DATED AUGUST 9, 2022

NEW ISSUE

Electronic Bidding via Parity®

Bank Interest Deduction Eligible

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

RATING Moody's: " "

Due: as shown below

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law (i) interest on the Bonds will be excludable from gross income of the holders thereof for purposes of federal taxation and (ii) interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax, all subject to the qualifications described herein under the heading "Tax Exemption." The Bonds and interest thereon are exempt from income taxation and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and political subdivisions thereof (see "Tax Exemption" herein).

\$670,000* ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE BONDS, SECOND SERIES OF 2022

Dated with Delivery: September 7, 2022

Interest on the Bonds is payable each March 1 and September 1, beginning March 1, 2023. The Bonds will mature as to principal on September 1, 2023 and thereafter as shown below. The Bonds are being issued in Book-Entry-Only Form and will be available for purchase in principal amounts of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Maturing		Interest	Reoffering		Maturing		Interest	Reoffering	
1-Sep	Amount*	Rate	Yield	CUSIP	1-Sep	Amount*	Rate	Yield	CUSIP
2023	\$31,000	%	%		2033	\$28,000	%	%	
2024	\$27,000	%	%		2034	\$28,000	%	%	
2025	\$29,000	%	%		2035	\$30,000	%	%	
2026	\$34,000	%	%		2036	\$48,000	%	%	
2027	\$27,000	%	%		2037	\$51,000	%	%	
2028	\$23,000	%	%		2038	\$48,000	%	%	
2029	\$20,000	%	%		2039	\$54,000	%	%	
2030	\$22,000	%	%		2040	\$45,000	%	%	
2031	\$24,000	%	%		2041	\$46,000	%	%	
2032	\$26,000	%	%		2042	\$29,000	%	%	

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right to call, upon thirty (30) days notice, the Bonds in whole or in part on any date for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds constitute a limited indebtedness of the Elliott County School District Finance Corporation and are payable from and secured by a pledge of the gross income and revenues derived by leasing the Project (as hereinafter defined) on an annual renewable basis to the Elliott County Board of Education.

The Elliott County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation will until August 17, 2022, at 11:30 A.M., E.S.T., receive competitive bids for the Bonds at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Rd, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

*As set forth in the "Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale," the principal amount of Bonds sold to the successful bidder is subject to a Permitted Adjustment by increasing or decreasing the amount not to exceed \$67,000.

PURCHASER'S OPTION: The Purchaser of the Bonds, within 24 hours of the sale, may specify to the Financial Advisor that any Bonds may be combined immediately succeeding sequential maturities into a Term Bond(s), bearing a single rate of interest, with the maturities set forth above (or as may be adjusted as provided herein) being subject to mandatory redemption in such maturities for such Term Bond(s).

The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM administered by The Depository Trust Company.

The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for certain information on the cover page hereof which has been omitted in accordance with such Rule and which will be supplied with the final Official Statement.



ELLIOTT COUNTY, KENTUCKY BOARD OF EDUCATION

Nancy White, Chairperson Elisha Roseberry, Member Keith Mason, Member Bridgett Howard, Member Brent Sturgill, Member

Debbie Stephens, Superintendent/Secretary

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

Nancy White, Chairperson Elisha Roseberry, Member Keith Mason, Member Bridgett Howard, Member Brent Sturgill, Member

Debbie Stephens, Secretary Kristen Salyers, Treasurer

BOND COUNSEL

Steptoe & Johnson PLLC Louisville, Kentucky

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

RSA Advisors, LLC Lexington, Kentucky

PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

U. S. Bank Trust Company, National Association Louisville, Kentucky

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement does not constitute an offering of any security other than the original offering of the Elliott County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Second Series of 2022, identified on the cover page hereof. No person has been authorized by the Corporation or the Board to give any information or to make any representation other than that contained in the Official Statement, and if given or made such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been given or authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, and there shall not be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation or the Board since the date hereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state or other governmental entity or agency, except the Corporation will pass upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement or approve the Bonds for sale.

The Official Statement includes the front cover page immediately preceding this page and all Appendices hereto.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT Relating to the Issuance of

\$670,000*

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE BONDS, SECOND SERIES OF 2022

*Subject to Permitted Adjustment

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page and Appendices hereto, is to set forth certain information pertaining to the Elliott County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") School Building Revenue Bonds, Second Series of 2022 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are being issued to finance improvements at Elliott County Middle/High Schools (the "Project").

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds will be secured by a lien and a pledge of the rental income derived by the Corporation from leasing the Project (as hereinafter defined) to the Elliott County Board of Education (the "Board") on a year to year basis (see "Security" herein).

All financial and other information presented in this Official Statement has been provided by the Elliott County Board of Education from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. The presentation of financial and other information is not intended, unless specifically stated, to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the Board. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety, and no one subject discussed should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its location in the text. Reference should be made to laws, reports or other documents referred to in this Official Statement for more complete information regarding their contents.

Copies of the Bond Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds, the Participation Agreement and the Lease Agreement, dated September 7, 2022, may be obtained at the office of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, 700 N. Hurstbourne Parkway, Suite 115, Louisville, Kentucky 40222.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

The following information about the Book-Entry only system applicable to the Bonds has been supplied by DTC. Neither the Corporation nor the Paying Agent and Registrar makes any representations, warranties or guarantees with respect to its accuracy or completeness.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry

transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, (NSCC, GSCC, MBSCC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Paying Agent and Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name" and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or its nominee, the Paying Agent and Registrar or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation

may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's Book-Entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation believes to be reliable but the Corporation takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

THE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.290 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board. Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Board herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

Any bonds, notes or other indebtedness issued or contracted by the Corporation shall, prior to the issuance or incurrence thereon, be specifically approved by the Board. The members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation are the members of the Board. Their terms expire when they cease to hold the office and any successor members of the Board are automatically members of the Corporation upon assuming their public offices.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission") is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of KRS Sections 157.611 through 157.640, as amended, repealed and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, the Regulations of the Kentucky Board of Education and the Commission, the Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for participation from the Commission in meeting the costs of construction of the Projects and has entered into a Participation Agreement with the Board whereunder the Commission agrees to pay an annual Agreed Participation equal to approximately \$50,000 to be applied to the annual debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified each year until their retirement; provided, however, that the contractual commitment of the Commission to pay the annual Agreed Participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2024; the right is reserved in the Commission to terminate its commitment to pay the Agreed Participation after the initial biennial period and every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the Agreed Participation shall be automatically renewed each two years for a period of two years unless the Commission shall give notice of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium; however, by the execution of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has expressed its present intention to continue to pay the Agreed Participation in each successive biennial budget period until the retirement of all of the Bonds, but such execution does not obligate the Commission to do so.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$125,216,700 in FY 2022-23 and \$126,719,600 in FY 2023-2024 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues; \$58,000,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium. It authorizes \$85,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2026.

The 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018 and 2020 Regular Sessions of the Kentucky General Assembly appropriated funds to be used for debt service of participating school districts. The appropriations for each biennium are shown in the following table:

<u>Biennium</u>	Appropriation
1986-88	\$18,223,200
1988-90	14,050,700
1990-92	13,542,800
1992-94	3,075,300
1994-96	2,800,000
1996-98	4,996,000
1998-00	12,141,500
2000-02	8,100,000
2002-04	9,500,000
2004-06	14,000,000
2006-08	9,000,000
2008-10	10,968,000
2010-12	12,656,200
2012-14	8,469,200
2014-16	8,764,000
2016-18	23,019,400
2018-20	7,608,000
2020-22	2,946,900
2022-24	<u>5,305,300</u>
Total	\$189,166,500

In addition to the appropriations for new financings as shown, appropriations subsequent to that for 1986 included additional funds to continue to meet the annual debt requirements for all bond issues involving Commission participation issued in prior years.

BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2024

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

The General Assembly recently adopted a budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2024 which was approved and signed by the Governor. Such budget was effective beginning July 1, 2022. The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at www.osbd.ky.gov.

OUTSTANDING BONDS

The following table shows the outstanding Bonds of the Board by the original principal amount of each issue, the current principal outstanding, the amount of the original principal scheduled to be paid with the corresponding interest thereon by the Board or the School Facilities Construction Commission, the approximate interest range; and, the final maturity date of the Bonds:

Bond Series	Original Principal	Current Principal Outstanding	Principal Assigned to Board	Principal Assigned to Commission	Approximate Interest Rate Range	Final Maturity
2005	\$290,000	\$80,000	\$0	\$290,000	4.125%	2026
2012-REF	\$2,020,000	\$300,000	\$1,616,886	\$403,114	2.125%	2023
2012	\$4,500,000	\$3,325,000	\$2,501,507	\$1,998,493	2.125% - 3.250%	2032
2013	\$595,000	\$525,000	\$595,000	\$0	2.250% - 3.750%	2033
2014-Energy	\$1,205,000	\$1,005,000	\$1,205,000	\$0	2.550% - 3.750%	2034
2015	\$395,000	\$285,000	\$0	\$395,000	3.100%	2035
2016-REF	\$2,185,000	\$1,285,000	\$0	\$2,185,000	2.000%	2027
2022	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$0	1.750%- 3.000%	2042
TOTALS:	\$11,490,000	\$7,105,000	\$6,218,393	\$5,271,607		

AUTHORITY

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has adopted a Bond Resolution which authorized among other things:

- i) the issuance of approximately \$670,000 of Bonds subject to a permitted adjustment of \$67,000;
- ii) the advertisement for the public sale of the Bonds;
- iii) the Official Terms and Conditions for the sale of the Bonds to the successful bidder; and,
- iv) the President and Secretary of the Corporation to execute certain documents relative to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

THE BONDS

General

The Bonds will be dated September 7, 2022, will bear interest from that date as described herein, payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing March 1, 2023, and will mature as to principal on September 1, 2023 and thereafter in the years and in the principal amounts as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement.

Registration, Payment and Transfer

The Bonds are to be issued in fully registered form (both principal and interest). U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, has been designated as the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co. Principal and interest will be payable through the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company: Please see "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM" below. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning March 1, 2023 (Record Date is the 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

Redemption

The Bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2031 are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after September 1, 2030, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Redemption Date	Redemption Price
September 1, 2030 and thereafter	100%

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

SECURITY

General

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds are payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues derived from the leasing of the Project financed from the Bond proceeds from the Corporation to the Board. The Bonds are secured by a pledge of revenue on and from the Project; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with the liens and pledges securing the Corporation's outstanding School Building Revenue Bonds issued to improve the building in which the Project is located.

The Lease; Pledge of Rental Revenues

The Board has leased the school Project securing the Bonds for an initial period from September 7, 2022, through June 30, 2023 with the option in the Board to renew said Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rental due under the Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Bonds as same become due. The Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the Lease until September 1, 2042, the final maturity date of the Bonds. Under the lease, the Corporation has pledged the rental revenue to the payment of the Bonds.

STATE INTERCEPT

Under the terms of the Lease and any renewal thereof, so long as the Bonds remain outstanding and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the Lease to the Corporation the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

COMMISSION'S PARTICIPATION

The Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for an average annual participation equal to approximately \$50,000 from the Commission's appropriation by the Kentucky General Assembly which will be used to meet a portion of the debt service of the Bonds. The plan for financing the Project will require the Commission to pay one hundred percent (100%) of the debt service of the Bonds.

The Participation Agreement to be entered into with the Board will be limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2024. The right is reserved in the Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the agreed participation every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the agreed participation shall be automatically renewed each two years thereafter unless the Commission gives notice to the Board of its intention not to

participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium. However, the Commission has expressed its intention to continue to pay the agreed participation in successive biennial budget periods until the Bonds are retired, but the Commission is not required to do so.

THE PROJECT

After payment of the Bond issuance costs, the Board plans to deposit the net Bond proceeds to finance improvements at Elliott County Middle and High Schools (the "Project").

The Board has reported construction bids have been let for the Project and approval of the Kentucky Department of Education, Buildings and Grounds, to award the construction contract is expected prior to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

Contractors for the Project are required to furnish to the Board a one hundred percent completion bond to assure their performance of the construction contract.

ESTIMATED BOND DEBT SERVICE

The following table shows by fiscal year the current bond payments of the Board. The plan of financing provides for the Commission to meet 100% of the debt service of the Bonds.

Fiscal Current Series 2022 Re		Revenue Bonds ((100% SFCC)	Total	
Year Ending June 30	Local Bond Payments	Principal Portion	Interest Portion	Total Payment	Local Bond Payments
2023	\$410,988		\$13,631	\$13,631	\$410,988
2024	\$318,017	\$31,000	\$27,737	\$58,737	\$318,017
2025	\$289,097	\$27,000	\$26,867	\$53,867	\$289,097
2026	\$285,588	\$29,000	\$26,027	\$55,027	\$285,588
2027	\$291,619	\$34,000	\$25,082	\$59,082	\$291,619
2028	\$287,178	\$27,000	\$24,099	\$51,099	\$287,178
2029	\$292,089	\$23,000	\$23,224	\$46,224	\$292,089
2030	\$291,033	\$20,000	\$22,472	\$42,472	\$291,033
2031	\$289,047	\$22,000	\$21,731	\$43,731	\$289,047
2032	\$285,738	\$24,000	\$20,903	\$44,903	\$285,738
2033	\$285,729	\$26,000	\$19,971	\$45,971	\$285,729
2034	\$56,031	\$28,000	\$18,945	\$46,945	\$56,031
2035	,	\$28,000	\$17,783	\$45,783	. ,
2036		\$30,000	\$16,478	\$46,478	
2037		\$48,000	\$14,723	\$62,723	
2038		\$51,000	\$12,495	\$63,495	
2039		\$48,000	\$10,268	\$58,268	
2040		\$54,000	\$7,838	\$61,838	
2041		\$45,000	\$5,306	\$50,306	
2042		\$46,000	\$2,860	\$48,860	
		\$29,000	\$798	\$29,798	
TOTALS:	\$3,382,155	\$670,000	\$359,231	\$1,029,231	\$3,382,155

Note: Numbers are rounded to the nearest \$1.00.

ESTIMATED USE OF BOND PROCEEDS

The table below shows the estimated sources of funds and uses of proceeds of the Bonds, other than any portions thereof representing accrued interest:

Sources:	
Par Amount of Bonds	\$670,000.00
Total Sources	\$670,000.00
Uses:	
Deposit to Construction Fund	\$641,750.00
Underwriter's Discount (2%)	13,400.00
Cost of Issuance	14,850.00
Total Uses	\$670,000.00

DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION

Selected school census and average daily attendance for the Elliott County School District is as follows:

Year	Average Daily Attendance	Year	Average Daily Attendance
2000-01	1,105.5	2011-12	983.8
2001-02	1,069.5	2012-13	950.2
2002-03	1,066.1	2013-14	945.5
2003-04	1,066.4	2014-15	966.0
2004-05	1,052.8	2015-16	955.7
2005-06	1,040.5	2016-17	941.6
2006-07	1,026.2	2017-18	954.5
2007-08	1,034.8	2018-19	924.4
2008-09	1,026.0	2019-20	909.1
2009-10	1,012.0	2020-21	909.1
2010-11	998.3		

Source: Kentucky State Department of Education.

STATE SUPPORT

Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK). In determining the cost of the program to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), the statewide guaranteed base funding level is computed by dividing the amount appropriated by the prior year's statewide average daily attendance. The SEEK fund is a guaranteed amount of money per pupil in each school district of Kentucky. The current SEEK allotment is \$3,866 per pupil. The \$100 capital outlay allotment per each average daily attendance is included within the guaranteed amounts. Each district's base funding from the SEEK program is adjusted for the number of at-risk students, the number and types of exceptional children in the district, and cost of transporting students from and to school in the district.

Capital Outlay Allotment. The per pupil capital outlay allotment for each district from the public school fund and from local sources shall be kept in a separate account and may be used by the district only for capital outlay projects approved by the State Department of Education. These funds shall be used for the following capital outlay purposes:

- a. For direct payment of construction costs.
- b. For debt service on voted and funding bonds.
- c. For payment or lease-rental agreements under which the board will eventually acquire ownership of the school plant.
- d. For retirement of any deficit resulting from over-expenditure for capital construction, if such deficit resulted from certain declared emergencies.
- e. As a reserve fund for the above named purposes, to be carried forward in ensuing budgets.

