

**DATED OCTOBER 9, 2023**

**NEW ISSUE**

**Electronic Bidding via Parity®  
Bank Interest Deduction Eligible  
BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM**

**RATING**

**Moody's: " "**

*In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law (i) interest on the Bonds will be excludable from gross income of the holders thereof for purposes of federal taxation and (ii) interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax; however, with respect to certain corporations, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. All subject to the qualifications described herein under the heading "Tax Exemption." The Bonds and interest thereon are exempt from income taxation and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and political subdivisions thereof (see "Tax Exemption" herein)*

**\$500,000  
LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION  
SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE BONDS,  
SECOND SERIES OF 2023**

**Dated with Delivery: NOVEMBER 7, 2023**

**Due: as shown below**

Interest on the Bonds is payable each May 1 and November 1, beginning May 1, 2024. The Bonds will mature as to principal on November 1, 2024, and thereafter as shown below. The Bonds are being issued in Book-Entry-Only Form and will be available for purchase in principal amounts of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Maturing		Interest	Reoffering	Maturing		Interest	Reoffering
1-Nov	Amount*	Rate	Yield	1-Nov	Amount*	Rate	Yield
2024	\$17,000	%	%	2034	\$25,000	%	%
2025	\$18,000	%	%	2035	\$26,000	%	%
2026	\$18,000	%	%	2036	\$27,000	%	%
2027	\$19,000	%	%	2037	\$29,000	%	%
2028	\$20,000	%	%	2038	\$30,000	%	%
2029	\$21,000	%	%	2039	\$31,000	%	%
2030	\$22,000	%	%	2040	\$32,000	%	%
2031	\$22,000	%	%	2041	\$34,000	%	%
2032	\$23,000	%	%	2042	\$35,000	%	%
2033	\$24,000	%	%	2043	\$27,000	%	%

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity as described herein.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right to call, upon thirty (30) days notice, the Bonds in whole or in part on any date for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds constitute a limited indebtedness of the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation and are payable from and secured by a pledge of the gross income and revenues derived by leasing the Project (as hereinafter defined) on an annual renewable basis to the Lincoln County Board of Education.

The Lincoln County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation will until October 17, 2023, at 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T., receive competitive bids for the Bonds at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

**\*As set forth in the "Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale," the principal amount of Bonds sold to the successful bidder is subject to a Permitted Adjustment by increasing or decreasing the amount not to exceed \$50,000.**

**PURCHASER'S OPTION:** The Purchaser of the Bonds, within 24 hours of the sale, may specify to the Municipal Advisor that any Bonds may be combined immediately succeeding sequential maturities into a Term Bond(s), bearing a single rate of interest, with the maturities set forth above (or as may be adjusted as provided herein) being subject to mandatory redemption in such maturities for such Term Bond(s).

The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM administered by The Depository Trust Company.

The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for certain information on the cover page hereof which has been omitted in accordance with such Rule and which will be supplied with the final Official Statement.

This Preliminary Official Statement and the information contained herein are subject to completion or amendment. Under no circumstances shall this Preliminary Official Statement constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sales of these Bonds in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the laws of any such jurisdiction.



**LINCOLN COUNTY  
BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Etta Meek, Chairperson  
Christine Killen, Member  
Marvin Wilson, Member  
Jennifer Broadbent, Member  
Gloria Snead, Member

Bruce Smith, Superintendent  
Colleen Benson, Secretary

**LINCOLN COUNTY (KENTUCKY) SCHOOL DISTRICT  
FINANCE CORPORATION**

Etta Meek, President  
Christine Killen, Member  
Marvin Wilson, Member  
Jennifer Broadbent, Member  
Gloria Snead, Member

Colleen Benson, Secretary  
Lee Ann Smith, Treasurer

**BOND COUNSEL**

Step toe & Johnson PLLC  
Louisville, Kentucky

**MUNICIPAL ADVISOR**

RSA Advisors, LLC  
Lexington, Kentucky

**PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR**

U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association  
Louisville, Kentucky

**BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM**

## REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement does not constitute an offering of any security other than the original offering of the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Second Series of 2023, identified on the cover page hereof. No person has been authorized by the Corporation or the Board to give any information or to make any representation other than that contained in the Official Statement, and if given or made such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been given or authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, and there shall not be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation or the Board since the date hereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state or other governmental entity or agency, except the Corporation will pass upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement or approve the Bonds for sale.

The Official Statement includes the front cover page immediately preceding this page and all Appendices hereto.

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**OFFICIAL STATEMENT  
Relating to the Issuance of**

**\$500,000\***

**LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION  
SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE BONDS,  
SECOND SERIES OF 2023**

*\*Subject to Permitted Adjustment*

**INTRODUCTION**

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page and Appendices hereto, is to set forth certain information pertaining to the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") School Building Revenue Bonds, Second Series of 2023 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are being issued to finance improvements at Lincoln County High School (the "Project").

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds will be secured by a lien and a pledge of the rental income derived by the Corporation from leasing the school building Projects (as hereinafter defined) to the Lincoln County Board of Education (the "Board") on a year to year basis (see "Security" herein).

All financial and other information presented in this Official Statement has been provided by the Lincoln County Board of Education from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. The presentation of financial and other information is not intended, unless specifically stated, to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the Board. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety, and no one subject discussed should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its location in the text. Reference should be made to laws, reports or other documents referred to in this Official Statement for more complete information regarding their contents.

Copies of the Bond Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and the Lease Agreement, dated November 7, 2023, may be obtained at the office of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, 700 N. Hurstbourne Parkway, Suite 115, Louisville, Kentucky 40222.

**BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM**

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

The following information about the Book-Entry only system applicable to the Bonds has been supplied by DTC. Neither the Corporation nor the Paying Agent and Registrar makes any representations, warranties or guarantees with respect to its accuracy or completeness.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry

transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, (NSCC, GSCC, MBSCC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at [www.dtcc.com](http://www.dtcc.com).

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Paying Agent and Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name" and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or its nominee, the Paying Agent and Registrar or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's Book-Entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation believes to be reliable but the Corporation takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

## **THE CORPORATION**

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board. Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Board herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

Any bonds, notes or other indebtedness issued or contracted by the Corporation shall, prior to the issuance or incurrence thereon, be specifically approved by the Board. The members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation are the members of the Board. Their terms expire when they cease to hold the office and any successor members of the Board are automatically members of the Corporation upon assuming their public offices.

## **KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION**

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission") is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of KRS Sections 157.611 through 157.640, as amended, repealed and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, the Regulations of the Kentucky Board of Education and the Commission, the Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for participation from the Commission in meeting the costs of construction of the Projects and has entered into a Participation Agreement with the Board whereunder the Commission agrees to pay an annual Agreed Participation equal to approximately \$37,950 to be applied to the annual debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified each year until their retirement; provided, however, that the contractual commitment of the Commission to pay the annual Agreed Participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2024; the right is reserved in the Commission to terminate its commitment to pay the Agreed Participation after the initial biennial period and every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the Agreed Participation shall be automatically renewed each two years for a period of two years unless the Commission shall give notice of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium; however, by the execution of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has expressed its present intention to continue to pay the Agreed Participation in each successive biennial budget period through November 1, 2043, but such execution does not obligate the Commission to do so.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$125,216,700 in FY 2022-23 and \$126,719,600 in FY 2023-2024 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues; \$58,000,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium. It authorizes \$85,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2026.

The 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2020 and 2022 regular sessions of the Kentucky General Assembly appropriated funds to be used for debt service of participating school districts. The appropriations for each biennium are shown in the following table:

<u>Biennium</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>
1986-88	\$18,223,200
1988-90	14,050,700
1990-92	13,542,800
1992-94	3,075,300
1994-96	2,800,000
1996-98	4,996,000
1998-00	12,141,500
2000-02	8,100,000
2002-04	9,500,000
2004-06	14,000,000
2006-08	9,000,000
2008-10	10,968,000
2010-12	12,656,200
2012-14	8,469,200
2014-16	8,764,000
2016-18	23,019,400
2018-20	7,608,000
2020-22	2,946,900
2022-24	<u>5,305,300</u>
Total	\$189,166,500

In addition to the appropriations for new financings as shown, appropriations subsequent to that for 1986 included additional funds to continue to meet the annual debt requirements for all bond issues involving Commission participation issued in prior years.

#### **BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2024**

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

The General Assembly adopted a budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2024 which was approved and signed recently by the Governor. Such budget became effective July 1, 2022.

The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at [www.osbd.ky.gov](http://www.osbd.ky.gov).

#### **OUTSTANDING BONDS**

The following table shows the outstanding Bonds of the Board by the original principal amount of each issue, the current principal outstanding, the amount of the original principal scheduled to be paid with the corresponding interest thereon by the Board or the School Facilities Construction Commission, the approximate interest range; and, the final maturity date of the Bonds:



<b>Bond Series</b>	<b>Original Principal</b>	<b>Current Principal Outstanding</b>	<b>Principal Assigned to Board</b>	<b>Principal Assigned to Commission</b>	<b>Approximate Interest Rate Range</b>	<b>Final Maturity</b>
2012-REF	\$6,820,000	\$2,555,000	\$5,818,857	\$1,001,143	2.250% - 2.375%	2025
2014-REF Energy	\$5,385,000	\$3,825,000	\$5,818,857	\$0	2.750% - 3.625%	2030
2015-REF	\$6,745,000	\$5,350,000	\$4,322,628	\$2,422,372	2.250% - 3.000%	2030
2019	\$740,000	\$635,000	\$200,000	\$540,000	2.500% - 2.750%	2039
2021-REF	\$2,040,000	\$1,940,000	\$2,040,000	\$0	1.000% - 1.800%	2032
2022	\$615,000	\$590,000	\$0	\$615,000	1.250% - 3.000%	2042
2023	\$2,400,000	\$2,400,000	\$2,400,000	\$0	3.250% - 4.250%	2043
<b>TOTALS:</b>	<b>\$24,745,000</b>	<b>\$17,295,000</b>	<b>\$20,600,342</b>	<b>\$4,578,515</b>		

## **AUTHORITY**

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has adopted a Bond Resolution which authorized among other things:

- i) the issuance of approximately \$500,000 of Bonds subject to a permitted adjustment of \$50,000;
- ii) the advertisement for the public sale of the Bonds;
- iii) the Official Terms and Conditions for the sale of the Bonds to the successful bidder; and,
- iv) the President and Secretary of the Corporation to execute certain documents relative to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

## **THE BONDS**

### **General**

The Bonds will be dated November 7, 2023, will bear interest from that date as described herein, payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing May 1, 2024, and will mature as to principal on November 1, 2024, and thereafter in the years and in the principal amounts as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement.

### **Registration, Payment and Transfer**

The Bonds are to be issued in fully-registered form (both principal and interest). U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co., as the nominee of The Depository Trust Company. Please see Book-Entry-Only-System. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, beginning May 1, 2024 (Record Date is 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

### **Redemption**

The Bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2032, are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after November 1, 2031, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Redemption Date	Redemption Price
November 1, 2031, and thereafter	100%

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

## SECURITY

### General

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds are payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues derived from the leasing of the school building Projects financed from the Bond proceeds from the Corporation to the Board. The Bonds are secured by a pledge of revenue on and from the school building Projects; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with a similar lien and pledge securing the Corporation’s School Building Revenue Bonds previously issued to finance or refinance the school building(s) which constitute the school building Project (the “Parity Bonds”).

### The Lease; Pledge of Rental Revenues

The Board has leased the school building Project securing the Bonds for an initial period from November 7, 2023, through June 30, 2024, with the option in the Board to renew said Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rental due under the Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Bonds as same become due. The Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the Lease until November 1, 2043, the final maturity date of the Bonds. Under the lease, the Corporation has pledged the rental revenue to the payment of the Bonds.

## COMMISSION'S PARTICIPATION

The Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for annual participation equal to approximately \$37,950 from the Commission's appropriation by the Kentucky General Assembly which will be used to meet all of the debt service of the Bonds. The plan for financing the Project will require the Commission to pay 100% of the debt service of the Bonds.

The Participation Agreement to be entered into with the Board will be limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2024. The right is reserved in the Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the agreed participation every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the agreed participation shall be automatically renewed each two years thereafter unless the Commission gives notice to the Board of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium. However, the Commission has expressed its intention to continue to pay the agreed participation in successive biennial budget periods through November 1, 2043, but the Commission is not required to do so.

## STATE INTERCEPT

Under the terms of the Lease and any renewal thereof, so long as the Bonds remain outstanding and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 157.627(5) and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the Lease and Participation Agreement to the Corporation and the Commission the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

## **THE PROJECT**

After payment of the Bond issuance costs, the Board plans to deposit the net Bond proceeds to finance improvements to Lincoln County High School (the "Project").

The Board has reported construction bids have been let for the Project and award of the construction contract is expected prior to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

Contractors for the Project are required to furnish to the Board a one hundred percent completion bond to assure their performance of the construction contract.

## **ADDITIONAL PARITY BONDS**

The Corporation has reserved the right and privilege of issuing additional bonds from time to time payable from the income and revenues of said lands and school building Project and secured by a statutory mortgage lien and pledge of revenues, but only if and to the extent the issuance of such additional parity bonds are in accordance with plans and specifications approved by the Board, Commissioner of Education, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Corporation and a Lease shall be entered into whereunder the annual rental payments during the life of such additional bonds shall be increased by the amount of the annual principal and interest requirements of such additional bonds.

## **KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SUPERVISION**

Kentucky statutes, and the regulations of the Kentucky Department of Education ("KDE") issued thereunder, generally require that a local school district submit to KDE for its prior approval the district's plans for the funding, financing, design, construction, renovation, and modification of school facilities. House Bill 678 of the 2022 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly (2022 Ky. Acts, Ch. 185, hereinafter referred to as "HB 678"), enacted and effective April 8, 2022, eliminates until June 30, 2024 this requirement of prior approval for local school districts which elect by resolution to proceed without such prior approval and which so notify the Department. The District has adopted such a resolution and has so notified KDE.

Notwithstanding HB 679, KDE's supervision of local school districts continues to apply other areas of local school finance, including supervision of general operations such as the examination of business methods and accounts of a school district, requirements of prompt, detailed reports of receipts and expenditures and the annual approval of the district's operating budget. All local school boards which have entered into contracts for the issuance of bonds must maintain insurance protection in an amount equal to the full insurable value of the buildings financed by the bonds. This State Department of Education supervision and control is believed to be a major contribution toward the maintenance of Kentucky's perfect record of no defaults in payment of its revenue bonds for school purposes.

