2.000% - 3.125%	2035
2016	\$2,870,000	\$2,500,000	\$2,870,000	\$0	3.000% - 3.700%	2036
2017	\$30,060,000	\$25,530,000	\$10,225,492	\$19,834,508	3.000% - 3.500%	2037
2020	\$2,130,000	\$2,020,000	\$2,130,000	\$0	2.000% - 2.750%	2040
2021-REF	\$1,450,000	\$1,420,000	\$1,450,000	\$0	1.000%	2031
TOTALS:	\$52,630,000	\$42,125,000	\$24,082,691	\$28,547,309		

#### AUTHORITY

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has adopted a Bond Resolution which authorized among other things:

- i) the issuance of approximately \$4,190,000 of Bonds subject to a permitted adjustment of \$420,000;
- ii) the advertisement for the public sale of the Bonds;
- iii) the Official Terms and Conditions for the sale of the Bonds to the successful bidder; and,
- iv) the President and Secretary of the Corporation to execute certain documents relative to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

### General

The Bonds will be dated June 16, 2022, will bear interest from that date as described herein, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2023, and will mature as to principal on June 1, 2023 and thereafter in the years and in the principal amounts as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement.

### **Registration, Payment and Transfer**

The Bonds are to be issued in fully registered form (both principal and interest). U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, has been designated as the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co. Principal and interest will be payable through the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company: Please see "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM" below. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on June 1 and June 1 of each year, beginning June 1, 2023 (Record Date is the 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

# Redemption

The Bonds maturing on or after June 1, 2030 are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after June 1, 2029, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Redemption Date	Redemption <u>Price</u>
June 1, 2029 and thereafter	100%

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

# SECURITY

# General

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds are payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues derived from the leasing of the school building Project financed from the Bond proceeds from the Corporation to the Board. The Bonds are secured by a pledge of revenue on and from the school building Project; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with the liens and pledges securing the Corporation's outstanding School Building Revenue Bonds issued to improve the building which constitutes the Project.

# The Lease; Pledge of Rental Revenues

The Board has leased the school building Project securing the Bonds for an initial period from June 16, 2022, through June 30, 2022 with the option in the Board to renew said Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rental due under the Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Bonds as same become due. The Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the Lease until June 1, 2042, the final maturity date of the Bonds. Under the lease, the Corporation has pledged the rental revenue to the payment of the Bonds.

# STATE INTERCEPT

Under the terms of the Lease and any renewal thereof, so long as the Bonds remain outstanding and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 157.627(5) and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the Lease and Participation Agreement to the Corporation the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

# THE ENERGY CONSERVATION MANAGEMENT PROJECTS

After the payment of expenses in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, the balance of the Bond proceeds will be deposited to the Construction Fund to implement complete district-wide energy conservation improvements.

The Board has or will enter a Guaranteed Energy Savings Contract with CMTA, Lexington, Kentucky, with the approval of the State Department of Education, Buildings and Grounds.

# ESTIMATED BOND DEBT SERVICE

The following table shows by fiscal year the current bond payments of the Board. The plan of financing provides for the Board to meet 100% of the debt service of the Bonds.

Fiscal	Current	Series 2	022 Energy C	onservation ]	Bonds		Total
Year Ending	Local Bond	Principal	Interest	Total	SFCC	General Fund	Local Bond
June 30	Payments	Portion	Portion	Payment	Portion	Portion	Payments
June 50	1 ayments	1 01 (1011	1 01 (1011	Tayment	1 of tion	1 01 (1011	Tayments
2023	\$1,624,228	\$80,000	\$157,339	\$237,339		\$237,339	\$1,624,228
2024	\$1,611,636	\$80,000	\$161,060	\$241,060		\$241,060	\$1,611,636
2025	\$1,616,109	\$90,000	\$157,940	\$247,940		\$247,940	\$1,616,109
2026	\$1,621,277	\$105,000	\$154,430	\$259,430		\$259,430	\$1,621,277
2027	\$1,624,880	\$115,000	\$150,335	\$265,335		\$265,335	\$1,624,880
2028	\$1,573,118	\$130,000	\$145,850	\$275,850		\$275,850	\$1,573,118
2029	\$1,576,086	\$140,000	\$140,780	\$280,780		\$280,780	\$1,576,086
2030	\$1,577,408	\$155,000	\$135,320	\$290,320		\$290,320	\$1,577,408
2031	\$1,580,943	\$170,000	\$129,275	\$299,275		\$299,275	\$1,580,943
2032	\$1,608,730	\$185,000	\$122,645	\$307,645		\$307,645	\$1,608,730
2033	\$1,610,751	\$200,000	\$115,430	\$315,430		\$315,430	\$1,610,751
2034	\$1,612,094	\$220,000	\$107,630	\$327,630		\$327,630	\$1,612,094
2035	\$1,615,187	\$240,000	\$99,050	\$339,050		\$339,050	\$1,615,187
2036	\$1,614,760	\$260,000	\$89,690	\$349,690		\$349,690	\$1,614,760
2037	\$1,616,198	\$280,000	\$79,550	\$359,550		\$359,550	\$1,616,198
2038	\$194,988	\$300,000	\$68,630	\$368,630		\$368,630	\$194,988
2039	\$195,038	\$325,000	\$56,930	\$381,930		\$381,930	\$195,038
2040	\$184,950	\$345,000	\$44,255	\$389,255		\$389,255	\$184,950
2041	\$184,950	\$370,000	\$30,800	\$400,800		\$400,800	\$184,950
2042		\$400,000	\$16,000	\$416,000		\$416,000	
TOTALS:	\$24,843,332	\$4,190,000	\$2,162,939	\$6,352,939	\$0	\$6,352,939	\$24,843,332

Note: Numbers rounded to the nearest \$1.00.

# ESTIMATED USE OF BOND PROCEEDS

The table below shows the estimated sources of funds and uses of proceeds of the Bonds, other than any portions thereof representing accrued interest:

Sources:	
Par Amount of Bonds	<u>\$4,190,000.00</u>
Total Sources	\$4,190,000.00
Uses:	
Deposit to Construction Fund Underwriter's Discount (2%) Cost of Issuance	\$4,061,590.00 83,800.00 <u>44,610.00</u>
Total Uses	\$4,190,000.00

# DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION

Selected school census and average daily attendance for the Hart County School District is as follows:

Year	Average Daily Attendance	Year	Average Daily Attendance
2000-01	2,090.4	2011-12	2,084.1
2001-02	2,135.5	2012-13	2,128.2
2002-03	2,184.5	2013-14	2,117.3
2003-04	2,175.0	2014-15	2,106.6
2004-05	2,236.6	2015-16	2,056.4
2005-06	2,203.8	2016-17	2,076.8
2006-07	2,198.8	2017-18	2,078.5
2007-08	2,166.4	2018-19	2,050.1
2008-09	2,142.4	2019-20	2,020.5
2009-10	2,106.8	2020-21	2,009.2
2010-11	2,066.0		

Source: Kentucky State Department of Education.

# STATE SUPPORT

Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK). In determining the cost of the program to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), the statewide guaranteed base funding level is computed by dividing the amount appropriated by the prior year's statewide average daily attendance. The SEEK fund is a guaranteed amount of money per pupil in each school district of Kentucky. The current SEEK allotment is \$3,866 per pupil. The \$100 capital outlay allotment per each average daily attendance is included within the guaranteed amounts. Each district's base funding from the SEEK program is adjusted for the number of at-risk students, the number and types of exceptional children in the district, and cost of transporting students from and to school in the district.

*Capital Outlay Allotment.* The per pupil capital outlay allotment for each district from the public school fund and from local sources shall be kept in a separate account and may be used by the district only for capital outlay projects approved by the State Department of Education. These funds shall be used for the following capital outlay purposes:

- a. For direct payment of construction costs.
- b. For debt service on voted and funding bonds.
- c. For payment or lease-rental agreements under which the board will eventually acquire ownership of the school plant.
- d. For retirement of any deficit resulting from over-expenditure for capital construction, if such deficit resulted from certain declared emergencies.
- e. As a reserve fund for the above named purposes, to be carried forward in ensuing budgets.

The allotment for each school board of education in the Commonwealth for fiscal year 1978-79 was \$1,800 per classroom unit. The 1979 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly approved increases in this allotment in 1979-80 to \$1,900 per classroom unit. This rate remained unchanged in 1980-81. The 1981 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly decreased the allotment per classroom to \$1,800 and this allotment rate did not change from the 1981-82 rate, until the 1990-91 school year. Beginning with 1990-91, the Capital Outlay allotment for each district is based on \$100 per average daily attendance.

The following table shows the computation of the capital outlay allotment for the Hart County School District for certain preceding school years. Beginning 1990-91, the allotment is based on average daily attendance as required by law.

Year	Capital Outlay Allotment	Year	Capital Outlay Allotment
2000-01	209,040.0	2011-12	208,405.0
2001-02	213,550.0	2012-13	212,821.0
2002-03	218,450.0	2013-14	211,730.0
2003-04	217,500.0	2014-15	210,660.0
2004-05	223,660.0	2015-16	205,640.0
2005-06	220,380.0	2016-17	207,680.0
2006-07	219,880.0	2017-18	207,850.0
2007-08	216,640.0	2018-19	205,006.8
2008-09	214,235.0	2019-20	202,050.0
2009-10	210,680.0	2020-21	200,919.2
2010-11	206,600.0		

If the school district has no capital outlay needs, upon approval from the State, the funds can be used for school plant maintenance, repair, insurance on buildings, replacement of equipment, purchase of school buses and purchase of modern technological equipment for educational purposes. If any district has a special levy for capital outlay or debt service that is equal to the capital outlay allotment or a proportionate fraction thereof, and spends the proceeds of the levy for eligible purposes, the State may authorize the district to use all or a proportionate fraction of its capital outlay allotment for current expenses (school districts which use capital outlay allotments to meet current expenses are not eligible to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission funds).

*Facilities Support Program of Kentucky*. School districts may be eligible to participate in the Facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), subject to the following requirements:

- 1) The district must have unmet needs as set forth and approved by the State Department of Education in a School Facilities Plan;
- 2) The district must commit to establish an equivalent tax rate of at least 5 cents, in addition to the 30 cents minimum current equivalent tax rate; and,
- 3) The new revenues generated by the 5 cent addition, must be placed in a restricted account for school building construction bonding.

# LOCAL SUPPORT

*Homestead Exemption.* Section 170 of the Kentucky Constitution was amended at the General Election held November 2, 1971, to exempt from property taxes \$6,500 of value of single unit residential property of taxpayers 65 years of age or older. The 1972 General Assembly amended KRS Chapter 132 to permit counties and school districts to adjust their local tax revenues lost through the application of this Homestead Exemption. The "Single Unit" qualification has been enlarged to subsequent sessions of the General Assembly to provide that such exemption shall apply to such property maintained as the permanent resident of the owner and the dollar amount has been construed to mean \$6,500 in terms of the purchasing power of the dollar in 1972. Every two years thereafter, if the cost of living index of the U.S. Department of Labor has changed as much as 1%, the maximum exemption shall be adjusted accordingly. Under the cost of living formula, the maximum was increased to \$40,500 effective January 1, 2021.

*Limitation on Taxation.* The 1979 Special Session of the Kentucky General Assembly enacted House Bill 44 which provides that no school district may levy a general tax rate, voted general tax rate, or voted building tax rate which would generate revenues that exceeds the previous years revenues by four percent (4%).

The 1990 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly in enacting the "School Reform" legislative package amended the provisions of KRS 160.470 which prohibited school districts from levying ad valorem property taxes which would generate revenues in excess of 4% of the previous year's revenues without said levy subject to recall to permit exceptions to the referendum under (1) KRS 160.470(12) [a new section of the statute] and (2) an amended KRS 157.440.

Under KRS 160.470(12)(a) for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 school districts are required to levy a "minimum equivalent tax rate" of thirty cents (\$.30) for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes (including occupational or utilities) levied by the district for school purposes divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the State Revenue Cabinet. Failure to levy the minimum equivalent rate subjects the board of the district to removal.

The exception provided by KRS 157.440(1)(a) permits school districts to levy an equivalent tax rate as defined in KRS 160.470(12)(a) which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the program to support education excellence in Kentucky. Levies permitted by this section of the statute are not subject to public hearing or recall provisions as set forth in KRS 160.470(.12)(a)

*Local Thirty Cents Minimum.* Effective for school years beginning after June 30, 1990, the board of education of each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of thirty cents (\$0.30) for general school purposes. If a board fails to comply, its members shall be subject to removal from office for willful neglect of duty.

Additional 15% Not Subject to Recall. Effective with the school year beginning July 1, 1990, each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Effective with the 1990-91 school year, the State will equalize the revenue generated by this levy at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil equalized assessment. For 1993-94 and thereafter, this level is set at \$225,000. The additional 15% rate levy is not subject to the public hearing or recall provisions.

Assessment Valuation. No later than July 1, 1994, all real property located in the state and subject to local taxation shall be assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of fair cash value.

*Special Voted and Other Local Taxes.* Any district may, in addition to other taxes for school purposes, levy not less than four cents nor more than twenty cents on each one hundred dollars (\$100) valuation of property subject to local taxation, to provide a special fund for the purchase of sites for school buildings and the erection, major alteration, enlargement, and complete equipping of school buildings. In addition, districts may levy taxes on tangible and intangible property and on utilities, except generally any amounts of revenues generated above that provided for by House Bill 44 is subject to voter recall.

Tax Year	Combined Equivalent Rate	Total Property Assessment	Property Revenue Collections
2000-01	50.4	435,859,528	2,196,732
2001-02	51.2	456,902,234	2,339,339
2002-03	52.4	468,444,959	2,454,652
2003-04	52.4	481,358,879	2,522,321
2004-05	54.7	487,666,965	2,667,538
2005-06	58.1	512,190,056	2,975,824
2006-07	59.3	532,743,175	3,159,167
2007-08	58.1	567,426,429	3,296,748
2008-09	61.0	594,030,301	3,623,585
2009-10	61.0	603,928,133	3,683,962
2010-11	65.9	632,443,256	4,167,801
2011-12	65.4	637,892,673	4,171,818
2012-13	65.9	644,533,073	4,247,473
2013-14	69.0	655,222,946	4,521,038
2014-15	67.7	663,871,252	4,494,408
2015-16	70.0	684,669,293	4,792,685
2016-17	84.3	712,843,485	6,009,271
2017-18	71.9	735,269,658	5,286,589
2018-19	75.1	758,700,492	5,697,841
2019-20	74.1	798,453,579	5,916,541
2020-21	73.8	829,848,936	6,124,285

### Local Tax Rates, Property Assessments and Revenue Collections

# **Overlapping Bond Indebtedness**

The following table shows any other overlapping bond indebtedness of the Hart County School District or other issuing agency within the County as reported by the State Local Debt Officer for the period ending June 30, 2020.

	Original Principal	Amount of Bonds	Current Principal
Issuer	Amount	Redeemed	Outstanding
County of Hart			
General Obligation	\$4,090,000	\$1,105,000	\$2,985,000
Justice Center/AOC Project Revenue	\$18,605,000	\$6,645,000	\$11,960,000
City of Horse Cave			
Water Revenue	\$162,000	\$72,800	\$89,200
Improvement Project Revenue	\$500,000	\$62,500	\$437,500
City of Munfordville			
Water & Sewer Revenue	\$1,554,000	\$648,700	\$905,300
Totals:	\$24,911,000	\$8,534,000	\$16,377,000

Source: 2020 Kentucky Local Debt Report.