The allotment for each school board of education in the Commonwealth for fiscal year 1978-79 was \$1,800 per classroom unit. The 1979 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly approved increases in this allotment in 1979-80 to \$1,900 per classroom unit. This rate remained unchanged in 1980-81. The 1981 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly decreased the allotment per classroom to \$1,800 and this allotment rate did not change from the 1981-82 rate, until the 1990-91 school year. Beginning with 1990-91, the Capital Outlay allotment for each district is based on \$100 per average daily attendance.

The following table shows the computation of the capital outlay allotment for the Elliott County School District for certain preceding school years. Beginning 1990-91, the allotment is based on average daily attendance as required by law.

Year	Capital Outlay Allotment	Year	Capital Outlay Allotment
2000-01	110,550.0	2011-12	98,378.1
2001-02	106,950.0	2012-13	95,021.7
2002-03	106,610.0	2013-14	94,552.7
2003-04	106,640.0	2014-15	96,603.0
2004-05	105,280.0	2015-16	95,566.3
2005-06	104,050.0	2016-17	94,160.0
2006-07	102,620.0	2017-18	95,450.0
2007-08	103,480.0	2018-19	92,438.5
2008-09	102,596.0	2019-20	90,910.0
2009-10	101,198.0	2020-21	90,908.3
2010-11	99,830.5		

If the school district has no capital outlay needs, upon approval from the State, the funds can be used for school plant maintenance, repair, insurance on buildings, replacement of equipment, purchase of school buses and purchase of modern technological equipment for educational purposes. If any district has a special levy for capital outlay or debt service that is equal to the capital outlay allotment or a proportionate fraction thereof, and spends the proceeds of the levy for eligible purposes, the State may authorize the district to use all or a proportionate fraction of its capital outlay allotment for current expenses (school districts which use capital outlay allotments to meet current expenses are not eligible to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission funds).

Facilities Support Program of Kentucky. School districts may be eligible to participate in the Facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), subject to the following requirements:

- 1) The district must have unmet needs as set forth and approved by the State Department of Education in a School Facilities Plan;
- 2) The district must commit to establish an equivalent tax rate of at least 5 cents, in addition to the 30 cents minimum current equivalent tax rate; and,
- The new revenues generated by the 5 cent addition, must be placed in a restricted account for school building construction bonding.

LOCAL SUPPORT

Homestead Exemption. Section 170 of the Kentucky Constitution was amended at the General Election held November 2, 1971, to exempt from property taxes \$6,500 of value of single unit residential property of taxpayers 65 years of age or older. The 1972 General Assembly amended KRS Chapter 132 to permit counties and school districts to adjust their local tax revenues lost through the application of this Homestead Exemption. The "Single Unit" qualification has been enlarged to subsequent sessions of the General Assembly to provide that such exemption shall apply to such property maintained as the permanent resident of the owner and the dollar amount has been construed to mean \$6,500 in terms of the purchasing power of the dollar in 1972. Every two years thereafter, if the cost of living index of the U.S. Department of Labor has changed as much as 1%, the maximum exemption shall be adjusted accordingly. Under the cost of living formula, the maximum was increased to \$39,300 effective January 1, 2019.

Limitation on Taxation. The 1979 Special Session of the Kentucky General Assembly enacted House Bill 44 which provides that no school district may levy a general tax rate, voted general tax rate, or voted building tax rate which would generate revenues that exceeds the previous years revenues by four percent (4%).

The 1990 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly in enacting the "School Reform" legislative package amended the provisions of KRS 160.470 which prohibited school districts from levying ad valorem property taxes which would generate revenues in excess of 4% of the previous year's revenues without said levy subject to recall to permit exceptions to the referendum under (1) KRS 160.470(12) [a new section of the statute] and (2) an amended KRS 157.440.

Under KRS 160.470(12)(a) for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 school districts are required to levy a "minimum equivalent tax rate" of thirty cents (\$.30) for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes (including occupational or utilities) levied by the district for school purposes divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the State Revenue Cabinet. Failure to levy the minimum equivalent rate subjects the board of the district to removal.

The exception provided by KRS 157.440(1)(a) permits school districts to levy an equivalent tax rate as defined in KRS 160.470(12)(a) which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the program to support education excellence in Kentucky. Levies permitted by this section of the statute are not subject to public hearing or recall provisions as set forth in KRS 160.470.

Local Thirty Cents Minimum. Effective for school years beginning after June 30, 1990, the board of education of each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of thirty cents (\$0.30) for general school purposes. If a board fails to comply, its members shall be subject to removal from office for willful neglect of duty.

Additional 15% Not Subject to Recall. Effective with the school year beginning July 1, 1990, each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Effective with the 1990-91 school year, the State will equalize the revenue generated by this levy at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil equalized assessment. For 1993-94 and thereafter, this level is set at \$225,000. The additional 15% rate levy is not subject to the public hearing or recall provisions.

Assessment Valuation. No later than July 1, 1994, all real property located in the state and subject to local taxation shall be assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of fair cash value.

Special Voted and Other Local Taxes. Any district may, in addition to other taxes for school purposes, levy not less than four cents nor more than twenty cents on each one hundred dollars (\$100) valuation of property subject to local taxation, to provide a special fund for the purchase of sites for school buildings and the erection, major alteration, enlargement, and complete equipping of school buildings. In addition, districts may levy taxes on tangible and intangible property and on utilities, except generally any amounts of revenues generated above that provided for by House Bill 44 is subject to voter recall.

Local Tax Rates, Property Assessments and Revenue Collections

Tax	Combined Equivalent	Total Property	Property Revenue
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Assessment	Collections
2000-01	57.5	123,233,101	708,590
2001-02	58.7	133,325,327	782,620
2002-03	57.3	135,894,937	778,678
2003-04	57.3	148,831,113	852,802
2004-05	52.1	153,053,979	797,411
2005-06	55.8	160,406,678	895,069
2006-07	55.4	165,486,172	916,793
2007-08	55.8	169,318,458	944,797
2008-09	55.9	173,317,215	968,843
2009-10	55.9	177,818,294	994,004
2010-11	57.6	185,941,137	1,071,021
2011-12	58.7	188,313,103	1,105,398
2012-13	56.3	196,705,409	1,107,451
2013-14	57.9	198,608,815	1,149,945
2014-15	57.8	204,866,439	1,184,128
2015-16	59.8	208,869,729	1,249,041
2016-17	57.1	208,525,333	1,190,680
2017-18	58.6	205,023,544	1,201,438
2018-19	57.0	209,373,411	1,193,428
2019-20	57.3	225,048,090	1,289,526
2020-21	55.9	231,137,942	1,292,061

Overlapping Bond Indebtedness

The following table shows any other overlapping bond indebtedness of the Elliott County School District or other issuing agency within the County as reported by the State Local Debt Officer for the period ending June 30, 2020.

-	Original	Amount	Current
	Principal	of Bonds	Principal
Issuer	Amount	Redeemed	Outstanding
County of Elliott			
General Obligation	\$3,071,000	\$1,957,000	\$1,114,000
Court Facility Revenue	\$2,010,000	\$1,485,000	\$525,000
Roads Revenue	\$58,000	\$0	\$58,000
City of Sandy Hook			
Water & Sewer Revenue	\$841,000	\$402,100	\$438,900
Special Districts			
Elliott County Cooperative Ext. Dist.	\$70,000	\$31,000	\$39,000
Sandy Hook Water District	\$1,236,000	\$295,500	\$940,500
Totals:	\$7,286,000	\$4,170,600	\$3,115,400

Source: 2020 Kentucky Local Debt Report.

SEEK Allotment

The Board has reported the following information as to the SEEK allotment to the District, and as provided by the State Department of Education. These receipts are compared to the 1989-90 fiscal year funding prior to enactment of the Kentucky Education Reform Act:

SEEK	Base Funding	Local Tax Effort	Total State & Local Funding
		TWI BITOTY	Down I what I
2000-01	5,392,675	708,590	6,101,265
2001-02	5,127,626	782,620	5,910,246
2002-03	5,245,827	778,678	6,024,505
2003-04	5,347,339	852,802	6,200,141
2004-05	5,422,831	797,411	6,220,242
2005-06	5,669,929	895,069	6,564,998
2006-07	5,539,761	916,793	6,456,554
2007-08	5,827,170	944,797	6,771,967
2008-09	5,816,754	968,843	6,785,597
2009-10	5,103,713	994,004	6,097,717
2010-11	4,999,597	1,071,021	6,070,618
2011-12	5,286,547	1,105,398	6,391,945
2012-13	5,305,565	1,107,451	6,413,016
2013-14	5,214,435	1,149,945	6,364,380
2014-15	5,429,246	1,184,128	6,613,374
2015-16	5,485,657	1,249,041	6,734,698
2016-17	5,446,014	1,190,680	6,636,694
2017-18	5,624,785	1,201,438	6,826,223
2018-19	5,595,354	1,193,428	6,788,782
2019-20	5,435,603	1,289,526	6,725,129
2020-21	5,160,657	1,292,061	6,452,718

- (1) Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) replaces the minimum foundation program and power equalization funding. Capital Outlay is now computed at \$100 per average daily attendance (ADA). Capital Outlay is included in the SEEK base funding.
- (2) The Board established a current equivalent tax rate (CETR) of \$0.559 for FY 2020-21. The equivalent tax rate" is defined as the rate which results when the income from all taxes levied by the district for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Commonwealth of Kentucky Revenue Cabinet.

State Budgeting Process

- i) Each district board of education is required to prepare a general school budget on forms prescribed and furnished by the Kentucky Board of Education, showing the amount of money needed for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay, and other necessary expenses of the school during the succeeding fiscal year and the estimated amount that will be received from all sources.
- ii) By September 15 of each year, after the district receives its tax assessment data from the Department of Revenue and the State Department of Education, 3 copies of the budget are forwarded to the State Department for approval or disapproval.
- iii) The State Department of Education has adopted a policy of disapproving a school budget if it is financially unsound or fails to provide for:

- a) payment of maturing principal and interest on any outstanding voted school improvement bonds of the district or payment of rental in connection with any outstanding school building revenue bonds issued for the benefit of the school district;
 or
- b) fails to comply with the law.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

As a result of the principal amount of Bonds being offered not exceeding \$1,000,000 Bond Counsel has advised the Corporation and the Board that they are exempt from application of the Rule 15c2-12c2-12(b)(5) of the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to the Bonds.

The Board and Corporation have been timely in making required filings under the terms of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement for the past five years.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Elliott County Board of Education, PO Box 767, Sandy Hook, Kentucky 41171 (606-738-8001).

TAX EXEMPTION; BANK QUALIFIED

Bond Counsel is of the opinion that:

- (A) The Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.
- (B) The interest income from the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law and will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of Federal income taxation.
- (C) As a result of designations and certifications by the Board and the Corporation, indicating the issuance of less than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year ending December 31, 2022, the Bonds are "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

The Corporation will provide the purchaser the customary no-litigation certificate, and the final approving Legal Opinions of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky approving the legality of the Bonds. These opinions will accompany the Bonds when delivered, without expense to the purchaser.

Original Issue Premium

Certain of the Bonds are being initially offered and sold to the public at a premium ("Acquisition Premium" from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. "Acquisition Premium" is the excess of the cost of a bond over the stated redemption price of such bond at maturity or, for bonds that have one or more earlier call dates, the amount payable at the next earliest call date. The Bonds that bear an interest rate that is higher than the yield (as shown on the cover page hereof), are being initially offered and sold to the public at an Acquisition Premium (the "Premium Bonds"). For federal income tax purposes, the amount of Acquisition Premium on each bond the interest on which is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes ("tax-exempt bonds") must be amortized and will reduce the bondholder's adjusted basis in that bond. However, no amount of amortized Acquisition Premium on tax-exempt bonds may be deducted in determining bondholder's taxable income for federal income tax purposes. The amount of any Acquisition Premium paid on the Premium Bonds, or on any of the Bonds, that must be amortized during any period will be based on the "constant yield" method, using the original bondholder's basis in such bonds and compounding semiannually. This amount is amortized ratably over that semiannual period on a daily basis.

Holders of any Bonds, including any Premium Bonds, purchased at an Acquisition Premium should consult their own tax advisors as to the actual effect of such Acquisition Premium with respect to their own tax situation and as to the treatment of Acquisition Premium for state tax purposes.

Original Issue Discount

Certain of the Bonds (the "Discount Bonds") are being initially offered and sold to the public at a discount ("OID") from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. OID is the excess of the stated redemption price of a bond at maturity (the face amount) over the "issue price" of such bond. The issue price is the initial offering price to the public (other than to bond houses, brokers or similar persons acting in the capacity of underwriters or wholesalers) at which a substantial amount of bonds of the same maturity are sold pursuant to that initial offering. For federal income tax purposes, OID on each bond will accrue over the term of the bond. The amount accrued will be based on a single rate of interest, compounded semiannually (the "yield to maturity") and, during each semi-annual period, the amount will accrue ratably on a daily basis. The OID accrued during the period that an initial purchaser of a Discount Bond at its issue price owns it is added to the purchaser's tax basis for purposes of determining gain or loss at the maturity, redemption, sale or other disposition of that Discount Bond. In practical effect, accrued OID is treated as stated interest, that is, as excludible from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

In addition, original issue discount that accrues in each year to an owner of a Discount Bond is included in the calculation of the distribution requirements of certain regulated investment companies and may result in some of the collateral federal income tax consequences discussed above. Consequently, owners of any Discount Bond should be aware that the accrual of original issue discount in each year may result in an alternative minimum tax liability, additional distribution requirements or other collateral federal income tax consequences although the owner of such Discount Bond has not received cash attributable to such original issue discount in such year.

Holders of Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the treatment of OID and the tax consequences of the purchase of such Discount Bonds other than at the issue price during the initial public offering and as to the treatment of OID for state tax purposes.

COVID-19

The recent outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, which was first detected in China and has since spread to other countries, including the United States and the Commonwealth of Kentucky, has been declared a Pandemic by the World Health Organization. The outbreak of the disease has affected travel, commerce and financial markets globally and is widely expected to affect economic growth worldwide. On March 13, 2020, President Donald Trump declared a national emergency to unlock federal funds to help states and local governments fight the pandemic.

While the collection of property taxes, which are a significant source of building fund revenue for the payment of principal and interest due on the bonds (see "LOCAL SUPPORT" herein) may be impacted by the COVID-19 emergency, the District does not expect the impact to be significant unless the economic hardship is long term. In addition, the Commonwealth of Kentucky revenues are also likely to be impacted by a long-term economic hardship caused by declining collections of sales taxes, wage taxes, income taxes, property taxes and other revenue sources. The impact of those declining revenue collections on state education funds (see "STATE SUPPORT" herein) is unknown. Although the potential impact of the virus on the Commonwealth and the Board of Education's future ability to make payments under the Lease cannot be predicted at this time, the continued spread of the outbreak could have a material adverse effect on the Board of Education and ultimately, the Corporation.

On March 24, 2020 the Governor of Kentucky signed Senate Bill 177 which provides relief to Kentucky School Districts in light of the Coronavirus emergency. Among other things, it removes the limits on the number of days that a district can utilize an approved Non-Traditional Instruction program ("NTI"). Senate Bill 177 also authorizes Kentucky Superintendents to use their school year 2018-2019 attendance data on their Superintendent's Annual Attendance Report. The report determines a district's average daily attendance used in calculating Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funds. On Friday, Dec. 18, 2020, Gov. Andy Beshear issued Executive Order No. 2020-1041 (EO 2020-1041), which outlines requirements and recommendations for the reopening of schools in January 2021. For more information on the Kentucky Department of Education's response to COVID 19, please see their website at https://education.ky.gov/comm/Pages/COVID-19-Updates.aspx.

ABSENCE OF MATERIAL LITIGATION

There is no controversy or litigation of any nature now pending or threatened (i) restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the Board or Corporation taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof or (ii) which if successful would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Board.

APPROVAL OF LEGALITY

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel. The form of the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel will appear on each printed Bond.

NO LEGAL OPINION EXPRESSED AS TO CERTAIN MATTERS

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement describing the Bonds and the provisions of the Bond Resolution and related proceedings authorizing the Bonds, but Bond Counsel has not reviewed any of the financial data, computations, tabulations, balance sheets, financial projections, and general information concerning the Corporation or District, and expresses no opinion thereon, assumes no responsibility for same and has not undertaken independently to verify any information contained herein.

BOND RATING

As noted on the cover page of this Official Statement, Moody's Investors Service has given the Bonds the indicated rating. Such rating reflects only the respective views of such organization. Explanations of the significance of the rating may be obtained from the rating agency. There can be no assurance that such rating will be maintained for any given period of time or will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency, if in their judgement circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

Prospective bidders are advised that RSA Advisors, LLC ("RSA") has been employed as Financial Advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. RSA's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. Bidders may submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds at the time of the advertised public sale, either individually or as a member of a syndicate organized to submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds.

