

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED MAY 3, 2023

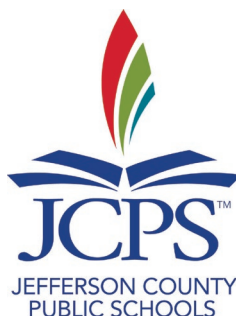
In the opinion of Wyatt, Tarrant & Combs, LLP, Bond Counsel, (i) under the Internal Revenue Code as presently enacted and construed and subject to the conditions and limitations set forth herein under the caption "TAX TREATMENT," interest on the 2023A Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes and (ii) the 2023A Bonds are exempt from ad valorem taxation, and the interest thereon is exempt from income taxation, by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions and taxing authorities. See "TAX TREATMENT" herein.

**NEW ISSUE
BOOK-ENTRY ONLY**

**Ratings: Moody's: "Aa3"
S&P: "AA-"
(See "RATINGS" herein)**

\$64,900,000*

**JEFFERSON COUNTY (KENTUCKY) SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION
SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2023A**



Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: As shown herein

Interest on the above captioned bonds (the "2023A Bonds") is payable semiannually as described herein. The 2023A Bonds will initially be issued as book-entry bonds registered by the Bond Registrar hereinafter identified in the name of a nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for the 2023A Bonds. Individual purchases of such 2023A Bonds may be made in book-entry form only, in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any multiple of \$5,000. Principal of and interest on the 2023A Bonds shall be payable to DTC, which in turn will remit such principal and interest to the beneficial owners of the 2023A Bonds through DTC's participants as described in "Appendix G – Book Entry System" attached hereto.

The 2023A Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity at the option of the Jefferson County School District Finance Corporation (the "Issuer") as described herein.

The 2023A Bonds and the interest thereon do not and shall not constitute an indebtedness of the Issuer, the Jefferson County Board of Education (the "Board"), the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission ("KSFCC" or the "Commission"), or the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the "Commonwealth") within the meaning of the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth or a pledge of the faith and credit or the taxing power of the Board, the Commission, or the Commonwealth, but are limited obligations of the Issuer and shall be payable solely from and secured solely by such assets and revenues as are provided in the General Bond Resolution described herein, and neither the Issuer, the Board, the Commission, nor the Commonwealth is or shall be obligated to pay the 2023A Bonds except as provided therein. The issuance of the 2023A Bonds shall not directly, indirectly or contingently obligate the Board, the Commission, or the Commonwealth to levy or to pledge any taxes whatsoever for the payment of the 2023A Bonds or to make any appropriation for such payment nor obligate the Issuer to take any actions except as expressly provided in the General Bond Resolution. The Issuer has no taxing power.

Bids for the 2023A Bonds will be received until 11:00 a.m. Eastern Time on May 10, 2023, as more fully described in the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale. The 2023A Bonds are offered when, as and if issued by the Issuer and received by the purchasers, subject to prior sale, to withdrawal or modification of the offer without notice, to the approval of legality by Wyatt, Tarrant & Combs, LLP, Bond Counsel, and to certain other conditions. Certain legal matters will be passed on by Kevin Brown, Esq., General Counsel to the Board and the Issuer. It is expected that the 2023A Bonds will be available for delivery in Louisville, Kentucky on or about June 1, 2023.

Dated: _____, 2023

* Subject to adjustment as described in the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale.

This Preliminary Official Statement and the information contained herein are subject to change, amendment and completion without notice. Under no circumstances shall this Preliminary Official Statement constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of these securities, in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration, qualification or filing under the applicable securities laws of such jurisdiction.

\$64,900,000*
JEFFERSON COUNTY (KENTUCKY)
SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION
SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2023A

| <u>Due May 1*</u> | <u>Principal Amount*</u> | <u>Interest Rate</u> | <u>Price/ Yield</u> | <u>CUSIP†</u> |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| 2024 | \$ 1,965,000 | | | |
| 2025 | 1,930,000 | | | |
| 2026 | 1,995,000 | | | |
| 2027 | 2,055,000 | | | |
| 2028 | 2,125,000 | | | |
| 2029 | 2,190,000 | | | |
| 2030 | 2,265,000 | | | |
| 2031 | 2,340,000 | | | |
| 2032 | 2,415,000 | | | |
| 2033 | 5,065,000 | | | |
| 2034 | 5,200,000 | | | |
| 2035 | 7,445,000 | | | |
| 2036 | 7,715,000 | | | |
| 2037 | 8,005,000 | | | |
| 2038 | 4,425,000 | | | |
| 2039 | 4,610,000 | | | |
| 2040 | 740,000 | | | |
| 2041 | 770,000 | | | |
| 2042 | 805,000 | | | |
| 2043 | 840,000 | | | |

* Subject to adjustment as described in the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale.

† CUSIP is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. The CUSIP numbers shown herein are provided by Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., as manager of CUSIP Global Services, and are shown herein for convenience of reference only. No representation is made as to the correctness of the CUSIP number shown herein for any of the Series 2023A Bonds. The CUSIP numbers for some or all of the Series 2023A Bonds may be changed as a result of various actions occurring after the issuance of the Series 2023A Bonds, including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of the Series 2023A Bonds or the addition of secondary market portfolio insurance or other credit enhancement applicable to some or all of the Series 2023A Bonds.

**JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
FINANCE CORPORATION**

Officers and Directors

Dr. Martin Pollio - President
Diane Porter - Vice President and Director
Corrie Shull – Secretary and Director
J. Cordelia Hardin - Treasurer
Chris Kolb - Director
Joseph Marshall – Director
Linda Duncan - Director
James Craig – Director
Sarah McIntosh – Director

JEFFERSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

Board Members

Diane Porter, Chair
Chris Kolb, Vice Chair
Corrie Shull
Joe Marshall
Linda Duncan
James Craig
Sarah McIntosh

Administrative Personnel

Dr. Martin Pollio, Superintendent
Kevin Brown, General Counsel
J. Cordelia Hardin, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
Edward D. Muns, Executive Administrator of Accounting

BOND COUNSEL

Wyatt, Tarrant & Combs, LLP

FISCAL AGENCY GROUP

Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated
and
RSA Advisors, LLC

BOND REGISTRAR AND PAYING AGENT

Truist Bank

REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

AUTHORIZED INFORMATION AND REPRESENTATIONS

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the Issuer, the Board, the Fiscal Agency Group, or the Underwriters to give any information, or to make any representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement. Moreover, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell, or the solicitation of any offer to sell, or the solicitation of any offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of, the 2023A Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. Except where otherwise indicated, the information set forth herein has been obtained from the Issuer and the Board and other sources that are believed to be reliable but is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness, and is not to be construed as a representation, by the Fiscal Agency Group or the Underwriters. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall at any time or under any circumstances imply that information or expressions of opinion herein are correct as of any time subsequent to this date or that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer or the Board since the date hereof.

In connection with this offering, the Underwriters may over allot or effect transactions that stabilize or maintain the market price of the 2023A Bonds at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

REGISTRATION EXEMPTIONS

The 2023A Bonds have not been registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), nor has the General Bond Resolution or the Series 2023A Resolution described herein been qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, in reliance upon exemptions contained in such Acts. The 2023A Bonds have not been registered under any state securities or “blue sky” laws where the 2023A Bonds will be offered for sale, in reliance upon exemptions contained in such laws. In making an investment decision, investors must rely upon their own examination of the Issuer and the Board and the sources of payment, security for, and other terms of the 2023A Bonds, including the merits and risks of an investment in the 2023A Bonds. No federal or state securities commission or other regulatory authority has recommended an investment in the 2023A Bonds and none of them has confirmed the accuracy or determined the adequacy of this Official Statement. Any representation to the contrary may be a criminal offense.

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Issuer has deemed this Preliminary Official Statement final as of its date, with respect to the 2023A Bonds, for purposes of Rule 15c2-12 (the “Rule”) of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Securities Exchange Act”), except for such information as is permitted to be omitted in accordance with the Rule.

FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT

In accordance with the Rule, the Issuer will deliver, within seven business days after the sale of the 2023A Bonds to the Underwriters, a final Official Statement with respect to the 2023A Bonds, dated the date of sale of the Series 2023A Bonds, including the information that was omitted from this Preliminary Official Statement in accordance with the Rule.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|--|----|
| SUMMARY STATEMENT | 1 |
| JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT | 1 |
| JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION | 2 |
| THE BONDS | 2 |
| Authority | 2 |
| Description..... | 3 |
| Bond Registrar and Paying Agent..... | 3 |
| Redemption | 3 |
| Limited Obligation; Security and Sources of Payment..... | 4 |
| Security Provisions Unique to the 2023A Bonds..... | 5 |
| Securities Depository; Ownership of Bonds..... | 6 |
| Registration and Transfer..... | 7 |
| KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SUPERVISION | 8 |
| STATE INTERCEPT..... | 9 |
| THE 2023A PROJECT | 9 |
| Project Costs and Sources of Funds..... | 9 |
| Project Description..... | 10 |
| DISTRICT FACILITIES PLAN..... | 11 |
| REVENUE SOURCES WITHIN THE JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT..... | 11 |
| Ad Valorem School Tax | 11 |
| Capital Outlay Allotment..... | 11 |
| Occupational License Fee..... | 11 |
| CERTAIN LIMITATIONS ON TAXATION | 12 |
| STATE SUPPORT FOR EDUCATION..... | 12 |
| Adjusted Base Guaranteed Funding Level..... | 13 |
| Tier I Funding Level | 14 |
| Tier II Funding Level..... | 14 |
| State and Local Funding for Capital Outlay and Facilities Construction | 14 |
| Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission..... | 15 |
| LITIGATION..... | 15 |
| TAX TREATMENT | 16 |
| FISCAL AGENCY GROUP..... | 16 |
| UNDERWRITING | 17 |

| | |
|--|-----|
| RATINGS | 17 |
| APPROVAL OF LEGALITY..... | 17 |
| UNDERTAKING TO PROVIDE CONTINUING DISCLOSURE | 18 |
| APPROVAL OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT..... | 18 |
| | |
| Appendix A - Operating, Financial and Tax Base Information of the District..... | A-1 |
| Appendix B - General Information for Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government..... | B-1 |
| Appendix C - Bonded Indebtedness Outstanding of the District and Debt Service Requirements for the Series 2023A Bonds..... | C-1 |
| Appendix D - Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 | D-1 |
| Appendix E - Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Bond Resolution and the Basic Lease; Continuing Disclosure Certificate; Definitions | E-1 |
| Appendix F - Form of Bond Counsel Opinion..... | F-1 |
| Appendix G - Book Entry-System..... | G-1 |

\$64,900,000*
JEFFERSON COUNTY (KENTUCKY) SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION
SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE BONDS, SERIES 2023A

*Preliminary, subject to adjustment.

SUMMARY STATEMENT

The purpose of this Official Statement, including the cover pages and appendices, is to set forth certain information in connection with the offering by the Jefferson County School District Finance Corporation (the “Corporation” or the “Issuer”) of its School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2023A (the “2023A Bonds”) in the aggregate principal amount set forth above. The 2023A Bonds are being issued to finance capital improvement and construction projects as more fully described herein. The 2023A Bonds rank on a parity as to security and source of payment with the bonds previously issued and presently outstanding under the General Bond Resolution hereinafter described (such bonds, together with the 2023A Bonds, the “Bonds”). Certain capitalized terms used in this Official Statement and not otherwise defined have the meaning given to those terms in “Appendix E - Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Bond Resolution and the Basic Lease; Continuing Disclosure Certificate; Definitions”.

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

The District is governed by a seven-member Board of Education. Members represent individual election districts and serve staggered four year terms. The Members elect a chairperson and vice chairperson from the Members. The Superintendent is Secretary of the Board and its executive officer. Dr. Martin “Marty” Pollio assumed the role of acting interim Superintendent of the District on July 2, 2017. He was named Superintendent on February 11, 2018, and is currently serving under a four-year contract effective through June 30, 2025.

The District is coterminous with Jefferson County, Kentucky. It is the largest school district in Kentucky and approximately the 30th largest public school system in the nation. Serving 96,148 students (actual enrollment as of November 2022) in preschool through grade 12, the District included a total of 167 schools for FYE 2022: 89 elementary schools, 22 middle schools, 18 high schools, 18 special needs schools, and 20 other learning centers. Enrollment and average daily attendance for the District for the current year and the past five years can be found in “Appendix A - Operating, Financial and Tax Base Information of the District”.

The following table summarizes certain financial information relating to the District and is qualified by reference to the more complete information contained herein:

| | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Assessed property valuation (2022-23 school year) | \$94,887,830,495 ⁽¹⁾ |
| Total bonded debt outstanding (estimated as of 05/01/2023) | \$572,241,404 |
| Less: Bonded debt payable from other sources (SFCC) ⁽³⁾ | (\$72,693,933) |
| Net local bonded debt | \$499,547,471 |

| | |
|--|---------|
| Net debt as a percent of assessed valuation | 0.526% |
| Population: Jefferson County (U.S. Census estimate as of 07/01/2022) | 773,399 |
| School enrollment (as of November 2022) | 96,148 |
| | |
| (1) Excludes property removed from the assessed valuation for property tax purposes pursuant to the homestead exemption described below under “CERTAIN LIMITATIONS ON TAXATION AND OTHER TAX MATTERS”. | |
| (2) Total outstanding bonded debt of the District less SFCC participation. See “STATE SUPPORT OF EDUCATION – Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission” below and “Bonded Indebtedness Outstanding of the District” in Appendix C. | |
| (3) Payment expected to be available from the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, as described below under “REVENUE SOURCES WITHIN THE JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT – Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission”. | |

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

Pursuant to Chapter 162 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (“KRS”) (the “Act”), including particularly KRS 162.385, any board of education may obtain buildings for school purposes in accordance with the provisions of KRS 162.120 to 162.290 by utilizing a non-profit finance corporation established pursuant to KRS 273.161 to 273.390, inclusive, and KRS 58.180, rather than a city or county, as an issuing agency for bonds.

The Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky (the “Board”), a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the “Commonwealth”), incorporated on August 24, 1988 a non-profit finance corporation pursuant to KRS 162.385 named Jefferson County School District Finance Corporation (the “Corporation” or the “Issuer”) to act as a municipal corporation and agency and instrumentality of the Board for the issuance of bonds under the Act.

The Board of Directors of the Corporation is made up of the incumbent members of the Board of Education. The incumbent members and officers of the Board and the incumbent directors and officers of the Corporation are listed on the inside front cover of this Official Statement.

For a detailed summary of bonds issued by the Corporation and the other bonds secured by lease payments from the Board, see “Appendix C – Bonded Indebtedness Outstanding of the District and Debt Service Requirements for the Series 2023A Bonds.”

THE BONDS

Authority

The 2023A Bonds have been authorized by [i] a General Bond Resolution (the “General Bond Resolution”) duly adopted by the Board of Directors of the Issuer on July 17,

1989, and approved by the Board of Education on July 17, 1989, as amended on August 14, 1989, [ii] a Series 2023A Bond Resolution (the “Series 2023A Resolution”) adopted by the Board of Directors of the Issuer on April 25, 2023 and approved by the Board of Education on April 25, 2023, and [iii] the provisions of the Act. For further information about the General Bond Resolution, see “Appendix E – Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Bond Resolution and the Basic Lease; Continuing Disclosure Certificate; Definitions.”

Description

The 2023A Bonds are issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof. Semiannual interest on the 2023A Bonds is payable May 1 and November 1, commencing November 1, 2023 (each, an “Interest Payment Date”) at the rates per annum set forth on the inside cover of this Official Statement (computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months). Each 2023A Bond shall bear interest from the Interest Payment Date to which interest has been paid as of the date on which such 2023A Bond is authenticated or, if such 2023A Bond is authenticated prior to a date to which interest has been paid, from its original issuance.

The 2023A Bonds will initially be issued as book-entry bonds registered by the Bond Registrar hereinafter identified in the name of a nominee of The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), which will act as securities depository for the 2023A Bonds. Purchases of the 2023A Bonds may be made in book-entry form only, in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple of \$5,000. Principal of and interest on the 2023A Bonds shall be payable to DTC, which in turn will remit such principal and interest to the beneficial owners of the 2023A Bonds through DTC’s participants, as more fully described below in “BASIC DOCUMENTATION - Security Depository; Ownership of Bonds - Registrar”.

Bond Registrar and Paying Agent

Truist Bank, formerly named Branch Banking and Trust Company, has been appointed as the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent for the 2023A Bonds.

Redemption

Optional Redemption. The 2023A Bonds maturing on or after May 1, 2032, shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Issuer, in whole or from time to time in part, in any order of maturity (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), on any date on or after May 1, 2031, for which the requisite notice can be given under the General Bond Resolution, at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The Paying Agent shall give notice of any redemption by first-class mail, postage prepaid, not more than sixty (60) nor less than thirty (30) days prior to the redemption date, to the registered owner of each 2023A Bond to be redeemed, at such owner's address as it appears on the registration books maintained by the Paying Agent.

Limited Obligation; Security and Sources of Payment

The Bonds and the interest thereon do not and shall not constitute an indebtedness of the Issuer, the Board, the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (“KSFCC” or the “Commission”) or the Commonwealth within the meaning of the constitution and laws of the Commonwealth or a pledge of the faith and credit or the taxing power of the Board, the Commission, or the Commonwealth, but are limited obligations of the Issuer and shall be payable solely from and secured solely by such assets and revenues as are provided in the General Bond Resolution, and neither the Issuer, the Board, the Commission, nor the Commonwealth is or shall be obligated to pay the Bonds except as provided therein. The issuance of any Bonds thereunder shall not directly, indirectly or contingently obligate the Board, the Commission, or the Commonwealth to levy or to pledge any taxes whatsoever for the payment of the Bonds or to make any appropriation for such payment nor obligate the Issuer to take any actions except as expressly therein provided. The Issuer has no taxing power.

As the sole security and source of payment of the Bonds and the interest thereon, the Issuer pledges, assigns and grants a security interest in [i] the Funds and all monies, securities, obligations and earnings therein, to the extent not required for the payment of any Notes (as defined herein), but excluding any Rebate Fund and all monies, securities and obligations therein; [ii] the Pledged Receipts (as defined herein); [iii] all of the Issuer’s right, title and interest in and to all Leases and Participation Agreements (provided that each Participation Agreement shall be security only for the Series of Bonds for which such Participation Agreement was entered into unless otherwise provided therein); and [iv] all proceeds of the foregoing. Except as may be otherwise expressly provided in a Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution or other action under and pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds, the foregoing, together with the statutory mortgage liens that are created, granted and recognized by the Issuer pursuant to KRS 162.200 and the General Bond Resolution, and such statutory mortgage liens as may be created, granted and recognized by the Issuer pursuant to KRS 162.200 and in any Series Resolutions or Supplemental Resolutions, constitute the “Security” for the Bonds and all other Bonds issued under the General Bond Resolution and the interest thereon without preference of one Bond or Series of Bonds over another Bond or Series of Bonds.

A statutory mortgage lien on the Issuer’s interest in each Project that is financed with the Bonds issued under the General Bond Resolution is created, granted and recognized, to the extent such a lien can be lawfully applicable to such Project (or a portion thereof), in favor of the Holders of the Bonds and pursuant to KRS 162.200, but only upon the application of the proceeds of a Series of Bonds to such Project thereunder and until payment in full of the principal of, Redemption Price and interest on the Bonds of such Series Outstanding thereunder. Such statutory mortgage lien shall not attach to any Project with respect to which no proceeds of Bonds have been applied. The statutory mortgage lien is and shall be valid and binding on each Project to which it applies, and upon any additions, extensions and improvements thereto that may be constructed from the proceeds of the Bonds, together with appurtenances, equipment therein, and such easements and rights-of-way for ingress, egress and the rendering of services as may be necessary for proper use and maintenance, all without the need for any further action by the Issuer or the Board or any filing or recording with respect thereto.

The Issuer reserves the right to erect or construct upon any Project other structures and improvements free and clear of the statutory mortgage lien, even though the same are connected by using as party walls one or more walls of structures which are subject to the statutory mortgage lien, provided that the same are capable of use as separate entities in themselves, and have their own outside entrances, and provided that no part of the costs of such additional structures and improvements are paid from the proceeds of the Bonds.

The Issuer also reserves the right to release or convey, with or without consideration, free and clear of the statutory mortgage lien, such easements, rights-of-way, licenses or other rights over, upon or beneath the surface of a Project as may reasonably be required for roads, utilities, drainage or other public purposes, provided that [i] no such release or conveyance shall interfere with the ownership and efficient operation of the Project, [ii] ingress to and egress from the Project shall not thereby be impaired and [iii] there shall be no reduction of the rentals otherwise required under any Lease or Leases.

The Bonds are payable solely from and secured solely by the Security. The General Bond Resolution provides for the setting aside annually into a special account, separate and apart from all other accounts and designated the “County of Jefferson School Building Revenue Debt Service Fund” (the “Debt Service Fund”), of a sufficient portion of the gross income and revenues of the Projects to provide for the payment of interest on and principal of all outstanding Bonds as and when the same become due. All funds placed in the Debt Service Fund are exclusively and irrevocably pledged for the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds and may not be used for any other purpose.

The General Bond Resolution also provides that the balance of the gross income and revenues of the Projects (after first making the required payments into the Debt Service Fund), if any, shall be set aside into a Maintenance Fund to provide for the proper maintenance of School Buildings and to provide for insurance against fire, lightning, windstorm or other calamity, in the amount of the full insurable value of the property or the principal amount of the then outstanding Bonds, whichever shall be greater, to the extent not otherwise paid by the Board.

Security Provisions Unique to the 2023A Bonds

Although the Board is obligated to pay the Corporation annual rentals in the full amount of the principal and interest requirements on the 2023A Bonds for each year in which the Lease is renewed, the Board has entered into the Lease in reliance upon a Participation Agreement to be dated as of the date of delivery of the 2023A Bonds (the “Participation Agreement”), between the Board and the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission under which the Commission has agreed to pay annually to the Bond Registrar for the 2023A Bonds an amount (calculated based on the debt service on the bonds resulting from the competitive sale thereof) (the “Agreed Participation”) estimated to be approximately 19.09% of the annual principal and interest requirements for the 2023A Bonds, subject to the constitutional restrictions limiting the commitment to the biennial; the obligations of the Commission are limited to the biennial fiscal period of the Commonwealth, in this case terminating June 30, 2024, and June 30 every two years thereafter, provided that if the Commission elects not to continue to pay the Agreed Participation, it shall give notice to the Board and the original

purchasers of the 2023A Bonds, at least sixty (60) days before the expiration of the biennial fiscal period then in effect. There is no assurance the Kentucky General Assembly will appropriate sufficient funds to enable the Commission to pay the Agreed Participation or that the Governor of the Commonwealth will not veto the appropriation from time to time. Amounts contributed by the Commission during the period the Participation Agreement is in effect are to be applied only to the principal and interest requirements of the 2023A Bonds so long as the Board renews the Lease. Under the Lease, the Board has pledged and assigned all of its rights under the Participation Agreement in and to the Agreed Participation to the Corporation in order to secure the 2023A Bonds.

As described above, each Participation Agreement shall be security only for the Series of Bonds for which the Participation Agreement was entered into unless otherwise provided therein.

Securities Depository; Ownership of Bonds

The 2023A Bonds initially shall be registered in the name of the Securities Depository or the Securities Depository Nominee, and ownership thereof shall be maintained in Book-Entry Form by the Securities Depository for the account of the Agent Members thereof. Initially, the 2023A Bonds shall be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as the nominee of The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), New York, New York. See “Appendix G - Book-Entry System” attached hereto, for further information on DTC and the book-entry system.

Except as provided below under this subheading, the 2023A Bonds may be transferred, in whole but not in part, only to the Securities Depository or the Securities Depository Nominee, or to a successor Securities Depository selected or approved by the Issuer or to a nominee of such successor Securities Depository. The person in whose name any Bond shall be registered shall be the absolute owner thereof for all purposes, and payment of or on account of the principal of and premium, if any, and interest on such Bond shall be made only to or on the order of the registered owner thereof or his legal representative. Neither the Issuer nor the Bond Registrar shall have any responsibility or obligation with respect to [i] the accuracy of the records of the Securities Depository or any Agent Member with respect to any beneficial ownership interest in the 2023A Bonds, [ii] the delivery to any Agent Member, any beneficial owner of the 2023A Bonds or any other person, other than the Securities Depository, of any notice with respect to the 2023A Bonds or [iii] the payment to any Agent Member, any beneficial owner of the 2023A Bonds or any other person, other than the Securities Depository, of any amount with respect to the principal, premium, if any, or interest on the 2023A Bonds.

So long as any 2023A Bonds are registered in Book-Entry Form, the Issuer and the Bond Registrar may treat the Securities Depository as, and deem the Securities Depository to be, the absolute owner of such 2023A Bonds for all purposes whatsoever, including without limitation [i] payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest on 2023A Bonds, [ii] giving notices of redemption and other matters with respect to the 2023A Bonds, [iii] registering transfers with respect to the 2023A Bonds, [iv] selection of 2023A Bonds for redemption and [v] for purposes of obtaining consents under the 2023A Resolution. Notwithstanding the definition of the term “Bondholder” or “Holder” or “Holder of Bonds” in the 2023A Resolution, as referencing registered holders of the 2023A Bonds, the Bond Registrar shall be entitled to rely on

written instructions from a majority of the beneficial owners of the 2023A Bonds with reference to any consent required from the registered holders pursuant to the terms of the 2023A Resolution.

If at any time the Securities Depository notifies the Issuer that it is unwilling or unable to continue as Securities Depository with respect to the 2023A Bonds, or if at any time the Securities Depository shall no longer be registered or in good standing under the Securities Exchange Act or other applicable statute or regulation and a successor Securities Depository is not appointed by the Issuer within ninety (90) days after the Issuer receives notice or becomes aware of such condition, as the case may be, then the above provisions in this subheading on the book-entry only system shall no longer be applicable and the Issuer shall execute and the Registrar shall authenticate and deliver certificates representing the 2023A Bonds to the Bondholders.

Registration and Transfer

Interest on each Bond not registered in Book-Entry Form to a Securities Depository shall be payable by check mailed by the Bond Registrar to the Holder thereof as of the Record Date, at the address shown on the registration books kept by the Bond Registrar or at such other address as is furnished to the Bond Registrar in writing by such Holder. The principal of and premium, if any, on the 2023A Bonds not registered in Book-Entry Form to a Securities Depository shall be payable, without exchange or collection charges, in lawful money of the United States of America on their presentation and surrender as they respectively become due and payable, whether at maturity or by prior redemption or acceleration, at the designated corporate trust office of the Bond Registrar. On request of a Holder of at least \$1,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of the 2023A Bonds, all payments of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the 2023A Bonds shall be paid by wire transfer in immediately available funds to an account designated by such Holder.

Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on 2023A Bonds registered in Book-Entry Form in the name of the Securities Depository or the Securities Depository Nominee shall be payable by wire transfer from the Bond Registrar to the Securities Depository or its nominee. So long as any 2023A Bonds remain Outstanding, the Bond Registrar shall keep and maintain at its designated corporate trust office complete registration records in respect of the 2023A Bonds and shall provide for the registration of transfer and exchange of the 2023A Bonds in accordance with the terms of the 2023A Resolution, subject to such reasonable procedures and regulations as the Bond Registrar may prescribe.

Except as may be otherwise provided in the 2023A Resolution for 2023A Bonds registered in Book-Entry Form in the name of the Securities Depository or the Securities Depository Nominee, each Bond shall be transferable or exchangeable only on the presentation and surrender thereof at the designated corporate trust office of the Bond Registrar, duly endorsed for transfer or accompanied by an assignment duly executed by the Holder or his authorized representative.

Except as may be otherwise provided in the 2023A Resolution for 2023A Bonds registered in Book-Entry Form in the name of the Securities Depository or the Securities

Depository Nominee, 2023A Bonds shall be exchangeable for a Bond or Bonds of the same maturity and interest rate and in Authorized Denominations, within a single maturity in an aggregate principal amount or amounts equal to the unpaid principal amount of the Bond or Bonds presented for exchange. The Bond Registrar is authorized to authenticate, deliver and exchange 2023A Bonds in accordance herewith. Each Bond delivered in exchange for a surrendered Bond shall constitute an original contractual obligation of the Issuer and shall be entitled to the benefits and security of the 2023A Resolution to the same extent as the Bond exchanged shall be canceled by the Registrar and the Bond Registrar shall maintain a complete record of all exchanges, transfers and cancellations of 2023A Bonds and shall make a report thereof to the Issuer on request.

Except as may be otherwise provided in the 2023A Resolution for 2023A Bonds registered in Book-Entry Form in the name of the Securities Depository or the Securities Depository Nominee, no service charge or other transfer fee shall be charged in connection with any transfer or exchange of a Bond. However, the registered owner of any Bond may be required to pay an amount equal to any tax or other governmental charge, if any, that may be imposed in connection with the transfer or exchange of any Bond.

The Bond Registrar shall not be required to transfer or exchange any Bond for the period beginning 15 days prior to the selection by the Bond Registrar of 2023A Bonds to be redeemed prior to maturity and ending on the date of mailing of notice of any such redemption.

On the receipt by the Issuer and the Bond Registrar of evidence satisfactory to them of the loss, theft, destruction or mutilation of any Outstanding Bonds, and of indemnity satisfactory to them, and on surrender and cancellation of such Bond if mutilated, the Issuer may execute and the Bond Registrar may authenticate and deliver, on the lapse of such period of time as they may deem advisable, a new Bond of like series, tenor and maturity bearing the same or different serial number, to be issued in lieu of such lost, stolen, destroyed or mutilated Bond. The Issuer and the Bond Registrar may require the payment of costs for each such new Bond issued, and the furnishing of indemnity satisfactory to the Issuer and the Bond Registrar. The Bond Registrar shall incur no liability for anything done by it under the foregoing procedures in the absence of its gross negligence or fault.

KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SUPERVISION

The Kentucky statutes, and the regulations of the Kentucky Department of Education (“KDE”) issued thereunder, generally require that a local school district submit to KDE for its prior approval the district’s plans for the funding, financing, design, construction, renovation, and modification of school facilities. House Bill 678 of the 2022 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly (2022 Ky. Acts, Ch. 185, hereinafter referred to as “HB 678”), enacted and effective April 8, 2022, eliminates until June 30, 2024 this requirement of prior approval for local school districts which elect by resolution to proceed without such prior approval and which so notify the Department. The District has adopted such a resolution and has so notified KDE.

Notwithstanding HB 678, KDE’s supervision of local school districts continues to apply to other areas of local school finance, including supervision of general operations such as

the examination of business methods and accounts of a school district, requirements of prompt, detailed reports of receipts and expenditures and the annual approval of the district’s operating budget. All local school boards which have entered into contracts for the issuance of bonds must maintain insurance protection in an amount equal to the full insurable value of the buildings financed by the bonds. KDE has advised the Issuer that Kentucky has a perfect record of no defaults in payment of its revenue bonds for school purposes. The Issuer believes that KDE’s supervision and control is a major contribution to this record.

STATE INTERCEPT

Under the terms of the Lease, and any renewal thereof, the Board has agreed so long as the 2023A Bonds remain outstanding, and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 157.627(5) and 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted to the Issuer under the terms of the Lease to the Issuer and the Commission the right to notify and request that KDE withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated by KDE to the Board and to request KDE to transfer such amount to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals. These provisions apply to the 2023A Bonds and the Lease, and are effective, notwithstanding the enactment of HB 678.

THE 2023A PROJECT

Project Costs and Sources of Funds

The 2023A Bonds are being issued to finance capital improvement and construction projects for several of the District’s schools, including (i) heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) renovations for Fairdale High School and Johnson Traditional Middle School, (ii) boiler and chiller replacements for Bloom Elementary School, Cochrane elementary School, Maupin Elementary School, Stonestreet Elementary School, and (iii) roof replacements for Byck Elementary School, Jeffersontown Elementary School, Trunnell Elementary School, Carter Elementary School, and Brandeis Elementary School (such capital improvement and construction projects, collectively, the “2023A Project”). The 2023A Project is being undertaken as a part of the District Facilities Plan described below (See “DISTRICT FACILITIES PLAN”). The estimated sources and uses of funds for the 2023A Project, are as follows:

Sources of Funds

| | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Principal Amount of 2023A Bonds | \$ _____ |
| Original Issue Discount or Premium | _____ |
| TOTAL | \$ _____ |

Uses of Funds

| | |
|------------------------------|----------|
| Deposit to Construction Fund | \$ _____ |
|------------------------------|----------|

| | |
|------------------------|----------|
| Underwriter's Discount | _____ |
| Costs of Issuance* | _____ |
| TOTAL | \$ _____ |

* Costs of issuance includes the fees of the Fiscal Agency Group, Bond Counsel, and the Bond Registrar/Paying Agent.

Project Description

The components of the Series 2023A Project and the allocation of the proceeds of the 2023A Bonds to the costs thereof are to be as follows:

| | <u>Project Description</u> | <u>Preliminary Estimated Allocation of 2023A Bond Proceeds to Construction Account**</u> | <u>Percentage of Total</u> |
|-----|--|--|----------------------------|
| 1. | Brandeis ES - Metal Roof Replacement | \$ 1,496,392 | 2.31% |
| 2. | Carter ES - Partial Roof Replacement | 838,000 | 1.29% |
| 3. | Trunnell ES - Partial Roof Replacement | 824,095 | 1.27% |
| 4. | Fairdale HS - Phase I HVAC Renovation | 33,868,956 | 52.19% |
| 5. | Johnson TMS - Phase I HVAC Renovation | 25,964,606 | 40.01% |
| 6. | Jtown ES - Partial Roof Replacement | 834,921 | 1.29% |
| 7. | Bloom ES - Boiler Replacement | 202,187 | 0.31% |
| 8. | Cochrane ES - Boiler Replacement | 154,463 | 0.24% |
| 9. | Maupin ES - Boiler Replacement | 234,004 | 0.36% |
| 10. | Stonestreet ES - Boiler Replacement | 145,739 | 0.22% |
| 11. | Byck ES Partial Roof Replacement | 336,637 | 0.52% |
| | TOTAL | <u>\$64,900,000</u> | <u>100.00%</u> |

** Contingency, bond discount, Fiscal Agency Group fees and issuance costs shall be allocated ratably to each project. The total construction account estimation takes into account bond proceeds attributable to the total project cost as well as the cash contribution of the District, if any. The foregoing schedule may be subject to further revision by the President of the Corporation, based on final approval of construction contracts for each project by the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

DISTRICT FACILITIES PLAN

The Board approved amendments to its District Facilities Plan in October of 2020 providing for new construction and renovations throughout the District. The resources necessary to finance the plan are expected to come from several sources, including the Board's available funds, bonds supported by the Commission, and bonds supported by the Board's revenues. Except as specifically described herein, there can be no assurance that the Board will not amend or revoke the plan or that the Issuer or the Commission will issue or support bonds or other funding for the plan in its current form or as hereafter amended.

REVENUE SOURCES WITHIN THE JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Ad Valorem School Tax

Pursuant to KRS 160.470 the Board levies an annual ad valorem tax per \$100 of the assessed valuation of general real property, motor vehicles, tangibles and distilled spirits located within the District. Proceeds of the tax may be used to fund the general operating expenses of the Board, including rental payments by the Board pursuant to the Lease during each year it is renewed, but are not expected to be used to fund such rental payments because of the availability of the other expected revenue sources described below. Pursuant to KRS 160.476, the annual rate of ad valorem tax levied by the District also includes a school building fund tax to be used for the acquisition, construction, and equipping of school buildings and the sites thereof and to pay debt service on debt incurred for such purposes. See "Appendix A - Operating, Financial and Tax Base Information of the District" for more information.

Capital Outlay Allotment

Kentucky law provides for an annual payment by the Commonwealth to the Board to pay for capital construction or acquisition. Since the 1990-91 school year, the capital outlay allotment has been calculated as \$100 times average daily attendance (see "STATE SUPPORT FOR EDUCATION" below). Funds from the capital outlay allotment are not directly pledged for debt service, but as a practical matter, and to the extent needed, may and are expected to be applied to debt service on the Bonds through rental payments by the Board pursuant to the Lease during each year it is renewed. See "Appendix A - Operating, Financial and Tax Base Information of the District" for more information.

Occupational License Fee

The Board currently imposes, for general school purposes including operations, an annual occupational license fee of three-quarters of one percent (0.75%) on (i) salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation earned by persons residing within the District for work done and services performed in Jefferson County (the "County"); and (ii) the net profits of businesses, occupations and professions located in the District from activities conducted in the County. See "Appendix A - Operating, Financial and Tax Base Information of the District" for more information.

CERTAIN LIMITATIONS ON TAXATION

KRS 160.470 generally restricts school districts from levying ad valorem property taxes that would generate revenues in excess of the previous year's revenues. There are three principal exceptions: (1) KRS 160.470(9), (2) KRS 160.470(10), and (3) KRS 157.440(1).

Under KRS 160.470(9)(a), school districts are directed to levy a "minimum equivalent tax rate" of thirty cents (\$0.30) for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes (including occupational fees and utilities license taxes) levied by the district for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Kentucky Department of Revenue. Failure to levy the minimum equivalent rate subjects the members of the board of the district to removal.

KRS 160.470(10) provides that a school district may levy a general tax rate that will produce revenue from real property, exclusive of revenue from new property, that is four percent (4%) over the amount produced by the compensating tax rate defined at KRS 132.010(6).

The exception provided by KRS 157.440(1)(a) permits school districts to levy an equivalent tax rate as defined in KRS 160.470(9)(a) which will produce up to fifteen percent (15%) of those revenues guaranteed by the program to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK"). Levies permitted by this section of the statute are not subject to public hearing or recall provisions as set forth in KRS 160.470. Effective with the 1990-91 school year, the Commonwealth is directed to equalize the revenue generated by this levy at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil equalized assessment. For the biennium ending June 30, 2022, this levy is set at \$916,000.

Section 170 of the Kentucky Constitution exempts from property taxes the first \$6,500 of residential property maintained as the permanent residence of taxpayers 65 years of age or older or who have been classified as totally disabled under a United States government or railroad retirement system program. The exemption applies to real property "held by legal or equitable title, by the entirety, jointly, in common, [or] as a condominium ..." maintained as the permanent residence of the owner. KRS Chapter 132 permits counties and school districts to adjust their local tax revenues through increases in taxes on non-exempt property by amounts equivalent to the revenues lost through application of this homestead exemption. By statute, the \$6,500 exemption "shall be construed to mean \$6,500 in terms of the purchasing power of the dollar in 1972. Every two (2) years thereafter, if the cost of living index of the United States department of labor has changed as much as one percent (1%), the maximum exemption shall be adjusted accordingly." See "Appendix A - Operating, Financial and Tax Base Information of the District" for the current total homestead exemption amount in the District and the current individual exemption.

STATE SUPPORT FOR EDUCATION

Kentucky funds its system of public schools through the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funding formula which is a shared state and local funding mechanism that guarantees a certain minimum amount of per pupil funding for each school

district and provides incentives for school districts to raise funds above that minimum amount through additional local taxation. The SEEK program is a "tiered" system of three related components: the adjusted base guarantee, Tier I, and Tier II.

Adjusted Base Guaranteed Funding Level

Section 157.360 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS") guarantees a base funding level, which is a guaranteed amount of revenue per pupil to be provided to each school district and used for regular operating and capital expenditures. KRS 157.320(2). The base funding guaranteed to each school district is determined in each fiscal year by dividing the total annual state SEEK appropriation by the state-wide total of pupils in average daily attendance ("ADA") in the preceding fiscal year. KRS 157.360. Each school district is guaranteed to receive an amount equal to the base funding level for each ADA pupil in the district in the previous year, adjusted by certain factors such as the number of at-risk and/or exceptional students located in the district, transportation costs, etc. KRS 157.360(2) and 157.370; 702 Kentucky Administrative Regulations ("KAR") 3:270, Section 2(4). The statewide base guarantee, with these additions and adjustments, is the school district's adjusted base guarantee. 702 KAR 3:270 (SEEK funding formula), Section 2(4)(a).

While the state guarantees that each district will receive this minimum level of funding, the state does not provide all of the funds. Each district is required to provide a level of funding from local taxes (ad valorem property taxes and the permissive school taxes - occupational license fees, utility gross receipts license taxes, and/or excise taxes), the "required local effort," that is based upon the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles within the district. KRS 157.360(17), 157.390(5), and 157.615(6).

Required Local Effort to Fund Adjusted Base Guarantee. KRS 160.470(9) requires that each school district levy a "minimum equivalent tax rate" of \$0.30 per \$100 of assessed property value for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes (including ad valorem property taxes and the permissive school taxes) levied by the district for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Kentucky Department of Revenue. KRS 160.470(9) and 702 KAR 3:270, Section 1(8). Each school district determines the amount of revenue that would be generated by the levy of a \$0.30 ad valorem tax rate. Once that amount is calculated, each school district must levy a \$0.30 ad valorem tax rate (or its equivalent) by raising that amount through ad valorem taxes on property and through the permissive school taxes. Each school district's portion of the adjusted base guaranteed funding level it will receive from the state, therefore, is reduced by the amount of all local taxes collected by the district that is equal to 0.30% of the total value of assessed property in the district. Revenue collected by a district above this required local effort is dealt with in the next tier of the SEEK formula. In levying the \$0.30 minimum equivalent tax rate, any annual increase in ad valorem taxes on real property beyond the 4% annual limitation imposed by KRS 160.470(8) is not subject to the recall provisions of that Section.

State Funding of the Adjusted Base Guarantee. KRS 157.330 establishes the state SEEK fund, which is funded from biennial appropriations from the Kentucky General Assembly for distribution to school districts. The state is required to provide from this fund that portion of

each district's adjusted base guarantee not funded by the required local effort. Each school district receives from the state SEEK fund the district's adjusted base guarantee less the amount of the local tax revenues generated for school purposes by the \$0.30 minimum equivalent tax rate. KRS 160.470; 702 KAR 3:270, Section 2(4)(b). In addition to the required local effort and the state portion of the adjusted base guarantee, each district has the option of generating additional revenues through additional local effort.

Tier I Funding Level

KRS 157.440(1)(a) provides that each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce not only the required local effort but also up to an additional 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program (known as "Tier I" funding). 702 KAR 3:270, Section 2(5). In levying this rate, any increase in ad valorem taxes on real property beyond the 4% annual limitation imposed by KRS 160.470(8) is not subject to the recall provisions of KRS 160.470(8). Each school district participating in Tier I funding is eligible for state equalization funds if its assessed property value per pupil is less than 150% of the statewide average per pupil assessment. This ensures that districts which make a similar effort receive the same amount of Tier I revenue per student, regardless of the district's property wealth.

Tier II Funding Level

KRS 157.440(2)(a) permits school districts to levy up to an additional 30% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program plus the revenue produced by the 15% levy comprising the Tier I funding (known as "Tier II" funding). Districts are allowed to raise additional revenue up to 30% of the total adjusted base guarantee plus Tier I and, if levied, the FSPK Nickel (see below). KRS 157.440(2)(a). Revenues raised through local taxation (ad valorem property taxes and occupational license fees, utility gross receipts license taxes or excise taxes) in excess of those counted against a district's required local effort and Tier I efforts are deemed Tier II funds. There is no state funds equalization involved in Tier II funding. A school district seeking to levy taxes at a Tier II funding level cannot, without prior voter approval, levy a general property tax rate that exceeds the maximum rate that could have been levied on all property in the prior year. KRS 157.440(2)(a) and KRS 160.470(1). To ensure equity of opportunity in Kentucky schools, no school district may provide funding in excess of Tier II funding. However, no district is compelled to levy an equivalent tax rate lower than the rate levied in the 1989-1990 school year. KRS 157.440(1)(e).

State and Local Funding for Capital Outlay and Facilities Construction

The Facilities Support Program of Kentucky ("FSPK", also known as the Building Fund, School Facilities Construction Commission Funds, and SEEK Capital Outlay) provides state funding to meet the facility needs of school districts as shown on each district's facility plan. KRS 157.611(1).

SEEK Capital Outlay. KRS 157.390(3) and 157.420(4) establish a formula which results in an allocation of the biennial state SEEK funds for capital expenditures in school districts at \$100 per ADA pupil which is included in the SEEK allotment for the current biennium (\$4,100 for FY 2023 and \$4,200 for FY 2024). The SEEK capital outlay is required to

be segregated into a Capital Outlay Allotment Fund which may only be used for: (1) direct payment of construction costs; (2) debt service on voted and funding bonds; (3) lease rental payments in support of bond issues; (4) reduction of deficits resulting from over expenditures for emergency capital construction; and (5) a reserve for each of the categories enumerated in 1 through 4 above. These capital outlay funds are part of the state funded portion of the adjusted base guarantee.

FSPK Nickel. School districts must levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of \$0.05 per \$100 of property assessment to participate in the FSPK program (known as the "FSPK Nickel"). KRS 157.440(1)(b) and 157.620(1). If the funds from the FSPK Nickel levy are committed to debt service, the FSPK provides equalized funding for school systems at 150% of the statewide average per pupil assessment. This FSPK Nickel is in addition to the \$0.30 minimum local effort required for SEEK. KRS 157.440(1)(b). In levying this rate, any increase in ad valorem taxes on real property beyond the 4% annual limitation imposed by KRS 160.470(8) is not subject to the recall provisions of that Section. KRS 157.440(1)(d).

Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission

The Commission is an independent agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth established pursuant to KRS 157.611 through 157.640 for the purpose of assisting local school districts in funding the cost of school construction and major renovation projects, in accordance with their school facilities plans approved by the Kentucky Department of Education ("KDE"), in excess of available local resources. The Commission assists a local school district by (i) issuing school building revenue bonds to finance a capital construction project of the district or (ii) participating in the school building revenue bond issue of a local school district finance corporation on behalf of its local school district by allocating specified annual amounts, subject to biennial appropriation of such amounts by the Kentucky General Assembly, toward the lease rentals payable by the school district to the finance corporation representing the debt service on the bonds. Notwithstanding any such participation of the Commission in a local school building revenue bond issue, the local school district is responsible for making all rental payments due under the lease supporting the bond issue if such annual amounts are not appropriated by the General Assembly and paid by the Commission.

It is anticipated that the Commission will participate in the payment of an amount that approximates 19.09% of the annual debt service requirements on the 2023A Bonds, subject in each case to biennial appropriations by the General Assembly. See "Security Provisions Unique to the 2023A Bonds" for more information and "Appendix C – Bonded Indebtedness Outstanding of the District and Debt Service Requirements for the 2023A Bonds" for the outstanding bond issues of the Corporation in which the Commission has participated and the estimated annual Commission participation amounts.

LITIGATION

In the opinion of the Board's General Counsel, as of the date of the issuance of the 2023A Bonds, there is no litigation of any nature pending or, to such counsel's knowledge, threatened, which in the opinion of such counsel presents greater than a remote risk of being decided adversely to the Board, and which, if decided adversely to the Board, would restrain or

enjoin the issuance or delivery of the 2023A Bonds, question the authority of the Board to enter into the Lease or the Participation Agreement, materially affect the financial condition of the Board as set forth in this Official Statement or materially and adversely affect the 2023A Bonds, the security for the 2023A Bonds, the Board's ability to make all lease payments as the same shall become due and payable, or the Board's ability to perform its obligations under the Lease.

TAX TREATMENT

In the opinion of Wyatt, Tarrant & Combs, LLP, Bond Counsel, under existing law and as of the date of issuance thereof, (i) interest on the 2023A Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and (ii) under the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the 2023A Bonds are exempt from ad valorem taxation, and the interest thereon is exempt from income taxation, by the Commonwealth and all of its political subdivisions and taxing authorities.

For the purpose of rendering the opinions described above, Bond Counsel will assume compliance by the Issuer with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") that must be met subsequent to the issuance of the 2023A Bonds in order that interest thereon be and remain excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements could cause the interest on the 2023A Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issuance of the 2023A Bonds. The Issuer has covenanted to comply with such requirements in a Tax Compliance Certificate executed by the Issuer upon the issuance of the 2023A Bonds.

Other than as stated above, Bond Counsel expresses no opinion as to any federal, state, or local income tax consequences arising from the ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of interest on, the 2023A Bonds. Purchasers of 2023A Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding such tax consequences as are applicable to their individual circumstances.

The Series 2023A Bonds have not been designated by the Issuer as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" (commonly known as "bank qualified" bonds) under Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

The exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of the interest on the 2023A Bonds may have certain adverse consequences in other respects for certain taxpayers, including but not limited to financial institutions, insurance companies, C corporations, S corporations, foreign corporations, recipients of Social Security and Railroad Retirement benefits, taxpayers that are deemed to incur or continue indebtedness to acquire tax-exempt obligations, and individuals otherwise eligible for the earned income tax credit. The applicability and extent of such other tax consequences will depend upon the particular tax status and other items of income and expense of the owners of the 2023A Bonds. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding such other tax consequences.

FISCAL AGENCY GROUP

This Official Statement was prepared and distributed by Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated, and RSA Advisors, LLC (collectively, the "Fiscal Agency Group"). The

information set forth herein was obtained from the Board, the Issuer, and other sources believed to be reliable but is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness, and is not to be construed as a representation, by the Fiscal Agency Group.

UNDERWRITING

The 2023A Bonds were purchased at a competitive sale held on May 10, 2023, for underwriting to the public by _____ at a purchase price of _____.

The initial public offering prices set forth on the inside cover page of this Official Statement may be changed by the Underwriter and the Underwriter may offer and sell the 2023A Bonds to certain dealers (including dealers depositing 2023A Bonds into investment trusts) and others at prices lower than the offering prices set forth on the inside cover page.

RATINGS

Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") and S&P Global Ratings ("S&P"), a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, have assigned the ratings of the 2023A Bonds set forth on the cover page hereof. Certain information may have been submitted to the rating agencies which is not included in this Official Statement. The ratings reflect only the views of the rating agencies. Any explanation of the significance of the ratings should be obtained from the rating agencies. There is no assurance that either or both of the ratings might not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by the respective rating agencies. Any such downward change in or withdrawal of either or both of the ratings might have an adverse effect on the market price of the 2023A Bonds.

APPROVAL OF LEGALITY

Certain legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance and sale of the 2023A Bonds are subject to the approval of Wyatt, Tarrant & Combs, LLP, Louisville, Kentucky, as Bond Counsel to the Issuer. The form of opinion of Bond Counsel to be delivered in connection with the issuance of the 2023A Bonds is contained in Appendix F hereto.

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information contained in this Official Statement under the headings of "THE BONDS" and "TAX TREATMENT", and the summaries of documents contained in Appendix E hereto, and is of the opinion that such information is an accurate summary of the instruments and information described therein.

Bond Counsel has not otherwise participated in the preparation of this Official Statement and has not verified the accuracy or completeness of the information in the Official Statement except to the extent described above. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Bond Counsel has not undertaken to review the accuracy or completeness of the financial, or statistical information contained in this Official Statement or its appendices.

The information contained under the heading "LITIGATION" in this Official Statement has been reviewed and approved by Kevin Brown, Esq., as General Counsel to the Board and the Issuer.

UNDERTAKING TO PROVIDE CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In a Continuing Disclosure Certificate to be delivered to the underwriters of the 2023A Bonds as of the date of original issuance of the 2023A Bonds (the “Continuing Disclosure Certificate”), the Board undertakes for the benefit of Bondholders to provide to each Repository (as defined in the Continuing Disclosure Certificate):

- [i] certain financial information and operating data relating to the Board; and
- [ii] notices of the occurrence of certain events.

This undertaking is being made by the Board in order to assist the underwriters of the 2023A Bonds, in complying with the requirements of subsection (5) of section (b) of Rule 15c2-12 (the “Rule”) promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”).

The Continuing Disclosure Certificate, including the specific nature of the information to be contained in an annual report or a notice of an event, certain limitations on the Board’s undertaking, and provisions permitting the amendment and termination of the Continuing Disclosure Certificate, is summarized below in this Official Statement, at “Appendix E - “Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Bond Resolution and the Basic Lease; Continuing Disclosure Certificate; Definitions.”

Among other things, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate provides that the Board may terminate its obligations if the Board ceases to be an “obligated person” with respect to the 2023A Bonds (within the meaning of the Rule). The Continuing Disclosure Certificate provides that any right to enforce it shall be limited to obtaining specific enforcement of the Board’s obligations thereunder, and that failure by the Board to comply with the Continuing Disclosure Certificate shall not be an event of default under the 2023A Bonds, the Lease or the General Bond Resolution.

The Board from time to time may elect (but is not contractually bound) to provide other periodic reports or financial information, or notice of the occurrence of other events, in addition to those described in the Continuing Disclosure Certificate.

The Board has not during the past five years failed to comply, in any material respect, with any previous undertaking in a written contract or agreement specified in the Rule.

APPROVAL OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Issuer has approved and caused this Official Statement to be executed and delivered by its President. This Official Statement is deemed “final” by the Issuer as of the date hereof for purposes of SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for information permitted by the rule to be excluded. The Issuer will deliver a certificate simultaneously with the issuance of the 2023A Bonds to the effect that as of the date of issuance of the 2023A Bonds, and after due inquiry of responsible officers and employees of the Issuer, the Official Statement did not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

The financial information supplied by the Board and reported herein is represented by the Board to be correct. Only accounts required by Federal and State laws, rules and regulations to be audited annually by independent certified public accountants have been so audited and the financial information extracted from their annual audits and presented herein is incomplete to the degree that accounts not required to be so audited have not been included in the annual audits conducted by the Board's independent certified public accountants. A copy of the most recent audit is contained in Appendix D.

The financial and related data regarding capital outlay allotments, assessments, tax rates and school tax collections, classroom attendance and receipts and expenditures contained in this Official Statement have been extracted from official records of the Board.

The distribution of this Official Statement has been authorized by the Board and by the Board of Directors of the Issuer.

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF
JEFFERSON COUNTY

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
FINANCE CORPORATION

By: _____
Superintendent

By: _____
President

APPENDIX A

OPERATING, FINANCIAL AND TAX BASE INFORMATION OF THE DISTRICT

Operating Information

The District serves the public education needs of Jefferson County, Kentucky. Enrollment and average daily attendance for the District for the past five years are as follows:

| <u>Year</u> | <u>Enrollment</u> | <u>Average Daily Attendance</u> |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| 2021-22 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | 98,506 | 87,753 |
| 2020-21 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | 98,506 | 87,753 |
| 2019-20 ⁽¹⁾ | 98,506 | 84,323 |
| 2018-19 | 98,506 | 84,323 |
| 2017-18 | 99,244 | 86,296 |

Source: Jefferson County School District

- 1 According to guidance from the KDE, due to COVID-19 remote learning, official enrollment and ADA numbers were not calculated for FY2019-FY2022.
- 2 For FY2021-FY2024, the legislature will be funding districts for full-day kindergarten instead of half-day.

Financial Data

The District maintains its books and records on the modified accrual method of accounting. This practice is the accounting method prescribed by the Kentucky Department of Education for local school districts. Adjustments have been made for financial statement presentations. These adjustments are described in the audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 (a copy of which is included in Appendix D).

The following tables summarize the activity of the major funds used by the District in managing its business affairs.

(THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

General Fund

| | <u>2021-22</u> | <u>2020-21</u> | <u>2019-20</u> | <u>2018-19</u> | <u>2017-18</u> |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Property Taxes | \$551,420,941 | \$489,814,154 | \$462,895,650 | \$442,127,249 | \$419,678,233 |
| Occupational Taxes | 206,474,525 | 176,787,809 | 156,348,315 | 165,754,818 | 162,374,610 |
| Other Taxes | 106,915,232 | 63,516,855 | 54,014,453 | 56,671,549 | 53,658,834 |
| State SEEK Program | 224,312,952 | 210,091,160 | 225,684,013 | 247,934,805 | 248,012,271 |
| Other State Revenues | 325,859,372 | 324,258,402 | 322,477,942 | 304,164,747 | 300,232,367 |
| Interest | 795,630 | 270,209 | 4,395,350 | 7,371,642 | 3,149,013 |
| Other Sources | <u>5,088,368</u> | <u>5,295,322</u> | <u>11,619,650</u> | <u>10,936,241</u> | <u>12,740,642</u> |
| Total Revenues | \$1,420,867,020 | \$1,270,033,911 | \$1,237,435,373 | \$1,234,961,051 | \$1,199,845,970 |
| Instruction | 697,834,597 | 698,496,069 | 701,638,031 | 696,775,984 | 670,151,845 |
| Support Services | 370,730,117 | 352,346,216 | 362,142,927 | 335,048,443 | 327,113,024 |
| Plant Operations & Maintenance | 119,368,564 | 95,760,707 | 115,049,730 | 116,359,814 | 117,642,222 |
| Transportation | 72,866,769 | 64,492,953 | 84,502,094 | 87,360,599 | 87,843,441 |
| Other Expenditures | <u>3,892,019</u> | <u>3,962,598</u> | <u>4,620,337</u> | <u>4,184,376</u> | <u>4,192,763</u> |
| Total Expenditures | \$1,264,692,066 | \$1,215,058,543 | \$1,267,953,119 | \$1,239,729,216 | \$1,206,943,295 |
| Transfers to Other Funds | <u></u> | <u>(5,683,885)</u> | <u>6,625,440</u> | <u>4,988,590</u> | <u>4,963,235</u> |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 156,174,954 | 60,659,253 | (37,143,186) | (9,756,755) | (12,060,560) |
| Beginning Fund Balance | <u>\$155,306,796</u> | <u>\$94,647,543</u> | <u>\$131,790,729</u> | <u>\$141,547,484</u> | <u>\$153,608,044</u> |
| Ending Fund Balance | <u>\$311,481,750</u> | <u>\$155,306,796</u> | <u>\$94,647,543</u> | <u>\$131,790,729</u> | <u>\$141,547,484</u> |

(THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

Capital Outlay

| | <u>2021-22</u> | <u>2020-21</u> | <u>2019-20</u> | <u>2018-19</u> | <u>2017-18</u> |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Capital Outlay Allotment | <u>\$8,775,318</u> | <u>\$8,432,343</u> | <u>\$8,432,343</u> | <u>\$8,629,589</u> | <u>\$8,697,469</u> |
| Total Revenues | \$8,775,318 | \$8,432,343 | \$8,432,343 | \$8,629,589 | \$8,697,469 |
| Transfers for Debt Service | 8,775,318 | 8,432,343 | 8,432,343 | 8,629,589 | 8,697,469 |
| Ending Fund Balance | <u>\$0</u> | <u>\$0</u> | <u>\$0</u> | <u>\$0</u> | <u>\$0</u> |

(THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

Building Fund

| | <u>2021-22</u> | <u>2020-21</u> | <u>2019-20</u> | <u>2018-19</u> | <u>2017-18</u> |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Property Taxes | \$42,887,717 | \$40,433,958 | \$39,708,760 | \$37,943,111 | \$37,233,164 |
| Other Sources | <u>101,893</u> | <u>101,917</u> | <u>101,966</u> | <u>102,096</u> | <u>203,754</u> |
| Total Revenues | \$42,989,610 | \$40,535,875 | \$39,810,726 | \$38,045,207 | \$37,436,918 |
| Transfers for Debt Service | \$37,103,692 | \$47,139,567 | \$37,231,568 | \$43,324,491 | \$29,069,267 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 5,885,918 | (6,603,692) | 2,579,158 | (5,279,284) | 8,367,651 |
| Beginning Fund Balance | <u>\$155,881</u> | <u>\$6,759,573</u> | <u>\$4,180,415</u> | <u>\$9,459,699</u> | <u>\$1,092,048</u> |
| Ending Fund Balance | <u>\$6,041,799</u> | <u>\$155,881</u> | <u>\$6,759,573</u> | <u>\$4,180,415</u> | <u>\$9,459,699</u> |

(THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

Tax Base Information

The taxing power of the Board and the Commonwealth are not pledged to the payment of Bonds, and the issuance of the Bonds shall not directly, indirectly, or contingently obligate the Board or the Commonwealth to levy or to pledge any taxes whatsoever.

Property Subject to Taxation

The following table summarizes the assessed valuation of real property, tangible property, motor vehicles and distilled spirits within the area served by the District which is subject to taxation by the Board of Education.

**Assessment of Property Subject to School Taxes⁽¹⁾
(amounts are in dollars)**

| <u>Fiscal Year</u> | <u>Real Estate</u> | <u>Tangible Personal</u> | <u>Franchise</u> |
|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2022-23 | \$78,479,612,653 | \$6,086,224,037 | \$3,485,307,658 |
| 2021-22 | 71,098,214,497 | 5,458,828,137 | 3,172,778,255 |
| 2020-21 | 66,800,455,676 | 5,118,571,261 | 2,892,140,795 |
| 2019-20 | 65,141,054,707 | 5,403,545,336 | 2,868,841,228 |
| 2018-19 | 62,682,776,578 | 4,798,195,140 | 2,655,839,191 |
| | | | Total |
| <u>Fiscal Year</u> | <u>Motor Vehicle</u> | <u>Distilled Spirits</u> | <u>Assessed Value</u> |
| 2022-23 | \$6,583,773,575 | \$252,912,572 | \$94,887,830,495 |
| 2021-22 | 5,789,431,042 | 256,182,196 | 85,775,434,127 |
| 2020-21 | 5,797,471,887 | 259,276,546 | 80,867,916,165 |
| 2019-20 | 5,720,667,808 | 283,410,346 | 79,417,519,425 |
| 2018-19 | 5,478,733,432 | 270,677,922 | 75,886,222,263 |

Source: Jefferson County School District

(1) Represents amounts net of the Homestead Exemption. See "CERTAIN LIMITATIONS ON TAXATION AND OTHER TAX MATTERS" for more detail. See "Amount of Homestead Exemption" within this section for amount of the District homestead exemption and for the current amount of the individual exemption.

History of Assessment Rates

The following presents the assessment rates for the last five fiscal years for property subject to taxation by the Board.

Tax Rates (cents per \$100 Assessed Valuation)

General Purpose School Tax

| | <u>2022-23</u> | <u>2021-22</u> | <u>2020-21</u> | <u>2019-20</u> | <u>2018-19</u> |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Real Estate | 76.3¢ | 73.7¢ | 74.9¢ | 68.0¢ | 66.9¢ |
| Tangible | 76.3 | 73.7 | 74.9 | 68.0 | 66.9 |
| Motor Vehicle | 53.5 | 53.5 | 53.5 | 53.5 | 53.5 |
| Public Service - Real | 76.3 | 73.7 | 74.9 | 68.0 | 66.9 |
| Public Service - Tangible | 76.3 | 73.7 | 74.9 | 68.0 | 66.9 |
| Distilled Spirits | 76.3 | 73.7 | 74.9 | 68.0 | 66.9 |
| Occupational License Fee | ¾% | ¾% | ¾% | ¾% | ¾% |

Building Fund Tax

| | <u>2022-23</u> | <u>2021-22</u> | <u>2020-21</u> | <u>2019-20</u> | <u>2018-19</u> |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Real Estate | 5.3¢ | 5.9¢ | 5.7¢ | 5.6¢ | 5.6¢ |
| Tangible | 5.3 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Motor Vehicle | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Public Service – Real | 5.3 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Public Service – Tangible | 5.3 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Distilled Spirits | 5.3 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 |

Amount of Homestead Exemption

In fiscal year 2021-22 approximately \$79,853,600 of property was exempted from property taxes in the District, with approximately \$21,983,600 estimated for 2022-23. The local general property tax rate on non-exempt property has been adjusted to recover tax revenues equivalent to the revenues lost through application of the homestead exemption.

The Kentucky Department of Revenue has set the maximum homestead exemption on real estate owned by qualified individuals at \$40,500 for the 2021 and 2022 tax periods. By statute, the amount of the homestead exemption is recalculated every two years to adjust for inflation. The 2021-2022 exemption reflects a \$1,200 increase over the 2019–2020 exemption of \$39,300. To qualify for the homestead exemption, a person must be at least 65 years old during the tax period or have been classified as totally disabled by any public or private retirement system. The property must also be owned, occupied and maintained by the taxpayer as a personal residence on the January 1 assessment date. The amount of the homestead exemption is deducted from the assessed value of the property subject to taxation.

School Tax Collections

The following represents Property Taxes levied and collected in the District for the last five years.

| <u>Fiscal Year</u> | <u>Amount Levied</u> | <u>Amount Collected</u> | <u>Percent Collected</u> |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 2022 | \$643,990,091 | \$611,504,542 | 95.0% |
| 2021 | 571,206,069 | 544,761,795 | 95.4% |
| 2020 | 543,290,378 | 515,985,211 | 95.0% |
| 2019 | 516,657,825 | 492,751,403 | 95.4% |
| 2018 | 495,210,128 | 468,396,336 | 94.6% |

Source: Jefferson County Sheriff's Office, Audits and Jefferson County Board of Education.

Largest Taxpayers

The following were the largest school property taxpayers within the District for fiscal year 2021-2022, the latest year for which such information is available.

| <u>Company</u> | <u>School Tax Paid</u> |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Louisville Gas & Electric | \$16,716,985 |
| Bell South | 4,381,401 |
| BT Property LLC | 2,452,842 |
| Humana | 2,331,349 |
| Insight Communications | 1,878,279 |
| Schneider Ground Co. | 1,684,166 |
| UPS | 1,595,007 |
| Walmart | 1,512,871 |
| WMB 2 LLC | 1,318,145 |
| MSM Properties LLC | 955,610 |
| Total | <u>\$34,826,655</u> |

Source: Jefferson County Sheriff's Office

APPENDIX B

**GENERAL INFORMATION FOR LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY METRO
GOVERNMENT**

LOUISVILLE/JEFFERSON COUNTY, KENTUCKY

The combined area of the former City of Louisville and Jefferson County (“Louisville Metro”) is located in the north-central portion of Kentucky on the south bank of the Ohio River. It is located in the geographic center of the Ohio River Valley region at a focal point where railroads, highways and the Ohio River converge, offering excellent accessibility to all major markets and is close to the population center of the United States. Louisville Metro, the largest city in the state, is a commercial, industrial, medical, educational, cultural and financial center for the greater metropolitan area. *Places Rated Almanac* has consistently ranked Louisville among the ten most livable American Cities. The 2022 census estimate of population for Jefferson County was 773,399 people. Louisville Metro covers a land area of approximately 385 square miles.

The total number of Jefferson County residents employed as of February 2023 averaged 372,979. According to the U.S. Census Bureau’s American Community Survey, employment in Louisville/Jefferson County, KY-IN MSA was estimated as follows: manufacturing firms in the county reported 85,886 employees; trade, transportation and utilities provided 138,973 jobs; 289,538 people were employed in service occupations; financial, real estate, insurance and information positions accounted for 59,647 employees; 20,519 accounted for government employees; and agriculture, mining and construction firms provided 41,120 jobs.

(Source: https://data.census.gov/table?q=DP03&g=160XX00US2123968,2174586_050XX00US21169&tid=ACSDP5Y2019.DP03&hidePreview=true)

Louisville Metro Major Employers

| Company | Employment |
|---|------------|
| United Parcel Service Inc. | 25,169 |
| Norton Healthcare Inc. | 14,413 |
| UofL Health Inc. | 13,183 |
| Ford Motor Co. | 13,020 |
| Humana Inc. | 11,243 |
| Baptist Healthcare System, Inc. | 9,030 |
| Walmart, Inc. | 8,600 |
| GE Appliances, a Haier company | 8,100 |
| Amazon.com LLC | 5,700 |
| The Kroger Co. | 5,000 |
| Source: <i>Louisville Business First</i> (12/29/2022) | |

**Louisville/Jefferson County Economic Statistics
2019-2023**

| <u>Year</u> | <u>Employment</u> | <u>Unemployment</u> | <u>Unemployment Rate</u> |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| 2023 ⁽¹⁾ | 372,979 | 16,653 | 4.3% |
| 2022 | 380,623 | 14,929 | 3.8 |
| 2021 | 374,258 | 17,820 | 4.5 |
| 2020 | 363,423 | 26,068 | 6.7 |
| 2019 | 383,947 | 15,419 | 3.9 |

(1) As of February 2023

(THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

APPENDIX C

**OUTSTANDING BONDED INDEBTEDNESS OF THE DISTRICT
AND DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SERIES 2023A BONDS**

Jefferson County, Kentucky
School District Finance Corporation
School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2023A

ESTIMATED DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS ON SERIES 2023A

| Date | Commission | | | District | | | Total Debt Service | | | Fiscal Total |
|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | Principal | Interest | Total P+I | Principal | Interest | Total P+I | Principal | Interest | Total P+I | |
| 11/01/2023 | | \$188,333.71 | \$188,333.71 | | \$803,256.08 | \$803,256.08 | | \$991,589.79 | \$991,589.79 | |
| 05/01/2024 | \$461,535 | 226,000.45 | 687,535.45 | \$1,523,465 | 963,907.30 | 2,487,372.30 | \$1,985,000 | 1,189,907.75 | 3,174,907.75 | \$4,166,497.54 |
| 11/01/2024 | - | 218,638.97 | 218,638.97 | - | 939,608.03 | 939,608.03 | - | 1,158,247.00 | 1,158,247.00 | |
| 05/01/2025 | 438,590 | 218,638.97 | 657,228.97 | 1,491,410 | 939,608.03 | 2,431,018.03 | 1,930,000 | 1,158,247.00 | 3,088,247.00 | 4,246,494.00 |
| 11/01/2025 | - | 211,489.95 | 211,489.95 | - | 915,298.05 | 915,298.05 | - | 1,126,788.00 | 1,126,788.00 | |
| 05/01/2026 | 452,889 | 211,489.95 | 664,378.95 | 1,542,111 | 915,298.05 | 2,457,409.05 | 1,995,000 | 1,126,788.00 | 3,121,788.00 | 4,248,576.00 |
| 11/01/2026 | - | 204,379.59 | 204,379.59 | - | 891,086.91 | 891,086.91 | - | 1,095,466.50 | 1,095,466.50 | |
| 05/01/2027 | 467,109 | 204,379.59 | 671,488.59 | 1,587,891 | 891,086.91 | 2,478,977.91 | 2,055,000 | 1,095,466.50 | 3,150,466.50 | 4,245,933.00 |
| 11/01/2027 | - | 196,929.21 | 196,929.21 | - | 865,760.04 | 865,760.04 | - | 1,062,689.25 | 1,062,689.25 | |
| 05/01/2028 | 482,010 | 196,929.21 | 678,939.21 | 1,642,990 | 865,760.04 | 2,508,750.04 | 2,125,000 | 1,062,689.25 | 3,187,689.25 | 4,250,378.50 |
| 11/01/2028 | - | 189,096.54 | 189,096.54 | - | 839,061.46 | 839,061.46 | - | 1,028,158.00 | 1,028,158.00 | |
| 05/01/2029 | 497,675 | 189,096.54 | 686,771.54 | 1,692,325 | 839,061.46 | 2,531,386.46 | 2,190,000 | 1,028,158.00 | 3,218,158.00 | 4,246,316.00 |
| 11/01/2029 | - | 180,860.02 | 180,860.02 | - | 811,053.48 | 811,053.48 | - | 991,913.50 | 991,913.50 | |
| 05/01/2030 | 514,148 | 180,860.02 | 695,008.02 | 1,750,852 | 811,053.48 | 2,561,905.48 | 2,265,000 | 991,913.50 | 3,256,913.50 | 4,248,827.00 |
| 11/01/2030 | - | 172,350.87 | 172,350.87 | - | 782,076.88 | 782,076.88 | - | 954,427.75 | 954,427.75 | |
| 05/01/2031 | 531,166 | 172,350.87 | 703,516.87 | 1,808,834 | 782,076.88 | 2,590,910.88 | 2,340,000 | 954,427.75 | 3,294,427.75 | 4,248,855.50 |
| 11/01/2031 | - | 163,506.96 | 163,506.96 | - | 751,959.79 | 751,959.79 | - | 915,466.75 | 915,466.75 | |
| 05/01/2032 | 548,854 | 163,506.96 | 712,360.96 | 1,866,146 | 751,959.79 | 2,618,105.79 | 2,415,000 | 915,466.75 | 3,330,466.75 | 4,245,933.50 |
| 11/01/2032 | - | 154,231.33 | 154,231.33 | - | 720,421.92 | 720,421.92 | - | 874,653.25 | 874,653.25 | |
| 05/01/2033 | 567,406 | 154,231.33 | 721,637.33 | 4,497,594 | 720,421.92 | 5,218,015.92 | 5,065,000 | 874,653.25 | 5,939,653.25 | 6,814,306.50 |
| 11/01/2033 | - | 144,585.42 | 144,585.42 | - | 643,962.83 | 643,962.83 | - | 788,548.25 | 788,548.25 | |
| 05/01/2034 | 586,698 | 144,585.42 | 731,283.42 | 4,613,302 | 643,962.83 | 5,257,264.83 | 5,200,000 | 788,548.25 | 5,988,548.25 | 6,777,096.50 |
| 11/01/2034 | - | 134,376.88 | 134,376.88 | - | 563,691.37 | 563,691.37 | - | 698,068.25 | 698,068.25 | |
| 05/01/2035 | 607,114 | 134,376.88 | 741,490.88 | 6,837,886 | 563,691.37 | 7,401,577.37 | 7,445,000 | 698,068.25 | 8,143,068.25 | 8,841,136.50 |
| 11/01/2035 | - | 123,418.47 | 123,418.47 | - | 440,267.53 | 440,267.53 | - | 563,686.00 | 563,686.00 | |
| 05/01/2036 | 629,031 | 123,418.47 | 752,449.47 | 7,085,969 | 440,267.53 | 7,526,236.53 | 7,715,000 | 563,686.00 | 8,278,686.00 | 8,842,372.00 |
| 11/01/2036 | - | 111,529.78 | 111,529.78 | - | 306,342.72 | 306,342.72 | - | 417,872.50 | 417,872.50 | |
| 05/01/2037 | 652,808 | 111,529.78 | 764,337.78 | 7,352,192 | 306,342.72 | 7,658,534.72 | 8,005,000 | 417,872.50 | 8,422,872.50 | 8,840,745.00 |
| 11/01/2037 | - | 98,440.98 | 98,440.98 | - | 158,931.27 | 158,931.27 | - | 257,372.25 | 257,372.25 | |
| 05/01/2038 | 678,987 | 98,440.98 | 777,427.98 | 3,746,013 | 158,931.27 | 3,904,944.27 | 4,425,000 | 257,372.25 | 4,682,372.25 | 4,939,744.50 |
| 11/01/2038 | - | 84,487.80 | 84,487.80 | - | 81,950.70 | 81,950.70 | - | 166,438.50 | 166,438.50 | |
| 05/01/2039 | 706,893 | 84,487.80 | 791,380.80 | 3,883,107 | 81,950.70 | 3,965,057.70 | 4,590,000 | 166,438.50 | 4,756,438.50 | 4,922,877.00 |
| 11/01/2039 | - | 69,607.70 | 69,607.70 | - | 211.30 | 211.30 | - | 69,819.00 | 69,819.00 | |
| 05/01/2040 | 736,653 | 69,607.70 | 806,260.70 | 3,347 | 211.30 | 3,558.30 | 740,000 | 69,819.00 | 809,819.00 | 879,638.00 |
| 11/01/2040 | - | 53,732.83 | 53,732.83 | - | 139.17 | 139.17 | - | 53,872.00 | 53,872.00 | |
| 05/01/2041 | 768,403 | 53,732.83 | 822,135.83 | 1,597 | 139.17 | 1,736.17 | 770,000 | 53,872.00 | 823,872.00 | 877,744.00 |
| 11/01/2041 | - | 36,789.55 | 36,789.55 | - | 103.95 | 103.95 | - | 36,893.50 | 36,893.50 | |
| 05/01/2042 | 802,289 | 36,789.55 | 839,078.55 | 2,711 | 103.95 | 2,814.95 | 805,000 | 36,893.50 | 841,893.50 | 878,787.00 |
| 11/01/2042 | - | 18,898.50 | 18,898.50 | - | 43.50 | 43.50 | - | 18,942.00 | 18,942.00 | |
| 05/01/2043 | 838,071 | 18,898.50 | 856,969.50 | 1,929 | 43.50 | 1,972.50 | 840,000 | 18,942.00 | 858,942.00 | 877,884.00 |
| Total | \$11,968,329 | \$5,549,036.86 | \$17,517,365.86 | \$52,931,671 | \$21,191,105.18 | \$74,122,776.18 | \$64,900,000 | \$26,740,142.04 | \$91,640,142.04 | \$91,640,142.04 |

Baird
Public Finance

*Jefferson County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation
Bond Indebtedness Outstanding of the District Estimated as of May 1, 2023*

| <u>DATED</u> | <u>NUMBER</u> | | <u>ORIGINAL AMOUNT OF ISSUE</u> | <u>BONDS (1) RETIRED AS OF 05/01/23</u> | <u>BONDS (2) DEFEASED AS OF 05/01/23</u> | <u>NET BONDS OUTSTANDING AS OF 05/01/23</u> |
|--|---------------|-----|---|---|--|---|
| 11/01/2010 | 2010C | (3) | \$ 27,483,000 | \$ - | \$ 20,365,953 | \$ 7,117,047 |
| 06/07/2011 | 2011A | (3) | 30,352,000 | - | 30,322,643 | 29,357 |
| 03/15/2012 | 2012A | | 13,850,000 | 6,735,000 | - | 7,115,000 |
| 03/15/2012 | 2012B | | 20,510,000 | 18,320,000 | - | 2,190,000 |
| 10/18/2012 | 2012C | | 18,730,000 | 14,915,000 | - | 3,815,000 |
| 10/18/2012 | 2012D | | 27,235,000 | 5,400,000 | - | 21,835,000 |
| 01/30/2013 | 2013A | | 22,860,000 | 12,160,000 | - | 10,700,000 |
| 01/30/2013 | 2013B | | 35,550,000 | 18,280,000 | - | 17,270,000 |
| 12/05/2013 | 2013C | | 33,005,000 | 7,715,000 | - | 25,290,000 |
| 05/22/2014 | 2014A | | 42,890,000 | 3,805,000 | - | 39,085,000 |
| 04/02/2015 | 2015A | | 16,465,000 | 4,820,000 | - | 11,645,000 |
| 04/02/2015 | 2015B | | 36,285,000 | 11,655,000 | - | 24,630,000 |
| 12/30/2015 | 2015C | | 15,160,000 | 2,705,000 | - | 12,455,000 |
| 07/06/2016 | 2016A | | 39,855,000 | 7,795,000 | - | 32,060,000 |
| 09/07/2016 | 2016B | | 7,120,000 | 3,420,000 | - | 3,700,000 |
| 06/12/2017 | 2017A | | 31,270,000 | 4,475,000 | - | 26,795,000 |
| 10/18/2018 | 2018A | | 29,625,000 | 2,700,000 | - | 26,925,000 |
| 06/19/2019 | 2019A | | 54,860,000 | 3,455,000 | - | 51,405,000 |
| 06/10/2020 | 2020A | | 57,795,000 | 2,550,000 | - | 55,245,000 |
| 02/03/2021 | 2021A | | 36,350,000 | 1,770,000 | - | 34,580,000 |
| 10/26/2021 | 2021B | | 86,445,000 | 2,565,000 | - | 83,880,000 |
| 07/28/2022 | 2022A | | 74,475,000 | - | - | 74,475,000 |
| TOTAL | | | \$ 758,170,000 | \$ 135,240,000 | \$ 50,688,596 | \$ 572,241,404 |
| LESS PAYABLE FROM OTHER SOURCES (COMMISSION) | | | 119,774,571 | 47,080,638 | - | 72,693,933 |
| NET PRINCIPAL PAYABLE BY BOARD FOR LEASE PAYMENTS | | | \$ 638,395,429 | \$ 88,159,362 | \$ 50,688,596 | \$ 499,547,471 |

Source: Jefferson County School District, the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission and the Fiscal Agent

- Notes
- (1) Includes Payments due May 1, 2023.
 - (2) Bonds that have been economically defeased through the establishment of an escrow of government securities, the receipts of which are sufficient to retire the principal, premium, if any, and the interest thereon, on the amounts listed above until their respective maturity dates. Such Bonds have generally not been legally defeased under the formal terms of the bond documents.
 - (3) Economically defeased by annual deposits into invested sinking fund.

APPENDIX D

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Dean Dorton Allen Ford, PLLC, independent public accountants and auditor to the Board and the Issuer, has not been engaged to perform, and has not performed, since the date of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report included herein, any procedures on the financial statements addressed in that report. Dean Dorton Allen Ford, PLLC, also has not performed any procedures relating to this Official Statement.



BOARD OF EDUCATION OF JEFFERSON COUNTY, KENTUCKY
**ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE
FINANCIAL REPORT**





JEFFERSON COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS
 Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table of Contents

Introductory Section

| | |
|--|------|
| Letter of Transmittal | iv |
| Letter from Diane Porter, Chairwoman, Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky | xiv |
| Board of Education | xv |
| Government Finance Officers Association Award for Excellence | xvi |
| Organizational Chart | xvii |

Financial Section

| | |
|--|---|
| Report of Independent Auditors | 1 |
| Management’s Discussion and Analysis | 4 |

Financial Statements:

District-wide Financial Statements

| | |
|---------------------------------|----|
| Statement of Net Position | 15 |
| Statement of Activities | 17 |

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

| | |
|---|----|
| Balance Sheet | 19 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances | 21 |

Proprietary Funds

| | |
|--|----|
| Statement of Net Position | 24 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position | 25 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 26 |

Continued



Table of Contents – Continued

Jefferson County Public Education Foundation, a Major Component Unit of the Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Net Assets 28

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets 28

Notes to Financial Statements – Integral to the Basic Financial Statements 29

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual General Fund 68

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund 69

Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – County Employees Retirement System 71

Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Kentucky Teachers Retirement System 72

Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – County Employees Retirement System 73

Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – Kentucky Teachers Retirement System – Medical Insurance 74

Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – Kentucky Teachers Retirement System – Life Insurance 75

Schedule of District Contributions – Pension: County Employees Retirement System 76

Schedule of District Contributions – Pension: Kentucky Teachers Retirement System 77

Schedule of District Contributions – OPEB: County Employees Retirement System 78

Schedule of District Contributions – OPEB: Kentucky Teachers Retirement System – Medical Insurance 79

Schedule of District Contributions – OPEB: Kentucky Teachers Retirement System – Life Insurance 80

Notes to Required Supplemental Information 81

Other Supplementary Information

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual Construction Fund 85

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual School Food Services Fund 85

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual-Nonmajor Funds SEEK Capital Outlay Fund 86

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual-Nonmajor Funds Building Tax Fund 86

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual-Nonmajor Debt Service Fund 87

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual-Nonmajor Day Care Operations Fund 87

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual-Nonmajor Adult Education Fund 88

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual-Nonmajor Tuition Preschool Fund 88

Continued



Table of Contents – Continued

| | |
|---|----|
| Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual-Nonmajor Enterprise Programs | 89 |
| Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 90 |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 91 |
| Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds | 92 |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds | 93 |
| Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds | 94 |

Statistical Section

| | |
|--|-----|
| Statement of Net Position—Total Primary Government | 96 |
| Statement of Activities—Governmental Activities | 98 |
| Statement of Activities—Business-Type Activities | 102 |
| Statement of Activities—Total Primary Government | 104 |
| Balance Sheets—Governmental Funds | 108 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds | 110 |
| General Government Expenses by Function | 114 |
| General Government Revenues by Type | 115 |
| Property Tax Rates | 116 |
| Real Estate and Personal Property Tax Revenues | 117 |
| Property Tax Assessments | 118 |
| Property Taxes, as Assessed | 119 |
| Principal Real Estate Taxpayers | 120 |
| Overlapping Tax Rates | 121 |
| Principal Employers by Number of Employees | 124 |
| Occupational Tax Revenues | 125 |
| Total Bonded Debt by Responsible Party | 126 |
| Detail of Bonds by Responsible Party | 127 |
| Overlapping/Direct Debt and Bond Analysis Ratios | 128 |
| Ratios of Debt Outstanding | 129 |
| Jefferson County Demographics | 130 |
| Economic Statistics | 131 |
| Number of Employees by Functional Duties | 132 |
| Enrollment by Level | 133 |
| School Building Capacity Data | 134 |
| Miscellaneous Statistics | 146 |

INTRODUCTION

- LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL
- CURRENT INITIATIVES
- EVIDENCE OF SUCCESS
- BOARD MEMBERS
- ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Letter of Transmittal

November 15, 2022

The Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Jefferson County Public School District Louisville, Kentucky

We hereby submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (“ACFR”) for Jefferson County Public Schools (the “District” or “JCPS”), a K-12 public school system, for the year ended June 30, 2022. The completeness, accuracy, and clarity of these financial statements and data herein are the responsibility of the District’s Chief Financial Officer.

This ACFR is presented in three distinct sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The Introductory Section includes this letter of transmittal, a list of our Board Members and an organizational chart. The reader may use this information to understand the District and our financial condition. Accordingly, we will discuss the Jefferson County economy and tax base, a brief history of the District and education in Kentucky, and our major accomplishments.

The Financial Section contains the general purpose financial statements. Annual audits are required legally by Kentucky Revised Statute 156.265. These statements were audited by Dean Dorton Allen Ford, PLLC, an independent Certified Public Accounting firm. Their opinion is included on page 1 of the financial section. We would like to direct the reader to Management’s Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 – 14 of the financial section. This provides an introduction to the financial statements and some financial highlights.

The Statistical Section presents numerous unaudited tables designed to present more detail and trends apparent within the District and Jefferson County.

The report has been prepared by the Finance Department following the requirements and guidelines prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and recommended by the Government Financial Officers Association. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material respects and that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly reflect the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the District’s financial activity have been included.



Personalized and engaging learning experiences

Economic Outlook

As discussed further on page 14 of the Management’s Discussion and Analysis in the Financial Section, Jefferson County has a diverse and strong economy but is affected by national social, health and economic trends. The District receives its revenue largely from two sources related to the economy: locally-assessed real estate and property taxes, and locally-assessed occupational taxes. Additionally, the District receives state revenues derived from state income taxes, sales taxes and other taxes, but these state revenues are subject to many non-economic factors, such as political considerations and an allocation formula based on local revenue, student attendance, and transportation expenses. Beyond these sources, we also receive grant and general revenues from federal, state, and local government, and private sources that are either unqualified gifts or grants based on non-tax determinants.



Real estate and personal property, other than automobile, taxes are assessed by the Property Valuation Administrator (PVA) annually, and the value is set as of January 1. After taxpayers are afforded a period to dispute the assessment, bills are prepared by the Jefferson County Sheriff and sent to the taxpayers on November 1. Real estate taxes, the largest in this total, typically show an increase in both assessments and tax rate. With growth in parts of Jefferson County and typical housing appreciation, local real estate taxes are becoming a greater percentage of our revenues each year as their growth outpaces other revenues. Motor vehicle taxes are assessed as of January 1 of each year. The PVA office uses standardized guides, provided by the Department of Revenue, to determine the value of a vehicle or boat. For years, the District has levied the statutory maximum motor vehicle tax rate, and increases are derived from assessment increases alone. See the Statistical Section for more details and trend analyses on these taxes.

Locally assessed occupational taxes are levied upon Jefferson County residents who work within Jefferson County at a rate of .75% of salary. This tax tends to be an accurate barometer of the local workforce, and, in some ways, the strength of the local economy. In reviewing past years’ revenues, the reader may notice the correlation between occupational tax revenues and the greater United States economy.

State revenues are based on a variety of state taxes and are allocated to the District based on a variety of factors. First, the Commonwealth of Kentucky is inherently a political entity, and the budget is allocated accordingly. Education continues to be a priority of the current government leaders, though funding levels lag behind many adjacent states. Funds are allocated to the various Kentucky school districts by a statutory formula introduced in the Kentucky Educational Reform Act, which is discussed later in this section.

Jefferson County has a long history as a central transportation hub, which fostered a manufacturing center for durable goods, including appliances, cars and trucks. In recent decades, the economy has diversified and is the home of several *Fortune* 500 companies, including Yum! Brands, which includes KFC, Taco Bell, and Pizza Hut, and Humana Inc. Additionally, headquartered in Louisville is Brown-Forman, makers of numerous beverages such as Jack Daniels Tennessee Whiskey. Louisville is also home to Churchill Downs, United Parcel Service’s (“UPS”) Worldport Facility, employing over 20,000, two Ford plants, and GE Appliance Park.

Overall, the Jefferson County economy has felt the effects of the worldwide pandemic and national social unrest. The varied and balanced local economy allows stability during turbulent economic times.

| Total Population | |
|------------------|---------|
| 2017 | 771,158 |
| 2018 | 770,517 |
| 2019 | 776,757 |
| 2020 | 782,969 |
| 2021 | 783,746 |

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

Although long-range challenges exist, the District’s current finances are strong as well. We aspire to achieve great things in public education. To do this, we must set high goals and be strict stewards of the public funds we have. We believe in budgeting conservatively, which allows us to make continual improvements even during sluggish economies.

In order to achieve far-reaching goals, we must maintain far-reaching funding plans. At any time, we forecast instructional needs and financial trends five years into the future. Additionally, we survey the facility needs of our entire district over the next four years. Each project is prioritized by a committee, and only the top priority projects are funded.

As described further in Notes F and H to the financial statements, the District is challenged by pervasively underfunded or underperforming pension plans in which our employees participate in as well as the related pension-provided other post-employment benefits. Although the District has made all required contributions at actuarially determined rates, failure to do so by the Kentucky legislature and subpar investing performance has created a financial contingency to both the District and the state. This creates a significant level of financial uncertainty that may necessitate drastic corrections in future budget periods.

The current initiatives discussed on pages x and xi of this Introductory Section are major undertakings that may require dedication over many years. As a practice, we pair our recurrent revenue budget with our recurrent expense budget to eliminate liquidity concerns. In addition, all planning is done in concert with our research team to ensure that funds are allocated to programs that get results.



Prepared, empowered, and inspired!

We also place great emphasis on internal controls. School districts have inherent weaknesses in financial structure, with funds being collected at numerous locations and where optimal segregation of duties is not always practical. However, because the cost of internal control should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective of these controls is to provide reasonable, rather than

absolute, assurance that District assets are protected and that our financial statements are free of material misstatement.

To offset our inherent risks, the District is committed to strengthening its controls at the central office level, where 99% of revenues are received, and reviewing satellite offices and schools regularly. Central office uses positive pay for its disbursements and staff review bank information daily. Audits are performed using an enterprise-wide risk assessment. We maintain an anonymous fraud hotline to safeguard our assets. Currently, we are tightening segregation of duties and internal controls at satellite offices.

Our Ethics Guidelines further solidify the District's commitment to always act in the highest ethical manner to preserve the public trust. These guidelines reflect our commitment to creating the Future State of the District and our core values especially relating to respect, diversity, and stewardship.

History of Public Education in Jefferson County

On April 24, 1829, the City of Louisville established the first public schools for children under sixteen years of age and constructed the first school the following year. Although Louisville's charter specified that education would be free, a tuition of \$1 for primary grades and \$1.50 for other grades was assessed. By 1838, the City of Louisville had a full-service school system. Also in 1838, the remaining areas of Jefferson County outside of the City of Louisville incorporated the Common Schools of Jefferson County school district.

In 1870, Louisville Public Schools established its first two schools for African American students, bringing its enrollment up to 13,502. By this time, the Common Schools of Jefferson County operated 68 schools, including 10 for African Americans. Both districts continued to grow consistently over the decades.

In 1956, all public schools in Louisville and Jefferson County were desegregated at a time when the Louisville Public Schools were 26% African American and the Jefferson County Schools were 4% African American. By court order on April 1, 1975, the Louisville Public

Schools and the Jefferson County Public Schools merged into the present Jefferson County Public Schools district in order to address the racial disparity.

At that time, it was determined that all schools in the new district must maintain racial diversity with the minority population between 15% and 50%. In June 2007, the United States Supreme Court held that some aspects of our student assignment plan did not satisfy the Court's "narrow tailoring" requirement. In May 2008, the District unanimously approved a revised student assignment plan which became effective for the 2009-2010 school year. The new plan uses socio-economic factors including educational attainment, household income, and race averages of a student's geographic region as factors when assigning students to schools other than their home school.

The Kentucky Education Reform Act ("KERA") of 1990 formed the basis for massive change to the state's educational system. One of the most comprehensive, statewide restructuring efforts ever attempted in the United States, KERA changed the formula by which Kentucky school districts receive state funding in an effort to achieve equity and educational adequacy regardless of each district's local economic base. KERA created a Site-Based Decision-Making Council system. Each school would have such a council consisting of parents, teachers, and administrators of the school, who would oversee the financial and instructional decisions of the school and hire the Principal. KERA also established a state-wide accountability system that continues to evolve to meet student needs.

Through the resulting emphasis on data-driven educational accountability, Kentucky has gained a reputation as a cutting edge educational system focusing on accountability. The District, as well, has many years of assessment data. We continuously review our curriculum and initiatives to ensure Jefferson County children are being educated to the height of their ability.



Instruction that inspires!

Jefferson County Public School District Today

The current District is very different than our beginnings. We continue to strive for excellence in our educational and financial operations. As much as the world has changed, so too has District.

Financially, we adjust conservatively to confront economic challenges, and still have sufficient fund balances to continue our plans for the future. We have a policy of reviewing vacancies, especially central office vacancies, to continuously strive for efficiency. We have reviewed many of our purchasing and distribution systems and made efficiency improvements including moving many of our revenue collections to online card payment systems. Our aim is to efficiently and completely support those who provide services to our students.

Due to COVID-19 remote learning, official verified student enrollment numbers were not published for the prior 2 years. However, school went back to in person in March 2021. For fiscal year 2021-2022 we had 94,166 students:

| | |
|-----------------|--------|
| High | 28,811 |
| Middle | 20,965 |
| Elementary | 33,589 |
| Kindergarten | 6,993 |
| Preschool | 1,539 |
| Special Schools | 2,269 |

For the 2021-2022 school year, we have 167 schools and learning centers:

| | |
|---------------|----|
| High | 18 |
| Middle | 22 |
| Elementary | 89 |
| Multi-Level | 3 |
| Pre-K Centers | 4 |
| Special | 18 |
| State Agency | 13 |



All schools are resourced and equipped to support student needs

We project that our enrollment is stable, with our 2022-2023 forecast of approximately 94,000 students.

Our schools were founded based on the neighborhood schools concept. The majority of our schools are off the major thoroughfares back in neighborhoods, where traffic disruptions are minimized, and as many children can walk to school as possible. As Jefferson County has grown to its current size and complexity, the District has found the need to increase its educational and environmental offerings. While students have the opportunity to attend a school within their regional cluster and a regular school program, they have many additional choices of schools and programs to best fit their needs and wants.

School Choice: A core philosophy within the District is that parents should be allowed to choose the program and the school their child attends. We feel this allows students and their parents the opportunity to meet certain educational needs based on the individual child. Our schools are also able to differentiate themselves if the Site-Based Decision Making Council and the elected Jefferson County Board of Education approves the change. The district embraces many different schools and programs to meet students' diverse needs, interests, and learning styles.

Regular Program: Most schools offer a regular curriculum in a typical school setting. This program is the choice of the majority of our parents and gives the Site-Based Decision Making Council much educational latitude.

Magnet and Optional Programs: The District believes that not all students have the same interests or learn in the same way. We offer choices that let elementary, middle, and high school students select a specialized learning environment or a program that focuses on a particular subject.

Magnet Schools and Programs include traditional schools, Montessori schools, magnet programs, and magnet career academies. Traditional schools require uniforms, daily homework, and parent involvement. They teach at grade level in a structured classroom environment. The Montessori approach to learning is designed to encourage critical thinking, exploration, and self-directed education. Magnet programs offer specialized foci incorporated into the curriculum, such as performing arts, math & science, technology, early college, or International Baccalaureate. Magnet career academies offer high school students programs that focus on training for a specific career. There are more than a dozen magnet career academies, and most of them offer multiple career programs. Many of our magnet career academies have received national recognition in their program area. Fifteen of our high schools have Professional Career Theme Programs in such disciplines as Aerospace, Medicine, Engineering, Information Technology and the Environment.

Optional Program is a small, specialized program within a school, such as Creative Arts and Global Communications Optional Program.

Advance Program is for academically gifted students. It stimulates talented young people to stretch their abilities and requires schools to be creative in providing a range of educational opportunities that promote excellence for each child.



Adults model integrity, respect, creativity, and accountability

Alternative Schools:

Binet School: A center that provides successful learning experiences for those students with multiple disabilities who need a more structured and supportive environment.

Breckinridge Metro High: A high school whose students have been referred to the school by the office of student services, the department of juvenile justice and/or other state and county agencies because of code violations in the regular schools or are court ordered to attend.

Churchill Park School: This special school serves students with moderate to severe functional mental disabilities from ages five to twenty-one. While following state-mandated core content, the program focuses on functional life skills, community-based instruction, and occupational work experience that will allow students to access and be successful in their immediate environment.

Pathfinder School of Innovation: A comprehensive virtual school for grades six through twelve. Pathfinder has a goal of producing exemplary levels of achievement through research-based instruction and data-driven assessments as students work through an on-demand curriculum with live support, intensive progress monitoring, and social, emotional, and behavioral support. Students may pursue regular instruction, advanced placement, dual credit, and career and technical education, just as they would at an in-person school.

Minor Daniels Academy: Middle school and high school students with behavioral challenges may be assigned to Minor Daniels Academy. This school uses restorative pathways to create a supportive environment with the goal that students may return to their home schools.

The Phoenix School of Discovery: Established under the federal guidelines of No Child Left Behind, this school relies heavily on technology to prepare students in grades 6-12 to reach state proficiency levels.

Liberty High: A nontraditional, safety-net school that serves students who meet any of the following criteria:

- One year of high school with fewer than five credits
- One to four years in high school and have fewer than 14 credits
- Frequently absent from school
- Failed four or more classes
- At least 16 years old
- Prefer hands-on, collaborative learning
- Prefer a flexible daily/yearly schedule
- Desire a work-based educational component
- Have diverse learning preferences and whose talents are not being developed.

State Agency Schools: Thirteen unique residential and day treatment centers that work collaboratively with treatment partners to provide a therapeutic or rehabilitative school environment. Students are placed in the State Agency Children's Program through court commitment, psychiatric hospitalization, or identified need for long term treatment of emotional or behavioral problems.

Georgia Chaffee Teenage Parent Program: A school designed to prevent school dropout due to teen pregnancy and parenting for middle and high school students. This award-winning program includes home-school coordinators and regular classroom instruction with a hospital-quality nursery.

Waller-Williams Environmental: A special school for students with severe and profound emotional and/or behavioral disabilities. Serving K-8th grade in a highly structured environment, this school utilizes a behavior management system where students earn tokens for good behavior and may use these tokens to purchase items in the school store.

Youth Performing Arts School ("YPAS"): One of only 100 schools of its kind in the nation. YPAS offers courses in dance, theater acting, musical theater, vocal music, piano, concert band, concert orchestra, visual arts, design and production. Students take their academic classes at an adjacent JCPS high school.

Adult Education: Total Adult Education enrollment in Adult Basic Education/General Education Development ("GED") Program was 1,475 earning 112 GED Certificates.

- GED Preparation Classes
- Academic Life Skills ESL Classes
- Family Education Programs
- College & Career Navigation Support
- Workforce Education & Soft Skills Training
- Educational Enrichment Services



A safe and welcoming learning community

Current Initiatives

The District is moving boldly toward a Future State of JCPS that has been re-envisioned through the bold leadership of Dr. Pollio and a daring Board of Education. This Future State focuses on new facilities that support the best educational environments and athletic facilities throughout our District. Teachers in the Future State of JCPS will be exceptionally resourced and paid at levels that reflect their worth to our students, their education and the future of our community. The Future State meets the individualized student needs and gives students one-to-one technology access, individualized student supports, and access to optional programs throughout Jefferson County as well as the right to stay at the school nearest their home if they prefer this educational environment. The Future State of JCPS will accomplish broad goals by focusing on three main pillars: Positive Culture & Climate, the Backpack of Success Skills, and the JCPS Racial Educational Equity Plan.



Engaging learning activities for all students

Positive Climate and Culture: Empowered employees create confident students. The sense of trust that students need to excel in the classroom and in extracurricular activities must be honed with extraordinary care. In addition, students must have the individualized resources they require to be at their best. This includes mental health, suicide prevention, and bullying prevention. To provide these resources and let each student achieve their individual best, we have added mental health practitioners into every school. All staff must come together to work with a passion for the students we are serving and focus on our mission and vision. This is the only way we can be confident in our success and convey that confidence to the parents entrusting us with their children.

Backpack of Success Skills: The Backpack of Success Skills was the first initiative of its kind where students will show how they have become effective communicators, emerging innovators, prepared and resilient learners, globally and culturally competent citizens and productive collaborators. At the end of key transition points in their education (5th, 8th and 12th grades), students will have the opportunity to defend what they've learned thus far in their educational journey using the evidence in their virtual backpack. This endeavor is a critical component of the District's Vision 2020, which includes a targeted focus on improving student literacy and increasing high school graduation rates.

Engaging every student, every day, in meaningful learning is the goal. JCPS is excited to see the transformation occurring in our classrooms as more students are prepared, empowered and inspired to reach their fullest potential. This also has allowed us to adjust to non-traditional instruction required by the pandemic since our academic focus was already online.

JCPS Racial Educational Equity Plan: The District's Commitment to Racial Educational Equity policy was established to increase access for students of color, strengthen opportunities, and create a more diverse instructional staff in JCPS. This transformative policy is the first step toward building the academic programs and services that meet the needs of a diverse student population and eliminate achievement gaps. To create this organization-wide transformation, we are in our fourth year of a district-wide professional development initiative. Additionally, our students have created Justice Now projects, transformative and significant equity projects that highlight and act upon racial, gender, and other equity matters. These projects culminated in Justice Fest, a televised event where the student groups promoted their projects to support the changes they champion.





Evidence of Success

The District is working hard on its vision of a Future State. Outstanding performance within the District has been validated by our continued progress while confronting a pandemic and its challenges.

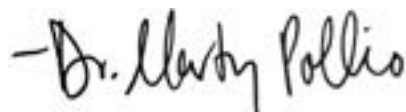
Current Year Highlights/Initiatives

- Approved a new School Choice Program that overhauls the way students, their parents, and JCPS decide where a student attends school. The new plan allows students to attend schools closer to home, if desired, and enhances continuity of school feeder patterns.
- Achieved 1:1 technology where all students have access to a laptop or other device.
- Installed interactive flat screen technology in every classroom.
- Offered free virtual tutoring available 24 hours per day.
- Expanded summer learning programs, with over 10,000 students participants.
- Opened the first Elev8 Student Learning Center, providing after school, neighborhood-based additional instruction.
- Vaccinated more than 10,000 for COVID-19.
- Administered more than 730,000 COVID-19 tests to students, staff and families.
- Expanded student JusticeNow programs where students define their passions and work toward civic, justice, artistic, and creative projects. These projects teach the students critical thinking, advocacy, and project management.
- Had six of the top twenty schools in Kentucky according to U.S. News and World Report
- One high school counseling program became the first in Kentucky to be given a RAMP designation and was declared a national model.
- An elementary STEM lab teacher won a Milken Educator Award.
- Collected twenty bus loads of needed items and donations to support the flooding victims of eastern Kentucky.
- An elementary school team won the 2021 Junior Beta National Robotics Championship for designing and building a robot that takes temperature and dispenses hand sanitizer.
- A high school team won the World Team USA Hip Hop Championship.
- A high school team won the 2022 Governor's Cup State Championship academic competition.
- Students from a high school won High School Production Emmy awards for their student media productions.
- A student was awarded the National Junior Honor Society Outstanding Achievement Award. This prestigious award is only given to 500 students across the nation who demonstrate scholarship, service, leadership, character, and citizenship.
- A student developed and launched free, online computer science lessons for adults. The program, called Path2Programming, teaches adults to code, develop websites, and master computer skills needed to enter lucrative career paths.
- A student group advocated for and helped to pass the CROWN Act in Louisville, which protects residents from discrimination based on natural hair or hairstyles. This group is continuing their work at the state and national levels.

Acknowledgements

We would like to thank all of the staff who assisted with closing of the District's financial records and preparing this report. In addition, we want to thank those at all levels of the District who do their part to provide relevant, comprehensive, quality instruction in person or through remote learning. We are inspired by the diligence of our student-focused educators at all levels of JCPS who are working tirelessly toward the Future State of JCPS.

Respectfully submitted,



Marty Pollio, Ed. D.
Superintendent



Cordelia Hardin
Chief Financial Officer / Treasurer





November 15, 2022

To the Citizens of Jefferson County, Kentucky:

We, the Jefferson County Board of Education (the "Board"), are proud to serve as the collective voice and representation for the students, parents, staff, community members and taxpayers of Jefferson County. We are committed to providing clear direction to build the Future State of Jefferson County Public Schools ("JCPS"), and we firmly believe in setting high standards and using data-driven accountability measures to reach our goals.

To support our students at the level they deserve and require, the Board has said in one voice that it plans to make intentional investments in the future of all of our children, including those who may have been traditionally marginalized. These investments must meet the critical elements needed for all JCPS students to fulfill their academic, creative and social potential. This vision of our Future State includes bold strides toward engaging 21st century facilities; targeted resources for our highest-need schools; additional instructional time and continued focus on racial equity initiatives.

This Future State will stand on three pillars:

The Backpack of Success Skills, our first pillar, allows all JCPS students to develop key skills so they can be successful in all areas of influence: school, life and career. Students fill their virtual backpacks with school work and projects throughout their school years and present a defense of their learning accomplishments at the end of fifth, eighth and twelfth grades. This emphasis in online learning has been essential as we adjusted to remote learning due to the pandemic and continue remote learning for those in quarantine.

Our second pillar is school culture and climate. For students to perform at their best, they must be educated in an environment that not only delivers high-yield learning, but also provides them with individualized behavioral, social and emotional supports. To realize this goal, we have added mental health practitioners to all of

our schools to address bullying, suicide prevention and the ongoing uncertainties from COVID-19. We are aggressively managing the pandemic by providing nursing services in every school and testing throughout our community. In addition, we are ensuring that the curriculum stimulates student interest by investing in career and technical education through the Academies of Louisville programs, which offer hands-on learning opportunities and real-world student apprenticeships.

The third pillar is our Racial Equity Plan. The Board's Racial Equity Policy commits to supporting educational excellence regardless of ethnicity, race, color, national origin, age, religion, marital or parental status, political affiliations or beliefs, gender, self-identification, gender identity or gender expression. The Board recognizes that multicultural education is a continuous development that is necessary to transform the educational process for our students and ensure that our schools are entirely inclusive. The plan includes a significant professional development investment and additional academic supports and extracurricular programs.

Within our governance responsibilities, we are ensuring that all budgetary decisions are directly linked to the Future State of all JCPS students. There are great things in store for our students and the future of our remarkable community.

On behalf of the Jefferson County Board of Education, I am pleased to present this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Diane Porter".

Diane Porter
Chair
Jefferson County Board of Education

Members of the Board of Education as of June 30, 2022:



**Diane Porter,
Chair,
District 1**



**Chris Kolb,
District 2**



**James Craig,
District 3**



**Joe Marshall,
District 4**



**Sarah McIntosh,
District 7**



**Linda Duncan,
District 5**



**Corrie Shull,
District 6**



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

**Board of Education of Jefferson County
Kentucky**

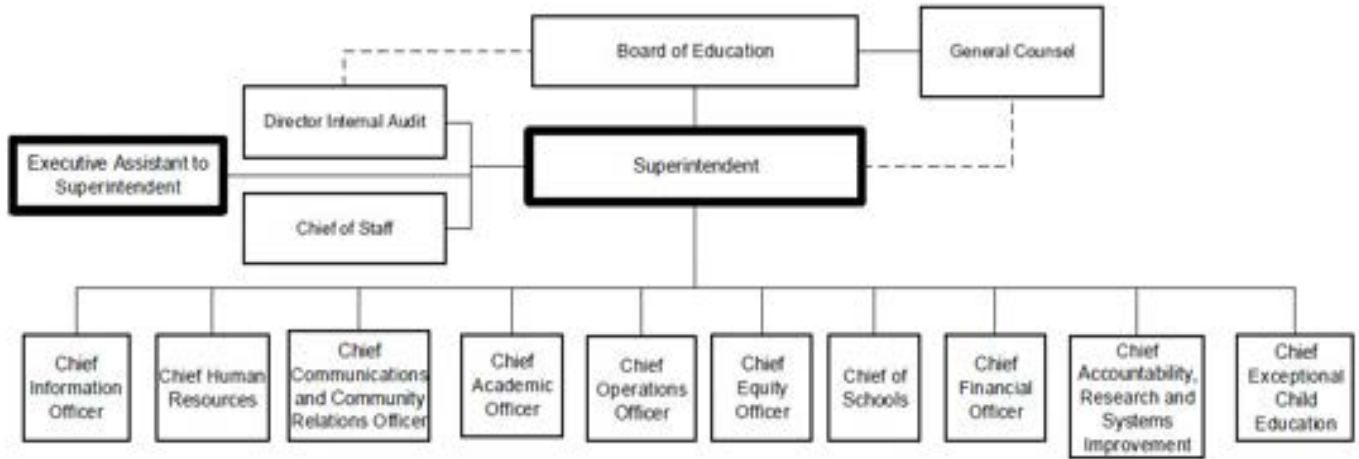
For its Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Merrill
Executive Director/CEO

This Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, awarded by the Government Finance Officers Association, is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting, and its attainment represents a significant accomplishment of the District. The District has received this award each year from 2007 through the latest award period for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Organizational Chart



FINANCIALS

A young Black man is shown in a close-up, wearing a red graduation cap and gown. He has his eyes closed and is resting his head on his hand, appearing to be tired or stressed. The background is a solid blue color.

- **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**
- **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**
- **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
- **FOOTNOTES**

Report of Independent Auditors

Members of the Board
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
Louisville, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Jefferson County Public Education Foundation, which represent 100 percent of the assets, net assets, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Jefferson County Public Education Foundation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 to 14, Budgetary Comparisons on pages 68 to 70, and Pension and OPEB Information on pages 71 to 83 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparisons on pages 85 to 89 and Combining Nonmajor Fund Information on pages 90 to 94 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

With regards to the Combining Nonmajor Fund Information on pages 90 to 94, the information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Nonmajor Fund Information on pages 90 to 94 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

With regards to the Budgetary Comparisons on pages 85 to 89, we have applied certain limited procedures to the information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the Introductory and Statistical Sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dean Dotson Allen Ford, PLLC

Louisville, Kentucky
November 15, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Introduction

Our discussion and analysis of the Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Serving nearly 100,000 students, the District is the largest in Kentucky and the 30th largest in the United States. We maintain 167 schools and education centers: 89 elementary, 22 middle, 18 high, 3 multi-level, 4 pre-k centers, 18 special, and 13 state agency schools. The financial position of the District remains strong and stable with an operating budget of approximately \$2.5 billion.

The District maintains its focus on student achievement. Our students and teachers continue to win awards and reach new goals in numerous academic areas. The student-teacher ratio during the school year was 16 to 1. The student daily attendance rate was not calculated in the 2019-2020 or 2020-2021 school years due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

| | 2021-22 | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | Current Year Change |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|
| College scholarships earned | \$116 million | \$159 million | \$101 million | (27.0)% |
| Students taking AP tests | 5,061 | 4,128 | 5,418 | 22.6 % |
| Number of tests taken | 8,175 | 6,673 | 8,848 | 22.5 % |
| AP scores earning college credit | 52.3 % | 49.5 % | 57.4 % | 5.7 % |
| Number of teachers | 6,735 | 6,890 | 6,895 | (2.2)% |
| Teachers with Master's Degree or higher | 83 % | 82 % | 82 % | 1.2 % |
| National Board Certified Teachers | 434 | 447 | 453 | (2.9)% |
| Student daily attendance rate | 89.38 % | N/A | N/A | N/A |

On the District-wide financial statements, the total net position of the District was \$(115.6) million, assets totaled \$1.6 billion, deferred outflows totaled \$218.3 million, liabilities totaled \$1.6 billion, and deferred inflows totaled \$317.2 million. The District's total net position increased by \$297.1 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The District's governmental funds financial statements reported combined ending fund balance of \$454.2 million. Of this total, \$278.0 million is unassigned in the general fund. Due to economic uncertainty, along with the needs of specific instructional priorities, it is necessary to maintain adequate fund balance to support these initiatives.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Overview of the Financial Statements

The annual report contains:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A")
- District-wide financial statements and fund financial statements
- Notes to Financial Statements
- Other required supplementary information, including statements for non-major governmental and fiduciary funds

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The District-wide statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, provide an overview of the District's finances. The fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as, what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide financial statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the District as a whole begins with the District-wide financial statements. One of the most important questions raised about the District's finances is whether the District as a whole is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector organizations. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes to net position. The District's net position, the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure its financial health. Increases or decreases in the District's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

To evaluate the District's overall health, one may want to review other non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's school buildings and other physical assets.