### **SEEK Allotment**

The Board has reported the following information as to the SEEK allotment to the District, and as provided by the State Department of Education. These receipts are compared to the 1989-90 fiscal year funding prior to enactment of the Kentucky Education Reform Act:

<u>QEEV</u>	Base	Local Tory Effect	Total State &
SEEK	Funding	Tax Effort	Local Funding
2000-01	8,277,508	2,196,732	10,474,240
2001-02	8,371,700	2,339,339	10,711,039
2002-03	8,930,478	2,454,652	11,385,130
2003-04	9,408,046	2,522,321	11,930,367
2004-05	9,789,308	2,667,538	12,456,846
2005-06	10,319,656	2,975,824	13,295,480
2006-07	10,332,745	3,159,167	13,491,912
2007-08	10,975,388	3,296,748	14,272,136
2008-09	11,070,002	3,623,585	14,693,587
2009-10	9,595,045	3,683,962	13,279,007
2010-11	9,330,347	4,167,801	13,498,148
2011-12	10,192,526	4,171,818	14,364,344
2012-13	10,541,984	4,247,473	14,789,457
2013-14	10,488,904	4,521,038	15,009,942
2014-15	10,674,080	4,494,408	15,168,488
2015-16	10,404,730	4,792,685	15,197,415
2016-17	10,549,182	6,009,271	16,558,453
2017-18	10,807,460	5,286,589	16,094,049
2018-19	10,865,601	5,697,841	16,563,442
2019-20	10,580,208	5,916,541	16,496,749
2020-21	10,008,125	6,124,285	16,132,410

- Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) replaces the minimum foundation program and power equalization funding. Capital Outlay is now computed at \$100 per average daily attendance (ADA). Capital Outlay is included in the SEEK base funding.
- (2) The Board established a current equivalent tax rate (CETR) of \$0.738 for FY 2020-21. The equivalent tax rate" is defined as the rate which results when the income from all taxes levied by the district for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Commonwealth of Kentucky Revenue Cabinet.

# **State Budgeting Process**

- i) Each district board of education is required to prepare a general school budget on forms prescribed and furnished by the Kentucky Board of Education, showing the amount of money needed for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay, and other necessary expenses of the school during the succeeding fiscal year and the estimated amount that will be received from all sources.
- ii) By September 15 of each year, after the district receives its tax assessment data from the Department of Revenue and the State Department of Education, 3 copies of the budget are forwarded to the State Department for approval or disapproval.
- iii) The State Department of Education has adopted a policy of disapproving a school budget if it is financially unsound or fails to provide for:
  - a) payment of maturing principal and interest on any outstanding voted school improvement bonds of the district or payment of rental in connection with any outstanding school building revenue bonds issued for the benefit of the school district; or
  - b) fails to comply with the law.

### POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

# **CONTINUING DISCLOSURE; EXEMPTION**

As a result of the Board and issuing agencies acting on behalf of the Board having outstanding at the time the Bonds referred to herein are offered for public sale municipal securities in excess of \$1,000,000, the Corporation and the Board will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of all parties who may become Registered or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds whereunder said Corporation and Board will agree to comply with the provisions of the Municipal Securities Disclosure Rules set forth in Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 by filing annual financial statements and material events notices with the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) System maintained by the Municipal Securities Rule Making Board.

The Board and Corporation have been timely in making required filings under the terms of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement for the past five years.

The Board and Corporation have been timely in making required filings under the terms of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement for the past five years.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Hart County School District Board of Education, 25 Quality Street, Munfordville, Kentucky 42765, Telephone 270-524-2631.

# TAX EXEMPTION; BANK QUALIFIED

Bond Counsel is of the opinion that:

(A) The Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.

(B) The interest income from the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law and will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of Federal income taxation.

(C) As a result of designations and certifications by the Board and the Corporation, indicating the issuance of less than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year ending December 31, 2022, the Bonds are "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

The Corporation will provide the purchaser the customary no-litigation certificate, and the final approving Legal Opinions of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel and Special Tax Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky approving the legality of the Bonds. These opinions will accompany the Bonds when delivered, without expense to the purchaser.

### **Original Issue Premium**

Certain of the Bonds are being initially offered and sold to the public at a premium ("Acquisition Premium" from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. "Acquisition Premium" is the excess of the cost of a bond over the stated redemption price of such bond at maturity or, for bonds that have one or more earlier call dates, the amount payable at the next earliest call date. The Bonds that bear an interest rate that is higher than the yield (as shown on the cover page hereof), are being initially offered and sold to the public at an Acquisition Premium (the "Premium Bonds"). For federal income tax purposes, the amount of Acquisition Premium on each bond the interest on which is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes ("tax-exempt bonds") must be amortized and will reduce the bondholder's adjusted basis in that bond. However, no amount of amortized Acquisition Premium on tax-exempt bonds may be deducted in determining bondholder's taxable income for federal income tax purposes. The amount of any Acquisition Premium paid on the Premium Bonds, or on any of the Bonds, that must be amortized during any period will be based on the "constant yield" method, using the original bondholder's basis in such bonds and compounding semiannually. This amount is amortized ratably over that semiannual period on a daily basis.

Holders of any Bonds, including any Premium Bonds, purchased at an Acquisition Premium should consult their own tax advisors as to the actual effect of such Acquisition Premium with respect to their own tax situation and as to the treatment of Acquisition Premium for state tax purposes.

# **Original Issue Discount**

Certain of the Bonds (the "Discount Bonds") are being initially offered and sold to the public at a discount ("OID") from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. OID is the excess of the stated redemption price of a bond at maturity (the face amount) over the "issue price" of such bond. The issue price is the initial offering price to the public (other than to bond houses, brokers or similar persons acting in the capacity of underwriters or wholesalers) at which a substantial amount of bonds of the same maturity are sold pursuant to that initial offering. For federal income tax purposes, OID on each bond will accrue over the term of the bond. The amount accrued will be based on a single rate of interest, compounded semiannually (the "yield to maturity") and, during each semi-annual period, the amount will accrue ratably on a daily basis. The OID accrued during the period that an initial purchaser of a Discount Bond at its issue price owns it is added to the purchaser's tax basis for purposes of determining gain or loss at the maturity, redemption, sale or other disposition of that Discount Bond. In practical effect, accrued OID is treated as stated interest, that is, as excludible from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

In addition, original issue discount that accrues in each year to an owner of a Discount Bond is included in the calculation of the distribution requirements of certain regulated investment companies and may result in some of the collateral federal income tax consequences discussed above. Consequently, owners of any Discount Bond should be aware that the accrual of original issue discount in each year may result in an alternative minimum tax liability, additional distribution requirements or other collateral federal income tax consequences although the owner of such Discount Bond has not received cash attributable to such original issue discount in such year.

Holders of Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the treatment of OID and the tax consequences of the purchase of such Discount Bonds other than at the issue price during the initial public offering and as to the treatment of OID for state tax purposes.

# COVID-19

The recent outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, which was first detected in China and has since spread to other countries, including the United States and the Commonwealth of Kentucky, has been declared a Pandemic by the World Health Organization. The outbreak of the disease has affected travel, commerce and financial markets globally and is widely expected to affect economic

growth worldwide. On March 13, 2020, President Donald Trump declared a national emergency to unlock federal funds to help states and local governments fight the pandemic.

While the collection of property taxes, which are a significant source of building fund revenue for the payment of principal and interest due on the bonds (see "LOCAL SUPPORT" herein) may be impacted by the COVID-19 emergency, the District does not expect the impact to be significant unless the economic hardship is long term. In addition, the Commonwealth of Kentucky revenues are also likely to be impacted by a long-term economic hardship caused by declining collections of sales taxes, wage taxes, income taxes, property taxes and other revenue sources. The impact of those declining revenue collections on state education funds (see "STATE SUPPORT" herein) is unknown. Although the potential impact of the virus on the Commonwealth and the Board of Education's future ability to make payments under the Lease cannot be predicted at this time, the continued spread of the outbreak could have a material adverse effect on the Board of Education and ultimately, the Corporation.

On March 24, 2020 the Governor of Kentucky signed Senate Bill 177 which provides relief to Kentucky School Districts in light of the Coronavirus emergency. Among other things, it removes the limits on the number of days that a district can utilize an approved Non-Traditional Instruction program ("NTI"). Senate Bill 177 also authorizes Kentucky Superintendents to use their school year 2018-2019 attendance data on their Superintendent's Annual Attendance Report. The report determines a district's average daily attendance used in calculating Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funds. On Friday, Dec. 18, 2020, Gov. Andy Beshear issued Executive Order No. 2020-1041 (EO 2020-1041), which outlines requirements and recommendations for the reopening of schools in January 2021. For more information on the Kentucky Department of Education's response to COVID 19, please see their website at https://education.ky.gov/comm/Pages/COVID-19-Updates.aspx.

# **ABSENCE OF MATERIAL LITIGATION**

There is no controversy or litigation of any nature now pending or threatened (i) restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the Board or Corporation taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof or (ii) which if successful would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Board.

### **APPROVAL OF LEGALITY**

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel. The form of the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel will appear on each printed Bond.

# NO LEGAL OPINION EXPRESSED AS TO CERTAIN MATTERS

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement describing the Bonds and the provisions of the Bond Resolution and related proceedings authorizing the Bonds, but Bond Counsel has not reviewed any of the financial data, computations, tabulations, balance sheets, financial projections, and general information concerning the Corporation or District, and expresses no opinion thereon, assumes no responsibility for same and has not undertaken independently to verify any information contained herein.

#### **BOND RATING**

As noted on the cover page of this Official Statement, Moody's Investors Service has given the Bonds the indicated rating. Such rating reflects only the respective views of such organization. Explanations of the significance of the rating may be obtained from the rating agency. There can be no assurance that such rating will be maintained for any given period of time or will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency, if in their judgement circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

#### MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

Prospective bidders are advised that RSA Advisors, LLC ("RSA") has been employed as Municipal Advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. RSA's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. Bidders may submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds at the time of the advertised public sale, either individually or as a member of a syndicate organized to submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds.

# **APPROVAL OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT**

The Corporation has approved and caused this "Official Statement" to be executed and delivered by its President. In making this "Official Statement" the Corporation relied upon information furnished to it by the Board of Education of the Hart County School District and does not assume any responsibility as to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Official Statement except as to copies of documents denominated "Official Terms and Conditions" and "Bid Form." The financial information supplied by the Board of Education is represented by the Board of Education to be correct. The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of Securities Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1) as qualified by the cover hereof.

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized by the Corporation, the Hart County Board of Education or the Municipal Advisor to give any information or representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. Except when otherwise indicated, the information set forth herein has been obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education and the Hart County School District and is believed to be reliable; however, such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation by the Municipal Advisor or by Counsel. The delivery of this Official Statement at any time does not imply that information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

This Official Statement does not, as of its date, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact which should be included herein for the purpose for which the Official Statement is to be used or which is necessary in order to make the statements contained herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading in any material respect.

> By<u>/s/</u> By<u>/s/</u> President

Secretary

# **APPENDIX A**

Hart County School District Finance Corporation Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds Series of 2022

**Demographic and Economic Data** 

### HART COUNTY, KENTUCKY

Munfordville is the county seat of Hart County. The city had a 2019 population of 1,625 persons. Munfordville is located 72 miles south of Louisville, Kentucky; 113 miles southwest of Lexington, Kentucky and 105 miles northeast of Nashville, Tennessee.

Hart County covers a land area of 418 square miles. The County had a 2019 population of 18,821 persons.

**The Economic Framework** - Wayne County has a labor force of 7,717 people with an unemployment rate of 4.3%. The total number of people employed in 2019 averaged 5,646. The top 5 jobs by occupation are as follows: office and administrative support - 816 (14.45%); executive managers and administrators - 761 (13.48%); production workers - 670 (11.87%); sales - 531 (9.4%); and education training/library - 376 (6.66%).

**Power and Fuel** - East Kentucky Power and Kentucky Utilities provide electric power to Munfordville and Hart County. Atmos Energy Corporation, Bluegrass Gas Sales, Inc. and LG&E provide natural gas service to Hart County.

# LABOR MARKET STATISTICS

The Munfordville Labor Market Area includes, Hart County and the adjoining Kentucky counties of Barren, Bullitt, Edmonson, Grayson, Green, Hardin, Larue, Metcalfe, Nelson and Warren.

### Population

Area	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Munfordville	1,647	1,657	1,625
Horse Cave	2,381	2,394	2,345
Hart County	18,762	18,906	18,821

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

# **Population Projections**

Area	<u>2025</u>	<u>2030</u>	<u>2035</u>
Hart County	18,836	18,935	18,955

Source: Kentucky State Data Center, University of Louisville and Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development.

# **EDUCATION**

#### **Public Schools**

	Hart County	<u>Caverna Ind.</u>
Total Enrollment (2020-21)	2,144	639
Pupil-Teacher Ratio	14 - 1	11 - 1

# **Vocational - Technical Schools**

<b>Institution</b>	Location	Enrollment <u>(2019-2020)</u>
Barren County ATC	Glasgow, KY	579
Green County ATC	Greensburg, KY	508
Grayson County Area Voc. Ed. Center	Leitchfield, KY	734
Warren ATC	Bowling Green, KY	165
Allen County AVEC	Scottsville, KY	494
Marion County ATC	Lebanon, KY	594
Monroe County ATC	Tompkinsville, KY	535
Breckinridge County ATC	Harned, KY	534
Nelson County ATC	Bardstown, KY	364
Butler County ATC	Morgantown, KY	267
Lake Cumberland ATC	Russell Springs, KY	569
Bullitt County ATC	Shepherdsville, KY	165
Meade County ATC	Brandenburg, KY	385
Casey County ATC	Liberty, KY	390
Ohio County ATC	Hartford, KY	464
Clinton County ATC	Albany, KY	394

# **Colleges and Universities**

-		Enrollment
<u>Institution</u>	Location	<u>(Fall 2018)</u>
Lindsey Wilson College	Columbia, KY	2,589
Campbellsville University	Campbellsville, KY	5,139
Western Kentucky University	Bowling Green, KY	19,456
Southcentral KY Community College	Bowling Green, KY	4,014
Elizabethtown Community College	Elizabethtown, KY	7,314

# FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

<b>Institution</b>	<b>Total Assets</b>	<u>Total Deposits</u>
Hart County Bank and Trust Company	\$25,898,000	\$19,580,000

Source: McFadden American Financial Directory, January-June 2020 Edition.

# **EXISTING INDUSTRY**

Firm	Product	Total Employed
Bonnieville:		<u> </u>
Interstate Hardwoods LLC	Kiln dried lumber & millwork	75
Oscarware Inc.	Disposable outdoor barbecue cookware	32
Horse Cave:		
Dart Container Corp of Kentucky	Disposable food service packaging solutions	1,503
Geothermal Supply Company Inc.	Fabricator and accessories manufacturer for the geothermal industry	18
Kentucky Chrome Works LLC	Decorative chrome plating on OEM aluminur alloy wheels	n 80
Sister Schubert's Homemade Rolls Inc.	Manufacture, package & distribute frozen rol	ls 170
T Marzetti Company	Salad dressing and sauce production facility	505

Source: Kentucky Directory of Manufacturers (2020).

# **APPENDIX B**

Hart County School District Finance Corporation Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds Series of 2022

Audited Financial Statement ending June 30, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Hart County School District Munfordville, Kentucky

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hart County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the accompanying table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor, considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness on the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Emphasis of a Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2021, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities,* Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period,* Statement 90, *Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61,* Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020 and* Statement 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

# Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 10, budgetary comparison information on pages 56 to 57 schedule of proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities on pages 58 to 62 and schedule of contributions on pages 63 to 67 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hart County School District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements, school schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements, school schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements, school schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated November 4, 2021, on our consideration of Hart County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hart County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heartland CPAr and admins, PLAC

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC Elizabethtown, Kentucky November 4, 2021 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# HART COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT – MUNFORDVILLE, KY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

The discussion and analysis of Hart County School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to review the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash balance for the District was \$5.1 million. The most significant cash balance was for the General Fund of \$3 million. The General Fund had \$2.3 million in cash at June 30, 2020.
- The General Fund had \$21.8 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), state on-behalf payments, property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding interfund transfers, there were \$20.6 million in expenditures.

# USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Capital assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 12 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The only fiduciary funds are agency funds for student education. The only proprietary fund is our food service fund. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 21 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 55 of this report.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$9.3 million at June 30, 2021.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, vehicles, equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

(Table 1)							
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government		
	<u>2021</u>	2020	2021	<u>2020</u>	2021	2020	
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 6,253,217 63,120,876	\$ 5,690,886 63,757,415	\$ 536,675 455,698	\$ 875,608 476,043	\$ 6,789,892 63,576,574	\$ 6,566,494 64,233,458	
Total Assets	69,374,093	69,448,301	992,373	1,351,651	70,366,466	70,799,952	
Deferred Outflows	3,537,660	3,015,677	535,715	472,823	4,073,375	3,488,500	
Long-term Debt Other Liabilities	55,385,138 4,086,941	57,378,587 4,829,824	2,117,511 16,905	1,811,843 1,154	57,502,649 4,103,846	59,190,430 4,830,978	
Total Liabilities	59,472,079	62,208,411	2,134,416	1,812,997	61,606,495	64,021,408	
Deferred Inflows	3,340,246	2,905,314	178,843	269,561	3,519,089	3,174,875	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	20,543,388	18,646,435	455,698	476,043	20,999,086	19,122,478	
Restricted	2,176,698	1,571,317			2,176,698	1,571,317	
Unrestricted	(12,620,658)	(12,867,499)	(1,240,869)	(734,127)	(13,861,527)	(13,601,626)	
Total Net Position	\$10,099,428	\$ 7,350,253	\$ (785,171)	\$ (258,084)	\$ 9,314,257	\$ 7,092,169	

#### Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2021 and 2020 (Table 1)

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

The District had \$1.1 million in additions to capital assets.