APPROVAL OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Corporation has approved and caused this "Official Statement" to be executed and delivered by its President. In making this "Official Statement" the Corporation relied upon information furnished to it by the Board of Education of the Elliott County School District and does not assume any responsibility as to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Official Statement except as to copies of documents denominated "Official Terms and Conditions" and "Bid Form." The financial information supplied by the Board of Education is represented by the Board of Education to be correct. The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of Securities Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1) as qualified by the cover hereof.

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized by the Corporation, the Elliott County Board of Education or the Financial Advisor to give any information or representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. Except when otherwise indicated, the information set forth herein has been obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education and the Elliott County School District and is believed to be reliable; however, such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation by the Financial Advisor or by Counsel. The delivery of this Official Statement at any time does not imply that information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

This Official Statement does not, as of its date, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact which should be included herein for the purpose for which the Official Statement is to be used or which is necessary in order to make the statements contained herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading in any material respect.

By_/s/		
	President	
By /s/		
<u>. </u>	Secretary	

APPENDIX A

Elliott County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds Second Series of 2022

Demographic and Economic Data

ELLIOTT COUNTY, KENTUCKY

Sandy Hook, the county seat of Elliott County, had an estimated 2020 population of 598. The city is located 53 miles southwest of Huntington, West Virginia, and 93 miles east of Lexington, Kentucky. Elliott County covers a land area of 234 square miles in Kentucky's Eastern Coal Field Region and had an estimated 2020 population of 7,441.

The Economic Framework

The total number of people employed in Elliott County in 2021 averaged 1,631. The top jobs in Elliott County were office and administrative support - 101 (17.35%); protective services - 186 (15.98%); education, training/library - 52 (8.93%); executive, managers and administrators - 46 (7.9%); business and financial operations - 41 (7.04%).

Transportation

Highways serving Elliott County include Kentucky Routes 7, 32, and 173. Interstate 64 is accessible 26 miles northeast of Sandy Hook via Kentucky 7. Eight common carrier trucking companies provide interstate and/or intrastate service to Elliott County. CSX Transportation provides the nearest rail service to Elliott County at Louisa, 40 miles east of Sandy Hook, and at Paintsville, 39 miles southeast of Sandy Hook. The nearest scheduled commercial airline service is available at the Tri-State Airport near Huntington, West Virginia, 50 miles northeast of Sandy Hook. The West Liberty-Morgan County Airport, 19 miles south of Sandy Hook, maintains a 2,400-foot paved runway.

Power and Fuel

Electric power is provided to Elliott County by Grayson Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation, which is supplied by East Kentucky Power.

Education

Primary and secondary education is provided by the Elliott County School System and one nonpublic school system. Morehead State University, 28 miles northeast of Sandy Hook in Morehead, Kentucky, offers degrees in associate, bachelors, masters, and specialty degree programs. In addition, there are 12 other colleges and universities within 60 miles of Sandy Hook. There are also 19 technical schools within 60 miles of Sandy Hook.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Structure

Sandy Hook is governed by a mayor and six council members. The mayor is elected to a four-year term, while the council members each serve two-year terms. Elliott County is governed by a county judge/executive and seven magistrates. Each county official serves a four-year term.

Planning and Zoning

There is presently no planning and zoning agency in Elliott County.

Mandatory state codes enforced - Kentucky Plumbing Code, National Electric code, Kentucky Boiler Regulations and Standards, Kentucky Building Code (modeled after BOCA code)

LABOR MARKET STATISTICS

The Elliott County Labor Market Area includes Elliott County and the adjoining Kentucky counties of Carter, Lawrence, Morgan and Rowan.

Population

<u>Area</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Elliott County	7,477	7,436	7,441

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

Population Projections

<u>Area</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2030</u>	<u>2035</u>
Elliott County	7,542	7,382	7,176

Source: Kentucky State Data Center, University of Louisville and Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development.

EDUCATION

Public Schools

Elliott County

Total Enrollment (2019-2020) 1,005 Pupil to Teacher Ratio 15 - 1

Technical Schools

Name	Location	Enrollment (2019-2020)
Morgan County ATC	West Liberty, KY	479
Martin County ATC	Inez, KY	373
Greenup County ATC	Greenup, KY	477
Russell ATC	Russell, KY	462
Breathitt County ATC	Jackson, KY	508
Floyd County ATC (GARTH)	Martin, KY	532
Montgomery County ATC	Mt. Sterling, KY	563
Lee County ATC	Beattyville, KY	298
Mason County Career Magnet School	Maysville, KY	219
Knott County ATC	Hindman, KY	328
Belfry ATC	Belfry, KY	564
Clark County ATC	Winchester, KY	664

Colleges and Universities

<u>Institution</u>	Location	Enrollment (Fall 2020)
University of Pikeville	Pikeville, KY	2,262
Morehead State University	Morehead, KY	9,660
Alice Lloyd College	Pippa Passes, KY	574

APPENDIX B

Elliott County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds Second Series of 2022

Audited Financial Statement ending June 30, 2021

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Prepared by:

WHITE & ASSOCIATES, PSC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 1407 Lexington Road Richmond, Kentucky 40475 Phone (859) 624-3926 Fax (859) 625-0227

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1407 Lexington Road Richmond, KY 40475 (859) 624-3926

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Elliott County School District Sandy Hook, KY And the State Committee for School District Audits

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Elliott County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Elliott County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Elliott County School District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note A to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB 84 Fiduciary Activities, changing School Activity Funds from a fiduciary fund to a special revenue fund. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and TRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Elliott County School District basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2021, on our consideration of Elliott County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Elliott County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Elliott County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2021

ELLIOTT COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT SANDY HOOK, KENTUCKY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Year ended June 30, 2021

As management of the Elliott County School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning General Fund balance for the District was \$519,910 and ending with \$797,850.
- The district utilized KISTA financing to purchase 1 new bus.
- The district was able to give and 3% raise to all salaried staff.
- The General Fund had \$6.52 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of the SEEK program, property, utility and motor vehicle taxes. There were \$6.37 million expenditures in General Fund. This does not include \$2.6 million in revenue and expenditures for On-Behalf payments.
- The school district consolidated and renamed schools. This allowed the district to utilize existing buildings to operate with one K-2 school (Elliott County Primary), one 3-5 school (Elliott County Intermediate), one 6-8 school (Elliott County Middle) and one 9-12 school (Elliott County High School). It resulted in one school closure (Isonville Elementary). This consolidation has benefited the district with both staffing and maintenance costs.
- Bonds are issued as the district renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and in keeping with Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) stringent compliance regulations. There were no new building bonds issued in FY21.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues also support fixed assets and related debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in the table of contents of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1
Net Position
\$ (in Millions)

	Governmental A	Activities	Business-type A	Activities	Totals	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Current assets	0.64	1.08	0.33	0.30	0.97	1.38
Non-current assets	20.44	19.88	0.01	0.01	20.45	19.89
Total assets	21.08	20.96	0.34	0.31	21.42	21.27
Deferred outflows	1.29	1.53	0.04	0.04	1.33	1.57
Current liabilities	1.52	1.08			1.52	1.08
Non-current liabilities	14.27	13.87	0.17	0.18	14.44	14.05
Total liabilities	15.79	14.95	0.17	0.18	15.96	15.13
Deferred inflows	1.21	1.26	0.02	0.01	1.23	1.27
Net position: Invested in capital						
assets, net of debt	10.91	11.58	0.01	1.01	10.92	11.59
Restricted		0.16	0.18	0.15	0.18	0.31
Unrestricted (deficit)	(5.54)	(5.47)			(5.54)	(5.47)
Total net position	5.37	6.27	0.19	0.16	5.56	6.43

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in millions)

	()											
												Total
									То			Percentage
		overnmen				ısiness-Ty	•		School			Change
	2	<u> 2020</u>	:	<u> 2021</u>	2	<u> 2020</u>		<u>2021</u>	<u> 2020</u>	2	<u> 2021</u>	<u>2020-2021</u>
Revenues:												
Charges for services Operating grants and contributions	\$	0.05 1.55	\$	0.13 4.93	\$	0.04 0.70	\$	0.00 0.59	\$ 0.09 2.25	\$	0.13 5.52	78% 146%
Capital grants and contributions General revenues		0.81 9.43		0.85 6.61		(0.05)		(0.04)	0.81 9.38		0.85 6.57	5% -30%
Total revenue		11.84		12.52		0.69		0.55	12.53		13.07	5%
Expenses:												
Instruction	\$	6.80	\$	7.53					\$ 6.80	\$	7.53	11%
Student		0.12		0.19					0.12		0.19	58%
Instructional staff		0.23		0.23					0.23		0.23	0%
District administration		0.65		0.60					0.65		0.60	-8%
School administration		0.57		0.55					0.57		0.55	-4%
Business		0.37		0.40					0.37		0.40	8%
Plant operation & maintenance		1.10		1.02					1.10		1.02	-7%
Student transportation		0.62		0.54					0.62		0.54	-13%
Community services operations Food Service Operations		0.20 0.01		0.23		0.71		0.58	0.20 0.72		0.23 0.58	15% -19%
Building Improvements		0.02							-		-	100%
Depreciation/Amortization		0.74		0.66					0.74		0.66	-11%
Interest on long-term debt		0.26		0.27					0.26		0.27	4%
Total Expenses	\$	11.69	\$	12.22	\$	0.71	\$	0.58	\$ 12.40	\$	12.80	3%
Change in net position	\$	0.15	\$	0.30	\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.03)	\$ 0.12	\$	0.27	-150%

DEBT

Debt decreased from 2020 by \$1,255,692.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	Government Activities				
	2020	2021			
•		_			
General Obligation Bonds					
	8,760,381	7,536,026			
Capital Lease Obligations	777 570	769.751			
KSBIT Obligations	777,572	768,751			
KSBIT Congations	119,727	97,211			
Total Obligations	9,657,680	8,401,988			

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of fiscal 2021, the District had \$19.90 million invested in capital assets, including land, improvements, and construction in progress.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of depreciation)

	Governmenta	l Activities		ess Type vities	Totals		
	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	
Land	452,007	452,008	-	-	452,007	452,008	
Land and Improvements	27,837	19,952	-	-	27,837	19,952	
Buildings & Improvements	19,264,748	18,789,210	-	_	19,264,748	18,789,210	
Vehicles	630,898	566,412	-	-	630,898	566,412	
General Equipment	68,700	57,231	12,190	10,294	80,890	67,525	
Totals	20,44,190	19,884,813	12,190	10,294	20,456,380	19,895,107	

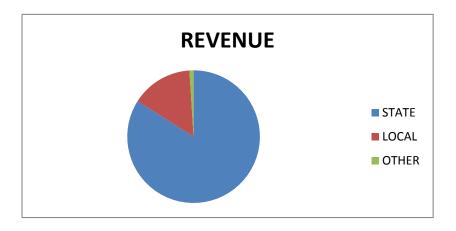
Comments on Budget Comparisons

Actual revenues and expenditures for the General Fund contain \$2.6 million dollars in payments made onbehalf of the District by the State of Kentucky. Our District will remain conservative in future fund 1 budgets because of the current economic climate. We will utilize fund 2, ESSER grants to fund new instructional initiatives to compensate for learning loss due to Covid-19 and building improvements. The following table presents a summary of revenue and expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

REVENUE	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
	1	2	310	320	360	400	51
Local Revenue Sources	1,368,902	11,808		115,569		1,315	3,627
State Revenue Sources	7,755,293	834,399	90,908	300,791		453,576	48,756
Federal Revenue Sources	14,135	1,397,676	70,700	300,771		433,370	544,132
Other		1,397,070					344,132
Transfers	111,199 43,946	19,092				481,473	
TOTALS	9,293,475	2,262,975	90,908	416,360	-	936,364	596,515
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
EXPENDITURES	1	2	310	320	360	400	51
Instruction	5,407,824	1,826,342					
Student Support Services	153,534	42,382					
Instructional Staff Support Services	119,727	109,228					
District Admin Support	602,578	ĺ					
School Admin Support	551,797						
Business Support Services	365,070	33,538					
Plant Operation & Management	965,877	58,293					
Student Transportation	637,608						
Food Service Operations							584,653
Community Services	35,724	194,393					,
Debt Service	156,704	2-				1,435,049	
Transfers	19,092		65,113	416,360		, - , -	43,946
TOTALS	9,015,535	2,264,176	65,113	416,360	-	1,435,049	628,599
Excess / (Deficit)	277,940	(1,201)	25,795	-	-	(498,685)	(32,084)

General Fund Revenue Chart 1

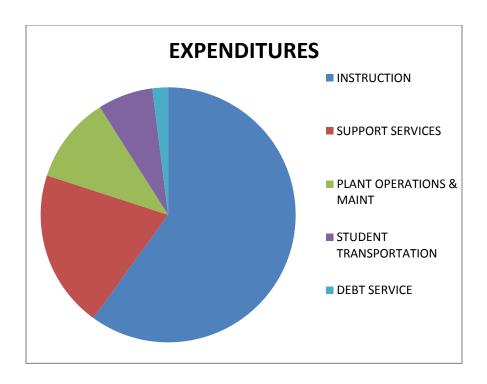
The majority of revenue was derived from state funding (84%), with local taxes making up 15% of total revenue.



General Fund Expenditures Chart 2

The majority of revenue is spent on instructional expenditures; this consumes 60% of the budget. The instruction function included the SBDM expenditures for staff and supplies. Support services make up 20%, which includes services for students, instructional staff, district administration, school administration and business. Plant operations and management makes up 11%. Student transportation makes up 7%. Debt Service is 2%. Food Service operations and community services make up less than one percent.

See Chart on Next Page



Special Revenue Fund Revenue/Expenditures

The majority of revenue was derived from Federal Sources (62 %) with the state revenue making up 37% and local source providing 1%. The function with the greatest expenditures is instruction at 81%.

Other Governmental Funds Revenue/Expenditures

The main other governmental funds are capital outlay fund, and building fund (FSPK). State funding makes up the capital outlay and the building fund consists of state and local revenues. During the FY21 school year these funds were used to make bond payments on existing debt.

School Food Service Fund Revenue/Expenditures

The revenue is received from local, state, and federal monies. The largest being federal which makes up 92% of the budget.

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The beginning General fund balance for the fiscal year was \$519,910. The ending fund balance was \$797,850.

Elliott County Public Schools continued to receive the Read To Achieve grant. It has continued to provide support teachers in the implementation of instructional strategies to address the needs of students reading at

low levels at Elliott County Primary and Elliott County Intermediate. The Math Achievement grant provided funds for support teachers and the implementation of services that address the needs of students who are struggling with math. Its impact involved Elliott County Primary and Elliott County Intermediate.

Elliott County Public School District has seen success after implementing a consolidation plan and closing one school building. This plan has shown progress both financial and instructional benefits in the 2021 school year.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent Debbie Stephens or Kristen Salyers, Finance Officer at 606-738-8002 or by mail at Elliott County Board of Education, PO Box 767, Sandy Hook, KY 41171.