**ESTIMATED BOND DEBT SERVICE**

The following table shows by fiscal year the current bond payments of the Board. The plan of financing provides for the Board to meet 0% of the debt service of the Bonds.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Current Local Bond Payments	----- Series 2023B Bonds----- (100% SFCC)			Total Restricted Fund Bond Payments
		Principal Portion	Interest Portion	Total Payment	
2024	\$1,640,092		\$10,065	\$10,065	\$1,640,092
2025	\$1,635,383	\$17,000	\$20,484	\$37,484	\$1,635,383
2026	\$1,639,295	\$18,000	\$19,784	\$37,784	\$1,639,295
2027	\$1,603,187	\$18,000	\$19,064	\$37,064	\$1,603,187
2028	\$1,605,096	\$19,000	\$18,324	\$37,324	\$1,605,096
2029	\$1,616,476	\$20,000	\$17,544	\$37,544	\$1,616,476
2030	\$1,600,757	\$21,000	\$16,724	\$37,724	\$1,600,757
2031	\$1,603,405	\$22,000	\$15,864	\$37,864	\$1,603,405
2032	\$1,469,393	\$22,000	\$14,984	\$36,984	\$1,469,393
2033	\$279,143	\$23,000	\$14,084	\$37,084	\$279,143
2034	\$281,280	\$24,000	\$13,144	\$37,144	\$281,280
2035	\$278,155	\$25,000	\$12,164	\$37,164	\$278,155
2036	\$279,830	\$26,000	\$11,144	\$37,144	\$279,830
2037	\$281,011	\$27,000	\$10,067	\$37,067	\$281,011
2038	\$276,899	\$29,000	\$8,912	\$37,912	\$276,899
2039	\$277,586	\$30,000	\$7,676	\$37,676	\$277,586
2040	\$277,912	\$31,000	\$6,380	\$37,380	\$277,912
2041	\$277,513	\$32,000	\$5,017	\$37,017	\$277,513
2042	\$277,100	\$34,000	\$3,565	\$37,565	\$277,100
2043	\$276,263	\$35,000	\$2,030	\$37,030	\$276,263
2044		\$27,000	\$621	\$27,621	
<b>TOTALS:</b>	<b>\$17,475,774</b>	<b>\$500,000</b>	<b>\$247,633</b>	<b>\$747,633</b>	<b>\$17,475,774</b>

Notes: Numbers are rounded to the nearest \$1.00

**ESTIMATED USE OF BOND PROCEEDS**

The table below shows the estimated sources of funds and uses of proceeds of the Bonds, other than any portions thereof representing accrued interest:

<b>Sources:</b>	
Par Amount of Bonds	<u>\$500,000.00</u>
Total Sources	\$500,000.00
<b>Uses:</b>	
Deposit to Construction Fund	\$474,800.00
Underwriter's Discount (2%)	10,000.00
Cost of Issuance	<u>15,200.00</u>
Total Uses	\$500,000.00

## DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION

Selected school census and average daily attendance for the Lincoln County School District is as follows:

Year	Average Daily Attendance	Year	Average Daily Attendance
2000-01	3,603.6	2011-12	3,606.1
2001-02	3,668.4	2012-13	3,545.9
2002-03	3,712.8	2013-14	3,506.7
2003-04	3,753.2	2014-15	3,496.7
2004-05	3,855.3	2015-16	3,441.0
2005-06	3,840.6	2016-17	3,386.8
2006-07	3,802.4	2017-18	3,371.8
2007-08	3,722.2	2018-19	3,310.7
2008-09	3,728.8	2019-20	3,202.7
2009-10	3,652.7	2020-21	3,202.7
2010-11	3,643.5	2021-22	3,334.8
		2022-23	3,334.8

*Source: Kentucky State Department of Education.*

## STATE SUPPORT

***Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK).*** In determining the cost of the program to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), the statewide guaranteed base funding level is computed by dividing the amount appropriated by the prior year's statewide average daily attendance. The SEEK fund is a guaranteed amount of money per pupil in each school district of Kentucky. The current SEEK allotment is \$3,866 per pupil. The \$100 capital outlay allotment per each average daily attendance is included within the guaranteed amounts. Each district's base funding from the SEEK program is adjusted for the number of at-risk students, the number and types of exceptional children in the district, and cost of transporting students from and to school in the district.

***Capital Outlay Allotment.*** The per pupil capital outlay allotment for each district from the public school fund and from local sources shall be kept in a separate account and may be used by the district only for capital outlay projects approved by the State Department of Education. These funds shall be used for the following capital outlay purposes:

- a. For direct payment of construction costs.
- b. For debt service on voted and funding bonds.
- c. For payment or lease-rental agreements under which the board will eventually acquire ownership of the school plant.
- d. For retirement of any deficit resulting from over-expenditure for capital construction, if such deficit resulted from certain declared emergencies.
- e. As a reserve fund for the above named purposes, to be carried forward in ensuing budgets.

The allotment for each school board of education in the Commonwealth for fiscal year 1978-79 was \$1,800 per classroom unit. The 1979 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly approved increases in this allotment in 1979-80 to \$1,900 per classroom unit. This rate remained unchanged in 1980-81. The 1981 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly decreased the allotment per classroom to \$1,800 and this allotment rate did not change from the 1981-82 rate, until the 1990-91 school year. Beginning with 1990-91, the Capital Outlay allotment for each district is based on \$100 per average daily attendance.

The following table shows the computation of the capital outlay allotment for the Lincoln County School District for certain preceding school years.

<b>Year</b>	<b>Capital Outlay Allotment</b>	<b>Year</b>	<b>Capital Outlay Allotment</b>
2000-01	360,360.0	2011-12	360,610.0
2001-02	366,840.0	2012-13	354,587.0
2002-03	371,280.0	2013-14	350,667.0
2003-04	375,320.0	2014-15	349,674.0
2004-05	385,530.0	2015-16	344,096.0
2005-06	384,060.0	2016-17	338,680.0
2006-07	380,240.0	2017-18	337,180.0
2007-08	372,220.0	2018-19	331,069.0
2008-09	372,882.0	2019-20	320,270.0
2009-10	365,267.0	2020-21	320,268.1
2010-11	364,354.0	2021-22	333,479.9
		2022-23	333,479.9

If the school district has no capital outlay needs, upon approval from the State, the funds can be used for school plant maintenance, repair, insurance on buildings, replacement of equipment, purchase of school buses and purchase of modern technological equipment for educational purposes. If any district has a special levy for capital outlay or debt service that is equal to the capital outlay allotment or a proportionate fraction thereof, and spends the proceeds of the levy for eligible purposes, the State may authorize the district to use all or a proportionate fraction of its capital outlay allotment for current expenses (school districts which use capital outlay allotments to meet current expenses are not eligible to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission funds).

**Facilities Support Program of Kentucky.** School districts may be eligible to participate in the Facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), subject to the following requirements:

- 1) The district must have unmet needs as set forth and approved by the State Department of Education in a School Facilities Plan;
- 2) The district must commit to establish an equivalent tax rate of at least 5 cents, in addition to the 30 cents minimum current equivalent tax rate; and,
- 3) The new revenues generated by the 5 cent addition, must be placed in a restricted account for school building construction bonding.

### **LOCAL SUPPORT**

**Homestead Exemption.** Section 170 of the Kentucky Constitution was amended at the General Election held November 2, 1971, to exempt from property taxes \$6,500 of value of single unit residential property of taxpayers 65 years of age or older. The 1972 General Assembly amended KRS Chapter 132 to permit counties and school districts to adjust their local tax revenues lost through the application of this Homestead Exemption. The "Single Unit" qualification has been enlarged to subsequent sessions of the General Assembly to provide that such exemption shall apply to such property maintained as the permanent resident of the owner and the dollar amount has been construed to mean \$6,500 in terms of the purchasing power of the dollar in 1972. Every two years thereafter, if the cost of living index of the U.S. Department of Labor has changed as much as 1%, the maximum exemption shall be adjusted accordingly. Under the cost of living formula, the maximum was increased to \$46,350 effective January 1, 2023.

**Limitation on Taxation.** The 1979 Special Session of the Kentucky General Assembly enacted House Bill 44 which provides that no school district may levy a general tax rate, voted general tax rate, or voted building tax rate which would generate revenues that exceeds the previous years revenues by four percent (4%).

The 1990 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly in enacting the "School Reform" legislative package amended the provisions of KRS 160.470 which prohibited school districts from levying ad valorem property taxes which would generate revenues in excess of 4% of the previous year's revenues without said levy subject to recall to permit exceptions to the referendum under (1) KRS 160.470(12) [a new section of the statute] and (2) an amended KRS 157.440.

Under KRS 160.470(12)(a) for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 school districts are required to levy a "minimum equivalent tax rate" of thirty cents (\$.30) for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes (including occupational or utilities) levied by the district for school purposes divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the State Revenue Cabinet. Failure to levy the minimum equivalent rate subjects the board of the district to removal.

The exception provided by KRS 157.440(1)(a) permits school districts to levy an equivalent tax rate as defined in KRS 160.470(12)(a) which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the program to support education excellence in Kentucky. Levies permitted by this section of the statute are not subject to public hearing or recall provisions as set forth in KRS 160.470.

**Local Thirty Cents Minimum.** Effective for school years beginning after June 30, 1990, the board of education of each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of thirty cents (\$.30) for general school purposes. If a board fails to comply, its members shall be subject to removal from office for willful neglect of duty.

**Additional 15% Not Subject to Recall.** Effective with the school year beginning July 1, 1990, each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Effective with the 1990-91 school year, the State will equalize the revenue generated by this levy at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil equalized assessment. For 1993-94 and thereafter, this level is set at \$225,000. The additional 15% rate levy is not subject to the public hearing or recall provisions.

**Assessment Valuation.** No later than July 1, 1994, all real property located in the state and subject to local taxation shall be assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of fair cash value.

**Special Voted and Other Local Taxes.** Any district may, in addition to other taxes for school purposes, levy not less than four cents nor more than twenty cents on each one hundred dollars (\$100) valuation of property subject to local taxation, to provide a special fund for the purchase of sites for school buildings and the erection, major alteration, enlargement, and complete equipping of school buildings. In addition, districts may levy taxes on tangible and intangible property and on utilities, except generally any amounts of revenues generated above that provided for by House Bill 44 is subject to voter recall.

**Local Tax Rates, Property Assessments and Revenue Collections**

<b>Tax Year</b>	<b>Combined Equivalent Rate</b>	<b>Total Property Assessment</b>	<b>Property Revenue Collections</b>
2000-01	48.7	655,681,769	3,193,170
2001-02	50.3	693,754,455	3,489,585
2002-03	49.7	714,889,521	3,553,001
2003-04	49.7	730,606,786	3,631,116
2004-05	49.5	773,161,056	3,827,147
2005-06	50.4	838,413,238	4,225,603
2006-07	47.1	893,290,889	4,207,400
2007-08	50.4	940,695,962	4,741,108
2008-09	49	980,247,501	4,803,213
2009-10	49	977,989,923	4,792,151
2010-11	49.9	997,139,128	4,975,724
2011-12	52.5	1,018,192,171	5,345,509
2012-13	55.9	1,011,818,825	5,656,067
2013-14	58.6	1,008,265,210	5,908,434
2014-15	57.5	997,981,274	5,738,392
2015-16	61.1	1,024,097,446	6,257,235
2016-17	62.1	1,065,835,867	6,618,841
2017-18	62	1,105,843,871	6,856,232
2018-19	64.4	1,169,186,111	7,529,559
2019-20	62.9	1,236,759,767	7,779,219
2020-21	60.9	1,278,742,960	7,787,545
2021-22	63.7	1,389,239,193	8,849,454
2022-23	61.9	1,494,609,604	9,251,633

**OVERLAPPING BOND INDEBTEDNESS**

The following table shows any other overlapping bond indebtedness of the Lincoln County School District or other issuing agency within Lincoln County as reported by the State Local Debt Officer for the period ending June 30, 2023.

<b>Issuer</b>	<b>Original Principal Amount</b>	<b>Amount of Bonds Redeemed</b>	<b>Current Principal Outstanding</b>
County of Lincoln			
General Obligation	1,885,000	1,050,000	835,000
Fire Protection Renewable	190,000	151,056	38,944
Building Renewable	130,295	90,000	40,295
Court Facility Project	1,340,000	770,000	570,000
City of Crab Orchard			
Water & Sewer Revenue	169,500	76,200	93,300
Improvement Project	47,000	10,200	36,800
City of Hustonville			
General Obligation	186,000	3,000	183,000
City of Stanford			
Water & Sewer Revenue	7,750,000	1,906,216	5,843,784
Improvement Project	3,485,000	2,204,000	1,281,000
Refinancing Refunding Revenue	3,390,000	395,000	2,995,000



Special Districts			
Lincoln County Library Taxing District	390,000	21,250	368,750
Lincoln County Sanitation District	350,000	24,000	326,000
<u>McKinney Water District</u>	<u>1,307,000</u>	<u>544,300</u>	<u>762,700</u>
Totals:	20,619,795	7,245,222	13,374,573

Source: 2023 Kentucky Local Debt Report.

### SEEK ALLOTMENT

The Board has reported the following information as to the SEEK allotment to the District, and as provided by the State Department of Education.

SEEK	Base Funding	Local Tax Effort	Total State & Local Funding
2000-01	14,544,193	3,193,170	17,737,363
2001-02	15,190,570	3,489,585	18,680,155
2002-03	16,035,800	3,553,001	19,588,801
2003-04	17,220,674	3,631,116	20,851,790
2004-05	17,728,145	3,827,147	21,555,292
2005-06	18,744,525	4,225,603	22,970,128
2006-07	18,921,205	4,207,400	23,128,605
2007-08	20,230,159	4,741,108	24,971,267
2008-09	20,131,743	4,803,213	24,934,956
2009-10	17,489,626	4,792,151	22,281,777
2010-11	17,305,272	4,975,724	22,280,996
2011-12	18,648,505	5,345,509	23,994,014
2012-13	18,451,065	5,656,067	24,107,132
2013-14	18,025,269	5,908,434	23,933,703
2014-15	18,129,071	5,738,392	23,867,463
2015-16	18,062,129	6,257,235	24,319,364
2016-17	17,575,057	6,618,841	24,193,898
2017-18	17,385,370	6,856,232	24,241,602
2018-19	17,260,541	7,529,559	24,790,100
2019-20	15,899,881	7,779,219	23,679,100
2020-21	14,761,664	7,787,545	22,549,209
2021-22	16,060,412	8,849,454	24,909,866
2022-23	16,517,567	9,251,633	25,769,200

- (1) Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) replaces the minimum foundation program and power equalization funding. Capital Outlay is now computed at \$100 per average daily attendance (ADA). Capital Outlay is included in the SEEK base funding.
- (2) The Board established a current equivalent tax rate (CETR) of \$0.6190 for FY 2022-23. The equivalent tax rate" is defined as the rate which results when the income from all taxes levied by the district for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Commonwealth of Kentucky Revenue Cabinet.

### State Budgeting Process

- i) Each district board of education is required to prepare a general school budget on forms prescribed and furnished by the Kentucky Board of Education, showing the amount of money needed for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay, and other necessary expenses of the school during the succeeding fiscal year and the estimated amount that will be received from all sources.