### **Comments on Budget Comparisons**

- The District's total governmental revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, net of interfund transfers were \$31.7 million.
- General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$5.7 million more than budget or approximately 36%. This is due to not budgeting on-behalf payments of \$5.9 million.
- The total cost of all governmental programs and services was \$30.7 million including debt service.
- General fund budget expenditures to actual varied significantly in Instruction and Other expenses. This resulted from not having to spend budgeted contingency funds and changes in on-behalf payments.

The following Table 2 presents a summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

(Table 2)

	Govern Activ	mental <i>i</i> ties	Busine: Activ			otal Government
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
REVENUES:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 159,350	\$ 21,229	\$ 9,076	\$ 85,199	\$ 168,426	\$ 106,428
Operating grants and						
contributions	5,312,117	4,263,292	1,180,567	2,226,788	6,492,684	6,490,080
Capital grants	3,895,348	4,154,174	-	-	3,895,348	4,154,174
General revenues:						
Property taxes	4,505,078	4,156,091	-	-	4,505,078	4,156,091
Motor vehicle taxes	569,664	513,466	-	-	569,664	513,466
Utility taxes	1,157,976	1,231,919	-	-	1,157,976	1,231,919
Revenue in lieu of taxes	90,536	99,431	-	-	90,536	99,431
Other taxes	30	-	-	-	30	-
Gain on disposal of capital assets	19,625	1,650	-	-	19,625	1,650
Investment earnings	59,285	50,243	852	845	60,137	51,088
State and formula grants	7,909,565	8,605,824	-	-	7,909,565	8,605,824
Miscellaneous	151,538	121,554			151,538	121,554
Total revenues	23,830,112	23,218,873	1,190,495	2,312,832	25,020,607	25,531,705
EXPENSES						
Program Activities						
Instruction	9,570,088	9,314,618	-	-	9,570,088	9,314,618
Student support	1,568,308	1,368,453	-	-	1,568,308	1,368,453
Instructional staff support	1,157,389	1,146,919	-	-	1,157,389	1,146,919
District administrative support	808,939	480,978	-	-	808,939	480,978
School administrative support	1,491,909	2,063,658	-	-	1,491,909	2,063,658
Business support	770,590	732,745	-	-	770,590	732,745
Plant operation and maintenance	2,635,303	2,421,519	-	-	2,635,303	2,421,519
Student transportation	1,477,824	1,814,972	-	-	1,477,824	1,814,972
Community service activities	241,583	226,783	-	-	241,583	226,783
Other	219,680	155,887	-	-	219,680	155,887
Interest costs	1,385,605	1,450,853	-	-	1,385,605	1,450,853
Business-type Activities:						
Food service			1,622,884	2,045,110	1,622,884	2,045,110
Total expenses	21,327,218	21,177,385	1,622,884	2,045,110	22,950,102	23,222,495
Transfers	94,698	88,604	(94,698)	(88,604)		
Change in net position	\$ 2,597,592	\$ 2,130,092	\$ (527,087)	\$ 179,118	\$ 2,070,505	\$ 2,309,210

# **Governmental Activities**

Instruction comprises 45% of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses make up 46% of government expenses. The remaining expense for community services, interest and other items accounts for the remaining 9% of total government expense.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

		(Table 3) nmental Activities of Services	Net Cost o	f Services
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Instruction	\$ 9,570,088	\$ 9,314,618	\$ 4,669,945	\$ 5,601,038
Support Services	9,910,262	10,029,244	9,608,543	9,723,616
Community services	241,583	226,783	17,335	8,482
Facilities acquistion	-	-	(1,691,067)	(1,949,893)
Other	219,680	155,887	174,323	108,875
Interest costs	1,385,605	1,450,853	(818,676)	(753,428)
Total Expenses	\$21,327,218	\$21,177,385	\$ 11,960,403	\$12,738,690

## **Business-Type Activities**

The business-type activities include the food service operation. This program had total revenues of \$1.2 million and expenses of \$1.6 million for fiscal year 2021. Of the revenues, \$9 thousand was charges for services, \$1.18 million was from State and Federal grants and \$852 was from investment earnings. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity. If it becomes necessary, the School District will increase the charges for this activity.

## The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$35.5 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$34.3 million. Net changes in fund balances for the year were most significant in the General Fund and Construction Fund.

## General Fund-Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process.

For the General Fund, revenues were budgeted at \$16.1 million with actual amounts of \$21.8 million. Budgeted expenditures of \$18.3 million compare with actual expenditures of \$20.6 million.

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2021 the School District had \$63.6 million invested in land, buildings and equipment, and \$63.1 million in governmental activities. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2021 and 2020 balances.

#### (Table 4) Capital Assets at June 30, 2021 and 2020 (Net of Depreciation)

	Govern Activ	imental <i>i</i> ities	Busines Activ		Total Primary Government			
	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>		
Land and land improvements	\$ 1,070,755	\$ 1,078,377	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,070,755	\$ 1,078,377		
Construction in progress	2,375,631	1,441,313	-	-	2,375,631	1,441,313		
Buildings and improvements	57,870,502	59,362,440	439,770	455,476	58,310,272	59,817,916		
Technology	479,029	625,621	-	-	479,029	625,621		
Vehicles	666,926	549,422	16,384	20,567	683,310	569,989		
General equipment	658,033	700,242	(456)		657,577	700,242		
Total	\$63,120,876	\$63,757,415	\$ 455,698	\$476,043	\$63,576,574	\$64,233,458		

Table 5 shows changes in capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

	Govern Activ	mental <i>i</i> ties	Busines Activ		Total Primary Government			
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>		
Beginning balance	\$63,757,415	\$61,599,918	\$476,043	\$476,636	\$64,233,458	\$62,076,554		
Additions	1,150,186	40,104,902	-	20,916	1,150,186	40,125,818		
Retirements	-	(36,358,358)	-	-	-	(36,358,358)		
Depreciation	(1,786,725)	(1,589,047)	(20,345)	(21,509)	(1,807,070)	(1,610,556)		
Ending balance	\$63,120,876	\$63,757,415	\$ 455,698	\$476,043	\$63,576,574	\$64,233,458		

#### Debt

At June 30, 2021, the School District had \$42.8 million in bonds outstanding, of this amount \$22 million is to be paid from the KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$2.6 million is due within one year. The District refunded the 2011 revenue bonds during the fiscal year.

## **District Challenges for the Future**

Hart County School District's financial status has improved in the last fiscal year. However, as we look forward, we expect the long-term effects of COVID-19 and the national economic climate to have an impact on our District.

The District is experiencing increased personnel costs associated with COVID-19; special needs programs that have not been funded through state or federal programs. In addition, retirement costs of TRS and CERS continue to increase.

Most costs associated with growth have, in the past, been offset due to increased student enrollment producing additional state funding, and continued increases in business and residential property subject to tax within the School District. As the average service time of employees continues to increase and shift toward a more experienced staff, however, costs will continue to increase. Our property tax base continues to grow; however our School District, like all Kentucky School Districts, is limited to a 4% annual growth in property tax revenue on existing property.

With careful planning and monitoring of our finances, Hart County Schools' goal is to continue to provide a quality education for our students and a secure financial future for the School District.

## Future Budgetary Implications

In Kentucky, the public schools fiscal year is July 1 - June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2021 – 2022 with a 5.9% contingency. Significant Board action that impacts the finances includes pay increases for all employees, additional spending for facility repairs outside of bonded building and renovation projects, and continued funding of Board initiatives.

## **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any question about this report or need additional information contact Chris Russell, Finance Director, 25 Quality Street, Munfordville, Kentucky 42765, (270) 524-2631.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

June 30, 2021						
			E	Business-		
Assets	Governmental Activities			Type Activities		Total
		Adimics		-letivities		Total
Cash and each equivalents	\$	4 760 592	\$	336.985	\$	5 106 567
Cash and cash equivalents Inventory	Φ	4,769,582	φ	47,027	Φ	5,106,567 47,027
Receivables:				47,027		47,027
Taxes-current		137,551				137,551
Taxes-delinquent		25,367				25,367
Other receivables		490,067				490,067
Intergovernmental-State		47,941				47,941
Intergovernmental-Indirect Federal		782,709		152,663		935,372
Total Current Assets		6,253,217		536,675		6,789,892
Noncurrent Assets						
Non-depreciable capital assets		3,324,426				3,324,426
Depreciable capital assets, net of						
accumulated depreciation		59,796,450		455,698		60,252,148
Total Noncurrent Assets		63,120,876		455,698		63,576,574
Total Assets		69,374,093		992,373		70,366,466
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred amount on debt refundings		200,984				200,984
CERS Pension		1,489,973		299,661		1,789,634
CERS OPEB		1,173,703		236,054		1,409,757
TRS MIF OPEB		673,000				673,000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,537,660		535,715		4,073,375
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable		155,737		16,905		172,642
Accrued payroll and related expenses		35,436		10,000		35,436
Unearned revenue		619,911				619,911
Bond obligations		2,632,668				2,632,668
Capital leases		54,218				54,218
Compensated absences		351,797				351,797
Interest payable		237,174				237,174
Total Current Liabilities		4,086,941		16,905		4,103,846
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Bond obligations		39,686,171				39,686,171
Capital leases		204,431				204,431
Net pension liability - CERS		8,004,854		1,609,924		9,614,778
Net OPEB liability - CERS		2,523,822		507,587		3,031,409
Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF		4,145,000				4,145,000
Compensated absences		820,860				820,860
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		55,385,138		2,117,511		57,502,649
Total Liabilities		59,472,079		2,134,416		61,606,495
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
CERS Pension		313,604		63,071		376,675
CERS OPEB		575,642		115,772		691,414
TRS MIF OPEB		2,451,000				2,451,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,340,246		178,843		3,519,089
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		20,543,388		455,698		20,999,086
Restricted		2,176,698				2,176,698
Unrestricted		(12,620,658)		(1,240,869)		(13,861,527)
Total Net Position	\$	10,099,428	\$	(785,171)	\$	9,314,257

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2021			Program Rev	venues		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position					
	Expenses	Charges For Services	Operating Grants & Contributions		Capital Grants & Contributions	Governmental Activities	Bus T	iness- ype ivities	Total		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities:											
Instruction	\$ 9,570,088	\$ 159,350	\$ 4,740,793	\$	-	\$ (4,669,945)	\$	-	\$ (4,669,945)		
Support services: Student	1,568,308		76,733			(1,491,575)			(1,491,575)		
Instruction staff	1,157,389		146,494			(1,010,895)			(1,010,895)		
District administrative	808,939		140,404			(808,939)			(808,939)		
School administrative	1,491,909					(1,491,909)			(1,491,909)		
Business	770,590					(770,590)			(770,590)		
Plant operation and maintenance	2,635,303		10,767			(2,624,536)			(2,624,536)		
Student transportation	1,477,824		67,725			(1,410,099)			(1,410,099)		
Community service activities	241,583		224,248			(17,335)			(17,335)		
Facility acquisition and construction	040.000		45.057		1,691,067	1,691,067			1,691,067		
Other	219,680		45,357		0.004.004	(174,323)			(174,323)		
Interest on long-term debt	1,385,605	 			2,204,281	818,676			818,676		
Total Governmental Activities	21,327,218	159,350	5,312,117		3,895,348	(11,960,403)		-	(11,960,403)		
Business-Type Activities:											
Food service	1,622,884	 9,076	1,180,567				(	433,241)	(433,241)		
Total Business-Type Activities	1,622,884	9,076	1,180,567		-		(	433,241)	(433,241)		
Total Primary Government	\$ 22,950,102	\$ 168,426	\$ 6,492,684	\$	3,895,348	(11,960,403)	(	433,241)	(12,393,644)		
			General Reven	ues:							
			Taxes:								
			Property taxe			4,505,078			4,505,078		
			Motor vehicle Utility taxes	laxes		569,664 1,157,976			569,664 1,157,976		
			Other			30			30		
			Revenue in li	eu of ta	axes	90,536			90,536		
			Investment ea			59,285		852	60,137		
				0		10,005			40,005		

Net position - ending

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Total general revenues and transfers

Net position - beginning, as restated

State and formula grants

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Restatement

19,625

7,909,565

14,557,995

2,597,592

7,350,253

7,501,836

\$ 10,099,428

151,583

151,538

94,698

19,625

7,909,565

14,464,149

2,070,505

7,092,169

151,583

7,243,752

\$ 9,314,257

(94,698)

(93,846)

(527,087)

(258,084)

(258,084)

\$ (785,171)

151,538

-

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## BALANCE SHEET

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021

	General Fund	I	Special Revenue Fund	FSPK Fund	Co	nstruction Fund	Debt Service Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Gc	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:													
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 3,003,337	\$	79,012	\$ 852,205	\$	383,111	\$	-	\$	451,917	\$	4,769,582	
Taxes - current Taxes - delinquent	137,551 25,367											137,551 25,367	
Other receivables Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	45,108		461 47,941 782,709			442,348				2,150		490,067 47,941 782,709	
Due from other funds	129,791		762,709	 								129,791	
Total Assets	\$ 3,341,154	\$	910,123	\$ 852,205	\$	825,459	\$	-	\$	454,067	\$	6,383,008	
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities													
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related expenses Due to other funds	\$ 41,426 35,436	\$	99,482 129,791	\$ -	\$	7,391	\$	-	\$	7,438	\$	155,737 35,436 129,791	
Unearned revenue			619,911	 								619,911	
Total Liabilities	76,862		849,184	-		7,391		-		7,438		940,875	
Fund Balances													
Restricted Committed	157,143		60,939	852,205		818,068				446,629		2,177,841 157,143	
Assigned Unassigned	37,704 3,069,445											37,704 3,069,445	
Total Fund Balances	3,264,292		60,939	 852,205		818,068		-		446,629		5,442,133	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,341,154	\$	910,123	\$ 852,205	\$	825,459	\$	-	\$	454,067	\$	6,383,008	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

Total fund balance per fund financial statements	\$ 5,442,133
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	63,120,876
Governmental funds do not record deferred outflows of resources for pensions and OPEB but those are reported in the statement of net position as as deferred outflows of resources.	3,336,676
Governmental funds record debt refundings as other financiing uses when the issues are refunded. Unamortized losses on refundings are reported on the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources.	200,984
Governmental funds do not record deferred inflows of resources for pensions and OPEB but those are reported on the statement of net position as deferred inflows of resources.	(3,340,246)
Certain liabilities are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the statement of net position:	
Bonds payable (net of discounts/premiums) Capital leases payable Interest payable Compensated absences Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF	(42,318,839) (258,649) (237,174) (1,172,657) (8,004,854) (2,523,822) (4,145,000)
Net position for governmental activities	\$ 10,099,428