	-	Pr	imary Government	
	-	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	701,268 \$	220,119 \$	921,387
Receivables		44.500		44 500
Taxes-current		41,593		41,593
Taxes-delinquent		90,470	74.445	90,470
Accounts		3,903	74,145	78,048
Intergovernmental-state		226 200		
Intergovernmental-federal Inventories		236,280	7,510	236,280 7,510
Capital assets:			7,510	7,510
Land and construction in progress		452,007		452,007
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		19,432,806	10,294	19,443,100
Total capital assets	-	19,884,813	10,294	19,895,107
Total assets	-	20,958,327	312,068	21,270,395
Total assets	-	20,000,027	012,000	21,210,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		636,822	25,308	662,130
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		827,326	18,529	845,855
Deferred savings from refunding bonds		66,688	,	66,688
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	1,530,836	43,837	1,574,673
	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	=	22,489,163	355,905	22,845,068
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		4,920	1,698	6,618
Accrued interest payable		69,489	1,000	69,489
Unearned revenue		108,323		108,323
Long-term liabilities:		,		,
Due within 1 year:				
Bond obligations		750,000		750,000
Capital lease obligations		122,032		122,032
KSBIT payable		23,201		23,201
Total due within 1 year	-	895,233	_	895,233
Due in more than 1 year:	-		 -	,
Bond obligations		6,786,026		6,786,026
Capital lease obligations		646,719		646,719
Sick leave		53,439		53,439
KSBIT payable		74,010		74,010
Net pension liability		3,388,068	134,648	3,522,716
Net OPEB liability		2,926,330	42,378	2,968,708
Total due in more than 1 year	-	13,874,592	177,026	14,051,618
Total liabilities	-	14,952,557	178,724	15,131,281
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		109,344	4,346	113,690
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		1,150,623	9,722	1,160,345
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	1,259,967	14,068	1,274,035
Net Investment in capital assets		11,580,036	10,294	11,590,330
Restricted for:		11,000,000	10,234	11,000,000
Capital projects		26,003		26,003
Special revenue		136,418		136,418
Food services		100,710	152,819	152,819
Unrestricted (deficit)		(5,465,818)	102,010	(5,465,818)
Total net position	-	6,276,639	163,113	6,439,752
·	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ ₌	22,489,163 \$	355,905 \$	22,845,068

Elliott County School District
Statement of Activities
Year ended June 30, 2021

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Re	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	in Net Position
					a .	Primary Government	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities: Instruction	\$ 7,516,732 \$	1	\$ (4,405,735) \$		\$ (11,922,467)	↔	(11,922,467)
Support services Student Instructional staff District administration School administration	195,916 228,955 602,578 551,797	124,798	485,288 567,126 1,492,597 1.366,812		414,170 338,171 890,019 815.015		414,170 338,171 890,019 815,015
Business Plant operation & maintenance Student transportation Community services operations	398,608 1,024,170 537,506 230,117	8,274	987,360 2,536,889 1,331,413 570,004	391,699	588,752 1,912,692 793,907 339,887		588,752 1,912,692 793,907 339,887
Depreciation* Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	659,479 270,193 12,216,051	133,072	4,931,754	453,576 845,275	(659,479) 183,383 (6,305,950)		(659,479) 183,383 (6,305,950)
Business-type activities: Food service operations Depreciation Total business-type activities	582,757 1,896 584,653	3,346	592,888		,	13,477 (1,896) 11,581	13,477 (1,896 <u>)</u> 11,581
Total primary government	\$ 12,800,704 \$	136,418	\$ 5,524,642	\$ 845,275	(6,305,950)	11,581	(6,294,369)
	General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes Motor vehicle taxes Uitility taxes State and formula grants Other local revenue Unrestricted investment earnings Transfers Total general revenues and tra	ts t earnings ues and transfers			847,965 184,886 311,302 5,069,749 150,121 2,307 43,946 6,610,276	281 (43,946) (43,665)	847,965 184,886 311,302 5,069,749 150,121 2,588 - 6,566,611
	Change in net position				304,326	(32,084)	272,242
	Net Position - beginning Prior period adjustment Adjusted net position - beginning	guint			5,365,189 607,124 5,972,313	195,197	5,560,386 607,124 6,167,510
	Net Position - ending				\$ 6,276,639	\$ 163,113 \$	6,439,752

^{*}Unallocated depreciation that excludes depreciation which is included in the direct expenses of various programs, if any.

Elliott County School District

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

				Governmental Funds	spu	
	I	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interfund receivable	₩	567,933 \$ 98,741		· ·	\$ 133,335 \$	701,268 98,741
Recelvables Taxes-current Taxes-delinquent Accounts Intergovernmental-federal Total assets	1	41,593 90,470 1,274 800,011	236,280		2,629	41,593 90,470 3,903 236,280 1,172,255
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Interfund payable Unearned revenue Total liabilities	1 1	2,161	874 98,741 108,323 207,938		1,885	4,920 98,741 108,323 211,984
FUND BALANCE Committed Restricted Unassigned Total fund balance	1 1	797,850	28,342		108,076 26,003 134,079	108,076 54,345 797,850 960,271
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	₩	800,011 \$	236,280	·	\$ 135,964 \$	1,172,255

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 960,271
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	19,884,813
Costs associated with bond issues and refundings are expensed in the fund financial statements because they are a use of current financial resources but are capitalized on the statement of net position using the economic resources focus	66,688
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations) are not due and payble in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Accrued interest payable	(69,489)
Bond obligations	(7,536,026)
Capital lease obligations	(768,751)
KSBIT payable	(97,211)
Sick leave liability	(53,439)
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(3,388,068) (2,926,330)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	636,822
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	827,326
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(109,344)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(1,150,623)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,276,639

Elliott County School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
Year ended June 30, 2021

Governmental Funds

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES From local sources Taxes					
Property Motor vehicle	\$ 732,396 \$ 184,886	↔	€	115,569 \$	847,965 184,886
Utilities Earnings on investments	311,302 987	Z.	1.315		311,302
Student activities		1,013		123,785	124,798
Other local revenue Intergovemmental - state Intergovemmental - federal	139,331 7,755,293 14,135	10,790 834,399 1.397,676	453,576	391,699	150,121 9,434,967 1,411,811
Total revenues	9,138,330	2,243,883	454,891	631,053	12,468,157
EXPENDITURES Instruction	5,407,824	1,826,342		124,148	7,358,314
Support services	153 534	42 382			195 916
Instructional staff	119,727	109,228			228,955
District administration School administration	602,578 551,797				602,578 551,797
Business	365,070	33,538			398,608
Plant operation & maintenance	965,877	58,293			1,024,170
Student transportations Community services operations	35.724	194.393			230,117
Debt service	156,704		1,435,049		1,591,753
Total expenditures	8,996,443	2,264,176	1,435,049	124,148	12,819,816
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	141,887	(20,293)	(980,158)	506,905	(351,659)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of equipment	8,274				8,274
Capital lease proceeds Transfers in	102,925 43.946	19.092	481.473		102,925
Transfers (out) Total other financing sources and (uses)	(19,092) 136,053	19,092	481,473	(481,473) (481,473)	(500,565) 155,145
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	277,940	(1,201)	(498,685)	25,432	(196,514)
CHIMP DAY AND DECLARATION	000	000		800	700
Point Datance Section 1995 Prior period adjustment Datance Decimalists	0.0,00	25,00	498,685	108,439	607,124
ADJOSTED FOND BALANCE-BEGINNING	018,810	29,043	490,000	100,047	1,100,700
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ 797,850 \$	28,342 \$	٠	134,079 \$	960,271

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ (196,514)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	(259 524)
District pension contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(258,524)
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	53,784
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement	
because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as	
assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated	
economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays	
exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	(559,377)
The premium paid for the sale of bonds is expensed under the current financial resources, but is	
the premium paid for the sale of bonds is capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds	
in the statement of net position.	1,944
The discount on the sale of bonds is reported as an expenditure by current financial	
resources but it is deferred and amortized over the life	(0.700)
of the bond on the statement of net position.	(2,589)
The difference in the issue amount of the refunding of bond proceeds and the	
amount for payment to the escrow account to pay the refunded bonds is	
amortized over the life of the refunding issue.	(19,120)
Bond and capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current	
financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of	
liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,233,821
Bond and capital lease proceeds are recognized as revenue of current	
financial resources in the fund financial statement but are increase of	
liabilities in the statement of net positon.	
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited	
to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are	
recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	
Accrued interest payable	4,579
KSBIT payable	22,516
Noncurrent sick leave payable	23,806
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 304,326
	•

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2021

	_	Budgeted	d Amounts		_		Variance with Final Budget
	_	Original	Final		_	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
From local sources							
Taxes							
Property	\$	702,000 \$	70	2,000	\$	732,396 \$	30,396
Motor vehicle		165,000	16	5,000		184,886	19,886
Unmined minerals		1,000		1,000		-	(1,000)
Utilities		295,000	29	5,000		311,302	16,302
Earnings on investments		15,000	1	5,000		987	(14,013)
Transportation		30,000	3	0,000		-	(30,000)
Other local revenue		86,026	8	6,026		139,331	53,305
Intergovernmental - state		5,381,253	5,07	9,564	*	5,137,275	57,711
Intergovernmental - federal	_	20,000	2	0,000		14,135	(5,865)
Total revenues	_	6,695,279	6,39	3,590		6,520,312	126,722
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		3,856,748	3,55	5,059	*	3,356,296	198,763
Support services							
Student		145,267	14	5,267		153,534	(8,267)
Instructional staff		84,328	8	4,328		119,727	(35,399)
District administration		398,650	39	8,650	*	353,148	45,502
School administration		366,169	36	6,169	*	379,327	(13,158)
Business		237,476	23	7,476		365,070	(127,594)
Plant operation & maintenance		996,827	99	6,827	*	893,357	103,470
Student transportation		638,499	63	8,499	*	562,613	75,886
Community services operations		41,327	4	1,327		35,724	5,603
Debt service	_	212,423	21	2,423		156,704	55,719
Total expenditures	_	6,977,714	6,67	6,025	_	6,375,500	300,525
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(282,435)	(28	2,435)		144,812	427,247
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of equipment		2,500		2,500		8,274	5,774
Capital lease proceeds						100,000	100,000
Transfers in		89,791	8	9,791		43,946	(45,845)
Transfers (out)	_	(121,108)		1,108)		(19,092)	102,016
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	(28,817)	(2	8,817)	_	133,128	161,945
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(311,252)	(31	1,252)		277,940	589,192
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	527,548	52	7,548	_	519,910	(7,638)
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	216,296 \$	321	6,296	\$	797,850 \$	581,554

^{*} The on-behalf payments (please see the accompanying notes to the financial statements) were not budgeted, therefore, to better compare the actual to the budgeted amounts these amounts were deducted from both revenue and expenditures in the amount of \$2,618,018.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund

Year ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
From local sources				
Earnings on investments	\$ - \$	- \$	5 \$	5
Student activities			1,013	1,013
Other local revenue	2,892	2,892	10,790	7,898
Intergovernmental - state	485,537	847,832	834,399	(13,433)
Intergovernmental - federal	991,505	2,720,571	1,397,676	(1,322,895)
Total revenues	1,479,934	3,571,295	2,243,883	(1,327,412)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	1,136,484	1,902,814	1,826,342	76,472
Support services	, ,	, ,	, ,	•
Student	5,000	48,196	42,382	5,814
Instructional staff	131,168	113,318	109,228	4,090
Business	38,184	38,184	33,538	4,646
Plant operation & maintenance	10,000	9,685	58,293	(48,608)
Building improvements		1,300,000		1,300,000
Community services operations	178,190	178,190	194,393	(16,203)
Total expenditures	1,499,026	3,590,387	2,264,176	1,326,211
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(19,092)	(19,092)	(20,293)	(1,201)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	19,092	19,092	19,092	-
Total other financing sources and (uses)	19,092	19,092	19,092	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	(1,201)	(1,201)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING		<u> </u>	29,543	29,543
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ \$ _	\$	28,342 \$	28,342

Elliott County School District Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2021

		School Food Services
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	220,119
Receivables		74,145
Inventories		7,510
Capital assets:		10 204
Other capital assets, net of depreciation Total assets		10,294 312,068
Total assets	_	312,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		25,308
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		18,529
Total deferred outflows of resources		43,837
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	355,905
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		1,698
Net pension liability		134,648
Net OPEB liability		42,378
Total liabilities	_	178,724
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions		4,346
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		9,722
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	14,068
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		192,792
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		10,294
Restricted		152,819
Total net position	_	163,113
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	355,905

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2021

		School Food Services
OPERATING REVENUES	•	2.212
Lunchroom sales	\$	3,346
Total operating revenues		3,346
OPERATING EXPENSES Depreciation Food service operations		1,896
Salaries and benefits		254,790
Operational		327,967
Total operating expenses		584,653
Total operating expenses		304,033
Operating income (loss)		(581,307)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Federal grants		544,132
State grants		48,756
Transfers		(43,946)
Earnings from investments		281
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	549,223
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(32,084)
NET POSITION-BEGINNING		195,197
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	163,113

Elliott County School District Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Fund Year ended June 30, 2021

		School Food Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	3,346
Payments to suppliers		(402,835)
Payments to employees		(254,790)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(654,279)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Operating grants and contributions		592,888
Transfers to other funds		(43,946)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		548,942
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest		281
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		281
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(105,056)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE-BEGINNING		325,175
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE-ENDING		220,119
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)		(581,307)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		1,896
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(= 4 4 4 =)
Receivables		(74,145)
Inventory		1,448
Deferrals assets Deferrals liabilities		(1,494)
		(10,679)
Pension liability OPEB liability		(1,518) 9,822
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		9,622 1,698
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u> </u>	(654,279)
rect dash provided (daed) by operating activities	Ψ=	(007,279)

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the district received \$49,289 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits in the amount of \$43,078 provided by state government.

Elliott County School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	PUF	PRIVATE RPOSE TRUST
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	107,348
Total assets	<u> </u>	107,348
NET POSITION		
Held in trust		107,348
Total net position	\$	107,348

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2021

	_	Private Purpose Trust
Additions Earnings on investments	\$	97
Deductions Benefits paid		
Change in net position		97
Net position, beginning		107,251
Net position, ending	\$	107,348

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Elliott County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Elliott County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100-Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Elliott County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Blended Component Unit

Elliott County Board of Education Finance Corporation

The Board authorized establishment of the Elliott County Board of Education Finance Corporation a non-stock, non-profit corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Corporation") to act as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be the same persons who are at any time the members of the Board of Education of the Elliott County Board of Education.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

(A) General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is always a major fund of the District.

(B) Special Revenue (Grant) Fund

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

(C) Special Revenue (District Activity) Fund

The Special Revenue (District Activity) Fund accounts for funds collected at individual schools for operation costs of the schools or school district that allows for more flexibility in the expenditures of those funds.

(D) Special Revenue (Student Activity) Fund

Special Revenue (Student Activity) Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts.

(E) Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).

SEEK Capital Outlay Fund

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects as identified in the District's facility plan.

Building (FSPK) Fund

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy that is required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling.

(F) Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of

Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund of the District.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds.

III. Fiduciary Fund Types

Agency Funds

The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with "Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds," except for those accounted through the central office.

Private Purpose Trust

Private Purpose Trusts are maintained within MUNIS and account for revenues generated by trusts set up to benefit a specific location in Elliott County. An endowment was established February 1, 2010 by a grant of \$100,000 from the W. Paul and Lucille Caudill Little Foundation, Inc. to provide \$5,000 in operating costs per year to the Adkins-Caudill Performing Arts Center. It was to be held in a separately managed fiduciary account permanently designated for the Adkins-Caudill Performing Arts Center. This is a major fund of the District.

The original principal received remains in the net position on the statement of net position and is restricted for the trust principal. The net appreciation on investments available for expenditures is included in the restricted spendable net position on the statement of net position. The District's policy is to spend only investment income for the purposes of the Trust.

The District has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the District classifies as restricted permanent nonspendable (a) the original value of the gift donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of any subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulations is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanent nonspendable net position is classified as restricted permanent spendable net position until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the District in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the District considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund
- The purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- General economic conditions
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- Other resources of the District

• The investment policies of the District

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted. matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis, On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2021 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the government funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide financial Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the district are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgment, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five categories as defined by GASB 54 as follows:

Nonspendable: Permanently nonspendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or

funds that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses or inventory on

hand.

Restricted Legally restricted under legislation, bond authority, or grantor contract.

Committed Commitments of future funds for specific purposes passed by the Board.

Assigned Funds that are intended by management to be used for a specific purpose.

including encumbrances.

Unassigned Funds available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the

General Fund unless a fund has a deficit.

The Board has adopted a GASB 54 spending policy which states that the spending order of funds is to first use restricted, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as Net Position. Net Position is reported in three categories:

1) net investment in capital assets – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets; 2) restricted net position – resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District; 3) unrestricted net position – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or net investment in capital assets. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted net position and then unrestricted net

position when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited in the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2021, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.413 per \$100 valuation of real property, \$.432 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.565 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations, and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The amounts of such services and donated commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Inter-fund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Interfund Transfers

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows – contributions to the CERS's pension and OPEB plans after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), and the County Retirement System of Kentucky (CERS), and additions to/deductions from TRS's/CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Bond and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

The District prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as used to prepare the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Per Board policy, all amendments require Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The Kentucky Department of Education does not require the Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds to prepare budgets.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84-In January, 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement is effective for the reporting period beginning after December 15, 2019. The District previously reported the activity of the School Activity Fund as a fiduciary fund; however beginning July 1, 2020, such activity has been more appropriately reported in a special revenue fund and accordingly the newly established special revenue fund reports a restated beginning balance of \$108,439, which is equal to the restatement of net current assets and liabilities previously reported in the agency fund.