The District-wide financial statements are divided into two categories:

- **Governmental activities:** Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including instruction, student support services, instructional staff support services, administrative support services, school administrative support services, business support services, transportation, and plant operations and maintenance. Property taxes, occupational taxes, the Commonwealth's Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK"), other Commonwealth support, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- **Business-type activities:** School Food Services, Adult Education Lifelong Learning Courses, Tuition-based Pre-School, fee-based Day Care, and Enterprise Programs are considered as business-type activities of the District. A fee is charged for these activities to assist the District in covering the cost of these services; therefore, they are classified as business-type activities.



Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the District's major funds provides detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and bond covenants. However, other funds are established as needed to help control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (for example, grants received from the federal and state governments). The District's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between the governmental activities (reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations following the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds: When the District charges students or parents for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's proprietary funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the District-wide financial statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the District-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



The District as a Whole

The following is a summary of the District's net position:

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Current and other assets | \$ 604,545,941 | \$ 390,433,814 | \$ 6,109,951 | \$ (3,442,746) | \$ 610,655,892 | \$ 386,991,068 |
| Capital assets, net of depreciation, and construction in progress | 935,692,079 | 842,875,220 | 16,520,839 | 17,880,919 | 952,212,918 | 860,756,139 |
| Total Assets | 1,540,238,020 | 1,233,309,034 | 22,630,790 | 14,438,173 | 1,562,868,810 | 1,247,747,207 |
| Deferred Outflows | 205,551,621 | 217,437,162 | 12,763,608 | 18,057,880 | 218,315,229 | 235,495,042 |
| Short-term liabilities | 192,706,660 | 183,731,191 | 1,281,499 | 510,086 | 193,988,159 | 184,241,277 |
| Other liabilities | 1,327,955,612 | 1,456,508,457 | 57,603,186 | 76,883,436 | 1,385,558,798 | 1,533,391,893 |
| Total Liabilities | 1,520,662,272 | 1,640,239,648 | 58,884,685 | 77,393,522 | 1,579,546,957 | 1,717,633,170 |
| Deferred Inflows | 301,082,422 | 171,092,675 | 16,131,092 | 7,242,127 | 317,213,514 | 178,334,802 |
| Net Position | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 453,726,798 | 390,804,563 | 16,520,839 | 17,880,919 | 470,247,637 | 408,685,482 |
| Restricted | 9,236,656 | 37,931,143 | | | 9,236,656 | 37,931,143 |
| Unrestricted | (538,918,507) | (789,321,833) | (56,142,218) | (70,020,515) | (595,060,725) | (859,342,348) |
| Total Net Position | \$ (75,955,053) | \$ (360,586,127) | \$ (39,621,379) | \$ (52,139,596) | \$ (115,576,432) | \$ (412,725,723) |

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



The following is a summary of the District's changes in net position:

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| Program revenues | | | | | | |
| Charges for service | \$ 518,928 | \$ 483,205 | \$ 976,431 | \$ 185,428 | \$ 1,495,359 | \$ 668,633 |
| Operating grants & contributions | 381,798,766 | 167,393,988 | 71,470,824 | 33,311,124 | 453,269,590 | 200,705,112 |
| Capital grants & contributions | 9,617,566 | 9,878,203 | | | 9,617,566 | 9,878,203 |
| General revenues | | | | | | |
| Local taxes | 907,698,415 | 770,552,776 | | | 907,698,415 | 770,552,776 |
| State sources | 788,430,037 | 697,754,678 | | | 788,430,037 | 697,754,678 |
| Other | 28,095,236 | 14,520,869 | 10,437 | 1,491 | 28,105,673 | 14,522,360 |
| Total Revenues | 2,116,158,948 | 1,660,583,719 | 72,457,692 | 33,498,043 | 2,188,616,640 | 1,694,081,762 |
| Expenses | | | | | | |
| School operation & administration | 1,812,788,637 | 1,628,361,247 | | | 1,812,788,637 | 1,628,361,247 |
| School food services | | | 58,259,707 | 45,091,852 | 58,259,707 | 45,091,852 |
| Other business-type activities | | | 150,581 | (441,489) | 150,581 | (441,489) |
| Interest on debt service | 20,268,424 | 18,860,600 | | | 20,268,424 | 18,860,600 |
| Total Expenses | 1,833,057,061 | 1,647,221,847 | 58,410,288 | 44,650,363 | 1,891,467,349 | 1,691,872,210 |
| Transfers, Net | 1,529,187 | 811,842 | (1,529,187) | (811,842) | | |
| Change in Net Position | 284,631,074 | 14,173,714 | 12,518,217 | (11,964,162) | 297,149,291 | 2,209,552 |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ (75,955,053) | \$ (360,586,127) | \$ (39,621,379) | \$ (52,139,596) | \$ (115,576,432) | \$ (412,725,723) |

Governmental Activities

The revenues in the governmental funds increased by \$455.6 million. Most of this increase was due to federal stimulus grants meant to prevent staff layoffs and address learning loss during the shutdown period caused by the pandemic and the transition back to the classroom this school year. In addition, property, occupational, and other taxes increased as our economy stabilized after the initial shutdown eased. Expenses in governmental funds decreased as a whole as instruction, student support, and instructional staff support were brought back to the classroom for in person learning. Transportation, maintenance, and utilities increased compared to the prior year when our schools were primarily closed and our students were remote learning.

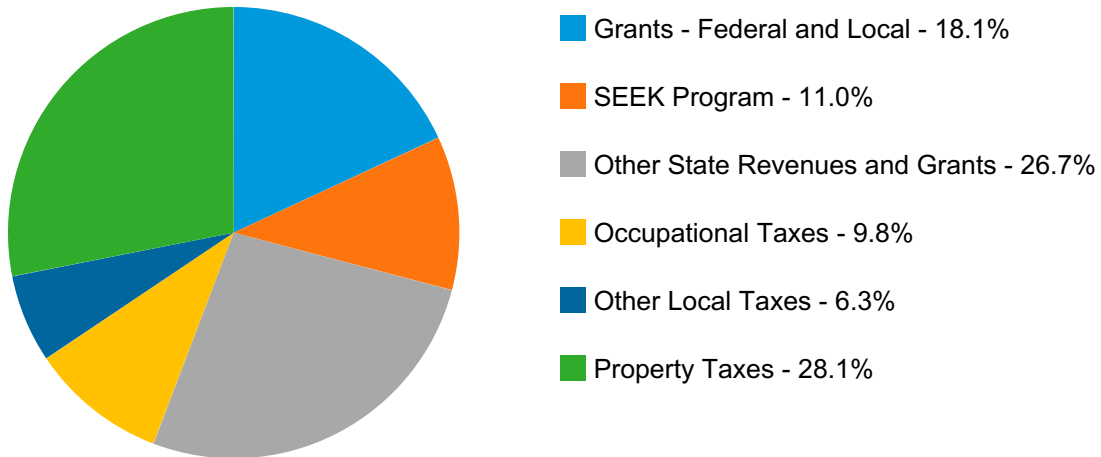
Management’s Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



The following schedule provides a comparison of the District-wide revenues for governmental activities for the current and previous years:

| Revenues | 2022 | 2021 | Change | % Change |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Local Sources: | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ 594,308,658 | \$ 530,248,112 | \$ 64,060,546 | 12.1 % |
| Occupational Taxes | 206,474,525 | 176,787,809 | 29,686,716 | 16.8 % |
| Other Taxes | 106,915,232 | 63,516,855 | 43,398,377 | 68.3 % |
| State Sources: | | | | |
| SEEK Program | 233,088,270 | 231,277,657 | 1,810,613 | 0.8 % |
| Other State Revenues and Grants | 555,341,767 | 466,477,021 | 88,864,746 | 19.1 % |
| KSFCC allocation | 9,617,566 | 9,878,203 | (260,637) | (2.6)% |
| Grants (federal and local) | 381,798,766 | 167,393,988 | 214,404,778 | 128.1 % |
| Interest | 833,179 | 330,027 | 503,152 | 152.5 % |
| Other Sources | 27,780,985 | 14,674,047 | 13,106,938 | 89.3 % |
| Total Revenues | \$ 2,116,158,948 | \$ 1,660,583,719 | \$ 455,575,229 | 27.4 % |

Revenue Sources



Management's Discussion and Analysis

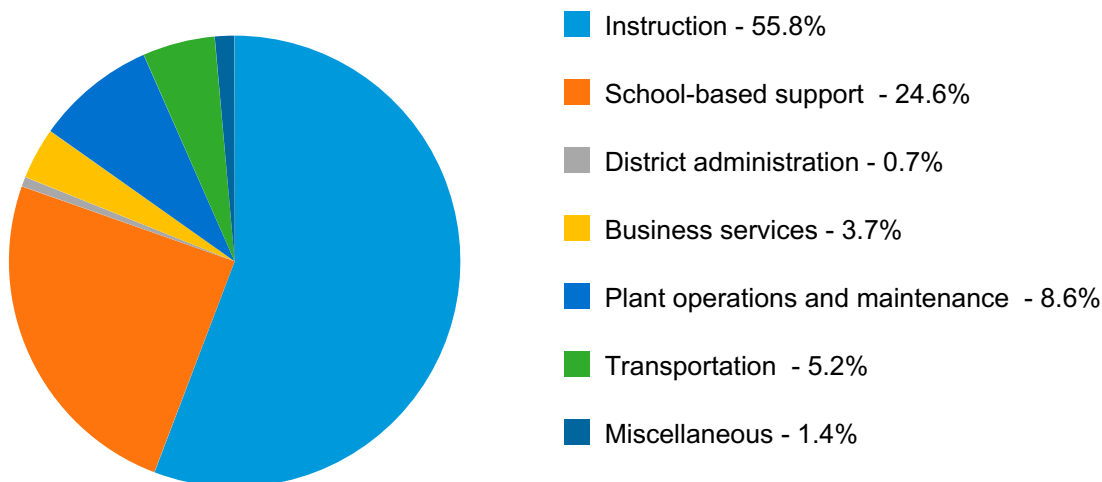
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



The following schedule provides a comparison of the District-wide expenses for governmental activities:

| | 2022 | 2021 | Change | % Change |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Expenses | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 1,023,426,169 | \$ 944,387,244 | \$ 79,038,925 | 8.4 % |
| Student support services | 107,196,262 | 88,749,846 | 18,446,416 | 20.8 % |
| Instructional staff support services | 193,879,118 | 180,993,573 | 12,885,545 | 7.1 % |
| District administrative support services | 11,805,819 | 10,222,935 | 1,582,884 | 15.5 % |
| School administrative support services | 136,540,514 | 123,139,817 | 13,400,697 | 10.9 % |
| Business support services | 67,673,427 | 50,311,515 | 17,361,912 | 34.5 % |
| Plant operations and maintenance | 158,273,844 | 111,513,734 | 46,760,110 | 41.9 % |
| Transportation | 95,234,280 | 85,005,627 | 10,228,653 | 12.0 % |
| Food service support | 5,240,409 | 15,338,793 | (10,098,384) | (65.8)% |
| Community services | 12,995,156 | 18,342,055 | (5,346,899) | (29.2)% |
| Other | 523,639 | 356,108 | 167,531 | 47.0 % |
| Interest | 20,268,424 | 18,860,600 | 1,407,824 | 7.5 % |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 1,833,057,061 | \$ 1,647,221,847 | \$ 185,835,214 | 11.3 % |

Expense Categories



Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Business-type Activities

Net Position of the District's business-type activities increased \$12.5 million. Most of this occurred due to accounting for other postemployment benefits as discussed further in Note H of this report. Business-type activities bounced back after the prior year's pandemic-related closures, allowing revenues to keep up with many of the fixed costs relating to expenses. School Food Service net position increased \$12.2 million due to students being back in the building, allowing meal service to operate normally this school year. Adult Education net position increased \$44.5 thousand and the tuition preschool net position increased \$175.2 thousand due to a change in their allocation percentage of the same postemployment benefits.

Fund Budgetary Highlights and Future Budgetary Implications

The District's Draft Budget is presented to the members of the Board of Education by January 31 each year, followed by a Tentative (Original) Budget by May 30, and, once the members of the Board of Education approve tax rates in September, the Working (Final) Budget is submitted to the Kentucky Department of Education by September 30.

General Fund expenditures were \$226.4 million under budget. Almost a half of this amount was due to \$103.3 million budgeted but not spent in the contingency category. Other categories such as instruction and plant operations and maintenance came in less than budget due to vacancies and positions being paid for out of COVID-Relief grants (ESSER), along with conservative budgeting. As a whole, our General Fund increased fund balance by \$187.4 million, much of which was due to staff vacancies and shifting expenses to be paid out of COVID- Relief grants (ESSER). As discussed further in the Local Economic Outlook section on page 14, the local economy has rebounded after the slowdown caused by the COVID- 19 pandemic.

In spring 2020, the Jefferson County Board of Education passed an additional property tax of 5.1 cents per \$100 assessment. Due to an attempted recall, which ultimately did not succeed, collections at the higher rate were delayed until the 2021-22 school year, at which point the higher rate was collected and the 2020-2021 additional 5.1 cents of assessed tax was collected. This additional 5.1 cents tax was designated for facilities, additional instruction time, additional support for our highest-need schools, and racial equity initiatives.

For the Special Revenue Fund, the fund balance increased by \$20.6 million due to large amounts of pandemic-related spending where the cost-reimbursement grant revenue was received during the fiscal year to reimburse the expenses from the prior and current year.

Our Construction Fund experienced a \$7.0 million decrease during the year, as we worked to complete bonded construction projects and prepared to sell another bond in the fall of 2022 as described in Note O. The Building Fund increased \$5.9 million during the year as funds were reserved for priority renovation projects during the 2022-23 fiscal year. On the whole, our Construction Fund and Building Fund are well structured for future capital needs. We anticipate our revenue stream remaining stable for routine activities into the future.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



In accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Reporting for Pensions* and Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the District has recorded its proportionate share of certain financial factors of the pensions in which its employees participate. These factors include certain inflows and outflows of funds which will be amortized over future years and net pension and net other postemployment benefits liabilities. The very nature of the net pension and net other postemployment benefits liabilities indicates that these pensions have not been fully funded, whether by employee contributions, employer contributions, or investment earnings. Although the District has always paid its entire contribution based on rates determined by each pension and much of the responsibility falls on the State, the need to shore up these pensions may become a factor in future employer matching rates or State funding.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2022, the District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities was \$952.2 million, representing an increase of \$91.5 million (net of depreciation), as shown in the following tables:

| | June 30, 2022 | June 30, 2021 | Percent Change |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Governmental activities: | | | |
| Land | \$ 29,247,665 | \$ 29,247,665 | 0.0 % |
| Land improvements | 50,641,977 | 47,051,535 | 7.6 % |
| Buildings and improvements | 1,514,134,271 | 1,480,880,860 | 2.2 % |
| Leased Buildings | 538,624 | | 100.0 % |
| Technology | 135,510,641 | 112,004,249 | 21.0 % |
| Leased Technology | 755,375 | | 100.0 % |
| Buses and vehicles | 112,379,166 | 111,334,919 | 0.9 % |
| Furniture, fixtures and other | 80,309,693 | 72,813,817 | 10.3 % |
| Construction in progress | 107,954,167 | 27,322,323 | 295.1 % |
| Total | 2,031,471,579 | 1,880,655,368 | 8.0 % |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | 1,095,779,500 | 1,037,780,149 | 5.6 % |
| Governmental activities assets net of depreciation | <u>\$ 935,692,079</u> | <u>\$ 842,875,219</u> | 11.0 % |

During the 2021-2022 year, governmental activities capital assets increased due to a District focus on new and improved school facilities and a continued increase of technology in our District. Construction in progress increased as we have begun construction of three new schools. Technology capital assets continued to increase as we continue our initiative toward 1:1 technology in our schools.

Management’s Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



| | June 30, 2022 | June 30, 2021 | Percent Change |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Business-type activities: | | | |
| Land | \$ 1,000,000 | \$ 1,000,000 | 0.0 % |
| Land improvements | 4,745 | 4,745 | 0.0 % |
| Buildings and improvements | 17,030,604 | 17,030,604 | 0.0 % |
| Technology | 1,337,103 | 1,277,126 | 4.7 % |
| Buses and vehicles | 2,162,043 | 2,162,043 | 0.0 % |
| Furniture, fixtures and other | 31,821,673 | 31,775,857 | 0.1 % |
| Total | 53,356,168 | 53,250,375 | 0.2 % |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | 36,835,329 | 35,369,455 | 4.1 % |
| Business-type assets net of depreciation | \$ 16,520,839 | \$ 17,880,920 | (7.6)% |
| Total Capital Assets Governmental and Business-type activities | \$ 952,212,918 | \$ 860,756,139 | 10.6 % |

The Local Planning Committee (“LPC”) develops a long-range facility plan through evaluation of every building, identification of appropriate renovations, and analysis of demographic census to determine future growth needs. The LPC is comprised of JCPS staff representing school staff, SBDM (“School-Based-Decision Making”) councils, PTA (“Parent Teacher Association”), local building officials, and community members. The long-range facility plan details the unmet needs for the District for the next four years. The plan is submitted to the Local Board of Education, the Kentucky Department of Education, and the Kentucky Board of Education for approval. At June 30, 2022, the unmet needs for the District totaled an estimated cost of \$1.2 billion.

Funding for these needs is typically provided from the General Fund, Construction Fund or through Bond issues. Bond issues are paid with Building Funds (local 5-cent property tax), State Capital Outlay funds at \$100 per student or the Kentucky State Facility Construction Commission (“KSFCC”) funds. To ensure continued academic success for our students, we must provide a learning environment that is safe, functional, inviting and well-maintained.

Additional information on the District’s capital assets can be found in Note D of this report. Information concerning bonds and long-term liabilities is in Note E of this report.

Debt Service Fund

At year-end, the District had approximately \$553.8 million in outstanding debt, compared to \$497.8 million last year. The District continues to maintain favorable debt ratings from Moody’s and Standard & Poor’s. On July 28, 2022, the District issued \$74,475,000 of School Building Revenue Bonds maturing June 30, 2031. These bonds pay interest semiannually on June 1 and December 1 at rates ranging from 4% to 5%, yielding rates of 0.1.60% to 2.76%. These bonds were issued to fund construction of two new school buildings and perform major renovation projects at eight other schools.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Local Economic Outlook

The Jefferson County economy has been strong over the past year, though the world economic instability and staffing shortages pose similar challenges for JCPS as they do for other organizations. The District experienced this continued strength through a 16.8% increase in occupational license tax revenue, which is based on net profits and salaries paid in our jurisdiction, after a 13.1% increase the previous year. These large increases will not continue, but they indicate that the local economy has recovered from the COVID shutdowns and is actively growing. Jefferson County property valuation assessments are used to calculate property taxes, our largest revenue source. Since last school year, property taxes have increased 6.0% showing that the economy is bouncing back successfully since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic. These assessments have shown an increase of 9.8% for the 2022-2023 school year, which helps offset other revenue reductions.

Jefferson County's central location, extensive transportation network and quality of life are factors in this resiliency and in attracting and maintaining a healthy business community.

Overall, with a diverse economy and excellent quality of life, Jefferson County has the stability necessary to minimize the impact of the current and potential future economic downturns.

Contacting the Jefferson County Board of Education Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the Jefferson County Board of Education and to show management's accountability for these funds. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer of the Jefferson County Board of Education, P. O. Box 34020, Louisville, Kentucky 40232-4020.

Statement of Net Position
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
June 30, 2022

| | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 515,895,300 | \$ 3,920,956 | \$ 519,816,256 |
| Investments | 15,446,186 | | 15,446,186 |
| Accounts receivable | 61,057,760 | 6,299,849 | 67,357,609 |
| Inventories | 3,845,950 | 4,189,891 | 8,035,841 |
| Internal balances | 8,300,745 | (8,300,745) | |
| Land and other nondepreciable assets | 137,201,832 | 1,000,000 | 138,201,832 |
| Capital assets, net of depreciation | 798,490,247 | 15,520,839 | 814,011,086 |
| Total Assets | 1,540,238,020 | 22,630,790 | 1,562,868,810 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Difference between actual and expected experience | 23,444,448 | 2,565,880 | 26,010,328 |
| Changes in assumptions | 95,250,693 | 4,264,870 | 99,515,563 |
| Change in proportionate share | 15,089,437 | 51,563 | 15,141,000 |
| Pension and OPEB contributions after measurement date | 71,537,429 | 5,881,295 | 77,418,724 |
| Deferred savings from refunding bonds | 229,614 | | 229,614 |
| Total Deferred Outflows | 205,551,621 | 12,763,608 | 218,315,229 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | 147,018,176 | 1,281,499 | 148,299,675 |
| Accrued interest payable | 3,703,146 | | 3,703,146 |
| Current maturities of: | | | |
| worker's compensation claims | 929,305 | | 929,305 |
| accrued vacation pay | 1,265,307 | | 1,265,307 |
| accrued sick leave | 1,112,085 | | 1,112,085 |
| school building revenue bonds | 38,333,828 | | 38,333,828 |
| capital leases | 344,813 | | 344,813 |
| Long-term maturities of: | | | |
| worker's compensation claims | 21,740,657 | | 21,740,657 |
| accrued vacation pay | 6,517,091 | | 6,517,091 |
| accrued sick leave | 41,717,958 | | 41,717,958 |
| school building revenue bonds | 515,510,379 | | 515,510,379 |
| capital leases | 971,993 | | 971,993 |
| Net pension liability | 399,466,172 | 43,719,613 | 443,185,785 |
| Net post-employment benefits liabilities | 342,031,362 | 13,883,573 | 355,914,935 |
| Total Liabilities | 1,520,662,272 | 58,884,685 | 1,579,546,957 |

Continued

Statement of Net Position – Continued
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Difference between actual and expected experience | 171,761,662 | 4,794,229 | 176,555,891 |
| Changes in assumptions | 111,501 | 12,202 | 123,703 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments | 95,702,882 | 7,961,240 | 103,664,122 |
| Change in proportionate share | 33,506,377 | 3,363,421 | 36,869,798 |
| Total Deferred Inflows | 301,082,422 | 16,131,092 | 317,213,514 |
| Net Position | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 453,726,798 | 16,520,839 | 470,247,637 |
| Restricted for capital projects and construction | 9,236,656 | | 9,236,656 |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | (538,918,507) | (56,142,218) | (595,060,725) |
| Total Net Position | \$ (75,955,053) | \$ (39,621,379) | \$ (115,576,432) |

See Notes to Financial Statements

Statement of Activities
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

| Functions/Programs | Program Revenues | | | Capital Grants and Contributions | Net (Expense) Revenue |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|---------------------------|
| | Total District- wide Expenses | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 1,023,426,169 | \$ 518,928 | \$ 381,798,766 | | \$ (641,108,475) |
| Student support services | 107,196,262 | | | | (107,196,262) |
| Instructional staff support services | 193,879,118 | | | | (193,879,118) |
| District administrative support services | 11,805,819 | | | | (11,805,819) |
| School administrative support services | 136,540,514 | | | | (136,540,514) |
| Business support services | 67,673,427 | | | | (67,673,427) |
| Plant operations and maintenance | 158,273,844 | | | \$ 9,617,566 | (148,656,278) |
| Transportation | 95,234,280 | | | | (95,234,280) |
| Community services | 12,995,156 | | | | (12,995,156) |
| Food service support | 5,240,409 | | | | (5,240,409) |
| Other | 523,639 | | | | (523,639) |
| Interest | 20,268,424 | | | | (20,268,424) |
| Total governmental activities | 1,833,057,061 | 518,928 | 381,798,766 | 9,617,566 | (1,441,121,801) |
| Business-type activities | | | | | |
| School food services | 58,259,707 | 697,576 | 71,282,505 | | 13,720,374 |
| Adult education | 65,346 | 104,590 | 9,573 | | 48,817 |
| Enterprise Programs | 11,674 | 3,263 | 7,908 | | (503) |
| Tuition-based pre-school | (1,364) | 171,002 | 2,877 | | 175,243 |
| Day care operations | 74,925 | | 167,961 | | 93,036 |
| Total business-type activities | 58,410,288 | 976,431 | 71,470,824 | | 14,036,967 |
| Total Activities | \$ 1,891,467,349 | \$ 1,495,359 | \$ 453,269,590 | \$ 9,617,566 | \$ (1,427,084,834) |

Continued

Statement of Activities – Continued
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Government Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Net revenue (expense) | \$ (1,441,121,801) | \$ 14,036,967 | \$ (1,427,084,834) |
| General revenues | | | |
| Taxes | | | |
| Property taxes | 594,308,658 | | 594,308,658 |
| Occupational taxes | 206,474,525 | | 206,474,525 |
| Other taxes | 106,915,232 | | 106,915,232 |
| State sources | | | |
| SEEK program | 233,088,270 | | 233,088,270 |
| Other state revenues and grants | 555,341,767 | | 555,341,767 |
| Interest and investment earnings | 833,179 | 10,437 | 843,616 |
| Miscellaneous | 27,262,057 | | 27,262,057 |
| Total general revenues | 1,724,223,688 | 10,437 | 1,724,234,125 |
| Transfers, net | 1,529,187 | (1,529,187) | |
| Change in net position | 284,631,074 | 12,518,217 | 297,149,291 |
| Net position, beginning of year | (360,586,127) | (52,139,596) | (412,725,723) |
| Net position, end of year | \$ (75,955,053) | \$ (39,621,379) | \$ (115,576,432) |

See Notes to Financial Statements

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | General Fund | Special Revenue Fund | Construction Fund | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 427,029,084 | | \$ 82,181,864 | \$ 6,684,352 | \$ 515,895,300 |
| Investments | 14,859,800 | | | 586,386 | 15,446,186 |
| Accounts and grants receivable | 24,811,297 | \$ 35,997,116 | | 249,347 | 61,057,760 |
| Inventories | 3,615,845 | | | 230,105 | 3,845,950 |
| Due from other funds | 87,007,535 | 31,206,722 | 29,999,863 | 10,972,411 | 159,186,531 |
| Total Assets | \$ 557,323,561 | \$ 67,203,838 | \$ 112,181,727 | \$ 18,722,601 | \$ 755,431,727 |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | \$ 116,603,518 | \$ 6,302,027 | \$ 27,019,139 | \$ 400,189 | \$ 150,324,873 |
| Due to other funds | 98,000,393 | 43,883,780 | 9,001,613 | | 150,885,786 |
| Total Liabilities | 214,603,911 | 50,185,807 | 36,020,752 | 400,189 | 301,210,659 |
| Fund Balances | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 3,615,845 | | | 230,105 | 3,845,950 |
| Restricted | | 17,018,031 | 76,160,975 | 18,092,307 | 111,271,313 |
| Committed | 36,000,000 | | | | 36,000,000 |
| Assigned | 25,081,718 | | | | 25,081,718 |
| Unassigned | 278,022,087 | | | | 278,022,087 |
| Total Fund Balances | 342,719,650 | 17,018,031 | 76,160,975 | 18,322,412 | 454,221,068 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$ 557,323,561 | \$ 67,203,838 | \$ 112,181,727 | \$ 18,722,601 | \$ 755,431,727 |

Continued

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities

| | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Total Governmental Fund Balances | \$ 454,221,068 |
| <i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:</i> | |
| Capital assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the fund financial statements. | 935,692,079 |
| Bond issuance costs are amortized over the life of the bond on the district-wide financial statements. | (26,916,078) |
| Bonds are noncurrent liabilities and are excluded from the fund financial statements. | (526,928,129) |
| Savings from refunding bonds are not current and are not reported in the fund financial statements. | 229,614 |
| Capital leases are noncurrent liabilities that are excluded from the fund financial statements | (1,316,806) |
| Long-term workers compensation liability is noncurrent and is excluded from the fund financial statements. | (21,740,657) |
| Long-term vacation pay liability is noncurrent and is excluded from the fund financial statements. | (6,517,091) |
| Long-term sick leave liability is noncurrent and is excluded from the fund financial statements. | (41,717,958) |
| Bond interest payable is a noncurrent liability and is excluded from the fund financial statements. | (3,703,146) |
| Net pension liability is noncurrent and is excluded from the fund financial statements. | (399,466,172) |
| Deferred outflows related to employee pension plans are excluded from the fund financial statements. | 51,710,063 |
| Deferred inflows related to pension plans are excluded from the fund financial statements. | (77,620,676) |
| Net other post-employment benefits liability is noncurrent and is excluded from the fund financial statements. | (342,031,362) |
| Deferred outflows related to other post-retirement employee benefits are excluded from the fund financial statements. | 153,611,944 |
| Deferred inflows related to other post-retirement employee benefits are excluded from the fund financial statements. | (223,461,746) |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities | <u>\$ (75,955,053)</u> |

See Notes to Financial Statements

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | General Fund | Special Revenue Fund | Construction Fund | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Local sources | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 551,420,941 | | | \$ 42,887,717 | \$ 594,308,658 |
| Occupational taxes | 206,474,525 | | | | 206,474,525 |
| Other taxes | 106,915,232 | | | | 106,915,232 |
| Grants from local agencies and donors | 5,000 | \$ 5,212,631 | | | 5,217,631 |
| State sources | | | | | |
| SEEK program | 224,312,952 | | | 8,775,318 | 233,088,270 |
| Other state revenues | 325,859,372 | 36,095,469 | | | 361,954,841 |
| KSFCC allocation | | | | 9,617,566 | 9,617,566 |
| Grants from the United States government | | 373,942,430 | | 2,638,705 | 376,581,135 |
| Interest | 795,630 | 4,302 | \$ 33,247 | | 833,179 |
| Other sources | 5,083,368 | 152 | | 14,686,913 | 19,770,433 |
| Total Revenues | 1,420,867,020 | 415,254,984 | 33,247 | 78,606,219 | 1,914,761,470 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| Instruction | 697,834,597 | 197,405,343 | | 14,447,425 | 909,687,365 |
| Student support services | 79,373,693 | 21,207,890 | | | 100,581,583 |
| Instructional staff support services | 118,046,073 | 63,871,250 | | | 181,917,323 |
| District administrative support services | 8,058,424 | 717,406 | | | 8,775,830 |
| School administrative support services | 115,407,265 | 12,709,084 | | | 128,116,349 |
| Business support services | 49,844,662 | 13,624,402 | | | 63,469,064 |
| Plant operations and maintenance | 119,368,564 | 28,003,341 | | 123,030 | 147,494,935 |
| Transportation | 72,866,769 | 10,941,334 | | | 83,808,103 |
| Food service | 106,892 | 4,810,199 | | | 4,917,091 |
| Community services | 2,390,351 | 9,750,454 | | | 12,140,805 |
| Other instructional support services | | 20,302 | | | 20,302 |
| Building renovations | 1,394,776 | 112,267 | 102,587,751 | | 104,094,794 |
| Other | | | 471,030 | | 471,030 |
| Debt service | | | | | |
| Principal | | | | 36,338,627 | 36,338,627 |
| Interest | | | | 20,268,424 | 20,268,424 |
| Total Expenditures | 1,264,692,066 | 363,173,272 | 103,058,781 | 71,177,506 | 1,802,101,625 |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures | 156,174,954 | 52,081,712 | (103,025,534) | 7,428,713 | 112,659,845 |

Continued

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Continued
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | General Fund | Special Revenue Fund | Construction Fund | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | |
| Issuance of school building revenue bonds | | | 86,445,000 | | 86,445,000 |
| Premiums on bonds sold | | | 8,010,551 | | 8,010,551 |
| Transfers to Proprietary Funds | (3,002,495) | | | | (3,002,495) |
| Transfers from Proprietary Funds | 4,526,682 | 5,000 | | | 4,531,682 |
| Transfers in | 33,404,974 | 1,932,656 | 4,758,454 | 46,109,384 | 86,205,468 |
| Transfers out | (3,691,260) | (33,404,974) | (3,230,224) | (45,879,010) | (86,205,468) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 31,237,901 | (31,467,318) | 95,983,781 | 230,374 | 95,984,738 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | 187,412,855 | 20,614,394 | (7,041,753) | 7,659,087 | 208,644,583 |
| Fund Balances, Beginning of Year | 155,306,795 | (3,596,363) | 83,202,728 | 10,663,325 | 245,576,485 |
| Fund Balances, End of Year | \$ 342,719,650 | \$ 17,018,031 | \$ 76,160,975 | \$ 18,322,412 | \$ 454,221,068 |

Continued

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the District-wide Statement of Activities

| | |
|---|------------------------------|
| Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds | \$ 208,644,583 |
| <i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</i> | |
| Additions to capital assets capitalized on district-wide statement of net position. | 182,504,008 |
| Dispositions of capital assets are reflected on the district-wide statement of activities. | (26,226,925) |
| Capital asset use is expensed as depreciation on the district-wide statement of activities. | (63,460,224) |
| Bond principal payments are recorded as a reduction of a liability on the district-wide statement of net position. | 36,338,627 |
| Bonds issued are capitalized on the district-wide statement of net position. | (86,445,000) |
| Bond premiums and discounts must be amortized over the remaining life of the bonds. | (5,936,231) |
| Capitalized savings from bond refundings must be amortized over the remaining life of the bonds. | (73,866) |
| Bond interest payable is reflected on the full accrual basis on the district-wide statement of net position. | 79,363 |
| Long-term leases are capitalized on the statement of net position. | (1,316,806) |
| Long-term workers compensation liability increased on the district-wide financial statements. | (1,244,754) |
| Long-term vacation payable decreased on the district-wide financial statements. | 662,928 |
| Long-term sick leave payable decreased on the district-wide financial statements. | 138,841 |
| Pension expense represents the cost of providing long-term benefits on the district-wide statement of activities. | 103,589,047 |
| Changes in deferred outflows related to pension plans are long-term in nature and are on the district-wide statement of activities. | (33,454,473) |
| Changes in deferred inflows related to pension plans are long-term in nature and are on the district-wide statement of activities. | (55,581,940) |
| Changes in deferred outflows related to other post-retirement employee benefits and are on the district-wide statement of activities. | 21,642,798 |
| Changes in deferred inflows related to other post-retirement employee benefits and are on the district-wide statement of activities. | (74,407,810) |
| Expenses related to other post-retirement employee benefits represents long-term employment costs on the district-wide statement of activities. | 79,178,908 |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities | <u>\$ 284,631,074</u> |

See Notes to Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
June 30, 2022

| | <u>Enterprise Funds</u> | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| | <u>School Food Services</u> | <u>Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| Assets | | | |
| Current Assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3,604,025 | \$ 316,931 | \$ 3,920,956 |
| Accounts receivable | 6,288,066 | 11,783 | 6,299,849 |
| Inventories | 4,189,891 | | 4,189,891 |
| Due from other funds | 24,562,981 | 1,258,416 | 25,821,397 |
| Total Current Assets | 38,644,963 | 1,587,130 | 40,232,093 |
| Total Land and Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation | 16,520,839 | | 16,520,839 |
| Total Assets | 55,165,802 | 1,587,130 | 56,752,932 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Differences between actual and expected experience | 2,562,124 | 3,756 | 2,565,880 |
| Changes in assumptions | 4,258,568 | 6,302 | 4,264,870 |
| Change in proportionate share | 51,472 | 91 | 51,563 |
| Pension and OPEB contributions after measurement date | 5,872,667 | 8,628 | 5,881,295 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 12,744,831 | 18,777 | 12,763,608 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | 1,276,934 | 4,565 | 1,281,499 |
| Due to other funds | 34,102,451 | 19,691 | 34,122,142 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 35,379,385 | 24,256 | 35,403,641 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | | | |
| Unfunded pension liabilities | 43,655,617 | 63,996 | 43,719,613 |
| Unfunded post-employment benefits liabilities | 13,863,023 | 20,550 | 13,883,573 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | 57,518,640 | 84,546 | 57,603,186 |
| Total Liabilities | 92,898,025 | 108,802 | 93,006,827 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Differences between actual and expected experience | 4,787,076 | 7,153 | 4,794,229 |
| Changes in assumptions | 12,185 | 17 | 12,202 |
| Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments | 7,949,563 | 11,677 | 7,961,240 |
| Change in proportionate share | 3,358,496 | 4,925 | 3,363,421 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 16,107,320 | 23,772 | 16,131,092 |
| Net Position | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 16,520,839 | | 16,520,839 |
| Unrestricted | (57,615,551) | 1,473,333 | (56,142,218) |
| Total Net Position | \$ (41,094,712) | \$ 1,473,333 | \$ (39,621,379) |

See Notes to Financial Statements

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Enterprise Funds | | Total |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| | School Food Services | Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | |
| Operating Revenues | | | |
| Lunchroom sales | \$ 697,576 | | \$ 697,576 |
| Tuition and fees | | \$ 278,855 | 278,855 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 697,576 | 278,855 | 976,431 |
| Operating Expenses | | | |
| Salaries and personnel services | 22,825,817 | 75,647 | 22,901,464 |
| Employee benefits | 8,160,228 | (35,188) | 8,125,040 |
| Purchased professional services | 108,916 | 35,321 | 144,237 |
| Purchased property and maintenance services | 3,789,721 | 12,431 | 3,802,152 |
| Other purchased services | 67,782 | 5,941 | 73,723 |
| Supplies and materials | 21,529,190 | 23,205 | 21,552,395 |
| Property | 134,184 | 32,447 | 166,631 |
| Miscellaneous | 47,024 | 777 | 47,801 |
| Depreciation | 1,596,845 | | 1,596,845 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 58,259,707 | 150,581 | 58,410,288 |
| Income (Loss) From Operations | (57,562,131) | 128,274 | (57,433,857) |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) | | | |
| Federal grants | 63,798,835 | | 63,798,835 |
| State grants | 480,606 | | 480,606 |
| Other state revenue | 4,902,526 | 180,762 | 5,083,288 |
| Donated commodities | 2,063,846 | | 2,063,846 |
| Interest income | 9,782 | 655 | 10,437 |
| Other revenues | 36,692 | 7,557 | 44,249 |
| Total Non-Operating Revenues | 71,292,287 | 188,974 | 71,481,261 |
| Transfers | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | (4,526,682) | (5,000) | (4,531,682) |
| Transfers from other funds | 3,002,495 | | 3,002,495 |
| Total Transfers | (1,524,187) | (5,000) | (1,529,187) |
| Change in Net Position | 12,205,969 | 312,248 | 12,518,217 |
| Net Position, Beginning of Year | (53,300,681) | 1,161,085 | (52,139,596) |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ (41,094,712) | \$ 1,473,333 | \$ (39,621,379) |

See Notes to Financial Statements

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Enterprise Funds | | Totals |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | School Food Services | Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | |
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities | | | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ 697,576 | \$ 38,501 | \$ 736,077 |
| Cash paid to suppliers | (2,733,036) | (66,143) | (2,799,179) |
| Cash paid to employees | (60,582,005) | (104,493) | (60,686,498) |
| Cash paid for other expenses | (155,940) | (36,098) | (192,038) |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities | (62,773,405) | (168,233) | (62,941,638) |
| Cash Flows From Investing Activities | | | |
| Interest income | 9,782 | 655 | 10,437 |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Investing Activities | 9,782 | 655 | 10,437 |
| Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities | | | |
| Additions to capital assets | (236,764) | | (236,764) |
| Interest paid | 36,692 | | 36,692 |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Capital and Related Financing Activities | (200,072) | | (200,072) |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities | | | |
| Cash used for operational grant required match | | (5,000) | (5,000) |
| Cash received for operational grants | 66,561,097 | 188,319 | 66,749,416 |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Noncapital Financing Activities | 66,561,097 | 183,319 | 66,744,416 |
| Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 3,597,402 | 15,741 | 3,613,143 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year | 6,623 | 301,190 | 307,813 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year | \$ 3,604,025 | \$ 316,931 | \$ 3,920,956 |

Continued

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds – Continued
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | <u>Enterprise Funds</u> | | <u>Totals</u> |
|--|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| | <u>School Food Services</u> | <u>Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds</u> | |
| Reconciliation of Income (Loss) from Operations to Net Cash | | | |
| Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities | | | |
| Income (Loss) from operations | \$ (57,562,131) | \$ 128,274 | \$ (57,433,857) |
| Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation | 1,596,845 | | 1,596,845 |
| Donated commodities | 2,063,846 | | 2,063,846 |
| Transfers | (1,524,187) | | (1,524,187) |
| Change in accounts receivable | | 302 | 302 |
| Change in amounts due from other funds | (24,562,981) | (240,656) | (24,803,637) |
| Change in inventories | (1,157,112) | | (1,157,112) |
| Change in deferred outflows | 5,272,915 | 21,357 | 5,294,272 |
| Change in amounts due to other funds | 22,630,185 | 11,578 | 22,641,763 |
| Change in accrued liabilities | 775,109 | (3,697) | 771,412 |
| Change in deferred inflows | 8,888,038 | 927 | 8,888,965 |
| Change in unfunded postemployment benefits liabilities | (5,509,725) | (37,703) | (5,547,428) |
| Change in unfunded pension liability | (13,684,207) | (48,615) | (13,732,822) |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities | \$ (62,773,405) | \$ (168,233) | \$ (62,941,638) |

Summary of Noncash Financing Activity

| | |
|---|--------------|
| Donated commodities from the US Dept of Agriculture | \$ 2,063,846 |
| District facilities support – rent forgiven on cafeterias | \$ 3,002,495 |
| Depreciation | \$ 1,596,845 |

Adjustments in Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activity

| | |
|---|----------------|
| Accounts receivable related to grant revenues | \$ (2,620,870) |
|---|----------------|

See Notes to Financial Statements

Statement of Net Assets

**Jefferson County Public Education Foundation, a Major Component Unit of the Board
of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky**

June 30, 2022

| | <u>Total</u> |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Assets | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 597,129 |
| Investments | <u>1,396,498</u> |
| Total Assets | \$ <u>1,993,627</u> |
| Net Assets | |
| Without donor restrictions | \$ 34,183 |
| With donor restrictions | <u>1,959,444</u> |
| Total Net Assets | \$ <u>1,993,627</u> |

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets
Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | <u>Without Donor Restrictions</u> | <u>With Donor Restrictions</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Operating Revenues | | | |
| Contributions | \$ 16,803 | \$ 193,237 | \$ 210,040 |
| Net investment income | | (197,196) | (197,196) |
| Net assets released from restriction | 296,345 | (296,345) | |
| Total Operating Revenues | <u>313,148</u> | <u>(300,304)</u> | <u>12,844</u> |
| Operating Expenses | | | |
| Program services | 283,059 | | 283,059 |
| Management and general | 15,100 | | 15,100 |
| Total Operating Expenses | <u>298,159</u> | | <u>298,159</u> |
| Change in Net Assets | 14,989 | (300,304) | (285,315) |
| Net Assets, Beginning of Year | 19,194 | 2,259,748 | 2,278,942 |
| Net Assets, End of Year | \$ <u>34,183</u> | \$ <u>1,959,444</u> | \$ <u>1,993,627</u> |

See Notes to Financial Statements



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity—The Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky (the “District”) is established under and governed by the Kentucky School Laws and maintains a system of schools primarily for kindergarten through twelfth grade, but also includes pre-school, vocational and adult education. The District is a school district of the Commonwealth of Kentucky having boundaries coterminous with the boundaries of Jefferson County, excluding the City of Anchorage.

The accompanying financial statements include all funds and activities of the District, including the Jefferson County School Board Finance Corporation (the “Corporation”), a non-stock, not-for-profit Corporation. The Corporation is a blended component unit and was created to act as an agency in the acquisition and financing of any capital project which may be undertaken by the District. Accounts of the Corporation are included in the financial statements as a capital projects fund.

The District is not includable as a component unit within another reporting entity. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

Accounting Standards—The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (“GAAP”) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

District-wide and Fund Financial Statements—The District-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements report information on all the activities of the District. The doubling-up effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely significantly on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to students or parents who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The District allocates certain indirect costs to be included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities in the District-wide Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the District-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting—The District-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible during the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to pensions, other post employment benefits, compensated absences and workers' compensation claims, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue and charges for services. Occupational tax revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund, which accounts for all of the activities of the general government not required to be accounted for in another fund. Local taxes account for 60.9% of the General Fund revenues, while the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") program accounts for 15.8% of General Fund revenues. SEEK is a program that began in 1990 as the result of the Kentucky Education Reform Act ("KERA"), and is the basic State funding spent by the District. Other State Revenues are 22.9% of General Fund revenues and are principally health insurance for all employees and teachers' pension match paid by the State on the District's behalf, as discussed further on page 34 of Note A.

The Special Revenue Fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for the activities of specific education related programs in accordance with restrictions established by the various grantors (primarily the United States Government and state and local governments). This includes certain KERA grants which carry grantor restrictions related to expenditures.

The Construction Fund accounts for funds from three sources. First, funds generated by sales of bond issues are used for various construction projects at educational facilities. Second, proceeds from the sale of properties and equipment owned by the District are to be used at the discretion of the District for future construction projects. Last, any funds remaining in the Capital Outlay and Building Funds at the end of the year are escrowed to pay for categorical priorities listed in the Long-Range Facility Plan, discussed on page 13 of the MD&A.



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services or producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund’s principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The District reports as a major proprietary fund the School and Community Nutrition Services (“School Food Services”) Program which provides certain food preparation at the Nutrition Center and serves breakfast and lunch at schools throughout Jefferson County.

Component Unit—The Jefferson County Public Education Foundation (“JCPEF”) is a 501(c)(3) public charity whose predominate mission is to support Jefferson County Public Schools, its students, and its staff. It maintains separate accounting records with full financial authority and a completely independent Board. As the only component unit, it qualifies as major and is reported as a separate financial statement of major component units. JCPEF maintains its financial records using the modified cash basis. These records have been audited separately and a copy of their financial statements can be obtained at Jefferson County Public Education Foundation, VanHoose Education Center, 3332 Newburg Road, Louisville, KY, 40218.

JCPEF reports net assets and revenues, expenses, gains, and losses based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of JCPEF and changes are reported as follows:

Without donor restriction – Portion of expendable funds available for support in the JCPEF operation.
With donor restrictions – Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations. These net assets include those that may or will be met either by actions of JCPEF and/or the passage of time and also include \$1,324,469 permanent endowment funds.

JCPEF maintains cash in a bank account insured by the Federal Depositors Insurance Corporation (“FDIC”). When balances exceeded FDIC limits, excess amounts exposed to credit risk were secured by United States Treasury repurchase agreements. Investments remain subject to custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, and concentration of credit risk as outlined in Note B. All investments have been measured and reported at fair value according to the hierarchy explained in Note B:

| Investments by Fair Value Level | Fair Value Measurements Using: | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|---|
| | June 30, 2022 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets – Level 1 | Significant Other Observable Inputs – Level 2 | Significant Other Unobservable Inputs – Level 3 |
| Corporate Bonds | \$ 248,058 | | \$ 248,058 | |
| Treasury Notes | 24,959 | \$ 24,959 | | |
| Mutual funds – fixed income | 84,008 | \$ 84,008 | | |
| Equities | 197,332 | 197,332 | | |
| Mutual funds – equity | 807,163 | 807,163 | | |
| Exchange Traded Funds | 34,978 | 34,978 | | |
| Total Debt Securities | \$ 1,396,498 | \$ 1,148,440 | \$ 248,058 | |



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Cash and Cash Equivalents—The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories—Inventories are valued at the lower of cost, using the first in, first out method, or market. Generally, the only inventory items marked to market are diesel, gasoline, and items determined to be obsolete with no current market value. The Food Service Fund’s inventories consist of food and supplies valued at cost and U. S. Government commodities whose value is determined by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

In the governmental funds balance sheet, reported inventories in the general fund are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute “available spendable resources” even though they are a component of total assets.

Capital Assets—Capital assets include land, buildings, vehicles, office equipment, school equipment, and food service equipment, and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the District-wide Statement of Net Position and in the Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds. The District maintains a record of its capital assets, and those with a cost of \$1,000 or more are capitalized. All computers, regardless of cost, are capitalized. Additions to capital assets are recorded at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method. Capital assets are depreciated over estimated useful lives as determined by the Kentucky Department of Education, as follows:

| | <u>Estimated life (years)</u> |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Land improvements | 20 |
| Buildings | 50 |
| Building improvements | 25 |
| Carpet/tile | 7 |
| Technology equipment | 5 |
| School buses | 10 |
| Other vehicles | 5 |
| Rolling stock | 15 |
| Food service equipment | 12 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 20 |
| Audio-visual equipment | 15 |
| Other general equipment | 10 |
| Musical Instrument | 10 |

The same asset classifications may be leased over a period exceeding 12 months instead of purchased, which would qualify as capital leases. These leased assets are amortized over the remaining term of the lease, rather than in accordance with the depreciable life table.

Estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Fund Balance—Fund balance is separated into five categories, as follows:

| Category | Definition | District Purpose |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Nonspendable | Permanently nonspendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or items which may not be used for another purpose, such as amounts used to prepay future expenses or already-purchased inventory on hand | Prepaid expenses and inventory on hand |
| Restricted | Legally restricted under federal or state law, bond authority, or grantor contract | Grant funds, bond proceeds, and funds governed by specific state laws |
| Committed | Commitments passed by the elected Board through a Resolution and can not be used for any other purpose unless modified or rescinded by Board Resolution | Required reserves to meet payroll and accounts payable cash flow requirements |
| Assigned | Spendable fund balance amounts authorized by management priority including issued encumbrances | Encumbered purchase orders (budgeted, approved money allocated/assigned to a purchase but not yet spent) and other specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed |
| Unassigned | Funds available for future operations | Funds available for future operations |

| Category | District Purpose | General Fund | Special Revenue | Construction Fund | Nonmajor Funds | Purpose Total |
|-----------------|--|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Nonspendable | Prepaid expenses and inventory on hand | \$ 3,615,845 | | | \$ 230,105 | \$ 3,845,950 |
| Restricted | Grant or donor-directed funds | | \$ 17,018,031 | | 4,759,044 | 21,777,075 |
| | Unspent bond proceeds and unallocated project residuals | | | \$ 76,160,975 | | 76,160,975 |
| | Funds governed by specific state laws | | | | 13,333,263 | 13,333,263 |
| Committed | Cash flows protection | 36,000,000 | | | | 36,000,000 |
| Assigned | Encumbered purchase orders (budgeted, approved money allocated/assigned to a purchase but not yet spent) | 25,081,718 | | | | 25,081,718 |
| Unassigned | Funds available for future operations | 278,022,087 | | | | 278,022,087 |



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Unassigned fund balance is generally only reported in the General Fund. However, if expenditures for a governmental fund other than the General Fund exceeded amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

It is the District’s practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, District, or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. Encumbrances remaining open at the end of the fiscal year are automatically re-budgeted in the following fiscal year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance in the governmental funds balance sheet. Board policy 04.31 grants this authority to the Superintendent or the Superintendent’s designee. The Superintendent has granted fund balance assignment authority to the Director of Purchasing.

Statutorily, the Kentucky Department of Education may assume financial control over any school district whose fund balance drops below 2% of the total expenditures of certain funds. To maintain balances above this level, they recommend reserving at least 5%. The elected Jefferson County Board of Education committed funds to ensure fund balance remains above these levels. While these funds have been properly committed and not budgeted for future years’ expenditures, there is no mandate on how the committed funds would be used if the District fell below the 2% floor.

Property Tax Revenues—Property taxes are levied each November on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property in Jefferson County. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual due date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing.

On-Behalf Payments—The Commonwealth of Kentucky pays certain expenses on behalf of the District. In the financial statements, these payments are recorded as an expense and other state revenue. These expenses include the following:

| | <u>2021-22</u> |
|---|-----------------------|
| Health insurance | \$ 111,962,350 |
| KTRS employer match | 218,563,512 |
| HRA, dental, vision, and life insurance | 4,384,337 |
| State administration fee | 1,357,233 |
| Reimbursement from federal programs | (8,040,326) |
| State facility construction support | 9,617,566 |
| Technology systems | 688,123 |
| | <u>\$ 338,532,795</u> |



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Budgetary Principles—The Superintendent must submit the proposed budget for all funds other than school-based activity funds to members of the Board each year. The Board Members will then discuss and, where so desired, amend the proposed budget and will adopt a final budget by September 30 of each fiscal year. Any adjustments to the adopted budget must be approved by the Board.

Budget information is presented for the General Fund and other funds with a legally-adopted budget. This budgetary data is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary revenues represent original estimates modified for any adjustments authorized by the Board during the fiscal year. Budgetary expenditures represent original appropriations adjusted for budget transfers and additional appropriations approved during the fiscal year. Although budgets are prepared on a line-item basis by cost center for each department, expenditures may legally exceed budget in these areas but may not exceed the budget in total. District Activity Funds and Student Activity Funds do not have legally-adopted budgets and budgetary information is not presented for these funds.

Interfund Receivables and Payables—Each fund is a separate fiscal and accounting entity, and thus interfund transactions are recorded in each fund affected by a transaction. Interfund receivables and payables for the District arise generally from two types of transactions: 1) all funds are initially received into the General Fund, thus a payable and receivable are established in the appropriate funds; and 2) payments are from the General Fund checking account, which may not have the legal liability for the expenditure, thus a payable from the fund having the legal liability is established at such time. Typically, interfund receivables and liabilities are resolved monthly, and all of these balances should be resolved within a year. All interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated on the District-wide Statement of Net Position.

| | Due from other Funds Reported in General Fund | Due to other Funds Reported in General Fund |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Special Revenue Fund | \$ 43,883,780 | \$ 31,206,722 |
| Construction Fund | 9,001,613 | 29,999,863 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 10,972,411 |
| Food Service Fund | 34,102,451 | 24,562,981 |
| Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | 19,691 | 1,258,416 |
| | <u>\$ (87,007,535)</u> | <u>\$ 98,000,393</u> |



Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Transfers to Other Funds—Although each fund is its own distinct reporting entity, periodically, funds have cause to make transfers to other funds. The most common reasons necessitating interfund transfers are for debt service payments and grant matching funds. Debt service payments may be paid from the Capital Outlay Fund, Building Fund, Construction Fund, Food Service Fund, or one grant within the Special Revenue Fund, but the expenditures are recorded in the Debt Service Fund with transfers recorded to keep the funds in balance. At times, the District receives grants which require an amount of matching funds. Usually, the General Fund supplies this match offset by transfers to the Special Revenue Fund. The following is a schedule of the District’s transfers during the year:

| | <u>Transfers from other funds</u> | <u>Transfers to other funds</u> | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| General Fund | \$ 37,931,656 | \$ 6,693,755 | Food Service facilities rent forgiven, grant matching, and construction funding |
| Special Revenue Fund | \$ 1,937,656 | 33,404,974 | Grant matching funds and accounting changes |
| Construction Fund | 4,758,454 | 3,230,224 | Debt service payments and escrowed funds used for current construction |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 46,109,384 | 45,879,010 | Debt service payments and escrowed funds used for current construction |
| Food Service Fund | 3,002,495 | 4,526,682 | Facilities rent forgiven by General Fund |
| Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | | 5,000 | Loss from operations made up by other funds and grant match |
| | <u>\$ 93,739,645</u> | <u>\$ 93,739,645</u> | |

Pensions—For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kentucky Teachers Retirement System and the County Employees Retirement System and additions to/deductions from these pensions’ fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by those pensions. The pensions’ financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (“OPEB”)—For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kentucky Teachers Retirement System and the County Employees Retirement System and additions to/deductions from the plans’ fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the respective plans. The plans’ financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide contributions. For this purpose, the plans recognize benefit payments when due and payable, in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.



Note B—Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District's deposits are maintained in five designated financial institutions. Deposits at all these financial institutions are entirely insured by the FDIC or by collateral held by the financial institutions in the District's name, as is required by the District's investment policy, though custodial credit risk is not specifically mentioned in this policy. During the year, the District invests excess cash into short-term United States Government obligations or bank certificates of deposit collateralized by U.S. Government securities. These investments are either insured or securities are held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the District's name.