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund	FSPK Fund	Constructior Fund		Debt Service Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues: From local sources: Taxes:												
Property Motor vehicle Utilities Other Revenue in lieu of taxes	\$ 3,675,230 569,664 1,157,973 30 90,536	\$	-	\$ 829,848	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,505,078 569,664 1,157,973 30 90,536
Earnings on investments Other local revenues Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	 52,216 151,538 15,827,664 259,143		68,639 1,349,044 3,623,922	 1,010,570		7,069 479,578	2,20	)4,281		159,350 200,997		59,285 859,105 20,592,556 3,883,065
Total Revenues	21,783,994	!	5,041,605	1,840,418		486,647	2,20	04,281		360,347		31,717,292
Expenditures: Instruction	11,413,200		4,470,483							28,416		15,912,099
Support services: Student Instruction staff District administrative School administrative	1,476,158 993,354 754,469 1,410,194		76,733 146,494							540		1,552,891 1,140,388 754,469 1,410,194
Business Plant operation and maintenance Student transportation Community service activities	707,967 2,327,189 1,394,222 5,500		10,767 67,725 224,248									718,734 2,394,914 1,394,222 229,748
Other non-instruction Facilities acquisition and construction Bond issuance costs Debt service:	106,450		45,357			1,000,820	2	27,409		133,577		285,384 1,000,820 27,409
Principal Interest	 			 			,	35,000 96,464				2,535,000 1,296,464
Total Expenditures	 20,588,703	!	5,041,807	 		1,000,820	3,85	58,873		162,533		30,652,736
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	1,195,291		(202)	1,840,418		(514,173)	(1,65	54,592)		197,814		1,064,556
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Bond proceeds from refunding bonds Payments to refunded escrow agent	19,625						,	50,000 19,547)				19,625 1,450,000 (1,419,547)
Transfers in Transfers out	 94,698 (555,223)		42,193	 (1,624,139)		513,030		24,139		45,545 (45,545)		2,319,605 (2,224,907)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (440,900)		42,193	 (1,624,139)		513,030	1,65	54,592				144,776
Change in Fund Balances	754,391		41,991	216,279		(1,143)		-		197,814		1,209,332
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	2,509,901		18,948	635,926		819,211		-		97,232		4,081,218
Restatement	 			 						151,583		151,583
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020, as restated	 2,509,901		18,948	 635,926		819,211		-		248,815		4,232,801
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 3,264,292	\$	60,939	\$ 852,205	\$	818,068	\$	-	\$	446,629	\$	5,442,133

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements	\$	1,209,332
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays for the year.		(636,539)
The proceeds for the issuance of bonds provide current financial resources and are reported in this fund financial statement but they are presented as liabilities in the statement of net position.		3,044
Bond payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	•	2,571,555
Capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.		56,556
The difference between actuarial pension and OPEB contributions to and actual contributions made are recorded as adjustments in the statement of activities.		(445,374)
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.		(160,982)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	2,597,592

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2021

June 30, 2021	 Food Service Fund
Assets	
<u>Current Assets</u> Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal Inventory	\$ 336,985 152,663 47,027
Total Current Assets	536,675
<u>Noncurrent Assets</u> Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 455,698
Total Noncurrent Assets	 455,698
Total Assets	 992,373
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
CERS Pension CERS OPEB	 299,661 236,054
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 535,715
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities Accounts payable	 16,905
Total Current Liabilities	16,905
<u>Noncurrent Liabilities</u> Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - CERS	 1,609,924 507,587
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 2,117,511
Total Liabilities	 2,134,416
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
CERS Pension CERS OPEB	 63,071 115,772
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 178,843
<u>Net Position</u> Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	 455,698 (1,240,869)
Total Net Position	\$ (785,171)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Food Service Fund
Operating Revenues: Lunchroom sales Other operating revenues	\$ 7,651 1,425
Total Operating Revenues	9,076
<b>Operating Expenses:</b> Salaries and wages Materials and supplies Depreciation Other operating expenses	 1,037,246 515,796 20,345 49,497
Total Operating Expenses	1,622,884
Operating loss	(1,613,808)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Federal grants Donated commodities State on-behalf payments State grants Interest income	939,416 94,644 132,556 13,951 852
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) before Transfers	 1,181,419
Transfers out	 (94,698)
Change in net position	(527,087)
Net Position, July 1, 2020	 (258,084)
Net Position June 30, 2021	\$ (785,171)

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021	5 . I.O
	Food Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash received from: Lunchroom sales	\$ 7,651
Other operating activities	1,425
Cash paid to/for:	
Employees	(752,632)
Supplies Other activities	(374,004) (49,497)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(1,167,057)
Cash flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities	
Federal grants	911,513
State grants Transfers out	13,951
	(94,698)
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities	830,766
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Receipt of interest income	852
Net Cash Provided by Investing Financing Activities	852
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(335,439)
Balances, beginning of year	672,424
Balances, end of year	\$ 336,985
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash	
used by operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (1,613,808)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used	
by operating activities: Depreciation	20,345
State on-behalf payments	132,556
Donated commodities	94,644
GASB 68 pension expense	124,995
GASB 75 OPEB expense Change in assets and liabilities:	27,063
Inventory	31,397
Accounts payable	15,751
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (1,167,057)
Schedule of non-cash transactions:	<b>A A A A A A A A A A</b>
Donated commodities received from federal government	\$ 94,644
State on-behalf payments	\$ 132,556
	\$ 124,995
CERS OPEB	\$ 27,063

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2021

	Private Purpos Trust Funds				
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	42,643			
Total Assets	\$	42,643			
Net Position	\$	42,643			

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Private <sup>D</sup> urpose Trust Funds
Additions Donations Net interest and investment gains (losses)	\$ 20,000 34
Deductions Scholarships paid	 20,034 -
Change in net position	20,034
Net Position, July 1, 2020	 22,609
Net Position, June 30, 2021	\$ 42,643

NOTES TO THE BASIC STATEMENTS

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Hart County School District (the "District") have been prepared to conform with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## A. <u>REPORTING ENTITY</u>

The Hart County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Hart County School District. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies, which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

For financial reporting purposes, the accompanying financial statements include all of the operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity, as well as legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria. In accordance with GASB 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units", the criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity involve those cases where the District or its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the District or the nature and significance of the relationship between the District and the organization is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. Applying this definition, District management has determined that the component unit reportable within the accompanying financial statements is the Hart County School District Finance Corporation, (the "Corporation"). The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

<u>Blended Component Unit - Hart County School District Finance Corporation</u> – In a prior year, the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Hart County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors. Therefore, the financial activities of the Corporation have been blended (reported as if it were part of the District) with those of the District. The Corporation does not publish individual component unit financial statements.

## B. <u>MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT</u> <u>PRESENTATION</u>

## Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for Fiduciary Funds.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the District at year-end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

## Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The Governmental Funds are accounted for on the "flow of current financial resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus is based on the concept of accountability, which includes measuring interperiod equity whether current year revenues were sufficient to pay for current year services. The Proprietary Funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. Accordingly, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position for the Proprietary Funds reports increases and decreases in total economic net worth. The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

## Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most District functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial resources rather than upon determination of net income. The following are the District's Governmental Funds:

(A) The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

- (B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.
- (C) The District Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and is used to account for funds received at the District level.
- (D) The School Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the <u>Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity</u> <u>Funds</u>.
- (E) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).
  - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
  - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a major fund of the District.
  - 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.
- (E) The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and for the payment of interest on notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

## Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities, which are operated and financed in a manner similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon the determination of net income. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include salaries, benefits, supplies and other items. All items not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District has one Proprietary Fund.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA and for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky. This is a major fund of the District.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District on behalf of outside related organizations or on behalf of other funds within the District.

The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. Revenues consist of donations and interest income. Expenditures represent scholarships.

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

#### Modified Accrual

Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both available and measurable. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include ad valorem taxes, reimbursable-type grants and interest on investments. The District considers all revenues (with the exception of the expenditure-driven grants) as available if they are collected within sixty (60) days after year-end. The expenditure driven grants are considered available if received within one year from the balance sheet date. Property tax revenue is recognized when taxes are received, except at year end when revenue is recognized for taxes received by the District within sixty (60) days subsequent to fiscal year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred. However, exceptions include the amount of unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, claims and judgments and certain prepaids which are recognized when due/paid.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to revenues from Federal and State sources, the legal contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before the District will receive any amounts; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the occurrence of expenditures. In the other type, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed legal and contractual requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. In all cases, monies received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as unearned revenue.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

## Accrual

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

#### Revenue Recognition

State Revenue Sources - Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily from the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK"), administered by the Kentucky Department of Education ("KDE"). The District files reports on average daily attendance ("ADA") student membership with the KDE. The KDE accumulates information from these reports and calculates the allocation of SEEK funds to the District. After review and verification of ADA reports and supporting documentation, the KDE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of SEEK funding. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the reduction is made, as amounts are not significant.

Property Taxes - On an accrual basis, property tax revenue anticipated to be collected is recognized in the fiscal year for which it is levied. Delinquent taxes collected in subsequent periods are recognized as revenue during the fiscal year in which they are received.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## C. BUDGETARY POLICIES

#### Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

## D. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to reserve a portion of an applicable appropriation, is utilized for budgetary control purposes. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures, and accordingly, amounts assigned for encumbrances at the governmental fund level indicate that portion of the fund balance segregated for expenditure upon vendor performance.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

## E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are considered to be demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

#### F. INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market. The food service fund uses the specific identification method and the general fund uses the first-in, first-out method. The District's inventories include various items consisting of school supplies, paper, books, maintenance items, transportation items, commodities, etc. USDA commodities received from the Federal government are recorded at the value established by the Federal government using the average cost method.

#### G. PREPAID ITEMS

Expenditures for insurance and similar services extending over more than one accounting period are allocated between or among accounting periods in the governmental funds. There were no prepaid items at June 30, 2021.

## H. CAPITAL ASSETS

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds. All capital assets greater than \$5,000 are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets' life are not. All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
General equipment	5-15 years
Food service equipment	5-12 years

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

## I. LONG-TERM DEBT

In the fund-level financial statements, governmental funds report the face amount of debt issued, as well as any premiums (discounts) as other financing sources (uses). Debt issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures. In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums/discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds while deferred loss on advance refundings are amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded bonds or the life of the new bonds both in a systematic and rational method, which approximates the effective-interest method.

## J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are payments to employees for accumulated sick leave. These amounts also include the related employer's share of applicable taxes and retirement contributions. District employees may accumulate unused sick leave up to a specified amount depending on their date of hire. Sick leave is payable to employees upon termination or retirement at 30% of the current rate of pay on the date of termination or retirement. The District uses the termination method to calculate the compensated absences amounts. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. An expenditure is recognized in the governmental fund as payments come due each period, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences not recorded at the fund level represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

## K. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## L. PENSION AND OPEB PLANS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System Kentucky (TRS) and County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's and CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS and CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

## M. NET POSITION

Net position is divided into three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.
- Restricted net position consist of net position that is restricted by the District's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by grantors (federal, state and local) and by other contributors.
- 3. Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

## N. IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

#### Recently Issued And Adopted Accounting Principles

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement was effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements. The district now reports school activity funds as a Special Revenue Fund.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. There was no effect on the financial statements from adopting this standard.

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement 90, *Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. There was no effect on the financial statements from adopting this standard.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In January 2020, the GASB Issued Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2020, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95 There was no effect on the financial statements from adopting this standard.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates.* This statement is effective, except for paragraphs 11b, 13, and 14 for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The requirement in paragraph 11b is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. The requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 are effective for fiscal years periods beginning after June 15, 2021. These dates were delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. There was no effect on the financial statements from adopting this standard.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CCONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

## Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement 87, *Leases*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by eighteen months with the issuance of GASB 95. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements.* This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. This statement was effective upon issuance. For the postponement dates, see individual standard descriptions.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The requirements in (1) paragraph 4 of the Statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans and (2) paragraph 5 of the Statement are effective immediately. The requirements in paragraphs 6–9 of the Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements of the Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.* 

## NOTE 2 – PROPERTY TAXES

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – Property taxes are normally levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund. The usual collection date is the period from November 1 through December 31. Property tax bills paid prior to December 1 receive a two percent discount. Property taxes received after December 31, are considered to be delinquent and the County Attorney can file a lien against the property.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2021, to finance operations were \$606 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.606 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.551 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles. The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

## <u>Deposits</u>

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities. At June 30, 2021, \$5,917,235 of the District's bank balance of \$6,167,235 was exposed to custodial credit risk. The bank balance not covered by depository insurance was collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution.

## NOTE 4 – INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

The following transfers were made during the year:

## **Fund Financial Statements**

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	A	mount
General	Special Revenue	Technology Match	\$	42,193
General	Construction	Construction		513,030
Nonmajor Governmental	Nonmajor Governmental	Operations		45,545
FSPK	Debt Service	Debt Payments	1	,624,139
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs		94,698
			\$ 2	,319,605
Government-wide Fina	ncial Statements			
From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	A	mount
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	\$	94,698

At June 30, 2021 the Special Revenue Fund owed the General Fund \$129,791 for expenditures paid by the General Fund for the Special Revenue Fund.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

# NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	J	uly 1, 2020	Additions	Dedu	uctions	Ju	ne 30, 2021
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	948,795	\$ -	\$	-	\$	948,795
Construction in progress		1,441,313	934,318				2,375,631
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		2,390,108	934,318		-		3,324,426
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Land improvements		152,449					152,449
Buildings and improvements		75,862,358					75,862,358
Technology equipment		3,376,239					3,376,239
Vehicles		4,176,865	215,868				4,392,733
General equipment		1,765,822					1,765,822
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
at Historical Cost		85,333,733	215,868		-		85,549,601
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Land improvements		22,867.00	7,622				30,489
Buildings and improvements		16,499,918	1,491,938				17,991,856
Technology equipment		2,750,618	146,592				2,897,210
Vehicles		3,627,443	98,364				3,725,807
General equipment		1,065,580	42,209				1,107,789
Total accumulated depreciation		23,966,426	1,786,725		-		25,753,151
Total Other Capital Assets, net		61,367,307	(1,570,857)		-		59,796,450
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets - Net	\$	63,757,415	\$ (636,539)	\$	-	\$	63,120,876

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Function	Amount
Instruction	\$ 1,678,480
Student support	104
Instructional staff	200
School administration	195
Business support	27,035
Plant	2,000
Transportation	 78,711
	\$ 1,786,725

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Business-Type Activities	Ju	uly 1, 2020	Additions	D	eductions	Ju	ne 30, 2021
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	1,006,305	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,006,305
Technology equipment		10,487					10,487
Vehicles		20,916					20,916
Food service equipment		482,789					482,789
Totals at historical cost		1,520,497	-		-		1,520,497
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Buildings and improvements		550,829	15,706				566,535
Technology equipment		10,487					10,487
Vehicles		349	4,183				4,532
Food service equipment		482,789	456				483,245
Total accumulated depreciation		1,044,454	20,345		-		1,064,799
Business-Type Activities							
Capital Assets - Net	\$	476,043	\$ (20,345)	\$	-	\$	455,698

## NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions and general liability coverage. The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	July 1, 2020	Ad	ditions	F	Reductions	Jun	ne 30, 2021	Due V	Vithin 1 Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds and Leases Payable:									
Revenue bonds Capital leases	\$ 45,269,382 315,205	\$ 1	,450,000	\$	(3,961,555) (56,556)	\$ 4	42,757,827 258,649	\$	2,632,668 54,218
	45,584,587	1	,450,000		(4,018,111)	4	43,016,476		2,686,886
Less Discounts and Premiums	(473,607)				34,619		(438,988)		
Total Bonds and Leases Payable	45,110,980	1	,450,000		(3,983,492)	4	42,577,488		2,686,886
Other Liabilities:	4 404 044		05 704				4 470 057		054 303
Compensated absences	1,134,314		95,784		(57,441)		1,172,657		351,797
Total Other Liabilities	1,134,314		95,784		(57,441)		1,172,657		351,797
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 46,245,294	\$ 1	,545,784	\$	(4,040,933)	\$ 4	43,750,145	\$	3,038,683

The debt service fund is primarily responsible for paying the bond obligations through funding from the capital outlay and FSPK funds. The general fund is primarily responsible for paying compensated absences.