Effective in Future Years:

The District is currently evaluating the potential impact of the following issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards.

GASB Statement No. 87-In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases; enhancing the comparability of financial statements between governments; and also enhancing the relevance, reliability (representational faithfulness), and consistency of information about the leasing activities of the governments. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 91-In May, 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by users, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 92-In January, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The Statement is effective on various dates, but no later than reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 93-In March, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The objective of this statement is to address the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. Removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark is effective for reporting periods ending December 30, 2021, paragraphs regarding leases are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021, and all other requirements are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 94-In March, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96-In May, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-based information Technology Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government and users (governments). The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 97-In June, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans-An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 84 and A Supersession of GASB Statement No. 31. The objective of this Statement is (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing

board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The Statement is effective at various times, with some provisions effective immediately, and other provisions effective for fiscal years or reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

The impact of these pronouncements on the District's financial statement has not been determined

NOTE B – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$1,028,735. The bank balance for the same time was \$1,233,785.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK/Building) Fund, Special Revenue (Grant Fund), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Fund, and School Activity Fund.

NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental Activities		July 1, 2020		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2021
Land-nondepreciable	\$	452,008	\$	-	\$	-	\$	452,008
Construction in progress- nondepreciable		-		-		-		-
Land improvements		622,576		-		-		622,576
Buildings		29,766,383		-		-		29,766,383
Vehicles		2,370,853		100,102		187,026		2,283,929
General equipment	_	487,147						487,147
Total at historical cost	\$	33,698,965	\$	100,102	\$	187,026	\$	33,612,041
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements	\$	594,739	\$	7,884		-	\$	602,623
Buildings		10,501,635		475,538		-		10,977,173
Vehicles		1,739,955		164,589		187,026		1,717,517
General equipment	_	418,447		11,468		-		429,915
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	13,254,775	\$	659,479		187,026	\$	13,727,228
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets-net	\$	20,444,190	\$	(559,377)	\$	-	\$	19,884,813
Business-Type Activities		July 1, 2020		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2021
Buildings	\$	162,717	\$	-	\$	-	\$	162,717
General equipment	_	259,476				-		259,476
Total at historical cost	\$	422,193	\$	-	\$	-	\$	422,193
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Buildings	\$	162,717	\$	-	\$	-	\$	162,717
General equipment	_	247,285		1,896		-		249,181
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	410,003	\$	1,896	\$	-	\$	411,899
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets-net	\$	12,190	\$	(1,896)	\$	_	\$	10,294
Capital Assets-net	Ψ =	12,170	Ψ	(1,070)	Ψ		Ψ	10,494

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as "unallocated".

NOTE D – DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Bonds

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bonded debt and lease obligations represent the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Elliott County School District Finance Corporation.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes), Building (FSPK) Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Fiscal Court to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The original amount of outstanding issues, the issue dates, interest rates, maturity dates, and outstanding balances, at June 30, 2021 are summarized below:

	Original	Maturity	Interest	2020 Bonds						20	21 Bonds
Bond Issues	Amount	Date	Rates	Οι	Outstanding		tions	Retirements		Οι	ıtstanding
2012	4,500,000	8/1/2032	2.0-3.25%	\$	3,750,000	\$	-	\$	205,000	\$	3,545,000
2012R	2,020,000	9/1/2023	.5 - 2.125%		765,000		-		235,000		530,000
2015	395,000	2/1/2035	3.8-4.65%		320,000		-		15,000		305,000
2005	290,000	8/1/2026	4.125%		115,000		-		15,000		100,000
2006	500,000	1/25/2021	QZAB		500,000		-		500,000		-
2016R	2,185,000	11/1/2027	1-2%		1,705,000		-		210,000		1,495,000
2014	1,205,000	5/1/1934	2.55-3.75		1,080,000		-		35,000		1,045,000
2013	595,000	8/1/2033	2.25-3.75		545,000		-		10,000		535,000
					8,780,000		-		1,225,000		7,555,000
Add:	Premium				11,476		-		1,944		9,532
Less:	Discount				(31,095)		-		(2,589)		(28,506)
			-	\$	8,760,381	\$	-	\$	1,224,355	\$	7,536,026

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Kentucky Legislature, for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs, created the Commission. The table following sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2021 for debt service, (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Prin <u>Local</u>		pal <u>KSFCC</u>		Inte	nterest <u>KSFCC</u>			Principal <u>Total</u>	Interest <u>Total</u>		
\$	365,326	\$	384,674	\$	120,986	\$	75,718	\$	750,000	\$	196,704	
	377,494		392,506		113,042		68,241		770,000		181,283	
	295,801		384,199		105,616		59,598		680,000		165,215	
	277,539		362,461		98,684		51,152		640,000		149,836	
	285,010		369,990		90,916		42,728		655,000		133,644	
	1 676 296		1 083 704		,		,		2 760 000		427,930	
	973,954		326,046		52,232		14,628		1,300,000		66,860	
\$	4,251,420	\$	3,303,580	\$	897,395	\$	424,076	\$	7,555,000	\$	1,321,471	
_	\$	**Second Second	Local \$ 365,326 \$ 377,494 295,801 277,539 285,010 1,676,296 973,954	\$ 365,326 \$ 384,674 377,494 392,506 295,801 384,199 277,539 362,461 285,010 369,990 1,676,296 1,083,704 973,954 326,046	Local KSFCC \$ 365,326 \$ 384,674 \$ 377,494 392,506 295,801 384,199 277,539 362,461 285,010 369,990 1,676,296 1,083,704 973,954 326,046	Local KSFCC Local \$ 365,326 \$ 384,674 \$ 120,986 377,494 392,506 113,042 295,801 384,199 105,616 277,539 362,461 98,684 285,010 369,990 90,916 1,676,296 1,083,704 315,918 973,954 326,046 52,232	Local KSFCC Local \$ 365,326 \$ 384,674 \$ 120,986 \$ 377,494 392,506 113,042 295,801 384,199 105,616 277,539 362,461 98,684 285,010 369,990 90,916 1,676,296 1,083,704 315,918 973,954 326,046 52,232	Local KSFCC Local KSFCC \$ 365,326 \$ 384,674 \$ 120,986 \$ 75,718 377,494 392,506 113,042 68,241 295,801 384,199 105,616 59,598 277,539 362,461 98,684 51,152 285,010 369,990 90,916 42,728 1,676,296 1,083,704 315,918 112,011 973,954 326,046 52,232 14,628	Local KSFCC Local KSFCC \$ 365,326 \$ 384,674 \$ 120,986 \$ 75,718 \$ 377,494 295,801 384,199 105,616 59,598 277,539 362,461 98,684 51,152 285,010 369,990 90,916 42,728 1,676,296 1,083,704 315,918 112,011 973,954 326,046 52,232 14,628	Local KSFCC Local KSFCC Total \$ 365,326 \$ 384,674 \$ 120,986 \$ 75,718 \$ 750,000 377,494 392,506 113,042 68,241 770,000 295,801 384,199 105,616 59,598 680,000 277,539 362,461 98,684 51,152 640,000 285,010 369,990 90,916 42,728 655,000 1,676,296 1,083,704 315,918 112,011 2,760,000 973,954 326,046 52,232 14,628 1,300,000	Local KSFCC Local KSFCC Total \$ 365,326 \$ 384,674 \$ 120,986 \$ 75,718 \$ 750,000 \$ 377,494 377,494 392,506 113,042 68,241 770,000 295,801 384,199 105,616 59,598 680,000 277,539 362,461 98,684 51,152 640,000 285,010 369,990 90,916 42,728 655,000 1,676,296 1,083,704 315,918 112,011 2,760,000 973,954 326,046 52,232 14,628 1,300,000	

Accumulated Sick Leave

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The activity during fiscal year 2021 for accumulated sick leave is as follows:

	2020			2021
	Outstanding			Outstanding
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance
Sick Leave	\$ 77,245	\$ -	\$ 23,806	\$ 53,439

KSBIT

The District elected to finance the worker's compensation insurance deficit (KSBIT) with the now defunct Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust through the Kentucky Inter-local School Transportation Association (KISTA). The activity during fiscal year 2021 for the worker's compensation and property and liability deficit are as follows:

KISBIT Issues	 Original Amount	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	 2020 KSBIT Outstanding	-	Additions	-	Retirements	2021 KSBIT Outstanding
KSBIT	\$ 222,133	8/15/2024	2.0 - 3.25%	\$ 119,727	\$	-	\$	22,516	\$ 97,211

The minimum payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended		Local			Total
June 30th	-	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>P</u>	ayments
2022	\$	23,201	\$ 2,663	\$	25,864
2023		23,908	1,956		25,864
2024		24,652	1,212		25,864
2025		25,450	414		25,864
Totals	\$	97,211	\$ 6,245	\$	103,456

Net Pension & OPEB Liability

The net pension liability is \$3,388,068 for governmental activities and \$134,648 for business-type activities for a total of \$3,522,716 as of June 30, 2021. (See Note G for additional information) The net OPEB liability is \$2,926,330 for governmental activities and \$42,378 for business-type activities for a total of \$2,968,708 as of June 30, 2021. (See Note H for additional information)

A summary of activity in bond obligations and other debts is as follows:

Description		2020 Outstanding Balance		Additions	 Retirements		2021 Outstanding Balance	 Amount Due in One Year
Bonds, Net of Premium and Discount	\$	8,760,381	\$	-	\$ 1,224,355	\$	7,536,026	\$ 750,000
Capital Lease		777,572		102,925	111,746		768,751	122,032
Sick Leave		77,245		-	23,806		53,439	-
KSBIT		119,727		-	22,516		97,211	23,201
Net Pension Liability		3,195,604		327,112	-		3,522,716	-
Net OPEB Liability	_	2,869,045		99,663	 -		2,968,708	 -
Totals	\$ _	15,799,574	\$ _	529,700	\$ 1,382,423	\$ _	14,946,851	\$ 895,233

NOTE E – CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

The following is an analysis of the leased property under capital lease by class:

KISTA Issue	Original Amount	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	20 Lease tstanding	Additions	R	etirements	021 Lease utstanding
Second Series 2015B	284,961	3/1/2025	2.0-2.5%	\$ 139,391	\$ -	\$	28,959	\$ 110,432
2014	61,793	3/1/2024	2.0 - 2.625%	23,758	-		6,321	17,437
Series 2017	374,948	3/1/2027	2.55%	259,443	-		36,009	223,434
Series 2019	189,965	3/1/2029	3.000%	169,771	-		20,651	149,120
Series 2020	185,209	3/1/2030	2.0-2.5%	185,209	-		19,806	165,403
Series 2021	102,925	3/1/2031	1.250%	-	102,925		-	102,925
				\$ 777,572	\$ 102,925	\$	111,746	\$ 768,751

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021:

Year Ended June 30th	F	Local Principal		Interest	P	Total Payments
2022	\$	122,032	\$	17,759	\$	139,791
2023		120,929		15,060		135,989
2024		117,342		12,192		129,534
2025		114,545		9,353		123,898
2026		84,068		6,590		90,658
2027-2031		209,835		9,154		218,989
	\$	768,751	\$	70,108	\$	838,859
Total minimum Less: Amour		1 2		erest	\$	838,8 (70,1
Present Value of Lease Payme		Minimu	m		\$	768,7

NOTE F - COMMITMENTS UNDER NON-CAPITALIZED LEASES

Fiscal

Commitments under operating lease agreements for office equipment provided for the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June		
30,	Payn	nent
2022	\$	8,417
2023		8,417
2024		7,577
2025		3,251
Total	\$	27,662

Expenditures for equipment under operating leases for the year ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$8,417.

NOTE G – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification.

Teachers Retirement System Kentucky (TRS)

Retirement Annuity Trust

Plan description

Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. **TRS** publicly available financial report issues that can be obtained http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

Benefits provisions

For Members before July 1, 2008: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 55 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Non-university members receive monthly payments equal to 2% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Non-university members who became members on or after July 1, 2002, will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than 10 years. New members after July 1, 2002, who retire with 10 or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first 10 years. In addition, non-university members who retire July 1, 2004, and later with more than 30 years of service will have a multiplier for all years over 30 of 3%.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.

For Members On or After July 1, 2008: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable of r life, members must either:

- 1. Attain age 60 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service, or
- 3. Attain age 55 and complete 10 years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) 1.7% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) 2% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) 2.3% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) 3% of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

Other Benefits

TRS provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of 60% of the final average salary.

Cost of living increases are 1.5% annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the system effective July 1, 2015. The state, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those who joined thereafter

For local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to TRS

At June 30, 2021 the District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The net pension liability that was associated with the District follows.

TRS

State's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability associated with the District \$ 19,361,261

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.1366%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Inflation Rate

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Municipal Bond Index Rate

June 30, 2019

Entry age

3%

7.5%

3.5%

Projected Salary Increase 3.5-7.3%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 set forward of 1 year for females and 2 years for males. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010, to June 30, 2015, adopted by the board on September 19, 2016. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20 year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

A summary of the target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, follows.

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	Long Term Expected Real Rate Percentage of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0	4.6
International Equity	22.0	5.6
Fixed Income	15.0	
Additional Categories	7.0	2.5
Real Estate	7.0	4.3
Private Equity	7.0	7.7
Cash	2.0	(0.5)
Total	100.0	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) rates for all future fiscal years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	Current						
TRS		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		6.50%		7.50%		8.50%	
State's proportionate share							
of net pension liability	\$	24,932,683	\$	19,361,261	\$	14,977,253	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publically available at http://www.TRS.ky.gov/.

County Employees Retirement System

Non-Hazardous

Plan description

Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly, The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any

additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided

Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions

Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions, and by employers of members. For the year ending June 30, 2021, employers were required to contribute 24.06% of the member's salary. During the year ending June 30, 2021, the District contributed \$272,794 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 on an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The District's proportion was 0.045929%.

CERS

District's proportionate share of CERS net pension liability \$ 3,522,716

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$256,401 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows.

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	87,845	\$ -
Changes of assumptions		137,556	-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		152,698	64,546
Changes in proportion and differences			
between District contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions		27,005	49,144
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	-	257,026	
	\$ _	662,130	\$ 113,690

The \$257,026 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	_	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	115,393
Year 2		96,202
Year 3		44,415
Year 4	_	35,404
		-
	\$_	291,414

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions for Determining the Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability

For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRS). The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2020 were based on an actuarial valuation date June 30, 2019. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2019) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, using generally accepted accounting principles. The financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

The mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2020. The mortality table used for disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

Target Asset Allocation

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum.

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Growth	62.50%	
US Equity	18.75%	4.50%
Non-US Equity	18.75%	5.25%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Special Credit/High Yield	15.00%	3.90%
Liquidity	14.50%	
Core Bonds	13.50%	-0.25%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%
Diversifying Strategies	23.00%	
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%
Real Return	15.00%	3.95%
Expected Real Return	100%	3.96%
Long-Term Inflation Assumption		2.30%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		6.26%

Discount rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018). The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions used to determine the Actuarial Determined Contributions
The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the actuarially determined

contributions effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2020:

Valuation Date June 30, 2018

Experience Study July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 25 years, Closed

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 11.55%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

CERS		1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		5.25%		6.25%		7.25%	
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	4,344,276	\$	3,522,716	\$	2,842,434	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Pavables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2021, there are no payables to CERS.

NOTE H – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The District's employees participate in retirement systems of either TRS or CERS as described earlier. The following describes the postemployment benefits other than OPEB for both systems.

TRS - General Information about the OPEB Plans

Health Insurance Trust

Plan description

In addition to the retirement annuity plan as described earlier, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Health Insurance Trust is funded by employer and member contributions. Changes made to the medical plans provided through the trust may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Medical coverage through TRS is funded by a combination of contributions from employees, the state and other employers. Coverage is provided through an account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h) and 115 trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contributions required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4) (b).

Benefits provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability and a required amount of service credit. The TRS medical plan offers members who are not eligible for Medicare and under age 65 coverage through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan (KEHP) administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are eligible for Medicare, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan (MEHP) administered by TRS.

Contributions

Contributions are made on behalf of TRS retired members toward payment of health insurance premiums. The amount of the member's contribution is based on a table approved by the TRS board. Retired members pay premiums in excess of the monthly contribution. The Commonwealth of Kentucky bears risk for excess claims expenses that exceed the premium equivalents charged for the KEHP. The member postemployment medical contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment medical contribution is 0.75% of member salaries. Also, employers contribute 3% of members' salaries and the state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for new retirees after June 30, 2010, in the non-Medicare eligible group.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,860,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (NOL). The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30,

2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .073696%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District as follows.