- ii) By September 15 of each year, after the district receives its tax assessment data from the Department of Revenue and the State Department of Education, 3 copies of the budget are forwarded to the State Department for approval or disapproval.
- iii) The State Department of Education has adopted a policy of disapproving a school budget if it is financially unsound or fails to provide for:
  - a) payment of maturing principal and interest on any outstanding voted school improvement bonds of the district or payment of rental in connection with any outstanding school building revenue bonds issued for the benefit of the school district; or
  - b) fails to comply with the law.

### **POTENTIAL LEGISLATION**

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. For example, on August 16, 2022, President Biden signed the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (the “Inflation Reduction Act”). The Inflation Reduction Act imposes a minimum tax of 15 percent of the adjusted financial statement income on certain corporations whose income exceeds stated thresholds for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. Under the Inflation Reduction Act, interest on debt obligations otherwise exempt from federal income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income for corporations subject to the minimum tax. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

### **CONTINUING DISCLOSURE; EXEMPTION**

As a result of the principal amount of Bonds being offered not exceeding \$1,000,000 Bond Counsel has advised the Corporation and the Board that they are exempt from application of the Rule 15c2-12c2-12(b)(5) of the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to the Bonds.

The Board and Corporation have been timely in making required filings under the terms of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement for the past five years.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Lincoln County Board of Education, 305 Danville Avenue, Stanford, Kentucky 40484, Telephone: (606) 365-2124.

### **TAX EXEMPTION; BANK QUALIFIED**

Bond Counsel is of the opinion that:

(A) The Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.

(B) The interest income from the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law and will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of Federal income taxation. However, with respect to certain corporations, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022.

(C) As a result of designations and certifications by the Board and the Corporation, indicating the issuance of less than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year ending December 31, 2023, the Bonds are "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

The Corporation will provide the purchaser the customary no-litigation certificate, and the final approving Legal Opinions of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky approving the legality of the Bonds. These opinions will accompany the Bonds when delivered, without expense to the purchaser.

### **Original Issue Premium**

Certain of the Bonds may be initially offered and sold to the public at a premium ("Acquisition Premium" from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. "Acquisition Premium" is the excess of the cost of a bond over the stated redemption price of such bond at maturity or, for bonds that have one or more earlier call dates, the amount payable at the next earliest call date. The Bonds that bear an interest rate that is higher than the yield (as shown on the cover page hereof), are being initially offered and sold to the public at an Acquisition Premium (the "Premium Bonds"). For federal income tax purposes, the amount of Acquisition Premium on each bond the interest on which is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes ("tax-exempt bonds") must be amortized and will reduce the bondholder's adjusted basis in that bond. However, no amount of amortized Acquisition Premium on tax-exempt bonds may be deducted in determining bondholder's taxable income for federal income tax purposes. The amount of any Acquisition Premium paid on the Premium Bonds, or on any of the Bonds, that must be amortized during any period will be based on the "constant yield" method, using the original bondholder's basis in such bonds and compounding semiannually. This amount is amortized ratably over that semiannual period on a daily basis.

Holders of any Bonds, including any Premium Bonds, purchased at an Acquisition Premium should consult their own tax advisors as to the actual effect of such Acquisition Premium with respect to their own tax situation and as to the treatment of Acquisition Premium for state tax purposes.

### **Original Issue Discount**

Certain of the Bonds (the "Discount Bonds") may be initially offered and sold to the public at a discount ("OID") from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. OID is the excess of the stated redemption price of a bond at maturity (the face amount) over the "issue price" of such bond. The issue price is the initial offering price to the public (other than to bond houses, brokers or similar persons acting in the capacity of underwriters or wholesalers) at which a substantial amount of bonds of the same maturity are sold pursuant to that initial offering. For federal income tax purposes, OID on each bond will accrue over the term of the bond. The amount accrued will be based on a single rate of interest, compounded semiannually (the "yield to maturity") and, during each semi-annual period, the amount will accrue ratably on a daily basis. The OID accrued during the period that an initial purchaser of a Discount Bond at its issue price owns it is added to the purchaser's tax basis for purposes of determining gain or loss at the maturity, redemption, sale or other disposition of that Discount Bond. In practical effect, accrued OID is treated as stated interest, that is, as excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

In addition, original issue discount that accrues in each year to an owner of a Discount Bond is included in the calculation of the distribution requirements of certain regulated investment companies and may result in some of the collateral federal income tax consequences discussed above. Consequently, owners of any Discount Bond should be aware that the accrual of original issue discount in each year may result in an alternative minimum tax liability, additional distribution requirements or other collateral federal income tax consequences although the owner of such Discount Bond has not received cash attributable to such original issue discount in such year.

Holders of Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the treatment of OID and the tax consequences of the purchase of such Discount Bonds other than at the issue price during the initial public offering and as to the treatment of OID for state tax purposes.

### **ABSENCE OF MATERIAL LITIGATION**

There is no controversy or litigation of any nature now pending or threatened (i) restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the Board or Corporation taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof or (ii) which if successful would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Board.

### **APPROVAL OF LEGALITY**

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel. The form of the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel will appear on each printed Bond.

### **NO LEGAL OPINION EXPRESSED AS TO CERTAIN MATTERS**

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement describing the Bonds and the provisions of the Bond Resolution and related proceedings authorizing the Bonds, but Bond Counsel has not reviewed any of the financial data, computations, tabulations, balance sheets, financial projections, and general information concerning the Corporation or District, and expresses no opinion thereon, assumes no responsibility for same and has not undertaken independently to verify any information contained herein.

### **BOND RATING**

As noted on the cover page of this Official Statement, Moody's Investors Service has given the Bonds the indicated rating. Such rating reflects only the respective views of such organization. Explanations of the significance of the rating may be obtained from the rating agency. There can be no assurance that such rating will be maintained for any given period of time or will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency, if in their judgement circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

### **MUNICIPAL ADVISOR**

Prospective bidders are advised that RSA Advisors, LLC ("RSA") has been employed as Municipal Advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. RSA's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. Bidders may submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds at the time of the advertised public sale, either individually or as a member of a syndicate organized to submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds.

### **APPROVAL OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT**

The Corporation has approved and caused this "Official Statement" to be executed and delivered by its President. In making this "Official Statement" the Corporation relied upon information furnished to it by the Board of Education of the Lincoln County School District and does not assume any responsibility as to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Official Statement except as to copies of documents denominated "Official Terms and Conditions" and "Bid Form." The financial information supplied by the Board of Education is represented by the Board of Education to be correct. The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of Securities Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1) as qualified by the cover hereof.



## **APPENDIX A**

**Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation  
School Building Revenue Bonds  
Second Series of 2023**

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### **Demographic and Economic Data**

## LINCOLN COUNTY, KENTUCKY

Lincoln County, with a land area of 336 square miles, is located in portions of both the Outer Blue Grass and Mississippi Plateaus Regions. Lincoln County had an estimated 2022 population of 24,447.

Stanford, the county seat of Lincoln County, is located in south central Kentucky. Stanford is located 42 miles south of Lexington, Kentucky; 93 miles southeast of Louisville, Kentucky; 120 miles south of Cincinnati, Ohio; and 144 miles northwest of Knoxville, Tennessee. Stanford had an estimated 2022 population of 3,632.

### **The Economic Framework**

In 2022, Lincoln County had a labor force of 10,615 people with an unemployment rate of 5%. The top jobs in the county by occupation were as follows: education, training/library - 515 (14.35%); office and administrative support - 460 (12.81%); sales - 349 (9.72%); executive, managers and administrators - 308 (8.58%); and, food preparation, serving - 225 (6.27%).

### **Transportation**

U.S. Highways 27, 127 and 150 are AAA - rated trucking highways serving Lincoln County. Interstate 75, a major north-south corridor, is located 27 miles southeast of Stanford via U.S. 150. The Cumberland Parkway, an east-west multi-lane toll road located in south central Kentucky, is 34 miles south of Stanford via U.S. 27. The Bluegrass Parkway, an east-west multi-lane highway located in central Kentucky, is 36 miles north of Stanford via U.S. 150 and 127. Twenty-three trucking companies provide interstate and/or intrastate service to Stanford. Southern Railway System provides the nearest rail service to Stanford at Danville, 11 miles northeast. The nearest scheduled commercial airline service is available at Bluegrass Airport near Lexington, 42 miles north of Stanford. Goodall Field, 8 miles northwest of Stanford, offers 2 paved runways, 4,600 and 2,500 feet in length.

### **Power and Fuel**

Electric power is provided to Lincoln County by East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inter-County Energy Cooperative, South KY RECC, KY Utilities and Jackson Energy Corp. Natural gas is provided by Atmos Energy Corp.

### **Education**

The Lincoln County School System provides primary education to the residents of Lincoln County. There are 42 colleges and universities and 22 technology centers (ATC) within 60 miles of Stanford.

## LOCAL GOVERNMENT

### **Structure**

Stanford's government structure consists of a Mayor and six council members. For Stanford, the Mayor serves a four-year term while the council members serve two-year terms. Lincoln County is served by a Judge/Executive, a Deputy Judge/Executive and four Magistrates. The Judge/Executive, Deputy Judge/Executive and Magistrates are elected to serve a four-year term.

### **Planning and Zoning**

Mandatory state codes enforced - Kentucky Plumbing Code, National Electric Code, Kentucky Boiler Regulations and Standards, Kentucky Building Code (modeled after BOCA code).

## Sales and Use Tax

A state sales and use tax is levied at the rate of 6.0% on the purchase or lease price of taxable good and on utility services. Local sales taxes are not levied in Kentucky.

## State and Local Property Taxes

The Kentucky Constitution requires the state to tax all classes of taxable property, and state statutes allow local jurisdictions to tax only a few classes. All locally taxed property is subject to county taxes and school district taxes (either a county school district or an independent school district). Property located inside of city limits may also be subject to city property taxes. Property assessments in Kentucky are at 100% fair cash value. Accounts receivable are taxed at 85% of face value. Accounts receivable are taxed at 85% of face value. Special local taxing jurisdictions (fire protection districts, watershed districts, and sanitation districts) levy taxes within their operating areas (usually a small portion of community of county).

## LABOR MARKET STATISTICS

The Stanford Labor Market Area includes Jessamine, Madison, Garrard, Rockcastle, Laurel, Pulaski, Casey, Marion, Mercer, Boyle and Lincoln counties.

### Population

<u>Area</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Lincoln County	24,607	24,091	24,447
Stanford	3,223	3,836	3,632
Crab Orchard	825	753	753

*Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Annual Estimates.*

### Population Projections

<u>Area</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2030</u>	<u>2035</u>
Lincoln County	24,035	23,576	22,975

*Source: Kentucky State Data Center, University of Louisville.*

## EDUCATION

### Public Schools

	<u>Lincoln County</u>
Total Enrollment (2021-2022)	3,184
Pupil-Teacher Ratio	14 - 1

### Vocational Training

Vocational training is available at both the state vocational-technical schools and the area vocational education centers. The state vocational-technical schools are post-secondary institutions. The area vocational education centers are designed to supplement the curriculum of high school students. Both the state vocational-technical schools and the area vocational education centers offer evening courses to enable working adults to upgrade current job skills.



Arrangements can be made to provide training in the specific production skills required by an industrial plant. Instruction may be conducted either in the vocational school or in the industrial plant, depending upon the desired arrangement and the availability of special equipment.

### Bluegrass State Skills Corporation

The Bluegrass State Skills Corporation, an independent public corporation created and funded by the Kentucky General Assembly, provides programs of skills training to meet the needs of business and industry from entry level to advanced training, and from upgrading present employees to retraining experienced workers. The Bluegrass State Skills corporation is the primary source for skills training assistance for a new or existing company. The Corporation works in partnership with other employment and job training resources and programs, as well as Kentucky's economic development activities, to package a program customized to meet the specific needs of a company.

<b>Vocational School</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Enrollment 2021-22</b>
Casey County ATC	Liberty, KY	390
Clark County ATC	Winchester, KY	541
Clay County ATC	Manchester, KY	224
Corbin Independent ATC	Corbin, KY	420
Garrard County ATC	Lancaster, KY	308
Green County ATC	Greensburg, KY	283
Jackson County ATC	McKee, KY	282
Lake Cumberland ATC	Russell Springs, KY	777
Lee County ATC	Beattyville, KY	258
Madison County ATC	Richmond, KY	723
Marion County ATC	Lebanon, KY	649
Montgomery County ATC	Mt. Sterling, KY	366
Nelson County ATC	Bardstown, KY	754
Pulaski County ATC	Somerset, KY	273
Rockcastle County ATC	Mt. Vernon, KY	372
Shelby County ATC	Shelbyville, KY	412
Wayne County ATC	Monticello, KY	555

*Source: Kentucky Department of Education*

### **Area Colleges and Universities**

<b>School Name</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Undergraduate Enrollment Fall 2021</b>
Asbury University	Wilmore, KY	1,472
Berea College	Berea, KY	1,468
Campbellsville University	Campbellsville, KY	5,880
Centre College	Danville, KY	1,320
Eastern Kentucky University	Richmond, KY	11,684
Georgetown College	Georgetown, KY	1,259
Kentucky State University	Frankfort, KY	2,135
Lindsey Wilson College	Columbia, KY	1,750
Midway University	Midway, KY	1,618
Transylvania University	Lexington, KY	971
University of Kentucky	Lexington, KY	21,900

*Source: U.S. News & World Report*

## Customized Training

The Kentucky Tech system, through its training and development coordinators, will provide technical assistance and will identify and develop low-cost customized training programs and services for both established and prospective businesses. Businesses wanting to establish a customized training program should contact a training and development coordinator located at the Madisonville Technical College.

## Assessment Services

Kentucky Tech Career Connections offers to business, education and government agencies testing packages for evaluating job applicants, selecting employees for promotional consideration and developing training programs within the organization. A Career Connections Assessment Center is located at the Madisonville Technical College.

## Adult Education Services

Adult education programs are available to adults who want to develop new academic skills, improve basic skills or earn a high school equivalence diploma. In Lincoln County, adult education and adult literacy classes are administered through the Lincoln County Board of Education and the Lincoln County Literacy Council.

## Bluegrass State Skills Corporation

The Bluegrass State Skills Corporation (BSSC) was established in 1984 by the General Assembly of The Commonwealth of Kentucky as an independent, de jure corporation to stimulate economic development through customized business and industry specific skills training programs. The BSSC works with business and industry and Kentucky's educational institutions to establish programs of skills training. The BSSC is attached to the Cabinet for Economic Development for administrative purposes, in recognition of the relationship between economic development and skills training efforts.

The BSSC is comprised of two economic development tools: matching grants and the newly authorized Skills Training Investment Credit Act. The BSSC grant program is available to new, expanding and existing business and industry. Eligible training activities include pre-employment skills training and assessment; entry level, skills upgrade and occupational upgrade training; train-the-trainer travel; and capacity-building. The Skills Training Investment Credit Act provides credits to existing businesses for skills upgrade training.