#### **Bond Liabilities**

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Proceeds		Rate
2011R	\$	1,435,000	2.30% - 4.60%
2013R		2,540,000	2.00% - 2.35%
2014		360,644	2.00% - 3.25%
2015		3,335,000	2.00% - 3.125%
2016		2,870,000	2.00% - 3.625%
2017		30,060,000	2.00% - 3.50%
2020		2,130,000	2.00% - 2.75%
2021		1,450,000	1.00%

On January 6, 2021, the District issued \$1,450,000 in Refunding Revenue Bonds with an interest rate of 1.00 percent to advance refund \$1,390,000 of outstanding 2011 Revenue Bonds. The refunding was an advance refunding. The net proceeds of \$1,419,547 (after \$27,409 in cost of issuance, \$6,165 in bond discount and \$3,044 in excess cash which was deposited in the debt service fund) were used to purchase U.S. Government securities. These securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust to call the bonds. The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$29,547. This difference, reported in the accompanying government-wide financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through the year 2031 using the straight-line method. The District completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 10 years by \$332,981 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$309,871.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES – CONTINUED

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Hart County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The District has "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2021, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest		Participation	Di	strict's Portion
2022	\$ 2,632,668	\$ 1,228,333	\$	2,204,281	\$	1,656,720
2023	2,698,816	1,171,686		2,204,281		1,666,221
2024	2,725,023	1,102,953		2,174,349		1,653,627
2025	2,796,320	1,036,104		2,174,323		1,658,101
2026	2,830,000	965,600		2,174,323		1,621,277
2027-2031	11,855,000	3,846,506		7,769,071		7,932,435
2032-2036	13,815,000	2,004,569		7,758,047		8,061,522
2037-2040	 3,405,000	139,168		1,352,995		2,191,173
	\$ 42,757,827	\$ 11,494,919	\$	27,811,670	\$	26,441,076

Capital Lease Liabilities

The following is an analysis of the leased property under capital lease by class:

#### Classes of Property

Buses Gross amount of assets \$ 554,438

These assets are included in depreciable capital assets and depreciated in the statement of activities.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES – CONTINUED

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

Description	Year	Amount
	2022	\$ 60,802
	2023	60,817
	2024	43,114
	2025	41,405
	2025	38,182
	2027-2028	 36,335
Total minimum lease payments		280,655
Less: Amount representing interest		 (22,006)
Present Value of Net Minimum		
Lease Payments		\$ 258,649

#### **NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS**

#### Plan Descriptions

The Hart County School District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes certified employees and the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes all other employees, both of which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. TRS, which qualifies as a special funding situation under GASB 68, and CERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. TRS is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Under the provisions of KRS Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KERS) administers the CERS. The TRS and CERS issue a publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. TRS' report may be obtained at www.trs.ky.gov.

## TRS

**Benefits Provided** 

For Members Before July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete twenty-seven (27) years of Kentucky service.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service. The System also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of sixty percent (60%) of the final average salary. Cost of living increases are one and one-half percent (1.5%) annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

## For Members On or After July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age sixty (60) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete twenty-seven (27) years of Kentucky service, or
- 3.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete ten (10) years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) two and three tenths percent (2.3%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) two and one half percent (2.5%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) three percent (3.0%) of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The annual retirement allowance for university members is equal to: (a) one and one-half percent (1.5%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) one and eighty five hundredths percent (1.85%) of final average salary for each year of credited service is greater than 20 years but less than 27 years; (d) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service is greater than or equal to 27 years.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

#### Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. The State contributes 100 percent of school districts' contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined. Employees are required to contribute 12.855 percent of their annual salary. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 13.105 percent of salaries for members in the plan before July 1, 2008 and 14.105 percent of salaries for members who started their account after June 30, 2008. The District made no contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2021. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported no net pension liability because it did not have a proportionate share of the net pension liability. There was no amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The related State share of the net pension liability was \$43,126,313.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .3043 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of negative \$4,785,238 and revenue of negative \$4,785,238 (\$3,121,567 in the governmental funds and negative \$7,906,805 in government-wide activities) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to TRS.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.50 – 7.30 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study prepared for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015, submitted to and adopted by the Board on November r 19, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
	100/			
U.S. Equity	40%	4.6%		
International Equity	, 22%	5.6%		
Fixed Income	15%	0.0%		
Other	7%	2.5%		
Real Estate	7%	4.3%		
Private Equity	7%	7.7%		
Cash	2%	-0.5%		
	100%			

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. It was assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The District has no proportional share of the net pension liability. The following presents the sensitivity of the System's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

1% Decrease (6.50%) Current Discount Rate (7.50%) 1% Increase (8.50%)

System's net pension liability							
(in thousands)	\$	18,868,453 \$	14,835,040	\$	11,439,108		

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

## NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, which has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan, is available in the separately issued TRS financial report. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching contributions are recognized in the fiscal year due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

## CERS

## Benefits Provided

The system provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of members under certain circumstances. Prior to July 1, 2009, cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) were provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. Effective July 1, 2009, and on July 1 of each year thereafter through June 30, 2014, the COLA is limited to 1.5% provided the recipient has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA. If the recipient has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA, the increase shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis for each month the recipient has not been receiving benefits in the 12 months preceding the effective date of the COLA. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce the COLA if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. No COLA has been granted since July 1, 2011.

The Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The Total Pension liability as of June 30, 2020, was determined using these updated assumptions.

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. There were no other material plan provision changes.

## **Contributions**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. The school districts' contractually required contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$598,209.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED**

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$9,614,778 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.125357 percent, which was an increase of .002726 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,431,008. At June 30, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	f Resources	Deferred Inflows of R	lesources
Differences between expected				
and actual economic experience	\$	239,762	\$	-
Changes in actuarial assumptions		375,441		
Difference between projected				
and actual investment earnings		416,768		176,171
Changes in proportion and differences				
between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		159,454		200,504
Contributions paid to CERS subsequent				
to the measurement date		598,209		
	\$	1,789,634	\$	376,675

The amount reported as deferred outflows for District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$598,209 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Pension	Expense Amount
2022	\$	333,817
2023		259,295
2024		125,009
2025		96,630
	\$	814,751

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30 percent
Salary increases	3.30 percent to 10.30%, varies by service, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

The mortality table used for active members is a Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from, the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 and adopted by the Board on April 18, 2019.

The long-term expected return on plan assets was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	18.75%	4.50%
Non-U.S. Equity	18.75%	5.25%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	3.90%
Core Bonds	13.50%	-0.25%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%
Real Return	15.00%	3.95%
	100%	

#### Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% for CERS Non-hazardous and CERS Hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018). The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 8 – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

# Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25 percent) than the current rate:

Description	1% [	Decrease (5.25%)	Current [	Discount Rate (6.25%)	1%	Increase (7.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	11,857,114	\$	9,614,778	\$	7,758,039

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, which has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan, is available in the separately issued CERS financial report. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching contributions are recognized in the fiscal year due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

#### Plan Descriptions

The Hart County School District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes certified employees and the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes all other employees, both of which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. TRS, which qualifies as a special funding situation for the Life Insurance Fund under GASB 75, and CERS provide other post-employment benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. TRS is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Under the provisions of KRS Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KERS) administers the CERS. The TRS and CERS issue a publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. TRS' report may be obtained at www.tyret.ky.gov.

#### TRS

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) – a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.trs.ky.gov.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

#### Medical Insurance Fund

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

<u>Contributions</u> – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

# <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs</u>

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$4,145,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 the District's proportion was .295783 percent which was a decrease of .026532 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,145,000
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	
associated with the District	 3,320,000
Total	\$ 7,465,000

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$144,000 and revenue of \$232,333 for support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflow	vs of Resources	Deferred Inflows	of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$	251,000	\$	-
Differences between expected				
and actual economic experience				1,767,000
Difference between projected and				
actual investment earnings		135,000		
Changes in proportion and differences				
between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions				684,000
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent				
to the measurement date		287,000		
	\$	673,000	\$	2,451,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$287,000 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

2022	\$ (415,000)
2023	(404,000)
2024	(406,000)
2025	(373,000)
2026	(328,000)
Thereafter	 (139,000)
	\$ (2,065,000)

Year Ending June 30 OPEB Expense Amount

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Inflation rate Real Wage Growth	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation. 3.50 – 7.20%, including inflation 3.00% 0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	7.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2029
Ages 65 and Older	5.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2022
Medicare Part B Premiums	6.49% for FY 2020 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2031
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.50%
Discount Rate	8.00%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2019 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	5.4%
Fixed Income	9.0%	0.0%

Global Equity	58.0%	5.4%
Fixed Income	9.0%	0.0%
Real Estate	6.5%	4.3%
Private Equity	8.5%	7.7%
Other	17.0%	2.5%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.0%	-0.5%
	100.0%	

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

# Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

Description	1% Decrease (7.00%)	Current Discount Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)
District's proportionate			
share of the net			

OPEB liability	\$	5,822,000 \$	4,145,000 \$	3,978,000
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Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the <u>healthcare cost trend rates</u> – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

Description	1%	Decrease	Current Di	scount Rate	1%	Increase
District's proportionate share of the						
net OPEB liability	\$	3,285,000	\$	4,145,000	\$	5,204,000

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### Life Insurance Fund

<u>Plan description – Life Insurance Fund</u> – TRS administers the life insurance fund as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

<u>Contributions</u> – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the Commonwealth.

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2021, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability was \$0 and the Commonwealth's total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District was \$100,000.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$4,834 and revenue of \$4,834 for support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2021, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.			
Projected salary increases	3.50 – 7.20%, including inflation			
Inflation rate	3.00%			
Real Wage Growth	0.50%			
Wage Inflation	3.50%			
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.19%			
Discount Rate	7.50%			
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation			

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2015 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.6%
International Equity	23.0%	5.6%
Fixed Income	18.0%	0.0%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.3%
Private Equity	5.0%	7.7%
Other	6.0%	2.3%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.0%	-0.5%
	100%	

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### Sensitivity Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The District has no proportional share of the net OPEB liability. The following presents the sensitivity of the System's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

Description	1% Decrease	e (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate	e (7.50%)	1% Increase	e (8.50%)
System's net OPEB liability						
(in thousands)	\$	50,234	\$	34,712	\$	21,943

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### CERS

<u>Plan description</u> – The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. KRS submits the premium payments to DEI. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. There were no other material plan provision changes.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly premium for single coverage based upon the service credit accrued at retirement. Members participating on or after July 1, 2003, and before September 1, 2008, are required to earn at least 10 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. Members participating on or after September 1, 2008 are required to earn at least 15 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. Members participating on or after September 1, 2008 are required to earn at least 15 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. The monthly health insurance contribution will be \$10 for each year of earned service increased by the CPI prior to July 1, 2009, and by 1.5% annually from July 1, 2009.

<u>Contributions</u> – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, were required to contribute 0% of their annual creditable compensation. Those members who began participating on, or after, September 1, 2008 and before January 1, 2014 were required to contribute 1% of their annual creditable compensation. Those members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014 were required to contribute 1% of their annual creditable compensation but their contribution is not credited to their account and is not refundable. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 4.76 percent of annual creditable compensation. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$147,538.

# <u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs</u>

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$3,031,409 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.125540 percent, which was an increase of .002909 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$400,358. At June 30, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

Description	Deferred Outf	lows of Resources	Deferred Inflo	ws of Resources
Differences between expected and				
actual economic experience	\$	506,485	\$	506,880
Changes in actuarial assumptions		527,286		3,206
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		162,613		61,858
Changes in proportion and differences				
between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		65,835		119,470
Contributions paid to CERS subsequent				
to the measurement date		147,538		
	\$	1,409,757	\$	691,414

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$147,538 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	OPEB E	xpense Amount
2022	\$	155,972
2023		185,790
2024		128,692
2025		115,066
2026		(14,713)
	\$	570,807

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return Projected salary increases	6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation. 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation rate	2.30%
Real Wage Growth	2.00%
Healthcare Trend Rate:	
Pre-65	Initial trend starting at 6.40% at January 1, 2022, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years.
Post-65	Initial trend starting at 2.90% at January 1, 2022, and increasing to 6.30% in 2023, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years.
Municipal Bond Index Rate Discount Rate	3.13% 5.34%

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

The mortality table used for active members is a Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from, the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 and adopted by the Board on April 18, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

4.50%
5.25%
6.65%
3.90%
-0.25%
-0.75%
5.30%
2.25%
3.95%

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 5.34% assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 26 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 2.45%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 –Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2020. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the CAFR.

## Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.34%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.34%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.34%) than the current rate:

	1% Decr	ease (4.34%)	Current Disc	count Rate (5.34)	1% Increase (6.34	%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,894,471	\$	3,031,409	\$ 2,322,5	48
Sensitivity of the District's prop	ortionate s	share of the co	ollective net O	PEB liability to cha	inges in the healthc	are
cost trend rates - The following	g presents	the District's	proportionate	share of the collect	tive net OPEB liabi	lity,
as well as what the District's	proportio	nate share of	the collective	e net OPEB liabili	ty would be if it w	ere

as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

Description	1% Decrease	Current Dis	count Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share				
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,347,068	\$	3,031,409	\$ 3,861,873

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

#### DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457, 401(k) and 403(b). The Plans, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not show these assets and liabilities on these financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 10 – FUND BALANCES

Nonspendable fund balances are those that cannot be spent on future obligations. At June 30, 2021, there were no nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted fund balances arise when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2021, the District had \$60,939 restricted for grants in the Special Revenue Fund, \$113,899 restricted for school activities in the District Activity Fund, \$131,811 restricted for school activities in the School Activity Fund, \$200,919 restricted for capital projects in the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, \$852,205 restricted for capital projects in the FSPK Fund, and \$818,068 restricted for capital projects in the Construction Fund.

Committed fund balances are those amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which, for the District is the Board of Education. The Board of Education must approve by majority vote the establishment (and modification or rescinding) of a fund balance commitment. The District had the following commitment at June 30, 2021 in the General Fund - \$157,143 for site-based carryforward.

Assigned fund balances are those amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The District allows program supervisors to complete purchase orders which result in the encumbrance of funds. The amounts assigned related to encumbrances at June 30, 2021, were \$37,704 recorded in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance also includes (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. There were no amounts intended to be used for a specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

The District considers unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also, the District has established the order of assigned, committed and restricted when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

The District also has construction commitments for on-going projects at June 30, 2021.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES – CONTINUED

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the basic financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress. Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the School District at risk for a substantial loss.

#### NOTE 12 – DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES

The Food Service Fund had a deficit net position at June 30, 2021 in the amount of \$785,171. The deficit net position is a result of the recording of the net pension liability for CERS as part of GASB Statement 68 and the net OPEB liability for CERS as part of GASB Statement 75. The following funds had operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures/expenses resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance/net position:

Fund	A	Amount
Construction Fund	\$	1,143
Student Activity Fund		19,772
Food Service Fund		527,087

#### **NOTE 13 – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

The District receives on-behalf payments from the Commonwealth of Kentucky for items including pension, technology, health care costs, operating costs and debt service. The amounts received and funds where these items were recorded for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Description	Amount	
Health	\$ 2,746,759	Recorded as follows:
Life	4,310	
Admin	35,010	General Fund \$5,989,099
HRA	138,950	Food Service Fund 132,556
TRS Pension	3,121,567	Debt Service Fund 2,204,281
TRS OPEB	237,167	
Technology	102,150	\$8,325,936
Debt Service	2,204,281	
Less: Federal Reimbursement	 (264,258)	
Total on-behalf	\$ 8,325,936	

#### NOTE 14 – RESTATEMENT

The District adopted GASB 84 during the fiscal year which resulted in the School Activity fiduciary fund being reclassified to a Special Revenue fund (Student Activity Fund). The restatement increased fund balance by \$151,583.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues:			
From local sources:			
Taxes: Property	\$ 3,592,000	\$ 3,592,000	\$ 3,675,230
Motor vehicle	\$ 3,592,000 390,000	\$ 3,592,000 498,064	\$ 3,075,230 569,664
Utilities	1,125,000	1,125,000	1,157,973
Revenue in lieu of taxes	100,000	100,000	90,536
Other taxes	5,000	5,000	30
Earnings on investments	10,000	10,000	52,216
Other local revenues	90,000	90,000	151,538
Intergovernmental - State	10,438,906	10,438,906	15,827,664
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	195,000	195,000	259,143
Total Revenues	15,945,906	16,053,970	21,783,994
Expenditures:			
Instruction	7,981,170	7,990,634	11,413,200
Support services:	.,,	.,,	,,
Student	1,295,031	1,295,259	1,476,158
Instruction staff	834,552	836,371	993,354
District administrative	1,150,274	1,150,364	754,469
School administrative	1,383,960	1,474,809	1,410,194
Business	633,013	633,013	707,967
Plant operation and maintenance	2,325,864	2,358,339	2,327,189
Student transportation	1,567,646	1,567,646	1,394,222
Community service activities			5,500
Other	915,896	1,000,896	106,450
Total Expenditures	18,087,406	18,307,331	20,588,703
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over			
Expenditures	(2,141,500)	(2,253,361)	1,195,291
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	500	500	19,625
Transfers in	85,000	85,000	94,698
Transfers out	(44,000)	(44,000)	(555,223)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	41,500	41,500	(440,900)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,100,000)	(2,211,861)	754,391
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	2,100,000	2,211,861	2,509,901
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	<u>\$</u> -	\$-	\$ 3,264,292

Both inflows and outflows are equally different in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds by the amount of on-behalf payments of 5,989,099.