MIE

MIF		
District's proportionate share of TRS net OPEB liability	\$	1,860,000
State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB		
liability associated with the District	_	1,490,000
	\$_	3,350,000

The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following.

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	-	\$ 793,000
Changes of assumptions		113,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		61,000	-
Changes in proportion and differences			
between District contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions		53,000	113,000
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	134,085	
	\$ _	361,085	\$ 906,000

The \$134,085 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows.

	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$ (146,000)
Year 2	(142,000)
Year 3	(142,000)
Year 4	(117,000)
Year 5	(97,000)
Thereafter	(35,000)
	\$ (679,000)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.2%
Investment Rate of Return	8.0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Inflation Rate	3.0%
Real Wage Growth	0.5%
Wage Inflation	3.5%
Projected Salary Increases	3.5 - 7.2%, including wage inflation
Discount Rate	8.0%
Health Care Cost Trends	
KEHP Group	7.25% for fiscal year 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	5% by fiscal year 2029
MEHP Group	5.25% for fiscal year 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	5% by fiscal year 2022
Medicare Part B Premiums	6.49% for fiscal year 2020 with an ultimate rate of 5% by 2031

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five year period ending June 30, 2015. The remaining actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation of the health trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019, valuation. The health care cost trend rate assumption was updated for the June

30, 2019, valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the total OPEB liability (TOL) roll forward while the change in initial per capital claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20 year Municipal Bond index pushed weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate
Asset Class	Percentage	of Return
Global Equity	58.00	5.40
Fixed Income	9.00	0.00
Real Estate	6.50	4.30
Private Equity	8.50	7.70
Additional Categories	17.00	2.50
Cash	1.00	(0.50)
Total	100.00	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the measurement date was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- The KEHP group retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010, were assumed to be paid by either the state or the retirees themselves.
- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$7.44 per member per month (PMPM) paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

- Future contributions to the Health Insurance Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the health trust achieves a sufficient funded status, as determined by TRS's actuary, the following health trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
 - Employee Contributions
 - Employer Contributions
 - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amount in the years if the health trust is projected to achieve a funded ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the actuarially determined contribution, as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the health trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

- In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years the following was assumed:
 - Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
 - A 0% active member growth rate was assumed for the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants (membership dates beyond June 30, 2019).

Based on these assumptions, the Health Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position (FNP) was not projected to be depleted.

The FNP projections are based upon the health trust's financial status on the valuation date, the indicated set of methods and assumptions, and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74. As such, the FNP projections are not reflective of the cash flows and asset accumulations that would occur on an ongoing basis, reflecting the impact of future members. Therefore, the results of these tests do not necessarily indicate whether or not the health trust will actually run out of money, the financial condition of the trust, or the trust's ability to make benefit payments in future years.

The following table presents the NOL of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

MIF	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	7.00%		8.00%		9.00%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 2,248,000	\$	1,860,000	\$	1,536,000

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

MIF	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase
District's proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability	\$	1,474,000	\$ 1,860,000	\$	2,335,000

Life Insurance Trust

Plan description and benefits provided

TRS administers the Life Insurance Trust as provided by KRS 161.655 to provide life insurance benefits to retired and active members. The benefit is financed by actuarially determined contributions from the 207 participating employers. The benefit is \$5,000 for members who are retired for service or disability, and \$2,000 for active contribution members.

Note: Members employed on a substitute or part-time basis and working at least 69% of a full contract year in a single fiscal year will be eligible for a life insurance benefit for the balance of the fiscal year or the immediately succeeding fiscal year under certain conditions. For non-vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, the life insurance benefit is provided if death occurs as the result of a physical injury on the job. For vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, death does not have to be the result of a physical injury on the job for life insurance benefits to be provided.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Net OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2021, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District as follows.

LIF

State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB liability associated with the District

\$ 45,000

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below.

Valuation Date June 30, 2019

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.5%, net of OPEB plan expense, including price

inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate 2.2%

Investment Rate of Return 7.5%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation

Inflation Rate 3.0%
Real Wage Growth 0.5 %
Wage Inflation 3.5%

Projected Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.2%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.5%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, and set forward of 1 year for females and 2 years for males is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the 5 year period ending June 30, 2015. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20 year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	Expected Geometric Real Rate Percentage of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0	4.6
International Equity	23.0	5.6
Fixed Income	18.0	
Real Estate	6.0	4.3
Private Equity	5.0	7.7
Other Additional Categories	6.0	2.5
Cash	2.0	(0.5)
	100.0	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (TOL) as of the measurement date was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the life insurance cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.5%.
- The employer will contribute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Insurance Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position FNP was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted. The FNP projections are based upon the Life Insurance Trust's financial status on the valuation date, the indicated set of methods and assumptions, and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74. As such, the FNP projections are not reflective of the cash flows and asset accumulations that would occur on an ongoing basis, reflecting the impact of future members. Therefore, the results of these tests do not necessarily indicate whether the Life Insurance Trust actually will run out of money, the financial condition of the trust, or the trust's ability to make benefit payments in future years.

Revenue and Expenses

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB revenue in the amount of \$105,013 for support provided on-behalf of the State.

CERS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

Employees' Health Plan

Plan description

CERS Non-hazardous Insurance Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plan. The plan covers all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the school board. The plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

Benefits provided

The Plan provides health insurance benefits to plan members.

Contributions - Requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above. Current employees pay 1% toward the insurance fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,108,708 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .045915%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$49,484. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources.

	<u>-</u>	Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	185,242	\$	185,386
Changes of assumptions		192,850		1,173
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		59,474		22,623
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		4,227		45,163
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	-	42,977	-	
	\$	484,770	\$	254,345

The \$42,977 (includes \$27,210 Implicit Subsidy) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows.

	-	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	49,573
Year 2		60,478
Year 3		39,613
Year 4		41,874
Year 5		(4,090)
	\$	187,448

Implicit Employer Subsidy- The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 and 75 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy be included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms

None

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions to Determine the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) and the Net OPEB Liability (NOL)

The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2019) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, using the generally accepted actuarial principles.

The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020:

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30 - 10.3%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.4% at January 1, 2022, and

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05

over period of 14 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65) Initial trend starting at 2.9% at January 1, 2022, and

Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

over period of 14 years.

Mortality Pre-retirement

PUB-2010 General Mortality table

Mortality Post-retirement

(non-disabled) System-specific mortality table based on mortality

experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a

base year of 2019

Mortality Post-retirement

(disabled) PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-

forward for both male and female rates, projected with

the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010

The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2019 valuation process and was updated to better reflect more current expectations relating to anticipated future increases in the medical costs. The anticipated savings from the repeal of the "Cadillac Tax" and the "Health Insurer Fee", which occurred in December of 2019 are reflected in the June 30, 2020 GASB 75 actuarial information. The assumed load on pre-Medicare premiums to reflect the cost of the Cadillac Tax was removed and the Medicare premiums were reduced by 11% to reflect the repeal of the Health Insurer Fee. There were no other material assumption changes.

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2020. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20 year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the TOL and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. There were no other material plan provision changes.

Discount rate

Single discount rates of 5.34% were used to measure the TOL as of June 30, 2020. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 2.45%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2020. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position on future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the KRS' actuarial determined contributions, and any

cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the KRS' trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return of each major asset class are summarized in the CAFR.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. The future contributions are projected in accordance with the current funding policy, as most recently revised by Senate Bill 249, passed during the 2020 legislative session. If there is a pattern of legislation that has a resulting effect of employers making contributions less than the actuarially determined rate, GRS may be required to project contributions that are reflective of recent actual contribution efforts regardless of the stated funding policy (as required by paragraph 50 of GASB Statement No. 74).

The following table presents the NOL calculated using the discount rate of 5.34%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.34%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.34%) than the current rate.

CERS	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
- Division - 1	4.34%	5.34%	6.34%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,424,364	\$ 1,108,708	\$ 849,449

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions used to determine the Actuarial Determined Contribution

The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarially determined contributions effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2020:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Experience Study	July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period	25 years, closed
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0%
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets
	and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	2.3%
Salary Increases	3.3 to 11.55%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%
Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65)	Initial trend starting at 7% at January 1, 2020, and
	Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%
	over period of 12 years.
Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65)	Initial trend starting at 5% at January 1, 2020, and
	gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%
	over period of 10 years.
Phase-in Provision	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially
	determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in

2018.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set-back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

Health Care Trend Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the health care sensitivity rate of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.34%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.34%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.34%) than the current rate:

CERS	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	\$ 858,417	\$ 1,108,708	\$ 1,412,441

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE I – PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST

The District received an endowment from the W. Paul and Lucille Caudill Little Foundation, Inc. in the amount of \$100,000 to provide \$5,000 in operating costs per year to the Adkins-Caudill Performing Arts Center. The \$100,000 is the corpus and earnings of \$7,348.

NOTE J – COMMITMENTS

The District has a committed fund balance for Special Revenue Activity Fund for student activities of \$108,076 as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE K – CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local governmental agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their program.

NOTE L - LITIGATION

The District has no pending or threatened litigation involving amounts exceeding \$10,000 individually or in the aggregate as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE M - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which include Workers' Compensation insurance.

NOTE N – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to illegal acts, torts, theft/damage/destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omission, and general liability coverage, the District purchased commercial insurance policies.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Districts Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE O – DEFICIT FUND AND OPERATING BALANCES

The following funds had a deficit change in fund balance/net position and/or deficit fund balance/net position:

<u>Fund</u>	Change in Net Position Net Change in Fund Balance
School Food Service	\$ (32,084)
Special Revenue	(1,201)
Student Activity	(363)
Debt Service	\$ (498,685)

NOTE P - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE O – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

Туре	From	То	Purpose	 Amount
Debt Service	Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Debt Payments	\$ 65,113
Debt Service	Building Fund	Debt Service	Debt Payments	416,360
Operations	Food Service	General Fund	Indirect Costs	43,946
Special Rev	General Fund	Special Revenue	KETS Matching	\$ 19,092

NOTE R – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For fiscal year 2021, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Plan/Description	<u>Amount</u>
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 and 75)	\$ 1,507,837
Health Insurance	1,137,479
Life Insurance	1,737
Administrative Fee	14,118
HRA/Dental/Vision	46,900
Federal Reimbursement	(123,296)
Technology	76,320
SFCC Debt Service Payments	453,576
Total	\$ 3,114,671

These amounts are included in the financial statements as state revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

NOTE S – RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

The following funds had restricted fund balances.

<u>Fund</u>	Restricted Fund Balance/ Net Position	<u>Purpose</u>
Special Revenue Fund	\$ 28,342	District Activities
Private Purpose Trust	107,348	Scholarships
Proprietary	152,819	School Food Services
Capital Outlay	25,795	SFCC Requirement
FSPK Fund	\$ 208	FSPK

NOTE T – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District funded a Qualified Zone Academy Bond in 2006 that accumulated earnings until the bonds maturity of \$500,000. The initial payment and accrual of earnings from prior periods not reported is adjusted in the amount of \$498,685.

The School Activity funds were previously reported as a fiduciary fund. Those funds now are being reported as a special revenue fund with the implementation of GASB 84 in the amount of \$108,439.

NOTE U – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2021, the date of the audit report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

CERS and TRS

For the Year ended June 30, 2021

COINTY EMBIOYEE'S BETIBEMENT SYSTEM (CERS).	<u>«</u>	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2017 (2016)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2016 (2015)
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability		0.045929%	0.04544%	0.04711%	0.04938%	0.052870%	0.05000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	↔	3,522,716 \$	3,195,604 \$	2,868,899 \$	2,890,188 \$	2,603,284 \$	2,189,804
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	ļ		,				1
Total	₩	3,522,716 \$	3,195,604 \$	2,868,899 \$	2,890,188 \$	2,603,284 \$	2,189,804
District's covered-employee payroll	↔	1,176,458 \$	1,207,174 \$	1,160,030 \$	1,166,293 \$	1,183,416 \$	1,187,072
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		299.43%	264.72%	247.31%	247.81%	219.98%	184.47%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		47.81	50.54%	53.54%	53.30%	29.00%	%26.65
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):							
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability		0.01366%	0.013%	0.140%	0.146%	0.145%	0.145%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	↔	€	ن ا	€	<i>₩</i>	<i>↔</i>	ı
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District			18,260,871	18,281,526	39,335,714	42,776,336	33,760,088
Total	₩	'	18,260,871 \$	18,281,526 \$	39,335,714 \$	42,776,336 \$	33,760,088
District's covered-employee payroll	↔	4,662,184 \$	4,618,680 \$	4,699,100 \$	4,893,121 \$	4,765,809 \$	4,696,553
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		%000.0	0.000%	%000.0	%00000	0:000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		58.27%	28.80%	29.30%	39.80%	35.22%	42.29%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

CERS and TRS

		For the Year ended June 30, 2021	າr papua	ıne 30, 2021								
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):												
Contractually required contribution	↔	257,026	₩	263,669	↔	254,210	€	217,667	↔	229,969	↔	201,659
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		257,026		263,669		254,210		217,667	ļ	229,969		201,659
Contribution deficiency (excess)		,		1		,		,		1		,
District's covered-employee payroll	↔	1,081,559	↔	1,176,458	€	1,207,174	€	1,160,030	€	1,166,293	€	1,183,416
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		23.76%		22.41%		21.06%		18.76%		19.72%		17.04%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):												
Contractually required contribution	↔	1	↔	1	↔	1	€	1	↔	1	€	1
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions						1		•				
Contribution deficiency (excess)				1		,		1		1		,
District's covered-employee payroll	↔	4,794,550	↔	4,662,184	€	4,618,680	€	4,699,100	€	4,893,121	€	4,765,809
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		%00:0		%00:0		%00:0

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Teachers Retirement System (TRS)

Retirement Annuity Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of assumptions

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, set forward two year for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with projection scale AA, which was used prior to 2016.

In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 mortality Tables projected to 2020 with projection scale AA, set back one year for females rather than the 1994 Group Annuity mortality Tables which was used prior to 2016. For the 2011 valuation through the 2013 valuation, an interest smoothing methodology was used to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30 on the three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 27.4 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Inflation 3%

Salary Increase 3.5-7.3%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

County Employee Retirement System (CERS)

Non-Hazardous

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Based on the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation report, the actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the contribution rates are as follows.

Valuation Date June 30, 2018

Experience Study July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 25 years, Closed

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 11.55%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2021

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.073696%	0.07191%	0.07273%	0.07764%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 1,860,000 \$	2,105,000 \$	2,523,000 \$	2,768,000
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	1,490,000	1,700,000	2,175,000	2,261,000
Total	\$ 3,350,000 \$	3,805,000 \$	4,698,000 \$	5,029,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,662,184 \$	4,618,680 \$	4,699,100 \$	4,893,121
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	39.90%	45.58%	53.69%	56.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	39.10%	32.60%	25.50%	21.20%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	45,000	39,000	37,000	30,000
Total	\$ 39,000 \$	39,000 \$	37,000 \$	30,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,662,184 \$	4,618,680 \$	4,699,100 \$	4,893,121
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	71.60%	73.40%	75.00%	80.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2021

		2021	_	2020	_	2019		2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	134,085	\$	184,072	\$	124,807	\$	129,547
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		134,085	_	184,072	_	124,807	_	129,547
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_	-	_		_	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,794,550	\$	4,662,184	\$	4,618,680	\$	4,699,100
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		2.80%		3.95%		2.70%		2.76%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			_		_			
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	_	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,794,550	\$	4,662,184	\$	4,618,680	\$	4,699,100
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2021

HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020) 0.045915%	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019) 0.04543%	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018) 0.04712%	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017) 0.04938%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset	\$ 1,108,708 \$	764,045 \$	836,571 \$	992,647
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEE liability (asset) associated with the Distric	-			
Total	\$ 1,108,708 \$	764,045 \$	836,571 \$	992,647
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,176,458 \$	1,207,174 \$	1,160,030 \$	1,166,293
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEE liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	94.24%	63.29%	72.12%	85.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	13.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2021

		2021	_	2020	 2019		2018
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	42,977	\$	32,580	\$ 26,201	\$	22,867
Contributions in relation to the contractually	_	42,977	_	32,580	 26,201	<u> </u>	22,867
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	. =	-	 -		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,081,559	\$	1,176,458	\$ 1,207,174	\$	1,160,030
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		3.97%		2.77%	2.17%		1.97%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Teachers Retirement System (TRS)

Health Insurance Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30, 2019. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Period Level percentage of payroll

21 years, closed Amortization Method

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Inflation 3% Real Wage Growth 0.5% Wage Inflation 3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.2%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 8.0%

Health Care Cost Trends

KEHP Group 7.25% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30,

2029

MEHP Group 5.25% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30,

2022

Medicare Part B Premiums 6.4% at June 30, 2020 with an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30, 2031 **KEHP Group Claims**

The current KEHP premium is used as the base cost and is projected

Forward using only the health care trend assumption (no implicit rate

subsidy is recognized).