### EXISTING INDUSTRY

<b>Firm</b>	<b>Product</b>	<b>Total Employment</b>
<i>Stanford:</i>		
DecoArt Inc.	Acrylic paints for arts, crafts & home decorating	134
Lincoln Co. Ready Mix Inc.	Ready mix concrete	10
Lincoln Manufacturing USA LLC	Steel stamping, welding, and machining operations to produce parts for the automotive industry	125
Lincoln Tool & Die Co. Inc.	Machine shop - parts, tool & die, repair & make new machinery parts for factories	14
Tilett's Uniforms Inc.	Brand uniforms, choir robes, flags & dresses	14
Tin Man Manufacturing Co.	Manufacture metal & roofing siding panels and trim components, also wood trusses	17

Source: Kentucky Directory of Manufacturers (January 7, 2020).

**APPENDIX B**

**Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation  
School Building Revenue Bonds  
Second Series of 2023**

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**Audited Financial Statement ending June 30, 2022**

**LINCOLN COUNTY  
SCHOOL DISTRICT  
AUDIT REPORT  
JUNE 30, 2022**

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**WHITE AND COMPANY, P.S.C.**  
**Certified Public Accountants**  
**219 South Proctor Knott Avenue**  
**Lebanon, Kentucky 40033**  
**(270) 692-2102**  
**Fax (270) 692-2101**

Charles M. White, CPA  
Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA  
Stephanie A. Abell, CPA

Email: charles.white@whitecpas.com

November 15, 2022

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Members of the Board of Education  
Lincoln County School District  
Stanford, Kentucky

**Report on the Financial Statements**

***Opinions***

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lincoln County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining aggregate fund information of Lincoln County School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request*, *Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Lincoln County School District and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

***Change in Accounting Principle***

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2022, the District adopted new guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Lincoln County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statement***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lincoln County School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Lincoln County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal-control matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of the district's proportionate share of net pension liabilities, and the schedules of the district's proportionate share of net other post-employment benefits on pages 4 through 10, 52 through 55, and 58 through 60 be presented to



supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lincoln County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the statement of receipts, disbursements and fund balance – High School Activity Fund, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### ***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2022, on our consideration of Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

***White and Company, P.S.C.***

Certified Public Accountants

**LINCOLN COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT – STANFORD, KY  
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

As management of the Lincoln County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the financial statements.

**FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The June 30, 2022 cash balance for the District was \$9.03 million, as compared with the beginning cash balance of \$5.9 million. The ending cash balance consists of General Fund of \$4,683,721, Debt Service Fund of \$3,365, Building Fund of \$1,121,311, Construction Fund of \$693,056, District Activity of \$84,114, SEEK/Capital Outlay of \$1,217,242, School Activity of \$379,852, and Food Service of \$846,867.
- Government-wide net position increased \$6,088,199 during the year. Total long-term obligations decreased by \$7,333,229.
- The General Fund had \$32 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. There were \$29.69 million in General Fund expenditures.
- General Fund revenue increased \$1,374,338 from last fiscal year due to increases in all areas. General Fund expenses increased \$21,138 compared to last fiscal year.
- The financial statements reflect revenues of \$8,702,868 in on-behalf payments compared to revenues of \$8,992,664 for the previous year. On-behalf payments are revenue from the state on-behalf of District employees retirement contributions, health insurance, administration fees and technology with a like amount of expenses recorded.

**OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements**

The government-wide financial statements, statement of net position and statement of activities are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

### **Fund financial statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds for these financial statements are school activity funds. The only proprietary funds are our community education and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

### **Notes to the financial statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$8,372,830.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

## Net Position for the period ending June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022

A comparison of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022 government wide net position is as follows:

	Governmental		Business - Type		Total	
	Activities		Activities		Primary Government	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$ 9,174,869	\$ 12,998,659	\$ 402,449	\$ 1,235,771	\$ 9,577,318	14,234,430
Capital Assets	39,332,352	38,221,824	187,984	147,959	39,520,336	38,369,783
Total Assets	48,507,221	51,220,483	590,433	1,383,730	49,097,654	52,604,213
Deferred Outflows	5,448,939	5,156,027	516,111	389,237	5,965,050	5,545,264
<b>TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS</b>	<b>53,956,160</b>	<b>56,376,510</b>	<b>1,106,544</b>	<b>1,772,967</b>	<b>55,062,704</b>	<b>58,149,477</b>
Current Liabilities	3,526,813	3,669,671	13,979	0	3,540,792	3,669,671
Non-Current Liabilities	42,362,793	36,357,979	3,070,288	2,395,031	45,433,081	38,753,010
Total Liabilities	45,889,606	40,027,650	3,084,267	2,395,031	48,973,873	42,422,681
Deferred Inflows	3,536,749	6,627,848	267,451	726,118	3,804,200	7,353,966
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS</b>	<b>49,426,355</b>	<b>46,655,498</b>	<b>3,351,718</b>	<b>3,121,149</b>	<b>52,778,073</b>	<b>49,776,647</b>
<b>Net Position</b>						
Investment in capital assets (net of related debt)	19,113,208	19,193,117	187,984	147,959	19,301,192	19,341,076
Restricted	2,911,289	3,435,773	(2,433,158)	(1,496,141)	478,131	1,939,632
Unrestricted	<u>(17,494,692)</u>	<u>(12,907,878)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(17,494,692)</u>	<u>(12,907,878)</u>
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<b>\$ 4,529,805</b>	<b>\$ 9,721,012</b>	<b>\$(2,245,174)</b>	<b>\$(1,348,182)</b>	<b>\$ 2,284,631</b>	<b>\$ 8,372,830</b>

**Statement of Activities**

	Governmental		Business - Type		Total	
	Activities		Activities		Primary Government	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>REVENUES</b>						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 33,611	\$ 110,543	\$ 11,367	\$ 33,757	\$ 44,978	\$ 144,300
Operating grants and contributions	9,956,082	14,779,851	2,465,723	3,429,560	12,421,805	18,209,411
Capital grants	69,000	63,244			69,000	63,244
General revenues						
Property taxes	5,925,097	6,334,624			5,925,097	6,334,624
Motor vehicle taxes	1,135,902	1,181,035			1,135,902	1,181,035
Utility Taxes	1,145,292	1,266,641			1,145,292	1,266,641
Other taxes	173,520	114,894			173,520	114,894
Investment earnings	42,974	49,012	1,638	3,725	44,612	52,737
State and formula grants	24,426,681	25,431,503			24,426,681	25,431,503
Miscellaneous	584,889	693,008			584,889	693,008
Fund Transfer		116,116		(116,116)		0
Gain (Loss) Sale of Assets		(83,104)				(83,104)
<b>Total revenues</b>	<u>43,493,048</u>	<u>50,057,367</u>	<u>2,478,728</u>	<u>3,350,926</u>	<u>45,971,776</u>	<u>53,408,293</u>
<b>EXPENSES</b>						
Program Activities						
Instructional	27,566,641	28,123,364			27,566,641	28,123,364
Student support	1,270,779	1,458,843			1,270,779	1,458,843
Instructional staff Support	1,422,713	1,585,912			1,422,713	1,585,912
District administrative support	1,068,111	1,152,073			1,068,111	1,152,073
School administrative support	2,286,467	2,308,177			2,286,467	2,308,177
Business support	1,152,164	1,298,877			1,152,164	1,298,877
Plant operations and maintenance	4,257,428	4,750,185			4,257,428	4,750,185
Student transportation	2,554,846	3,110,754			2,554,846	3,110,754
Central Office	1,900				1,900	
Food Service Operations	87,864	11,528			87,864	11,528
Community service activities	412,568	510,270			412,568	510,270
Debt Service	634,550	556,177			634,550	556,177
Business-type Activities						
Food service			2,588,156	2,453,934	2,588,156	2,453,934
Community education						
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<u>42,716,031</u>	<u>44,866,160</u>	<u>2,588,156</u>	<u>2,453,934</u>	<u>45,304,187</u>	<u>47,320,094</u>
<b>Revenue Over (Under) Expend.</b>	<u>\$ 777,017</u>	<u>\$ 5,191,207</u>	<u>\$ (109,428)</u>	<u>\$ 896,992</u>	<u>\$ 667,589</u>	<u>\$ 6,088,199</u>

On-behalf amounts are included in the above figures. On-behalf payments are payments the state makes on behalf of employees to the various agencies for health and life insurance benefits, administration fees, technology, retirement plans and debt service. The total on-behalf payments for 2021 and 2022 were \$8,992,664 and \$8,702,868 respectively.

### Governmental Activities

For the governmental program, instructional expense comprises 63% of total expense and includes the schools' expenditures for staff and supplies. Support services equate to 36% of total expense and are comprised of spending for student support, staff support, district administrative support, business support, plant operation and maintenance and student transportation. Interest and other expenses make up the remaining 1% of the total.

The cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services are shown on the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Activities identifies the net cost of services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues (State entitlements).

	Governmental Activities Total		Governmental Activities Net	
	Cost of Services		Cost of Services	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Instructional	\$ 27,566,641	\$ 28,123,364	\$ 19,804,447	\$ 15,666,765
Support Services	14,014,408	15,664,821	12,301,010	13,783,578
Other	500,432	521,798	(13,669)	(30,754)
Interest Costs	634,550	556,177	565,550	492,933
Total Expenses	<u>\$ 42,716,031</u>	<u>\$ 44,866,160</u>	<u>\$ 32,657,338</u>	<u>\$ 29,912,522</u>

### Business-Type Activities

The business type activities at the District are Food Service. This program had total revenues of \$3,467,042 and expenses of \$2,570,050 for fiscal year 2022. These revenues were made up of \$33,757 charges for services, \$3,429,560 federal and state operating grants and \$3,725 earnings on investments. These business-type activities receive no support from tax revenues, and, as such, the District will continue to monitor these activities and make the necessary adjustments to the operations of these activities.

### FSPK and Construction Funds Revenue/Expenditures

Fund 310 is the capital outlay fund and Fund 320 is the building fund (FSPK). State funding makes up the Capital Outlay fund and building fund is made up of state and local revenue. Fund 400 is the debt service fund and is used to make debt payments. There, the funds 310 and 320 were used to collect the state and local revenues, and transfers were then made to Fund 400 as debt service payments came due.

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is based on accounting for certain transactions on the cash basis for receipts and expenditures and encumbrances and is prepared according to Kentucky law. The Kentucky Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any remaining fund balance to be shown as a contingency expense in the budgeting process.

The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The General Fund had budgeted revenues of \$31,776,861 with actual results being \$33,528,725. Budgeted expenditures were \$33,795,524 compared to actual expenditures of \$30,293,318.

## CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### Capital Assets

At the end of the 2022 fiscal year, the district had invested \$79,986,940 in a broad range of capital assets, including equipment, buses, buildings, and land. This District had a net increase in Capital Assets of \$318,131. Depreciation expense for the year was \$2,080,852 and capital additions were \$1,171,584.

	Governmental		Business - Type		Total Primary Government	
	Activities (Net of Depreciation)		Activities (Net of Depreciation)		(Net of Depreciation)	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Land	\$ 409,580	\$ 409,580	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 409,580	\$ 409,580
Construction in Progress	-	452,209	-	-	-	452,209
Buildings and Improvements	36,386,073	34,701,593	-	-	36,386,073	34,701,593
Technology	29,541	114,293	-	-	29,541	114,293
Vehicles	2,268,878	2,104,682	-	-	2,268,878	2,104,682
General Equipment	<u>238,280</u>	<u>439,467</u>	<u>187,984</u>	<u>147,959</u>	<u>426,264</u>	<u>587,426</u>
Total	<u>\$39,332,352</u>	<u>\$38,221,824</u>	<u>\$ 187,984</u>	<u>\$ 147,959</u>	<u>\$39,520,336</u>	<u>\$ 38,369,783</u>

	Governmental		Business - Type		Total	
	Activities		Activities		Primary Government	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Beginning Balance	\$ 41,361,484	\$ 39,332,352	\$ 224,386	\$ 187,984	\$ 41,585,870	\$39,520,336
Additions	25,976	1,171,584	5,553	-	31,529	1,171,584
Retirements	-	(241,285)	-	-	-	(241,285)
Depreciation	<u>(2,055,108)</u>	<u>(2,040,827)</u>	<u>(41,955)</u>	<u>(40,025)</u>	<u>(2,097,063)</u>	<u>(2,080,852)</u>
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 39,332,352</u>	<u>\$ 38,221,824</u>	<u>\$ 187,984</u>	<u>\$ 147,959</u>	<u>\$ 39,520,336</u>	<u>\$ 38,369,783</u>

### Long-Term Debt

The District made scheduled bond principal payments in the amount of \$1,620,000 and KISTA principal lease payments in the amount of \$292,027.

### Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	Government	
	Activities (in Millions)	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Capital Lease Obligations	\$ 1.29	\$ 1.01
General Bond Obligations	18.9	18.0
Net Pension Liability	15.72	12.43
Net OPEB Liability	10.7	8.65
Accrued Sick Leave	<u>0.87</u>	<u>0.87</u>
Total Obligations	<u>\$ 47.48</u>	<u>\$ 40.96</u>

### **Future Budgetary Implications**

In Kentucky, the public school's fiscal year is July 1 – June 30; other programs, i.e. some Federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for fiscal year 2021-2022 with a 13.0% contingency.

The state did not mandate pay increases. A 2% raise was given for the 2020-2021 school year. The SEEK base received from the State remained at \$4,000. With a declining pupil adjusted average daily attendance (AADA), the total SEEK funding is projected to decrease. Since state funding is not keeping pace with rising costs it will continue to be an issue. Increasing retirement costs borne by the District is one of the significant issues that will impact future budgets.

The District has not experienced any real growth in student population for more than a decade, although costs of providing services continue to increase. Thus, management will continue to be challenged with balancing our staffing needs with declining enrollment and providing the resources to meet the students' needs.

### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and other interested readers with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the District's Superintendent or Finance Director at (606) 365-2124 or by mail at Lincoln County Board of Education, 305 Danville Avenue, Stanford, KY 40484.



LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
JUNE 30, 2022

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
<b>ASSETS:</b>			
Cash & Cash Equivalents - Note C	8,182,661	846,867	9,029,528
Accounts Receivable:			
Taxes - Current	308,505		308,505
Taxes - Delinquent	17,328		17,328
Accounts	31,709		31,709
Intergovernmental - State	20		20
Intergovernmental - Federal	4,464,047	338,755	4,802,802
Inventories for Consumption		50,149	50,149
Total Current Assets	13,004,270	1,235,771	14,240,041
<b>Noncurrent Assets - Note F</b>			
Land	409,580		409,580
Construction in Progress	452,209		452,209
Buildings & Improvements	63,768,405		63,768,405
Furniture & Equipment	13,920,692	1,436,054	15,356,746
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(40,329,062)	(1,288,095)	(41,617,157)
Total Noncurrent Assets	38,221,824	147,959	38,369,783
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	51,226,094	1,383,730	52,609,824
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,863,385	59,776	1,923,161
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	3,102,327	329,461	3,431,788
Deferred Outflows from Advanced Bond Refundings	190,315		190,315
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS</b>	5,156,027	389,237	5,545,264
<b>TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS</b>	56,382,121	1,772,967	58,155,088
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>			
<b>Current Liabilities:</b>			
Accounts Payable	184,192		184,192
Accrued Salaries & Sick Leave - Note A	347,688		347,688
Advances from Grantors	1,036,023		1,036,023
Bond Obligations - Note D	1,685,000		1,685,000
Capital Lease Obligation - Note E	291,773		291,773
Accrued Interest Payable	125,756		125,756
Total Current Liabilities	3,670,432	0	3,670,432
<b>Noncurrent Liabilities:</b>			
Bond Obligations - Note D	16,336,083		16,336,083
Capital Lease Obligation - Note E	715,851		715,851
Net Pension Liability	10,569,705	1,865,242	12,434,947
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	8,123,159	529,789	8,652,948
Accrued Sick Leave - Note A	613,181		613,181
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	36,357,979	2,395,031	38,753,010
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	40,028,411	2,395,031	42,423,442
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	2,511,778	375,928	2,887,706
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	4,116,070	350,190	4,466,260
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS</b>	6,627,848	726,118	7,353,966
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS</b>	46,656,259	3,121,149	49,777,408
<b>NET POSITION:</b>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,193,117	147,959	19,341,076
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	1,802,362		1,802,362
SFCC Escrow	1,172,002		1,172,002
School Activities	462,894		462,894
Food Service		(1,496,141)	(1,496,141)
Debt Service	3,365		3,365
Unrestricted	(12,907,878)		(12,907,878)
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	9,725,862	(1,348,182)	8,377,680
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION</b>	56,382,121	1,772,967	58,155,088

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FUNCTION/PROGRAMS	PROGRAM REVENUES				NET(EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION		
	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
<b>GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:</b>							
Instructional	28,124,157	110,543	12,346,056		(15,667,558)		(15,667,558)
Support Services:							
Student Support Services	1,458,843		405,100		(1,053,743)		(1,053,743)
Staff Support Services	1,585,912		764,149		(821,763)		(821,763)
District Administration	1,152,073				(1,152,073)		(1,152,073)
School Administration	2,308,177		6,886		(2,301,291)		(2,301,291)
Business Support Services	1,298,877		52,764		(1,246,113)		(1,246,113)
Plant Operation & Maintenance	4,750,185		90,360		(4,659,825)		(4,659,825)
Student Transportation	3,110,754		561,984		(2,548,770)		(2,548,770)
Food Service Operations	11,528		12,219		691		691
Community Service Operations	510,270		540,333		30,063		30,063
Interest on Long-Term Debt	556,177			63,244	(492,933)		(492,933)
<b>TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>44,866,953</b>	<b>110,543</b>	<b>14,779,851</b>	<b>63,244</b>	<b>(29,913,315)</b>		<b>(29,913,315)</b>
<b>BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:</b>							
Food Service	2,453,934	33,757	3,429,560			1,009,383	1,009,383
<b>TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>2,453,934</b>	<b>33,757</b>	<b>3,429,560</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,009,383</b>	<b>1,009,383</b>
<b>TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT</b>	<b>47,320,887</b>	<b>144,300</b>	<b>18,209,411</b>	<b>63,244</b>	<b>(29,913,315)</b>	<b>1,009,383</b>	<b>(28,903,932)</b>
<b>GENERAL REVENUES:</b>							
Taxes:							
Property					6,334,624		6,334,624
Motor Vehicle					1,181,035		1,181,035
Utility					1,266,641		1,266,641
Other					114,894		114,894
State Aid - Formula Grants					25,431,503		25,431,503
Investment Earnings					49,012	3,725	52,737
Miscellaneous					698,651		698,651
Funds Transfer (Expense)					116,116	(116,116)	0
Gain (Loss) Sale of Assets					(83,104)		(83,104)
<b>TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES &amp; TRANSFERS</b>					<b>35,109,372</b>	<b>(112,391)</b>	<b>34,996,981</b>
<b>CHANGE IN NET POSITION</b>					<b>5,196,057</b>	<b>896,992</b>	<b>6,093,049</b>
<b>NET POSITION - BEGINNING</b>					<b>4,529,805</b>	<b>(2,245,174)</b>	<b>2,284,631</b>
<b>NET POSITION - ENDING</b>					<b>9,725,862</b>	<b>(1,348,182)</b>	<b>8,377,680</b>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
BALANCE SHEET  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
JUNE 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE FUND	BUILDING FUND	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
<b>ASSETS:</b>							
Cash & Cash Equivalents	4,683,721		3,365	1,121,311	1,217,242	1,157,022	8,182,661
Accounts Receivable:							
Taxes - Current	308,505						308,505
Taxes - Delinquent	17,328						17,328
Accounts	25,501					6,208	31,709
Interfund Receivable	3,389,744						3,389,744
Intergovernmental - State		20					20
Intergovernmental - Federal		4,464,047					4,464,047
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<u>8,424,799</u>	<u>4,464,067</u>	<u>3,365</u>	<u>1,121,311</u>	<u>1,217,242</u>	<u>1,163,230</u>	<u>16,394,014</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:</b>							
<b>Liabilities:</b>							
Accounts Payable	81,367	40,579				62,246	184,192
Accrued Salaries & Sick Leave	347,688						347,688
Interfund Payable		3,387,465				2,279	3,389,744
Advances from Grantors		1,036,023					1,036,023
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<u>429,055</u>	<u>4,464,067</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>64,525</u>	<u>4,957,647</u>
<b>Fund Balance:</b>							
<b>Restricted for:</b>							
Capital Projects				1,121,311	45,240	635,811	1,802,362
School Activities						462,894	462,894
SFCC Escrow					1,172,002		1,172,002
Debt Service			3,365				3,365
<b>Committed for:</b>							
Accrued Sick Leave	613,181						613,181
<b>Assigned for:</b>							
Purchase Obligations	274,373						274,373
Unassigned Fund Balance	7,108,190						7,108,190
<b>Total Fund Balance</b>	<u>7,995,744</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3,365</u>	<u>1,121,311</u>	<u>1,217,242</u>	<u>1,098,705</u>	<u>11,436,367</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>	<u>8,424,799</u>	<u>4,464,067</u>	<u>3,365</u>	<u>1,121,311</u>	<u>1,217,242</u>	<u>1,163,230</u>	<u>16,394,014</u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE		11,436,367
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets	78,550,886	
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(40,329,062)</u>	38,221,824
Deferred Outflows on Bond Refundings are not current assets and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		190,315
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions are not current assets and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		1,863,385
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not current assets and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		3,102,327
Long-term liabilities (including bonds payable) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds Payable	(18,020,000)	
Unamortized Bond Premiums	(31,947)	
Unamortized Bond Discount	30,864	
Capital Lease Obligation	(1,007,624)	
Accrued Interest on Bonds	(125,756)	
Net Pension Liability	(10,569,705)	
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	(8,123,159)	
Accrued Sick Leave	<u>(613,181)</u>	(38,460,508)
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not current liabilities and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.		(4,116,070)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions are not current liabilities and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.		<u>(2,511,778)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		<u><u>9,725,862</u></u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE FUND	BUILDING FUND	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
<b>REVENUES:</b>							
Taxes:							
Property	5,640,004			694,620			6,334,624
Motor Vehicle	1,181,035						1,181,035
Utility	1,266,641						1,266,641
Other	114,894						114,894
Earnings on Investments	42,845	3,192				2,975	49,012
Intergovernmental - State	23,983,276	943,936	345,273	832,718	333,480		26,438,683
Intergovernmental - Federal	213,982	13,621,933					13,835,915
Other Sources	29,578	42,586				737,030	809,194
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>32,472,255</b>	<b>14,611,647</b>	<b>345,273</b>	<b>1,527,338</b>	<b>333,480</b>	<b>740,005</b>	<b>50,029,998</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>							
Instructional	16,563,978	11,647,508				661,933	28,873,419
Support Services:							
Student Support Services	1,095,828	382,179					1,478,007
Staff Support Services	873,664	720,913					1,594,577
District Administration	1,153,712						1,153,712
School Administration	2,351,435	6,496					2,357,931
Business Support Services	1,229,092	49,779	41,166				1,320,037
Plant Operation & Maintenance	3,952,085	85,247					4,037,332
Student Transportation	2,472,051	530,187					3,002,238
Food Service Operations		11,528					11,528
Community Service Operations		509,760					509,760
Facility Acquisition & Construction						452,209	452,209
Debt Service:							
Principal			1,912,027				1,912,027
Interest			499,671				499,671
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>29,691,845</b>	<b>13,943,597</b>	<b>2,452,864</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,114,142</b>	<b>47,202,448</b>
<b>EXCESS(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>2,780,410</b>	<b>668,050</b>	<b>(2,107,591)</b>	<b>1,527,338</b>	<b>333,480</b>	<b>(374,137)</b>	<b>2,827,550</b>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES):</b>							
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds			2,040,000			615,000	2,655,000
Premium on Issuance of Bonds						7,094	7,094
Discount on Issuance of Bonds			(18,887)				(18,887)
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent			(1,980,313)				(1,980,313)
Sale of Assets	158,181						158,181
Operating Transfers In - Note N	898,289	114,123	937,975			323,397	2,273,784
Operating Transfers Out - Note N	(601,473)	(782,173)		(406,027)	(288,240)	(79,755)	(2,157,668)
<b>TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES</b>	<b>454,997</b>	<b>(668,050)</b>	<b>978,775</b>	<b>(406,027)</b>	<b>(288,240)</b>	<b>865,736</b>	<b>937,191</b>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>3,235,407</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(1,128,816)</b>	<b>1,121,311</b>	<b>45,240</b>	<b>491,599</b>	<b>3,764,741</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING AS RESTATED - NOTE R</b>							
	<b>4,760,337</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,132,181</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,172,002</b>	<b>607,106</b>	<b>7,671,626</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES - ENDING</b>	<b>7,995,744</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3,365</b>	<b>1,121,311</b>	<b>1,217,242</b>	<b>1,098,705</b>	<b>11,436,367</b>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,  
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

NET CHANGES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		3,764,741
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures because they use current financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital exceeds depreciation expense for the year.</p>		
Depreciation Expense	(2,040,827)	
Capital Outlays	1,171,584	
		(869,243)
<p>Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.</p>		
Bond Principal Paid	1,620,000	
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	1,980,313	
Bond Proceeds	(2,643,207)	
Capital Lease Principal Paid	292,027	
		1,249,133
<p>Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.</p>		
Amortization-Deferred Outflows on Advanced Bond Refundings	(68,911)	
Amortization - Bond Premiums	3,145	
Amortization - Bond Discounts	(1,527)	
District Pension Contributions	961,422	
Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions	(519,289)	
District Other Post Employment Benefits Contributions	787,689	
Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions - OPEB	144,224	
Accrued Interest Payable	10,787	
Accrued Sick Leave	(24,829)	
		1,292,711
<p>In the statement of activities the net gain on the sale/disposal of assets is reported in whereas in the governmental funds the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus the change in net position differs from change in fund balances by the cost of the asset sold.</p>		
Loss - Sale of Assets		(241,285)
CHANGES - NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		5,196,057

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
PROPRIETARY FUNDS  
JUNE 30, 2022

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS
	FOOD SERVICE
<b>ASSETS:</b>	
Current Assets:	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	846,867
Accounts Receivable	338,755
Inventories for Consumption	50,149
Total Current Assets	1,235,771
Noncurrent Assets:	
Furniture & Equipment	1,436,054
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,288,095)
Total Noncurrent Assets	147,959
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>1,383,730</b>
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	329,461
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	59,776
<b>TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS</b>	<b>1,772,967</b>
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>	
Current Liabilities:	
Account Payable	0
Total Current Liabilities	0
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	529,789
Net Pension Liability	1,865,242
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,395,031
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>2,395,031</b>
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	350,190
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	375,928
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS</b>	<b>3,121,149</b>
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	147,959
Restricted	(1,496,141)
Total Net Position	(1,348,182)
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION</b>	<b>1,772,967</b>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION  
PROPRIETARY FUNDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>ENTERPRISE FUNDS</u>
	<u>FOOD SERVICE</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Lunchroom Sales	33,736
Other Operating Revenues	21
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	<u>33,757</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Salaries & Benefits	885,522
Contract Services	17,141
Materials & Supplies	1,491,581
Depreciation - Note F	40,025
Other Operating Expenses	19,665
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	<u>2,453,934</u>
OPERATING INCOME(LOSS)	(2,420,177)
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES):	
Transfer Out to General Fund	(116,116)
Federal Grants	3,062,093
State Grants	161,239
Donated Commodities	206,228
Interest Income	3,725
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUE	<u>3,317,169</u>
INCOME(LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	896,992
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	<u>0</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	896,992
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>(2,245,174)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	<u><u>(1,348,182)</u></u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.



LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
PROPRIETARY FUNDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>FOOD SERVICE FUND</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>	
Cash Received from:	
Lunchroom Sales	33,736
Other Activities	21
Cash Paid to/for:	
Employees	(835,336)
Supplies	(1,311,274)
Other Activities	(36,806)
	<u>(2,149,659)</u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(2,149,659)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>	
Transfer out to General Fund	(116,116)
Federal Grants	2,841,758
State Grants	21,337
	<u>2,746,979</u>
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities	2,746,979
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>	
Purchase of Equipment	-
	<u>-</u>
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	-
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>	
Receipt of Interest Income	3,725
	<u>3,725</u>
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	3,725
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	601,045
Balances, Beginning of Year	<u>245,822</u>
Balances, End of Year	<u>846,867</u>
<b>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>	
Operating Income (Loss)	(2,420,177)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	
Depreciation	40,025
State On-Behalf Payments	139,903
Donated Commodities	206,228
Change in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:	
Deferred Outflows	126,874
Deferred Inflows	458,667
Net Pension Liability	(492,981)
Net Other Post Employment Benefits	(182,277)
Inventory	(11,942)
Accounts Payable	(13,979)
	<u>(2,149,659)</u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>(2,149,659)</u>
Schedule of Non-Cash Transactions:	
Donated Commodities	206,228
State On-Behalf Payments	139,903

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Reporting Entity

The Lincoln County Board of Education (“Board”), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Lincoln County Board of Education (“District”). The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental “reporting entity” as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Lincoln County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organizations are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Lincoln County Board of Education Finance Corporation – In a prior year, the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the “Corporation”) as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation’s Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

### I. Governmental Fund Types

- A. The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Board. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- B. The Special Revenue (Grant) Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and related notes. This is a major fund of the District.
- C. Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).
  1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a major fund of the District.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
  3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.
- D. Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on generally obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky law. This is a major fund of the District.

### II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

### III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Private Purpose Trust Funds)

- A. The Private Purpose Trust funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organization, or other governments.

### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Proprietary Fund operating revenues are defined as revenues received from the direct purchases of products and services (i.e. food service). Non-operating revenues are not related to direct purchases of products; for the District, these revenues are typically investment income and state and federal grant revenues.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue – Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2022, to finance the General Fund operations were \$0.532 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$0.532 per \$100 valuation for business personal property, and \$0.542 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial, and mixed gases.

### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

<b>Description</b>	<b>Governmental Activities Estimated Lives</b>
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payable resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as “interfund receivables/payables.” These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District’s past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the amount “accumulated sick leave payable” in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is reported as a reserve of fund balance.