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original	Final	Actual
<b>Revenues:</b> Other local revenues Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	\$       40,102 1,955,679 2,201,882	\$ 40,102 2,574,631 2,353,677	\$      68,639 1,349,044 3,623,922
Total Revenues	4,197,663	4,968,410	5,041,605
Expenditures:			
Instruction	3,626,223	4,308,047	4,470,483
Support services: Student Instruction staff Business	42,259 189,484	84,236 186,946	76,733 146,494
Plant operation and maintenance	10,000	10.000	10,767 67,725
Student transportation	92,956	92,656	-
Community service activities	243,172	246,614	224,248
Other non-instruction	37,569	33,443	45,357
Total Expenditures	4,241,663	4,961,942	5,041,807
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(44,000)	6,468	(202)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	44,000	44,000	42,193
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	44,000	44,000	42,193
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	50,468	41,991
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020			18,948
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 50,468	\$ 60,939

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years \*

-

	 2021	2020	2019	
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.125357%	0.122631%	0.131936%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,614,778 \$	8,626,943 \$	8,025,305	
Covered payroll	\$ 3,215,882 \$	3,129,437 \$	3,264,197	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	299.0%	275.7%	245.9%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	53.30%	50.45%	53.54%	
	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	 2018 0.127630%	2017 0.131911%	2016 0.133865%	2015 0.134164%
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$			
	\$ 0.127630%	0.131911%	0.133865%	0.134164%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 0.127630% 7,470,576 \$	0.131911% 6,494,770 \$	0.133865% 5,755,857 \$	0.134164% 4,353,000

\* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only seven years are shown.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET OPEB LIABILITY

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years \*

	 2021	2020
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.125540%	0.122631%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,031,409	\$ 2,062,598
Covered payroll	\$ 3,215,882	\$ 3,129,437
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll	94.26%	65.91%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	51.67%	60.44%
	 2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	 2019 0.131931%	2018 0.127630%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 0.131931%	
	\$ 0.131931% 2,342,409	0.127630%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	0.131931% 2,342,409	0.127630% \$ 2,565,800
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability Covered payroll Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as	0.131931% 2,342,409	0.127630% \$ 2,565,800

\* Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years \*

	2021 2020			2019		2018		
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.304300%		0.330800%		0.351600%		0.356400%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		43,126,313		45,139,164		48,627,737		96,192,453
	\$	43,126,313	\$	45,139,164	\$	48,627,737	\$	96,192,453
Total								
Covered payroll	\$	9,838,958	\$	10,900,021	\$	11,117,886	\$	11,475,733
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll		0.0% 0.0%			0.0%		0.0%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		58.30%		58.80%	80% 59.30%		39.80%	
		2018		2017		2016		2015
Proportion of the net pension liability		2018 0.356400%		2017 0.354600%		2016 0.362000%		2015 0.365800%
Proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	0.356400%		0.354600% - 104,612,988	\$	0.362000%	\$	0.365800%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State proportionate share of the net pension liability		0.356400% - 96,192,453		0.354600% - 104,612,988	•	0.362000% - 84,248,499		0.365800% - 75,167,425
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		0.356400% - 96,192,453		0.354600% - 104,612,988	•	0.362000% - 84,248,499		0.365800% - 75,167,425
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$	0.356400% - 96,192,453 96,192,453	\$	0.354600% - 104,612,988 104,612,988	\$	0.362000% - 84,248,499 84,248,499	\$	0.365800% - 75,167,425 75,167,425

\* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only seven years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years \*

	 2021	2020
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.295783%	0.322315%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,145,000 \$	\$ 5,219,000
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	 3,320,000	4,215,000
Total	\$ 7,465,000	\$ 9,434,000
Covered payroll	\$ 9,838,958	\$ 10,900,021
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll	42.13%	47.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	39.10%	32.60%
	0040	
	 2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	 2019 0.341839%	2018 0.345328%
Proportion of the net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 	0.345328%
	\$ 0.341839%	0.345328%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 0.341839% 6,371,000 \$	0.345328% 6,777,000 5,536,000
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	 0.341839% 6,371,000 \$ 5,490,000	0.345328% 6,777,000 5,536,000 12,313,000
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$ 0.341839% 6,371,000 \$ 5,490,000 11,861,000 \$	0.345328% 6,777,000 5,536,000 12,313,000

\* Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years \*

	 2021	2020
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.289229%	0.315115%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	 100,000	98,000
Total	\$ 100,000	\$ 98,000
Covered payroll	\$ 9,838,958	\$ 10,900,021
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll	0.0%	0.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	71.60%	73.40%
	 2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.334086%	0.337439%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	 94,000	74,000
Total	\$ 94,000	\$ 74,000
Covered payroll	\$ 11,117,886	\$ 11,475,733
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll	0.0%	0.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	75.00%	80.00%

\* Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS PENSION

#### June 30, 2021

#### Last 10 Years \*

	2021	2020	2019	
Contractually require contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 598,209	\$ 620,665	\$ 507,594	
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 598,209	\$ 620,665 -	\$ 507,594 -	
Covered payroll	\$ 3,099,528	\$ 3,215,882	\$ 3,129,437	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.30%	19.30%	16.22%	
	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually require contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 472,656	\$ 433,704	\$ 392,138	\$ 392,437
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 472,656	\$ 433,704	\$ 392,138 -	\$ 392,437
Covered payroll	\$ 3,264,197	\$ 3,108,991	\$ 3,157,310	\$ 3,077,935
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%	12.75%

\* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only seven years are shown.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS PENSION

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years \*

	 2021	2020	2019		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Covered payroll	\$ 9,562,944	\$ 9,838,958	\$ 10,900,021	-	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
	 2018	2017	2016		2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$ 11,117,886	\$ 11,475,733	\$ 11,341,346	\$	11,119,817
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%

\* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only seven years are shown.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS OPEB

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years \*

	 2021	2020		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 147,538	\$	153,076	
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	147,538		153,076	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		
Covered payroll	\$ 3,099,528	\$	3,215,882	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.76%		4.76%	
	 2019		2018	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 2019 164,608	\$	2018 153,417	
	\$	\$		
(actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$ 164,608	\$	153,417	
(actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ 164,608		153,417	

\* Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS OPEB - MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years \*

	2021			2020		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	287,000	\$	295,000		
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		287,000		295,000		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-		
Covered payroll	\$	9,562,944	\$	9,838,958		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.00%			3.00%		
		2019		2018		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	327,000	\$	334,000		
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		327,000		334,000		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-		
Covered payroll	\$	10,900,021	\$	11,117,886		
Contributions as a percentage of covered						

\* Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS OPEB - LIFE INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2021

Last 10 Years \*

	 2021	2020		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ -	\$ -		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -		
Covered payroll	\$ 9,562,944	\$ 9,838,958		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%		
	 2019	2018		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ -	\$ -		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -		
Covered payroll	\$ 10,900,021	\$ 11,117,886		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%		

\* Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### **CERS PENSION**

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2015 through 2020.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2014 – The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%. The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%. The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%. Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%. The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted. The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

2015 and 2016 – No changes.

2017 – The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%.

2018 – No changes.

2019 – Salary rates were increased from 3.05% average to 3.30 percent to 10.30%, varies by service. Annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal and mortality were updated based on the 2018 experience study and the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members.

2020 – No changes.

#### CERS OPEB

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2018 to 2020.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2017 – The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%. For the Non-Hazardous Plan, the single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%.

2018 – No changes

2019 – The discount rate was changed from 5.85% to 5.68%. Annual salary increases and annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal and mortality were updated based on the 2018 experience study and the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members.

2020 – The discount rate was changed from 5.68 to 5.34%.

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### TRS PENSION

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2015 through 2021.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2014 – In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2011. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation, the Board adopted an interest smoothing methodology to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions. Beginning with the 2014 valuation, the interest smoothing methodology is no longer used. In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

2015 – The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%. In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

2016 – The Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

2017 – The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

2018 – The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

2019 and 2020 – No changes

#### **TRS OPEB**

Changes of benefit terms.

2018 – MIF – With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

LIF – No changes

2019, 2020 and 2021 – No changes for MIF or LIF

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2017 - No changes for MIF or LIF

2018 – MIF updated the health care trend rates. No changes for the LIF

2019 – No changes for MIF or LIF

2020 - MIF updated the health care trend rates. No changes for the LIF

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021

Assets:	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	 SEEK Capital Outlay Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 113,899	\$ 137,099	\$ 200,919	\$	451,917		
Receivables - other		2,150			2,150		
Total Assets	\$ 113,899	\$ 139,249	\$ 200,919	\$	454,067		
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	\$ 7,438	\$ 	\$	7,438		
Total Liabilities		7,438	 -		7,438		
Fund Balances Restricted	113,899	131,811	200,919		446,629		
Total Fund Balances	113,899	131,811	 200,919		446,629		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 113,899	\$ 139,249	\$ 200,919	\$	454,067		

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

rear Ended June 30, 2021	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues From local sources: Other local revenue Intergovernmental - State	\$- 78	\$ 159,350	200,919	\$    159,350 200,997		
Total Revenues	78	159,350	200,919	360,347		
Expenditures Instruction Support services: Instruction staff Other	28,416 540	133,577		28,416 540 133,577		
Total Expenditures	28,956	133,577		162,533		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(28,878)	25,773	200,919	197,814		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out	45,545	(45,545)		45,545 (45,545)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	45,545	(45,545)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	16,667	(19,772)	200,919	197,814		
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	97,232	-	-	97,232		
Restatement		151,583		151,583		
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020, as restated	97,232	151,583		248,815		
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 113,899	\$ 131,811	\$ 200,919	\$ 446,629		

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES ALL SCHOOLS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SCHOOL	BA	CASH ALANCE ly 1, 2020	RI	ECEIPTS	 SBURSE- MENTS	 CASH ALANCE ne 30, 2021	 EIVABLES 30, 2021	PA	COUNTS YABLE 30, 2021	ST G	DUE TO FUDENT ROUPS e 30, 2021
Bonnieville Elementary	\$	2,402	\$	5,343	\$ 2,340	\$ 5,405	\$ -	\$	17	\$	5,388
Cub Run Elementary		22,936		9,373	15,142	17,167	2,150		3,382		15,935
Hart County High School		76,983		120,716	129,012	68,687	-		-		68,687
LeGrande Elementary		9,313		4,353	4,800	8,866	-		-		8,866
Memorial Elementary		17,126		8,348	14,360	11,114	-		4,039		7,075
Munfordville Elementary		22,815		9,072	 6,027	 25,860	 -		-		25,860
	\$	151,575	\$	157,205	\$ 171,681	\$ 137,099	\$ 2,150	\$	7,438	\$	131,811

HART COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES HART COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NAME OF ACTIVITY	CASH BALANCES July 1, 2020	RECEIPTS	DISBURSE- MENTS	CASH BALANCES June 30, 2021	RECEIVABLE June 30, 2021	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE June 30, 2021	DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS June 30, 2021
Academic Team	\$ 353	\$-	\$ 15	\$ 338	\$-	\$-	\$ 338
Art Club	3,509	780	703	3,586	-	-	3,586
Athletics	8,191	29,562	36,110	1,643	-	-	1,643
Ag Department	-	14,259	14,259	-	-	-	-
Beta Club	4,863	270	1,030	4,103	-	-	4,103
Boys Basketball	3,801	-	2,400	1,401	-	-	1,401
Cheerleaders	525	-	137	388	-	-	388
Chess Club	90	-	-	90	-	-	90
Class of 2024	-	60	-	60	-	-	60
Class of 2020	7,041	-	7,041	-	-	-	-
Class of 2021	1,748	2,465	4	4,209	-	-	4,209
Class of 2022	2,055	10,170	3,286	8,939	-	-	8,939
Class of 2023	2,455	20	-	2,475	-	-	2,475
District Activity Fund	190	-	190	-	-	-	-
District Baseball/Softball	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Faculty Commission	760	1,132	1,247	645	-	-	645
FBLA	13,302	90	2,124	11,268	-	-	11,268
FCCLA	105	-	-	105	-	-	105
FCA	17	-	-	17	-	-	17
FFA	2,244	6,657	7,822	1,079	-	-	1,079
Football Team	598	-	-	598	-	-	598
Gate Start Up	-	4,000	4,000	-	-	-	-
General Fund	2,635	6,309	5,303	3,641	-	-	3,641
Girls Basketball	1,451	-	817	634	-	-	634
Golf Team	-	1,300	1,102	198	-	-	198
Hart Co. Bass Fishing Team	1,380	-	175	1,205	-	-	1,205
HOSA	420	218	198	440	-	-	440
Hospitality Room	-		-		-	-	
Middle School Athletics	-	11,390	10,849	541	-	-	541
NHS	1,973	1,375	1,003	2,345	-	-	2,345
Pep Club	2,161	-	-	2,161	-	-	2,161
Band	-	4,128	4,128	-	-	-	-
Laptop	-	17,977	17,977	-	-	-	-
SADD HOPE	-	1,175	714	461	-	-	461
Science Club	743	-	118	625	-	-	625
Softball Team	1,466	-	-	1,466	-	-	1,466
Track Team	-	1,449	-	1,449	-	-	1,449
STLP	125	-	-	125	-	-	125
Student Council	27	-	-	27	-	-	27
Welding	645	1,172	443	1,374	-	-	1,374
World Language	3,072	-	43	3,029	-	-	3,029
Y Club	1,065	-	42	1,023	-	-	1,023
Yearbook	7,676	4,211	5,437	6,450	-	-	6,450
Volleyball District	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Volleyball Team	297	547	295	549	-	-	549
TOTALS	\$ 76,983	\$ 120,716	\$ 129,012	\$ 68,687	\$ -	\$-	\$ 68,687

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH <u>GRANTOR / PROGRAM TITLE</u> <u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</u> Child Nutrition Cluster -	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	PROVIDED TO SUBRECIPIENTS	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
Passed Through State Department of Education: National School Lunch School Breakfast Program	10.555 10.553 10.559	7750002-20 7760005-20 7690024-20 7690024-21 7740023-20 7740023-21		\$ 9,976 6,301 29,198 53,724 159,738 676,049
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities) National School Lunch Program	10.555	057502-02		94,644
TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER				1,029,630
Passed Through State Department of Education: State Administrative	10.560	7700001-19		4,430
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE				1,034,060
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through State Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CARES		598,951
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF TREASURY				598,951
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Special Education Cluster - Passed Through State Department of Education: Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	3810002-19		26.105
	01.021	3810002-20		639,918
				666,023
Passed Through State Department of Education: Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-18 3800002-19 3800002-20		23,277 3,030 <u>27,670</u> 53,977
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER				720,000
OTHER U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PROGRAMS				
Passed Through Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education Adult Education - State Grant Program	84.002	KCPE-21		50,561
Passed Through State Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-19 3100002-20		62,542 800,436
				862,978
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-20		16,800

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONCLUDED

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR / PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	PROVIDED TO SUBRECIPIENTS	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
Rural Education	84.358B	3140002-18		43,186
Supporting Effective Instruction - State Grants	84.367A	3230002-19 3230002-20		20,751 130,707
				151,458
Striving Readers	84.371	3220002-19		33,489
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002-19 3420002-20		4,832 60,025
				64,857
COVID 19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fur	n 84.425	4000002-20 4000002-21 GEER		674,537 341,905 65,581
				1,082,023
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				3,025,352
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$-	\$ 4,658,363

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

# **NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Hart County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Hart County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Hart County School District.

## NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

# NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

## NOTE D – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to not use the 10 percent de minimum indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# HART COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

# Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

# **Financial Statements:**

Type of auditor's report issued (unmodified):

Internal control over financial reporting:

•	Material weakness(es) identified?	Xyes	no
•	Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	Xnone reported
	ncompliance material to financial tements noted?	yes	Xno
Fe	deral Awards:		
Inte	ernal control over major programs:		
•	Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Xno
•	Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	Xnone reported
Ту	pe of auditor's report issued on compliance for major	programs (unmodified):	
An	y audit findings disclosed that are		

required to be reported in accordance		
with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	Xno

# Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results - Continued

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number	Federal Program or Cluster			
	DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			
21.019	COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund			
	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
10.553/10.555/10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster			
	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
84.425	COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish Between type A and type B programs: \$750,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?yesXno				
Section II – Financial Statement Findings				

## MATERIAL WEAKNESS

## **REFERENCE NUMBER 2021-001 ADJUSTMENTS**

**Criteria:** The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for the proper recording of all the District's accounting transactions.