Life Insurance Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30, 2017 valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation3%Real Wage Growth0.5%Wage Inflation3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.45%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.5%

County Employee Retirement System (CERS)

Employees' Health Plan

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability decreased from 5.68% to 5.34%. The assumed in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2019 valuation process and was updated to better reflect more current expectations relating to anticipated future increases in the medical costs. Also, the June 30, 2020 GASB No. 75 actuarial information reflects the anticipated savings from the repeal of the "Cadillac Tax" and "Health Insurer Fee", which occurred in December of 2019. The assumed load on pre-Medicare premiums to reflect the cost of the Cadillac Tax aw removed and the Medicare premiums to reflect the repeal of the Health Insurer Fee.

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates effective for fiscal year ending 2020 are calculated based on the June 30, 2018 valuation report. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate these contribution rates are as follow.

Valuation Date June 30, 2018

Experience Study July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 25 years, closed

Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the

expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.3%

Salary Increases 3.3 to 11.55%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 7% at January 1, 2020, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 12

years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65) Initial trend starting at 5% at January 1, 2020, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 10

vears.

Phase-in Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018.

Elliott County School District
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2021

				0	Other Governmental Funds	ınds		
	Special F Student	Special Revenue Student Activity		Capital Outlay	FSPK Fund	Construction Fund		Total
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, accounts	₩	107,332 2,629	∽	25,795 \$	208	·	₩	133,335 2,629
Total assets		109,961		25,795	208	•		135,964
Liabilities Accounts payable		1,885						1,885
Total liabilities		1,885	ļ	1		1		1,885
Fund Balances Committed Restricted		108,076		25,795	208			108,076 26,003
Total fund balances		108,076		25,795	208			134,079
Total liabilities & fund balance:	₩	109,961	\$	25,795	\$ 208	· ·	↔	135,964

Elliott County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2021

				0	ther Governmental	Funds			
	Special Revenue Student Activity		apital Outlay		FSPK Fund	Construct Fund	ion		Total
Revenues									
Taxes									
Property	\$ - \$	6	-	\$	115,569 \$		-	\$	115,569
Intergovernmental - state			90,908		300,791				391,699
Student activities	123,785								123,785
Total revenues	123,785		90,908		416,360		-		631,053
Expenditures									
Instruction	124,148								124,148
Total expenditures	124,148		-	-	-		-		124,148
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	(363)		90,908	-	416,360		-		506,905
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Operating transfers in (out)			(65,113)		(416,360)				(481,473)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		(65,113)	_	(416,360)		-		(481,473)
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other									
Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(363)		25,795		-		-		25,432
Fund Balance Beginning	<u> </u>		-		208				208
Prior period adjustment	108,439								108,439
Restated, Fund Balance Beginning	108,439		-	_	208		-		108,647
Fund Balance Ending	\$ 108,076 \$	s	25,795	\$	208_\$		-	\$_	134,079

Elliott County School District

Combining Balance Sheet - School Activity and Private Purpose Trust

June 30, 2021

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	ELLIOTT CO. HIGH SCHOOL	ELLIOTT CO. MIDDLE SCHOOL	ELLIOTT CO.	ELLIOTT CO. INTERMEDIATE	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST	TOTAL
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Total assets	\$ 64,172 2,629 66,801	\$ 3,673	3 \$ 8,687	\$ 30,800	\$ 107,348	\$ 214,680 2,629 217,309
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	1,885					1,885
FUND BALANCE Trust activity School activities	64,916 64,916	3,673	3 8,687 3 8,687	30,800 30,800	107,348	107,348 108,076 215,424
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 66,801	\$ 3,673	3 \$ 8,687	\$ 30,800 \$	107,348	\$ 217,309

Elliott County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance-School Activity and Private Purpose Trust Year ended June 30, 2021

	Į		SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS	VITY FUNDS			
	I	ELLIOTT CO. HIGH SCHOOL	ELLIOTT CO. MIDDLE SCHOOL	ELLIOTT CO. ELEMENTARY	ELLIOTT CO. INTERMEDIATE	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST	TOTAL
Revenues Student/frust revenues	↔	108,792 \$	4,296 \$	1,136 \$	9,561 \$	\$ 26	123,882
Expenditures Student/trust activities		112,613	623	2,565	8,347		124,148
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenses		(3,821)	3,673	(1,429)	1,214	26	(266)
Fund Balance-Beginning	l	68,737	1	10,116	29,586	107,251	215,690
Fund Balance-Ending	₩	64,916 \$	3,673 \$	8,687 \$	30,800	107,348 \$	215,424

Elliott County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance - Elliott County High School Year ended June 30, 2021

	FUND BALANCE BEGINNING	REVENUES	EXPENSES	TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
GENERAL FUND \$	3,631 \$	37,742 \$	35,917 \$	(80) \$	5,376
SENIOR CLASS FUNDS	8	1,036	1,044	-	-
HS SCIENCE	5	-	-	_	5
ARCHERY	5,836	3,958	3,036	-	6,758
ELEMENTARY BASKETBALL	1,744	· -	1,186	-	558
FBLA/LEADERSHIP CLASS	87	-	-	-	87
ENVIRONMENTAL CLUB	344	-	-	-	344
ANNUAL	402	-	-	-	402
SOCCER	520	-	-	-	520
FCA	1,671	573	1,291	-	953
AP GEOGRAPHY	663	-	-	-	663
PEP CLUB	176	-	-	-	176
ELEMENTARY CHEERLEADING	627	-	-	-	627
DUNGEONS AND DRAGONS CLUB	221	-	-	-	221
LIONS/CUBS CLUB	235	-	-	-	235
STARTUP/CHANGE FUND	-	2,400	2,400	-	-
GENERAL II	150	· -	-	-	150
FACULTY VENDING	767	213	554	-	426
DRAMA CLUB	97	-	-	-	97
BETA	2,908	900	614	-	3,194
BAND	6,900	240	858	-	6,282
JR BETA	1,090	-	1,090	-	· -
FRESHMAN ACCOUNT	471	-	-	-	471
FCCLA	3,425	91	-	-	3,516
FFA	1,908	2,562	2,978	-	1,492
GREENHOUSE	-	9,659	4,795	80	4,944
INDUSTRIAL ARTS	184	´-	-	-	184
WELDING	31	-	-	-	31
ATHLETIC	4,538	10,814	10,306	(80)	4,966
7TH & 8TH ATHLETIC	1,274	2,062	2,785	<u>-</u> ´	551
HS ATHLETIC GIRLS	3,805	7,667	8,123	-	3,349
CROSS COUNTRY	271	· -	268	-	3
TRACK	16	-	15	-	1
HS CHEERLEADING	8,384	4,184	4,976	-	7,592
7/8 CHEERLEADING	2	· -	1	-	1
VOLLEYBALL	636	-	11	-	625
BASEBALL	3,561	12,188	14,252	80	1,577
SOFTBALL	4	6,353	5,601	-	756
GOLF 08-09	1	3,600	3,526	-	75
ROTC	3,206	700	1,681	-	2,225
LIBRARY	112	-	-	-	112
YEARBOOK ADS	2,626	-	-		2,626
ACADEMIC TEAM	194	700	700	-	194
JUNIOR CLASS (PROM)	3,901	1,150	2,500	-	2,551
7TH/8TH GRADE ACCOUNT	2,105	· -	2,105	-	-
TOTALS \$	68,737 \$	108,792 \$	112,613 \$	- \$	64,916

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Grantor's	Passed Through to	Program or Award	
Program Title	Number	Number	Subrecipents	Amount	Expenditures
US Department of Agriculture					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
National School Lunch Program	10.555				
Fiscal Year 21		7750002 21 \$	- \$	N/A \$	64
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7000004.00		N 1/ A	0.400
Fiscal Year 20 Fiscal Year 21		7690024 20 7690024 21	-	N/A N/A	6,169 32,747
Fiscal Year 20		7740023 20	- -	N/A	60,112
Fiscal Year 21		7740023 21	-	N/A	319,410
Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal					418,502
State Administrative Grant for Nutrition	10.560				
Fiscal Year 20		7700001 20	-	N/A	2,197
Fresh Fruits & Vegetables	10.582				
Fiscal Year 21		7720012 21	-	N/A	3,782
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture					
Food Donation-Commodities	10.565				
Fiscal Year 21		510.4950	-	N/A	49,289
Total US Department of Agriculture					473,770
US Department of Education					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	0.400000.04			
Fiscal Year 21		3100002 21	-	509,865	456,657
* Special Education Grants to States	84.027A				
Fiscal Year 21 * Special Education Procedural Grants	0.4.4=0.4	3810002 21	-	299,750	251,108
* Special Education-Preschool Grants Fiscal Year 21	84.173A	3800002 21		19,657	10.657
Special Education Cluster Subtotal		3600002 21	-	19,057	19,657 270,765
Title IV Part A	84.424A	0.400000.04			
Fiscal Year 21		3420002 21	-	36,576	36,576
Perkins	84.048				
Fiscal Year 19		3710002 19	-	566	566
Fiscal Year 20		3710002 20	-	1,194	1,194
Fiscal Year 21		3710002 21	-	15,308	15,308 17,068
Teacher Quality	84.367A				17,000
Fiscal Year 21		3230002 21	-	59,945	59,945
Rural Education	84.358				
Fiscal Year 21		3140002 21	-	18,680	18,680
* CARES Act Educational Stabilization Fund-COVID-19	84.425D				
Fiscal Year 21	01.1200	4000002 21	-	1,707,062	182,886
Fiscal Year 21		4000002 21	-	388,828	274,972
* CARES Act Educational Stabilization Fund GEER-COVID-19	84.425C				
Fiscal Year 20		4000002 21	-	66,700	50,107
					507,965
Total US Department of Education					1,367,656
US Department of Defense					
Passed directly from the US Department of the Army					
ROTC	12.000				
Fiscal Year 21		504E	-	N/A	26,237
Total US Department of Defense					26,237
US Department of the Treasury					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
Coronavirus Relief Fund-COVID-19	21.019				
Fiscal Year 21		2100038960	-	301,689	301,689
Total US Department of the Treasury					301,689
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards				9	2,169,352
* Major programs				`	2,100,002
ajo. programo					

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Elliott County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Elliott County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District received food commodities totaling \$49,289.

NOTE D – INDIRECT COST RATE

The Elliott County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

1407 Lexington Road Richmond, KY 40475 (859) 624-3926



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Elliott County School District Sandy Hook, KY

And the State Committee for School District Audits

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Elliott County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Elliott County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Elliott County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Elliott County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Elliott County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Elliott County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Elliott County School District in a separate letter dated November 15, 2021.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, KY

November 15, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Elliott County School District Sandy Hook, KY And the State Committee for School District Audits

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Elliott County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Elliott County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Elliott County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Elliott County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Elliott County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Elliott County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Elliott County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Elliott County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Elliott County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the

purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Elliott County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, KY

November 15, 2021

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND OUESTIONED COSTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

What type of report was issued for the financial statements? Unmodified Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed? None Reported If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)? N/A Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)? No Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed for major programs? No Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed that were not considered to be material weaknesses? None Reported What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs? Unmodified Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance? No Educational Stabilization Fund [CFDA 84.425D & 84.425C] **Major Programs** Special Education Cluster [CFDA 84.027A & 84.173A]

Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs \$750,000

Low risk auditee? Yes

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings at the financial statement level.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the year ended June 30, 2021

There were no prior year audit findings.



MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS

Elliott County School District Sandy Hook, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Elliott County School District for the year ended June 30, 2021, we considered the District's internal controls in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. We previously reported on the District's internal control in our report dated November 15, 2021. This letter does not affect our report dated November 15, 2021, on the financial statements of the Elliott County School District. The conditions observed are as follows:

ELLIOTT COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

1-21

Statement of Condition: Instances of checks written not having two signatures (#0102, 0103).

Recommendation for Correction: The principal (or appointed designee) and school treasurer should ensure all checks written have two signatures; one of which shall be that of the principal (or appointed designee) and the other being the school treasurer.

Management Response to the Recommendation:

2-21

Statement of Condition: Receipts are being written to the account or vendor instead of the person turning the money in.

Recommendation for Correction: Receipts should be written to the person who turns the money in and signs the Multiple Receipt Form (F-SA-6).

Management Response to the Recommendation:

ELLIOTT COUNTY ELEMENTARY

No conditions

ELLIOTT COUNTY INTERMEDIATE

No conditions

ELLIOTT COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

3-21

Statement of Condition: Monthly Financial Reports were not being submitted to the superintendent or finance officer at the close of each month (Oct, Dec, Jan).

Recommendation for Correction: Monthly financial reports shall be prepared and submitted to the superintendent or finance officer no later than the 15th of the following month. The original shall be signed and reviewed for accuracy and reasonableness by the principal and submitted to the superintendent or finance officer and a copy retained in the files. A list of accounts payables and receivables shall accompany the report.

Management Response to the Recommendation:

We will review the status of these conditions during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these conditions and suggestions with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss these conditions in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

All prior year conditions have been implemented and corrected. Ms. Debbie Stephens, Superintendent is the person responsible for initiation of the corrective action plan for the above conditions which will be implemented immediately. The corrective action plan is the management response for each condition.

We would like to thank the Finance Officer and their department for their support and assistance during our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and others within the district and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

White & Associates, PSC

White & Associates, PSC Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2021

APPENDIX C

Elliott County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds Second Series of 2022

Official Terms and Conditions of Sale

OFFICIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF BOND SALE

\$670,000*

Elliott County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Second Series of 2022 Dated September 7, 2022

SALE: August 17, 2022 AT 11:30 A.M., E.D.S.T.

As published on PARITY®, a nationally recognized electronic bidding system, the Elliott County School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation") will until August 17, 2022, at the hour of 11:30 A.M., E.D.S.T., in the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Rd, Carriage House, Frankfort, KY 40601, receive competitive bids for the revenue bonds herein described. To be considered, bids must be submitted on an Official Bid Form and must be delivered to the Corporation at the address indicated on the date of sale no later than the hour indicated. Bids may be submitted manually or by facsimile or electronically via PARITY. Bids will be considered by the Corporation and may be accepted without further action by the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Subject to a Permitted Adjustment* increasing or decreasing the issue by up to \$67,000.

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non profit, non stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board of Education of Elliott County, Kentucky (the "Board"). Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Bonds herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY, PURPOSE OF ISSUE AND SECURITY

These Bonds are authorized pursuant to KRS 162.120 through 162.300, 162.385, and KRS 58.180 and are issued in accordance with a Resolution of the Corporation's Board of Directors. Said Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation payable from rental revenues derived by the Corporation from the Board under the Lease identified below. Said Bonds are being issued to finance improvements at Elliott County Middle/High School (the "Project") and are secured by a lien upon and a pledge of the revenues from the rental of the school building property to the Board under the Lease on a year to year basis; the first rental period ending June 30, 2023; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with a similar lien and pledge securing the Corporation's School Building Revenue Bonds previously issued to finance or refinance the school building(s) which constitute the Project (the "Parity Bonds").

Should the Board default in its obligations under the Lease or fail to renew the Lease, the Registered Owners of Bonds have the right to have a receiver appointed to administer the school building property but foreclosure and sale are not available as remedies.

The rental of the school building Project property from the Corporation to the Board is to be effected under a certain Lease Agreement by and between the Corporation and the Board (the "Lease"), whereunder the school building Project property is leased to the Board for the initial period ending June 30, 2023, with an option in the Board to renew the Lease each year at rentals sufficient to provide for the principal and interest requirements on the Bonds as they become due, plus the costs of insurance, maintenance, depreciation, and bond issuance and administration expenses; the Board being legally obligated only for the initial rental period and for one year at a time thereafter each time the Lease is renewed.