Budgetary Process

**Budgetary Basis of Accounting:** The District’s budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

### Inventories

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

The food service fund uses the specific identification method.

### Investments

The private purpose trust funds record investments at their quoted market prices. All realized gains and losses and changes in fair value are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

### Fund Balance

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end. Formal School Board action must be taken during an open meeting to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Superintendent.

Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The District committed the following fund balance type by taking the following action:

<u>Fund Balance Type</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Action</u>
General Fund	\$613,181	Long-Term Sick Leave Commitment

The District uses *restricted/committed* amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use *committed*, then *assigned*, and lastly *unassigned* amounts for unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

<u>Major Special Revenue Fund</u>	<u>Revenue Source</u>
Special Revenue	State, Local and Federal Grants

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.



## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

### Pensions

Teachers' Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

County Employees Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Since certain expense items are amortized over the closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred inflows. If amounts will increase pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

### Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Teachers' Retirement System – For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

County Employees Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS) and

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Since certain expense items are amortized over the closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred inflows. If amounts will increase pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

### Changes in Accounting Principle

Effective July 1, 2021, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

GASB 87 required retrospective application. The District has no leases under GASB 87. Thus, no adjustment to beginning net position is required.

### **NOTE B – ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general-purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **NOTE C – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

**Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits.** Custodial Credit is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's total cash and cash equivalents was \$9,029,528. Of the total cash balance, \$278,365 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, with the remainder covered by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name. Cash equivalents are funds temporarily invested in securities with maturity of 90 days or less.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	<b>Bank Balance</b>	<b>Book Balance</b>
Farmers Bank	10,861,583	9,001,163
U.S. Bank	3,365	3,365
J.P. Chase	<u>25,000</u>	<u>25,000</u>
Total Cash	<u>10,889,948</u>	<u>9,029,528</u>
Breakdown per financial statements:		
Governmental Funds		8,182,661
Proprietary Funds		<u>846,867</u>
Total Cash		<u>9,029,528</u>

**NOTE D – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bond obligations represents the District’s future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation in the original amount aggregating \$26,560,000.

The original amount of each issue and interest rates are summarized below:

2010 Refunding	4,215,000	2.00% - 3.30%
2012 Refunding	6,820,000	1.00% - 2.375%
2014 Refunding	5,385,000	2.75% - 3.625%
2015 Refunding	6,745,000	2.00% - 3.00%
2019	740,000	2.50% - 2.75%
2021 Refunding	2,040,000	1.00% - 1.80%
2022	615,000	1.25% - 3.00%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make bond payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In 1995 the Board entered into “participation agreements” with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky Legislature for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table sets forth the amount to be paid by the Board and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bonds issued. The Kentucky School Construction Commission’s participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth of Kentucky with the right reserved by the Kentucky School Construction Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the agreed participation every two years. The obligation of the Kentucky School Construction Commission to make the agreed payments automatically renews each two years for a period of two years unless the Kentucky School Construction Commission gives notice of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of its biennium.

On August 10, 2021, the District issued \$2,040,000 in Refunding Revenue Bonds with an average interest rate of 1.4 percent to advance refund \$1,920,000 of outstanding 2012 Bonds. The refunding was an advanced refunding. The net proceeds of \$1,980,313 (after \$40,801 in bond issuance costs and of discount of \$18,887) were used to purchase U.S. Government securities. These securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust to call the bonds. The net present value of the savings from the new bond issuance is \$147,667 as described in the bond issuance documents. The difference in cash flow required to service the advance refunding of the 2012 bond compared to the 2022 refunding bond is a reduction in cash flow required of \$147,667.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission at June 30, 2022, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Participation	District's Portion
2022-23	1,685,000	455,965	385,379	1,755,586
2023-24	1,725,000	418,796	386,099	1,757,697
2024-25	1,770,000	379,458	385,785	1,763,673
2025-26	1,800,000	337,671	359,839	1,777,832
2026-27	1,720,000	300,315	267,950	1,752,365
2027-28	1,785,000	252,652	272,324	1,765,328
2028-29	1,860,000	199,763	271,574	1,788,189
2029-30	1,915,000	140,288	270,825	1,784,463
2030-31	1,655,000	70,598	227,587	1,498,011
2031-32	1,395,000	44,850	75,451	1,364,399
2032-33	70,000	19,250	74,701	14,549
2033-34	75,000	17,287	73,801	18,486
2034-35	75,000	15,262	72,901	17,361
2035-36	80,000	13,238	77,001	16,237
2036-37	85,000	10,968	75,951	20,017
2037-38	85,000	8,606	74,901	18,705
2038-39	85,000	6,244	73,852	17,392
2039-40	80,000	3,919	72,801	11,118
2040-41	40,000	2,250	42,250	0
2041-42	35,000	1,050	36,050	0
	<u>18,020,000</u>	<u>2,698,430</u>	<u>3,577,022</u>	<u>17,141,408</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
<b>Primary Government</b>					
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Bond Payable	18,905,000	2,655,000	3,540,000	18,020,000	1,685,000
Add: Bond Premiums	27,998	7,094	3,145	31,947	3,145
Less: Bond Discount	<u>(13,505)</u>	<u>(18,887)</u>	<u>(1,528)</u>	<u>(30,864)</u>	<u>(1,526)</u>
Net Revenue Bond Payable	18,919,493	2,643,207	3,541,617	18,021,083	1,686,619
Capital Lease Obligations	1,299,651	0	292,027	1,007,624	291,773
Net Pension Liability	13,363,267	0	2,793,562	10,569,705	0
Net OPEB Liability	10,791,122	0	2,667,963	8,123,159	0
Accrued Sick Leave	<u>871,915</u>	<u>88,177</u>	<u>94,187</u>	<u>865,905</u>	<u>252,724</u>
Total Governmental Activities:	45,245,448	2,731,384	9,389,356	38,587,476	2,231,116
Proprietary Activities:					
Net OPEB Liability	712,065	0	182,276	529,789	0
Net Pension Liability	<u>2,358,223</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>492,981</u>	<u>1,865,242</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Long-Term Liabilities:	<u>48,315,736</u>	<u>2,731,384</u>	<u>10,064,613</u>	<u>40,982,507</u>	<u>2,231,116</u>

**NOTE E - CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE**

The District is the lessee of buses under capital leases expiring in various years through 2027. The assets and liabilities under capital leases are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. The assets are amortized over their estimated productive lives. Amortization of assets under capital leases is included in depreciation expense for fiscal year 2022.

The following is a summary of property held under capital leases:

<u>Classes of Property</u>	<u>Book Value as of June 30, 2022</u>
Buses	2,927,765
Accumulated Amortization	<u>(2,090,000)</u>
	<u>837,765</u>

The following is a schedule by years of the future principal payments under capital leases as of June 30, 2022:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Capital Lease Payable</u>
2023	316,858
2024	273,951
2025	218,720
2026	171,991
2027	<u>89,858</u>
Net minimum lease payments	1,071,378
Amount representing interest	<u>(63,754)</u>
Present value of net minimum lease payments	<u>1,007,624</u>

Interest rates on capitalized leases vary from 1.00% to 3.900%. The capital leases provide for the buses to revert to the District at the end of the respective lease with no further payment for purchase.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	BEGINNING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	ENDING BALANCE
<b>GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:</b>				
Non-Depreciable Assets:				
Land	409,580			409,580
Construction	-	452,209		452,209
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings & Building Improvements	64,271,393	89,019	592,007	63,768,405
Technology Equipment	3,969,689	94,447		4,064,136
Vehicles	8,027,468	272,318	261,446	8,038,340
General Equipment	1,554,625	263,591		1,818,216
<b>TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST</b>	<b>78,232,755</b>	<b>1,171,584</b>	<b>853,453</b>	<b>78,550,886</b>
<b>LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:</b>				
Buildings & Building Improvements	27,885,320	1,532,214	350,722	29,066,812
Technology Equipment	3,940,148	9,695		3,949,843
Vehicles	5,758,590	436,514	261,446	5,933,658
General Equipment	1,316,345	62,404		1,378,749
<b>TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION</b>	<b>38,900,403</b>	<b>2,040,827</b>	<b>612,168</b>	<b>40,329,062</b>
<b>GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET</b>	<b>39,332,352</b>	<b>(869,243)</b>	<b>(241,285)</b>	<b>38,221,824</b>
<b>PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES:</b>				
Depreciable Assets:				
Technology Equipment	65,921			65,921
General Equipment	1,370,133			1,370,133
<b>TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST</b>	<b>1,436,054</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,436,054</b>
<b>LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:</b>				
Technology Equipment	65,921			65,921
General Equipment	1,182,149	40,025		1,222,174
<b>TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION</b>	<b>1,248,070</b>	<b>40,025</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,288,095</b>
<b>PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET</b>	<b>187,984</b>	<b>(40,025)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>147,959</b>
<b>DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:</b>				
Instructional				761,103
Staff Support Services				8,335
District Administration				6,760
Business Support Services				84
Plant Operation & Maintenance				834,537
Student Transportation				429,498
Community Service Operations				510
<b>TOTAL</b>				<b>2,040,827</b>

**NOTE G – RETIREMENT PLANS**

The District’s employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position’s college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

**General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (“CERS”)**

*Plan description*—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute (“KRS”) Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from <http://kyret.ky.gov/>.

*Benefits provided*—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years’ service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008
	Unreduced retirement	27 years service or 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old OR age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service or 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old OR age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not Available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years’ service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years’ earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years’ service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent’s beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent’s monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent’s monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years’ service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Contributions—Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	<u>Required Contributions</u>
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% +1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% +1% for insurance

**General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS")**

*Plan description*—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at [http://www.TRS.ky.gov/05\\_publications/index.htm](http://www.TRS.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm).

*Benefits provided*—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years.

In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.



## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). University members contribute 10.40% of salary to the retirement system. Non-university members contribute 12.855% of salary to the retirement system. Member contributions are picked up by the employer.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

### **Medical Insurance Plan**

*Plan description*—In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

*Funding policy*—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, six percent (6%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three percent (3%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from Commonwealth appropriation and two and one quarter percent (2.25%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability \$12,434,947 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 12,434,947
Commonwealth's proportional share of the TRS net pension liability associated with the District	<u>55,614,069</u>
	<u>\$ 68,049,016</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.195034% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$610,928 related to CERS and \$4,439,299 related to TRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$4,439,299 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 142,791	\$ 120,690
Changes of assumptions	166,892	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	482,393	2,139,763
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	627,253
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>1,131,085</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,923,161</u>	<u>\$ 2,887,706</u>

\$1,131,085 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30:</u>	
2023	(566,872)
2024	(622,094)
2025	(387,662)
2026	(519,002)
2027	-

*Actuarial assumptions*—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation	7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	2.19%
Measurement Date	2.13%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.00-7.50%, includes inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% annually
Inflation rate	2.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation	
Prior Measurement Date	7.50%
Measurement Date	7.10%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rates of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	37.40%	4.20%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.60%	4.70%
Developed International Equity	16.50%	5.30%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	5.40%
Fixed Income	15.00%	-0.1%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	1.70%
Other Additional Categories	5.00%	2.20%
Real Estate	7.00%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.00%	6.9%
Cash	2.0%	-0.3%
Total	100.0%	

*Discount rate* - For TRS, The discount rate used to measure the TPL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. We assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### County Employees' Retirement System (CERS)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Experience Study	July 1, 2013-June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0%
Investment rate of return	6.25%
Projected salary increases	3.30 to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation rate	2.30%

The mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Nonhazardous

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for the system. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2013 through 2018, is outlined in a report titled “Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018”. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.3% per annum.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
<b>Growth</b>	<b>68.50%</b>	
U.S. Equity	21.75%	5.70%
Non-U.S. Equity	21.75%	6.35%
Private Equity	10.00%	9.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.80%
<b>Liquidity</b>	<b>11.50%</b>	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.00%
Cash	1.50%	-0.60%
<b>Diversifying Strategies</b>	<b>20.00%</b>	
Real Estate	10.00%	5.40%
Opportunistic	0.00%	N/A
Real Return	10.00%	4.55%
Total	100.0%	5.00%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.30%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		7.30%

*Discount rate*—For CERS, projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 30 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

*Sensitivity of CERS and TRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate*—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District’s net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	15,948,410	12,434,947	9,527,640
TRS	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	0	0	0

*Pension plan fiduciary net position*—Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### NOTE H – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

#### Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky

*Plan description* – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information>.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

#### **Medical Insurance Plan**

*Plan description* – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

*Benefits provided* – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

*Contributions* – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2022, the Lincoln County District reported a liability of \$4,920,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was .4099 percent, compared to .2315 percent at June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,920,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	<u>3,996,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 8,916,000</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB benefit of \$9,844 and revenue of \$330,540 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 1,614,616
Changes of assumptions	710,188	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		289,704
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		227,349
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>525,194</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>1,235,382</u>	<u>2,131,669</u>

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$525,194 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

<b>Year ended June 30:</b>	
2023	\$ (361,992)
2024	(363,647)
2025	(329,987)
2026	(292,463)
2027	(71,736)
Thereafter	(1,656)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

*Actuarial assumptions* – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Long-term investment rate of return net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Salary increases, including wage	
Inflation	3.00 – 7.50%
Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Health Trust Health Care Cost Trends	
Under 65	7.00% for FY 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY 2031
Ages 65 and Older	5.00% for FY 2022* decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY 2024
Medicare Part B Premiums	4.40% for FY 2021 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.13%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Health Trust	N/A
Life Trust	N/A

*\*Based on known expected increase in Medicare-eligible costs in the year following the valuation date, an increase rate of 20.00% was used for FYE 2021.*

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2021 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2020 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2020 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.00%	5.10%
Fixed Income	9.00%	-0.10%
Real Estate	6.50%	4.00%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.90%
Additional Category: High Yield	8.00%	1.70%
Other Additional Categories	9.00%	2.20%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	-0.30%
	100.00%	

*Discount rate (SEIR)*- The discount rate used to measure the TOL at June 30, 2021 was 7.10% for the Health Trust and 7.10% for the Life Trust. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
TRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	6,299,000	4,920,000	3,780,000

*Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates* – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	3,574,000	4,920,000	6,595,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

**Life Insurance Plan**

*Plan description – Life Insurance Plan* – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

*Benefits provided* – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member’s estate or to a party designated by the member.

*Contributions* – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

At June 30, 2022, the Kentucky School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-0-
State’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	<u>53,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 53,000</u>

*Actuarial assumptions* – The actuarial assumptions are listed above with the TRS OPEB assumptions information.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS’s investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

<b>Asset Class</b>	<b>Target Allocation</b>	<b>Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return</b>
Global Equity	40.00%	4.40%
International Equity	23.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	18.00%	-0.10%
Real Estate	6.00%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.00%	6.90%
Additional Categories	6.00%	2.10%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.00%	-0.30%
	100.00%	

*Discount rate (SEIR)* - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection’s basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020.