**Condition:** As part of the audit we proposed material adjustments to the financial statements related to accounts payable.

Cause: The District did not identify items to be recorded.

Effect: The design of the internal controls identifying adjustments did not prevent material adjustments.

**Recommendation:** We recommend District management and financial personnel review the procedures and processes involved in recording journal entries and enhance its internal control policies to ensure proper recording of these items.

**Views of Responsible Officials:** Management will review the procedures and processes involved in recording journal entries and enhance its internal control policies to ensure proper recording of these items by December 15, 2021.

## Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

June 30, 2021

There were no prior findings.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Hart County School District Munfordville, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hart County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hart School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2021.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hart County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hart County School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of specific state statutes or regulations identified in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Hart County School District in a separate letter dated November 4, 2021.

## Hart County School District's Response to Findings

Hart County School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Hart County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hearthand CPAs and admins, PLAC

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC Elizabethtown, Kentucky November 4, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Hart County School District Munfordville, Kentucky

# **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Hart County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Hart County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Hart County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Hart County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in Appendices I and II of the Independent Auditor's Contract. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hart County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hart County School District's compliance.

2901 RING ROAD EAST, P.O. BOX 622 / ELIZABETHTOWN, KY 42702-0622 / PHONE 270-769-6371 / FAX 270-765-7934 713 McDowell Blvd. / Bardstown, KY 40004 / Phone 502-348-1433 / FAX 502-349-6365

# **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Hart County School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Hart County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Hart County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hart County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiency, or combination of deficiency, in a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Heartland CPAs and admins, PLAC

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC Elizabethtown, Kentucky November 4, 2021

MANAGEMENT LETTER AND COMMENTS



Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education of Hart County School District Munfordville, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Hart County School District for the year ended June 30, 2021, we considered the District's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiencies. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. Any uncorrected comments from the prior year have been included in the memorandum. A separate report dated November 4, 2021, contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated November 4, 2021, on the financial statements of the Hart County School District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and their implementation is currently being reviewed. We will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the members of the Hart County Board of Education, others within the District, the Kentucky Department of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Heartland CPAs and admins, PLAC

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC Elizabethtown, Kentucky November 4, 2021

COMMENTS

June 30, 2021

# UNCORRECTED PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS - NONE

## **CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS**

## LEGRANDE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

We noted that the Annual Financial Report (F-SA-15A) that was on file for the 2020-2021 fiscal year was not signed as being approved by the school's principal or as being prepared by the school's bookkeeper. Redbook requires that the Annual Financial Report be submitted to the board by July 25<sup>th</sup>.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

The bookkeeper at LeGrande Elementary will be sure all documents are properly signed in the coming years.

#### MEMORIAL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

#### EXTERNAL SUPPORT/BOOSTER CLUBS

We noted that the PTSA did not have an annual External Support/Booster Organization Budget Worksheet (F-SA-4B) on file for the 2020-2021 fiscal year. Redbook requires that all booster clubs submit an annual External Support/Booster Organization Budget Worksheet to the principal within the first thirty days of the school year or within thirty days of the first transaction of the group.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

This was an oversight as this was supposed to have been completed prior to a new bookkeeper taking over. The new bookkeeper did not realize the former bookkeeper had not completed this. The principal and bookkeeper will review Redbook for the proper procedures so this does not happen again.

#### SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

We noted during the review of the Internal Control Questionnaire, completed by the school's bookkeeper, that the bookkeeper is performing the following duties: enters invoices into the accounting system, prints checks, and matches invoices to checks. Redbook requires the person that enters invoices and prints checks to be different from the person that matches invoices to checks.

## MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

This was oversight by the bookkeeper who was newly hired The principal and bookkeeper have reviewed pages 58 & 59 in Redbook regarding segregation of duties and we have implemented procedures to rectify this mistake.

#### CASH ADVANCE

We noted that check #4575, dated 06/21/2021, in the amount of \$975.00 was for a cash advance for an Beta Club convention from the Jr Beta Fund. The following was on file for this expense, a pre-numbered check and a Purchase Order Form (F-SA-7) stating the funds were to be used for students. There was no Advance Report (F-SA-9) or supporting documentation to reflect how the money was spent. Redbook states that cash advances be supported by the Advance Report (F-SA-9) and that the completed Form F-SA-9, related receipts, other support documents, and unused cash shall be returned by close of the next business day after the trip.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

This cash advance was used for a group of students to attend the National Beta Convention in Florida. Redbook procedures were followed to issue the cash advance to the sponsor. Upon return from the convention receipts for all purchases were turned in; however, during this time the employee/sponsor tendered her resignation and we were unable to get her to complete the form (F-SA-9).

#### IMPROPER FUND

We noted that check #4554, dated 01/20/2021, paid from the Jr. Beta Fund, payable to a school employee in the amount of \$114.63 was for the reimbursement for the purchase of various classroom décor. Redbook disallows the purchase of operational or staff items from student generated funds.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

This reimbursement was for the KY State Beta Convention. Money was used for props and entries into various student competitions such as scrapbook, arts & crafts, student presentation boards, student campaign skits, etc. The memo line of the check should have read "supplies for Beta Convention" and not "Items for classroom".

## MUNFORDVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

#### ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

We noted that check #3244, dated 07/15/2021, written to Graham & Associates, Inc. in the amount of \$4,039.25 for 2020-2021 yearbooks. However, this check was not included in the Accounts Payable portion of the Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable Form (F-SA-15B) that was on file for the month of June 2021.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

We have noted that the check #3244 was not included on the Accounts Payable portion of the Accounts Receivable and Accounts Payable Form (F-SA-15B) that was on file for the month of June 2021. The check #3244 dated 7/15/21 was sent to the vendor in July 2021 due to yearbooks being issued late. In the future, we will make sure to include any amount due for yearbooks to be entered on Form (F-SA-15B) even if the yearbooks are delivered and paid for in July.

# HART COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

## ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

We noted that the Annual Financial Report (F-SA-15A) that was completed on 08/02/2021 for the 2020-2021 fiscal year was not signed as being approved by the school's principal or signed by the school's bookkeeper. Redbook requires that the Annual Financial Report be approved and submitted to the board by July 25<sup>th</sup>.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

This report is done once the bank statement is provided to the school from the bank. That statement does not come until July 31st, sometimes August 1.

#### EXTERNAL SUPPORT/BOOSTER CLUBS

We noted that the following booster clubs were missing their proof of insurance: Boys Basketball, Cheerleading, Girls Basketball, and Girls Soccer. We also noted that Boys Soccer was missing their list of officers, and Cheerleading was missing their Employer Identification Number. Redbook requires each external support/booster club to provide proof of liability insurance and a complete list of officers for the fiscal year just completed for each external support/booster club. Additionally, Redbook requires each external support/booster club be issued a unique federal employer identification number.

## MANAGEMENT RESPONSE:

Multiple emails, phone calls, and in person contact was made with these clubs to submit this paperwork. Presidents, treasurers, and coaches were asked numerous times to submit the proper paperwork. A meeting will be called this school year to review all procedures with all booster clubs to submit the proper paperwork.

**APPENDIX C** 

Hart County School District Finance Corporation Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds Series of 2022

**Continuing Disclosure Agreement** 

## CONTINUING DISCLOSURE UNDERTAKING AGREEMENT

This Continuing Disclosure Undertaking Agreement ("Agreement") made and entered into as of the 16th day of June, 2022 by and between the Board of Education of Hart County, Kentucky School District ("Board"); the Hart County School District Finance Corporation, an agency and instrumentality of the Board ("Corporation") and the Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds hereinafter identified as third party beneficiaries to this Agreement. For the purposes of this Agreement "Beneficial Owner" means the person or entity treated as the owner of the Bonds for federal income tax purposes and "Registered Owner" means the person or entity named on the registration books of the bond registrar.

#### WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Corporation has acted as issuing agency for the Board pursuant to the provisions of Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS") and the Corporation's Bond Resolution in connection with the authorization, sale and delivery of \$4,190,000 of the Corporation's Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds, Series of 2022, dated June 19, 2022 ("Bonds"), which Bonds were offered for sale under the terms and conditions of a Final Official Statement ("FOS") prepared by RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky ("Municipal Advisor") and approved by the authorized representatives of the Board and the Corporation, and

WHEREAS, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, has amended the provisions of SEC Rule 15c2-12 relating to financial disclosures by the issuers of municipal securities under certain circumstances ("Rule"), and

WHEREAS, it is intended by the parties to this Agreement that all terms utilized herein shall have the same meanings as defined by the Rule, and

WHEREAS, the Board is an "obligated person" as defined by the Rule and subject to the provisions of said Rule, and

WHEREAS, failure by the Board and the Corporation to observe the requirements of the Rule will inhibit the subsequent negotiation, transfer and exchange of the Bonds with a resulting diminution in the market value thereof to the detriment of the Registered and Beneficial Owners of said Bonds and the Board;

NOW, THEREFORE, in order to comply with the provisions of the Rule and in consideration of the purchase of the Bonds by the Registered and Beneficial Owners, the parties hereto agree as follows:

# **1. ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The Board agrees to provide the annual financial information contemplated by Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i) relating to the Board for its fiscal years ending June 30 of each year, commencing with fiscal year ending June 30,2022, to (a) the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"), or any successor thereto for purposes of its Rule, through the continuing disclosure service portal provided by the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system as described in 1934 Act Release No. 59062, or any similar system that is acceptable to the Securities and Exchange Commission and (b) the State Information Depository ("SID"), if any (the Commonwealth of Kentucky has not established a SID as of the date of this Agreement) within nine (9) months of the close of each fiscal year.

For the purposes of the Rule "annual financial information" means financial information and operating data provided annually, of the type included in the FOS with respect to the Board in accordance with guidelines established by the National Federation of Municipal Analysts, and shall include annual audited financial statements for the Board in order that the recipients will be provided with ongoing information regarding revenues and operating expenses of the Board and the information provided in the FOS under the headings "OUTSTANDING BONDS", "BOND DEBT SERVICE", "DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION", "LOCAL SUPPORT - Local Tax Rates, Property Assessment and Revenue Collections and SEEK Allotment". If audited financial statements are not available when the annual financial information is filed, unaudited financial statements shall be included, to be followed by audited financial statements when available.

The audited financial statements shall be prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, Generally Accepted Auditing Standards or in accordance with the appropriate sections of KRS or Kentucky Administrative Regulations.

The parties hereto agree that this Agreement is entered into among them for the benefit of those who become Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds as third party beneficiaries to said Agreement.

# 2. MATERIAL EVENTS NOTICES

Under the Rule, Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C), the following sixteen (16) events must be disclosed within ten (10) business days following the occurrence of said event to MSRB via EMMA and the SID, if any:

- (1) Principal/interest payment delinquency;
- (2) Nonpayment related default, if material;
- (3) Unscheduled draw on debt service reserve reflecting financial difficulties;
- (4) Unscheduled draw on credit enhancement reflecting financial difficulties;
- (5) Substitution of credit or liquidity provider, or its failure to perform;
- (6) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the IRS of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the securities, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security;
- (7) Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
- (8) Bond call, if material and tender offers;
- (9) Defeasance;
- (10) Release, substitution or sale of property securing the repayment of the security, if material;
- (11) Rating change;
- (12) Merger, consolidation, acquisition or sale of all or substantially all assets of an obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, and the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to such action, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- (13) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person;
- (14) Successor, additional or change in trustee, if material;
- (15) Incurrence of a financial obligation of the obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material, and;
- (16) Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For purposes of this Agreement the term "financial obligation" means:

(A) Debt obligation;

(B) Derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or

(C) Guarantee of paragraph (A) or (B) above.

Notice of said material events shall be given to the entities identified in this Section by the Board on a timely basis (within ten (10) business days of the occurrence). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of the documents under which the Bonds are authorized and issued do not provide for a debt service reserve, credit enhancements or credit or liquidity providers.

In accordance with Rule Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(D), the Board agrees that in the event of a failure to provide the Annual Financial Information required under Section 1 of this Agreement, it will notify MSRB via EMMA of such failure in a timely manner.

The Finance Officer of the Board shall be the responsible person for filing the annual financial information and/or notices of the events set forth above within the time prescribed in this Agreement. The Board shall cause the Finance Officer to institute an internal tickler system as a reminder of the obligations set forth herein. By December 1 of each fiscal year and each 30 days thereafter the Finance Officer will contact the auditor for the Board to determine when the audited financial statements will be finalized. The Finance Officer will impress upon the auditor the necessity of having such audited financial report on or before September 15. Within 5 days of receipt of such audited financial report the finance officer will cause the annual financial information to be filed as required by this Agreement.

# 3. SPECIAL REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Upon the request of any Registered or Beneficial Owner of the Bonds or the original purchaser of the Bonds or any subsequent broker-dealer buying or selling said Bonds on the secondary market ("Underwriters"), the Board shall cause financial information or operating data regarding the conduct of the affairs of the Board to be made available on a timely basis following such request.

#### 4. DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

The Board and the Corporation hereby disclaim any liability for monetary damages for any breach of the commitments set forth in this Agreement and remedies for any breach of the Board's continuing disclosure undertaking shall be limited to an action for specific performance or mandamus in a court of competent jurisdiction in Kentucky following notice and an opportunity to cure such a breach.

#### 5. FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT

That the Final Official Statement prepared by the Municipal Advisor and approved by the authorized representatives of the Board and the Corporation is hereby incorporated in this Agreement as fully as if copied herein and the "annual financial information" required under Section 1 hereof shall in summary form update the specific information set forth in said FOS.

#### 6. DURATION OF THE AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall be in effect so long as any of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid; provided, however, that the right is reserved in the Board to delegate its responsibilities under the Agreement to a competent agent or trustee, or to adjust the format of the presentation of annual financial information so long as the intent and purpose of the Rule to present adequate and accurate financial information regarding the Board is served.

## 7. AMENDMENT; WAIVER

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Board may amend this Agreement, and any provision of this Agreement may be waived, provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) If the amendment or waiver relates to the provisions of Section 1, it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of an obligated person with respect to the Bonds, or the type of business conducted;

(b) The undertaking, as amended or taking into account such waiver, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the original issuance of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(c) The amendment or waiver either (i) is approved by the holders of the Bonds in the same manner as provided in the Bond Resolution for amendments to the Bond Resolution with the consent of holders, or (ii) does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, materially impair the interests of the Registered Owners or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Agreement, the Board shall describe such amendment or waiver in the next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by the Board. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given in the same manner as for a material event under Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) of the Rule, and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles.

# 8. DEFAULT

In the event of a failure of the Board to comply with any provision of this Agreement, the Corporation may and, at the request of any Underwriter or any Registered Owner or Beneficial Owner of Bonds, shall take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the Board to comply with its obligations under this Agreement. A default under this Agreement shall not be deemed an event of default under the Bond Resolution, and the sole remedy under this Agreement in the event of any failure of the Board to comply with this Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

In witness whereof the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

# **BOARD OF EDUCATION OF HART COUNTY, KENTUCKY**

Attest:

Chairman

Secretary

## HART COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

President

Secretary

Attest:

**APPENDIX D** 

Hart County School District Finance Corporation Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds Series of 2022

**Official Terms and Conditions of Sale** 

## OFFICIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF BOND SALE

# \$4,190,000\* Hart County School District Finance Corporation Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds, Series of 2022 Dated June 16, 2022

# SALE: May 26, 2022 AT 11:00 A.M., E.S.T.

As published on PARITY®, a nationally recognized electronic bidding system, the Hart County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation") will until 11:00 A.M., E.D.ST., on May 26, 2022 receive at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, competitive bids for the purchase of \$4,190,000 principal amount of Hart County School District Finance Corporation Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds, Series of 2022, dated June 16, 2022. To be considered bids must be submitted on an Official Bid Form and must be received by facsimile transmission or electronically Via PARITY® on the date of sale no later than the hour indicated. Bids will be considered by the Corporation and may be accepted without further action by the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Subject to a Permitted Adjustment\* as described herein.