In compliance with Kentucky Statutes, the District's investment policy 04.6 specifies that the District's investment objectives, in order of priority, are the following:

- a. Legality
- b. Safety of principal
- c. Liquidity to enable the District to meet all operating requirements
- d. Return on Investment

The complete investment policy 04.6 is available at <http://policy.ksba.org/Chapter.aspx?distid=56>. Investments consist of certificates of deposit and U.S. Government agency securities. The certificates of deposit are held by various schools' activity funds in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds at several financial institutions located in Jefferson County, Kentucky, and have various rates of interest and maturity dates greater than ninety days. Such investments are stated at fair value as of June 30. These investments are covered by depositor insurance or by collateral held by the financial institutions in the District's name. The U.S. Government Securities also have maturities greater than ninety days and their value has been adjusted to fair value. As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments:

| Fund Type | Investment Type | Fair Value | Moody's Rating | Weighted Average Maturity in Years |
|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Governmental | Federal Agencies | \$ 14,859,800 | Aaa | 2.65 |
| | Certificates of Deposit | 586,386 | | 0.99 |
| | | <u>\$ 15,446,186</u> | | |



Note B—Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments—Continued

Credit Risk—Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. In an effort to minimize the likelihood that an issuer will default, the District has limited the number of permissible investments under its investment policy to certain highly rated investments. In accordance with this policy, the District is authorized to invest in the following:

- a. Obligations of the United States and of its agencies, national corporations, and instrumentalities, including repurchase agreements
- b. Certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan institutions
- c. Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and of its agencies and municipalities
- d. Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality or agency thereof, in the United States, but only if fully defeased by direct obligations of or guaranteed by the United States of America
- e. Interest bearing deposits in national and state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount so insured, and in larger amounts providing such bank shall pledge as security obligations having a current quoted market value at least equal to any uninsured deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All investments held by the District are insured or collateralized with securities held in the District's name. The securities held as collateral are maintained either by the Federal Reserve or in the trust area of major national banks.

Interest Rate Risk—Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair value by purchasing a combination of cash holdings, shorter-term, and longer-term investments. The District's investments in federal agency securities are callable instruments and particularly carry this form of risk. The District has no formal policies relating to interest rate risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk—The District's investment policy places no limit on the amount the District may invest with any one issuer; however, all holdings must be collateralized with securities held in the District's name. As of June 30, 2022, the District had \$1,750,000 of deposits insured by the FDIC. Amounts on deposit in excess of FDIC insurance required to be collateralized were collateralized by securities held in the District's name and none were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Fair Value Measurement—The District's investments are measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 – Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 – Investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable assets either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 – Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note B—Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments—Continued

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment’s risk. Debt securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor.

| Investments by Fair Value Level | June 30, 2022 | Fair Value Measurements Using: | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--|---|---|
| | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets – Level 1 | Significant Other Observable Inputs – Level 2 | Significant Other Unobservable Inputs – Level 3 |
| Certificates of Deposit | \$ 586,386 | | \$ 586,386 | |
| U.S. Agency Obligations | 14,859,800 | \$ 14,859,800 | | |
| Total Debt Securities | \$ 15,446,186 | \$ 14,859,800 | \$ 586,386 | |

Note C—Receivables

The District recognizes revenues as receivable when they are measurable and receipt is certain. Concentration of credit risk with respect to the receivables from federal and state governments is limited due to the historical stability of those institutions. While the District receives revenues from many different outside sources throughout the year, the accounts and grants receivable from outside sources may be grouped into the following categories:

| Accounts and grants receivable from outside sources | Governmental Funds | Proprietary Funds | Total |
|---|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Accounts receivable | \$ 941,227 | \$ 6,299,849 | \$ 7,241,076 |
| Taxes receivable | 24,119,417 | | 24,119,417 |
| Grants receivable | 35,997,116 | | 35,997,116 |
| | \$ 61,057,760 | \$ 6,299,849 | \$ 67,357,609 |

Federal and state grants to be used or expended as specified by the grantor are recognized as revenue and recorded as receivables as qualifying expenditures are made.

The following is the District’s property tax calendar:

| Date | Event |
|----------------------------|--|
| January 1, year of levy | Assessment date |
| October 1, year of levy | Taxes levied |
| November 30, year of levy | 2% discount allowed |
| December 31, year of levy | 1% discount allowed |
| January 31, following year | Gross amount due |
| February 1, following year | Delinquent date, 1½ % interest added per month |
| April 1, following year | 10% penalty added |

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note C—Receivables—Continued

Unpaid property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of the delinquent date. The Jefferson County Clerk’s Office collects personal property tax on vehicles when registered. The Jefferson County Sheriff’s Office bills and collects all property taxes on real estate and other personal property on behalf of the District. District property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

Although the District has taxes receivable from a variety of constituents, a substantial portion of the debtors’ ability to honor this debt is dependent upon the widely diverse economic environment of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and the local area.

Note D—Capital Assets

Activity in capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

| | Balance June 30, 2021 | Additions | Dispositions | Balance June 30, 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| Governmental Activities | | | | |
| Land | \$ 29,247,665 | | | \$ 29,247,665 |
| Construction in progress | 27,322,323 | 106,007,527 | \$ 25,375,683 | 107,954,167 |
| | 56,569,988 | 106,007,527 | 25,375,683 | 137,201,832 |
| Land improvements | 47,051,535 | 3,695,939 | 105,497 | 50,641,977 |
| Buildings & building improvements | 1,480,880,860 | 33,268,411 | 15,000 | 1,514,134,271 |
| Leased buildings | | 538,624 | | 538,624 |
| Technology equipment | 112,004,249 | 27,154,560 | 3,648,168 | 135,510,641 |
| Leased technology | | 967,214 | 211,839 | 755,375 |
| Vehicles | 111,334,919 | 2,110,441 | 1,066,194 | 112,379,166 |
| General equipment | 72,813,817 | 8,761,293 | 1,265,417 | 80,309,693 |
| | 1,824,085,380 | 76,496,482 | 6,312,115 | 1,894,269,747 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | | | |
| Land improvements | 31,489,347 | 1,712,387 | 96,192 | 33,105,542 |
| Buildings & building improvements | 796,279,849 | 38,589,699 | 10,550 | 834,858,998 |
| Technology equipment | 82,471,298 | 12,432,746 | 3,354,151 | 91,549,893 |
| Leased technology | | 418,558 | | 418,558 |
| Vehicles | 84,637,080 | 6,023,898 | 1,066,194 | 89,594,784 |
| General equipment | 42,902,575 | 4,282,936 | 933,786 | 46,251,725 |
| | 1,037,780,149 | 63,460,224 | 5,460,873 | 1,095,779,500 |
| | \$ 842,875,219 | \$ 119,043,785 | \$ 26,226,925 | \$ 935,692,079 |

Included in this table is current construction in progress. Items are not depreciated until placed into service. Accordingly, these items have no accumulated depreciation. Please note that minor adjustments or corrections are included in the dispositions column above and may cause small variances.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note D—Capital Assets—Continued

| | Balance June 30, 2021 | Additions | Dispositions | Balance June 30, 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Business-type Activities | | | | |
| Land | \$ 1,000,000 | | | \$ 1,000,000 |
| Land improvements | 4,745 | | | 4,745 |
| Buildings & building improvements | 17,030,604 | | | 17,030,604 |
| Technology equipment | 1,277,126 | \$ 60,569 | \$ 592 | 1,337,103 |
| Vehicles | 2,162,043 | | | 2,162,043 |
| General equipment | 31,775,857 | 180,918 | 135,102 | 31,821,673 |
| | <u>53,250,375</u> | <u>241,487</u> | <u>135,694</u> | <u>53,356,168</u> |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | | | |
| Land improvements | 1,758 | 237 | | 1,995 |
| Buildings & building improvements | 7,496,703 | 340,782 | | 7,837,485 |
| Technology equipment | 1,153,166 | 78,837 | 592 | 1,231,411 |
| Vehicles | 1,991,233 | 80,107 | | 2,071,340 |
| General equipment | 24,726,595 | 1,096,882 | 130,379 | 25,693,098 |
| | <u>35,369,455</u> | <u>1,596,845</u> | <u>130,971</u> | <u>36,835,329</u> |
| | <u>\$ 17,880,920</u> | <u>\$ (1,355,358)</u> | <u>\$ 4,723</u> | <u>\$ 16,520,839</u> |

Please note that minor adjustments or corrections are included in the dispositions column above and may cause small variances.

The District implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement no. 87, *Leases*, during the 2021-22 fiscal year, in accordance with the statement requirements. No adjustments to beginning net position were necessary as a result of this implementation. Leased buildings include office and classroom space at a local university with a five year term. Leased technology includes copiers for use in the District print shop (six year term) and various schools (five year terms). Each lease is amortized over the term of the lease.

Depreciation expense for business-type activities was entirely incurred in the operation of the District's school food services program. Depreciation and amortization for governmental activities is included in the following functional categories:

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| Instruction | \$ 53,923,203 |
| Student Support Services | 1,036 |
| District Administrative Support Services | 2,452,943 |
| Business Support Services | 31,017 |
| Plant Operation and Maintenance | 1,080,524 |
| Transportation | 5,915,457 |
| Community Service Operations | <u>56,044</u> |
| | <u>\$ 63,460,224</u> |

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note D—Capital Assets—Continued

Net Investment in Capital Assets—On the District-wide Statement of Net Position, capital assets from Note D and Long-term Debt represent material portions of the District’s net position. This calculation is as follows:

| | Governmental | Business-type |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Capital assets, net of related depreciation | \$ 935,692,079 | \$ 16,520,839 |
| Less: Capital Leases Payable | (1,316,806) | |
| School building revenue bonds | (526,928,129) | |
| Net premiums/discounts on bonds | (26,916,078) | |
| Deferred savings from refunding bonds | 229,614 | |
| Bond proceeds not yet spent on capital projects | 72,966,118 | |
| | <u>\$ 453,726,798</u> | <u>\$ 16,520,839</u> |

Note E—Long-Term Liabilities

School Building Revenue Bonds

| | Original | Outstanding |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|
| 2008 Series B QZAB, non-interest bearing and full bond liability due at maturity in December 2022 | \$ 5,200,000 | \$ 5,200,000 |
| 2010 Series C QSCB, interest rate of 5.125%, principal and interest payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1, with maturities through November 2029 | 27,483,000 | 8,133,772 |
| 2011 Series A QSCB, interest rate of 4.650%, principal and interest payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, with maturities through June 2026 | 30,352,000 | 29,357 |
| 2012 Series A, interest rates ranging from 2.625% to 3.375% and interest payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, with maturities through March 2032 | 13,850,000 | 7,795,000 |
| 2012 Series B, interest rates ranging from 2.3% to 2.6% and interest payable semiannually on July 1 and January 1, with maturities through January 2024 | 20,510,000 | 4,325,000 |
| 2012 Series C, interest rate of 1.9%, principal and interest payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, with maturities through September 2024 | 18,730,000 | 5,685,000 |
| 2012 Series D, interest rates ranging from 2% to 3.125%, principal and interest payable semiannually on October 1 and April 1, with maturities through October 2032 | 27,235,000 | 23,010,000 |
| 2013 Series A, interest rates ranging from 2% to 2.375%, principal and interest payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, with maturities through June 2025 | 22,860,000 | 10,700,000 |
| 2013 Series B, interest rates ranging from 2% to 4%, principal and interest payable semiannually on July 1 and January 1, with maturities through July 2026 | 35,550,000 | 20,980,000 |
| 2013 Series C, interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on November 1 and May 1, with maturities through November 2033 | 33,005,000 | 26,815,000 |
| 2014 Series A, interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on November 1 and May 1, with maturities through May 2034 | 42,890,000 | 39,085,000 |

Continued

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note E—Long-Term Liabilities—Continued

| | Original | Outstanding |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 2015 Series A, interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on October 1 and April 1, with maturities through April 2035 | 16,465,000 | 12,350,000 |
| 2015 Series B, interest rates set at 4%, principal and interest payable semiannually on December 1 and June 1, with maturities through December 2026 | 36,285,000 | 27,530,000 |
| 2015 Series C, interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on December 1 and June 1, with maturities through December 2035 | 15,160,000 | 13,155,000 |
| 2016 Series A, interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 4%, principal and interest payable semiannually on July 1 and January 1, with maturities through July 2036 | 39,855,000 | 34,035,000 |
| 2016 Series B, interest rates set at 2%, principal and interest payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1, with maturities through October 2028 | 7,120,000 | 4,295,000 |
| 2017 Series A, interest rates set at 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on August 1 and February 1, with maturities through August 2029 | 31,270,000 | 28,805,000 |
| 2018 Series A, interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1, with maturities through October 2038 | 29,625,000 | 28,125,000 |
| 2019 Series A, interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on December 1 and June 1, with maturities through June 2037 | 54,860,000 | 51,405,000 |
| 2020 Series A, interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on December 1 and June 1, with maturities through June 2037 | 57,795,000 | 55,245,000 |
| 2021 Series A, interest rates ranging from 2% to 4%, principal and interest payable semiannually on August 1 and February 1, with maturities through February 2041 | 36,350,000 | 35,780,000 |
| 2022 Series B, interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%, principal and interest payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, with maturities through June 2041 | 86,445,000 | 84,445,000 |
| | <u>688,895,000</u> | <u>526,928,129</u> |
| Previous balance of (discounts)/premiums | 30,858,471 | 20,979,847 |
| Premiums on bonds sold during current year | 8,309,953 | 8,309,953 |
| Current year amortization of discounts/(premiums) | | <u>(2,373,722)</u> |
| Unamortized (discounts)/premiums at issuance of bonds | <u>39,168,424</u> | <u>26,916,078</u> |
| | <u>\$ 728,063,424</u> | <u>\$ 553,844,207</u> |

Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are reported in the accompanying District-wide Statement of Net Position as follows:

| | Current | Long-Term | Total |
|-------------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| Governmental activities | \$ 38,333,828 | \$ 515,510,379 | \$ 553,844,207 |

The School Building Revenue Bonds listed below are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity dates at the option of the Board. The redemption prices include a premium of 1% to 3% of the outstanding principal amounts. The earliest allowable redemption dates for each Series are as follows:

| | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2010 Series C November 2029 | 2013 Series A June 2025 | 2015 Series C December 2035 | 2020 Series A June 2037 |
| 2011 Series A June 2026 | 2013 Series B July 2026 | 2016 Series A July 2036 | 2021 Series A February 2041 |
| 2012 Series A March 2032 | 2013 Series C November 2033 | 2016 Series B October 2028 | 2022 Series A June 2041 |
| 2012 Series B January 2024 | 2014 Series A May 2034 | 2017 Series A February 2027 | |
| 2012 Series C September 2024 | 2015 Series A April 2035 | 2018 Series A October 2038 | |
| 2012 Series D October 2032 | 2015 Series B December 2026 | 2019 Series A June 2037 | |

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note E—Long-Term Liabilities—Continued

Bondholders are protected against default by a mechanism whereby the Commonwealth of Kentucky would withhold state SEEK payments and remit required debt service payments directly to the debt service paying agent. All bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations.

In connection with most of the above listed bond issues, the District has entered into participation agreements with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission") which provides that the Commission will remit a stated amount of bond principal and interest payments annually, subject to biennial approval by the Kentucky General Assembly. Should approval not be received in future periods, the District remains obligated for the full amount of the bond principal and interest payments.

Assuming no issues are called prior to scheduled maturity and continued Commission participation, the minimum obligations of the District at June 30, 2022 for debt service is as follows:

| Year Ending June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total Repayments | Less: Commission Participation | Net Repayments |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2023 | \$ 35,930,000 | \$ 17,283,919 | \$ 53,213,919 | \$ 9,618,677 | \$ 43,595,242 |
| 2024 | 32,195,000 | 16,188,983 | 48,383,983 | 9,619,591 | 38,764,392 |
| 2025 | 31,395,000 | 14,960,988 | 46,355,988 | 7,693,150 | 38,662,838 |
| 2026 | 32,624,357 | 19,325,412 | 51,949,769 | 7,729,401 | 44,220,368 |
| 2027 | 33,700,000 | 12,430,185 | 46,130,185 | 7,468,470 | 38,661,715 |
| 2028-2032 | 176,928,772 | 54,266,817 | 231,195,589 | 31,173,104 | 200,022,485 |
| 2033-2037 | 148,660,000 | 15,135,743 | 163,795,743 | 20,358,839 | 143,436,904 |
| 2038-2042 | 35,495,000 | 1,345,906 | 36,840,906 | 4,710,239 | 32,130,667 |
| TOTAL | \$ 526,928,129 | \$ 150,937,953 | \$ 677,866,082 | \$ 98,371,471 | \$ 579,494,611 |

All bonds issued by the District were revenue bonds or refunding bonds of revenue bonds, and the proceeds were used to construct or renovate schools and other facilities. The bonds payable are collateralized by the educational facilities constructed by the District with bond proceeds. Bonds are repaid principally from state revenues in the Capital Outlay Fund and local revenues in the Building Fund. General Fund revenues are available to pay for debt service but have not been needed for this purpose.

As of June 30, 2022, the outstanding principal amount of indebtedness that is considered to be extinguished under "in substance defeasance" and therefore excluded from the District-wide financial statements was \$35,478,527. Although defeased, the funded debt will not be actually retired until the call dates have come due or until maturity if they are not callable issues.

Qualified School Construction Bonds—The District has issued two taxable Qualified School Construction Bonds with direct payment to issuer. As part of this program, the District pays interest to the purchaser at taxable interest rates and receives a refund from the US Department of Treasury for those interest payments. The official bond statements specify that the District will make payments, which will be held in trust for the sole purpose of redeeming the bonds held by the bondholders at maturity. Accordingly, as principal payments are made, both the cash held in trust and the payments made into the trust will be excluded from the District's assets and liabilities, respectively.



Note E—Long-Term Liabilities—Continued

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds ("QZAB")—On December 23, 2008, the District issued \$5,200,000 in Special Obligations School Financing Bond Series 2008B as a QZAB to finance capital projects at Cane Run and Shacklette Elementary Schools. On December 23, 2009, the District began making annual payments of \$371,429 to an escrow account at a local bank. Such payments are being held in trust and invested at an interest rate of 6.0% in accordance with the funding agreement. The final annual payment is due December 23, 2022, at which time the QZAB will mature and the principal will be paid in full from the escrow account.

Lease Obligations--The District has capital leases providing access to university building space and copiers owned by the University of Louisville. The lease obligations are valued at the present value of each lease discounted at the District's average borrowing rate for the term of each lease. All leases are for fixed payment amounts and none have early termination penalties. This schedule shows the remaining lease obligation payments over the life of the capital leases:

| Year Ending June 30 | Payments | Interest | Total Repayments |
|------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| 2023 | \$ 344,813 | \$ 19,845 | \$ 364,658 |
| 2024 | 344,813 | 19,845 | 364,658 |
| 2025 | 318,204 | 18,129 | 336,333 |
| 2026 | 270,769 | 15,729 | 286,498 |
| 2027 | 143,831 | 8,713 | 152,544 |
| TOTAL | \$ 1,422,430 | \$ 82,261 | \$ 1,504,691 |

Estimated Liability for Workers' Compensation Benefits—The estimated liability for workers' compensation benefits consists of claim settlements for reported and outstanding claims and estimated claim settlements for incurred but not reported claims (based upon historical experience and an actuarial study). Estimated claim settlements for incurred but not reported claims are discounted at 3% over the anticipated payment periods to reflect the time value of money. This liability, along with certain related assets and liabilities, is accounted for within the Workers' Compensation Trust Fund, which is a self-insurance fund administered by the District for the purpose of providing workers' compensation insurance to employees of the District.

The District maintained reinsurance covering that portion of risks in excess of \$1,000,000 for any one occurrence with a \$500,000 deductible for the year ended June 30, 2022. The limit is subject to audit by the District's insurer. The District remains liable to the extent that claims are less than the amount of reinsurance coverage or if the reinsuring company is unable to pay its portion of claims. Workers' Compensation liability is charged against the same fund from which each employee's salary is paid. The majority of these payments are charged to General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and School Food Services Fund.

Accrued Vacation Pay and Sick Leave—Accrued vacation pay, which may be accumulated for a period of up to two years, is payable upon termination of employment. Accrued sick leave, which has no maximum accumulation, is payable upon retirement at 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Both accrued sick leave and accrued vacation pay liabilities are charged against the same fund from which each employee's salary is paid. The majority of these payments are charged to General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and School Food Services Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note E—Long-Term Liabilities—Continued

Activity in long-term liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

| | Balance June 30, 2021 | Additions | Deductions | Balance June 30, 2022 | Amounts Due Within One Year |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | |
| School building revenue bonds | \$ 476,821,756 | \$ 86,445,000 | \$ 36,338,627 | \$ 526,928,129 | \$ 35,930,000 |
| Net bond premiums/discounts | 20,979,847 | 8,309,953 | 2,373,722 | 26,916,078 | 2,403,828 |
| Lease obligations | | 1,505,838 | 189,032 | 1,316,806 | 344,813 |
| Estimated liability for workers' compensation benefits | 21,061,756 | 5,280,432 | 3,672,226 | 22,669,962 | 929,305 |
| Accrued vacation pay | 8,471,398 | 5,079,828 | 5,768,828 | 7,782,398 | 1,265,307 |
| Accrued sick leave | 42,922,433 | 11,715,854 | 11,808,244 | 42,830,043 | 1,112,085 |
| | <u>\$ 570,257,190</u> | <u>\$ 118,336,905</u> | <u>\$ 60,150,679</u> | <u>\$ 628,443,416</u> | <u>\$ 41,985,338</u> |

On the Government-wide and Proprietary Funds Statements of Net Position, long-term liabilities are split between the current maturities, which are expected to be paid within one year, and the long-term maturities, which are expected to be paid beyond one year later.

Note F—Retirement Plans

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. Both plans use the entry age normal actuarial funding method and the accrual basis of accounting.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous Plan ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the CERS Board of Trustees under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") 61.646. CERS is governed by a 9-member board of trustees. Another 9-member board of trustees called the Kentucky Retirement Systems oversees the Kentucky Employees Retirement Systems ("KERS") and the State Police Retirement System ("SPRS"). The administrative entity comprising the office of counselors and professional staff is referred to as the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority ("KPPA"). It is governed by a third 8-member board composed of trustees from the boards of trustees of CERS and the Kentucky Retirement Systems. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from <http://kyret.ky.gov/>, by writing to the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by calling (502) 696-8800.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note F—Retirement Plans—Continued

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement and other postemployment benefits, which are described further in Note H. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

| | | |
|--------|----------------------|--|
| Tier 1 | Participation date | Before September 1, 2008 |
| | Unreduced retirement | 27 years service or 65 years old |
| | Reduced retirement | At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age |
| Tier 2 | Participation date | September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013 |
| | Unreduced retirement | At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87 |
| | Reduced retirement | At least 10 years service and 60 years old |
| Tier 3 | Participation date | After December 31, 2013 |
| | Unreduced retirement | At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87 |
| | Reduced retirement | Not available |

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings for Tier 1 employees, or the average of the last five fiscal years' earnings for Tier 2 and Tier 3 employees. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components.

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits equal the employee's final full-year salary.

Contributions—Contribution rates are actuarially determined per KRS Section 78.454 (33) each year. The District's contribution rate to the pension and insurance (OPEB) funds was 26.95%, 24.06% and 24.06% for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Required contributions by the employee to the pension and insurance (OPEB) funds (see Note H for OPEB information) are based on the tier:

| | <u>Required contribution</u> |
|--------|------------------------------|
| Tier 1 | 5% |
| Tier 2 | 5% + 1% for insurance fund |
| Tier 3 | 5% + 1% for insurance fund |



Note F—Retirement Plans—Continued

In accordance with Senate Bill 2, signed by the Governor of Kentucky on April 4, 2013, plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute 5% of their creditable compensation each month to their own account, and 1% to the Insurance Fund which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems and CERS based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit of 4% is deposited to the member's account. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through KTRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the State. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the State of Kentucky and therefore is included in the State's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <https://trs.ky.gov/employers/information/gasb-65-67/>.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the State prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees who retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to 2% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2008, will receive monthly benefits equal to the average of their top three salary years multiplied by a sliding scale rate from 1.7% up to 2.5% based on years of service up to 30 years. Beyond 30 years of service, the rate increases to 3.0%.



Note F—Retirement Plans—Continued

Final average salary is defined as the member’s five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by KRS. Employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the pension plan. The State of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 15.355% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon their request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability | \$ 443,185,785 |
| Commonwealth’s proportionate share of the KTRS net pension liability associated with the District | <u>2,545,897,736</u> |
| | <u>\$ 2,989,083,521</u> |

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note F—Retirement Plans—Continued

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the District's actual contributions to the pension plan relative to the actual contributions of all participating organizations. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 6.95108% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$27,628,295 related to CERS and \$396,608,949 related to KTRS, of which \$203,222,023 was recognized on the fund financial statements as it represented amounts paid on the District's behalf during the year. The District also recognized revenue of \$396,608,949 for KTRS support provided by the State. As of the June 30, 2021 measurement date, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> | <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> |
|--|---|--|
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ 5,089,132 | \$ 4,301,411 |
| Change of assumptions | 5,948,098 | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 59,069,227 |
| Change in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 22,745,238 |
| District contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 46,332,247 | |
| Total | <u>\$ 57,369,477</u> | <u>\$ 86,115,876</u> |

The District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized over a period of either five years for investments-related deferrals or the estimated remaining service life for active participants in the CERS pension for other deferred items. As of June 30, 2021 plan year, the estimated remaining service life was 3.07 years. The net decrease in pension expense related to the amortization of these deferred inflows and outflows of resources is as follows:

| <u>Year ended June 30:</u> | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|
| 2023 | \$ (20,238,843) |
| 2024 | (22,522,075) |
| 2025 | (13,820,314) |
| 2026 | (18,497,416) |
| 2027 | — |
| Thereafter | — |



Note F—Retirement Plans—Continued

Actuarial assumptions—For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 was performed by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company (GRS) for CERS and was performed by Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC (Cavanaugh) for KTRS. The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2021 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2020) to the plan’s fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial principles. There have been no changes in the CERS or KTRS actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2020. Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session increased the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become “totally and permanently disabled” in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 is determined using these updated benefit provisions. There were no other material plan provision changes. Total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

| | <u>CERS</u> | <u>KTRS</u> |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Inflation | 2.30% | 2.50% |
| Payroll growth rate | 2.00% | |
| Projected salary increases | 3.30-10.30% | 3.00-7.50% |
| Investment rate of return, net of investment expense & inflation | 6.25% | 7.10% |

For CERS, the mortality table used for active members was a PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the non-hazardous employees, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP- 2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for non-disabled retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2019, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

For KTRS, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note F—Retirement Plans—Continued

For CERS, the long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class for CERS are summarized as follows:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|
| U.S. Equity | 21.75% | 5.70% |
| Non-US Equity | 21.75% | 6.35% |
| Private Equity | 10.00% | 9.70% |
| Specialty Credit/High Yield | 15.00% | 2.80% |
| Core Bonds | 10.00% | —% |
| Cash | 1.50% | (0.60)% |
| Real Estate | 10.00% | 5.40% |
| Real Return | 10.00% | 4.55% |
| Total | 100% | |

For KTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS’s investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return | Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Large Cap U.S. Equity | 37.4% | 4.2% | High Yield Bonds | 2.0% | 1.7% |
| Small Cap U.S. Equity | 2.6% | 4.7% | Other Additional Categories | 5.0% | 2.2% |
| Developed International Equity | 16.5% | 5.3% | Real Estate | 7.0% | 4.0% |
| Emerging Markets Equity | 5.5% | 5.4% | Private Equity | 7.0% | 6.9% |
| Fixed Income | 15.0% | (0.1)% | Cash | 2.0% | (0.3)% |
| | | | Total | 77.0% | |

Discount rate—For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at required contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.



Note F—Retirement Plans—Continued

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made by the state at the required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) that discounts the entire projected benefit stream to the same amount as the sum of the present values of the two separate benefit payments streams was used to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District’s net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | <u>1% Decrease</u> | <u>Current Discount Rate</u> | <u>1% Increase</u> |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| CERS discount rate | 5.25 % | 6.25 % | 7.25 % |
| District’s proportionate share of net pension liability | \$ 568,406,829 | \$ 443,185,785 | \$ 339,568,355 |
| KTRS discount rate | 6.10 % | 7.10 % | 8.10 % |
| District’s proportionate share of net pension liability | — | — | — |

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and KTRS.

Other Retirement Plans—The District makes available various 401(k) and 403(b) defined contribution pension plans for all employees. These plans are administered by independent third party administrators. Employees are allowed to contribute any amount to the plans up to the Internal Revenue Code maximum allowable amount. The District does not contribute to the plans, but the District retains authority to amend or terminate these plans. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, employees of the District contributed \$2,220,386 to 401(k) plans and \$9,204,366 to 403(b) plans.

Note G—Deferred Compensation

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement and who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District therefore does not show these assets and liabilities on its financial statements. The District does not contribute to the Plan, and employees of the District contributed \$2,537,027 to the Plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.



Note H—Postemployment Benefits

District employees may receive postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) through the same fiduciary pension system to which they contributed during their employment. In accordance with KRS, these benefits are provided and advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis through the CERS and the KTRS plans. The KTRS maintains two separate OPEB plans for its retirees. The structure and how to access the financial and actuarial reports of CERS and KTRS are discussed further in Note F. Both plans offer OPEB benefits that are not based on level of employee pay or contributions.

CERS

The Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems and CERS administer the Kentucky Retirement Systems’ Insurance Fund (the Insurance Fund). KRS provides for a single insurance fund to provide group hospital and medical benefits to retirees drawing a benefit from the three pension funds: (1) KERS; (2) CERS; and (3) SPRS. The assets of the Insurance Fund are also segregated by plan. CERS provides health insurance, disability insurance and death benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. As discussed in Note F, pension benefits are grouped into three tiers based on participation date with benefits adjusted based on tier. OPEB are not adjusted by tier other than the determination of retirement eligibility.

Benefits provided—For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

| <u>Years of Service</u> | <u>% Paid by Insurance Fund</u> |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 20 or more | 100% |
| 15 -19 | 75% |
| 10 - 14 | 50% |
| 4 - 9 | 25% |
| Less than 4 | — |

Note H—Postemployment Benefits—Continued

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members who commenced participating between July 1, 2003 and September 1, 2008 reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, and members who commenced participating on or after September 1, 2008 reach a minimum vesting period of 15 years, they earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index prior to July 1, 2009 and by 1.5% annually after July 1, 2009. Health insurance benefits are not protected under the inviolable contract provisions of Kentucky Revised Statutes 16.652, 61.692, and 78.852. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands.

Contributions—The combined contribution rates for the CERS pension and insurance (OPEB) funds are contained in Note F.



Note H—Postemployment Benefits—Continued

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$133,043,935 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's actual contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the actual contributions of all participating organizations. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 7.306%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$13,897,095. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|---|--|
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ 20,921,196 | \$ 39,722,480 |
| Change of assumptions | 35,272,465 | 123,703 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | | 20,812,895 |
| Change in proportion and difference between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | 11,250,560 |
| District contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 12,649,994 | |
| Total | \$ 68,843,655 | \$ 71,909,638 |

The District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized over a period of either five years for investments-related deferrals or the estimated remaining service life for active participants in CERS OPEB for other deferred items. As of June 30, 2021 plan year, the estimated remaining service life was 4.92 years. The net increase (decrease) in OPEB expense related to the amortization of these deferred inflows and outflows of resources is as follows:

| <u>Year ended June 30</u> | |
|---------------------------|-------------|
| 2023 | \$ 43,564 |
| 2024 | (3,112,890) |
| 2025 | (3,312,057) |
| 2026 | (9,334,595) |
| 2027 | — |
| Thereafter | — |



Note H—Postemployment Benefits—Continued

Actuarial assumptions—For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 was performed by GRS. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2021 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2020) to the plan’s fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session and increased the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who became “totally and permanently disabled” in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 is determined using these updated benefit provisions. There were no other material assumption changes.

The actuarial assumptions are:

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Investment rate of return | 6.25% |
| Payroll growth rate | 2.00% |
| Projected salary increases | 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous |
| Inflation rate | 2.30% |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Mortality: | |
| Pre-retirement | PUB-2010 General Mortality table for the non-hazardous plan, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. |
| Post-retirement (non-disabled) | System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019 |
| Post-retirement (disabled) | PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and females rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. |
| Healthcare cost trend rates: | |
| Under 65 | Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years |
| Over 65 | Initial trend starting at 6.30% in 2023, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years |
| Municipal bond index rate | 1.92% |
| Municipal bond index | Fidelity Index's 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index as of June 30, 2021 |

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using an asset valuation method where 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized.



Note H—Postemployment Benefits—Continued

Discount rate—The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability decreased from 5.34% to 5.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 25 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of CERS’s trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in Note F above.

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate selected by CERS, as well as what the District’s net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (4.20%) | Current Discount (5.20%) | 1% Increase (6.20%) |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| District’s proportionate share of net OPEB Liability | \$ 182,668,284 | \$ 133,043,935 | \$ 92,318,903 |

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates—The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | 1% Decrease | Current Health Care Trend Rate | 1% Increase |
|--|--------------------|---|--------------------|
| District’s proportionate share of net OPEB Liability | \$ 95,775,840 | \$ 133,043,935 | \$ 178,027,119 |

OPEB plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

KTRS Medical Insurance Plan

Benefits provided—To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have either retired from service or due to disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. KTRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member’s supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the KTRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.



Note H—Postemployment Benefits—Continued

Contributions—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, 6.75% of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. 3% is paid by member contributions, 0.75% from State appropriation and 3% from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$222,871,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for Commonwealth OPEB support provided to the District. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District’s proportion was 10.387%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

| | |
|---|------------------------------|
| District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$ 222,871,000 |
| Commonwealth's proportionate share of the District's net OPEB liability | 180,997,000 |
| Total | <u><u>\$ 403,868,000</u></u> |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$6,868,000. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|---|--|
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | \$ 132,532,000 |
| Change of assumptions | \$ 58,295,000 | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | | 23,782,000 |
| Change in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions | 15,141,000 | 2,874,000 |
| District contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 18,436,483 | |
| Total | <u><u>\$ 91,872,483</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 159,188,000</u></u> |

The District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized over a period of either five years for investments-related deferrals or the estimated remaining service life for active participants in CERS OPEB for other deferred items. As of June 30, 2021 plan year, the estimated remaining service life was 6.72 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note H—Postemployment Benefits—Continued

The net decrease in OPEB expense related to the amortization of these deferred inflows and outflows of resources is as follows:

| <u>Year ended June 30</u> | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| 2023 | \$ (20,804,000) |
| 2024 | (20,933,000) |
| 2025 | (19,941,000) |
| 2026 | (19,100,000) |
| 2027 | (4,923,000) |
| Thereafter | (51,000) |

Actuarial assumptions—For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation for KTRS as of June 30, 2021 was performed by Cavanaugh. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2021 was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, using the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the five-year period ending June 30, 2020. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Investment rate of return | 7.10%, net of OPEB Plan Investment Expense, including Inflation |
| Projected salary increases | 3.00% - 7.50% |
| Inflation rate | 2.50% |
| Real Wage Growth | 0.25% |
| Wage Inflation | 2.75% |
| Healthcare cost trend rates: | |
| Under 65 | 7.25% for FY2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY2031 |
| Ages 65 and Older | 5.00% for FY2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY2024 |
| Medicare Part B Premiums | 4.40% for FY2021 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY2034 |
| Municipal Bond Index Rate | 2.13% |
| Discount Rate | 7.10% |
| Single Equivalent Interest Rate | 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation |

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2016. The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation.



Note H—Postemployment Benefits—Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS’s investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | % of Assets in Category | Long-Term Expected Rate of Return |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Global Equity | 58.0% | 5.1% |
| Fixed Income | 9.0% | (0.1)% |
| Real Estate | 6.5% | 4.0% |
| Private Equity | 8.5% | 6.9% |
| High Yield | 8.0% | 1.7% |
| Other Additional Categories | 9.0% | 2.2% |
| Cash (LIBOR) | 1.0% | (0.3)% |
| Total | 100.0% | |

Discount rate—The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate selected by KTRS, as well as what the District’s net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (6.10%) | Current Discount Rate (7.10%) | 1% Increase (8.10%) |
|----|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| \$ | 285,327,000 | \$ 222,871,000 | \$ 171,233,000 |

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note H—Postemployment Benefits—Continued

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates—The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| <u>1% Decrease</u> | <u>Current Trend Rate</u> | <u>1% Increase</u> |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| \$ 161,913,000 | \$ 222,871,000 | \$ 298,724,000 |

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KTRS financial report.

KTRS Life Insurance Plan

As provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655, KTRS administers the Life Insurance Plan for eligible active and retired members. The KTRS Life Insurance Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes to the Plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided—The KTRS Life Insurance Plan provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 payable for members who retire based on service or disability. Active members may receive a \$2,000 lump sum payable. The benefit is payable to the member’s estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions—In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, 0.03% of the gross payroll of members is contributed by the State.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| Commonwealth’s proportionate share of the District’s net OPEB liability | \$ 2,410,000 |
| District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | <u>—</u> |
| Total | <u><u>\$ 2,410,000</u></u> |



Note H—Postemployment Benefits—Continued

The District does not recognize revenue or expense associated with this plan. At June 30, 2022, the District did not have any deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to the net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits.

Actuarial assumptions—For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation for KTRS as of June 30, 2021 was performed by Cavanaugh. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2021 was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, using the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the five-year period ending June 30, 2020. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Investment rate of return | 7.10%, net of OPEB Plan Investment Expense, including inflation |
| Projected salary increases | 3.00% - 7.50%, including wage inflation |
| Inflation rate | 2.50% |
| Real Wage Growth | 0.25% |
| Wage Inflation | 2.75% |
| Municipal Bond Index Rate | 2.13% |
| Discount Rate | 7.10% |
| Single Equivalent Interest Rate | 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation |

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.



Note H—Postemployment Benefits—Continued

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS’s investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | % of Assets in Category | Long-Term Expected Rate of Return |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| U.S. Equity | 40.0% | 4.4% |
| International Equity | 23.0% | 5.6% |
| Fixed Income | 18.0% | (0.1)% |
| Real Estate | 6.0% | 4.0% |
| Private Equity | 5.0% | 6.9% |
| Other Additional Categories | 6.0% | 2.1% |
| Cash (LIBOR) | 2.0% | (0.3)% |
| Total | 100.0% | |

Discount rate—The discount rate used to measure the state’s total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KTRS financial report.

Note I—Commitments

On June 30, 2022, the District had outstanding commitments for construction of \$128,180,059.

Note J—Contingencies

The District is subject to legal actions in various stages of litigation. Based on the advice of counsel, management of the District does not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the financial position of the District as a result of the litigation presently in progress beyond the settlements recorded as liabilities as of June 30, 2022.

In the normal course of operations, the District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor’s review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its expenditures. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed expenditures, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District’s grant programs is predicated upon the grantor’s satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors’ intent to continue their programs.



Note J—Contingencies—Continued

In addition, the District operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the District are subject to the administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal and state regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the U.S. Department of Education and the Kentucky Department of Education. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or the Kentucky Legislature or an administrative change mandated by the Kentucky Department of Education. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including the additional administrative burden to comply with a change.

During March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus (“COVID-19”) outbreak to be a pandemic. Although much of treatment and response to COVID-19 has matured, with testing, vaccines, and treatments available, the evolving nature of the virus has caused the virus to remain fluid, and additional long-term effects are not known at this time.

Note K—Insurance and Risk Financing Related Activities

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicle accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. To further reduce financial risk to the District, additional policies are purchased to address the risk that claims could exceed the insurance coverage limits. Over the past three years, the District has not had claims that exceeded its insurance policies and excess policies. Since claims are entirely managed through commercial insurance, the District has no claims liability as of June 30, 2022.

Note L—Encumbrances

The District classifies encumbrances as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund and as Restricted Fund Balance in other funds on its Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds in accordance with a directive from the Kentucky Department of Education. Issuing and controlling purchase orders is traditionally a management function, and encumbering and releasing the encumbrance of fund balance is a function of the District’s management with approval of members of our Board of Education. As of June 30, 2022, encumbrances were included in our Fund Balances as follows:

| | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| General Fund Assigned Fund Balance | \$ 25,081,718 |
| Special Revenue Fund Restricted Fund Balance | 17,999,985 |
| Construction Fund Restricted Fund Balance | 109,863,459 |
| Nonmajor governmental funds | <u>396,515</u> |
| Total Encumbrances | <u><u>\$ 153,341,677</u></u> |



Note M—Recent GASB Pronouncements

The GASB has issued several reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal 2023 and later years' financial statements:

- Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. Thus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund.
- Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with related obligations, commitments, and footnote disclosures.
- Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements.
- Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, addresses accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR.
- Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, sets to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public arrangements (PPP's).
- Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users.
- Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84 and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.
- Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements.
- Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.
- Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences.

The District is currently evaluating the impact that will result from adopting these GASB standards and is therefore unable to disclose the impact that adopting these standards will have on the District's financial position and the results of its operations when the standards are adopted.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Note N—Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, management of the District has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 15, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On July 28, 2022, the District issued \$74,475,000 of School Building Revenue Bonds maturing June 30, 2031. These bonds pay interest semiannually on June 1 and December 1 at rates ranging from 4% to 5%, yielding rates of 0.1.60% to 2.76%. These bonds were issued to fund construction of two new school buildings and perform major renovation projects at eight other schools.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | General Fund | | | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---|
| | Working Budget | Final Budget | Actual | |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Local sources | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 540,236,192 | \$ 540,236,192 | \$ 551,420,941 | \$ 11,184,749 |
| Occupational taxes | 173,780,000 | 173,780,000 | 206,474,525 | 32,694,525 |
| Other taxes | 75,149,196 | 70,145,196 | 106,915,232 | 36,770,036 |
| State sources | | | | |
| SEEK program | 222,822,000 | 222,822,000 | 224,312,952 | 1,490,952 |
| Other state revenues | 323,353,808 | 323,353,808 | 325,859,372 | 2,505,564 |
| Interest | 270,000 | 270,000 | 795,630 | 525,630 |
| Transfers from Proprietary Funds | | | 4,526,682 | 4,526,682 |
| Operating transfers in | 6,688,232 | 6,688,232 | 33,404,974 | 26,716,742 |
| Other sources | 14,000 | 5,018,000 | 5,088,368 | 70,368 |
| Total Revenues | 1,342,313,428 | 1,342,313,428 | 1,458,798,676 | 116,485,248 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Instruction | 766,076,718 | 756,596,140 | 697,834,597 | 58,761,543 |
| Student support services | 83,928,356 | 83,971,137 | 79,373,693 | 4,597,444 |
| Instructional staff support services | 136,497,254 | 130,738,268 | 118,046,073 | 12,692,195 |
| District administration support services | 8,648,180 | 8,995,706 | 8,058,424 | 937,282 |
| School administration support services | 120,306,214 | 124,783,316 | 115,407,265 | 9,376,051 |
| Business support services | 53,269,377 | 55,561,923 | 49,844,662 | 5,717,261 |
| Plant operations and maintenance | 133,243,591 | 148,310,915 | 119,368,564 | 28,942,351 |
| Student transportation | 80,593,723 | 78,864,481 | 72,866,769 | 5,997,712 |
| Other | 128,606 | 128,606 | 106,892 | 21,714 |
| Community services operations | 3,126,034 | 3,191,709 | 2,390,351 | 801,358 |
| Building renovations | 1,378,432 | 1,374,299 | 1,394,776 | (20,477) |
| Transfers to Proprietary Funds | | | 3,002,495 | (3,002,495) |
| Operating transfers out | 1,910,000 | 2,000,456 | 3,691,260 | (1,690,804) |
| Contingency | 109,206,944 | 103,276,485 | | 103,276,485 |
| Total Expenditures | 1,498,313,429 | 1,497,793,441 | 1,271,385,821 | 226,407,620 |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures | (156,000,001) | (155,480,013) | 187,412,855 | 342,892,868 |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ (693,206) | \$ (173,218) | \$ 342,719,650 | |

See page 70 for explanation of significant budget variances

See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Special Revenue Fund | | | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---|
| | Working Budget | Final Budget | Actual | |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Grants | \$ 134,321,758 | \$ 158,333,020 | \$ 415,250,530 | \$ 256,917,510 |
| Interest | | 3,865 | 4,302 | 437 |
| Other Sources | 11,882 | 12,032 | 152 | (11,880) |
| Transfers from other funds | 1,815,000 | 1,925,656 | 1,937,656 | 12,000 |
| Total Revenues | 136,148,640 | 160,274,573 | 417,192,640 | 256,918,067 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Instruction | 79,815,575 | 92,337,866 | 197,405,343 | (105,067,477) |
| Student support services | 6,489,393 | 7,107,099 | 21,207,890 | (14,100,791) |
| Instructional staff support services | 33,354,807 | 39,444,145 | 63,871,250 | (24,427,105) |
| District administration support services | 104,685 | 154,369 | 717,406 | (563,037) |
| School administration support services | 182,284 | 259,785 | 12,709,084 | (12,449,299) |
| Business support services | 275,000 | 1,676,450 | 13,624,402 | (11,947,952) |
| Plant operations and maintenance | 1,181,964 | 1,781,105 | 28,003,341 | (26,222,236) |
| Student transportation | 593,434 | 901,336 | 10,941,334 | (10,039,998) |
| Other | 45,000 | 45,000 | 132,569 | (87,569) |
| Food Service Operation | | 5,000 | 4,810,199 | (4,805,199) |
| Community service operations | 11,508,266 | 13,632,768 | 9,750,454 | 3,882,314 |
| Transfers to other funds | 2,598,232 | 2,931,650 | 33,404,974 | (30,473,324) |
| Total Expenditures | 136,148,640 | 160,276,573 | 396,578,246 | (236,301,673) |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures | | (2,000) | 20,614,394 | 20,616,394 |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ (3,596,363) | \$ (3,598,363) | \$ 17,018,031 | |

See page 70 for explanation of significant budget variances

See Report of Independent Auditors

Explanation of significant budget variances:

General Fund

Occupational tax revenues were \$32.7 million over budget mainly as a result of the economic bounce back after the COVID-19 shutdowns, but also due to a one-time business property sale. Other taxes were \$36.8 million higher than budget due to collection of \$36.5 million delinquent property taxes from the previous year's levy. In 2021, the Jefferson County Board of Education had levied taxes at a rate 5.1 cents per \$100 assessment higher than the rate that can be levied without recall (the 4% annual increase rate). These collections were delayed due to a recall petition, which ultimately failed. Operating transfers in were significantly higher due to collection of indirect cost from large ESSER COVID-19 stimulus grants. Plant operations and maintenance expenses were significantly under budget while our schools were closed more than half the year. In addition, many of our expense categories were under budget as hiring slowed during the shutdown period. Last, we are required to budget our ending unassigned fund balance in a Contingency category. These funds will not be spent.

Special Revenue Fund

Grant revenues and most expenses are significantly over budget as the majority of the ESSER COVID-Relief stimulus grant money was recognized and spent during the current fiscal year to combat learning loss and transition students back into the classroom. Since these grants have a greater than 12-month term, they are considered multi-year and some of the budgets of the prior year were higher than anticipated, with expenses being paid out the following (current) year.

See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
 – County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | 2021-22 | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| District's proportion of the net pension liability | 6.95108 % | 7.30787 % | 7.59770 % | 7.74380 % |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 443,185,785 | \$ 560,507,655 | \$ 534,348,849 | \$ 471,620,358 |
| District's covered payroll* | 180,625,616 | 190,153,756 | 194,138,549 | 194,383,907 |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of District's covered payroll | 245.36 % | 294.77 % | 275.24 % | 242.62 % |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 57.330000 % | 58.270000 % | 50.450000 % | 53.540000 % |
| | 2017-18 | 2016-17 | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
| District's proportion of the net pension liability | 7.74870 % | 7.83330 % | 8.05481 % | 8.15008 % |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 453,555,175 | \$ 385,681,594 | \$ 346,318,819 | \$ 264,419,000 |
| District's covered payroll* | 191,038,985 | 188,718,277 | 189,331,814 | 187,829,142 |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of District's covered payroll | 237.41 % | 201.08 % | 183.51 % | 139.66 % |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 55.300000 % | 55.500000 % | 59.968386 % | 66.801030 % |

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.

** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
 – Kentucky Teachers Retirement System
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | 2021-22 | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 | 2016-17 | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| District's proportion of the net pension liability | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Commonwealth's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the District | 19.5629 % | 19.6167 % | 19.5216 % | 18.9522 % | 18.5913 % | 18.3822 % | 18.3822 % | 17.8857 % |
| Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District | \$2,545,897,736 | \$2,780,312,359 | \$2,663,581,788 | \$2,481,543,345 | \$5,016,422,679 | \$5,422,750,549 | \$5,422,750,549 | \$3,675,381,169 |
| Total | \$2,545,897,736 | \$2,780,312,359 | \$2,663,581,788 | \$2,481,543,345 | \$5,016,422,679 | \$5,422,750,549 | \$4,301,069,425 | \$3,675,381,169 |
| District's covered payroll* | 673,774,895 | 656,440,928 | 639,689,235 | 622,457,214 | 600,769,995 | 588,915,332 | 575,283,426 | 560,665,934 |
| District's proportionate share of the net pension liability | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of District's covered payroll | 377.86 % | 423.54 % | 416.39 % | 398.67 % | 835.00 % | 902.63 % | 730.34 % | 638.88 % |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 65.59 % | 58.27 % | 58.80 % | 59.30 % | 39.83 % | 35.22 % | 78.53 % | 45.59 % |

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.

** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
 – County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | 2021-22 | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 | 2016-17 |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| District's proportion of the net OPEB liability | 6.95108 % | 7.30787 % | 7.59570 % | 7.74360 % | 7.74870 % | N/A |
| District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$ 133,043,933 | \$ 176,415,272 | \$ 127,756,181 | \$ 137,485,575 | \$ 155,775,355 | \$ 122,185,342 |
| District's covered-employee payroll* | 180,625,616 | 190,153,756 | 194,138,549 | 194,383,907 | 191,038,985 | 188,718,277 |
| District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 73.66 % | 92.78 % | 65.81 % | 70.73 % | 81.54 % | 64.74 % |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 62.910000 % | 51.670000 % | 60.440000 % | 57.620000 % | 52.400000 % | 52.400000 % |

- * The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.
- ** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. will be displayed as they become available.

See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
 – Kentucky Teachers Retirement System – Medical Insurance
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | 2021-22 | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| District's proportion of the net OPEB liability | 10.39 % | 10.47 % | 10.36 % | 9.74 % | 9.78 % |
| District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$ 222,871,000 | \$ 264,226,000 | \$ 303,280,000 | \$ 338,031,000 | \$ 348,684,000 |
| Commonwealth's proportion of the net OPEB liability associated with the District | 8.4353 % | 8.3863 % | 8.3681 % | 8.3960 % | 7.9877 % |
| Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District | 180,997,000 | 211,644,000 | 244,916,000 | 291,312,000 | 284,824,000 |
| Total | \$ 403,868,000 | \$ 475,870,000 | \$ 548,196,000 | \$ 629,343,000 | \$ 633,508,000 |
| District's covered-employee payroll* | 673,774,895 | 656,440,928 | 639,689,235 | 622,457,214 | 600,769,995 |
| District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 33.08 % | 40.25 % | 47.41 % | 54.31 % | 56.02 % |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 51.7400 % | 39.0500 % | 32.5800 % | 25.5000 % | 21.1800 % |

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.

** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. will be displayed as they become available.

See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
 – Kentucky Teachers Retirement System – Life Insurance
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | 2021-22 | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| District's proportion of the net OPEB liability | — | — | — | — | — |
| District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | — | — | — | — | — |
| Commonwealth's proportion of the net OPEB liability associated with the District | 18.4012 % | 18.4376 % | 18.3112 % | 17.7250 % | 17.3622 % |
| Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District | 2,410,000 | | 5,688,000 | 5,001,000 | 3,805,000 |
| Total | \$ 2,410,000 | \$ 6,402,000 | \$ 5,688,000 | \$ 5,001,000 | \$ 3,805,000 |
| District's covered-employee payroll* | 673,774,895 | 656,440,928 | 639,689,235 | 622,457,214 | 600,769,995 |
| District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | — | — | — | — | — |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 89.1500 % | 71.5700 % | 73.4000 % | 75.0000 % | 79.9900 % |

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is as of the District's prior fiscal year end.

** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of District Contributions
 – Pension: County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | 2021-22 | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 | 2016-17 | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 46,332,246 | \$ 34,730,614 | \$ 36,514,460 | \$ 31,349,330 | \$ 22,849,672 | \$ 26,605,500 | \$ 23,316,728 | \$ 33,301,465 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 46,332,246 | 34,730,614 | 36,514,460 | 31,349,330 | 22,849,672 | 26,605,500 | 23,316,728 | 33,301,465 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| District's covered payroll | 219,184,480 | 180,625,616 | 190,153,786 | 194,138,549 | 194,383,907 | 191,038,985 | 188,718,277 | 189,329,298 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 21.1385 % | 19.2280 % | 19.2026 % | 16.1479 % | 11.7549 % | 13.9267 % | 12.3553 % | 17.5892 % |

** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of District Contributions
 – Pension: Kentucky Teachers Retirement System
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | 2021-22 | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 | 2016-17 | 2015-16 | 2014-15 |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Contractually required contribution | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| District's covered payroll | \$ 752,953,376 | \$ 673,774,895 | \$ 656,440,928 | \$ 639,689,235 | \$ 622,457,214 | \$ 600,769,995 | \$ 588,915,332 | \$ 575,283,426 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of District Contributions
 – OPEB: County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | 2021-22 | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 | 2016-17 |
|--|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 12,649,994 | \$ 8,565,685 | \$ 9,005,639 | \$ 10,166,306 | \$ 7,616,557 | \$ 8,868,500 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 12,649,994 | 8,565,685 | 9,005,639 | 10,166,306 | 7,616,557 | 8,868,500 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| District's covered-employee payroll | 219,184,480 | 180,625,616 | 190,153,786 | 194,138,549 | 194,383,907 | 191,038,985 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 5.7714 % | 4.7422 % | 4.7360 % | 5.2366 % | 3.9183 % | 4.6422 % |

** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of District Contributions
 – OPEB: Kentucky Teachers Retirement System – Medical Insurance
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | 2021-22 | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 18,436,483 | \$ 18,489,424 | \$ 18,043,085 | \$ 17,354,459 | \$ 16,753,572 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | 18,436,483 | 18,489,424 | 18,043,085 | 17,354,459 | 16,753,572 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | — | — | — | — | — |
| District's covered-employee payroll | 752,953,376 | 673,774,895 | 656,440,928 | 639,689,235 | 622,457,214 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 2.4486 % | 2.7442 % | 2.7486 % | 2.7130 % | 2.6915 % |

** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of District Contributions
 – OPEB: Kentucky Teachers Retirement System – Life Insurance
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | 2021-22 | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Contractually required contribution | — | — | — | — | — |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | — | — | — | — | — |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | — | — | — | — | — |
| District's covered-employee payroll | \$ 752,953,376 | \$ 673,774,895 | \$ 656,440,928 | \$ 639,689,235 | \$ 622,457,214 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | — | — | — | — | — |

** Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See Report of Independent Auditors

Changes of Benefit Terms and Assumptions:

2022 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2021)

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session increased the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become “totally and permanently disabled” in the line of duty or as a result of a duty related disability.

The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed from 5.34% to 5.20% for the non-hazardous plan.

2021 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2020)

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 Legislative Session changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. House Bill 271 passed during the 2020 Legislative Session removed provisions that reduce the monthly payment to a surviving spouse of a member whose death was due to a duty-related injury upon remarriage of the spouse. It also increased benefits for a very small number of beneficiaries.

The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2019 valuation process and was updated to better reflect more current expectations relating to anticipated future increases in the medical costs. The actuarial information was also updated to reflect the anticipated savings from the repeal of the “Cadillac Tax” and “Health Insurer Fee”, which occurred in December of 2019. The assumed load on pre-Medicare premiums to reflect the cost of the Cadillac Tax was removed and the Medicare premiums were reduced by 11% to reflect the repeal of the Health Insurer Fee.

The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed from 5.68% to 5.34% for the non-hazardous plan.

2020 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2019)

Annual salary increases were updated based on the 2018 Experience Study; annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal, and mortality were updated based on the 2018 Experience Study; the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members; the assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was increased to better reflect more current expectations relating to anticipated future increases in the medical costs for post-age 65 retirees; and the assumed impact of the Cadillac Tax was changed from a 3.6% to a 0.9% load on employer paid premiums for Non-Medicare retirees who became participants prior to July 1, 2003.

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the non-hazardous plan, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was Pub-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The salary increase assumption changed from 3.30% - 11.55% to 3.30% - 10.30% for the non-hazardous plan. The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed from 5.85% to 5.68% for the non-hazardous plan.

2019 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2018)

During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a

surviving spouse, benefits paid to surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children.