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

County Employees’ Retirement System of Kentucky

*Plan description* – Classified (non-certified) employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public agencies in the state. CERS was established July 1, 1958 by the state legislature. CERS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth’s financial statements. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <https://kyret.ky.gov/About/Board-of-Trustees/Pages/CAFR-and-SAFR.aspx>.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the CERS Medical Insurance. The following information is about the CERS plans:

**Medical Insurance Plan**

*Plan description* –The Kentucky Retirement Systems’ Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from KERS, CERS, and SPRS, the state retirement options. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance. It is noted that while this insurance fund covers employees eligible through KERS, CERS, and SPRS, only the portion related to CERS is applicable to Lincoln County School District since the District does not have or qualify to have employees participate in KERS or SPRS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

*Benefits provided* – Medical Insurance coverage is provided based on the member’s initial participation date and length of service. Members received either a percentage or dollar amount for insurance coverage. The amount of contribution paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

<u>Years of Service</u>	<u>Paid By Insurance Fund (%)</u>
20+	100%
15-19	75%
10-14	50%
4-9	25%
Less than 4	0%

Medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participating on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a vesting period of 10 years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003 earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually, which is currently 1.5%, based upon Kentucky Revised Statutes. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. Only benefit descriptions applicable to CERS Non-Hazardous have been included with this information since only that portion is applicable to the District.

*Contributions* – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, five and seventy-eight one hundreds percent (5.78%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed for the year ended June 30, 2022 for CERS Non-Hazardous, which is the portion of the plan applicable to the District, and this portion is paid 100% paid by employer contributions. One percent (1.00%) is contributed by employees hired on or after September 1, 2008.

At June 30, 2022, the Lincoln County District reported a liability of \$3,732,948 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District’s proportion was .194988 percent, compared to .204917 percent at June 30, 2020.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,732,948
State’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	-0-
Total	<u>\$ 3,732,948</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$230,859. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs

	<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 587,007	\$ 1,114,534
Changes of assumptions	989,675	3,471
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	188,077	772,045
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	444,541
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>431,647</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u><u>2,196,406</u></u>	<u><u>2,334,591</u></u>

from the following sources:

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$431,647 resulting from District contributions of \$308,818 subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year and implicit subsidy of \$122,829, will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

<b>Year ended June 30:</b>	
2023	\$ (47,090)
2024	(135,535)
2025	(118,560)
2026	(268,647)
2027	-
Thereafter	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

*Actuarial assumptions* – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Investment rate of return	6.25%
Salary Increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre - 65	Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Post - 65	Initial trend starting at 6.30% in 2023, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Mortality	
Pre-retirement	PUB-2010 General Mortality table
Post-retirement (non-disabled)	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019
Post-retirement (disabled)	PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
<b>Growth</b>	<b>68.50%</b>	
U.S. Equity	21.75%	5.70%
Non-U.S. Equity	21.75%	6.35%
Private Equity	10.00%	9.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.80%
<b>Liquidity</b>	<b>11.50%</b>	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.00%
Cash	1.50%	-0.60%
<b>Diversifying Strategies</b>	<b>20.00%</b>	
Real Estate	10.00%	5.40%
Opportunistic	0.00%	N/A
Real Return	10.00%	4.55%
Total	100.0%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

*Discount rate* - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy, as most recently revised by House Bill 8, passed during the 2021 legislative session. The assumed future employer contributions reflect the provisions of House Bill 362 (passed during the 2018 legislative session) which limit the increases to the employer contribution rates to 12% over the prior fiscal year through June 30, 2028, for the CERS plans.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.20%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.20%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
CERS	4.20%	5.20%	6.20%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	5,125,309	3,732,948	2,590,284

*Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates* – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Trend Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
Systems' net pension liability	2,687,279	3,732,948	4,995,087

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

**NOTE I – CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected, to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**NOTE J – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES**

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively related including Workers’ Compensation insurance.

**NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees. To obtain insurance of workers’ compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District obtains quotes from commercial insurance companies. Currently, the District maintains insurance coverage through Ohio Casualty Insurance Company.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

**NOTE L – DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES**

The Food Service Fund had a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$1,348,182 at June 30, 2022. Additionally, the following funds have operations that resulted in a current year deficit of expenditures over revenues resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

District Activity	39,143
Construction Fund	449,234
Debt Service	2,107,591

**NOTE M – COBRA**

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the School District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

**NOTE N – TRANSFER OF FUNDS**

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
Matching	General	Special Revenue	Technology Match	69,525
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Debt Service	41,851
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Indirect Cost	740,322
Operating	General	Debt Service	Debt Service	531,948
Operating	Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	406,027
Operating	School Activity	District Activity	Operations	35,157
Operating	School Activity	Special Revenue	Operations	44,598
Operating	Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Debt Service	<u>288,240</u>
		<b>Subtotal Governmental Funds Transfer</b>		2,157,668
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	<u>116,116</u>
		<b>Total Transferred Funds</b>		<u>2,273,784</u>



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**NOTE O – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Special Revenue	\$3,387,465
General Fund	School Activity Fund	\$ 2,279

The interfund payables/receivables represent temporary financing that will be repaid within one year.

**NOTE P – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has reviewed subsequent events through November 15, 2022, the date the financials were available for release. There are no material subsequent events to disclose.

**NOTE Q – ON-BEHALF PAYMENT**

For the year ended June 30, 2022, \$8,702,868 in on-behalf payments were made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky for the benefit of the District. Payments for life insurance, health insurance, Kentucky teacher retirement matching pension contributions, administrative fees, technology and debt service were paid by the State for the District. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts. These payments were as follows:

Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 Schedule A)	\$4,439,299
Teachers Retirement System (GASB 75)	338,680
Health Insurance	4,206,908
Life Insurance	6,671
Administrative Fee	53,216
HRA/Dental/Vision	224,350
Federal Reimbursement	(1,031,783)
Technology	120,254
SFCC Debt Service Payments	<u>345,273</u>
Total	<u>\$8,702,868</u>

**NOTE R – COMMITMENTS**

Lincoln County School District is in the process renovating existing Area Technology Center spaces to provide a new welding lab. Construction for this project is ongoing as of the audit date. It is anticipated that the completion of this project will cost an additional \$735,861 including equipment costs.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY  
INFORMATION

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN  
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
<b>REVENUES:</b>				
Taxes	7,283,290	7,283,290	8,202,574	919,284
Other Local Sources	30,000	30,000	72,423	42,423
State Sources	24,095,821	24,095,821	23,983,276	(112,545)
Federal Sources	140,000	140,000	213,982	73,982
Other Sources	227,750	227,750	1,056,470	828,720
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>31,776,861</b>	<b>31,776,861</b>	<b>33,528,725</b>	<b>1,751,864</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>				
Instructional	20,132,074	20,132,074	16,563,978	3,568,096
Student Support Services	1,160,027	1,160,027	1,095,828	64,199
Staff Support Services	1,038,149	1,038,149	873,664	164,485
District Administration	966,069	966,069	1,153,712	(187,643)
School Administration	2,300,421	2,300,421	2,351,435	(51,014)
Business Support Services	1,060,725	1,060,725	1,229,092	(168,367)
Plant Operation & Maintenance	3,752,196	3,752,196	3,952,085	(199,889)
Student Transportation	2,783,519	2,783,519	2,472,051	311,468
Community Service Operations	0	0	0	0
Other	602,344	602,344	601,473	871
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>33,795,524</b>	<b>33,795,524</b>	<b>30,293,318</b>	<b>3,502,206</b>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b>	<b>(2,018,663)</b>	<b>(2,018,663)</b>	<b>3,235,407</b>	<b>5,254,070</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING</b>	<b>2,018,663</b>	<b>2,018,663</b>	<b>4,760,337</b>	<b>2,741,674</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES - ENDING</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>7,995,744</b>	<b>7,995,744</b>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN  
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
<b>REVENUES:</b>				
Other Local Sources			3,192	3,192
State Sources	1,107,374	1,107,374	943,936	(163,438)
Federal Sources	12,666,664	12,666,664	13,621,933	955,269
Other Sources	78,506	78,506	156,709	78,203
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<u>13,852,544</u>	<u>13,852,544</u>	<u>14,725,770</u>	<u>873,226</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>				
Instructional	11,014,067	11,014,067	11,647,508	(633,441)
Student Support Services	242,923	242,923	382,179	(139,256)
Staff Support Services	634,590	634,590	720,913	(86,323)
District Administration				
School Administration	6,499	6,499	6,496	
Business Support Services			49,779	
Plant Operation & Maintenance	131,080	131,080	85,247	45,833
Student Transportation	728,277	728,277	530,187	198,090
Food Service			11,528	
Central Office				
Community Service Operations	396,542	396,542	509,760	(113,218)
Facility Acquisition & Construction				
Other	698,566	698,566	782,173	(83,607)
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<u>13,852,544</u>	<u>13,852,544</u>	<u>14,725,770</u>	<u>(811,922)</u>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>61,304</u>
<b>FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING</b>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>FUND BALANCES - ENDING</b>	<u><u>0</u></u>	<u><u>0</u></u>	<u><u>0</u></u>	<u><u>61,304</u></u>

See accompanying auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE  
 OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY  
 TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	<u>107,599,741</u>	<u>114,033,554</u>	<u>145,053,801</u>	<u>128,026,106</u>	<u>60,368,474</u>	<u>59,824,759</u>	<u>60,845,647</u>	<u>55,614,069</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b><u>107,599,741</u></b>	<b><u>114,033,554</u></b>	<b><u>145,053,801</u></b>	<b><u>128,026,106</u></b>	<b><u>60,368,474</u></b>	<b><u>59,824,759</u></b>	<b><u>60,845,647</u></b>	<b><u>55,614,069</u></b>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,242,417	\$ 17,267,002	\$ 16,798,382	\$ 16,550,655	\$ 16,008,627	\$ 16,249,012	\$ 16,625,189	\$ 17,506,456
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	45.59%	44.70%	57.04%	39.80%	59.30%	58.80%	58.20%	65.59%

*Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.*

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE  
 OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY  
 COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.227394%	0.234952%	0.232259%	0.236088%	0.223531%	0.210158%	0.204976%	0.195034%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,377,999	10,101,825	11,435,526	13,818,956	13,613,719	14,780,506	15,721,490	12,434,947
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<b>TOTAL</b>	<u><u>\$ 7,377,999</u></u>	<u><u>10,101,825</u></u>	<u><u>11,435,526</u></u>	<u><u>13,818,956</u></u>	<u><u>13,613,719</u></u>	<u><u>14,780,506</u></u>	<u><u>15,721,490</u></u>	<u><u>12,434,947</u></u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,088,163	5,561,734	5,788,896	5,549,483	5,319,668	5,267,100	5,002,892	5,342,867
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	121.19%	181.63%	197.54%	249.01%	255.91%	280.62%	314.25%	232.74%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.80%	63.46%	55.50%	53.30%	53.54%	50.45%	47.81%	57.33%

*Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.*

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE  
 TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 16,242,417	\$ 17,267,002	\$ 16,798,382	\$ 16,550,655	\$ 16,008,627	\$ 16,249,012	\$ 16,625,189	\$ 17,506,456
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

*Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.*

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE  
 COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 698,977	\$ 690,767	\$ 807,551	\$ 803,565	\$ 862,851	\$ 1,016,550	\$ 965,558	\$ 1,131,085
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u>698,977</u>	<u>690,767</u>	<u>807,551</u>	<u>803,565</u>	<u>862,851</u>	<u>1,016,550</u>	<u>965,558</u>	<u>1,131,085</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 5,482,170	\$ 5,561,734	\$ 5,788,896	\$ 5,549,483	\$ 5,319,668	\$ 5,267,100	\$ 5,002,892	\$ 5,342,867
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	12.75%	12.42%	13.95%	14.48%	16.22%	19.30%	19.30%	21.17%

*Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.*



LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE  
 OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE  
 COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.236088%	0.223524%	0.210103%	0.204917%	0.194988%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	4,746,176	3,968,624	3,533,838	4,948,122	3,732,948
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<u><u>4,746,176</u></u>	<u><u>3,968,624</u></u>	<u><u>3,533,838</u></u>	<u><u>4,948,122</u></u>	<u><u>3,732,948</u></u>
District's covered-employee payroll	5,549,483	5,319,668	5,267,100	5,002,892	5,342,867
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	85.52%	74.60%	67.09%	98.91%	69.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.40%	57.62%	60.44%	51.67%	62.91%

*Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.*

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE  
 OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN  
 TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.2521%	0.2395%	0.2352%	0.2315%	0.4099%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	8,991,000	8,309,000	6,883,000	5,843,000	4,920,000
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district	<u>7,344,000</u>	<u>7,160,000</u>	<u>5,559,000</u>	<u>4,680,000</u>	<u>3,996,000</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>16,335,000</u></u>	<u><u>15,469,000</u></u>	<u><u>12,442,000</u></u>	<u><u>10,523,000</u></u>	<u><u>8,916,000</u></u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,550,655	\$ 16,008,627	\$ 16,249,012	\$ 16,625,189	\$ 17,506,456
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	54.32%	51.90%	42.36%	35.15%	28.10%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	21.18%	25.50%	32.60%	39.05%	51.74%

*Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.*

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE  
 OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN  
 TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-	-	-	-	-
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district	<u>98,000</u>	<u>123,000</u>	<u>129,000</u>	<u>142,000</u>	<u>53,000</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>98,000</u></u>	<u><u>123,000</u></u>	<u><u>129,000</u></u>	<u><u>142,000</u></u>	<u><u>53,000</u></u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,550,655	\$ 16,008,627	\$ 16,249,012	\$ 16,625,189	\$ 17,506,456
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	79.99%	75.00%	73.40%	71.57%	89.15%

*Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.*

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MEDICAL INSUARANCE PLAN  
 COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 260,826	\$ 279,815	\$ 250,714	\$ 238,138	\$ 308,818
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u>260,826</u>	<u>279,815</u>	<u>250,714</u>	<u>238,138</u>	<u>308,818</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 5,549,483	\$ 5,319,668	\$ 5,267,100	\$ 5,002,892	\$ 5,342,867
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	4.70%	5.26%	4.76%	4.76%	5.78%

*Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.*

LINCON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN  
 TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 496,520	\$ 480,259	\$ 487,470	\$ 498,756	\$ 525,194
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u>496,520</u>	<u>480,259</u>	<u>487,470</u>	<u>498,756</u>	<u>525,194</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 16,550,655	\$ 16,008,627	\$ 16,249,012	\$ 16,625,189	\$ 17,506,456
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

*Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.*

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE LIFE INSURANCE PLAN  
 TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 16,550,655	\$ 16,008,627	\$ 16,249,012	\$ 16,625,189	\$ 17,506,456
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

*Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years are not displayed.*

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE  
OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%. • In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

**NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS**

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age, normal
Amortization Period	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	30-year closed period that began fiscal year 2011 to amortize the unfunded liability
Asset valuation method	5-year asset smoothing method
Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary Increase	3.00 to 7.50 percent
Ultimate Investment rate of return	7.10 per annum, compounded annually, including inflation

**NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS**

There were no changes in benefits for TRS pension.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE  
OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

2015

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.