Under the terms of the Lease and any renewal thereof, so long as the Bonds remain outstanding and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 157.627(5) and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the Lease and Participation Agreement to the Corporation and the Commission the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

Although the Board is obligated to pay the Corporation annual rentals in the full amount of the principal and interest requirements for the Bonds for each year in which the Lease is renewed, the Board has entered into the Lease in reliance upon a certain Participation Agreement by and between the Board and the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission"). Under the terms of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has agreed to pay annually directly to the Paying Agent for the Bonds a stated Agreed Participation equal to approximately \$50,000 to be applied to the annual debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified until their retirement, subject to the constitutional restrictions limiting the commitment to the biennium; said annual amount is to be applied only to the principal and interest requirements of the Bonds so long as the Board renews the Lease. Under the Lease, the Board has pledged and assigned all of its rights under the Participation Agreement in and to the Agreed Participation to the Corporation in order to secure the Bonds and has agreed to pay that portion of the rentals in excess of said Agreed Participation for each year in which the Lease is renewed.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

The Commission is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of Sections 157.611 through 157.640 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as repealed, amended, and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, the Regulations of the Kentucky Board of Education and the Commission, the Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for participation from the Commission in meeting the costs of construction of the Projects and has entered into a Participation Agreement with the Board whereunder the Commission agrees to pay an annual Agreed Participation equal to approximately \$50,000 to be applied to the annual debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified each year until their retirement; provided, however, that the contractual commitment of the Commission to pay the annual Agreed Participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2024; the right is reserved in the Commission to terminate its commitment to pay the Agreed Participation after the initial biennial period and every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the Agreed Participation shall be automatically renewed each two years for a period of two years unless the Commission shall give notice of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium; however, by the execution of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has expressed its present intention to continue to pay the Agreed Participation in each successive biennial budget period until the retirement of all of the Bonds, but such execution does not obligate the Commission to do so.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$125,216,700 in FY 2022-23 and \$126,719,600 in FY 2023-2024 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues; \$58,000,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium. It authorizes \$85,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2026.

ADDITIONAL PARITY BONDS

The Corporation has reserved the right and privilege of issuing additional bonds from time to time payable from the income and revenues of said lands and school building property and secured by a statutory mortgage lien and pledge of revenues, but only if and to the extent the issuance of such additional parity bonds are in accordance

with the plans and specifications which have been approved by the Board, Commissioner of Education, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Corporation and a Lease shall be entered into whereunder the annual rental payments during the life of such additional bonds shall be increased by the amount of the annual principal and interest requirements of such additional bonds.

BOND MATURITIES, PRIOR REDEMPTION PROVISIONS AND PAYING AGENT

All such Bonds shall be in denominations in multiples of \$1,000 within the same maturity, bear interest from September 7, 2022, payable on March 1, 2023, and semi annually thereafter and shall mature as to principal on September 1 in each of the years as follows:

Year	Amount*	<u>Year</u>	Amount*
2023	\$ 31,000	2033	\$ 28,000
2024	27,000	2034	28,000
2025	29,000	2035	30,000
2026	34,000	2036	48,000
2027	27,000	2037	51,000
2028	23,000	2038	48,000
2029	20,000	2039	54,000
2030	22,000	2040	45,000
2031	24,000	2041	46,000
2032	26,000	2042	29,000

^{*}Subject to a Permitted Adjustment of the amount of Bonds awarded of up to \$67,000 which may be applied in any or all maturities.

The Bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2031 are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after September 1, 2030, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds are to be issued in fully registered form (both principal and interest). U.S. Bank National Association, Cincinnati, Ohio, has been designated as the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co. Principal and interest will be payable through the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company: Please see "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM" below. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning March 1, 2023 (Record Date is the 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

BIDDING CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

- (A) Bids must be made on Official Bid Form, contained in Information for Bidders available from the undersigned or RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky, by visiting www.rsamuni.com submitted manually, by facsimile or electronically via PARITY®.
- (B) Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To

the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing, non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

- (C) The minimum bid shall be not less than \$656,600 (98% of par) plus accrued interest. Interest rates shall be in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1% or both. Only one interest rate shall be permitted per Bond, and all Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same rate. Interest rates must be on an ascending scale, in that the interest rate stipulated in any year may not be less than that stipulated for any preceding maturity. There is no limit on the number of different interest rates.
- (D) The maximum permissible net interest cost for the Bonds shall not exceed "The Bond Buyer's" Index of 20 Municipal Bonds as established on the Thursday immediately preceding the sale of said Bonds plus 1.50%.
- (E) The determination of the best purchase bid for said Refunding Bonds shall be made on the basis of all bids submitted for exactly \$670,000 principal amount of Refunding Bonds offered for sale under the terms and conditions herein specified, but the Corporation may adjust the principal amount of Bonds upward or downward by \$67,000 (the "Permitted Adjustment") which may be awarded to such best bidder may be a minimum of \$603,000 or a maximum of \$737,000. In the event of such Permitted Adjustment, no rebidding or recalculation of a submitted bid will be required or permitted and the Underwriter's Discount on the Bonds as submitted by the successful bidder shall be held constant. The Underwriter's Discount shall be defined as the difference between the purchase price of the Bonds submitted by the bidder and the price at which the Bonds will be issued to the public, calculated from information provided by the bidder, divided by the par amount of the Bonds bid. The price of which such adjusted principal amount of Bonds will be sold will be the same price per \$1,000 of Bonds as the price per \$1,000 for the \$670,000 of Bonds bid.
- (F) If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

(a) Holding Period means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.

(b) Maturity means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

- (c) Public means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.
- (d) Sale Date means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is August 17, 2022.
- (e) Underwriter means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).
- (G) The successful bidder may elect to notify the Municipal Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each term bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption by lot on September 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.
- (H) CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Bonds at the expense of the Corporation. The purchaser shall pay the CUSIP Service Bureau Charge. Improper imprintation or the failure to imprint CUSIP numbers shall not constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for said Bonds in accordance with the terms of any accepted proposal for the purchase of said Bonds.
- (I) The Corporation will provide to the successful purchaser a Final Official Statement in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12. A Final Official Statement will be provided in Electronic Form to the successful bidder, in sufficient time to meet the delivery requirements of the successful bidder under SEC and Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board Delivery Requirements. The successful bidder will be required to pay for the printing of Final Official Statements.
- (J) Bids need not be accompanied by a certified or bank cashier's good faith check, BUT the successful bidder will be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the amount of the principal amount of Bonds awarded to the order of the Corporation by the close of business on the day following the award. Said good faith amount which will be forfeited as liquidated damages in the event of a failure of the successful bidder to take delivery of such Bonds when ready. The good faith amount (without interest) will be applied to the purchase price upon delivery of the Bonds. The successful bidder shall not be required to take up and pay for said Bonds unless delivery is made within 45 days from the date the bid is accepted.
 - (K) Delivery will be made utilizing the DTC Book-Entry-Only-System.
- (L) The Corporation reserves the right to reject any and all bids or to waive any informality in any bid. The Bonds are offered for sale subject to the principal and interest not being subject to Federal or Kentucky income taxation or Kentucky ad valorem taxation on the date of their delivery to the successful bidder, in accordance with the Final Approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky, which Opinion will be qualified in accordance with the section hereof on TAX EXEMPTION.
- (M) The Corporation and the Board agree to cooperate with the successful bidder in the event said purchaser desires to purchase municipal bond insurance regarding the Refunding Bonds; provided, however, that any and all expenses incurred in obtaining said insurance shall be solely the obligation of the successful bidder should the successful bidder so elect to purchase such insurance.

STATE SUPPORT OF EDUCATION

The 1990 Regular Session of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth enacted a comprehensive legislative package known as the Kentucky Education Reform Act ("KERA") designed to comply with the mandate of the Kentucky Supreme Court that the General Assembly provide for as efficient and equitable system of schools throughout the State.

KERA became fully effective on July 13, 1990. Elementary and Secondary Education in the Commonwealth is supervised by the Commissioner of Education as the Chief Executive Officer of the State Department of Education ("DOE"), an appointee of the reconstituted State Board for Elementary and Secondary Education (the "State Board"). Some salient features of KERA are as follows:

KRS 157.330 establishes the fund to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funded from biennial appropriations from the General Assembly for distribution to school districts. The base funding guaranteed to each school district by SEEK for operating and capital expenditures is determined in each fiscal year by dividing the total annual SEEK appropriation by the state-wide total of pupils in average daily attendance ("ADA") in the preceding fiscal year; the ADA for each district is subject to adjustment to reflect the number of at risk students (approved for free lunch programs under state and federal guidelines), number and types of exceptional children, and transportation costs.

KRS 157.420 establishes a formula which results in the allocation of funds for capital expenditures in school districts at \$100 per ADA pupil which is included in the SEEK allotment (\$4,000) for the current biennium which is required to be segregated into a Capital Outlay Allotment Fund which may be used only for (1) direct payment of construction costs; (2) debt service on voted and funding bonds; (3) lease rental payments in support of bond issues; (4) reduction of deficits resulting from over expenditures for emergency capital construction; and (5) a reserve for each of the categories enumerated in 1 through 4 above.

KRS 160.470(12)(a) requires that effective for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of \$.30 for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes levied by the district (including utilities gross receipts license and special voted) for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property, plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Revenue Cabinet of the Commonwealth. Any school district board of education which fails to comply with the minimum equivalent tax rate levy shall be subject to removal from office.

KRS 160.470(12)(2) provides that for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Any increase beyond the 4% annual limitation imposed by KRS 132.017 is not subject to the recall provisions of that Section. Revenue generated by the 15% levy is to be equalized at 150% of the state-wide average per pupil equalized assessment.

KRS 157.440(2) permits school districts to levy up to 30% of the revenue guaranteed by the SEEK program, plus the revenue produced by the 15% levy, but said additional tax will not be equalized with state funds and will be subject to recall by a simple majority of those voting on the question.

KRS 157.620(1) also provides that in order to be eligible for participation from the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission for debt service on bond issues the district must levy a tax which will produce revenues equivalent to \$.05 per \$100 of the total assessed value of all property in the district (including tangible and intangible property and motor vehicles) in addition to the minimum \$.30 levy required by KRS 160.470(12). A district having a special voted tax which is equal to or higher than the required \$.05 tax, must commit and segregate for capital purposes at least an amount equal to the required \$.05 tax. Those districts which levy the additional \$.05 tax are also eligible for participation in the Kentucky Facilities Support ("KFS") program for which funds are appropriated separately from SEEK funds and are distributed to districts in accordance with a formula taking into account outstanding debt and funds available for payment from both local and state sources under KRS 157.440(1)(b).

KRS 160.460 provides that as of July 1, 1994 all real property located in the Commonwealth subject to local taxation shall be assessed at \$57,158 to be applied to fair cash value.

BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2024

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

The General Assembly recently adopted a budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2024 which was approved and signed by the Governor. Such budget becomes effective beginning July 1, 2022. The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at www.osbd.ky.gov.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

As a result of the principal amount of Bonds being offered not exceeding \$1,000,000 Bond Counsel has advised the Corporation and the Board that they are exempt from application of the Rule 15c2-12c2-12(b)(5) of the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to the Bonds.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Elliott County Board of Education, PO Box 767, Sandy Hook, Kentucky 41171 (606-738-8001).

TAX EXEMPTION; BANK QUALIFIED

Bond Counsel advises as follows with respect to the Bonds:

(A) The Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.

- (B) The interest income from the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law and interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of calculating the Federal alternative minimum tax.
- (C) As a result of certifications by the Board and the Corporation, indicating the issuance of less than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year ending December 31, 2022, the Bonds may be treated by financial institutions as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds initially will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee). One fully-registered Bond Certificate will be issued, in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds securities that its participants ("Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the settlement among Participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in Participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. "Direct Participants" include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is owned by a number of its Direct Participants and by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange, Inc., and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as securities brokers and dealers, banks, and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). The Rules applicable to DTC and its participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participant's records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds ("Beneficial Ownership Interest") are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their Beneficial Ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued. Transfers of ownership interest in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co., effect no change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners, will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to Cede & Co. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in the Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. will consent or vote with respect to Bonds. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments of the Bonds will be made to DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' account on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records unless DTC has reason to believe that it will not receive payment on payable date. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name", and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Issuer, or the Trustee, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to DTC is the responsibility of the Issuer or the Trustee, disbursements of such payments to Direct Participants shall be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payment to the Beneficial Owners shall be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Beneficial Ownership Interests purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Trustee, and shall effect delivery of such Beneficial Ownership Interests by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Beneficial Ownership Interests, on DTC's records, to the purchaser or the Trustee, as appropriate. The requirements for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with a demand for purchase or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Issuer or the Bond Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered by the Bond Registrar.

NEITHER THE ISSUER, THE BOARD NOR THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OR ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER OR ANY OTHER PERSON NOT SHOWN ON THE REGISTRATION BOOKS OF THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT AS BEING AN OWNER WITH RESPECT TO: (1) THE BONDS; (2) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (3) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT DUE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF TENDERED BONDS OR THE PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PRICE OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS; (4) THE DELIVERY BY ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY NOTICE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WHICH IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE BOND RESOLUTION TO BE GIVEN TO HOLDERS; (5) THE SELECTION OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF ANY PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE BONDS; OR (6) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS HOLDER.

ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

By /s/ Debbie Stephens Secretary

APPENDIX D

Elliott County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds Second Series of 2022

Official Bid Form

OFFICIAL BID FORM (Bond Purchase Agreement)

The Elliott County School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation" or "Issuer"), will until 11:30 A.M., E.D.S.T., on August 17, 2022, receive in the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Rd, Carriage House, Frankfort, KY 40601, (telephone 502-564-5582; fax 888-979-6152) competitive bids for its \$670,000 School Building Revenue Bonds, Second Series of 2022, dated September 7, 2022; maturing September 1, 2023 through 2042 ("Bonds").

We hereby bid for said \$670,000* principal amount of Bonds, the total sum of \$ (not less than \$656,600) plus accrued interest from September 7, 2022 payable March 1, 2023 and semiannually thereafter at the following annual rates, (rates on ascending scale in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1%; number of interest rates unlimited) and maturing as to principal on September 1 in the years as follows:

Year	Amount*	Rate	Year	Amount*	Rate
2023 2024	\$ 31,000		2033	\$ 28,000	
2024 2025 2026	27,000 29,000		2034 2035	28,000 30,000	%
2027	34,000 27,000 23,000		$\frac{2036}{2037}$	48,000 51,000	
2028	23,000 20,000		2037 2038 2039	48,000 54,000	
2029 2030 2031	22,000 24,000		2039 2040 2041	45,000	
2031	26,000		2041	46,000 29,000	

^{*} Subject to Permitted Adjustment

We understand this bid may be accepted for as much as \$737,000 of Bonds or as little as \$603,000 of Bonds, at the same price per \$1,000 Bond, with the variation in such amount occurring in any maturity or all maturities, which will be determined at the time of acceptance of the best bid.

We further understand that by submitting a bid we agree as follows:

If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

(a) Holding Period means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.

(b) Maturity means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

(c) Public means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(d) Sale Date means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is August 17, 2022.

(e) Underwriter means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by

PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing, non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

The successful bidder may elect to notify the Municipal Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each Term Bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption on September 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

The DTC Book-Entry-Only-System will be utilized on delivery of this issue.

It is understood that the Corporation will furnish the final approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky.

No certified or bank cashier's check will be required to accompany a bid, but the successful bidder shall be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Bonds awarded by the close of business on the date following the award. Said good faith amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price on delivery. Wire transfer procedures should be arranged through U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, Attn: Mr. Charles Lush (502-562-6436).

Bids must be submitted only on this form and must be fully executed.

If we are the successful bidder, we agree to accept and make payment for the Bonds in Federal Funds on or about September 7, 2022 and upon acceptance by the Issuer's Municipal Advisor this Official Bid Form shall become the Bond Purchase Agreement.

	Respectfully submitted,		
	Bidder By Authorized Officer		
	Address		
Γotal interest cost from September 7, 2022 to fin	nal maturity	\$	
Plus discount or less any premium		\$	
Net interest cost (Total interest cost plus discour	nt or less any premium)	\$	
Average interest rate or cost (ie NIC)			%

The above computation of net interest cost and of average interest rate or cost is submitted for information only and is not a part of this Bid.

Accepted by RSA Advisors, LLC, as Agent for the Elliott County School District Finance Corporation for amount of Bonds at a price of \$_____ as follows:

Year	<u>Amount</u>	Rate	<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Rate
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032	,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,00		2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042		

Dated: August 17, 2022

RSA Advisors, LLC, Financial Advisor and Agent for Elliott County School District Finance Corporation