The payroll growth assumption was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%.

The salary increase assumption changed from 3.05% to 3.30% - 11.55% for the non-hazardous plan.

The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed from 5.84% to 5.85% for the non-hazardous plan.

2018 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2017)

The salary increases assumption was changed from 2.00% to 3.05%.

The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%.

The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.3%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service.

The discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed from 6.89% to 5.84% for the non-hazardous plan.

2017 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2016)

None

2016 (CERS plan year ended June 30, 2015)

The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%. The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%. The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%. The payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.

The mortality table used for active members was the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used was the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) was used for the period after disability retirement.

The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

Changes of Benefit Terms and Assumptions:

Pension

2022

Include any changes discussed in the footnote

2021

The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.19%.

2020

The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.89% to 3.50%.

2019

The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The discount rate increased from 4.49% to 7.5%.

2018

The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.01% to 3.56%.

The discount rate increased from 4.20% to 4.49%.

2017

The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.82% to 3.01%.

The discount rate decreased from 4.88% to 4.20%.

2016

The municipal bond index rate decreased from 4.35% to 3.82%.

Other Supplementary Information

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
Year Ended June 30, 2022

| Construction Fund | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------|---|
| | Working Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Interest | | | \$ 33,247 | \$ 33,247 |
| Proceeds from the sale of bonds | \$ 65,299,433 | \$ 81,611,938 | 86,445,000 | 4,833,062 |
| Other income | | | 8,010,551 | 8,010,551 |
| Transfers from other funds | | | 4,758,454 | 4,758,454 |
| Total Revenues | 65,299,433 | 81,611,938 | 99,247,252 | 17,635,314 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Building renovations | 65,299,433 | 82,174,907 | 103,058,781 | (20,883,874) |
| Transfers to other funds | | | 3,230,224 | (3,230,224) |
| Total Expenditures | 65,299,433 | 82,174,907 | 106,289,005 | (24,114,098) |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures | | \$ (562,969) | \$ (7,041,753) | \$ (6,478,784) |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ 83,202,728 | \$ 82,639,759 | \$ 76,160,975 | |

| School Food Services | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|---|
| | Working Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Lunchroom sales | \$ 3,275,000 | \$ 3,275,000 | \$ 697,576 | \$ (2,577,424) |
| Federal grants | 71,888,555 | 70,462,355 | 63,798,835 | (6,663,520) |
| State revenues | 500,000 | 500,000 | 5,383,132 | 4,883,132 |
| Donated commodities | | | 2,063,846 | 2,063,846 |
| District support | | | 3,002,495 | 3,002,495 |
| Interest | 75,000 | 75,000 | 9,782 | (65,218) |
| Other Local Revenue | 42,000 | 42,000 | 36,692 | (5,308) |
| Total Revenues | 75,780,555 | 74,354,355 | 74,992,358 | 638,003 |
| Expenses | | | | |
| Food service operation | 71,690,555 | 69,493,016 | 58,259,707 | 11,233,309 |
| Transfers to other funds | 4,090,000 | 4,090,000 | 4,526,682 | (436,682) |
| Total Expenses | 75,780,555 | 73,583,016 | 62,786,389 | 10,796,627 |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenses | | \$ 771,339 | \$ 12,205,969 | \$ 11,434,630 |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ (53,300,681) | \$ (52,529,342) | \$ (41,094,712) | |

Basis of budgeting – The Board accounts for and budgets operations according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

See page 89 for explanation of significant budget variances
See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

| SEEK Capital Outlay Fund | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------|---|
| | Working Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues | | | | |
| State SEEK program | \$ 8,775,318 | \$ 8,775,318 | \$ 8,775,318 | |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | 8,775,318 | 8,775,318 | 8,775,318 | |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures | | | | |
| Net Position, End of Year | | | | |
| Building Tax Fund | | | | |
| | Working Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 42,455,656 | \$ 42,455,656 | \$ 42,887,717 | \$ 432,061 |
| Other sources | 100,000 | 100,000 | 101,893 | \$ 1,893 |
| Total Revenues | 42,555,656 | 42,555,656 | 42,989,610 | 433,954 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | 42,555,656 | 42,555,656 | 37,103,692 | 5,451,964 |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures | | | \$ 5,885,918 | \$ 5,885,918 |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ 155,881 | \$ 155,881 | \$ 6,041,799 | |

See page 89 for explanation of significant budget variances
 See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

| Debt Service Fund | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---|
| | Working Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues | | | | |
| KSFCC allocation | \$ 8,000,000 | \$ 9,617,566 | \$ 9,617,566 | |
| Other sources | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 | 2,638,705 | \$ 638,705 |
| Transfers from other funds | 51,330,974 | 51,330,974 | 44,350,780 | (6,980,194) |
| Total Revenues | 61,330,974 | 62,948,540 | 56,607,051 | (6,341,489) |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Debt service | 61,330,974 | 62,948,540 | 56,607,051 | 6,341,489 |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures | | | | |
| Net Position, End of Year | | | | |
| Day Care Operations | | | | |
| | Working Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Other local, state and federal revenues | \$ 1,814 | \$ 167,046 | \$ 167,961 | \$ 915 |
| Expenses | | | | |
| Day care operations | 581,101 | 746,333 | 74,925 | (671,408) |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenses | | | | |
| Net Position, End of Year | | | | |
| | \$ (579,287) | \$ (579,287) | \$ 93,036 | \$ (670,493) |
| | \$ (69) | \$ (69) | \$ 672,254 | |

See page 89 for explanation of significant budget variances
 See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

| Adult Education | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---|
| | Working Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Adult education tuition | \$ 258,820 | \$ 104,590 | \$ 104,590 | |
| Interest | | 655 | 655 | |
| Other state revenues | | | 9,573 | \$ 9,573 |
| Total Revenues | 258,820 | 105,245 | 114,818 | 9,573 |
| Expenses | | | | |
| Instructional staff support services | 258,820 | 393,323 | 65,346 | 327,977 |
| Transfers to other funds | | | 5,000 | |
| Total Expenditures | 258,820 | 398,323 | 70,346 | 327,977 |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenses | | | \$ 44,472 | \$ 337,550 |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ 166,913 | \$ (126,165) | \$ 211,385 | |
| Tuition Preschool | | | | |
| | Working Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Pre-School Tuition | \$ 38,094 | \$ 171,002 | \$ 171,002 | — |
| Other state revenues | | | 2,877 | 2,877 |
| Total Revenues | 38,094 | 171,002 | 173,879 | 2,877 |
| Expenses | | | | |
| Instruction | 212,399 | 345,307 | (1,364) | 346,671 |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenses | | \$ (174,305) | \$ 175,243 | \$ 349,548 |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ 182,985 | \$ 182,985 | \$ 532,533 | |

See page 89 for explanation of significant budget variances
 See Report of Independent Auditors

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Enterprise Programs | | | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---|
| | Working Budget | Final Budget | Actual | |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Program fees | \$ 15,033 | \$ 15,033 | \$ 3,263 | \$ (11,770) |
| State revenues | | | 351 | 351 |
| Donations | | 7,557 | 7,557 | |
| Transfers from other funds | 95,000 | 95,000 | | (95,000) |
| Total Revenues | 110,033 | 117,590 | 11,171 | (106,419) |
| Expenses | | | | |
| Instruction | 117,250 | 117,250 | 11,674 | 105,576 |
| Instructional staff support | 29,166 | 36,723 | | 36,723 |
| Community services | 24,348 | 24,348 | | 24,348 |
| Total Expenditures | 170,764 | 178,321 | 11,674 | 166,647 |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenses | \$ (60,731) | \$ (60,731) | \$ (503) | \$ 60,228 |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ (3,067) | \$ (3,067) | \$ 57,161 | |

See below for explanation of significant budget variances

Explanation of significant budget variances:

Construction Fund

Construction revenues are higher than the final budget due to the sale of a bond in the current year, resulting in \$8M in premiums on bonds sold and a higher issuance cost for the latest school building revenue bond compared to what was originally budgeted. Expenses exceeded budget due to the construction fund being a multi-year fund where project costs are expensed over several years and the Working Budget is programmed to show only single-year budgeted activity.

School Food Services

State revenues were up significantly as Kentucky districts received a stimulus that the state intended as a rescue of school lunch programs hurt by the COVID-19 pandemic. Federal grant revenues were lower due to continued lower numbers of meals served. Food service operation expenses were down significantly as a result of pension and other post-employment benefits actuarial valuation adjustments that decreased employee fringe benefit expenses.

Building Tax Fund

Transfers to other funds were \$5.5 million under budget as the District reserved funding for renovation projects to be performed during the 2022- 2023 fiscal year.

Tuition Preschool

The effects of pension and post-employment benefit plans caused the entire expenses of the fund to be negative.

See Report of Independent Auditors

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | Building Tax Fund | District Activity Funds | Student Activity Funds | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
|--|----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | \$ 6,684,352 | \$ 6,684,352 |
| Investments | | | 586,386 | 586,386 |
| Accounts receivable | | \$ 30,015 | 219,332 | 249,347 |
| Inventories | | | 230,105 | 230,105 |
| Due from other funds | \$ 6,041,799 | 4,930,612 | | 10,972,411 |
| Total Assets | 6,041,799 | 4,960,627 | 7,720,175 | 18,722,601 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | | 201,583 | 198,606 | 400,189 |
| Fund Balances | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | | 230,105 | 230,105 |
| Restricted | 6,041,799 | 4,759,044 | 7,291,464 | 18,092,307 |
| Total Fund Balances | 6,041,799 | 4,759,044 | 7,521,569 | 18,322,412 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$ 6,041,799 | \$ 4,960,627 | \$ 7,720,175 | \$ 18,722,601 |

See Report of Independent Auditors

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
 Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Building Tax Fund | SEEK Capital Outlay Fund | Debt Service Fund | District Activity Funds | Student Activity Funds | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| Local sources | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 42,887,717 | | | | | \$ 42,887,717 |
| State sources | | | | | | |
| SEEK program | | \$ 8,775,318 | | | | 8,775,318 |
| KSFCC allocation | | | \$ 9,617,566 | | | 9,617,566 |
| US government sources | | | 2,638,705 | | | 2,638,705 |
| Other Sources | 101,893 | | | \$ 3,661,431 | \$ 10,923,589 | 14,686,913 |
| Total Revenues | 42,989,610 | 8,775,318 | 12,256,271 | 3,661,431 | 10,923,589 | 78,606,219 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | |
| Instruction | | | | 2,391,265 | 12,056,160 | 14,447,425 |
| Plant operations & maintenance | | | | 123,030 | | 123,030 |
| Debt service | | | | | | |
| Principal | | | 36,338,627 | | | 36,338,627 |
| Interest | | | 20,268,424 | | | 20,268,424 |
| Total Expenditures | | | 56,607,051 | 2,514,295 | 12,056,160 | 71,177,506 |
| Revenues in Excess of (Less Than) Expenditures | 42,989,610 | 8,775,318 | (44,350,780) | 1,147,136 | (1,132,571) | 7,428,713 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | | 44,350,780 | | 1,758,604 | 46,109,384 |
| Transfers out | (37,103,692) | (8,775,318) | | | | (45,879,010) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (37,103,692) | (8,775,318) | 44,350,780 | | 1,758,604 | 230,374 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | 5,885,918 | | | 1,147,136 | 626,033 | 7,659,087 |
| Fund Balances, Beginning of Year | 155,881 | | | 3,611,908 | 6,895,536 | 10,663,325 |
| Fund Balances, End of Year | \$ 6,041,799 | | | \$ 4,759,044 | \$ 7,521,569 | \$ 18,322,412 |

See Report of Independent Auditors

Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 June 30, 2022

| | Enterprise Funds | | | | Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds |
|---|--------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|
| | Adult Education | Enterprise Programs | Tuition Preschool | Day Care Operations | |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Current Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 316,931 | | | | \$ 316,931 |
| Accounts receivable | | | \$ 11,783 | | 11,783 |
| Due from other funds | | \$ 57,537 | 522,423 | \$ 678,456 | 1,258,416 |
| Total Current Assets | 316,931 | 57,537 | 534,206 | 678,456 | 1,587,130 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Difference between actual and expected experience | 3,673 | | 18 | 65 | 3,756 |
| Changes in Assumptions | 5,820 | 29 | 280 | 173 | 6,302 |
| Changes in proportionate share | | 8 | 65 | 18 | 91 |
| Pension & OPEB contributions after measurement date | 8,328 | 9 | 121 | 170 | 8,628 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 17,821 | 46 | 484 | 426 | 18,777 |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | | | |
| Accrued liabilities | | 230 | | 4,335 | 4,565 |
| Due to other funds | 19,691 | | | | 19,691 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 19,691 | 230 | | 4,335 | 24,256 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | | | | | |
| Unfunded pension liabilities | 62,578 | | 310 | 1,108 | 63,996 |
| Unfunded post-employment benefits liabilities | 18,786 | 112 | 1,052 | 600 | 20,550 |
| Total Liabilities | 101,055 | 342 | 1,362 | 6,043 | 108,802 |
| Total Liabilities | 101,055 | 342 | 1,362 | 6,043 | 108,802 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Differences between actual and expected experience | 6,216 | 67 | 601 | 269 | 7,153 |
| Changes in Assumptions | 17 | | | | 17 |
| Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments | 11,279 | 12 | 158 | 228 | 11,677 |
| Changes in proportionate share | 4,800 | 1 | 36 | 88 | 4,925 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 22,312 | 80 | 795 | 585 | 23,772 |
| Net Position | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | 211,385 | 57,161 | 532,533 | 672,254 | 1,473,333 |
| Total Net Position | \$ 211,385 | \$ 57,161 | \$ 532,533 | \$ 672,254 | \$ 1,473,333 |

See Report of Independent Auditors

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in
 Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Enterprise Funds | | | | Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds |
|--|--------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|
| | Adult Education | Enterprise Programs | Tuition Preschool | Day Care Operations | |
| Operating Revenues | | | | | |
| Tuition and fees | \$ 104,590 | \$ 3,263 | \$ 171,002 | | \$ 278,855 |
| Operating Expenses | | | | | |
| Salaries and personnel services | 66,890 | 690 | 5,760 | \$ 2,307 | 75,647 |
| Employee benefits | (16,407) | (2,536) | (19,349) | 3,104 | (35,188) |
| Purchased professional services | 4,631 | 5,880 | | 24,810 | 35,321 |
| Purchased property maintenance | 3,053 | 5,142 | | 4,236 | 12,431 |
| Other purchased services | 2,441 | | | 3,500 | 5,941 |
| Supplies and materials | 4,639 | 2,498 | 3,390 | 12,678 | 23,205 |
| Property | | | 8,835 | 23,612 | 32,447 |
| Miscellaneous | 99 | | | 678 | 777 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 65,346 | 11,674 | (1,364) | 74,925 | 150,581 |
| Income (Loss) From Operations | 39,244 | (8,411) | 172,366 | (74,925) | 128,274 |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) | | | | | |
| State revenues | 9,573 | 351 | 2,877 | 167,961 | 180,762 |
| Donations | | 7,557 | | | 7,557 |
| Transfers to other funds | (5,000) | | | | (5,000) |
| Interest income | 655 | | | | 655 |
| Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) | 5,228 | 7,908 | 2,877 | 167,961 | 183,974 |
| Change in Net Position | 44,472 | (503) | 175,243 | 93,036 | 312,248 |
| Net Position, Beginning of Year | 166,913 | 57,664 | 357,290 | 579,218 | 1,161,085 |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ 211,385 | \$ 57,161 | \$ 532,533 | \$ 672,254 | \$ 1,473,333 |

See Report of Independent Auditors

Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Enterprise Funds | | | | Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds |
|---|--------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|
| | Adult Education | Enterprise Programs | Tuition Preschool | Day Care Operations | |
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities | | | | | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ 104,590 | \$ 6,995 | \$ 18,430 | \$ (91,514) | \$ 38,501 |
| Cash paid to suppliers | 1,445 | (7,948) | (12,225) | (47,415) | (66,143) |
| Cash paid to employees | (90,792) | (1,075) | (9,082) | (3,544) | (104,493) |
| Cash paid for other expenses | (4,730) | (5,880) | | (25,488) | (36,098) |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities | 10,513 | (7,908) | (2,877) | (167,961) | (168,233) |
| Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities | | | | | |
| Interest earned | 655 | | | | 655 |
| Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities | | | | | |
| Cash used for operational grant required match | (5,000) | | | | (5,000) |
| Cash received for operational grants | 9,573 | 7,908 | 2,877 | 167,961 | 188,319 |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities | 4,573 | 7,908 | 2,877 | 167,961 | 183,319 |
| Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 15,741 | | | | 15,741 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year | 301,190 | | | | 301,190 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year | 316,931 | | | | 316,931 |
| Reconciliation of Income (Loss) from Operations to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities | | | | | |
| Income (Loss) from operations | 39,244 | (8,411) | 172,366 | (74,925) | 128,274 |
| Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | | | |
| Change in accounts receivable | | | 302 | | 302 |
| Change in amounts due from other funds | — | 3,732 | (152,874) | (91,514) | (240,656) |
| Change in deferred outflows | 16,621 | 798 | 4,364 | (426) | 21,357 |
| Change in amounts due to other funds | 11,578 | | | | 11,578 |
| Change in accrued liabilities | | (308) | | (3,389) | (3,697) |
| Change in deferred inflows | 8,347 | (238) | (7,767) | 585 | 927 |
| Change in unfunded pension liabilities | (46,662) | (2,733) | (328) | 1,108 | (48,615) |
| Change in unfunded postemployment benefits liabilities | (18,615) | (748) | (18,940) | 600 | (37,703) |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities | \$ 10,513 | \$ (7,908) | \$ (2,877) | \$ (167,961) | \$ (168,233) |

See Report of Independent Auditors

STATISTICS

- 
- FINANCIAL TREND DATA
 - REVENUE CAPACITY DATA
 - DEBT CAPACITY DATA
 - DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION
 - OPERATING INFORMATION

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Net Position

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Net Position—Governmental | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 453,726,798 | \$ 390,804,563 | \$ 391,290,718 | \$ 317,513,387 | \$ 332,102,798 |
| Restricted | 9,236,656 | 37,931,143 | 49,382,505 | 108,849,948 | 7,214,591 |
| Unrestricted | (538,918,507) | (789,321,833) | (815,433,064) | (798,527,587) | (638,516,160) |
| Total Net Position—Governmental | (75,955,053) | (360,586,127) | (374,759,841) | (372,164,252) | (299,198,771) |
| Net Position—Proprietary | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 16,520,839 | 17,880,919 | 18,766,848 | 19,426,763 | 18,613,750 |
| Restricted | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | (56,142,218) | (70,020,517) | (58,942,282) | (43,776,173) | (40,830,969) |
| Total Net Position—Proprietary | (39,621,379) | (52,139,598) | (40,175,434) | (24,349,410) | (22,217,219) |
| Net Position—Total Primary Government | \$ (115,576,432) | \$ (412,725,725) | \$ (414,935,275) | \$ (396,513,662) | \$ (321,415,990) |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Net Position – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Net Position–Governmental | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 257,181,853 | \$ 220,528,391 | \$ 238,955,851 | \$ 239,644,360 | \$ 211,907,660 |
| Restricted | 98,476,559 | 47,703,418 | 12,434,324 | 7,061,287 | 15,253,409 |
| Unrestricted | (613,519,116) | (570,364,032) | (538,173,679) | (539,172,442) | (529,716,411) |
| Total Net Position–Governmental | (257,860,704) | (302,132,223) | (286,783,504) | (292,466,795) | (302,555,342) |
| Net Position–Proprietary | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 18,266,563 | 17,407,358 | 16,825,680 | 16,617,456 | 16,077,089 |
| Restricted | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | (33,574,071) | (10,804,307) | (9,815,795) | (9,947,743) | (7,410,346) |
| Total Net Position–Proprietary | (15,307,508) | 6,603,051 | 7,009,885 | 6,669,713 | 8,666,743 |
| Net Position–Total Primary Government | \$ (273,168,212) | \$ (295,529,172) | \$ (279,773,619) | \$ (285,797,082) | \$ (293,888,599) |

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Governmental activities | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 1,023,426,169 | \$ 944,387,244 | \$ 842,004,783 | \$ 864,509,475 | \$ 848,894,722 |
| Student support services | 107,196,262 | 88,749,846 | 77,156,556 | 69,122,283 | 66,627,124 |
| Instructional staff support services | 193,879,118 | 180,993,573 | 158,415,899 | 184,473,830 | 191,939,436 |
| District administrative support services | 11,805,819 | 10,222,935 | 9,945,307 | 9,417,079 | 8,792,408 |
| School administrative support services | 136,540,514 | 123,139,817 | 117,806,382 | 127,163,050 | 108,309,775 |
| Business support services | 67,673,427 | 50,311,515 | 58,354,230 | 65,847,780 | 70,521,907 |
| Community Services | 12,995,156 | 18,342,055 | 14,013,430 | 28,399,457 | 26,377,760 |
| Transportation | 95,234,280 | 85,005,627 | 99,810,412 | 124,412,708 | 158,063,796 |
| Plant operations and maintenance | 158,273,844 | 111,513,734 | 116,274,445 | 118,239,225 | 118,322,852 |
| Other Instructional Support Services | 21,637 | 22,631 | 20,340 | 64,987 | 60,065 |
| Transfers | (1,529,187) | (811,842) | 3,057,374 | 3,067,836 | 3,054,027 |
| Miscellaneous | 5,742,411 | 15,672,270 | 468,918 | 539,714 | 21,617 |
| Interest expense | 20,268,424 | 18,860,600 | 18,418,910 | 16,106,729 | 17,204,330 |
| Total governmental activities | 1,831,527,874 | 1,646,410,005 | 1,515,746,986 | 1,611,364,153 | 1,618,189,819 |
| Program Revenues | | | | | |
| Tuition | 518,928 | 483,205 | 494,442 | 508,252 | 479,270 |
| Operating grants | 381,798,766 | 167,393,988 | 87,494,202 | 83,432,587 | 103,181,009 |
| Facility grants | 9,617,566 | 9,878,203 | 10,257,913 | 10,982,285 | 10,808,651 |
| Total program revenues | 391,935,260 | 177,755,396 | 98,246,557 | 94,923,124 | 114,468,930 |
| Net Expense | \$ (1,439,592,614) | \$ (1,468,654,609) | \$ (1,417,500,429) | \$ (1,516,441,029) | \$ (1,503,720,889) |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Governmental activities | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 781,439,409 | \$ 742,294,075 | \$ 729,319,975 | \$ 633,177,394 | \$ 625,366,756 |
| Student support services | 63,459,349 | 58,812,027 | 60,064,328 | 50,729,048 | 51,229,772 |
| Instructional staff support services | 241,610,652 | 187,114,423 | 133,254,466 | 118,955,171 | 126,848,770 |
| District administrative support services | 8,409,278 | 7,872,803 | 7,711,286 | 6,972,822 | 6,527,172 |
| School administrative support services | 107,624,194 | 99,473,707 | 94,277,648 | 84,150,967 | 86,610,539 |
| Business support services | 90,097,373 | 81,828,482 | 33,236,652 | 38,844,491 | 43,593,985 |
| Community Services | 33,835,506 | 25,466,326 | 16,012,870 | 9,134,416 | 11,083,387 |
| Transportation | 131,587,727 | 89,762,735 | 87,973,527 | 84,374,237 | 85,671,454 |
| Plant operations and maintenance | 109,198,091 | 110,347,315 | 108,222,195 | 103,975,188 | 105,742,034 |
| Other Instructional Support Services | 32,859 | 31,660 | 34,945 | 10,000 | 54,928 |
| Transfers | 3,099,486 | 3,099,316 | 3,116,640 | 3,019,304 | 2,979,891 |
| Miscellaneous | 282,916 | 349,122 | 466,078 | 553,066 | 805,323 |
| Interest expense | 16,139,220 | 16,116,139 | 16,244,178 | 14,825,786 | 15,146,527 |
| Total governmental activities | 1,586,816,060 | 1,422,568,130 | 1,289,934,788 | 1,148,721,890 | 1,161,660,538 |
| Program Revenues | | | | | |
| Tuition | 393,452 | 647,118 | 586,509 | 902,489 | 1,100,286 |
| Operating grants | 105,014,680 | 105,081,380 | 99,577,458 | 104,010,029 | 130,277,504 |
| Facility grants | 9,709,125 | 9,449,764 | 8,171,637 | 7,638,789 | 7,908,035 |
| Total program revenues | 115,117,257 | 115,178,262 | 108,335,604 | 112,551,307 | 139,285,825 |
| Net Expense | \$ (1,471,698,803) | \$ (1,307,389,868) | \$ (1,181,599,184) | \$ (1,036,170,583) | \$ (1,022,374,713) |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Net Expense | \$ (1,439,592,614) | \$ (1,468,654,609) | \$ (1,417,500,429) | \$ (1,516,441,029) | \$ (1,503,720,889) |
| General revenues | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 594,308,658 | 530,248,112 | 502,604,410 | 480,070,360 | 456,911,397 |
| Occupational taxes | 206,474,525 | 176,787,809 | 156,348,315 | 165,754,818 | 162,374,610 |
| Other taxes | 106,915,232 | 63,516,855 | 54,014,453 | 56,671,549 | 53,658,834 |
| State sources | | | | | |
| SEEK program | 233,088,270 | 231,277,657 | 234,116,356 | 256,564,394 | 256,709,740 |
| Other state revenues | 555,341,767 | 466,477,021 | 434,461,333 | 455,839,757 | 512,980,545 |
| Interest and investment earnings | 833,179 | 330,027 | 4,786,365 | 7,473,913 | 3,284,271 |
| Miscellaneous | 27,262,057 | 14,190,842 | 28,573,608 | 21,100,757 | 16,463,425 |
| Total general revenues | 1,724,223,688 | 1,482,828,323 | 1,414,904,840 | 1,443,475,548 | 1,462,382,822 |
| Change in net position | 284,631,074 | 14,173,714 | (2,595,589) | (72,965,481) | (41,338,067) |
| Net position, beginning of year | (360,586,127) | (374,759,841) | (372,164,252) | (299,198,771) | (257,860,704) |
| Net position, end of year | <u>\$ (75,955,053)</u> | <u>\$ (360,586,127)</u> | <u>\$ (374,759,841)</u> | <u>\$ (372,164,252)</u> | <u>\$ (299,198,771)</u> |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Net Expense | \$ (1,471,698,803) | \$ (1,307,389,868) | \$ (1,181,599,184) | \$ (1,036,170,583) | \$ (1,022,374,713) |
| General revenues | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 432,706,453 | 416,365,932 | 397,722,644 | 388,628,855 | 380,134,468 |
| Occupational taxes | 156,387,646 | 151,821,629 | 139,825,242 | 132,569,312 | 128,882,355 |
| Other taxes | 51,729,620 | 47,796,163 | 49,482,553 | 46,500,119 | 54,640,894 |
| State sources | | | | | |
| SEEK program | 269,121,859 | 274,943,838 | 277,043,057 | 270,658,773 | 272,230,951 |
| Other state revenues | 583,777,579 | 383,488,212 | 311,578,993 | 196,206,023 | 193,512,525 |
| Interest and investment earnings | 2,347,241 | 1,677,255 | 1,389,755 | 1,663,952 | 978,205 |
| Miscellaneous | 19,899,924 | 15,948,120 | 10,240,231 | 10,032,096 | 7,069,045 |
| Total general revenues | 1,515,970,322 | 1,292,041,149 | 1,187,282,475 | 1,046,259,130 | 1,037,448,443 |
| Change in net position | 44,271,519 | (15,348,719) | 5,683,291 | 10,088,547 | 15,073,730 |
| Net position, beginning of year | (302,132,223) | (286,783,504) | (292,466,795) | (302,555,342) | (317,629,072) |
| Net position, end of year | <u>\$ (257,860,704)</u> | <u>\$ (302,132,223)</u> | <u>\$ (286,783,504)</u> | <u>\$ (292,466,795)</u> | <u>\$ (302,555,342)</u> |

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Activities – Business-Type Activities–Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Business-type activities | | | | | |
| School food services | \$ 58,259,707 | \$ 45,091,859 | \$ 77,606,712 | \$ 72,200,866 | \$ 76,915,589 |
| Adult education | 65,346 | 170,977 | 204,046 | 171,152 | 168,158 |
| Enterprise programs | 11,674 | 75,949 | 157,228 | 141,308 | 157,129 |
| Tuition-based pre-school | (1,364) | (648,751) | 451,880 | 707,730 | 1,097,840 |
| Day care operations | 74,925 | (39,664) | 130,385 | (435,894) | 237,015 |
| Total business-type activities | 58,410,288 | 44,650,370 | 78,550,251 | 72,785,162 | 78,575,731 |
| Program Revenues | | | | | |
| Lunchroom sales | 697,576 | 29,248 | 2,325,026 | 3,023,797 | 3,004,729 |
| Tuition and fees | 278,855 | 156,180 | 714,674 | 990,066 | 1,167,663 |
| Grants | 71,470,824 | 33,311,123 | 56,531,963 | 63,395,302 | 64,335,594 |
| Total program revenues | 72,447,255 | 33,496,551 | 59,571,663 | 67,409,165 | 68,507,986 |
| Net Expense | 14,036,967 | (11,153,819) | (18,978,588) | (5,375,997) | (10,067,745) |
| General revenues | | | | | |
| Interest | 10,437 | 1,491 | 95,190 | 175,970 | 104,007 |
| Transfers | (1,529,187) | (811,842) | 3,057,374 | 3,067,836 | 3,054,027 |
| Total general revenues | (1,518,750) | (810,351) | 3,152,564 | 3,243,806 | 3,158,034 |
| Change in net position | 12,518,217 | (11,964,162) | (15,826,024) | (2,132,191) | (6,909,711) |
| Net position, beginning of year | (52,139,596) | (40,175,434) | (24,349,410) | (22,217,219) | (15,307,508) |
| Net position, end of year | \$ (39,621,379) | \$ (52,139,596) | \$ (40,175,434) | \$ (24,349,410) | \$ (22,217,219) |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Activities – Business-Type Activities – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Business-type activities | | | | | |
| School food services | \$ 90,450,953 | \$ 68,262,191 | \$ 62,724,047 | \$ 57,940,891 | \$ 57,814,952 |
| Adult education | 193,589 | 260,184 | 568,257 | 479,264 | 457,769 |
| Enterprise programs | 142,516 | 156,576 | 97,329 | 97,470 | 91,921 |
| Tuition-based pre-school | 1,317,912 | 885,771 | 785,927 | 721,285 | 898,025 |
| Day care operations | 652,491 | 428,715 | 480,892 | 712,447 | 703,320 |
| Total business-type activities | 92,757,461 | 69,993,437 | 64,656,452 | 59,951,357 | 59,965,987 |
| Program Revenues | | | | | |
| Lunchroom sales | 3,685,798 | 4,031,184 | 5,929,215 | 8,115,697 | 9,547,373 |
| Tuition and fees | 1,250,197 | 1,130,336 | 1,191,051 | 1,184,280 | 1,748,815 |
| Grants | 62,744,604 | 61,296,869 | 53,716,102 | 45,615,744 | 45,365,186 |
| Total program revenues | 67,680,599 | 66,458,389 | 60,836,368 | 54,915,721 | 56,661,374 |
| Net Expense | (25,076,862) | (3,535,048) | (3,820,084) | (5,035,636) | (3,304,613) |
| General revenues | | | | | |
| Interest | 66,817 | 28,898 | 15,502 | 19,302 | 21,294 |
| Transfers | 3,099,486 | 3,099,316 | 3,116,640 | 3,019,304 | 2,979,891 |
| Total general revenues | 3,166,303 | 3,128,214 | 3,132,142 | 3,038,606 | 3,001,185 |
| Change in net position | (21,910,559) | (406,834) | (687,942) | (1,997,030) | (303,428) |
| Net position, beginning of year | 6,603,051 | 7,009,885 | 7,697,827 | 9,694,857 | 9,998,285 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ (15,307,508) | \$ 6,603,051 | \$ 7,009,885 | \$ 7,697,827 | \$ 9,694,857 |

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Activities – Total Primary Government

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Primary government activities | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 1,023,426,169 | \$ 944,387,244 | \$ 842,004,783 | \$ 864,509,475 | \$ 848,894,722 |
| Student support services | 107,196,262 | 88,749,846 | 77,156,556 | 69,122,283 | 66,627,124 |
| Instructional staff support services | 193,879,118 | 180,993,573 | 158,415,899 | 184,473,830 | 191,939,436 |
| District administrative support services | 11,805,819 | 10,222,935 | 9,945,307 | 9,417,079 | 8,792,408 |
| School administrative support services | 136,540,514 | 123,139,817 | 117,806,382 | 127,163,050 | 108,309,775 |
| Business support services | 67,673,427 | 50,311,515 | 58,354,230 | 65,847,780 | 70,521,907 |
| Community services | 12,995,156 | 18,342,055 | 14,013,430 | 28,399,457 | 26,377,760 |
| Transportation | 95,234,280 | 85,005,627 | 99,810,412 | 124,412,708 | 158,063,796 |
| Plant operations and maintenance | 158,273,844 | 111,513,734 | 116,274,445 | 118,239,225 | 118,322,852 |
| Other | 1,102,962 | 356,108 | 489,258 | 604,701 | 81,682 |
| School Food services | 62,920,793 | 60,430,645 | 77,606,712 | 72,200,866 | 76,915,589 |
| Adult education | 65,346 | 170,977 | 204,046 | 171,152 | 168,158 |
| Enterprise programs | 11,674 | 75,950 | 157,228 | 141,308 | 157,129 |
| Tuition-based pre-school | (1,364) | (648,751) | 451,880 | 707,730 | 1,097,840 |
| Day care operations | 74,925 | (39,665) | 130,385 | (435,894) | 237,015 |
| Interest expense | 20,268,424 | 18,860,600 | 18,418,910 | 16,106,729 | 17,204,330 |
| Total primary activities | 1,891,467,349 | 1,691,872,210 | 1,591,239,863 | 1,681,081,479 | 1,693,711,523 |
| Program revenues | | | | | |
| Lunchroom sales | 697,576 | 29,248 | 2,325,026 | 3,023,797 | 3,004,729 |
| Tuition and fees | 797,783 | 639,385 | 1,209,116 | 1,498,318 | 1,646,933 |
| Grants | 462,887,156 | 210,583,315 | 154,284,078 | 157,810,174 | 178,325,254 |
| Total program revenues | 464,382,515 | 211,251,948 | 157,818,220 | 162,332,289 | 182,976,916 |
| Net Expense | \$ (1,427,084,834) | \$ (1,480,620,262) | \$ (1,433,421,643) | \$ (1,518,749,190) | \$ (1,510,734,607) |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Activities – Total Primary Government – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Primary government activities | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 781,439,409 | \$ 742,294,075 | \$ 729,319,975 | \$ 633,177,394 | \$ 625,366,756 |
| Student support services | 63,459,349 | 58,812,027 | 60,064,328 | 50,729,048 | 51,229,772 |
| Instructional staff support services | 241,610,652 | 187,114,423 | 133,254,466 | 118,955,171 | 126,848,770 |
| District administrative support services | 8,409,278 | 7,872,803 | 7,711,286 | 6,972,822 | 6,527,172 |
| School administrative support services | 107,624,194 | 99,473,707 | 94,277,648 | 84,150,967 | 86,610,539 |
| Business support services | 90,097,373 | 81,828,482 | 33,236,652 | 38,844,491 | 43,593,985 |
| Community services | 33,835,506 | 25,466,326 | 16,012,870 | 9,134,416 | 11,083,387 |
| Transportation | 131,587,727 | 89,762,735 | 87,973,527 | 84,374,237 | 85,671,454 |
| Plant operations and maintenance | 109,198,091 | 110,347,315 | 108,222,195 | 103,975,188 | 105,742,034 |
| Other | 315,775 | 380,782 | 501,023 | 563,066 | 860,251 |
| School Food services | 90,450,953 | 68,262,191 | 62,724,047 | 57,940,891 | 54,921,587 |
| Adult education | 193,589 | 260,184 | 568,257 | 479,264 | 457,769 |
| Enterprise programs | 142,516 | 156,576 | 97,329 | 97,470 | 91,921 |
| Tuition-based pre-school | 1,317,912 | 885,771 | 785,927 | 721,285 | 898,025 |
| Day care operations | 652,491 | 428,715 | 480,892 | 712,447 | 703,320 |
| Interest expense | 16,139,220 | 16,116,139 | 16,244,178 | 14,825,786 | 15,146,527 |
| Total primary activities | 1,676,474,035 | 1,489,462,251 | 1,351,474,600 | 1,205,653,943 | 1,215,753,269 |
| Program revenues | | | | | |
| Lunchroom sales | 3,685,798 | 4,031,184 | 5,929,215 | 8,115,697 | 9,547,373 |
| Tuition and fees | 1,643,649 | 1,777,454 | 1,777,560 | 2,086,769 | 2,849,101 |
| Grants | 177,468,409 | 175,828,013 | 161,465,197 | 157,264,562 | 183,550,725 |
| Total program revenues | 182,797,856 | 181,636,651 | 169,171,972 | 167,467,028 | 195,947,199 |
| Net Expense | \$ (1,493,676,179) | \$ (1,307,825,600) | \$ (1,182,302,628) | \$ (1,038,186,915) | \$ (1,019,806,070) |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Activities – Total Primary Government – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Net Expense | \$ (1,427,084,834) | \$ (1,480,620,262) | \$ (1,433,421,643) | \$ (1,518,749,190) | \$ (1,510,734,607) |
| General revenues | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 594,308,658 | 530,248,112 | 502,604,410 | 480,070,360 | 456,911,397 |
| Occupational taxes | 206,474,525 | 176,787,809 | 156,348,315 | 165,754,818 | 162,374,610 |
| Other taxes | 106,915,232 | 63,516,855 | 54,014,453 | 56,671,549 | 53,658,834 |
| State sources | | | | | |
| SEEK program | 233,088,270 | 231,277,657 | 234,116,356 | 256,564,394 | 256,709,740 |
| Other state revenues | 555,341,767 | 466,477,021 | 434,461,333 | 455,839,757 | 512,980,545 |
| Interest and investment earnings | 843,616 | 331,518 | 4,881,555 | 7,649,883 | 3,388,278 |
| Miscellaneous | 27,262,057 | 14,190,842 | 28,573,608 | 21,100,757 | 16,463,425 |
| Total general revenues | 1,724,234,125 | 1,482,829,814 | 1,415,000,030 | 1,443,651,518 | 1,462,486,829 |
| Change in net position | 297,149,291 | 2,209,552 | (18,421,613) | (75,097,672) | (48,247,778) |
| Net position, beginning of year | (412,725,723) | (414,935,275) | (396,513,662) | (321,415,990) | (273,168,212) |
| Net position, end of year | <u>\$ (115,576,432)</u> | <u>\$ (412,725,723)</u> | <u>\$ (414,935,275)</u> | <u>\$ (396,513,662)</u> | <u>\$ (321,415,990)</u> |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Statement of Activities – Total Primary Government – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Net Expense | \$ (1,493,676,179) | \$ (1,307,825,600) | \$ (1,182,302,628) | \$ (1,038,186,915) | \$ (1,019,806,070) |
| General revenues | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 432,706,453 | 416,365,932 | 397,722,644 | 388,628,855 | 380,134,468 |
| Occupational taxes | 156,387,646 | 151,821,629 | 139,825,242 | 132,569,312 | 128,882,355 |
| Other taxes | 51,729,620 | 47,796,163 | 49,482,553 | 46,500,119 | 54,640,894 |
| State sources | | | | | |
| SEEK program | 269,121,859 | 274,943,838 | 277,043,057 | 270,658,773 | 272,230,951 |
| Other state revenues | 583,777,579 | 383,488,212 | 311,578,993 | 196,206,023 | 193,512,525 |
| Interest and investment earnings | 2,414,058 | 1,706,153 | 1,405,257 | 1,683,254 | 999,499 |
| Miscellaneous | 19,899,924 | 15,948,120 | 10,240,231 | 10,032,096 | 7,069,045 |
| Total general revenues | 1,516,037,139 | 1,292,070,047 | 1,187,297,977 | 1,046,278,432 | 1,037,469,737 |
| Change in net position | 22,360,960 | (15,755,553) | 4,995,349 | 8,091,517 | 17,663,667 |
| Net position, beginning of year | (295,529,172) | (279,773,619) | (284,768,968) | (292,860,485) | (310,524,152) |
| Net position, end of year | <u>\$ (273,168,212)</u> | <u>\$ (295,529,172)</u> | <u>\$ (279,773,619)</u> | <u>\$ (284,768,968)</u> | <u>\$ (292,860,485)</u> |

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 531,341,486 | \$ 319,947,620 | \$ 309,534,145 | \$ 327,791,345 | \$ 308,987,719 |
| Accounts and grants receivable | 61,057,760 | 53,850,968 | 32,124,286 | 41,527,426 | 35,188,994 |
| Prepaid expenditures | | 1,200,000 | | 2,423,932 | 3,202,317 |
| Inventories | 3,845,950 | 4,972,608 | 3,613,216 | 3,324,186 | 3,197,796 |
| Due from other funds | 159,186,531 | 124,072,584 | 111,823,383 | 121,012,589 | 133,328,815 |
| Total Assets | \$ 755,431,727 | \$ 504,043,780 | \$ 457,095,030 | \$ 496,079,478 | \$ 483,905,641 |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities accrued liabilities | \$ 150,324,873 | \$ 144,857,329 | \$ 124,595,791 | \$ 136,245,944 | \$ 138,516,380 |
| Due to other funds | 150,885,786 | 113,609,966 | 104,624,399 | 107,049,722 | 127,964,466 |
| Deferred revenue | | | | | |
| Total Liabilities | 301,210,659 | 258,467,295 | 229,220,190 | 243,295,666 | 266,480,846 |
| Fund Balances | | | | | |
| Nonspendable, General Fund | 3,845,950 | 6,172,608 | 3,613,216 | 5,460,600 | 6,113,779 |
| Restricted | | | | | |
| Capital Projects & Special Revenue Fund | 93,179,006 | 83,202,728 | 103,870,057 | 97,624,465 | 46,860,175 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 18,092,307 | 10,379,429 | 29,047,895 | 23,368,618 | 29,017,136 |
| Assigned, General Fund | 25,081,718 | 27,039,251 | 32,748,001 | 16,244,256 | 15,843,169 |
| Committed, General Fund | 36,000,000 | 36,000,000 | 36,000,000 | 36,000,000 | 36,000,000 |
| Unassigned, General Fund | 278,022,087 | 82,782,469 | 22,595,671 | 74,085,873 | 83,590,536 |
| Total Fund Balances | 454,221,068 | 245,576,485 | 227,874,840 | 252,783,812 | 217,424,795 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$ 755,431,727 | \$ 504,043,780 | \$ 457,095,030 | \$ 496,079,478 | \$ 483,905,641 |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 363,476,682 | \$ 284,375,743 | \$ 276,582,060 | \$ 305,860,390 | \$ 277,990,866 |
| Accounts and grants receivable | 33,293,705 | 73,660,969 | 37,762,695 | 32,898,857 | 36,737,796 |
| Prepaid expenditures | 3,048,750 | 3,149,580 | 4,203,103 | 4,556,994 | 3,019,703 |
| Inventories | 3,221,436 | 3,462,986 | 3,992,197 | 4,623,166 | 5,246,448 |
| Due from other funds | 134,756,547 | 128,054,736 | 129,948,408 | 110,049,883 | 113,473,407 |
| Total Assets | \$ 537,797,120 | \$ 492,704,014 | \$ 452,488,463 | \$ 457,989,290 | \$ 436,468,220 |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities accrued liabilities | \$ 134,584,582 | \$ 114,393,488 | \$ 104,691,277 | \$ 110,401,094 | \$ 110,279,576 |
| Due to other funds | 129,600,827 | 123,038,113 | 124,267,169 | 103,504,919 | 106,609,314 |
| Deferred revenue | | | | | 11,268,926 |
| Total Liabilities | 264,185,409 | 237,431,601 | 228,958,446 | 213,906,013 | 228,157,816 |
| Fund Balances | | | | | |
| Nonspendable, General Fund | 5,982,668 | 6,325,049 | 7,907,782 | 8,892,642 | 7,978,633 |
| Restricted Revenue Fund | 97,632,001 | 92,548,558 | 86,087,451 | 100,950,255 | 37,783,478 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 22,163,113 | 29,748,282 | 18,234,685 | 23,052,462 | 51,569,717 |
| Assigned, General Fund | 17,338,950 | 18,887,348 | 17,456,000 | 8,737,485 | 18,078,918 |
| Committed, General Fund | 36,000,000 | 36,000,000 | 36,000,000 | 36,000,000 | 36,000,000 |
| Unassigned, General Fund | 94,494,979 | 71,763,176 | 57,844,099 | 66,450,433 | 68,168,584 |
| Total Fund Balances | 273,611,711 | 255,272,413 | 223,530,017 | 244,083,277 | 219,579,330 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$ 537,797,120 | \$ 492,704,014 | \$ 452,488,463 | \$ 457,989,290 | \$ 447,737,146 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Local sources | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 594,308,658 | \$ 530,248,112 | \$ 502,604,410 | \$ 480,070,360 | \$ 456,911,397 |
| Occupational taxes | 206,474,525 | 176,787,809 | 156,348,315 | 165,754,818 | 162,374,610 |
| Other taxes | 106,915,232 | 63,516,855 | 54,014,453 | 56,671,549 | 53,658,834 |
| Grants from local agencies and donors | 5,217,631 | 3,496,477 | 3,429,761 | 4,216,634 | 12,003,218 |
| State sources | | | | | |
| SEEK program | 233,088,270 | 231,277,657 | 234,116,356 | 256,564,394 | 256,709,740 |
| Other state resources | 371,572,407 | 369,100,158 | 366,710,242 | 346,822,857 | 344,927,246 |
| Grants | 376,581,135 | 163,897,511 | 84,064,441 | 79,215,953 | 91,177,791 |
| Interest | 833,179 | 330,027 | 4,786,365 | 7,473,913 | 3,284,271 |
| Other sources | 19,770,433 | 12,699,056 | 28,672,444 | 18,036,912 | 19,512,719 |
| Total Revenues | 1,914,761,470 | 1,551,353,662 | 1,434,746,787 | 1,414,827,390 | 1,400,559,826 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| Instruction | 909,687,365 | 829,625,035 | 785,031,827 | 763,641,366 | 754,517,489 |
| Student support services | 100,581,583 | 87,150,824 | 76,482,424 | 68,161,539 | 66,023,129 |
| Instructional staff support services | 181,917,323 | 149,690,833 | 150,231,095 | 140,842,072 | 155,224,231 |
| District administrative support services | 8,775,830 | 7,417,507 | 7,508,254 | 6,814,225 | 5,881,645 |
| School administrative support services | 128,116,349 | 118,604,248 | 115,548,045 | 115,027,172 | 98,562,871 |
| Business support services | 63,469,064 | 46,446,098 | 52,741,427 | 45,822,235 | 49,830,447 |
| Community Services | 17,057,896 | 26,169,664 | 10,643,474 | 11,083,836 | 10,176,026 |
| Transportation | 83,808,103 | 68,093,453 | 85,493,451 | 89,192,089 | 89,313,077 |

Continued

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Expenditures—Continued | | | | | |
| Plant operations and maintenance | \$ 147,494,935 | \$ 110,961,638 | \$ 116,158,197 | \$ 117,438,367 | \$ 118,046,299 |
| Other instructional support services | 20,302 | 22,631 | 20,340 | 64,987 | 60,065 |
| Building renovations | 104,094,794 | 73,247,112 | 63,116,051 | 54,170,060 | 52,752,999 |
| Other | 471,030 | 333,476 | 2,944,210 | 2,785,186 | 2,606,701 |
| Debt service | | | | | |
| Principal | 36,338,627 | 36,235,188 | 33,245,188 | 35,151,226 | 34,001,290 |
| Interest | 20,268,424 | 18,791,141 | 18,100,298 | 16,569,151 | 16,696,446 |
| Total Expenditures | 1,802,101,625 | 1,572,788,848 | 1,517,264,281 | 1,466,763,511 | 1,453,692,715 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | |
| Bond proceeds net of discounts and refunding issues | 94,455,551 | 38,324,989 | 57,608,522 | 90,362,974 | |
| Transfers to Proprietary Funds | (3,002,495) | (2,989,842) | | | |
| Transfers from Proprietary Funds | 4,531,682 | 3,806,684 | | | |
| Transfers in | 86,205,468 | 70,674,870 | 52,169,348 | 56,942,430 | 43,815,290 |
| Transfers out | (86,205,468) | (70,674,870) | (52,169,348) | (60,010,266) | (46,869,317) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 95,984,738 | 39,141,831 | 57,608,522 | 87,295,138 | (3,054,027) |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | 208,644,583 | 17,701,645 | (24,908,972) | 35,359,017 | (56,186,916) |
| Fund Balances, Beginning of Year | 245,576,485 | 227,874,840 | 252,783,812 | 217,424,795 | 273,611,711 |
| Fund Balances, End of Year | \$ 454,221,068 | \$ 245,576,485 | \$ 227,874,840 | \$ 252,783,812 | \$ 217,424,795 |
| Ratio of total debt service expenditures to total noncapital expenditures | 0.039 | 0.040 | 0.039 | 0.038 | 0.040 |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
– Continued**

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Local sources | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 432,706,453 | \$ 416,365,932 | \$ 397,722,644 | \$ 388,628,855 | \$ 380,134,468 |
| Occupational taxes | 156,387,646 | 151,821,629 | 139,825,242 | 132,569,312 | 128,882,355 |
| Other taxes | 51,729,620 | 47,796,163 | 49,482,553 | 46,500,119 | 54,640,894 |
| Grants from local agencies and donors | 10,059,989 | 9,339,816 | 8,435,955 | 9,881,427 | 11,197,615 |
| State sources | | | | | |
| SEEK program | 269,121,859 | 274,943,838 | 277,043,057 | 270,658,773 | 272,230,951 |
| Other state resources | 240,938,705 | 237,803,654 | 229,841,535 | 203,844,812 | 201,420,560 |
| Grants | 94,954,691 | 95,633,844 | 91,141,503 | 94,128,602 | 119,079,889 |
| Interest | 2,347,241 | 1,677,255 | 1,389,755 | 1,663,952 | 978,205 |
| Other sources | 16,260,224 | 16,611,172 | 11,654,931 | 10,814,937 | 11,046,052 |
| Total Revenues | 1,274,506,428 | 1,251,993,303 | 1,206,537,175 | 1,158,690,789 | 1,179,610,989 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| Instruction | 659,163,029 | 651,704,411 | 626,202,625 | 599,752,771 | 588,571,941 |
| Student support services | 59,507,080 | 56,468,739 | 53,898,592 | 50,904,421 | 51,190,099 |
| Instructional staff support services | 137,792,548 | 133,813,433 | 136,595,787 | 125,814,940 | 124,783,834 |
| District administrative support services | 5,205,114 | 4,621,076 | 4,074,121 | 3,643,083 | 3,097,758 |
| School administrative support services | 87,953,654 | 86,072,917 | 86,706,811 | 85,727,500 | 85,986,396 |
| Business support services | 43,508,006 | 41,900,407 | 40,124,691 | 42,730,714 | 42,920,067 |
| Community Services | 9,673,052 | 9,705,648 | 9,785,799 | 9,605,723 | 9,747,355 |
| Transportation | 80,102,175 | 76,843,087 | 80,815,562 | 85,953,279 | 79,557,078 |

Continued

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Expenditures—Continued | | | | | |
| Plant operations and maintenance | \$ 108,680,821 | \$ 109,856,870 | \$ 107,834,439 | \$ 103,957,976 | \$ 105,710,395 |
| Other instructional support services | 32,859 | 31,660 | 27,404 | 10,000 | 54,928 |
| Building renovations | 49,013,775 | 54,066,235 | 47,130,013 | 48,640,389 | 60,142,086 |
| Other | 2,771,607 | 3,276,200 | 3,475,119 | 3,358,550 | 3,754,979 |
| Debt service | | | | | |
| Principal | 31,116,591 | 30,255,122 | 29,914,485 | 34,623,248 | 34,170,699 |
| Interest | 16,323,732 | 16,461,930 | 16,034,197 | 15,265,077 | 16,023,720 |
| Total Expenditures | 1,290,844,043 | 1,275,077,735 | 1,242,619,645 | 1,209,987,671 | 1,205,711,335 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | |
| Bond proceeds net of discounts and refunding issues | 37,776,399 | 57,926,144 | 18,645,850 | 78,820,133 | 27,581,217 |
| Transfers to Proprietary Funds | | | | | |
| Transfers from Proprietary Funds | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 55,738,987 | 41,506,086 | 53,480,763 | 77,555,249 | 112,371,790 |
| Transfers out | (58,838,473) | (44,605,402) | (56,597,403) | (80,574,553) | (115,351,681) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 34,676,913 | 54,826,828 | 15,529,210 | 75,800,829 | 24,601,326 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | 18,339,298 | 31,742,396 | (20,553,260) | 24,503,947 | (1,499,020) |
| Fund Balances, Beginning of Year | 255,272,413 | 223,530,017 | 244,083,277 | 219,579,330 | 221,078,350 |
| Fund Balances, End of Year | \$ 273,611,711 | \$ 255,272,413 | \$ 223,530,017 | \$ 244,083,277 | \$ 219,579,330 |
| Ratio of total debt service expenditures to total noncapital expenditures | 0.039 | 0.041 | 0.039 | 0.048 | 0.045 |

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

General Government Expenses by Function¹

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | Instruction | Student Support Services | Instructional Staff Support Services | District Administrative Support Services | School Administrative Support Services | Business Support Services | Community Services | Transportation | Plant Operations and Maintenance |
|------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| 2022 | \$1,023,426,169 | \$ 107,196,262 | \$ 193,879,118 | \$ 11,805,819 | \$ 136,540,514 | \$ 67,673,427 | \$ 12,995,156 | \$ 95,234,280 | \$ 158,273,844 |
| 2021 | 944,387,244 | 88,749,846 | 180,993,573 | 10,222,935 | 123,139,817 | 50,311,515 | 18,342,055 | 85,005,627 | 111,513,734 |
| 2020 | 842,004,783 | 77,156,556 | 158,415,899 | 9,945,307 | 117,806,382 | 58,354,230 | 14,013,430 | 99,810,412 | 116,274,445 |
| 2019 | 864,509,475 | 69,122,283 | 184,473,830 | 9,417,079 | 127,163,050 | 65,847,780 | 28,399,457 | 124,412,708 | 118,239,225 |
| 2018 | 848,894,722 | 66,627,124 | 191,939,436 | 8,792,408 | 108,309,775 | 70,521,907 | 26,377,760 | 158,063,796 | 118,322,852 |
| 2017 | 781,439,409 | 63,459,349 | 241,610,652 | 8,409,278 | 107,624,194 | 90,097,373 | 33,835,506 | 131,587,727 | 109,198,091 |
| 2016 | 742,294,075 | 58,812,027 | 187,114,423 | 7,872,803 | 99,473,707 | 81,828,482 | 25,466,326 | 89,762,735 | 110,347,315 |
| 2015 | 729,319,975 | 60,064,328 | 133,254,466 | 7,711,286 | 94,277,648 | 33,236,652 | 16,012,870 | 87,973,527 | 108,222,195 |
| 2014 | 633,177,394 | 50,729,048 | 118,955,171 | 6,972,822 | 84,150,967 | 38,844,491 | 9,134,416 | 84,374,237 | 103,975,188 |
| 2013 | 625,366,756 | 51,229,772 | 126,848,770 | 6,527,172 | 86,610,539 | 43,593,985 | 11,083,387 | 85,671,454 | 105,742,034 |

| | Other Instructional Support Services | | School Food Services | Adult Education | Enterprise Programs | Tuition-based Pre-school | Daycare Operations | Total | |
|------|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Other | Interest | | | | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ 1,102,962 | \$ 20,268,424 | \$ 62,920,793 | \$ 65,346 | \$ 11,674 | \$ (1,364) | \$ 74,925 | \$1,891,467,349 | |
| 2021 | 15,694,901 | 18,860,600 | 45,091,852 | 170,977 | 75,950 | (648,751) | (39,665) | 1,691,872,210 | |
| 2020 | 489,258 | 18,418,910 | 77,606,712 | 204,046 | 157,228 | 451,880 | 130,385 | 1,591,239,863 | |
| 2019 | 604,701 | 16,106,729 | 72,200,866 | 171,152 | 141,308 | 707,730 | (435,894) | 1,681,081,479 | |
| 2018 | 81,682 | 17,204,330 | 76,915,589 | 168,158 | 157,129 | 1,097,840 | 237,015 | 1,693,711,523 | |
| 2017 | 315,775 | 16,139,220 | 90,450,953 | 193,589 | 142,516 | 1,317,912 | 652,491 | 1,676,474,035 | |
| 2016 | 380,782 | 16,116,139 | 68,262,191 | 260,184 | 156,576 | 885,771 | 428,715 | 1,489,462,251 | |
| 2015 | 501,023 | 16,244,178 | 62,724,047 | 568,257 | 97,329 | 785,927 | 480,892 | 1,351,474,600 | |
| 2014 | 10,000 | 563,066 | 14,825,786 | 57,940,891 | 479,264 | 97,470 | 721,285 | 1,205,663,943 | |
| 2013 | | 860,251 | 15,146,527 | 54,921,587 | 457,769 | 91,921 | 898,025 | 703,320 | 1,215,753,269 |

¹ General government includes all governmental and enterprise funds.