# HART COUNTY (KENTUCKY) SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non profit, non stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school facilities for and on behalf of the Board of Education of Hart County, Kentucky School District (the "Board"). Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Bonds herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

## STATUTORY AUTHORITY, PURPOSE OF ISSUE AND SECURITY

These Bonds are authorized pursuant to KRS 162.385, 58.010 through 58.140, 58.180, 58.600 through 58.615, 45A.345 through 45A.460, 65.940 through 65.956, 160.160(5) and 162.120 through 162.300 (collectively, the "Act") and are issued in accordance with a Resolution of the Corporation's Board of Directors. Said Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation payable from rental revenues derived by the Corporation from the Board under the Lease identified below. Said Bonds are being issued to finance the improvements consisting of Energy Conservation Measures, as contemplated by the Act, at Bonnieville Elementary School and Memorial Elementary School (collectively, the "ECM Project") and are secured by a lien on and pledge of the revenues from the rental of the ECM Project property to the Board under the Lease on a year to year basis; the first rental period ending June 30, 2022; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with a similar lien and pledge of rental revenues securing the Corporation's School Building Revenue Bonds previously issued to improve or refinance the school building properties in which the ECM Project is to be implemented (the "Parity Bonds").

The rental of the ECM Project from the Corporation to the Board is to be effected under a certain Lease Agreement by and between the Corporation and the Board (the "Lease"), whereunder the ECM Project is leased to the Board for the initial period ending June 30, 2022, with an option in the Board to renew the Lease each year at rentals sufficient to provide for the principal and interest requirements on the Bonds as they become due, plus the costs of insurance, maintenance, depreciation, and bond issuance and administration expenses; the Board being legally obligated only for the initial rental period and for one year at a time thereafter each time the Lease is renewed.

Under the terms of the Lease, and any renewal thereof, the Board has agreed so long as the Bonds remain outstanding, and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the Lease to the Corporation the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

#### **ADDITIONAL PARITY BONDS**

The Corporation has reserved the right and privilege of issuing additional bonds from time to time payable from the income and revenues of said lands and school building Project property and secured by a statutory mortgage lien and pledge of revenues, but only if and to the extent the issuance of such additional parity bonds are in accordance with the plans and specifications which have been approved by the Board, Commissioner of Education, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Corporation and a Lease shall be entered into whereunder the annual rental payments during the life of such additional bonds shall be increased by the amount of the annual principal and interest requirements of such additional bonds.

## BOND MATURITIES, PRIOR REDEMPTION PROVISIONS AND PAYING AGENT

All such Bonds shall be in denominations in multiples of \$5,000 within the same maturity, bear interest from June 16, 2022, payable on June 1, 2023, and semi annually thereafter and shall mature as to principal on June 1 in each of the years as follows:

<u>YEAR</u>	<b>MATURITIES*</b>	<b>YEAR</b>	MATURITIES*
2023	\$ 80,000	2033	\$200,000
2024	80,000	2034	220,000
2025	90,000	2035	240,000
2026	105,000	2036	260,000
2027	115,000	2037	280,000
2028	130,000	2038	300,000
2029	140,000	2039	325,000
2030	155,000	2040	345,000
2031	170,000	2041	370,000
2032	185,000	2042	400,000

\* Subject to a Permitted Adjustment as further described herein which may be applied in any or all maturities.

The Bonds maturing on or after June 1, 2031 are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after June 1, 2030, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Corporation will deliver Bond Certificates to U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, fully registered in the name of Cede & Co., New York, New York, as the designee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"). The payment of all interest, principal and redemption premium, if any, as well as all transfers of ownership of the Bonds shall be effected through the Book Entry Only System facilitated through DTC to Owners of record as of the 15th day of the previous month.

#### **BIDDING CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS**

(A) Bids must be made on Official Bid Form, contained in Information for Bidders available from the undersigned or RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky, or by visiting www.rsamuni.com submitted manually, by facsimile or electronically via PARITY® INFRA.

(B) Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing non-electronic bids may be submitted via facisinile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form

(C) The minimum bid shall be not less than \$4,106,200 (98% of par) plus accrued interest. Interest rates shall be in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1% or both. Only one interest rate shall be permitted per Bond, and all Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same rate. Interest rates must be on an ascending scale, in that the interest rate stipulated in any year may not be less than that stipulated for any preceding maturity. There is no limit on the number of different interest rates.

(D) The maximum permissible net interest cost for the Bonds shall not exceed "The Bond Buyer's" Index of 20 Municipal Bonds as established on the Thursday immediately preceding the sale of said Bonds plus 1.50%.

(E) The determination of the best purchase bid for said Bonds shall be made on the basis of all bids submitted for exactly \$4,190,000 principal amount of Bonds offered for sale hereunder, but the Corporation may adjust the principal amount of Bonds upward or downward by \$420,000 (the "Permitted Adjustment") which may be awarded to such best bidder may be a minimum of \$3,770,000 or a maximum of \$4,610,000. In the event of such Permitted Adjustment, no rebidding or recalculation of a submitted bid will be required or permitted. The price of which such adjusted principal amount of Bonds will be sold will be the same price per \$5,000 of Bonds as the price per \$5,000 for the \$4,190,000 of Bonds bid.

(F) If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public as of the Sale Date for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

(a)*Holding Period* means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.

(b)*Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

(c)*Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(d)*Sale Date* means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is May 26, 2022.

(e)*Underwriter* means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

(G) The successful bidder may elect to notify the Municipal Advisor within twenty four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each term bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption by lot on June 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

(H) CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Bonds at the expense of the Corporation. The purchaser shall pay the CUSIP Service Bureau Charge. Improper imprintation or the failure to imprint CUSIP numbers shall not constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for said Bonds in accordance with the terms of any accepted proposal for the purchase of said Bonds.

(I) The Corporation shall provide to the successful purchaser a Final Official Statement in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2 12.

(J) Bids need not be accompanied by a certified or bank cashier's good faith check, BUT the successful bidder will be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the amount of the principal amount of Bonds awarded to the order of the Corporation by the close of business on the day following the award. Said good faith amount which will be forfeited as liquidated damages in the event of a failure of the successful bidder to take delivery of such Bonds when ready. The good faith amount (without interest) will be applied to the purchase price upon delivery of the Bonds. The successful bidder shall not be required to take up and pay for said Bonds unless delivery is made within 45 days from the date the bid is accepted.

(K) Delivery will be made via the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by DTC. Payment shall be in FEDERAL FUNDS.

(L) The Corporation reserves the right to reject any and all bids or to waive any informality in any bid. The Bonds are offered for sale subject to the principal and interest not being subject to Federal or Kentucky income taxation or Kentucky ad valorem taxation on the date of their delivery to the successful bidder, in accordance with the Final Approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky, which Opinion will be qualified in accordance with the section hereof on TAX EXEMPTION.

(M) The Corporation and the Board agree to cooperate with the successful bidder in the event said purchaser desires to purchase municipal bond insurance regarding the Bonds; provided, however, that any and all expenses incurred in obtaining said insurance shall be solely the obligation of the successful bidder should the successful bidder so elect to purchase such insurance.

# STATE SUPPORT OF EDUCATION

The 1990 Regular Session of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth enacted a comprehensive legislative package known as the Kentucky Education Reform Act ("KERA") designed to comply with the mandate of the Kentucky Supreme Court that the General Assembly provide for as efficient and equitable system of schools throughout the State.

KERA became fully effective on July 13, 1990. Elementary and Secondary Education in the Commonwealth is supervised by the Commissioner of Education as the Chief Executive Officer of the Kentucky Department of Education ("DOE"), an appointee of the reconstituted Kentucky Board of Education (the "State Board"). Some salient features of KERA are as follows:

KRS 157.330 establishes the fund to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funded from biennial appropriations from the General Assembly for distribution to school districts. The base funding guaranteed to each school district by SEEK for operating and capital expenditures is determined in each fiscal year by dividing the total annual SEEK appropriation by the state wide total of pupils in average daily attendance ("ADA") in the preceding fiscal year; the ADA for each district is subject to adjustment to reflect the number of at risk students (approved for free lunch programs under state and federal guidelines), number and types of exceptional children, and transportation costs.

KRS 157.420 establishes a formula which results in the allocation of funds for capital expenditures in school districts at \$100 per ADA pupil which is included in the SEEK allotment (\$4,000) for the current biennium which is required to be segregated into a Capital Outlay Allotment Fund which may be used only for (1) direct payment of construction costs; (2) debt service on voted and funding bonds; (3) lease rental payments in support of bond issues; (4) reduction of deficits resulting from over expenditures for emergency capital construction; and (5) a reserve for each of the categories enumerated in 1 through 4 above.

KRS 157.440(1) requires that effective for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of \$.30 for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes levied by the district (including utilities gross receipts license and special voted) for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property, plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Revenue Cabinet of the Commonwealth. Any school district board of education which fails to comply with the minimum equivalent tax rate levy shall be subject to removal from office.

KRS 157.440(2) provides that for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Any increase beyond the 4% annual limitation imposed by KRS 132.017 is not subject to the recall provisions of that Section. Revenue generated by the 15% levy is to be equalized at 150% of the state wide average per pupil equalized assessment.

KRS 157.440(2) permits school districts to levy up to 30% of the revenue guaranteed by the SEEK program, plus the revenue produced by the 15% levy, but said additional tax will not be equalized with state funds and will be subject to recall by a simple majority of those voting on the question.

KRS 157.620(1) also provides that in order to be eligible for participation from the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission for debt service on bond issues the district must levy a tax which will produce revenues equivalent to \$.05 per \$100 of the total assessed value of all property in the district (including tangible and intangible property and motor vehicles) in addition to the minimum \$.30 levy required by KRS 160.470(12). A district having a special voted tax which is equal to or higher than the required \$.05 tax, must commit and segregate for capital purposes at least an amount equal to the required \$.05 tax. Those districts which levy the additional \$.05 tax are also eligible for participation in the Kentucky Facilities Support ("KFS") program for which funds are appropriated separately from SEEK funds and are distributed to districts in accordance with a formula taking into account outstanding debt and funds available for payment from both local and state sources under KRS 157.440(1)(b).

KRS 160.460 provides that as of July 1, 1994 all real property located in the Commonwealth subject to local taxation shall be assessed at 100% of fair cash value.

## **BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2022**

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

Due to the unforeseen nature on the economy of the Commonwealth caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, in its 2020 regular session, the General Assembly adopted only a one-year budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2022 which was approved and signed by the Governor. The biennial budget was reviewed and supplemented during the General Assembly's 2021 regular session. Such budget became effective beginning July 1, 2020. The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at www.osbd.ky.gov.

## POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

#### **CONTINUING DISCLOSURE**

As a result of the Board and issuing agencies acting on behalf of the Board offering for public sale municipal securities in excess of \$1,000,000, the Corporation and the Board will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of all parties who may become Registered or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds whereunder said Corporation and Board will agree to comply with the provisions of the Municipal Securities Disclosure Rules set forth in Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 by filing annual financial statements and material events notices with the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) System maintained by the Municipal Securities Rule Making Board.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Hart County Board of Education, 25 Quality Street, Munfordville, Kentucky 42765 (270-524-2631).

# TAX EXEMPTION; BANK QUALIFIED

Bond Counsel advises as follows with respect to the Bonds:

(A) The Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.

(B) The interest income from the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law and interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of Federal taxation.

(C) As a result of certifications by the Board and the Corporation, indicating the issuance of less than 10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year ending December 31, 2022, the Bonds may be treated by financial institutions as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

## **BOOK ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM**

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds initially will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee). One fully-registered Bond Certificate will be issued, in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds securities that its participants ("Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the settlement among Participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in Participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. "Direct Participants" include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is owned by a number of its Direct Participants and by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange, Inc., and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as securities brokers and dealers, banks, and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). The Rules applicable to DTC and its participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participant's records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds ("Beneficial Ownership Interest") are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their Beneficial Ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued. Transfers of ownership interest in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the books of the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued. To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co., effect no change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners, will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to Cede & Co. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in the Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. will consent or vote with respect to Bonds. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments of the Bonds will be made to DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' account on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records unless DTC has reason to believe that it will not receive payment on payable date. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name", and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Issuer, or the Trustee, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to DTC is the responsibility of the Issuer or the Trustee, disbursements of such payments to Direct Participants shall be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payment to the Beneficial Owners shall be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Beneficial Ownership Interests purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Trustee, and shall effect delivery of such Beneficial Ownership Interests by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Beneficial Ownership Interests, on DTC's records, to the purchaser or the Trustee, as appropriate. The requirements for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with a demand for purchase or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Issuer or the Bond Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered by the Bond Registrar.

NEITHER THE ISSUER, THE BOARD NOR THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OR ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER OR ANY OTHER PERSON NOT SHOWN ON THE REGISTRATION BOOKS OF THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT AS BEING AN OWNER WITH RESPECT TO: (1) THE BONDS; (2) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (3) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT DUE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF TENDERED BONDS OR THE PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PRICE OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS; (4) THE DELIVERY BY ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY NOTICE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WHICH IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE BOND RESOLUTION TO BE GIVEN TO HOLDERS; (5) THE SELECTION OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF ANY PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE BONDS; OR (6) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS HOLDER.

## HART COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

By /s/ Tracie Crawford Secretary

# **APPENDIX E**

Hart County School District Finance Corporation Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds Series of 2022

**Official Bid Form** 

#### **OFFICIAL BID FORM** (Bond Purchase Agreement)

The Hart County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation" or "Issuer"), will until 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T., on May 26, 2022, receive in the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky Schools Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, (telephone 502-564-5582; Fax 888-979-6152) competitive bids for its \$4,190,000 School District Finance Corporation Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds, Series of 2022, dated June 16, 2022; maturing June 1, 2023 through 2042 ("Bonds").

We hereby bid for said \$4,190,000\* principal amount of Bonds, the total sum of \$\_\_\_\_\_\_(not less than \$4,106,200) plus accrued interest from June 16, 2022 payable June 1, 2023 and semiannually thereafter at the following annual rates, (rates on ascending scale in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1%; number of interest rates unlimited) and maturing as to principal on June 1 in the years as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount*</u>	Rate	<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount*</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030	$\$80,000\\80,000\\90,000\\105,000\\130,000\\140,000\\155,000$		2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040	$\begin{array}{r} \$200,000\\ 220,000\\ 240,000\\ 260,000\\ 280,000\\ 300,000\\ 325,000\\ 345,000 \end{array}$	
2031 2032	170,000 185,000	%	2041 2042	370,000 400,000	%

\* Subject to Permitted Adjustment

We understand this bid may be accepted for as much as \$4,610,000 of Bonds or as little as \$3,770,000 of Bonds, at the same price per \$5,000 Bond, with the variation in such amount occurring in any maturity or all maturities, which will be determined at the time of acceptance of the best bid.

We further understand that by submitting a bid we agree as follows:

If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public as of the Sale Date for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity on any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

(a)*Holding Period* means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.

(b)*Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

(c)*Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(d)*Sale Date* means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is May 26, 2022.

(e)*Underwriter* means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by

PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing, non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

The successful bidder may elect to notify the Municipal Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each Term Bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption on April 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

The DTC Book-Entry-Only-System will be utilized on delivery of this issue.

It is understood that the Corporation will furnish the final approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky.

No certified or bank cashier's check will be required to accompany a bid, but the successful bidder shall be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Bonds awarded by the close of business on the date following the award. Said good faith amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price on delivery. Wire transfer procedures should be arranged through U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, Attn: Mr. Charles Lush (502-562-6436).

Bids must be submitted only on this form and must be fully executed.

If we are the successful bidder, we agree to accept and make payment for the Bonds in Federal Funds on or about April 26, 2022 and upon acceptance by the Issuer's Municipal Advisor this Official Bid Form shall become the Bond Purchase Agreement.

	Respectfully submitted,		
	Bidder		
	ByAuthorized Offi	cer	
	Address		
Total interest cost from June 16, 2022 to final	maturity	\$	
Plus discount or less any premium		\$	
Net interest cost (Total interest cost plus disco	unt or less any premium)	\$	
Average interest rate or cost (ie NIC)			%

The above computation of net interest cost and of average interest rate or cost is submitted for information only and is not a part of this Bid.

Accepted by RSA Advisors, LLC, as Agent for the Hart County School District Finance Corporation for amount of Bonds at a price of \$\_\_\_\_\_\_as follows:

Year	<u>Amount</u>	Rate	Year	<u>Amount</u>	Rate
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032	$\begin{array}{c} 000\\ 000\\ 000\\ 000\\ 000\\ 000\\ 000\\ 00$	%           %	2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042	$\begin{array}{c} ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\\ ,000\end{array}$	

Dated: May 26, 2022

RSA Advisors, LLC, Municipal Advisor and Agent for Hart County School District Finance Corporation