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

General Government Revenues by Type¹

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | Charges for Service | Grants & Contributions | Property Taxes | Occupational Taxes | Other Taxes |
|------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| 2022 | \$ 1,495,359 | \$ 462,887,156 | \$ 594,308,658 | \$ 206,474,525 | \$ 106,915,232 |
| 2021 | 668,633 | 210,583,315 | 530,248,112 | 176,787,809 | 63,516,855 |
| 2020 | 3,534,142 | 154,284,078 | 502,604,410 | 156,348,315 | 54,014,453 |
| 2019 | 4,522,115 | 157,810,174 | 480,070,360 | 165,754,818 | 56,671,549 |
| 2018 | 4,651,662 | 178,325,254 | 456,911,397 | 162,374,610 | 53,658,834 |
| 2017 | 5,329,447 | 177,468,409 | 432,706,453 | 156,387,646 | 51,729,620 |
| 2016 | 5,808,638 | 175,828,013 | 416,365,932 | 151,821,629 | 47,796,163 |
| 2015 | 7,706,775 | 161,465,197 | 397,722,644 | 139,825,242 | 49,482,553 |
| 2014 | 10,202,466 | 157,264,562 | 388,628,855 | 132,569,312 | 46,500,119 |
| 2013 | 12,396,474 | 183,550,725 | 380,134,468 | 128,882,355 | 54,640,894 |

| | SEEK State Revenues | Other State Revenues | Interest Income | Other Revenues | Total |
|------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| 2022 | \$ 233,088,270 | \$ 555,341,767 | \$ 843,616 | \$ 27,262,057 | \$ 2,188,616,640 |
| 2021 | 231,277,657 | 466,477,021 | 331,518 | 14,190,842 | 1,694,081,762 |
| 2020 | 234,116,356 | 434,461,333 | 4,881,555 | 28,573,608 | 1,572,818,250 |
| 2019 | 256,564,394 | 455,839,757 | 7,649,883 | 21,100,757 | 1,605,983,807 |
| 2018 | 256,709,740 | 512,980,545 | 3,388,278 | 16,463,425 | 1,645,463,745 |
| 2017 | 269,121,859 | 583,777,579 | 2,414,058 | 19,899,924 | 1,698,834,995 |
| 2016 | 274,943,838 | 383,488,212 | 1,706,153 | 15,948,120 | 1,473,706,698 |
| 2015 | 277,043,057 | 311,578,993 | 1,405,257 | 10,240,231 | 1,356,469,949 |
| 2014 | 270,658,773 | 196,206,023 | 1,683,254 | 10,032,096 | 1,213,745,460 |
| 2013 | 272,230,951 | 193,512,525 | 999,499 | 7,069,045 | 1,233,416,936 |

¹ General government includes all governmental and enterprise funds.

Property Tax Rates

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | Real Estate¹ | Tangible Property¹ | Motor Vehicle¹ | Weighted Average Tax Rates¹ |
|------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|
| 2022 | 79.6 | 79.6 | 58.5 | 78.2 |
| 2021 | 80.6 | 80.6 | 58.5 | 79.0 |
| 2020 | 73.6 | 73.6 | 58.5 | 70.7 |
| 2019 | 72.5 | 72.5 | 58.5 | 71.5 |
| 2018 | 70.4 | 70.4 | 58.5 | 70.0 |
| 2017 | 70.8 | 71.0 | 58.5 | 69.9 |
| 2016 | 71.0 | 71.0 | 58.5 | 70.1 |
| 2015 | 71.0 | 71.0 | 58.5 | 69.2 |
| 2014 | 71.0 | 71.0 | 58.5 | 69.2 |
| 2013 | 70.0 | 70.0 | 58.5 | 69.2 |

Real estate & personal property taxes are the District's largest revenue source. Each year's tax rates are approved in September by vote of the elected Board of Education. Statutorily, rates may not be raised to an extent that total revenues are increased by 4% or the tax is subject to referendum.

¹ Cents per \$100 assessment

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Real Estate and Personal Property Tax Revenues

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | Amount Levied | Collections as of the End of the Levy Year | Levy Year Percent | Omitted and Delinquent Tax Revenue | Total Tax Revenue Received During Fiscal Year | Total Percent |
|------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------|
| 2022 | \$ 643,990,091 | \$ 611,503,351 | 95.0 % | \$ 48,964,773 | \$ 660,468,124 | 102.6 % |
| 2021 | 571,206,069 | 544,761,795 | 95.4 % | 12,040,502 | 556,802,297 | 97.5 % |
| 2020 | 543,290,378 | 515,985,211 | 95.0 % | 9,183,568 | 525,168,779 | 96.7 % |
| 2019 | 516,657,825 | 492,745,653 | 95.4 % | 12,269,041 | 505,014,694 | 97.7 % |
| 2018 | 495,210,128 | 468,396,336 | 94.6 % | 10,892,385 | 479,288,721 | 96.8 % |
| 2017 | 464,203,005 | 443,500,395 | 95.5 % | 9,968,631 | 453,469,026 | 97.7 % |
| 2016 | 447,424,580 | 425,810,369 | 95.2 % | 9,753,569 | 435,563,938 | 97.3 % |
| 2015 | 427,603,120 | 406,858,768 | 95.1 % | 11,523,771 | 418,382,539 | 97.8 % |
| 2014 | 417,767,614 | 396,380,679 | 94.9 % | 11,872,790 | 408,253,469 | 97.7 % |
| 2013 | 407,196,257 | 394,226,682 | 96.8 % | 14,330,061 | 408,556,743 | 100.3 % |

Tax collections consist of property taxes and franchise taxes. These revenues are split between General Fund and Building Fund in the Financial Section, where franchise taxes are included with Other Taxes.

Omitted and delinquent taxes are remitted to the District when collected by our tax collection agencies. These collections are not identified by year, occasionally resulting in the percent of collections exceeding 100%.

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Property Tax Assessments

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | Real Estate | Tangible Personal | Franchise | Motor Vehicle | Distilled Spirits | Total Assessed Value | Estimated Actual Value | Weighted Average Tax Rate Applied to Assessments (cents per \$100 assessment) |
|------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 2022 | \$ 71,098,214,497 | \$ 5,458,828,137 | \$ 3,172,778,255 | \$ 5,789,431,042 | \$ 256,182,196 | \$ 85,775,434,127 | \$ 85,775,434,127 | 78.18 |
| 2021 | 66,800,455,676 | 5,118,571,261 | 2,892,140,795 | 5,797,471,887 | 259,276,546 | 80,867,916,165 | 80,867,916,165 | 79.02 |
| 2020 | 65,141,054,707 | 5,403,545,336 | 2,868,841,228 | 5,720,667,808 | 283,410,346 | 79,417,519,425 | 79,417,519,425 | 72.51 |
| 2019 | 62,682,776,578 | 4,798,195,140 | 2,655,839,191 | 5,478,733,432 | 270,677,922 | 75,886,222,263 | 75,886,222,263 | 71.49 |
| 2018 | 61,046,926,653 | 5,307,565,850 | 2,568,249,146 | 5,272,908,093 | 270,677,922 | 74,466,327,664 | 74,466,327,664 | 69.56 |
| 2017 | 57,871,202,283 | 4,980,355,366 | 2,296,268,627 | 5,109,701,374 | 291,093,494 | 70,548,621,144 | 70,548,621,144 | 69.93 |
| 2016 | 54,932,805,754 | 5,042,138,245 | 2,250,950,826 | 4,907,345,575 | 274,684,465 | 67,407,924,865 | 67,407,924,865 | 70.09 |
| 2015 | 52,476,956,219 | 4,711,452,019 | 2,096,989,899 | 4,729,846,285 | 280,681,766 | 64,295,926,188 | 64,295,926,188 | 70.08 |
| 2014 | 51,682,382,456 | 4,879,662,128 | 2,003,135,948 | 4,564,604,680 | 268,980,462 | 63,398,765,674 | 63,398,765,674 | 70.10 |
| 2013 | 51,164,832,697 | 4,627,273,268 | 2,089,543,036 | 4,408,198,290 | 289,244,918 | 62,579,092,209 | 62,579,092,209 | 69.19 |

Source: Jefferson County Property Valuation Administration

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Property Taxes, As Assessed

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | Real Estate | Tangible Property | Franchise | Motor Vehicle | Distilled Spirits | Total Property Taxes as Assessed | Estimated Actual Tax Value |
|------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| 2022 | \$ 565,941,787 | \$ 43,452,272 | \$ 25,255,315 | \$ 33,868,172 | \$ 2,039,210 | \$ 670,556,756 | \$ 670,556,756 |
| 2021 | 538,411,673 | 41,255,684 | 23,310,655 | 33,915,211 | 2,089,769 | 638,982,992 | 638,982,992 |
| 2020 | 479,438,163 | 39,770,094 | 21,659,751 | 33,465,907 | 2,085,900 | 576,419,815 | 576,419,815 |
| 2019 | 454,450,130 | 34,786,915 | 19,254,834 | 32,050,591 | 1,962,415 | 542,504,885 | 542,504,885 |
| 2018 | 432,212,241 | 37,683,718 | 18,234,569 | 30,846,512 | 1,921,813 | 520,898,853 | 520,898,853 |
| 2017 | 409,728,112 | 35,360,523 | 16,303,507 | 29,891,753 | 2,066,764 | 493,350,659 | 493,350,659 |
| 2016 | 390,022,921 | 35,799,182 | 15,981,751 | 28,707,972 | 1,950,260 | 472,462,086 | 472,462,086 |
| 2015 | 367,338,694 | 32,980,164 | 14,678,929 | 27,669,601 | 1,964,772 | 444,632,160 | 444,632,160 |
| 2014 | 361,776,677 | 34,157,635 | 14,021,952 | 26,702,937 | 1,882,863 | 438,542,064 | 438,542,064 |
| 2013 | 358,153,829 | 32,390,913 | 14,626,801 | 25,787,960 | 2,024,714 | 432,984,217 | 432,984,217 |

Source: Assessments from Jefferson County Property Valuation Administration multiplied by tax rates

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Principal Real Estate Taxpayers

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

| Company | 2021-22 School Tax Paid | % Total Rev | 2020-21 | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 | 2016-17 | 2015-16 | 2014-15 | 2013-14 | 2012-13 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|
| Louisville Gas & Electric | \$16,716,985 | 2.4 % | \$14,097,643 | \$12,391,757 | \$12,246,131 | \$10,556,090 | \$ 9,852,494 | \$ 8,576,005 | \$ 7,425,245 | ** | \$13,319,323 |
| Bell South | 4,381,401 | 0.6 % | 1,270,929 | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| BT Property LLC | 2,452,842 | 0.3 % | 2,051,701 | 1,444,283 | 1,396,092 | 1,276,264 | 910,013 | 889,611 | 897,653 | 1,191,344 | 817,270 |
| Humana | 2,331,349 | 0.3 % | 2,279,316 | 2,094,564 | 1,778,260 | 1,308,112 | 1,305,761 | 1,280,785 | 931,639 | 779,381 | 920,799 |
| Insight Communications | 1,878,279 | 0.3 % | 1,820,080 | 1,696,056 | 1,260,698 | 2,583,952 | ** | 1,294,204 | 1,270,617 | ** | ** |
| Schneider Co. | 1,684,166 | 0.2 % | 1,948,116 | 1,585,336 | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| United Parcel Service | 1,595,007 | 0.2 % | 1,400,517 | 1,218,076 | 1,406,678 | 1,095,192 | 1,770,143 | 1,169,732 | 831,367 | 897,930 | 1,621,721 |
| Walmart | 1,512,871 | 0.2 % | 1,426,368 | 1,418,139 | 1,468,730 | ** | ** | ** | ** | 874,965 | 937,487 |
| WMB 2 LLC | 1,318,145 | 0.2 % | 1,253,928 | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| MSM Properties | 955,610 | 0.1 % | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** |

** For years marked, taxpayer was not one of the principal taxpayers to the Board.

Source: Jefferson County Sheriff

Percent of total revenues is based on percent of total real estate and other property taxes as follows:

| | | |
|----------------|----|--------------------|
| Property taxes | \$ | 594,308,658 |
| Other taxes | | 106,915,232 |
| | \$ | <u>701,223,890</u> |

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Overlapping Tax Rates

For Tax Year 2021

| | <u>Real Estate¹</u> | <u>Tangible Property¹</u> | <u>Motor Vehicle¹</u> | | <u>Real Estate¹</u> | <u>Tangible Property¹</u> | <u>Motor Vehicle¹</u> |
|--|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Jefferson County Board of Education - total direct rate of largest own source revenue (cents per \$100 property assessment) | | | | | 79.60 | 79.60 | 79.60 |
| Metro Louisville | | | | | | | |
| Government | 12.89 | 16.60 | 16.60 | Glenview | 11.40 | — | — |
| Anchorage | 32.90 | 32.90 | 32.90 | Glenview Hills | 11.00 | — | — |
| Audubon Park | 28.00 | — | — | Glenview Manor | 13.45 | — | — |
| Bancroft | 34.50 | — | — | Goose Creek | 13.70 | — | — |
| Barbourmeade | 20.90 | — | — | Graymoor-Devondale | 20.00 | — | — |
| Beechwood Village | 10.00 | — | — | Green Spring | 17.00 | 17.80 | — |
| Bellemeade | 6.60 | — | — | Heritage Creek | 21.40 | — | — |
| Bellewood | 19.00 | — | — | Hickory Hill | 24.70 | — | — |
| Blue Ridge Manor | 20.00 | — | — | Hills and Dales | 21.50 | — | — |
| Briarwood | 29.00 | — | — | Hollow Creek | 34.00 | — | — |
| Broeck Pointe | 21.50 | — | — | Houston Acres | 17.70 | — | — |
| Brownsboro Farm | 25.90 | — | — | Hurstbourne | 16.90 | — | — |
| Brownsboro Village | 19.88 | — | — | Hurstbourne Acres | 14.00 | — | — |
| Cambridge | 16.80 | — | — | Indian Hills | 19.10 | — | — |
| Coldstream | 12.00 | — | — | Jeffersontown | 13.09 | — | — |
| Creekside | 22.00 | — | — | Kingsley | 27.80 | — | — |
| Crossgate | 23.40 | — | — | Langdon Place | 28.00 | — | — |
| Douglas Hills | 13.40 | — | — | Lincolnshire | 22.00 | — | — |
| Druid Hills | 10.00 | — | — | Lyndon | 11.00 | — | — |
| Fincastle | 20.00 | — | — | Lynnview | 10.00 | — | — |
| Forest Hills | 12.00 | — | — | Manor Creek | 29.00 | — | — |

¹ Cents per \$100 assessment

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Overlapping Tax Rates – Continued

For Tax Year 2021

| | <u>Real Estate¹</u> | <u>Tangible Property¹</u> | <u>Motor Vehicle¹</u> | | <u>Real Estate¹</u> | <u>Tangible Property¹</u> | <u>Motor Vehicle¹</u> |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Maryhill Estates | 14.00 | — | — | Saint Regis Park | 10.30 | — | — |
| Meadow Vale | 12.20 | — | — | Seneca Gardens | 21.31 | — | — |
| Meadowbrook Farm | 7.40 | — | — | Shively | 35.40 | 36.30 | 36.30 |
| Meadowview Estates | 10.50 | — | — | Spring Mill | 20.00 | — | — |
| Middletown | 13.40 | — | — | Spring Valley | 17.00 | — | — |
| Mockingbird Valley | 12.25 | — | — | Strathmoor Manor | 30.00 | — | — |
| Moorland | 20.00 | — | — | Strathmoor Village | 21.00 | — | — |
| Murray Hill | 17.80 | — | — | Ten Broeck | 9.76 | — | — |
| Norbourne Estates | 16.80 | — | — | Thornhill | 12.00 | — | — |
| Nothfield | 15.40 | — | — | Watterson Park | 6.50 | 6.50 | 6.50 |
| Norwood | 17.50 | — | — | Wellington | 13.38 | — | — |
| Old Brownsboro Place | 34.00 | — | — | West Buechel | 21.00 | — | — |
| Parkway Village | 14.50 | — | — | Westwood | 14.30 | — | — |
| Plantation | 28.00 | — | — | Wildwood | 16.10 | — | — |
| Prospect | 21.25 | — | — | Windy Hills | 17.00 | — | — |
| Richlawn | 29.00 | — | — | Woodland Hills | 12.00 | — | — |
| Riverwood | 17.92 | — | — | Woodlawn Park | 14.10 | — | — |
| Rolling Fields | 15.40 | — | — | Worthington Hills | 20.47 | — | — |
| Rolling Hills | 19.03 | — | — | | | | |
| Saint Matthews | 20.00 | — | — | | | | |

¹ Cents per \$100 assessment

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Overlapping Tax Rates – Continued

For Tax Year 2021

| | Real Estate¹ | Tangible Property¹ | Motor Vehicle¹ |
|---|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Anchorage/Middletown Fire & EMS | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 |
| Buechel Fire District | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| Camp Taylor Fire District | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| Fairdale Fire District | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| Fern Creek Fire District | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 |
| Highview Fire District | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 |
| Jeffersontown/McMahan Fire District | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 |
| Lake Dreamland Fire District | — | — | — |
| Louisville Downtown Management District | 7.45 | — | — |
| Lynnview Garbage Fund | 10.00 | — | — |
| Okolona Fire District | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 |
| Pleasure Ridge Park Fire District | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| St Matthews/Lyndon Fire District | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 |
| Urban Services District/Louisville | 35.46 | 56.60 | — |

¹ Cents per \$100 assessment

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Principal Employers by Number of Employees

For Tax Year December 31, 2021 and Nine Comparison Years

| | 2021 | Percent of Jefferson County's Employees | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|--------------------------------------|--------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| United Parcel Service | 24,110 | 6.4 % | 25,090 | 23,533 | 23,533 | 21,233 | 22,354 | 22,189 | 20,931 | 20,047 | 20,117 |
| Jefferson County Public Schools | 14,056 | 3.7 % | 14,484 | 14,250 | 14,250 | 14,476 | 14,553 | 14,719 | 14,676 | 14,269 | 14,366 |
| Ford Motor Co. | 13,020 | 3.4 % | 13,020 | 13,042 | 13,042 | 12,600 | 12,600 | 9,028 | 8,987 | 8,347 | 8,696 |
| Norton Healthcare Inc. | 14,403 | 3.8 % | 13,828 | 12,579 | 12,579 | 12,247 | 11,944 | 10,739 | 10,245 | 9,666 | 9,658 |
| Humana Inc. | 12,526 | 3.3 % | 12,360 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,500 | 12,900 | 12,371 | 11,235 | 11,000 |
| The Kroger Co | 7,421 | 2.0 % | 9,300 | 9,235 | 9,235 | 3,079 | 3,079 | 4,892 | 5,417 | | |
| Baptist Healthcare System | 9,666 | 2.6 % | 7,346 | 8,143 | 8,143 | 6,159 | 6,786 | 5,116 | 5,339 | 4,854 | 4,219 |
| Walmart, Inc. | 7,500 | 2.0 % | 6,650 | 6,650 | | | | | | | |
| University of Louisville | 6,574 | 1.7 % | 6,620 | 6,394 | 6,394 | 6,933 | 7,065 | 6,264 | 6,161 | 6,187 | 6,273 |
| GE Appliances. a Haier company | 7,100 | 1.9 % | 6,000 | 6,000 | 6,000 | 6,000 | 6,000 | 6,000 | 6,230 | 6,000 | 5,000 |
| Louisville/Jeff Co. Metro Government | 5,628 | 1.5 % | 5,646 | 5,987 | 5,987 | 6,226 | 6,192 | 5,584 | 5,654 | 5,651 | 5,698 |
| Amazon.com LLC | 5,700 | 1.5 % | 5,700 | 5,700 | 5,700 | 6,500 | 6,500 | | | | |
| Spectrum | 2,330 | 0.6 % | 2,330 | 2,330 | 2,330 | 2,400 | | | | | |
| Manna Inc. | 2,325 | 0.6 % | 2,300 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 2,600 | 2,400 | 2,250 | | |
| LG&E and KU Energy LLC | 2,209 | 0.6 % | 2,240 | 2,208 | 2,208 | 2,162 | 2,201 | 1,993 | 2,178 | 2,131 | 2,066 |
| Archdiocese of Louisville | 2,202 | 0.6 % | 2,202 | 2,202 | 2,202 | 2,252 | 2,660 | 2,237 | 2,260 | 2,345 | 2,352 |
| Robley Rex VA Medical Center | 2,002 | 0.5 % | 1,922 | 1,876 | 1,876 | | | | | | |
| Oldham County Public Schools | 1,777 | 0.5 % | | | | | | | | | |
| Bullitt County Public Schools | 1,737 | 0.5 % | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Business First magazine

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Occupational Tax Revenues

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | | |
|------|----|-------------|
| 2022 | \$ | 206,474,525 |
| 2021 | | 176,787,809 |
| 2020 | | 156,348,315 |
| 2019 | | 165,754,818 |
| 2018 | | 162,374,610 |
| 2017 | | 156,387,646 |
| 2016 | | 151,821,629 |
| 2015 | | 139,825,242 |
| 2014 | | 132,569,312 |
| 2013 | | 128,882,355 |

Occupational tax rates have been 0.75% of salaries & wages of Jefferson County workers for the entire period.

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Total Bonded Debt by Responsible Party

Presented for Life of Bonds

| Jefferson County Board of Education | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Year Ending June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total Repayments |
| 2023 | \$ 28,838,953 | \$ 14,653,295 | \$ 43,492,248 |
| 2024 | 24,877,484 | 13,783,913 | 38,661,397 |
| 2025 | 25,797,476 | 12,865,362 | 38,662,838 |
| 2026 | 26,854,847 | 17,365,521 | 44,220,368 |
| 2027 | 27,979,167 | 10,682,548 | 38,661,715 |
| 2028-2032 | 151,795,090 | 48,227,395 | 200,022,485 |
| 2033-2037 | 130,359,036 | 13,077,868 | 143,436,904 |
| 2038-2042 | 30,990,286 | 1,140,381 | 32,130,667 |
| | <u>\$447,492,339</u> | <u>\$131,796,283</u> | <u>\$579,288,622</u> |

| Metro Louisville | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Year Ending June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total Repayments |
| 2023 | \$ 97,935 | \$ 5,058 | \$ 102,993 |
| 2024 | 100,385 | 2,610 | 102,995 |
| 2025 | | | |
| 2026 | | | |
| 2027 | | | |
| 2028-2032 | | | |
| 2033-2037 | | | |
| 2038-2042 | | | |
| | <u>\$ 198,320</u> | <u>\$ 7,668</u> | <u>\$ 205,988</u> |

| Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Year Ending June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total Repayments |
| 2023 | \$ 6,993,112 | \$ 2,625,565 | \$ 9,618,677 |
| 2024 | 7,217,131 | 2,402,460 | 9,619,591 |
| 2025 | 5,597,524 | 2,095,626 | 7,693,150 |
| 2026 | 5,769,510 | 1,959,891 | 7,729,401 |
| 2027 | 5,720,833 | 1,747,637 | 7,468,470 |
| 2028-2032 | 25,133,682 | 6,039,422 | 31,173,104 |
| 2033-2037 | 18,300,964 | 2,057,875 | 20,358,839 |
| 2038-2042 | 4,504,714 | 205,525 | 4,710,239 |
| | <u>\$ 79,237,470</u> | <u>\$ 19,134,001</u> | <u>\$ 98,371,471</u> |

| | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Total Principal payments | \$526,928,129 |
| Total Interest payments | 150,937,952 |
| Total Repayments | <u><u>\$677,866,081</u></u> |

These schedules present the total debt service payable over the life of each bond issue. The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission and the Metro Louisville government have pledged to pay the debt service on certain issues as documented by a Memorandum of Agreement or a legislative pronouncement; however, all debt was issued in the Board's name and the full liability is reflected in the Financial Section of this ACFR.

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Detail of Bonds by Responsible Party

Presented for Life of Bonds

| Bond Issue | Jefferson County Board of Education | Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission | Metro Louisville | Net Bond Premiums/ (Discounts) | Total |
|------------|---|---|-------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2008B QZAB | \$ 5,200,000 | | | \$ | 5,200,000 |
| 2010C QSCB | 8,133,772 | | | \$ (54,870) | 8,078,902 |
| 2011A QSCB | 29,357 | | | (97,150) | (67,793) |
| 2012A | | \$ 7,795,000 | | (128,442) | 7,666,558 |
| 2012B | 550,666 | 3,576,014 | \$ 198,320 | (32,756) | 4,292,244 |
| 2012C | 5,685,000 | | | (11,082) | 5,673,918 |
| 2012D | 23,010,000 | | | (119,208) | 22,890,792 |
| 2013A | 10,615,452 | 84,548 | | (67,781) | 10,632,219 |
| 2013B | 16,355,464 | 4,624,536 | | 282,729 | 21,262,729 |
| 2013C | 26,815,000 | | | 222,915 | 27,037,915 |
| 2014A | 32,771,553 | 6,313,447 | | 1,500,062 | 40,585,062 |
| 2015A | | 12,350,000 | | 852,072 | 13,202,072 |
| 2015B | 27,530,000 | | | 1,646,411 | 29,176,411 |
| 2015C | 13,155,000 | | | 751,241 | 13,906,241 |
| 2016A | 17,455,287 | 16,579,713 | | 1,283,358 | 35,318,358 |
| 2016B | | 4,295,000 | | 30,418 | 4,325,418 |
| 2017A | 28,805,000 | | | 3,766,189 | 32,571,189 |
| 2018A | 16,062,052 | 12,062,948 | | 454,265 | 28,579,265 |
| 2019A | 51,405,000 | | | 4,408,674 | 55,813,674 |
| 2020A | 55,245,000 | | | 2,518,553 | 57,763,553 |
| 2021A | 24,223,736 | 11,556,264 | | 1,837,893 | 37,617,893 |
| 2021B | 84,445,000 | | | 7,872,587 | 92,317,587 |
| | <u>\$ 447,492,339</u> | <u>\$ 79,237,470</u> | <u>\$ 198,320</u> | <u>\$ 26,916,078</u> | <u>\$ 553,844,207</u> |

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky
Overlapping/Direct Debt and Bond Analysis Ratios

As of June 30, 2022

| Governmental Unit | Gross Debt Outstanding | Percentage Applicable to Jefferson County Taxpayers | Jefferson County Taxpayers Share of Debt |
|---|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Direct Debt: | | | |
| Jefferson County Public Schools | \$ 553,844,207 | 100% | \$ 553,844,207 |
| Overlapping Debt ¹ : | | | |
| Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government | | | |
| Revenue Bonds | 22,413,190 | 100% | 22,413,190 |
| General Obligation Debt | 657,454,363 | 100% | 657,454,363 |
| | <u>679,867,553</u> | | <u>679,867,553</u> |
| Total Overlapping and Direct Debt | <u>\$ 1,233,711,760</u> | | <u>\$ 1,233,711,760</u> |
| Total Overlapping and Direct Debt Per Capita | 0.0278 | Total Overlapping and Direct to Total Personal Income | 0.027781742 |
| Direct Debt Per Capita | | | |
| Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value | 0.0125 | Total Direct Debt to Total Personal Income | 0.01247192 |
| Debt Service Expenditures to Total Governmental Expenditures | 0.0299 | ¹ Percent of overlapping debt applicable to Jefferson County taxpayers calculated as 100% due to coterminus boundaries | |
| Governmental Revenues Coverage (Divided by Debt Service Expenditures) | 38.6633 | | |

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Ratios of Debt Outstanding

Ten Year Trend

| Fiscal Year | Jefferson Co. Board of Education Government | Jefferson Co. Board of Education Proprietary | Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission | School Based Neighborhood Places funded by Metro Louisville | Net Bond Premiums/ (Discounts) | Total | Debt Service Coverage ¹ | Percent of Personal Income | Debt Per Capita |
|-------------|--|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|----------------|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| 2022 | \$ 447,492,339 | — | \$ 79,237,470 | \$ 198,320 | \$ 26,916,078 | \$ 553,844,207 | 1.13 | 1.25 % | \$ 615 |
| 2021 | 390,495,488 | — | 86,032,214 | 294,054 | 20,979,847 | 497,801,603 | 1.12 | 1.15% | 615 |
| 2020 | 395,097,655 | — | 81,221,655 | 387,635 | 20,819,807 | 497,526,752 | 1.19 | 1.19% | 615 |
| 2019 | 363,089,854 | — | 88,588,121 | 479,158 | 20,174,605 | 472,331,738 | 1.15 | 1.24% | 583 |
| 2018 | 359,092,880 | 1,113,962 | 83,177,234 | 568,886 | N/A | 443,952,962 | 1.17 | 1.36% | 573 |
| 2017 | 380,821,200 | 2,237,862 | 91,111,285 | 753,653 | N/A | 474,924,000 | 1.19 | 1.45% | 621 |
| 2016 | 371,614,934 | 3,339,736 | 97,532,246 | 932,084 | N/A | 473,419,000 | 1.17 | 1.45% | 623 |
| 2015 | 358,747,835 | 4,378,081 | 83,443,649 | 1,104,435 | N/A | 447,674,000 | 1.14 | 1.37% | 589 |
| 2014 | 383,549,548 | 5,383,481 | 73,011,023 | 1,270,948 | N/A | 463,215,000 | 1.02 | 1.42% | 609 |
| 2013 | 343,630,627 | 6,360,349 | 69,473,540 | 1,430,484 | N/A | 420,895,000 | 1.69 | 1.35% | 558 |

¹ Statutorily, revenues in two funds are used for debt service, with any remainder paid by General Fund. Coverage ratio is the total revenues in Capital Outlay and Building Fund divided by debt service expenses for the year.

Jefferson County Demographics

Updated as of 2022

| Population by Selected Age Groups | Jefferson County | Number Percentage |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 0-4 | 46,258 | 5.9 % |
| 5-9 | 47,174 | 6.0 % |
| 10-19 | 93,620 | 11.9 % |
| 20-29 | 110,052 | 14.0 % |
| 30-39 | 112,151 | 14.3 % |
| 40-49 | 95,086 | 12.1 % |
| 50-59 | 97,583 | 12.5 % |
| 60-64 | 51,198 | 6.5 % |
| 65+ | 130,624 | 16.8 % |
| Total Population | 783,746 | 100.0 % |

| Population by Race and Hispanic Origin | Jefferson County | Number Percentage |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Caucasian | 483,974 | 61.8 % |
| African-American | 164,403 | 21.0 % |
| American Indian | 1,447 | 0.2 % |
| Asian | 31,671 | 4.0 % |
| Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander | 515 | 0.1 % |
| Other / Multirace | 40,545 | 5.2 % |
| Hispanic Origin | 61,232 | 7.8 % |
| Population Estimates ¹ | 783,787 | 100.01 % |

Source: US Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

Source: US Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

¹ The groupings in this chart allow for some individuals to be counted twice, such as the Hispanic Origin. For this reason, totals are slightly different from the chart on the left. Chart also includes rounding adjustment.

Economic Statistics

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | Total Personal Wages | Per Capita Income | Average Weekly Wage | Employment | Unemployment | Unemployment Rate |
|------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| 2022 | \$ 44,407,286,000 | \$ 57,863 | \$ 1,293 | 377,469 | 22,741 | 5.7 % |
| 2021 | 41,523,531,000 | 54,155 | 1,215 | 394,405 | 22,372 | 5.7 % |
| 2020 | 40,017,970,000 | 51,937 | 1,172 | 393,650 | 15,933 | 3.9 % |
| 2019 | 36,522,814,038 | 47,361 | 1,004 | 384,318 | 16,269 | 4.1 % |
| 2018 | 36,522,814,038 | 47,361 | 1,004 | 376,784 | 17,464 | 4.4 % |
| 2017 | 36,522,814,038 | 47,361 | 988 | 363,746 | 16,621 | 4.4 % |
| 2016 | N/A | N/A | 1,013 | 352,193 | 18,173 | 4.9 % |
| 2015 | N/A | N/A | 1,017 | 356,765 | 20,345 | 5.4 % |
| 2014 | 32,703,660,516 | 42,996 | 994 | 341,120 | 25,216 | 6.9 % |
| 2013 | 31,289,198,380 | 41,305 | 882 | 342,729 | 33,777 | 9.0 % |

Source: US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Number of Employees by Functional Duties

| Function | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Instruction | 4,638 | 4,726 | 4,802 | 4,918 | 5,234 |
| Home and Hospital Instruction | 12 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Other Instructional Programs | 3,274 | 3,294 | 3,201 | 3,248 | 3,080 |
| Student Support Services | 715 | 702 | 650 | 568 | 543 |
| Instructional Staff Support Services | 1,077 | 1,095 | 1,151 | 1,125 | 1,220 |
| District Administrative Support Services | 44 | 43 | 41 | 38 | 29 |
| School Administrative Support Services | 1,100 | 1,122 | 1,148 | 1,171 | 1,041 |
| Business Support Services | 300 | 307 | 317 | 297 | 299 |
| Plant Operations and Maintenance | 1,046 | 1,048 | 1,095 | 1,114 | 1,101 |
| Student Transportation | 959 | 1,014 | 1,175 | 1,245 | 1,226 |
| Food Service Operations | 869 | 850 | 914 | 939 | 949 |
| Day Care Operations | 124 | — | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Community Service Operations | 9 | 116 | 119 | 122 | 111 |
| Architectural and Engineering Services | | 9 | 9 | 7 | 8 |
| | 14,167 | 14,334 | 14,631 | 14,801 | 14,853 |

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

Enrollment by Level

Ten Years' Trend Data

| | Elementary | Middle | High | Kindergarten | E.C.E. | Preschool | Total Enrollment |
|------|-------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| 2022 | 33,589 | 20,965 | 28,811 | 6,993 | 2,269 | 1,539 | 94,166 |
| 2021 | 35,763 | 21,233 | 28,358 | 7,183 | 2,420 | 2,899 | 97,856 |
| 2020 | 35,763 | 21,233 | 28,358 | 7,183 | 2,420 | 2,899 | 97,856 |
| 2019 | 35,763 | 21,233 | 28,358 | 7,183 | 2,420 | 2,899 | 97,856 |
| 2018 | 37,428 | 20,717 | 28,757 | 6,294 | 2,316 | 3,386 | 98,898 |
| 2017 | 37,660 | 20,599 | 28,689 | 7,431 | 2,297 | 3,203 | 99,879 |
| 2016 | 37,740 | 20,703 | 28,603 | 7,480 | 2,305 | 3,864 | 100,695 |
| 2015 | 37,514 | 21,093 | 28,331 | 7,659 | 2,315 | 3,590 | 100,502 |
| 2014 | 37,242 | 21,413 | 27,840 | 7,828 | 2,352 | 4,020 | 100,695 |
| 2013 | 36,897 | 21,310 | 27,965 | 7,953 | 2,432 | 4,281 | 100,838 |

Reflects First Month Enrollment

Due to differences in tracking enrollment due to COVID-19, the Kentucky Department of Education will use the 2019 enrollment data through 2021.

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

School Building Capacity Data

Ten Years' Trend Data

| School Name | Square Footage | 2021-22 | | 2020-21 | | 2019-20 | | 2018-19 | | 2017-18 | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|
| | | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month |
| Alex R. Kennedy Elementary (2015-16) | 45,627 | 357 | 323 | 357 | 361 | 357 | 361 | 350 | 353 | 350 | 335 |
| Atherton High | 204,019 | 1,262 | 1,486 | 1,218 | 1,411 | 1,218 | 1,411 | 1,490 | 1,462 | 1,490 | 1,471 |
| Atkinson Elementary | 73,902 | 680 | 324 | 680 | 335 | 680 | 335 | 720 | 360 | 720 | 444 |
| Auburndale Elementary | 59,966 | 608 | 599 | 608 | 603 | 608 | 603 | 624 | 617 | 624 | 609 |
| Audubon Traditional Elem. | 51,227 | 665 | 600 | 665 | 621 | 665 | 621 | 628 | 622 | 628 | 618 |
| Ballard High | 278,137 | 2,110 | 1,982 | 2,110 | 1,969 | 2,110 | 1,969 | 2,050 | 1,920 | 2,050 | 1,895 |
| Barret Traditional Middle | 107,195 | 631 | 637 | 631 | 635 | 631 | 635 | 654 | 641 | 654 | 645 |
| Bates Elementary | 48,508 | 546 | 550 | 546 | 572 | 546 | 572 | 571 | 560 | 571 | 553 |
| Blake Elementary | 60,916 | 540 | 465 | 540 | 508 | 540 | 508 | 548 | 506 | 548 | 526 |
| Bloom Elementary | 61,676 | 475 | 515 | 475 | 552 | 475 | 552 | 560 | 556 | 535 | 549 |
| Blue Lick Elementary | 55,333 | 519 | 423 | 519 | 523 | 519 | 523 | 560 | 530 | 560 | 513 |
| Bowen Elementary | 63,960 | 784 | 687 | 784 | 731 | 784 | 731 | 752 | 729 | 752 | 712 |
| Brandeis Elementary | 55,400 | 660 | 455 | 660 | 529 | 660 | 529 | 594 | 547 | 594 | 561 |
| Breckinridge Metropolitan High1 | 61,737 | 154 | 50 | 154 | 97 | 154 | 97 | 149 | 124 | 149 | 110 |
| Breckinridge/Franklin Elementary | 78,293 | 595 | 301 | 595 | 447 | 595 | 447 | 578 | 470 | 578 | 467 |
| Brown School | 157,340 | 1,562 | 736 | 1,562 | 749 | 1,562 | 749 | 860 | 731 | 720 | 720 |
| Buechel Metropolitan High | 53,221 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Butler Traditional High | 210,238 | 1,740 | 1,486 | 1,740 | 1,652 | 1,740 | 1,652 | 1,680 | 1,681 | 1,680 | 1,686 |
| Byck Elementary | 72,698 | 531 | 314 | 531 | 366 | 531 | 366 | 640 | 383 | 640 | 489 |
| Camp Taylor Elementary | 58,936 | 553 | 411 | 553 | 463 | 553 | 463 | 568 | 398 | 568 | 441 |
| Cane Run Elementary | 60,107 | 587 | 330 | 587 | 394 | 587 | 394 | 536 | 455 | 536 | 412 |
| Carrithers Middle | 92,976 | 690 | 601 | 690 | 681 | 690 | 681 | 800 | 691 | 800 | 712 |
| Carter Elementary | 96,030 | 689 | 559 | 689 | 613 | 689 | 613 | 612 | 600 | 612 | 593 |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| School Name | 2016-17 | | 2015-16 | | 2014-15 | | 2013-14 | | 2012-13 | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|
| | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month |
| Alex R. Kennedy Elementary (2015-16) | 450 | 316 | 450 | 277 | | | | | | |
| Atherton High | 1,490 | 1,473 | 1,350 | 1,365 | 1,350 | 1,353 | 1,350 | 1,266 | 1,350 | 1,269 |
| Atkinson Elementary | 720 | 461 | 720 | 461 | 720 | 436 | 720 | 428 | 720 | 418 |
| Auburndale Elementary | 624 | 606 | 620 | 603 | 620 | 624 | 620 | 627 | 620 | 624 |
| Audubon Traditional Elem. | 628 | 622 | 612 | 621 | 612 | 616 | 612 | 618 | 612 | 621 |
| Ballard High | 2,050 | 1,943 | 2,050 | 1,958 | 2,050 | 1,978 | 2,050 | 2,003 | 2,050 | 1,953 |
| Barret Traditional Middle | 654 | 647 | 654 | 645 | 654 | 646 | 654 | 639 | 654 | 638 |
| Bates Elementary | 571 | 541 | 609 | 553 | 609 | 550 | 609 | 563 | 609 | 563 |
| Blake Elementary | 548 | 515 | 548 | 506 | 548 | 496 | 548 | 506 | 548 | 472 |
| Bloom Elementary | 535 | 548 | 535 | 532 | 535 | 521 | 535 | 535 | 535 | 533 |
| Blue Lick Elementary | 560 | 522 | 560 | 513 | 560 | 706 | 560 | 454 | 560 | 481 |
| Bowen Elementary | 752 | 726 | 752 | 727 | 752 | 706 | 752 | 722 | 752 | 720 |
| Brandeis Elementary | 594 | 578 | 570 | 599 | 570 | 586 | 570 | 599 | 570 | 561 |
| Breckinridge Metropolitan High1 | 149 | 137 | 106 | 140 | 106 | 124 | 106 | 117 | 122 | 106 |
| Breckinridge/Franklin Elementary | 578 | 483 | 578 | 479 | 578 | 493 | 578 | 479 | 578 | 437 |
| Brown School | 720 | 701 | 720 | 700 | 720 | 692 | 720 | 739 | 718 | 729 |
| Buechel Metropolitan High | | | | | 181 | 153 | 181 | 127 | 213 | 181 |
| Butler Traditional High | 1,680 | 1,688 | 1,650 | 1,680 | 1,650 | 1,695 | 1,650 | 1,693 | 1,650 | 1,677 |
| Byck Elementary | 640 | 532 | 624 | 568 | 624 | 579 | 624 | 621 | 614 | 593 |
| Camp Taylor Elementary | 568 | 447 | 598 | 449 | 598 | 482 | 598 | 470 | 568 | 470 |
| Cane Run Elementary | 536 | 437 | 574 | 424 | 574 | 406 | 574 | 400 | 574 | 427 |
| Carrithers Middle | 800 | 680 | 800 | 703 | 800 | 559 | 800 | 558 | 800 | 598 |
| Carter Elementary | 612 | 608 | 612 | 617 | 612 | 596 | 612 | 591 | 612 | 599 |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| School Name | Square Footage | 2021-22 | | 2020-21 | | 2019-20 | | 2018-19 | | 2017-18 | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month |
| Central High | 233,564 | 1,380 | 1,260 | 1,380 | 1,249 | 1,380 | 1,249 | 1,400 | 1,259 | 1,400 | 1,183 |
| Chancey Elementary | 76,000 | 616 | 537 | 616 | 582 | 616 | 582 | 750 | 624 | 750 | 653 |
| Chenoweth Elementary | 55,842 | 632 | 461 | 632 | 522 | 632 | 522 | 640 | 525 | 640 | 556 |
| Churchill Park School | 82,200 | 134 | 72 | 134 | 104 | 134 | 104 | 120 | 120 | 80 | 151 |
| Cochran Elementary | 56,645 | 595 | 304 | 595 | 330 | 595 | 330 | 514 | 324 | 514 | 408 |
| Cochrane Elementary | 61,325 | 544 | 458 | 544 | 477 | 544 | 477 | 520 | 476 | 520 | 456 |
| Coleridge Taylor Elementary | 73,437 | 723 | 391 | 723 | 481 | 723 | 481 | 750 | 517 | 750 | 615 |
| Conway Middle | 101,137 | 832 | 791 | 832 | 804 | 832 | 804 | 950 | 814 | 950 | 816 |
| Coral Ridge Elementary | 53,751 | 527 | 527 | 527 | 566 | 527 | 566 | 562 | 548 | 562 | 553 |
| Crosby Middle | 98,894 | 1,022 | 1,015 | 1,022 | 1,060 | 1,022 | 1,060 | 1,290 | 1,090 | 1,290 | 1,131 |
| Crums Lane Elementary | 61,350 | 595 | 384 | 595 | 414 | 595 | 414 | 542 | 432 | 542 | 465 |
| Dixie Elementary | 44,573 | 459 | 316 | 459 | 370 | 459 | 370 | 500 | 436 | 500 | 451 |
| Doss High | 237,309 | 1,705 | 987 | 1,705 | 973 | 1,705 | 973 | 1,600 | 1,013 | 1,600 | 1,102 |
| Dunn Elementary | 51,816 | 641 | 479 | 641 | 536 | 641 | 536 | 615 | 534 | 615 | 528 |
| DuPont Maunal High | 249,048 | 2,066 | 1,912 | 2,066 | 1,894 | 2,066 | 1,894 | 1,920 | 1,921 | 1,880 | 1,919 |
| Eastern High | 299,962 | 2,262 | 2,067 | 2,262 | 2,128 | 2,262 | 2,128 | 2,090 | 2,065 | 2,090 | 2,088 |
| Eisenhower Elementary | 59,511 | 665 | 563 | 665 | 601 | 665 | 601 | 672 | 582 | 672 | 572 |
| Engelhard Elementary | 56,137 | 531 | 253 | 531 | 350 | 531 | 350 | 500 | 377 | 500 | 366 |
| ESL Newcomer Academy (2016-17) | 97,880 | 700 | 483 | 700 | 537 | | 537 | | 395 | | 480 |
| Fairdale Elementary | 64,726 | 1,746 | 1,398 | 1,746 | 1,362 | 1,746 | 1,362 | 669 | 578 | 669 | 569 |
| Fairdale High Magnet Career Academy | 270,295 | 638 | 587 | 638 | 602 | 638 | 602 | 1,600 | 1,279 | 1,600 | 1,204 |
| Farmer Elementary | 79,550 | 703 | 735 | 703 | 776 | 703 | 776 | 790 | 769 | 760 | 747 |
| Farnsley Middle | 129,979 | 873 | 1,026 | 873 | 1,134 | 873 | 1,134 | 1,150 | 1,095 | 1,150 | 1,059 |
| Fern Creek Elementary | 62,617 | 659 | 664 | 659 | 676 | 659 | 676 | 727 | 634 | 727 | 594 |
| Fern Creek Traditional High | 247,769 | 1,604 | 1,746 | 1,604 | 1,752 | 1,604 | 1,752 | 1,775 | 1,778 | 1,650 | 1,685 |
| Field Elementary | 55,945 | 451 | 384 | 451 | 421 | 451 | 421 | 446 | 407 | 446 | 413 |
| Foster Traditional Academy | 79,800 | 574 | 564 | 574 | 563 | 574 | 563 | 660 | 525 | 660 | 584 |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| School Name | 2016-17 | | 2015-16 | | 2014-15 | | 2013-14 | | 2012-13 | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month |
| Central High | 1,400 | 1,110 | 1,400 | 1,120 | 1,400 | 1,107 | 1,400 | 1,123 | 1,400 | 1,144 |
| Chancey Elementary | 750 | 665 | 765 | 730 | 765 | 710 | 765 | 711 | 765 | 737 |
| Chenoweth Elementary | 640 | 543 | 640 | 513 | 640 | 514 | 640 | 520 | 640 | 520 |
| Churchill Park School | 80 | 136 | 89 | 138 | 89 | 159 | 89 | 161 | 210 | 159 |
| Cochran Elementary | 514 | 368 | 514 | 267 | 514 | 347 | 514 | 378 | 514 | 396 |
| Cochrane Elementary | 520 | 430 | 520 | 438 | 520 | 373 | 520 | 460 | 520 | 495 |
| Coleridge Taylor Elementary | 750 | 649 | 750 | 619 | 750 | 644 | 750 | 641 | 750 | 632 |
| Conway Middle | 950 | 833 | 950 | 840 | 950 | 889 | 950 | 925 | 950 | 901 |
| Coral Ridge Elementary | 562 | 527 | 562 | 524 | 562 | 502 | 562 | 489 | 562 | 493 |
| Crosby Middle | 1,290 | 1,296 | 1,405 | 1,315 | 1,405 | 1,417 | 1,405 | 1,440 | 1,450 | 1,402 |
| Crums Lane Elementary | 542 | 481 | 550 | 529 | 550 | 503 | 550 | 491 | 550 | 496 |
| Dixie Elementary | 500 | 471 | 480 | 469 | 480 | 444 | 480 | 401 | 480 | 384 |
| Doss High | 1,600 | 1,072 | 1,600 | 1,087 | 1,600 | 1,049 | 1,600 | 1,029 | 1,600 | 913 |
| Dunn Elementary | 615 | 570 | 610 | 563 | 610 | 580 | 610 | 616 | 607 | 611 |
| DuPont Maunal High | 1,880 | 1,901 | 1,850 | 1,896 | 1,850 | 1,896 | 1,850 | 1,877 | 1,850 | 1,895 |
| Eastern High | 2,090 | 2,024 | 2,090 | 2,073 | 2,090 | 2,069 | 2,090 | 2,054 | 2,090 | 2,119 |
| Eisenhower Elementary | 672 | 602 | 584 | 612 | 584 | 617 | 584 | 616 | 584 | 571 |
| Engelhard Elementary | 500 | 409 | 530 | 435 | 530 | 435 | 530 | 452 | 530 | 430 |
| ESL Newcomer Academy (2016-17) | | 517 | | | | | | | | |
| Fairdale Elementary | 669 | 606 | 669 | 621 | 669 | 603 | 669 | 576 | 669 | 559 |
| Fairdale High Magnet Career Academy | 1,600 | 1,173 | 1,600 | 1,164 | 1,600 | 1,139 | 1,600 | 1,080 | 1,600 | 1,095 |
| Farmer Elementary | 760 | 765 | 788 | 760 | 788 | 751 | 788 | 774 | 761 | 763 |
| Farnsley Middle | 1,150 | 1,048 | 1,150 | 1,067 | 1,150 | 1,108 | 1,150 | 1,151 | 1,120 | 1,129 |
| Fern Creek Elementary | 727 | 644 | 788 | 669 | 788 | 728 | 788 | 781 | 780 | 801 |
| Fern Creek Traditional High | 1,650 | 1,599 | 1,575 | 1,595 | 1,575 | 1,548 | 1,575 | 1,463 | 1,575 | 1,454 |
| Field Elementary | 446 | 405 | 446 | 414 | 446 | 410 | 446 | 427 | 446 | 424 |
| Foster Traditional Academy | 660 | 592 | 650 | 655 | 650 | 649 | 650 | 632 | 650 | 622 |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| School Name | Square Footage | 2021-22 | | 2020-21 | | 2019-20 | | 2018-19 | | 2017-18 | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|
| | | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month |
| Frayser Elementary | 68,142 | 510 | 289 | 510 | 331 | 510 | 331 | 522 | 354 | 522 | 363 |
| Robert Frost Middle | 77,553 | 761 | 389 | 761 | 449 | 761 | 449 | 700 | 423 | 700 | 470 |
| Gilmore Lane Elementary | 39,483 | | | | | | | 412 | 258 | 412 | 276 |
| Goldsmith Elementary | 50,464 | 638 | 602 | 638 | 597 | 638 | 597 | 683 | 599 | 683 | 584 |
| Grace James Academy | | 711 | 247 | | | | | | | | |
| Greathouse/Shryock Elementary | 61,555 | 641 | 609 | 641 | 619 | 641 | 619 | 620 | 615 | 620 | 616 |
| Greenwood Elementary | 50,667 | 468 | 429 | 468 | 474 | 468 | 474 | 570 | 488 | 570 | 506 |
| Gutermuth Elementary | 53,378 | 489 | 352 | 489 | 394 | 489 | 394 | 541 | 385 | 541 | 402 |
| Hartstern Elementary | 53,718 | 553 | 452 | 553 | 463 | 553 | 463 | 592 | 463 | 592 | 464 |
| Hawthorne Elementary | 62,659 | 461 | 412 | 461 | 457 | 461 | 457 | 507 | 466 | 507 | 467 |
| Hazelwood Elementary | 104,673 | 497 | 418 | 497 | 510 | 497 | 510 | 620 | 529 | 620 | 477 |
| Highland Middle | 120,249 | 954 | 824 | 954 | 928 | 954 | 928 | 1,200 | 900 | 1,200 | 919 |
| Hite Elementary | 45,720 | 499 | 448 | 499 | 486 | 499 | 486 | 526 | 473 | 526 | 491 |
| Indian Trail Elementary | 45,660 | 468 | 489 | 468 | 509 | 468 | 509 | 537 | 436 | 537 | 446 |
| Iroquois High | 293,374 | 1,786 | 1,058 | 1,786 | 1,182 | 1,786 | 1,182 | 1,450 | 1,204 | 1,450 | 1,283 |
| Jacob Elementary | 64,800 | 646 | 392 | 646 | 498 | 646 | 498 | 700 | 584 | 700 | 623 |
| Jefferson County Trad. Middle | 120,513 | 935 | 879 | 935 | 928 | 935 | 928 | 929 | 921 | 929 | 930 |
| Jefferson, Thomas Middle | 206,213 | 1,644 | 964 | 1,644 | 1,077 | 1,644 | 1,077 | 1,425 | 1,082 | 1,425 | 998 |
| Jeffersontown Elementary | 69,309 | 638 | 624 | 638 | 705 | 638 | 705 | 766 | 684 | 766 | 720 |
| Jeffersontown High Magnet Career | 332,591 | 1,631 | 937 | 1,631 | 920 | 1,631 | 920 | 1,600 | 986 | 1,600 | 1,107 |
| Johnson Traditional Middle | 136,185 | 1,022 | 837 | 1,022 | 897 | 1,022 | 897 | 980 | 897 | 980 | 869 |
| Johnsontown Road Elementary | 46,556 | 446 | 250 | 446 | 322 | 446 | 322 | 487 | 321 | 487 | 352 |
| Kammerer Middle | 127,480 | 1,066 | 811 | 1,066 | 940 | 1,066 | 940 | 1,120 | 969 | 1,120 | 930 |
| Kennedy Metropolitan | 45,627 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kennedy Montessori Elementary | 58,592 | 595 | 447 | 595 | 558 | 595 | 558 | 640 | 586 | 640 | 599 |
| Kenwood Elementary | 46,843 | 531 | 563 | 531 | 587 | 531 | 587 | 600 | 580 | 600 | 571 |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| School Name | 2016-17 | | 2015-16 | | 2014-15 | | 2013-14 | | 2012-13 | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1st Pupil Month |
| Frayser Elementary | 522 | 380 | 522 | 380 | 522 | 371 | 522 | 352 | 522 | 373 |
| Robert Frost Middle | 700 | 435 | 700 | 169 | 700 | 219 | 700 | 494 | 700 | 529 |
| Gilmore Lane Elementary | 412 | 289 | 412 | 293 | 412 | 289 | 412 | 312 | 412 | 373 |
| Goldsmith Elementary | 683 | 611 | 683 | 631 | 683 | 607 | 683 | 619 | 683 | 678 |
| Grace James Academy | | | | | | | | | | |
| Greathouse/Shryock Elementary | 620 | 618 | 612 | 612 | 612 | 607 | 612 | 609 | 612 | 610 |
| Greenwood Elementary | 570 | 540 | 565 | 535 | 565 | 563 | 565 | 564 | 565 | 561 |
| Gutermuth Elementary | 541 | 414 | 563 | 444 | 563 | 437 | 563 | 410 | 563 | 443 |
| Hartstern Elementary | 592 | 469 | 592 | 469 | 592 | 473 | 592 | 470 | 592 | 448 |
| Hawthorne Elementary | 507 | 472 | 507 | 487 | 507 | 492 | 507 | 496 | 507 | 477 |
| Hazelwood Elementary | 620 | 492 | 696 | 471 | 696 | 480 | 696 | 460 | 696 | 435 |
| Highland Middle | 1,200 | 929 | 1,227 | 1,035 | 1,227 | 1,089 | 1,227 | 1,156 | 1,227 | 1,189 |
| Hite Elementary | 526 | 495 | 526 | 507 | 526 | 499 | 526 | 500 | 526 | 530 |
| Indian Trail Elementary | 537 | 472 | 537 | 447 | 537 | 421 | 537 | 453 | 537 | 498 |
| Iroquois High | 1,450 | 1,269 | 1,450 | 1,173 | 1,450 | 1,158 | 1,450 | 1,100 | 1,450 | 1,193 |
| Jacob Elementary | 700 | 656 | 698 | 687 | 698 | 677 | 698 | 707 | 698 | 688 |
| Jefferson County Trad. Middle | 929 | 918 | 929 | 918 | 929 | 917 | 929 | 922 | 929 | 925 |
| Jefferson, Thomas Middle | 1,425 | 901 | 1,425 | 858 | 1,425 | 853 | 1,425 | 896 | 1,425 | 898 |
| Jeffersontown Elementary | 766 | 754 | 819 | 766 | 819 | 765 | 819 | 780 | 819 | 794 |
| Jeffersontown High Magnet Career | 1,600 | 1,158 | 1,600 | 1,297 | 1,600 | 1,389 | 1,600 | 1,434 | 1,600 | 1,471 |
| Johnson Traditional Middle | 980 | 887 | 980 | 904 | 980 | 909 | 980 | 912 | 980 | 932 |
| Johnsontown Road Elementary | 487 | 417 | 487 | 416 | 487 | 430 | 487 | 404 | 487 | 429 |
| Kammerer Middle | 1,120 | 890 | 1,120 | 904 | 1,120 | 939 | 1,120 | 1,064 | 1,100 | 1,074 |
| Kennedy Metropolitan | | | | | 84 | 73 | 84 | 71 | 77 | 86 |
| Kennedy Montessori Elementary | 640 | 574 | 620 | 559 | 620 | 605 | 620 | 619 | 620 | 622 |
| Kenwood Elementary | 600 | 607 | 615 | 588 | 615 | 588 | 615 | 584 | 615 | 590 |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| School Name | Square Footage | 2021-22 | | 2020-21 | | 2019-20 | | 2018-19 | | 2017-18 | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|
| | | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month |
| Kerrick Elementary | 46,870 | 531 | 370 | 531 | 410 | 531 | 410 | 582 | 424 | 582 | 479 |
| King Elementary | 67,295 | 531 | 300 | 531 | 374 | 531 | 374 | 550 | 394 | 550 | 400 |
| Klondike Lane Elementary | 57,300 | 587 | 434 | 587 | 453 | 587 | 453 | 650 | 418 | 650 | 438 |
| Knight Middle | 101,218 | 812 | 436 | 812 | 471 | 812 | 471 | 700 | 438 | 700 | 419 |
| Lassiter Middle | 103,834 | 893 | 954 | 893 | 1,021 | 893 | 1,021 | 1,100 | 1,071 | 950 | 1,002 |
| Laukhuf Elementary | 61,426 | 608 | 576 | 608 | 521 | 608 | 521 | 600 | 484 | 600 | 457 |
| Layne Elementary | 50,740 | 510 | 339 | 510 | 378 | 510 | 378 | 518 | 355 | 518 | 417 |
| Liberty High | 100,329 | 403 | 75 | 403 | 170 | 403 | 170 | 281 | 280 | 222 | 269 |
| Lincoln Elementary Performing Arts | 96,825 | 713 | 570 | 713 | 574 | 713 | 574 | 560 | 569 | 566 | 564 |
| Louisville Male High | 187,678 | 1,588 | 1,984 | 1,588 | 2,030 | 1,588 | 2,030 | 2,050 | 1,958 | 1,915 | 1,961 |
| Lowe Elementary | 59,560 | 546 | 565 | 546 | 588 | 546 | 588 | 620 | 584 | 620 | 600 |
| Luhr Elementary | 46,943 | 446 | 501 | 446 | 473 | 446 | 473 | 524 | 478 | 524 | 503 |
| Maupin Elementary | 74,000 | 638 | 293 | 638 | 296 | 638 | 296 | 675 | 328 | 675 | 313 |
| McFerran Preparatory Academy | 160,000 | 1,288 | 672 | 1,288 | 808 | 1,288 | 808 | 1,020 | 909 | 1,020 | 907 |
| Medora Elementary | 39,537 | 475 | 442 | 475 | 464 | 475 | 464 | 463 | 454 | 463 | 459 |
| Meyzeek Middle | 134,645 | 1,218 | 994 | 1,218 | 1,077 | 1,218 | 1,077 | 1,200 | 1,112 | 1,200 | 1,107 |
| Middletown Elementary | 58,553 | 570 | 527 | 570 | 544 | 570 | 544 | 645 | 562 | 645 | 562 |
| Mill Creek Elementary | 48,611 | 523 | 457 | 523 | 513 | 523 | 513 | 564 | 486 | 564 | 503 |
| Minor Daniels (2015-16) | 46,759 | 259 | 39 | 259 | 222 | | 222 | | 188 | | 212 |
| Minors Lane Elementary | 51,721 | 480 | 297 | 480 | 364 | 480 | 364 | 529 | 395 | 529 | 431 |
| Moore Middle/High | 267,550 | 2,050 | 2,375 | 2,050 | 2,307 | 2,050 | 2,307 | 2,300 | 2,300 | 2,190 | 2,142 |
| Myers Middle | 97,164 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Newburg Middle | 119,000 | 893 | 972 | 893 | 1,126 | 893 | 1,126 | 1,100 | 1,040 | 1,100 | 1,077 |
| Noe Middle | 151,960 | 1,196 | 1,293 | 1,196 | 1,326 | 1,196 | 1,326 | 1,350 | 1,351 | 1,350 | 1,336 |
| Norton Commons Elementary (2016-17) | 86,235 | 808 | 573 | 713 | 730 | 713 | 730 | 784 | 552 | 784 | 488 |
| Norton Elementary | 62,025 | 713 | 698 | 808 | 574 | 808 | 574 | 768 | 710 | 768 | 722 |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| School Name | 2016-17 | | 2015-16 | | 2014-15 | | 2013-14 | | 2012-13 | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|
| | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month |
| Kerrick Elementary | 582 | 455 | 540 | 459 | 540 | 459 | 540 | 444 | 540 | 480 |
| King Elementary | 550 | 423 | 550 | 470 | 550 | 456 | 550 | 457 | 550 | 486 |
| Klondike Lane Elementary | 650 | 476 | 732 | 516 | 732 | 569 | 732 | 617 | 732 | 681 |
| Knight Middle | 700 | 406 | 700 | 407 | 700 | 411 | 700 | 435 | 700 | 472 |
| Lassiter Middle | 950 | 900 | 900 | 913 | 900 | 925 | 900 | 855 | 900 | 754 |
| Laukhuf Elementary | 600 | 443 | 600 | 446 | 600 | 455 | 600 | 464 | 600 | 448 |
| Layne Elementary | 518 | 447 | 541 | 463 | 541 | 469 | 541 | 472 | 541 | 500 |
| Liberty High | 222 | 275 | 270 | 404 | 270 | 385 | 270 | 366 | 263 | 349 |
| Lincoln Elementary Performing Arts | 566 | 562 | 500 | 556 | 500 | 544 | 500 | 493 | 439 | 445 |
| Louisville Male High | 1,915 | 1,891 | 1,763 | 1,806 | 1,763 | 1,781 | 1,763 | 1,755 | 1,763 | 1,735 |
| Lowe Elementary | 620 | 602 | 620 | 606 | 620 | 606 | 620 | 620 | 615 | 614 |
| Luhr Elementary | 524 | 482 | 524 | 483 | 524 | 477 | 524 | 486 | 524 | 493 |
| Maupin Elementary | 675 | 367 | 675 | 473 | 675 | 485 | 675 | 496 | 675 | 497 |
| McFerran Preparatory Academy | 1,020 | 901 | 1,020 | 971 | 1,020 | 874 | 1,020 | 917 | 1,020 | 903 |
| Medora Elementary | 463 | 454 | 463 | 455 | 463 | 442 | 463 | 444 | 463 | 440 |
| Meyzeek Middle | 1,200 | 1,138 | 1,200 | 1,101 | 1,200 | 1,123 | 1,200 | 1,140 | 1,200 | 1,115 |
| Middletown Elementary | 645 | 595 | 645 | 611 | 645 | 598 | 645 | 603 | 645 | 620 |
| Mill Creek Elementary | 564 | 508 | 564 | 490 | 564 | 484 | 564 | 475 | 564 | 509 |
| Minor Daniels (2015-16) | | 167 | | 165 | | | | | | |
| Minors Lane Elementary | 529 | 454 | 600 | 447 | 600 | 446 | 600 | 384 | 600 | 383 |
| Moore Middle/High | 2,190 | 2,014 | 2,190 | 2,004 | 2,070 | 1,984 | 2,070 | 1,860 | 2,050 | 1,763 |
| Myers Middle | | | 1,010 | 129 | 1,010 | 324 | 1,010 | 785 | 1,010 | 731 |
| Newburg Middle | 1,100 | 1,040 | 1,112 | 1,061 | 1,112 | 1,020 | 1,112 | 1,015 | 1,112 | 1,046 |
| Noe Middle | 1,350 | 1,360 | 1,332 | 1,327 | 1,332 | 1,331 | 1,332 | 1,330 | 1,332 | 1,341 |
| Norton Commons Elementary (2016-17) | 784 | 404 | | | | | | | | |
| Norton Elementary | 768 | 724 | 768 | 736 | 768 | 732 | 768 | 726 | 768 | 737 |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| School Name | 2021-22 | | | 2020-21 | | 2019-20 | | 2018-19 | | 2017-18 | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|
| | Square Footage | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month |
| Okolona Elementary | 50,950 | 434 | 305 | 434 | 354 | 434 | 354 | 501 | 326 | 501 | 324 |
| Olmsted Academy North Middle | 152,553 | 934 | 544 | 934 | 646 | 934 | 646 | 773 | 618 | 773 | 587 |
| Olmsted Academy South Middle | 101,082 | 873 | 637 | 873 | 771 | 873 | 771 | 810 | 735 | 810 | 692 |
| Phoenix School of Discovery (2018-19) | | 368 | 373 | 368 | 358 | 368 | 358 | | 375 | | |
| Pleasure Ridge Park High | 284,117 | 2,091 | 1,558 | 2,091 | 1,622 | 2,091 | 1,622 | 1,885 | 1,582 | 1,885 | 1,697 |
| Portland Elementary | 53,599 | 340 | 241 | 340 | 263 | 340 | 263 | 400 | 276 | 400 | 294 |
| Price Elementary | 53,339 | 531 | 399 | 531 | 417 | 531 | 417 | 590 | 394 | 590 | 404 |
| Ramsey Middle | 129,000 | 1,044 | 997 | 1,044 | 1,051 | 1,044 | 1,051 | 1,075 | 1,083 | 1,070 | 1,054 |
| Rangeland Elementary | 54,840 | 616 | 405 | 616 | 437 | 616 | 437 | 620 | 431 | 620 | 423 |
| Roosevelt Perry Elementary | 62,566 | 574 | #N/A | 574 | 198 | 574 | 198 | 451 | 248 | 451 | 278 |
| Rutherford Elementary | 87,876 | 587 | 468 | 587 | 492 | 587 | 492 | 630 | 452 | 630 | 482 |
| Sanders Elementary | 44,376 | 446 | 372 | 446 | 410 | 446 | 410 | 517 | 420 | 517 | 454 |
| Schaffner Traditional Elementary | 41,156 | 546 | 601 | 546 | 593 | 546 | 593 | 612 | 60 | 612 | 596 |
| Semple Elementary | 73,440 | 595 | 535 | 595 | 556 | 595 | 556 | 629 | 557 | 629 | 600 |
| Seneca High | 226,306 | 1,726 | 1,243 | 1,726 | 1,218 | 1,726 | 1,218 | 1,685 | 1,209 | 1,685 | 1,286 |
| Shacklette Elementary | 55,786 | 557 | 350 | 557 | 1,218 | 557 | 1,218 | 616 | 415 | 616 | 413 |
| The Academy@Shawnee | 333,804 | 1,705 | 475 | 1,441 | 540 | 1,441 | 540 | 1,175 | 582 | 1,400 | 697 |
| Shelby Elementary | 76,343 | 638 | 526 | 638 | 757 | 638 | 757 | 760 | 722 | 760 | 728 |
| Slaughter Elementary | 63,380 | 468 | 399 | 468 | 427 | 468 | 427 | 475 | 392 | 475 | 390 |
| Smyrna Traditional Elementary | 52,176 | 519 | 459 | 519 | 500 | 519 | 500 | 585 | 502 | 585 | 476 |
| South Park TAPP Program (Combined) | 42,440 | | | 147 | 95 | 147 | | 191 | | 191 | 40 |
| Southern High | 321,288 | 1,604 | 1,329 | 1,604 | 1,289 | 1,604 | 1,289 | 1,700 | 1,334 | 1,700 | 1,360 |
| St. Matthews Elementary | 44,888 | 523 | 534 | 523 | 553 | 523 | 553 | 585 | 541 | 585 | 557 |
| Stonestreet Elementary | 48,282 | 485 | 432 | 485 | 450 | 485 | 450 | 500 | 450 | 500 | 435 |
| Stopher Elementary | 79,550 | 727 | 745 | 727 | 817 | 727 | 817 | 820 | 807 | 800 | 776 |
| Stuart Middle | 214,706 | 979 | 825 | 979 | 825 | 979 | 825 | 900 | 829 | 800 | 779 |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| School Name | 2016-17 | | 2015-16 | | 2014-15 | | 2013-14 | | 2012-13 | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|
| | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month |
| Okolona Elementary | 501 | 313 | 501 | 310 | 501 | 346 | 501 | 329 | 501 | 328 |
| Olmsted Academy North Middle | 773 | 581 | 773 | 577 | 773 | 662 | 773 | 653 | 850 | 665 |
| Olmsted Academy South Middle | 810 | 690 | 810 | 665 | 810 | 680 | 810 | 721 | 895 | 771 |
| Phoenix School of Discovery (2018-19) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pleasure Ridge Park High | 1,885 | 1,796 | 1,850 | 1,895 | 1,850 | 1,887 | 1,850 | 1,837 | 1,850 | 1,861 |
| Portland Elementary | 400 | 292 | 400 | 294 | 400 | 293 | 400 | 288 | 450 | 268 |
| Price Elementary | 590 | 435 | 590 | 501 | 590 | 509 | 590 | 544 | 590 | 588 |
| Ramsey Middle | 1,070 | 1,056 | 950 | 1,013 | 950 | 998 | 950 | 947 | 950 | 877 |
| Rangeland Elementary | 620 | 461 | 620 | 464 | 620 | 485 | 620 | 529 | 580 | 580 |
| Roosevelt Perry Elementary | 451 | 350 | 451 | 415 | 451 | 435 | 451 | 413 | 451 | 397 |
| Rutherford Elementary | 630 | 551 | 630 | 598 | 630 | 605 | 630 | 608 | 630 | 606 |
| Sanders Elementary | 517 | 480 | 560 | 485 | 560 | 515 | 560 | 501 | 560 | 498 |
| Schaffner Traditional Elementary | 612 | 607 | 612 | 611 | 612 | 602 | 612 | 610 | 612 | 608 |
| Semple Elementary | 629 | 620 | 629 | 581 | 629 | 581 | 629 | 535 | 629 | 543 |
| Seneca High | 1,685 | 1,369 | 1,685 | 1,417 | 1,685 | 1,462 | 1,685 | 1,502 | 1,685 | 1,482 |
| Shacklette Elementary | 616 | 418 | 616 | 426 | 616 | 454 | 616 | 437 | 616 | 433 |
| The Academy@Shawnee | 1,400 | 770 | 1,449 | 770 | 1,449 | 675 | 1,449 | 595 | 1,400 | 553 |
| Shelby Elementary | 760 | 736 | 700 | 756 | 700 | 737 | 700 | 704 | 650 | 682 |
| Slaughter Elementary | 475 | 436 | 526 | 438 | 526 | 437 | 526 | 439 | 526 | 415 |
| Smyrna Traditional Elementary | 585 | 514 | 585 | 559 | 585 | 559 | 585 | 562 | 575 | 571 |
| South Park TAPP Program (Combined) | 191 | 93 | 191 | 105 | 191 | 89 | 191 | 157 | 216 | 211 |
| Southern High | 1,700 | 1,254 | 1,700 | 1,213 | 1,700 | 1,192 | 1,700 | 1,124 | 1,700 | 1,199 |
| St. Matthews Elementary | 585 | 563 | 597 | 567 | 597 | 579 | 597 | 568 | 597 | 589 |
| Stonestreet Elementary | 500 | 452 | 578 | 439 | 578 | 460 | 578 | 482 | 578 | 515 |
| Stopher Elementary | 800 | 803 | 832 | 822 | 832 | 791 | 832 | 803 | 820 | 811 |
| Stuart Middle | 800 | 647 | 1,500 | 806 | 1,500 | 882 | 1,500 | 829 | 1,500 | 1,058 |

Continued

Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| School Name | Square Footage | 2021-22 | | 2020-21 | | 2019-20 | | 2018-19 | | 2017-18 | |
|--|----------------|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|
| | | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month |
| Trunnel Elementary | 54,086 | 540 | 451 | 540 | 450 | 540 | 450 | 642 | 462 | 642 | 530 |
| Tully Elementary | 105,648 | 931 | 766 | 931 | 789 | 931 | 789 | 828 | 758 | 828 | 747 |
| Valley Traditional High | 275,670 | 1,320 | 918 | 1,320 | 863 | 1,320 | 863 | 1,600 | 1,011 | 1,600 | 1,038 |
| Waggener High | 185,446 | 1,482 | 854 | 1,482 | 905 | 1,482 | 905 | 1,300 | 918 | 1,300 | 908 |
| Waller Williams Environmental ¹ | 54,619 | 365 | 89 | 365 | 131 | 365 | 131 | 123 | 123 | 98 | 98 |
| Watson Lane Elementary | 68,925 | 663 | 258 | 663 | 297 | 663 | 297 | 661 | 303 | 661 | 315 |
| Watterson Elementary | 52,105 | 489 | 459 | 489 | 507 | 489 | 507 | 600 | 499 | 600 | 532 |
| W.E.B. Dubois Academy (2018-19) | | 934 | 555 | 934 | 290 | 934 | 290 | | 153 | | |
| Wellington Traditional Elementary | 56,924 | 531 | 371 | 531 | 409 | 531 | 409 | 547 | 425 | 547 | 484 |
| Western High | 202,622 | 1,441 | 810 | 1,441 | 673 | 1,441 | 673 | 1,300 | 683 | 1,300 | 731 |
| Western Middle | 133,525 | 1,035 | 674 | 1,035 | 665 | 1,035 | 665 | 825 | 616 | 825 | 629 |
| Westport ECH (combined 2018-19) | 78,043 | 374 | 96 | 374 | 153 | 374 | 153 | 148 | 74 | 148 | 76 |
| Westport Traditional Middle | 169,768 | 1,340 | 1,128 | 1,421 | 1,344 | 1,421 | 1,344 | 1,310 | 1,281 | 1,300 | 1,251 |
| Wheeler Elementary | 53,443 | 618 | 616 | 618 | 651 | 618 | 651 | 688 | 644 | 688 | 660 |
| Wilder Elementary | 49,424 | 594 | 522 | 594 | 533 | 594 | 533 | 613 | 532 | 613 | 563 |
| Wilkerson Traditional Elementary | 43,795 | 565 | 442 | 565 | 483 | 565 | 483 | 534 | 474 | 534 | 468 |
| Wilt Elementary | 50,481 | 537 | 471 | 537 | 518 | 537 | 518 | 566 | 511 | 566 | 519 |
| Young Elementary | 73,437 | 723 | 227 | 723 | 340 | 723 | 340 | 650 | 397 | 650 | 514 |
| Zachary Taylor Elementary | 60,043 | 531 | 312 | 531 | 377 | 531 | 377 | 585 | 417 | 585 | 463 |

¹ Students at these alternative schools are counted in the enrollment at their home school for years prior to 2011-12.

Continued

School Building Capacity Data – Continued

Ten Years' Trend Data

| School Name | 2016-17 | | 2015-16 | | 2014-15 | | 2013-14 | | 2012-13 | |
|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|--|
| | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month | Program Capacity | Student Enrollment 1 st Pupil Month |
| Trunnel Elementary | 642 | 562 | 662 | 561 | 662 | 542 | 662 | 485 | 662 | 632 |
| Tully Elementary | 828 | 733 | 828 | 708 | 828 | 706 | 828 | 738 | 828 | 792 |
| Valley Traditional High | 1,600 | 1,271 | 1,600 | 1,481 | 827 | 1,481 | 827 | 1,481 | 1,600 | 1,087 |
| Waggener High | 1,300 | 868 | 1,300 | 827 | 1,300 | 763 | 1,300 | 763 | 1,300 | 782 |
| Waller Williams Environmental ¹ | 98 | 87 | 98 | 94 | 98 | 86 | 98 | 86 | | |
| Watson Lane Elementary | 661 | 364 | 661 | 364 | 661 | 395 | 661 | 395 | 661 | 443 |
| Watterson Elementary | 600 | 564 | 615 | 555 | 615 | 593 | 615 | 593 | 615 | 605 |
| W.E.B. Dubois Academy (2018-19) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wellington Traditional Elementary | 547 | 484 | 547 | 492 | 547 | 457 | 547 | 457 | 547 | 482 |
| Western High | 1,300 | 789 | 1,300 | 825 | 1,300 | 806 | 1,300 | 806 | 1,300 | 798 |
| Western Middle | 825 | 603 | 825 | 575 | 825 | 555 | 825 | 555 | 825 | 387 |
| Westport ECH (combined 2018-19) | 148 | 76 | 148 | 147 | 148 | 158 | 148 | 158 | 228 | 154 |
| Westport Traditional Middle | 1,300 | 1,244 | 1,300 | 1,205 | 1,300 | 1,124 | 1,300 | 1,124 | 1,300 | 928 |
| Wheeler Elementary | 688 | 667 | 680 | 679 | 680 | 681 | 680 | 681 | 680 | 631 |
| Wilder Elementary | 613 | 548 | 613 | 544 | 613 | 572 | 613 | 572 | 613 | 566 |
| Wilkerson Traditional Elementary | 534 | 470 | 534 | 448 | 534 | 479 | 534 | 479 | 534 | 490 |
| Wilt Elementary | 566 | 507 | 566 | 498 | 566 | 485 | 566 | 485 | 566 | 460 |
| Young Elementary | 650 | 525 | 650 | 553 | 650 | 535 | 650 | 535 | 650 | 531 |
| Zachary Taylor Elementary | 585 | 444 | 585 | 464 | 585 | 525 | 585 | 430 | 585 | 517 |

¹ Students at these alternative schools are counted in the enrollment at their home school for years prior to 2011-12.

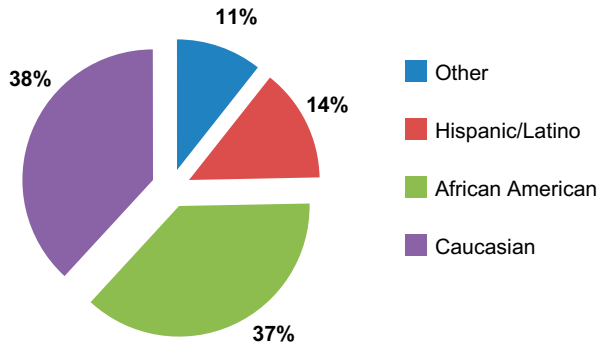
Enrollment presented is as of the end of the first pupil month. This is not typically our highest enrollment month during the school year, but this is when the program budget is set and students are assigned to each school within program capacity guidelines.

Due to differences in tracking enrollment due to COVID-19, the Kentucky Department of Education used 2019 enrollment data through 2021

Miscellaneous Statistics

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Student Demographics



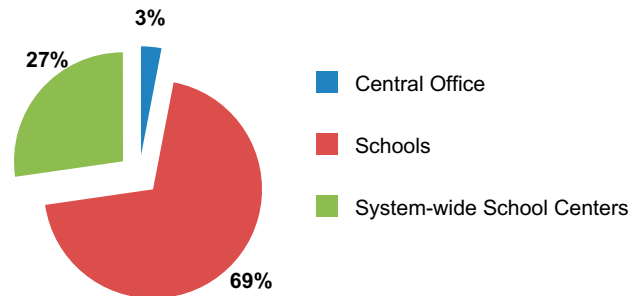
Number of Students

| | |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| English as a Second Language | 14,009 |
| English Learners | 12,763 |
| Number of Languages Spoken | 136 |
| Exceptional Children | 12,275 |
| Free and Reduced Price Meals | 68% |
| Advanced Placement Tests Taken | 8,175 |

Student Transportation

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|
| Number of Buses | 784 |
| Number of Bus Compounds | 13 |
| Miles Driven per Day (Average) | 82,296 |
| Number of Students Transported Daily | 58,655 |

Funding Allocation



APPENDIX E

**SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION
AND THE BASIC LEASE;
CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE; DEFINITIONS**

APPENDIX E

SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION AND THE BASIC LEASE; CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE; DEFINITIONS

The following is a brief summary of certain provisions of the General Bond Resolution and the Basic Lease together with definitions of terms used in this Official Statement. The summary and the definitions do not purport to be comprehensive or definitive. All references herein to the General Bond Resolution and the Basic Lease are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents, copies of which are available for review prior to the issuance and delivery of the Bonds offered hereby, at the offices of the Issuer and thereafter at the offices of the Registrar and Paying Agent. All references to Bonds are qualified in their entirety by reference to the definitive form thereof and the information with respect thereto included in the Series Resolution and in the General Bond Resolution.

GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION

Authorization of Bonds; Authorization of Basic Lease. The General Bond Resolution authorizes the issuance of Bonds in one or more Series and creates a continuing lien on the Security to secure the full and final payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on all of the Bonds. In connection with the issuance of Bonds pursuant to Series Resolutions, the General Bond Resolution authorizes the execution and delivery of the Basic Lease and Supplemental Leases thereto.

General Provisions for Issuance of Bonds. One or more Series of Bonds other than Refunding Bonds may be authenticated and delivered pursuant to a Series Resolution in such principal amount or amounts for each such Series as may be determined from time to time by the Issuer for the purpose of paying or providing for the payment or refinancing of all or a portion of the costs of one or more Projects. One or more Series of Refunding Bonds may be authenticated and delivered to refund all or part of the Outstanding Bonds (or portions thereof). The Issuer may issue Notes under the General Bond Resolution in anticipation of the issuance of a Series of Bonds. Such Notes shall be in a principal amount not exceeding the anticipated principal amount of such Series, plus, in the sole discretion of the Issuer, interest on such Notes. The proceeds of Bonds in anticipation of which the Notes are issued may be pledged for the payment of such Notes, and such pledge shall have priority over any other pledge created in the General Bond Resolution.

Funds and Accounts. With respect to each Series of Bonds, there are created and established the following trust funds and accounts to be held and designated as follows: [i] to be held by a Depository Bank, the Construction Fund; [ii] to be held by a Paying Agent, the Debt Service Fund, and within the Debt Service Fund: the Principal Account, the Interest Account and the Bond Purchase Account; and [iii] to be held by a Depository Bank, the Maintenance Fund. Each Depository Bank and each Paying Agent shall maintain, only for accounting purposes, such Series Accounts, Series Subaccounts and Project Subaccounts as it deems necessary or desirable for the administration of the General Bond Resolution and for the

accounting of deposits and allocations of funds and credits, and such Series Accounts, Series Subaccounts and Project Subaccounts as may be directed in a Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution.

Construction Fund. With respect to each Series, there shall be deposited in the Construction Fund all moneys delivered to the Depository Bank for such purpose, and moneys in the Construction Fund shall be applied in accordance with the requisition procedures set forth in the General Bond Resolution, but the Depository Bank shall transfer from the Construction Fund to any Paying Agent for deposit in the Interest Account and the Principal Account of the Debt Service Fund, as required, moneys for the payment of Principal Installments of, or interest on, any Outstanding Bonds as to which there would otherwise be a default in payment, in such amounts and at such times as are required to avoid any such default unless the Paying Agent is otherwise restricted from doing so with respect to Subordinated Debt. If all moneys to be disbursed in respect of any Project have been disbursed and the Depository Bank has received the documents provided for in the General Bond Resolution, the balance in the Project Subaccount within the Construction Fund and all investment earnings attributable thereto shall be transferred to the Debt Service Fund.

Debt Service Fund. Moneys or other assets received by a Paying Agent for deposit in the Debt Service Fund and all investment earnings thereon and proceeds therefrom shall be retained therein to the extent and for the purposes set forth in the General Bond Resolution. There shall be deposited in the Debt Service Fund with respect to each Series: [i] any proceeds of such Bonds provided to be deposited therein, and any amounts representing accrued interest, if any, and capitalized interest, if any, shall be deposited in the Interest Account of the Debt Service Fund, [ii] any amounts from any other Fund or Account required to be deposited therein or transferred thereto by the General Bond Resolution, [iii] any funds received by the Issuer under a Lease or Participation Agreement for a Series of Bonds for the purpose of enabling the Paying Agent to make the payments required to be made from the Debt Service Fund for which funds have not been otherwise provided, [iv] any Appropriation or other funds available or required or directed to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund for a Series of Bonds, and [v] any other Pledged Receipts or other amounts available to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund.

From the Pledged Receipts, with respect to each Series of Bonds and except as may be otherwise provided in a Series Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds, the Issuer shall pay the following amounts in the following order and at the following times, to the extent funds are available therefor: [i] first, to each Paying Agent for deposit in the Interest Account or the Principal Account of the Debt Service Fund, as applicable, ten business days or more prior to any Interest Payment Date or Principal Installment Date, the amount necessary, together with any amounts then on deposit in the Interest Account or the Principal Account, to accumulate the sum of the interest on Bonds other than Subordinated Debt to become due on such Interest Payment Date and the sum of the Principal Installments of Bonds other than Subordinated Debt to be payable on such Principal Installment Date; [ii] second, to each Paying Agent for deposit in the Interest Account or the Principal Account of the Debt Service Fund, as applicable, ten business days or more prior to any Interest Payment Date or Principal Installment Date, the amount necessary, together with any amounts then on deposit in the Interest Account or the Principal Account, to accumulate the sum of the interest on Subordinated Debt to become due on

such Interest Payment Date and the sum of the Principal Installment of Subordinated Debt to be paid on such Principal Installment Date; [iii] third, to the Board, at any time, the excess, if any, of [a] the sum of the amounts on deposit with the Paying Agents in the Debt Service Fund over [b] the amount of the required payments of Principal Installments and interest on all Bonds of each Series then Outstanding during the next succeeding six calendar months; [iv] fourth, to the Paying Agents for deposit in the Principal Account and the Interest Account of the Debt Service Fund, at any time, to effect a purchase of Term Bonds in accordance with the General Bond Resolution; [v] fifth, to the Paying Agents for deposit in the Bond Purchase Account of the Debt Service Fund, at any time, to effect a purchase of Bonds in accordance with the General Bond Resolution; and [vi] sixth, to the Maintenance Fund, at any time, the amount directed to be transferred thereto in a Certificate. If the amount transferred in each period to the credit of any Fund or Account under the above provisions shall be less than the required amount, the requirement therefor shall be cumulative and the amount of any deficiency in any period shall be added to the amount otherwise required to be deposited to the credit of such Fund or Account in each period thereafter until such time as such deficiency shall be remedied. With respect to each Series of Bonds and except as may be otherwise provided in a Series Resolution, the Paying Agent shall pay from the Interest Account on [i] each Interest Payment Date, the amounts required for the payment of interest on the Outstanding Bonds due on such date and [ii] the date of redemption or purchase, the amounts required for the payment of accrued interest on Bonds redeemed or purchased for retirement unless the payment of such accrued interest shall be otherwise provided for, and in each such case, such amounts shall be applied by such Paying Agent to such payments. With respect to each Series of Bonds and except as may be otherwise provided in a Series Resolution, to the extent funds are available therefor, the Paying Agent shall pay from moneys credited to the Principal Account, on each Principal Installment Date for any of the Outstanding Bonds, the amounts required for the payment of Principal Installments due on such date and such amounts shall be applied by such Paying Agent to such payment.

Except as may be otherwise provided in a Series Resolution, the Issuer may, but in no event less than 45 days prior to the succeeding Principal Installment Date on which a Sinking Fund Installment is scheduled to be due, direct a Paying Agent to purchase, with moneys that shall be paid by the Issuer for deposit to the Interest Account and the Principal Account of the Debt Service Fund for a Series, to the extent any such moneys have been deposited in the Debt Service Fund for the payment of such Sinking Fund Installment, at a price not in excess of par plus accrued interest to the date of such purchase, Term Bonds payable from such Sinking Fund Installment, and any Term Bonds so purchased shall be canceled by the Paying Agent and evidence of such cancellation shall be given to the Issuer and the aggregate principal amount of the Term Bonds so purchased shall be credited against the Sinking Fund Installment due on such Principal Installment Date.

Maintenance Fund. There shall be deposited with a Depository Bank to the credit of the Maintenance Fund with respect to each Series of Bonds: [i] any proceeds of such Bonds so provided to be deposited by any Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution or other action under and pursuant to the General Bond Resolution, [ii] any amounts from any other Fund or Account required to be deposited therein or transferred thereto by the General Bond Resolution, [iii] any funds received by the Issuer under a Lease or Participation Agreement for the purpose of meeting the Issuer's requirements for the Maintenance Fund for which funds have not been otherwise provided under the General Bond Resolution, [iv] any Appropriation or other

funds available or required or directed to be deposited in the Maintenance Fund for a Series of Bonds and [v] any other Pledged Receipts or other amounts available to be deposited therein.

Amounts in the Maintenance Fund shall be used and expended to pay or reimburse the Issuer or the Board for the payment of the costs of maintaining and insuring the Projects financed pursuant to the General Bond Resolution, at the direction and in the sole discretion of the Issuer (except as may be otherwise provided in a Series Resolution or Participation Agreement or with respect to Subordinated Debt), and shall be paid out by the Depository Bank from time to time upon receipt of a written requisition of the Board. The Depository Bank shall transfer from the Maintenance Fund to any Paying Agent for deposit in the Interest Account and the Principal Account of the Debt Service Fund, as required, moneys for the payment of Principal Installments of, or interest on, any Outstanding Bond as to which there would otherwise be a default in payment, in such amounts and at such times which are required to avoid any such default unless the Paying Agent is otherwise restricted from doing so by a Series Resolution or Participation Agreement or with respect to Subordinated Debt.

Disposition of Amounts Subject to Rebate. Notwithstanding any provisions of the General Bond Resolution to the contrary, any Depository Bank and any Paying Agent, respectively, shall transfer all amounts determined by a Paying Agent to be subject to the rebate provisions of Section 148(f) of the Code (or any successor provision), as they are received, from the Fund or Account with respect to which such amounts are earned to any Rebate Fund established for such purpose in, and in accordance with the terms of, any Series Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds.

Investments. All moneys in each Fund and Account shall be continuously invested in Qualified Obligations to the full extent practical. The Depository Bank or the Paying Agent, as required, shall sell or reduce to cash a sufficient amount of such investments in the respective Fund or Account whenever the cash balance therein is insufficient to pay the amount contemplated to be paid therefrom.

Credits to Board and Commission. All amounts transferred or credited to the Debt Service Fund from any Fund or Account with respect to a Series of Bonds shall be allowed as a credit against the payments otherwise required to be made, first by the Board under a Lease with respect to such Series, and, second, by the Commission under a Participation Agreement with respect to such Series, except to the extent otherwise provided in the General Bond Resolution or in such Lease or Participation Agreement, if any, or in a Supplemental Resolution or a Series Resolution under which a Series of Bonds is authorized to be issued or other action under and pursuant to the General Bond Resolution.

Open Market Purchases. The Issuer may, so long as no Event of Default shall then be existing, purchase Outstanding Bonds, whether or not such Bonds shall then be subject to redemption, at the most advantageous price obtainable with reasonable diligence, having regard to the maturity, option to redeem, interest rate and price, such price not to exceed the principal of such Bonds plus the amount of the premium, if any, which would have been payable to the Holders of such Bonds under the provisions of the General Bond Resolution if such Bonds had been called for redemption on the next permissible redemption date. The Issuer shall pay to the Paying Agent for deposit in the Bond Purchase Account the purchase price of the Bonds to be so

purchased and the Paying Agent shall purchase such Bonds; provided, however, that [i] no such purchase shall be made within the period of 45 days preceding any Interest Payment Date on which such Bonds are subject to a call for redemption under the provisions of the General Bond Resolution, and [ii] Bonds of a Series shall be purchased solely from moneys deposited for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on such Series. If one or more Term Bonds are purchased pursuant hereto, then the principal amount of the Term Bonds so purchased shall be credited against such Sinking Fund Installments for such Term Bonds, as the Issuer shall direct.

Unclaimed Moneys. All amounts that a Paying Agent shall withdraw from the Debt Service Fund or shall have received from any other source and set aside or deposited with itself or any Fiduciary for the purpose of paying Bonds, either at maturity or otherwise, or for paying interest when due on Bonds, shall be held in trust for the respective Holders of such Bonds; provided, however, that any moneys which shall be so set aside or deposited and which shall remain unclaimed by the Holder of any Bond for a period of five years after the date on which such Bond shall become payable, shall be paid to the Issuer and thereafter the Holder of such Bond shall look only to the Issuer for payment and then only to the extent of the amounts so received without any interest thereon, and the Paying Agent and any such Fiduciary shall have no responsibility with respect to such moneys.

Covenants of the Issuer. The Issuer covenants that it shall duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid the Bonds on the dates, at the places, in the manner and solely from the Security. If contemplated by a Participation Agreement, the Issuer covenants to the extent permitted by law that, if at any time the principal of or interest on the Bonds becomes past due or if a deficit is projected to occur during the next biennial period, then the Issuer shall immediately make a formal request in writing to the Governor of the Commonwealth that sums adequate [i] to pay in full any past due principal of and interest on the Bonds and [ii] to fund any projected deficit during the next biennial period, be included in the next succeeding executive budget, as an Appropriation to the Commission, and that such budget request be presented to the Kentucky General Assembly with recommendation for approval of such an Appropriation. Any such request for Appropriations shall be considered separately and apart from any appropriations made by the Kentucky General Assembly for any other or similar programs established prior to or subsequent to the effective date of the General Bond Resolution. The Issuer further covenants that no use will be made of the proceeds of the Bonds or the Notes or of any moneys in the Funds and Accounts and no other action shall be taken or omitted to be taken that will cause any Bonds or Notes issued as “tax-exempt bonds” (as defined in Section 150(a)(6) of the Code) to be or become “arbitrage bonds” within the meaning of Section 148 of the Code.

The Issuer covenants that it shall keep or cause to be kept proper books of record and account in which complete and accurate entries shall be made of all its transactions relating to the Bonds, the Funds and Accounts, and the Projects, which shall at all reasonable times be subject to the inspection of the Holders of an aggregate of not less than five percent in principal amount of Bonds then Outstanding or their representatives duly authorized in writing. The Issuer shall maintain or cause to be maintained on file copies of all certifications or requisitions under which moneys were withdrawn from any Fund or Account.

The Issuer covenants to prepare and, upon written request, to furnish to any Holder of Outstanding Bonds, [i] within 60 days after July 1 of each year, an Annual Budget and [ii] within 120 days after July 1 of each year, complete financial statements in reasonable detail, audited by an independent accountant, for the preceding Fiscal Year. The Annual Budget shall set forth for such Fiscal Year the estimated Pledged Receipts, Principal Installments and interest due and payable or estimated to become due and payable during such Fiscal Year and estimated Operating Costs, if any. The Issuer may at any time adopt an amended Annual Budget for the remainder of the then current Fiscal Year. The Issuer shall not incur Operating Costs in any Fiscal Year in excess of the reasonable or necessary amount thereof, and shall not expend, except as permitted in the next sentence hereof, any amount or incur any indebtedness for Operating Costs for such period in excess of the amounts provided therefor in the Annual Budget as originally prepared or as amended. This does not limit the amount which the Issuer may expend for Operating Costs in any Fiscal Year, provided any amounts expended therefor in excess of such Annual Budget shall be received by the Issuer from some source other than the sources permitted and provided for in the General Bond Resolution.

The Issuer covenants to take all actions and perform all rights of the Issuer set forth in the Act and each Lease and Participation Agreement for the benefit and security of the Bondholders in timely and due fashion, including without limitation, the interception, to the extent permitted by law, of [i] aid from or payable through the Commonwealth to the Board or the Commission, as applicable, in default under a Lease or a Participation Agreement, [ii] the proceeds of any revenue-sharing payable by the Commonwealth to the Board or the Commission and [iii] any other entitlement from or payable or administered by the Commonwealth to, or for the benefit of, or to be administered by the Board or the Commission.

The Issuer shall perform all duties with reference to each Project financed under the General Bond Resolution and the Bonds imposed by the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth, including the charging and collecting of sufficient rentals to pay principal of, Redemption Price and interest on the Bonds, plus the maintenance and insurance costs of the Project, and shall segregate the rentals under every Lease and Supplemental Lease and apply them to the Funds and Accounts created by the General Bond Resolution in accordance with the terms thereof. The Issuer shall use its best efforts, subject to the limitations of the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth, to cause to be produced annually by taxation for the Board a sum sufficient to pay the rentals under every Lease and Supplemental Lease. The Issuer shall not sell, mortgage or in any other manner dispose of the Project, including any and all additions, extensions and improvements that may be made thereto, or otherwise materially adversely affect the Security, except as may be otherwise permitted pursuant to the General Bond Resolution, until all the Bonds are paid in full.

Option to Purchase Leased Premises. The Issuer grants to the Board the option to purchase any or all of the Leased Premises financed with the proceeds of a Series of Bonds and subject to the Lease free and clear of the statutory mortgage lien and the Lease at any time during the term of the Lease by directing the Issuer to exercise immediately its option to pay or redeem all Outstanding Bonds of that Series in accordance with the General Bond Resolution and by paying directly to the Paying Agent or Paying Agents the amount necessary to duly effect or provide for such payment or redemption and expenses associated therewith.

The Issuer grants the Board the option to purchase at any time a portion of the Leased Premises financed with a Series of Bonds free and clear of the statutory mortgage lien and the Lease by directing the Issuer to exercise immediately its option to pay or redeem, or provide for the payment or redemption of, a Pro Rata Share of the Outstanding Bonds of that Series in accordance with the General Bond Resolution, by paying directly to the Paying Agent or Paying Agents the amount necessary to duly effect or provide for such payment or redemption and expenses associated therewith.

Upon the full payment and retirement of the Bonds, or provision for the full payment and retirement thereof pursuant to the General Bond Resolution, the Lease shall automatically terminate and the Issuer shall convey the Leased Premises to the Board free and clear of the statutory mortgage lien and the Lease at the earliest practicable time.

Amendment to Lease. No amendment to the Lease shall be effective unless it is in writing, is executed by both parties, and is consistent with or permitted by the General Bond Resolution.

Series Resolutions and Supplemental Resolutions Effective Without Consent of Bondholders. The Issuer may adopt at any time and from time to time Series Resolutions or Supplemental Resolutions for any one or more of the following purposes, and any such Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution shall become effective in accordance with its terms upon the filing with the Paying Agent or Paying Agents of a certified copy thereof: [i] to provide for the issuance of a Series of Bonds pursuant to the provisions of the General Bond Resolution and to prescribe the terms and conditions pursuant to which such Bonds may be issued, paid or redeemed; [ii] to add additional covenants and agreements of the Issuer for the purpose of further securing the payment of the Bonds; [iii] to prescribe further limitations and restrictions upon the issuance of Bonds and the incurring of indebtedness by the Issuer; [iv] to surrender any right, power or privilege reserved to or conferred upon the Issuer by the terms of the General Bond Resolution; [v] to confirm as further assurance any pledge under and the subjection to any lien, claim or pledge created or to be created by the provisions of the General Bond Resolution; [vi] to modify, amend or supplement any of the provisions of the General Bond Resolution or any previously adopted Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution in any other respect, provided only that such modifications, amendments or supplements, as the case may be, are not in the Opinion of Counsel to the detriment of the Holders of Bonds of any Series Outstanding as of the date of adoption of such Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution; [vii] to cure any ambiguity or defect or inconsistent provision in the General Bond Resolution or to insert such provisions clarifying matters or questions arising under the General Bond Resolution as are necessary or desirable, if any such modifications are not contrary to or inconsistent with the General Bond Resolution as theretofore in effect; [viii] to provide such additional terms and to create and establish such Rebate Funds as may be required to provide for compliance with any applicable federal or state laws, including without limitation Section 148 of the Code; or [ix] to supplement or amend any provisions of the General Bond Resolution in connection with the issuance of Subordinated Debt so long as such supplements or amendments are not to the detriment of the rights, remedies or security of the Holders of the Outstanding Bonds.

Series Resolutions and Supplemental Resolutions Effective With Consent of Bondholders. The General Bond Resolution may also be modified, amended or supplemented at

any time or from time to time by a Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution, subject to the consent of the Bondholders in accordance with and subject to the provisions on amendments set forth below.

Amendment to General Bond Resolution. Any modification or amendment of the General Bond Resolution and of the rights and obligations of the Issuer and of the Holders of the Bonds in any particular, may be made by a Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution, with the written consent given as provided in the General Bond Resolution of [i] if less than all of the Series of Bonds are affected by the modification or amendment, of the Holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of each Series so affected and Outstanding at the time such consent is given or [ii] if the modification or amendment changes the amount or date of any Sinking Fund Installment, of the Holders of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of the particular Series, maturity and interest rate entitled to such Sinking Fund Installment Outstanding at the time such consent is given; provided that if such modification or amendment will, by its terms, not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified like Series and maturity remain Outstanding, the consent of the Holders of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of any such calculation of Outstanding Bonds; and provided, further, no such modification or amendment shall permit a change in the term of redemption or maturity of the principal of any Outstanding Bond or of any installment of interest thereon or a reduction in the principal amount or the Redemption Price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon without the consent of the Holder of such Bond, or shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of any Fiduciary without its written assent thereto, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds the consent of the Holders of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment without the consent of all Holders of Bonds Outstanding.

General Bond Resolution To Constitute Contract. Except as may be otherwise expressly provided pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds, in consideration of the purchase and acceptance of the Bonds by all Persons who shall purchase and hold the Bonds from time to time, the General Bond Resolution shall be deemed to be and shall constitute a contract among the Issuer, the Fiduciaries and the Bondholders, and the provisions thereof are covenants and agreements with such Holders which the Issuer determines to be necessary and desirable for the security and payment thereof. The provisions, covenants and agreements set forth in the General Bond Resolution to be performed on behalf of the Issuer shall be for the equal and ratable benefit, protection and security of the Holders of any and all of the Bonds, all of which, regardless of the time or times of their issue or maturity, shall be of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction except as may be otherwise expressly provided in a Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution or other action under and pursuant to the General Bond Resolution. However, no representation or covenant of the Issuer in the General Bond Resolution or in any other proceeding, document or certification incidental to issuance of the Bonds shall create any indebtedness or liability of the Issuer, except to the extent of the Pledged Receipts and the other Security.

Except as may be otherwise expressly provided pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds, [i] any Bondholder, either at law or in equity, by suit, action, mandamus or other proceedings, may enforce and compel the performance of all duties imposed by the General Bond Resolution or by the laws of the Commonwealth, including the

charging and collection of sufficient rentals, the segregation of revenues and gross income, and the application thereof, and may by such action compel the performance of all duties imposed in the operation of an adequate school system as provided by the laws of the Commonwealth, but only insofar as the failure to perform such duties would or could impair the interests of such Bondholder; and [ii] if there is a default in the payment of the principal of, Redemption Price or interest on any of the Bonds, then upon the filing of suit by any Bondholder, any court having jurisdiction of the action may appoint a receiver to administer the property on behalf of the Issuer or the Board or both of them, with power to charge and collect rentals sufficient to provide for the payment of any Bonds and any other obligations Outstanding, for the payment of operating, maintenance and insurance expenses, and to apply the Pledged Receipts and the other Security in conformity with the General Bond Resolution and the laws of the Commonwealth.

Events of Default and Remedies Under General Bond Resolution. Except as may be otherwise expressly provided pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds, each of the following events is hereby declared an “Event of Default” under the General Bond Resolution: [i] failure to make due and punctual payment of any Principal Installment when and as the same shall become due and payable, whether at maturity or upon redemption or otherwise; [ii] failure to make due and punctual payment of any installment of interest on any of the Outstanding Bonds when and as the same shall become due and payable; or [iii] failure or refusal by the Issuer to comply with the provisions of the Act or to perform, observe or fulfill any of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part to be observed, performed or fulfilled contained in the General Bond Resolution, any Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution, or the Bonds, and such failure or refusal shall continue for a period of 45 days after written notice thereof by the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds.

In addition to other remedies described in the General Bond Resolution, and except as otherwise provided pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds (including but not by way of limitation, the provisions of any Participation Agreement entered into in accordance with the General Bond Resolution), upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in the General Bond Resolution, then the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds may proceed, in their own name, subject to the provisions of the General Bond Resolution, to protect and enforce the rights of the Bondholders by such of the following remedies, as they shall deem necessary or desirable to protect and enforce such rights: [i] by mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all rights of the Bondholders, including the right to require the Issuer to enforce, collect and receive rental payments adequate to carry out the covenants and agreements as to, and pledge of, Pledged Receipts and the other Security, and to require the Issuer to carry out any and all other covenants or agreements with Bondholders and to perform its duties under the Act; [ii] by bringing suit upon the Bonds; [iii] by action or suit in equity, require the Issuer to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the Holders of the Bonds; [iv] by action or suit in equity, enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the Holders of the Bonds; [v] by declaring all Bonds due and payable, and if all defaults shall be made good, then, with the written consent of the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds, by annulling such declaration and its consequences; or [vi] if all Bonds are declared due and payable, by selling the Qualified Obligations and all other assets of the Issuer (to the extent not theretofore set aside either for redemption of Bonds for which call

has been made or pursuant to provisions of the General Bond Resolution relating to moneys set aside for the payment of Bonds) subject to the lien of the General Bond Resolution, and enforcing all Leases and Participation Agreements to the fullest legal extent in the name of the Issuer for the use and benefit of the Holders of Bonds.

Except as may be otherwise expressly provided pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds, in the enforcement of any rights and remedies under the General Bond Resolution, the Bondholders shall be entitled to sue for, enforce payment on and receive any and all amounts then or during any default becoming, and at any time remaining, due from the Issuer for the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds unpaid, with interest on overdue payments at the rate or rates of interest specified in such Bonds, if any, together with any and all costs and expenses of collection and of all proceedings thereunder and under such Bonds, without prejudice to any other right or remedy of the Bondholders, and to recover and enforce a judgment or decree against the Issuer for any portion of such amounts remaining unpaid, with interest, costs and expenses, and to collect from any moneys available for such purpose, in any manner provided by law, the moneys adjudged or decreed to be payable.

Priority of Payments After Default. Except as may be otherwise expressly provided pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds, if upon the happening and continuance of any default, the funds held by the Fiduciaries shall be insufficient for the payment of any Principal Installment and interest then due on the Bonds, such funds (other than funds held pursuant to the General Bond Resolution relating to moneys set aside for the payment of Bonds) and any other moneys received or collected by the Bondholders, acting pursuant to the Act and the General Bond Resolution after making provision for the payment of any expenses necessary to protect the interests of the Holders of the Bonds, and for the payment of the charges and expenses and liabilities incurred and advances made by the Fiduciaries in the performances of their duties under the General Bond Resolution, shall be applied by the Fiduciaries as follows: [i] unless the principal of all of the Bonds shall have become or have been declared due and payable: [a] to the payment to the Persons entitled thereto of all installments of interest then due in the order of the maturity of such installments, and, if the amount available shall not be sufficient to pay in full any installments, then to the payment thereof ratably, accordingly to the amounts due on such installments, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference; and [b] to the payment to the Persons entitled thereto of the unpaid Principal Installment of any Bonds which shall have become due, whether at maturity or by redemption, in the order of their due dates and, if the amounts available shall not be sufficient to pay in full all the Bonds due on any date, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts of the Principal Installment due on such date, to the Persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference; and [ii] if the principal of all of the Bonds shall have become or have been declared due and payable, then, except as may be otherwise expressly provided in a Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution or other action under and pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds, to the payment of the principal and interest then due and unpaid upon the Bonds without preference or priority of principal over interest or of interest over principal, or of any installment of interest over any other installment of interest, or of any Bond over any other Bond, ratably, accordingly to the amounts due respectively for principal and interest, to the persons entitled thereto without any discrimination or preference except as to any difference in the respective rates of interest specified in the Bonds.

Except as may be otherwise expressly provided pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series: [i] whenever moneys are to be applied pursuant to these provisions, such moneys shall be applied by each Fiduciary at such times, and from time to time, as the Fiduciary in its sole discretion shall determine, having due regard to the need to make payment of any expenses necessary to protect the interests of the Holders of the Bonds, the amount of such moneys available for application and the likelihood of additional money becoming available for application in the future; [ii] the deposit of such moneys with the Fiduciaries, or otherwise setting aside such moneys in trust for the proper purpose, shall constitute proper application by the Fiduciaries, and a Fiduciary shall incur no liability whatsoever to the Issuer, to any Bondholder or to any other person for any delay in applying any such moneys, so long as the Fiduciary acts with reasonable diligence, having due regard for the circumstances, and ultimately applies the same in accordance with such provisions of the General Bond Resolution as may be applicable at the time of application by the Fiduciary; and [iii] whenever the Fiduciary shall exercise such discretion in applying such moneys, it shall fix the date (which shall be an Interest Payment Date unless the Fiduciary shall deem another date more suitable) upon which such application is to be made and upon such date interest on the amounts of principal to be paid on such date shall cease to accrue. The Fiduciary shall not be required to make payment to the Holder of any Bond unless such Bond shall be presented to the Paying Agent for appropriate endorsement or for cancellation if fully paid.

Termination of Proceedings. If any proceedings taken by the Holders of the Bonds on account of any Event of Default shall have been discontinued or abandoned for any reason, then in every such case the Issuer, the Fiduciaries and the Bondholders shall be restored to their former positions and rights under the General Bond Resolution respectively, and all rights, remedies, powers and duties of the Bondholders and the Fiduciaries shall continue as though no such proceeding had been taken.

Bondholders' Direction of Proceedings; Limitation on Rights of Bondholders. Anything in the General Bond Resolution to the contrary notwithstanding, but except as may be otherwise expressly provided pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds, the Holders of the majority in principal amount of Bonds then Outstanding shall have the right to direct the method of conducting all remedial proceedings to be taken under the General Bond Resolution, provided that such direction shall not be otherwise than in accordance with law or the provisions of the General Bond Resolution, and that a Fiduciary shall have the right to decline to follow any such direction which in the opinion of the Fiduciary would be unjustly prejudicial to Bondholders not parties to such direction. No Bondholder or Bondholders shall have any right in any manner whatever by his or their action to affect, disturb or prejudice the security of the General Bond Resolution, or to enforce any right thereunder or under law with respect to the Bonds or the General Bond Resolution, except in the manner therein provided, and all proceedings at law or in equity shall be instituted, had and maintained in the manner provided in the General Bond Resolution and for the benefit of all Holders of the Outstanding Bonds except as may be otherwise expressly provided pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series. Anything in the General Bond Resolution to the contrary notwithstanding, but except as may be otherwise expressly provided pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds, each Holder of any Bond by the acceptance thereof shall be deemed to have agreed that any court in its discretion may require, in any suit for the enforcement of any right or remedy under the General Bond Resolution or any Series Resolution or Supplemental

Resolution, the filing by any party litigant in such suit of an undertaking to pay the reasonable costs of such suit, and that such court may in its discretion assess such reasonable costs (including reasonable attorneys' fees) against any party litigant in any such suit having due regard to the merits and good faith of the claims or defenses made by such party litigant; but these provisions shall not apply to any suit instituted by any Bondholder, or group of Bondholders, holding at least 25% in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding, or to any suit instituted by any Bondholders for the enforcement of the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of or interest on any Bond on or after the respective due date thereof expressed in such Bond.

Notice Of Event Of Default. Except as may be otherwise expressly provided in a Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution or other action under and pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds, any Paying Agent shall give to the Bondholders and all other Fiduciaries notice of each Event of Default under the General Bond Resolution known to the Paying Agent within ninety days after knowledge of the occurrence thereof, unless such Event of Default shall have been remedied or cured before the giving of such notice; provided that, except in the case of default in the payment of the Principal Installment or interest on any of the Bonds, the Paying Agent shall be protected in withholding such notice, if any, so long as the Paying Agent in good faith determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interest of the Bondholders.

Defeasance. If the Issuer shall pay or cause to be paid, or there shall otherwise be paid, to Holders of the Bonds, such amounts as will, taking into account the investment earnings therefrom, fully provide for all of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest to become due on a particular Series of Bonds, at the times and the manner stipulated therein and in the General Bond Resolution, then and in that event as to that particular Series of Bonds the General Bond Resolution shall cease, determine, and become null and void, and the covenants, agreements and other obligations of the Issuer thereunder shall be satisfied and discharged for that particular Series of Bonds, and in such event, each Fiduciary shall, upon the request of the Issuer, execute and deliver to the Issuer all such instruments as may be desirable to evidence such discharge and satisfaction and the Fiduciaries shall pay over or deliver to the Issuer, on behalf of the parties entitled thereto, all moneys, securities or obligations held by them pursuant to the General Bond Resolution which are not required for such payment or redemption for that particular Series of Bonds.

Bonds (or portions thereof) or interest installments of a particular Series of Bonds for the payment or redemption of which moneys shall have been set aside and shall be held in trust by Fiduciaries shall, at the maturity or redemption date thereof, be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the above paragraph. Bonds or interest installments of a particular Series shall, prior to the maturity or redemption date thereof, be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the above paragraph if: [i] if any of the Bonds (or portions thereof) are to be redeemed on a date prior to their maturity, the Issuer shall have given to a Paying Agent irrevocable instructions to give notice of redemption of such Bonds (or portions thereof) on such date as provided in the Series Resolution authorizing the issuance of such Series of Bonds; [ii] there shall have been deposited with the Paying Agent either moneys in an amount which shall be sufficient, or Governmental Obligations or Municipal Obligations, the principal of and the interest on which when due will

provide moneys in an amount which shall be sufficient, or Governmental Obligations or Municipal Obligations, the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide moneys which, together with the moneys, if any, deposited with the Paying Agent, shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price of and interest (or interest installments) due and to become due on such Bonds (or portions thereof) on and prior to the redemption date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be; and [iii] if Bonds (or portions thereof) are redeemed within the next succeeding sixty days, the Issuer shall have given the Paying Agent irrevocable instructions to notify as soon as practicable, the Holders of such Bonds by United States first-class mail, postage prepaid, at least thirty days prior to the redemption date. Any cash received from such principal or interest payments on such Governmental Obligations or Municipal Obligations, deposited with the Paying Agent, if not then needed for such purpose, shall to the extent practicable, be reinvested in Governmental Obligations or Municipal Obligations, maturing at times and in amounts sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price of and interest to become due on such Bonds (or portions thereof) on and prior to such redemption date or maturity date thereof.

If, through the deposit of moneys by the Issuer or otherwise, the Fiduciaries shall hold, pursuant to the General Bond Resolution or a Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution, moneys sufficient to pay the principal and interest to maturity on all Outstanding Bonds of a Series or in the case of Bonds of a Series in respect of which the Issuer shall have taken all action necessary to redeem prior to maturity, sufficient to pay the Redemption Price and interest to such redemption date, then at the request of the Issuer all moneys held by any other Fiduciary with respect to that Series shall be paid over to the Paying Agent and, together with other moneys held by it under the General Bond Resolution, shall be held by the Paying Agent for the payment or redemption of the designated Outstanding Bonds of such Series.

Miscellaneous Provisions. Any request, consent, revocation of consent or other instrument which the General Bond Resolution may require or permit to be signed and executed by the Bondholders may be in one or more instruments of similar tenor, and shall be signed or executed by such Bondholders in person or by their attorneys-in-fact appointed in writing with such proof as shall be required by the Issuer or a Fiduciary. Any request or consent by the owner of any Bond shall bind all future owners of such Bond in respect of anything done or suffered to be done by the Issuer or any Fiduciary in accordance therewith. The Issuer expressly reserves the right to issue Subordinated Debt under the General Bond Resolution, to adopt one or more additional general bond-authorizing resolutions or trust indentures or similar documents, and to issue other obligations, payable from or secured by collateral other than the Pledged Receipts. Nothing in the General Bond Resolution or in any Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution adopted pursuant to the provisions thereof, express or implied, is intended or shall be construed to confer upon or to give to any person or party other than the Issuer, the Fiduciaries and the Holders of the Bonds, any rights, remedies or claims under or by reason of the General Bond Resolution or any Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution or any covenants, condition or stipulation thereof; and all covenants, stipulations, promises and agreements in the General Bond Resolution and any Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution contained by or on behalf of the Issuer shall be for the sole and exclusive benefit of the Issuer, the Fiduciaries and the Holders from time to time of the Bonds. All covenants, stipulations, promises, agreements and obligations of the Issuer contained in the General Bond Resolution shall be deemed to be the covenants, stipulations, promises, agreements and obligations of the Issuer and not of any

member, officer, director or employee of the Issuer in his individual capacity, and no recourse shall be had for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of or interest on the Bonds or for any claim based thereon or on the General Bond Resolution against any member, officer, director or employee of the Issuer or any natural person executing the Bonds.

BASIC LEASE

Lease of Premises; Lease Term. In connection with each Series of Bonds, each Project financed thereby shall be leased to the Board pursuant to a Lease or Supplemental Lease and occupied as a revenue-producing undertaking on a year-to-year basis. The Issuer leases and rents to the Board the Leased Premises for an annual term ending June 30 of each Fiscal Year and continuing automatically thereafter, unless the Board elects to terminate the Lease at the end of any then current term thereof by at least ninety (90) days' prior written notice to the Issuer. The Issuer shall do nothing to interfere with the Board's quiet and exclusive possession of the Leased Premises throughout the term of the Lease, provided there be no Event of Default.

The Board leases the Leased Premises subject to all conditions affecting the title to same, including but not limited to any statutory mortgage liens and any leases with the City of Louisville or Jefferson County, Kentucky, that affect the property pursuant to any outstanding school building revenue bond issues as may have been theretofore issued from time to time pursuant to KRS Chapter 162 or otherwise. The Board assumes all risks, if any, resulting from any present or future, latent or patent defects therein, or from the failure of the Leased Premises to comply with any legal requirements applicable thereto. The Issuer has made no representations as to the state of title or condition of the Leased Premises or their suitability for use and occupancy by the Board, and the Issuer leases the Leased Premises to the Board "as is."

Rental Payments. During the term of the Basic Lease, the Board is required to pay to or for the account of the Issuer, as rental payments in amounts and at the times sufficient to pay the principal of, interest, and Redemption Price, if any, on the Bonds when and as the same become due, together with all costs and expenses of Fiduciaries under the General Bond Resolution when and as the same become due and all amounts required to be deposited in any Fund or Account under the General Bond Resolution, in any case unless and until the same are paid by the Issuer from other revenues or assets of the Issuer, and all Operating Costs and costs of maintaining and insuring the Leased Premises.

Insurance. Subject to the right of the Board to self-insure through an established program of self-insurance, under the Basic Lease the Board is required to continuously during the term of the Lease insure against such risks and in such amounts with respect to the Leased Premises as are generally insured against with respect to properties of like size and character, including at least, but not limited to [i] broad form insurance to the extent of the full insurable value of the Leased Premises (recognizing that certain portions thereof may not be exposed to certain risks) or the aggregate outstanding principal amount of Bonds under the General Bond Resolution, whichever amount is greater, for loss or damage by fire, lightning and windstorm or other hazard, casualty or calamity, with standard extended coverage, vandalism and malicious mischief endorsement and [ii] public liability insurance with reference to the Leased Premises, in minimum amounts of one million dollars for personal injury or death and one million dollars for property damage, in respect of each occurrence. In addition, the Board is to include the Leased

Premises in its comprehensive general liability policies. All required insurance policies shall be with insurance companies qualified to do business in the Commonwealth, shall name the Issuer as an additional insured as its interest may appear, and may be written with exceptions and exclusions comparable to those in similar policies carried by others with respect to properties of similar size, character and other respects to the Leased Premises. The required insurance may be in the form of blanket insurance policies and may be provided by so-called umbrella coverage. All insurance claims may be adjusted by the Board alone, and all insurance proceeds for loss or damage to the Leased Premises shall be payable to the Board for application to the repair or restoration of the Leased Premises and the excess, if any, shall be deposited to the credit of the Maintenance Fund established under the General Bond Resolution.

Use and Maintenance under the Lease. The Board shall use the Leased Premises for educational purposes at all times during the term of the Basic Lease. The Board shall, during the term of the Lease, at its own expense, maintain the Leased Premises in good condition, repair and working order and shall pay all utility charges, all governmental charges, if any, that may be laid, assessed, levied or imposed or become due and payable or create a lien on any part of the Leased Premises and any other costs incurred in the operation, maintenance, use and occupancy of the Leased Premises. The Board shall, at its own expense, make or cause to be made from time to time all necessary repairs, renewals and replacements thereof, ordinary wear and tear and obsolescence excepted. The Board shall comply with all applicable governmental, health, sanitation, environmental, fire and safety requirements and all other governmental regulations or requirements. If destruction, total or partial, ensues so as to make the Leased Premises or any portion thereof untenable for the purposes intended, such destruction shall not operate as a surrender or cancellation of the Lease and shall not relieve the Board from any obligations under the Lease, but the Board agrees to repair or restore the affected portion of the Leased Premises to the condition that existed prior to such destruction, to the extent insurance proceeds are sufficient for such purposes, or if the insurance proceeds are insufficient, the Board agrees to repair or restore the affected portion of the Leased Premises to a tenantable condition with the Board's own funds or to purchase the affected portion in accordance with its option under the Basic Lease, in either case, to the extent funds are legally available for such purpose.

Modifications and Improvements. Subject to the statutory mortgage lien elsewhere described herein, the Board may, at its own cost and expense, remodel the Leased Premises or make modifications or improvements thereon or thereto from time to time as it, in its discretion, may deem to be desirable for its uses and purposes; provided that the security afforded by the statutory mortgage lien is not diminished thereby and provided, further, that the Board shall not permit any laborers', mechanics' or materialmens' liens to attach to the Leased Premises by reason thereof.

The Issuer and the Board acknowledge the statutory mortgage lien which exists pursuant to KRS 162.200, but only upon the application of the proceeds of any Series of Bonds to each Project, on the Leased Premises and all structures, equipment, fixtures and property of whatever nature thereon and all appurtenances thereto in favor of the owners of the Bonds. The Issuer reserves the right, however, to erect or construct upon the Leased Premises other structures and improvements, whether financed with the proceeds of additional school building revenue bonds, Subordinated Debt or otherwise, provided that the erection or construction of

such improvements shall not unreasonably interfere with, and the improvements shall not diminish the quiet possession of the Leased Premises by the Board.

Other Obligations of Board. The Board may assign its interest in the Basic Lease or sublet the Leased Premises or portions thereof without the consent of the Issuer, provided that the Board shall nevertheless remain primarily liable for the payment of the rentals due under the Lease and for the full performance and observance of all the obligations of the Board under the Lease. The Board covenants to use its best efforts, subject to the limitations of the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth, during each year that the Basic Lease may be renewed, to cause to be produced annually by taxation revenues sufficient to make the rental payments thereunder and finance all other obligations of the Board thereunder.

Events of Default and Remedies. The occurrence of any of the following events will constitute an Event of Default under the Basic Lease: [i] failure by the Board to pay the rentals in the amounts and at the times provided; [ii] failure by the Board to perform any other obligation on its part to be performed or observed pursuant to the Basic Lease for a period of thirty days after written notice by the Corporation or a Bondholder to the Board specifying such failure and requesting that it be remedied; provided that if the failure be such that it cannot be corrected within such period, it shall not constitute an Event of Default if corrective action is instituted by the Board within such period and diligently pursued until such failure is corrected; or [iii] the dissolution or liquidation of the Board; or failure by the Board promptly to lift any execution, garnishment or attachment of such consequence as will impair its ability to carry out its obligations under the Lease; or if the Board becomes insolvent or bankrupt, or makes an assignment for the benefit of its creditors or consents to the appointment of a trustee or receiver for the Board or for the greater part of its properties; or a trustee or receiver is appointed for the Board or for the greater part of its properties without its consent and is not discharged within 45 days; or bankruptcy, reorganization or liquidation proceedings are commenced by or against the Board, and if commenced against the Board are consented to by it or remain undismissed for 45 days.

Except as may be otherwise expressly provided pursuant to the General Bond Resolution for a particular Series of Bonds, whenever any Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing under the Basic Lease, the Issuer, the Paying Agent or the Bondholders may exercise all of their rights and remedies under the General Bond Resolution and the Lease, and may, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, [i] declare all rental payments due under the Lease to be immediately due and payable; [ii] re-enter and take possession of the Leased Premises without terminating the Lease and sublease the Leased Premises for the account of the Board, holding the Board liable for the difference between the rent and other amounts payable by any sublessee in such subleasing and the rentals and other amounts payable by the Board under the Lease; provided that until the Issuer or a Fiduciary has entered into a firm agreement for the subleasing of the Leased Premises, the Board may at any time pay all accrued basic rentals due (exclusive of accelerated basic rentals) and fully cure all defaults, whereupon the Board shall be restored to its use, occupancy and possession of the Leased Premises; [iii] have access to and inspect, examine and make copies of the books and records of the Board insofar as they relate to the Leased Premises or the Event of Default and the remedying thereof; [iv] take whatever action at law or in equity as may appear necessary or desirable to collect the rental payments then due and thereafter to become due or to enforce performance and observance of any obligation of the

Board under the Lease; [v] pursue all or any legal and equitable remedies available to them, including injunction and specific performance and the appointment of a receiver; or [vi] repair the Leased Premises in order to better sublease or relet the Leased Premises, and the costs and expenses of such repair will become a debt due by the Board to the Issuer or the Bondholders, and the Board will be entitled to reimbursement for such costs and expenses from the first revenues of such sublease or reletting. Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither the Issuer, the Bondholders or any Fiduciary shall be under an obligation or duty to seek any legal or equitable remedies.

Annual Assignment of Board's Right to State Funds. To the extent permitted by law, the Board agrees that during the term of the Basic Lease, and any renewal thereof, and so long as any Bonds remain outstanding, in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due thereunder, and unless the Commission has received from the Board satisfactory evidence that sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying the rentals when due, the Board will grant under the terms of every Participation Agreement to the Corporation and the Commission the right to notify and request the State Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request the State Department of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals. To the extent permitted by law, the Corporation assigns to the Commission its rights in and to the rentals due under the Lease for the purposes set forth above, and delegates to the Commission the authority to collect the rentals on behalf of the Corporation for transmission to the Paying Agent in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals in a timely manner.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE UNDERTAKING

Continuing Disclosure Undertaking. The Board is delivering a Continuing Disclosure Certificate, dated as of the date of original issuance of the Bonds, to the underwriters of the Bonds, in order to assist the underwriters in complying with the requirements of subsection (5) of section (b) of Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Continuing Disclosure Certificate is also delivered for the benefit of the registered owners from time to time of the Bonds.

The Board undertakes in the Continuing Disclosure Certificate to provide:

a. To each Repository (as defined below) annual financial information for the Board with respect to the fiscal year of the Board ending on the next succeeding June 30, and each fiscal year thereafter;

b. If not submitted as part of the annual financial information, then when and if available, to each Repository, audited financial statements for the Board with respect to the fiscal year of the Board ending on the next succeeding June 30, and each fiscal year thereafter;

c. In a timely manner not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event, to each Repository, notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds. The "*Events*" are:

i. Principal and interest payment delinquencies

- ii. Non-payment related defaults, if material
- iii. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties
- iv. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties
- v. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform
- vi. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Notes, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds
- vii. Modifications to the rights of security holders, if material
- viii. Bond calls, if material, and tender offers
- ix. Defeasances
- x. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material
- xi. Rating changes
- xii. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person
- xiii. NOTE: This event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an obligated person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person.
- xiv. The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material

xv. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material.

xvi. Incurrence of a financial obligation of the obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material; and

xvii. Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of the financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

d. In a timely manner, to each Repository, notice of a failure of the Board to provide required annual financial information, on or before the applicable date, if any, specified below in the Continuing Disclosure Certificate.

“National Repository” means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (<http://emma.msrb.org>).

“Repository” means National Repository and each State Repository.

“State Repository” shall mean any public or private repository or entity designated by the Commonwealth of Kentucky as a state repository for the purpose of the Rule and recognized as such by the Commission. As of the date hereof, there is no State Repository.

The Continuing Disclosure Certificate provides that annual financial information and notices of material events will be provided under the Continuing Disclosure Certificate only for the Board.

The Continuing Disclosure Certificate describes the following types of financial information and operating data to be provided as part of the annual financial information. All references to headings and appendices below are to this final Official Statement for the Bonds, except where otherwise noted:

A. Summary of assessed valuation and bonded debt, as more particularly described in Appendix A, “Operating, Financial and Tax Base Information of the District.” (The Board does not undertake to separately update the reference thereto which appears in the text of the Official Statement under the heading, “Summary Statement.”)

B. Information in Appendix A under the headings, “Operating Information,” “Financial Data,” “General Fund,” “Capital Outlay Fund,” “Building Fund,” “Tax Base Information,” “Property Subject to Taxation,” “History of Assessment Rates,” “Amount of Homestead Exemption,” and “School Tax Collections.”

C. Table of bond issues of the Jefferson County School District Finance Corporation and other issuers on behalf of the District, as more particularly described in “Appendix C - Bonded Indebtedness Outstanding of the District and Debt Service Requirements for the Series 2023A Bonds.”

The Continuing Disclosure Certificate provides that the Board does not intend to provide, as part of the annual financial information described above, the financial and economic information contained in Appendix B, “General Information for Louisville/Jefferson County Metro Government,” inasmuch as the Metro Government is neither the issuer of the Bonds nor an “obligated person” with respect to the Bonds and therefore annual information for the Metro Government is not required to be provided by the Rule. The Board reserves the right, however, to provide information on the Metro Government from time to time in the discretion of the Board. The Continuing Disclosure Certificate provides that the future provision by the Board of information on the Metro Government, for a particular year, does not imply that the Board will continue to provide the same information on an annual basis for any subsequent year (unless the Board affirmatively, in writing, undertakes to provide such information).

The Continuing Disclosure Certificate describes the accounting principles pursuant to which financial statements of the Board will be prepared.

The date by which the annual financial information and the audited financial statements for the preceding fiscal year will be provided is each March 1. The annual financial information will be provided to each Repository, to the extent, if any, described above.

The Continuing Disclosure Certificate also provides that all documents provided by the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board shall be accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate provides that the obligations of the Board will be terminated, effective immediately if and when the Board no longer remains an obligated person with respect to the Bonds. Among other possible reasons, the Continuing Disclosure Certificate provides the Board shall no longer be an obligated person with respect to the Bonds, if the Board terminates the Lease.

The Continuing Disclosure Certificate provides that any right to enforce it shall be limited to obtaining specific enforcement of the Board’s obligations thereunder. The Continuing Disclosure Certificate provides that failure by the Board to comply with it shall not be an event of default under the Bonds, or under the Lease or the Resolution (as defined in the Bonds).

The Continuing Disclosure Certificate provides that the Board from time to time may elect (but is not contractually bound) to provide other periodic reports or financial information, or notice of the occurrence of other events, in addition to those described in the Continuing Disclosure Certificate.

DEFINITIONS

Unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below for purposes of this Official Statement:

“Accountant” means a certified public accountant of recognized standing who is licensed in the Commonwealth or a firm of such certified public accountants.

“Act” means, collectively, [i] KRS Chapter 162, including Sections 162.120 to 162.290 and 162.385, [ii] Chapter 273, including Sections 273.161 to 273.390 and [iii] Chapter 58, including Sections 58.010 to 58.140 and 58.180, as amended or supplemented from time to time.

“Agent Member” shall mean a member of, or participant in, the Securities Depository.

“Appropriation” means an appropriation of money by the Kentucky General Assembly to of for the benefit of the Commission.

“Architect” means, with respect to a Project for which architectural services are to be provided, an architect of recognized standing who is licensed in the Commonwealth or a firm of such architects, who in either case are responsible for providing architectural services to the Issuer with respect to the Project.

“Basic Lease” means the Basic Lease dated August 1, 1989, between the Issuer, as lessor and the Board, as lessee, as amended or supplemented from time to time in accordance with its terms and the General Bond Resolution.

“Bond” or “Bonds” means any revenue bonds or notes or other obligations of the Issuer issued and secured pursuant to and under the General Bond Resolution.

“Bondholder” or “Holder” means any Person who is the registered owner of any Outstanding Bond or Bonds.

“Bond Year” means the Fiscal Year, unless otherwise provided pursuant to the General Bond Resolution with respect to a Series.

“Book-Entry Form” or “Book-Entry System” means, with respect to a Series of Bonds, a form or system, as applicable, under which (i) the ownership of beneficial interests in Bonds and bond service charges may be transferred only through a book entry and (ii) physical Bond certificates in fully registered form are registered only in the name of a Securities Depository or its nominee as Holder, with the physical Bond certificates in the custody of a Securities Depository.

“Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

“Commonwealth” means the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

“Costs of Issuance” means the costs of issuing a Series of Bonds, including, but not limited to, the fees, charges and expenses of all consultants, advisors, fiscal agents, financial advisors, underwriters, counsel and other professionals, the Depository Bank, the Paying Agent, any other Fiduciary, the rating agencies, any Credit Facility Issuer, and such other fees and expenses as are incident to the issuance and sale of securities or obligations.

“Credit Facility” means any letter of credit, line of credit, policy of bond insurance, standby bond purchase agreement, or other form of credit enhancement which is authorized pursuant to the General Bond Resolution.

“Credit Facility Issuer” means any Person issuing a Credit Facility.

“Debt Service” for any period means, as of any date of calculation and with respect to a Series of Bonds, an amount equal to the sum of [i] interest accruing during such period on Bonds of such Series or Notes issued in anticipation of the Bonds of such Series and [ii] that portion of each Principal Installment for such Series which would accrue during such period if such Principal Installment were deemed to accrue daily in equal amounts from the next preceding Principal Installment due date for such Series (or, if there shall be no such preceding Principal Installment due date, from the date of issuance of such Series of Bonds or Notes or a date one (1) year preceding the due date of such Principal Installment, whichever period is shorter). Such interest and Principal Installments for such Series shall be calculated on the assumption that no Bonds of such Series Outstanding at the date of calculation will cease to be Outstanding except by reason of the payment of each Principal Installment on the due date thereof, and such interest on such Notes shall be calculated on the assumption that all such Notes shall be retired upon the maturity date or dates thereof. The calculation of interest on Bonds bearing a variable rate of interest shall be made on the assumption that such Bonds bear interest at a fixed rate equal to the rate borne by such Bonds on the date of calculation.

“Depository Bank” means any bank or trust company selected by the Issuer pursuant to the General Bond Resolution as a depository of all or a portion of moneys and investments to be held under the provisions of the General Bond Resolution for a Series, and any successor or successors pursuant to the General Bond Resolution.

“Fiduciary” means, as applicable, any Depository Bank, any Paying Agent and any other bank, trust company or financial institution designated as paying agent for the Bonds or any Series thereof in the manner provided in the General Bond Resolution, and successors.

“Fiscal Year” means the period from each July 1 to and including the next succeeding June 30.

“Governmental Obligations” means [i] direct obligations of, or obligations the timely payment of the principal of and interest on which are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States of America and [ii] obligations evidencing ownership interests in any obligation described in [i] held by a custodian in safekeeping on behalf of the holders of such interests.

“Interest Payment Date” means any date on which interest on any Bond or Note shall be due and payable.

“Lease” means collectively, the Basic Lease and any supplement thereto or other lease or similar financing agreement permitted by law between the Issuer, as lessor, and the Board, as lessee, with respect to a Project or Projects or Series of Bonds or Notes, as amended or supplemented from time to time in accordance with its terms and the General Bond Resolution.

“Leased Premises” means the property, land and improvements with respect to the Projects being financed with the Bonds, that are leased by the Issuer to the Board pursuant to the Lease.

“Municipal Obligations” means noncallable obligations validly issued by or on behalf of a state or political subdivision thereof, the interest on which is excludable from gross income for purposes of federal income taxation and which are fully secured by a first lien on Governmental Obligations and rated AAA by Standard and Poor’s Corporation and Aaa by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc.

“Notes” means any bond anticipation notes issued by the Issuer in accordance with the General Bond Resolution.

“Operating Costs” means, as of any date, the operating expenses and all other expenses, if any, incurred by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Board in carrying out and administering the General Bond Resolution, including, without limitation, salaries, supplies, utilities, mailing, labor, materials, office rent, maintenance, furnishings, equipment, machinery and apparatus, insurance premiums, legal, accounting, management, interest and other financing costs, any other debt service on Subordinated Debt, consulting and banking services and expenses, the fees and expenses of the Fiduciaries and any Accountant, and including Costs of Issuance not paid from proceeds of Bonds.

“Opinion of Counsel” means an opinion signed by an attorney or firm of attorneys of nationally recognized standing in the law of municipal finance or in the law of the subject matter to be covered by the opinion, selected by the Issuer.

“Participation Agreement” means any participation agreement between the Issuer or the Board, as applicable, and the Commission with respect to a Project or Projects or Series of Bonds or Notes, as such participation agreement may be amended or supplemented from time to time in accordance with its terms and the General Bond Resolution.

“Paying Agent” means any paying agent and bond registrar for Bonds of any Series selected by the Issuer pursuant to the General Bond Resolution, and any successor pursuant to the General Bond Resolution.

“Person” means any natural person, corporation, business trusts, partnership, association, governmental agency, or other entity.

“Pledged Receipts” means and includes:

D. All payments received or to be received by the Issuer as rental payments under Leases or receipts under any Participation Agreement (provided that each Participation Agreement shall be security only for the Series of Bonds for which such Participation Agreement was entered into unless otherwise provided therein) relating to any Series of Bonds or Notes (including both timely and delinquent payments with late charges, if any); and

E. All Appropriations, if any, to the extent required by the terms of any such Appropriation to become part of the Pledged Receipts (provided that each such Appropriation

shall be security only for the Series of Bonds required by the terms of such Appropriation unless otherwise provided therein);

F. Any aid to or revenues or entitlements of the Issuer or the Board duly intercepted by the Commission in accordance with a Participation Agreement, to the extent permitted by law (provided that such intercepted amounts shall be security only for the Series of Bonds for which such Participation Agreement was entered into unless otherwise provided therein); and

G. All proceeds of the foregoing.

“Principal Installment” means, as of the date of calculation with respect to any Series, so long as any Bonds thereof are Outstanding, [i] the principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding of such Series due on a certain future date and the principal amount of the Term Bonds due on a certain future date payable only by reason of the maturity of such Term Bonds, or [ii] the Sinking Fund Installment due on a certain future date for Term Bonds of such Series or [iii] if such future dates coincide, the sum of such principal amount and of such Sinking Fund installment due on such future date.

“Principal Installment Date” means, for each Series of Bonds, any date on which a Principal Installment shall, upon maturity or by redemption, be due and payable.

“Project” means a project authorized to be financed under the Act and pursuant to the General Bond Resolution.

“Pro Rata Share” means, on the date of calculation, with respect to a Series of Bonds or Notes and any Project, a percentage set forth in the applicable Series Resolution.

“Qualified Obligations” means except as otherwise provided in a Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution or other action under and pursuant to the General Bond Resolution with respect to a Series of Bonds or Notes, all investments permitted by the law of the Commonwealth, including without limitation, any of the following, to the extent permitted by law, including but not limited to all regulations of the Commission, the State Department of Education and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, or their successors: [i] to the extent permitted by law, Governmental Obligations; [ii] to the extent permitted by law, any of the following obligations: mortgage-backed securities and participation certificates which are guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association; certificates of beneficial ownership issued by the Farmers Home Administration; participation certificates issued by the General Services Administration; obligations of the U.S. Maritime Administration the payment of which is guaranteed under Title XI; guaranteed participation certificates or guaranteed pool certificates of the Small Business Administration; transit bonds of the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority guaranteed by the federal government; debentures of the Federal Housing Administration; debt obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association (to the extent that such obligations are guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association) and of the Federal Home Loan Bank System, the Farm Credit Bank System (i.e. the Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, the Federal Land Banks and Banks for Cooperatives), and the Student Loan Marketing Association (including any debt obligations the principal of and interest on which are

fully secured by and payable from an irrevocable letter of credit issued by the Student Loan Market Association); [iii] to the extent permitted by law, interest-bearing time deposits, certificates of deposit or banker's acceptances (having maturities of not more than 365 days) of any bank, trust company or national banking association (including a Fiduciary), the short-term obligations of which are rated A-1 or higher by Standard & Poor's Corporation and MIG2 or higher by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; [iv] to the extent permitted by law, fixed income securities (including securities with variable rates of interest or no interest) other than those that do not have a fixed par value or whose terms do not promise a fixed dollar amount at maturity or upon redemption which are rated not less than A by Standard & Poor's Corporation and A by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; [v] to the extent permitted by law, commercial paper or finance company paper of an issuer which has an original maturity of not more than 365 days and is rated not less than A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation and MIG2 or VMIG2 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; [vi] money market funds rated Am or Am-G or higher by Standard and Poor's Corporation; and MIG2 or VMIG2 or higher by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; and [vii] to the extent permitted by law, repurchase agreements with any [1] institution with debt rated A or higher by Standard & Poor's Corporation and A or higher by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or commercial paper rated A-1 or higher by Standard & Poor's Corporation and MIG2 or VMIG2 or higher by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or [2] corporation or other entity that falls under the jurisdiction of the Bankruptcy Code, provided that [a] the term of the repurchase agreement is less than one (1) year or is due on demand, [b] the trustee or a third party acting solely as an agent for the trustee has possession of the collateral, [c] the market value of the collateral is maintained at acceptable levels (as determined by the rating agency), [d] failure to maintain such collateral at acceptable levels (as determined by the rating agency) will require the trustee (or a third party agent thereof) to liquidate such collateral immediately, [e] the collateral subject to the repurchase agreement must be either securities described above in clauses [i] or [iii], and [f] such collateral is free and clear of any third party lien or claim, or [3] financial institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation or any broker-dealer with "retail customers" which falls under the jurisdiction of the Securities Investors Protection Corporation (a "SIPC broker") provided that [a] the market value of the collateral is maintained at acceptable levels (as determined by the rating agency), [b] the trustee under the repurchase agreement or a third party acting solely as agent thereof has possession of the collateral, [c] such trustee for the collateral has a perfected first priority security interest therein, [d] such collateral is free and clear of third party liens and in the case of a SIPC broker, was not acquired by a SIPC broker pursuant to a repurchase agreement, and [e] failure to maintain the collateral at acceptable levels (as determined by the rating agency) will require such trustee (or third party agent thereof) to liquidate such collateral immediately.

"Rebate Fund" means, with respect to a Series of Bonds, a trust fund so designated, created and established with a Paying Agent or other Fiduciary for that Series, pursuant to the General Bond Resolution.

"Redemption Price" means, with respect to any Bond, the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the redemption date plus the applicable premium, if any, payable upon redemption thereof.

“Refunding Bonds” means any Bonds, whether issued in one or more Series, all or a portion of the proceeds of which are used to refund Bonds (or portions thereof) or obligations (or portions thereof) issued under resolutions, ordinances or trust instruments of any predecessor to the Issuer or any other issuer on behalf of the Board or as may otherwise be lawfully permitted.

“Securities Depository” means any securities depository that is a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code and a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act, operating and maintaining, with its participants or otherwise, a Book-Entry System to record ownership of beneficial interests in bonds and bond service charges, and to effect transfers of bonds in Book-Entry Form, and means, initially, The Depository Trust Company (a limited purpose trust company), New York, New York.

“Securities Depository Nominee” means any nominee of a Securities Depository and shall initially mean Cede & Co., New York, New York, as nominee of The Depository Trust Company.

“Security” means the security for the payment of Bonds and Notes issued under the General Bond Resolution and the performance by the Issuer of its obligations therein, as described under “Security” in the Official Statement.

“Series” means any series of Bonds or Notes designated as such and authorized to be issued by a Series Resolution or other action under and pursuant to the General Bond Resolution.

“Series Resolution” means any resolution of the Issuer authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, adopted by the Issuer in accordance with the General Bond Resolution.

“Sinking Fund Installment” means any payment required to be made by the Issuer with respect to the principal of any Term Bond.

“Subordinated Debt” means any obligations (including Bonds or Notes) of the Issuer issued under the General Bond Resolution pursuant to the terms of a Series Resolution or Supplemental Resolution or other action under and pursuant to the General Bond Resolution, which obligations are subordinated in security or right of payment or both to one or more Series of Bonds or Notes.

“Supplemental Lease” means any lease or similar financing agreement supplemental to or amendatory of the Basic Lease, entered into pursuant to the General Bond Resolution.

“Supplemental Participation Agreement” means any participation agreement supplemental to or amendatory of a Participation Agreement, entered into pursuant to the General Bond Resolution.

“Supplemental Resolution” means any resolution of the Issuer supplemental to or amendatory of the General Bond Resolution, adopted by the Issuer in accordance with the General Bond Resolution.

“Term Bonds” means the Bonds of a Series that shall be stated to mature on one date and that shall be subject to retirement by operation of Sinking Fund Installments.

APPENDIX F
FORM OF BOND COUNSEL OPINION

_____, 2023

Jefferson County School District
Finance Corporation
Van Hoose Education Center
3332 Newburg Road
Louisville, Kentucky 40218

Re: \$ _____
Jefferson County School District Finance Corporation
School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2023A

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as bond counsel in connection with the authorization, original issuance and delivery on the date hereof by the Jefferson County School District Finance Corporation (the “Issuer”), an agency and instrumentality of the Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky (the “Board of Education”), of the Issuer’s School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2023A (the “Bonds”).

The Bonds are issued under [i] the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the “Commonwealth”), including among others Chapters 162, 273 and 58 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as amended (collectively the “Act”), [ii] the General Bond Resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Issuer (the “Board”) on July 17, 1989, as amended (the “General Bond Resolution”), and [iii] the Series Resolution adopted by the Board on April 25, 2023 (the “Series Resolution”). The Bonds are dated on original issuance as of the date of delivery, and bear interest, mature as to principal, and are payable on such terms as are described in the Series Resolution and the General Bond Resolution.

The proceeds of the Bonds are to be used to pay the costs (to the extent not otherwise provided) of the acquisition, construction or renovation of school building projects as more particularly described in the Series Resolution.

Principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds, in common with and without priority over all other obligations issued and outstanding from time to time on a parity as to security and source of payment under the General Bond Resolution, are payable solely from and secured solely by amounts derived from the Debt Service Fund established under the General Bond Resolution, and the other security provided for in the General Bond Resolution including a lien and charge on the defined revenues pledged in the General Bond Resolution and a statutory mortgage lien on projects financed with bond proceeds, subject in each case to the limitations set forth in the General Bond Resolution. The Bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the Issuer or the Board of Education within the meaning of the debt limiting provisions of the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth.

As bond counsel we have examined such documents and matters and conducted such research as we deemed necessary to enable us to express the opinions set forth below. As to questions of fact material to the opinions set forth below, we have relied on statements and certifications of certain elected officials, directors, officers and employees of the Issuer and the Board of Education and other public officials. We have assumed the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, the legal capacity of natural persons and the conformity to the originals of all documents submitted to us as copies. We have also relied on the representations and warranties made in all such documents by all parties thereto.

Based on the foregoing, and in reliance thereon, and on the basis of our examination of such other matters of fact and questions of law as we have deemed relevant in the circumstances, it is our opinion that:

1. The issuance and sale of the Bonds have been duly authorized by the Issuer pursuant to the Act, the General Bond Resolution and the Series Resolution.

2. The Bonds are valid and binding special limited revenue obligations of the Issuer, and are enforceable in accordance with their terms and entitled to the benefit and security of the General Bond Resolution.

3. Under existing laws, regulations and judicial decisions and as of the date hereof, interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. The Bonds are exempt from ad valorem taxation, and the interest thereon is exempt from income taxation, by the Commonwealth and all of its political subdivisions and taxing authorities.

For the purpose of rendering our opinion in Paragraph 3 above, we have assumed compliance by the Issuer with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that must be met subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order that the interest thereon be and remain excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements could cause the interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The Issuer has covenanted in the General Bond Resolution to comply with such requirements.

Our opinion on the enforceability of the Bonds is subject to the qualification that such enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, reorganization, moratorium, insolvency or other laws relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights, and by the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with equitable principles.

We call your attention to the fact that the Bonds are a special limited revenue obligation of the Issuer, payable solely from the security described in the General Bond Resolution. The Bonds do not pledge the general credit or taxing power of the Board of Education or the Commonwealth or any political subdivision or taxing authority of the Commonwealth or the general credit of the Issuer. The Issuer has no taxing power.

We express no opinion on the laws of any jurisdiction other than the Commonwealth and the United States of America. Our opinion relates solely to the questions set out herein and does not consider other questions of law which may be presented by the facts outlined above. We do not express an opinion on the investment quality of the Bonds.

Very truly yours,

WYATT, TARRANT & COMBS, LLP

APPENDIX G
BOOK ENTRY SYSTEM

BOOK ENTRY SYSTEM

THE INFORMATION PROVIDED BELOW IN THIS APPENDIX G HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY DTC. NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE BY THE BOARD OR THE CORPORATION AS TO THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF SUCH INFORMATION PROVIDED BY DTC OR AS TO THE ABSENCE OF MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGES IN SUCH INFORMATION SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE HEREOF.

1. The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the securities (the “Bonds”). The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC’s partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued in the aggregate principal amount of each maturity of Bonds and will be deposited with DTC.

2. DTC, the world’s largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a “banking organization” within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 2.2 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC’s participants (“Direct Participants”) deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants’ accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (“DTCC”). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, (NSCC, FICC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, and trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (“Indirect Participants”). DTC has Standard & Poor’s highest rating: AAA. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

3. Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC’s records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond (“Beneficial Owner”) is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants’ records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive

written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

4. To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

5. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the security documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Bond Registrar and request that copies of the notices be provided directly to them.

6. Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

7. Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor such other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

8. Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from Issuer or Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street

name,” and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC (nor its nominee), Agent, or Issuer, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of Issuer or Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

9. DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to Issuer or Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered to DTC.

10. Issuer may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

11. The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC’s book-entry system has been obtained from sources that Issuer believes to be reliable, but Issuer takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Neither the Issuer nor the Bond Registrar shall have any responsibility or obligation to participants or to any beneficial owner with respect to (i) the accuracy of any records maintained by DTC or any participant; (ii) the payment by DTC or any participant of any amount with respect to the principal of or interest or compound accreted value on the Bonds; (iii) the delivery or timeliness of delivery by any participant or any notice to any beneficial owner which is required or permitted under the terms of the resolution or ordinance to be given to Bondholders; or (iv) any consent given or action taken by DTC or Cede & Co., as bondholder.

101111799.2

NOTICE OF BOND SALE

\$64,900,000* Jefferson County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation
School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2023A

Jefferson County School District Finance Corporation (the “Issuer”), an agency and instrumentality of the Jefferson County Board of Education (the “Board”), will receive electronic or sealed written bids, all or none, until 11:00 a.m., Eastern Time, on May 10, 2023 (or such later time and date announced at least twenty-four hours in advance via the Bloomberg Financial News Wire or the PARITY® electronic bidding system) for the purchase of \$64,900,000* principal amount of the Issuer’s School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2023A (the “Bonds”). Written sealed bids for the Bonds on the Official Bid Form will be received at the office of the School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601. Electronic bids must be submitted through the PARITY® electronic bidding system as described in the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale and this Notice of Bond Sale, the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale and this Notice of Bond Sale shall prevail.

Additional information, including the Preliminary Official Statement, Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale, and the Official Bid Form may be obtained from the Issuer’s Fiscal Agency Group, Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated, 500 W. Jefferson Street, Suite 2600, Louisville, Kentucky 40202, telephone number (502) 588-8462, <http://www.rwbaird.com/public-finance/Baird-Forward-Competitive-Calendar>, or RSA Advisors, LLC, 325 W. Main Street, Suite 300, Lexington, Kentucky 40507, telephone number (859) 977-6600, www.rsamuni.com. Further information regarding PARITY® may be obtained from IPREO LLC at 1359 Broadway, 2nd Floor, New York, New York 10018, Telephone: (212) 849-5021.

Reference should be made to the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale and the Preliminary Official Statement for the Bonds for details and bidding conditions. The Bonds will be sold on a tax-exempt basis, subject to the approving legal opinion of Wyatt, Tarrant & Combs, LLP, bond counsel. The right to adjust the principal amount as described in the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale, to reject bids, or to waive informality, is reserved. Delivery on or prior to June 1, 2023, is anticipated.

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
FINANCE CORPORATION

By: /s/ J. Cordelia Hardin

Title: Treasurer

*Preliminary, subject to change as provided in the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale.

OFFICIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF BOND SALE

\$64,900,000*

Jefferson County School District Finance Corporation
School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2023A

Date and Time of Sale: 11:00 a.m., Eastern Time, May 10, 2023

As advertised through the PARITY[®] electronic bidding system, Jefferson County School District Finance Corporation (the “Corporation”), an agency and instrumentality of the Board of Education of Jefferson County, Kentucky (the “Board”) will, until 11:00 a.m., Eastern Time, on May 10, 2023 (or at such later time and date announced at least twenty-four hours in advance via the Bloomberg Financial News Wire or the PARITY[®] system), receive electronic bids and sealed written competitive bids for the purchase of “Jefferson County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2023A,” dated as of the date of issuance (the “Bonds”).

The Bonds shall be fully registered bonds in the denomination of \$5,000 each or integral multiples thereof, maturing, or subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption as described in the Preliminary Official Statement for the Bonds and below under “SPECIAL BIDDERS’ OPTION,” on May 1 of the following years and in the following principal amounts, subject to prior optional redemption as described in the Preliminary Official Statement:

Preliminary Schedule of Maturities and Principal Amounts
Series 2023A Bonds

| <u>Year</u> <u>(May 1)</u> | <u>Principal</u> <u>Amount*</u> |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | \$ |
| 2024 | 1,965,000 |
| 2025 | 1,930,000 |
| 2026 | 1,995,000 |
| 2027 | 2,055,000 |
| 2028 | 2,125,000 |
| 2029 | 2,190,000 |
| 2030 | 2,265,000 |
| 2031 | 2,340,000 |
| 2032 | 2,415,000 |
| 2033 | 5,065,000 |
| 2034 | 5,200,000 |
| 2035 | 7,445,000 |
| 2036 | 7,715,000 |
| 2037 | 8,005,000 |
| 2038 | 4,425,000 |
| 2039 | 4,610,000 |

* Preliminary, subject to change as provided in these Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale.

| | |
|------|---------|
| 2040 | 740,000 |
| 2041 | 770,000 |
| 2042 | 805,000 |
| 2043 | 840,000 |

BID REQUIREMENTS

Only electronic bids submitted via PARITY® will be accepted. No other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® electronic bidding system is required in order to submit a bid. The Issuer will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of this Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale, this Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale shall prevail. Electronic bids made through PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by a signed, sealed bid delivered to the Issuer. The Issuer shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, Telephone: (212) 849-5021.

In the event of a system malfunction in the electronic bidding process or at the sole discretion of a bidder, an Official Bid Form may be sent prior to the appointed deadline (the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time) to the attention of the School Facilities Construction Commission via facsimile (888) 979-6152. Bidders may attempt to confirm actual receipt of a facsimile bid by telephone prior to the appointed time bids are due by calling the School Facilities Construction Commission (502-564-5582). However, if a bid is sent via facsimile, then it is the sole responsibility of the bidder to assure that any bid is submitted and received by the Corporation prior to the appointed time. The Corporation and its officers and employees, the Fiscal Agency Group and Bond Counsel assume no responsibility for assuring that such submitted via facsimile are received by the appointed hour.

Written sealed bids should be submitted in a sealed envelope marked "Bid for Bonds" to the School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601. A written bid must be submitted on the Official Bid Form included with the Preliminary Official Statement.

No certified or bank cashier's check will be required to accompany a bid, but the successful bidder for the Bonds shall be required to wire transfer, by the close of business on May 10, 2023 to Truist Bank, formerly named Branch Banking & Trust Company, for the credit of the Issuer, an amount equal to two percent (2%) of the final adjusted par amount of the Bonds to secure the faithful performance of the terms of the bid. Such amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price of the Bonds. If the successful bidder should fail to accept and pay for the Bonds when tendered for delivery and payment, such amount will be retained by the Corporation as agreed liquidated damages.

Bidders are required to bid a cash price of not more than 110% of the final aggregate principal amount of the 2023A Bonds to be issued. Bidders shall specify the rate or rates of interest to be borne by the Bonds, which shall be in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1% with no rate to exceed 5.00%. No bid will be accepted for the purchase of less than all of the Bonds. Upon delivery of the Bonds, payment of the amount due must be made by the purchaser in funds payable to the order of and immediately available to the Corporation. All of the Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same single interest rate from the date of the Bonds to the date of their final maturity or redemption.

If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of the competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public as of the Sale Date for each Maturity of the Bonds, which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of the competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to this Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale, agrees in writing it will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such certification, such as a copy of the pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that it will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

(a) “*Holding Period*” means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.

(b) “*Maturity*” means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

(c) “*Public*” means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term “related party” for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(d) “*Sale Date*” means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is May 10, 2023.

(e) “*Underwriter*” means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

SPECIAL BIDDERS’ OPTION

Bidders have the option of specifying that all the Bonds maturing in any two or more consecutive years as given in the above schedule (as the principal amounts thereof may be adjusted in accordance herewith) may, in lieu of maturing in each of such years, be combined to comprise one or more maturities of Bonds (“Term Bonds”) scheduled to mature in the latest of such years and be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at par in each of the years and in the principal amounts determined in accordance herewith, except for the principal amount of Term Bonds scheduled in the year of maturity of the Term Bonds, which principal amount shall mature in that year. Bidders may specify one or more of such Term Bonds.

AWARD OF THE BONDS

The Bonds are expected to be awarded to the bidder offering to purchase the Bonds at the lowest true interest cost to the Corporation based on the Preliminary Schedule of Maturities and Principal Amounts described above and the respective interest rates stipulated in the bids submitted. For the purpose only of determining the interest cost for Term Bonds, if any, specified by bidders, such Bonds will be deemed to mature on May 1, in each of the years as set forth in the schedule of principal amounts contained herein. Bids will be opened by the Treasurer of the Board on behalf of the Corporation at the time stated above and will be referred to and acted on by the Finance Committee or the Board of Directors of the Corporation on the same date following the opening, tabulation, and verification of the bids received. The decision of the Corporation as to the award of the Bonds will be final.

The Corporation reserves the right, within its sole discretion, to increase in authorized denominations, the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds as a whole by up to ten percent (10%); to decrease, in authorized denominations, the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds as a whole in any such amount that is deemed to be in the interest of the Corporation; and to increase or decrease the principal amount of any such Bonds due at maturity or by reason of mandatory sinking fund redemption on any one or more dates by up to twenty percent (20%), or such other amount that is deemed to be in the interest of the Corporation, so as to provide the Corporation with funds not greater, nor less, within desired denominations, to complete the projects to be financed and pay issuance costs while maintaining projected or estimated debt service as nearly as is practicable. In the event of any such adjustments and/or revisions with respect to the Bonds, no rebidding will be permitted, and the Underwriter’s Discount on the Bonds as submitted by the successful bidder shall be held constant. The Underwriter’s Discount shall be defined as the difference between the purchase price of the Bonds submitted by the bidder and the price at which the Bonds will be issued to the public, calculated from information provided by the bidder, divided by the par amount of the Bonds bid.

THE RIGHT IS RESERVED TO REJECT ANY AND ALL BIDS OR TO WAIVE IRREGULARITIES IN ANY BID.

As conditions to the award of the Bonds, the successful bidder must agree [i] to supply the names and tax identification numbers of the registered owners of the Bonds to be delivered and the denomination of each such Bond (in the authorized denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof), not later than seven (7) days prior to the date of delivery, by written direction to Truist Bank, as the Registrar and Paying Agent for the Bonds, and [ii] to certify to the Corporation at the time of the initial issuance of the Bonds the initial offering or reoffering prices of the Bonds to the public (excluding bond houses, brokers, and other intermediaries) at which prices a substantial amount of each maturity of the Bonds has been sold and to acknowledge that the Corporation will rely on such certification in making its certification with respect to, and otherwise complying with, the arbitrage provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

CUSIP NUMBERS

It is anticipated that CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on each of the Bonds, but neither the failure to print such numbers on any Bond nor any error with respect thereto shall constitute cause for failure or refusal by the purchaser thereof to accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds in accordance with the terms of its bid. No CUSIP identification number shall be deemed to be a part of any Bond or a part of the contract evidenced thereby and no liability shall hereafter attach to the Corporation or the Board or any of their respective officers or agents because of or on account of such numbers. All expenses in relation to the printing of CUSIP identification numbers on the Bonds shall be paid for by the Corporation; provided that the CUSIP Service Bureau charge for the assignment of the numbers shall be the responsibility of and shall be paid for by the purchaser.

DELIVERY

Absent any failure of performance by the successful bidder, delivery of the Bonds is expected to be made in Louisville, Kentucky, on or about June 1, 2023.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist bidders in complying with the requirements of subsection (5) of section (b) of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Rule”), the Board intends, for the benefit of the respective holders of the Bonds, to execute a Continuing Disclosure Certificate dated as of the date of original issuance of the Bonds (the “Continuing Disclosure Certificate”), setting forth the undertaking of the Board to provide certain annual reports and notices of certain events. A description of this undertaking, including certain limitations thereon, is set forth in the Preliminary Official Statement and will also be set forth in the final Official Statement.

The successful bidder’s obligation to take up and pay for the Bonds shall be conditioned on its receiving, at or prior to the delivery of the Bonds, an executed copy of the Continuing Disclosure Certificate.

BOND INSURANCE

If the successful bidder for the Bonds desires to purchase a municipal bond insurance policy insuring payment of all or a portion of the debt service payable on the Bonds, the Board will cooperate with the successful bidder in obtaining such insurance, but the successful bidder will be responsible for all costs, expenses and charges associated with the issuance of such insurance, including, but not limited to, the premium for the insurance policy and any taxes related thereto, and excluding only the fees of Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services.

LEGAL OPINIONS AND CLOSING DOCUMENTS

The approving legal opinion of Wyatt, Tarrant & Combs, LLP, Louisville, Kentucky, Bond Counsel, will be furnished without cost to the purchaser of the Bonds and will be printed on each Bond. Such opinion will state that, under existing law and as of the date of issuance of the Bonds, interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. The proposed form of the opinion of Bond Counsel is set forth in the Preliminary Official Statement.

In addition to the Continuing Disclosure Certificate described above under "Continuing Disclosure," there will also be furnished the usual closing documents, including a certificate, dated the date of delivery of the Bonds, stating that there is no litigation pending or, to the knowledge of the signer of such certificate, threatened affecting the validity of the Bonds.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Reference is hereby made to the Preliminary Official Statement for a further description of the Bonds, the Corporation, and the Board. The Preliminary Official Statement may be obtained at <http://www.rwbaird.com/public-finance/Baird-Forward-Competitive-Calendar> or www.rsamuni.com.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Preliminary Official Statement respecting the Bonds may be obtained from Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated, 500 W Jefferson Street, Suite 2600, Louisville, Kentucky 40202, telephone number (502) 588-8462, <http://www.rwbaird.com/public-finance/Baird-Forward-Competitive-Calendar>, or RSA LLC, 325 W. Main Street, Suite 300, Lexington, Kentucky 40507, telephone number (859) 977-6600, www.rsamuni.com.

The Corporation deems its Preliminary Official Statement relating to the Bonds to be an official statement that is final as of its date, except for the omission of no more than the following information relating to the Bonds: the offering prices, interest rates, selling compensation, principal amount per maturity, delivery date, any other terms or provisions to be determined by competitive bidding, ratings, other terms depending on such matters, and the identity of the underwriters. The Preliminary Official Statement is subject to revision and completion in a final Official Statement.

A reasonable number of copies of a final Official Statement relating to the Bonds will be provided without cost to the successful bidder for the Bonds, within seven (7) business days of the award of the Bonds, such copies to be in sufficient quantity for the successful bidder to comply with Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the rules of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, provided that the successful bidder cooperates in providing information required to complete the final Official Statement.

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
FINANCE CORPORATION

By: /s/ Dr. Martin Pollio

Title: President

OFFICIAL BID FORM

May ____, 2023

Jefferson County (Kentucky) School District
Finance Corporation
c/o Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission
700 Louisville Road, Carriage House
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

To whom it may concern:

We have examined the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale and the Preliminary Official Statement relating to the \$64,900,000* School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2023A (the "Bonds") of Jefferson County School District Finance Corporation (the "Issuer"). By our submission of this bid we evidence our agreement to the terms and conditions of the sale of the Bonds as provided in the above-mentioned documents.

We hereby offer to purchase the entire aggregate principal amount of the Bonds to be issued and will pay you therefor a price equal to \$_____, which is equal to _____% (may not be more than \$_____, or 110%, of the principal amount) on condition that the interest rates established and made applicable to the Bonds are as follows (each rate specified must be in a multiple of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1% with no rate to exceed 5.00%):

[reminder of page left blank]

*Preliminary, subject to adjustment as provided in the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale.

| <u>Year</u> <u>(May 1)*</u> | <u>Preliminary</u> <u>Principal</u> <u>Amount*</u> | <u>Interest</u> <u>Rate</u> |
|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| 2024 | \$ 1,965,000 | _____ % |
| 2025 | 1,930,000 | _____ % |
| 2026 | 1,995,000 | _____ % |
| 2027 | 2,055,000 | _____ % |
| 2028 | 2,125,000 | _____ % |
| 2029 | 2,190,000 | _____ % |
| 2030 | 2,265,000 | _____ % |
| 2031 | 2,340,000 | _____ % |
| 2032 | 2,415,000 | _____ % |
| 2033 | 5,065,000 | _____ % |
| 2034 | 5,200,000 | _____ % |
| 2035 | 7,445,000 | _____ % |
| 2036 | 7,715,000 | _____ % |
| 2037 | 8,005,000 | _____ % |
| 2038 | 4,425,000 | _____ % |
| 2039 | 4,610,000 | _____ % |
| 2040 | 740,000 | _____ % |
| 2041 | 770,000 | _____ % |
| 2042 | 805,000 | _____ % |
| 2043 | 840,000 | _____ % |

*Preliminary, subject to adjustment as provided in the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale.

SPECIAL BIDDER’S OPTION: The undersigned hereby elects to specify that all the 2023A Bonds stated to be due in the following two or more consecutive years (as the principal amounts thereof may be adjusted in accordance herewith) shall be combined to comprise the maturities of Term Bonds indicated below:

Principal Amounts Due

| <u>Serial Maturities</u> | <u>Term Maturity</u> |
|--------------------------|----------------------|
| 20__ through 20__ | 20__ |
| 20__ through 20__ | 20__ |
| 20__ through 20__ | 20__ |

In accordance with the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale we agree that, if we are the successful bidder for the Bonds, we will wire transfer, by the close of business on May 10, 2023, to Truist Bank for the credit of the Issuer, an amount equal to two percent (2%) of the final adjusted par amount of the Bonds in accordance with the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale. We understand that such amount shall be applied to the purchase price of the Bonds and no interest will be allowed thereon. If the undersigned should fail to accept and pay for the Bonds when tendered for delivery, such amount will be retained by the Issuer as agreed liquidated damages.

If this bid is accepted and the Bonds are awarded to us, we agree [i] to supply the names and tax identification numbers of the registered owners of the Bonds to be delivered, and the denomination of each such Bond (\$5,000 or any whole multiple of \$5,000), not later than seven (7) days prior to the date of delivery, by written direction to Truist Bank, as Registrar and Paying Agent for the Bonds and [ii] to certify to the Issuer at the time of the initial issuance of the Bonds the initial offering or reoffering prices of the Bonds to the public (excluding bond houses, brokers, and other intermediaries) at which prices a substantial amount of each maturity of the Bonds has been sold and to acknowledge that the Issuer will rely on such certification in making its certification at closing with respect to, and otherwise complying with, the arbitrage provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. This bid is made with the understanding that the Issuer will notify the successful bidder of any increases or decreases in the principal amounts of the Bonds in the aggregate, or in the amounts of the Bonds maturing or subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on any one or more dates, pursuant to the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale, not later than four (4) hours after the bid opening.

The above is our purchase offer. We submit our own computations thereof only for your information and convenience:

- | | | |
|-----|--|----------|
| [a] | Total interest cost at stipulated rates from date of Bonds to final maturity | \$ _____ |
| [b] | Less any premium bid or plus any discount bid | \$ _____ |
| [c] | True interest cost | \$ _____ |
| [d] | Average interest rate or cost (i.e., TIC) | _____ % |

Respectfully submitted,

Authorized Signature

Name of Bidder or Representative
of Bidding Syndicate

Address