The assumed inflation rate was reduced from 3.5% to 3.255%.

The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to .75%.

Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

2016

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2016.

2017

The following changes were made by the KRS Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

The assumed rate of inflation was reduced to 2.30% from 3.25%

The assumed salary increases were reduced to 3.05%, average, from 4.00%, average including inflation

The assumed investment rate of return was reduced to 6.25% from 7.50%

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

The following changes were made by the KRS Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:



LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE  
 OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)**

The projected salary increase was changed to 3.3-11.5% from 3.05%

The asset valuation method was changed to 20% of the difference between the market value assets and the expected actuarial value of assets if recognized from 5-year smoothed market.

The payroll growth rate was changed to 2.0% from 4.0%.

The investment rate of return was change to 6.25% from 7.5%.

The inflation rate was changed to 2.3% from 3.25%.

2020

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2020.

2021

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2021.

**NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS**

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the rates reported in that schedule:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Experience Study	July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years, Closed
	<i>Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization basis</i>
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	2.30 percent
Salary Increase	3.30-11.50 percent, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.25 percent
Phase-In Provision	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018 for CERS

The retiree mortality is a System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

**NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS**

There were no changes in benefits for CERS non-hazardous pensions.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE  
OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

2017

There were no changes in assumptions.

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

There were no changes in assumptions.

2020

Health Care Cost Trend Rates were updated for the June 30, 2019 valuation.

2021

Health Trust and Life Trust

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.

The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%.

The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

**NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS**

The Health Trust is not funded based on an actuarially determined contribution, but instead is funded based on statutorily determined amounts.

**NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS**

There were no changes of benefits.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE  
OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

2017

The assumed investment return was changed from 7.5% to 6.2%

The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30% which resulted in a .95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service

The payroll growth assumption (\*applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.0% to 2.0%

For the non-hazardous plan, the single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%. For the hazardous plan the single discount rate changed from 7.37% to 5.96%

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

The investment rate of return was changed to 6.25% from 7.0%.

The projected salary increases changed to 3.05-11.55% from 4.0%.

The inflation rate changed to 2.3% from 3.25%.

The payroll growth rate changed to 2.0% from 4.0%.

2020

There were no changes in assumptions.

2021

The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed since the prior year. The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2020 valuation process and was updated to better reflect the plan's long-term healthcare costs.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE  
 OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)**

**NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS**

*Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions* – The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Experience Study	July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years, closed
	<i>Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year amortization bases</i>
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increase	3.30%-10.30%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.25 %
Mortality	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre - 65	Initial trend starting at 6.25% at January 1, 2021 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. The 2020 premiums were known at the time of valuation and were incorporated into the liability measurement.
Post - 65	Initial trend starting at 5.50% at January 1, 2021 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years. The 2020 premiums were known at the time of valuation and were incorporated into the liability measurement.
Phase-In Provision	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018.

**NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS**

There were no changes in benefits for CERS, non-hazardous OPEB.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY  
INFORMATION

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET  
 NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
 JUNE 30, 2022

	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	CONSTRUCTION FUND	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS
<b>ASSETS:</b>				
Cash & Cash Equivalents	84,114	693,056	379,852	1,157,022
Accounts Receivable			6,208	6,208
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<u>84,114</u>	<u>693,056</u>	<u>386,060</u>	<u>1,163,230</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:</b>				
Liabilities:				
Interfund Payable			2,279	2,279
Accounts Payable		57,245	5,001	62,246
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<u>0</u>	<u>57,245</u>	<u>7,280</u>	<u>64,525</u>
Fund Balances:				
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects		635,811		635,811
School Activities	84,114		378,780	462,894
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<u>84,114</u>	<u>635,811</u>	<u>378,780</u>	<u>1,098,705</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>	<u>84,114</u>	<u>693,056</u>	<u>386,060</u>	<u>1,163,230</u>

IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants  
 COVID-19 - IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES  
 NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	CONSTRUCTION FUND	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS
REVENUES:				
Earnings on Investments		2,975		2,975
Other Sources			737,030	737,030
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>0</u>	<u>2,975</u>	<u>737,030</u>	<u>740,005</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional	39,143		622,790	661,933
Facilities Acquisition & Construction		452,209		452,209
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>39,143</u>	<u>452,209</u>	<u>622,790</u>	<u>1,114,142</u>
EXCESS(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(39,143)	(449,234)	114,240	(374,137)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES):				
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds		615,000		615,000
Premium on Issuance of Bonds		7,094		7,094
Operating Transfers In	35,157	288,240		323,397
Operating Transfers Out			(79,755)	(79,755)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)	<u>35,157</u>	<u>910,334</u>	<u>(79,755)</u>	<u>865,736</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	<u>(3,986)</u>	<u>461,100</u>	<u>34,485</u>	<u>491,599</u>
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants				
COVID-19 - IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	<u>88,100</u>	<u>174,711</u>	<u>344,295</u>	<u>607,106</u>
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u><u>84,114</u></u>	<u><u>635,811</u></u>	<u><u>378,780</u></u>	<u><u>1,098,705</u></u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCES  
 AGENCY FUNDS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	FUND BALANCE JULY 1, 2021	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2022
Lincoln County High School	172,353	363,826	342,445	193,734
Lincoln County Middle School	73,572	189,867	181,700	81,739
Crab Orchard Elementary	26,718	18,206	20,001	24,923
Highland Elementary	9,454	15,251	15,532	9,173
Hustonville Elementary	34,584	66,424	58,766	42,242
Stanford Elementary	20,854	56,453	58,234	19,073
Waynesburg Elementary	6,760	27,003	25,867	7,896
Total Activity Funds (Due to Student Groups)	<u>344,295</u>	<u>737,030</u>	<u>702,545</u>	<u>378,780</u>

See independent accountant's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.



LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND FUND BALANCE  
HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	CASH			CASH		ACCOUNTS	ACCOUNTS	FUND
	BALANCE	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	BALANCE	RECEIVABLE	PAYABLE	BALANCE	
	JULY 1, 2021			JUNE 30, 2022	JUNE 30, 2022	JUNE 30, 2022	JUNE 30, 2022	
General Fund	1,908	1,121	378	2,651	0	0	2,651	
LCHS Special Acct.	17	0	17	0	0	0	0	
Flower Fund	275	17	256	36	0	0	36	
District Attendance	1,350	0	1,350	0	0	0	0	
General Student	230	10,641	4,608	6,263	0	0	6,263	
General Staff	875	2,347	2,871	351	0	16	335	
Chrome Books	0	23,262	23,262	0	0	0	0	
Project Graduation	1,960	5,397	5,649	1,708	0	29	1,679	
Prom Account	19,757	7,080	9,123	17,714	0	0	17,714	
Yearbook	10,396	1,560	5,820	6,136	0	0	6,136	
Picture Account	4,201	448	4,649	0	0	0	0	
Art Department	1,022	766	146	1,642	0	0	1,642	
Business Department	2,969	9,767	6,892	5,844	0	0	5,844	
Culinary	847	1,743	1,743	847	0	0	847	
VO. AG. Special	391	0	391	0	0	0	0	
Floral Design	344	0	71	273	0	0	273	
Horticulture	24,375	15,521	19,608	20,288	0	0	20,288	
Athletics	13,504	63,328	63,770	13,062	6,208	4,200	15,070	
A.D. Financial Aid	1,404	40,676	39,951	2,129	0	0	2,129	
Baseball BC	2,606	6,323	6,478	2,451	0	0	2,451	
Boys Golf BC	992	2,779	2,069	1,702	0	0	1,702	
Girls Golf BC	1,282	8,793	5,266	4,809	0	0	4,809	
Boys and Girls Tennis BC	654	1,100	748	1,006	0	0	1,006	
Cross Country BC	846	200	970	76	0	0	76	
District Softball	15,407	1,782	458	16,731	0	0	16,731	
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	2,474	45,091	43,020	4,545	0	0	4,545	
COVID-19 - IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	2,455	8,000	7,971	2,484	0	0	2,484	
Bass Fishing BC	2,464	6,897	4,799	4,562	0	755	3,807	
Regional Basketball	13,119	26,366	18,054	21,431	0	0	21,431	
Training/F.A.	119	1,000	1,003	116	0	0	116	
Archery BC	7,926	14,106	4,763	17,269	0	0	17,269	
Football Playoffs	2,455	5,436	2,039	5,852	0	0	5,852	
Bowling BC	1,940	2,900	2,330	2,510	0	0	2,510	
Uniform FA	2,444	8,579	11,023	0	0	0	0	
Baseball FA	1,958	2,750	2,849	1,859	0	0	1,859	
Boys Basketball FA	5,383	2,825	7,104	1,104	0	0	1,104	
Girls Basketball FA	416	3,353	2,900	869	0	0	869	
Football FA	1,594	5,000	6,531	63	0	0	63	
Boys Soccer FA	828	1,250	683	1,395	0	0	1,395	
Girls Soccer FA	0	1,250	309	941	0	0	941	
Softball FA	85	2,750	2,818	17	0	0	17	
Boys Track & Field FA	112	1,000	487	625	0	0	625	
Cross Country FA	2,274	1,000	1,868	1,406	0	0	1,406	
Girls Volleyball FA	2,689	1,750	4,374	65	0	0	65	
Cheerleaders FA	292	764	1,056	0	0	0	0	
Swim B/C FA	617	466	20	1,063	0	0	1,063	

Archery FA	5	500	0	505	0	0	505
Beta Club	1,104	4,613	3,479	2,238	0	0	2,238
Spring Musical	709	7,274	6,090	1,893	0	0	1,893
F.B.L.A.	904	5,638	4,753	1,789	0	0	1,789
F.F.A.	492	20,708	18,635	2,565	0	0	2,565
F.C.C.L.A.	1,617	1,577	1,715	1,479	0	0	1,479
Guidance Department	357	465	491	331	0	0	331
Library	3,025	40	289	2,776	0	0	2,776
National Honor Society	757	3,532	2,636	1,653	0	0	1,653
Pep Club	1,401	0	651	750	0	0	750
Student Y/KYA	149	0	149	0	0	0	0
Drama Club	959	0	959	0	0	0	0
National Art Honor Society	190	0	190	0	0	0	0
Band	3,039	15,973	16,058	2,954	0	0	2,954
Chorus	170	300	405	65	0	0	65
Senior Class	0	1,494	1,467	27	0	0	27
Academic Team	449	0	0	449	0	0	449
Student Council	374	0	120	254	0	0	254
Foreign Language	46	0	46	0	0	0	0
Auditorium/Rental	463	0	65	398	0	0	398
Textbooks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Educators Rising	443	2,238	1,897	784	0	0	784
Snow Queen	0	225	225	0	0	0	0
Nat Spanish Honor	10	0	10	0	0	0	0
District Activity Sweep	0	43,279	43,279	0	0	0	0
Startup Funds	0	925	925	0	0	0	0
National French Honor	<u>77</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total All Funds	175,996	455,965	437,156	194,805	6,208	5,000	196,013
Interfund Payable							(2,279)
Interfund Transfers	<u>0</u>	<u>(97,784)</u>	<u>(97,784)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total	<u><u>175,996</u></u>	<u><u>358,181</u></u>	<u><u>339,372</u></u>	<u><u>194,805</u></u>	<u><u>6,208</u></u>	<u><u>5,000</u></u>	<u><u>193,734</u></u>

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

<u>FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE</u>	<u>CFDA NUMBER</u>	<u>PASS THROUGH NUMBER (if applicable)</u>	<u>MUNIS PROJECT NUMBER</u>	<u>EXPENDITURES</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u>				
Passed-Through Department of Education				
Title I - Parent Involvement	84.010	3100002	310FM	1,077
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002	310F	9,413
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002	310G	595,540
Title I - Parent Involvement	84.010	3100002	310GM	12,304
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002	310I	984,819
Title I - School Improvement	84.010	3100002	320DC	57,372
Title I - Education Recovery Special (MOA)	84.010	3100002	320GE	15,959
Title I - Education Recovery Special (MOA)	84.010	3100002	320IE	509,903
Title I Total				2,186,387
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002	401G	27,192
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002	401I	209,363
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Total				236,555 *
Perkins Voc.	84.048	3710002	348G	3,071
Perkins Voc.	84.048	3710002	348GA	262
Perkins Voc.	84.048	3710002	348I	26,765
Total Perkins Voc.				30,098
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027	3810002	337F	261,568
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027	3810002	337G	894,945
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.027	3810002	343F	836
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002	343G	75,743
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002	343I	56,747
COVID-19 - IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027X	4910002	478I	27,684
Special Education Cluster				1,317,523 *
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550EH	99
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550EO	10,382
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550F	6,180
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550FC	33,016
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550FE	14,104
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550FH	16,378
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550FO	20,042
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550FW	13,961
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550G	104,706
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550GC	89,990
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550GE	85,347
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550GH	102,845
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550GM	133,938
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550GO	116,991
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550GW	104,093
21st Century Learning Center Total				852,072
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	3110002	311G	105,379
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	3110002	311I	165,192
Migrant Education -State Grant Program Total				270,571
Title IV - Rural and Low Income Schools	84.358	3140002	350G	27,733
Title IV - Rural and Low Income Schools	84.358	3140002	350I	30,382
Title IV - Rural and Low Income Schools Total				58,115
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002	552F	26,316
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002	552G	53,288
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002	552I	14,284
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002	552IT	114
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Total				94,002
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300002	473G	39,190
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300005	473GK	4,231
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300002	473GL	482,642
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425W	4980002	476IC	177
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4000002	554GD	4,602,784
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4000003	554GL	4,366
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4000002	554GS	240,201
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4000003	554GV	42,600
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4000002	613F	368,644
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	GEER-20	564GF	29,551
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Total				5,814,386 *

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Passed Through Berea College				
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379FS	379FS	1,008
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379GR	379GR	5,400
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379IB	379IB	15,188
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379IC	379IC	684
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379IL	379IL	2,232
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379IR	379IR	1,920
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379IS	379IS	51,671
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs Total				<u>78,103</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education				<u>10,937,812</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u>				
Head Start	93.600	Direct	655G	98,938
COVID-19 - Head Start - CARES	93.600	Direct	655GC	85,988
Head Start - Early Head Start	93.600	Direct	655GH	67,902
Head Start	93.600	Direct	655I	1,622,817
Head Start - Early Head Start	93.600	Direct	655IH	523,756
COVID-19 - Head Start -Early Head Start	93.600	Direct	655HC	28,104
COVID-19 - Head Start	93.600	Direct	655IC	63,736
COVID-19 - Head Start	93.600	Direct	655CF	43,381
Head Start Total				<u>2,534,622</u>
Passed-Through Kentucky Department of Education				
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	658FC	658FC	4,585
COVID-19 - CRRSA Child Care Aid	93.575	658FL	672G	34,459
				<u>39,044</u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				<u>2,573,666</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u>				
Passed-Through State Department of Education				
National School Lunchroom	10.555	7750002-21	7750002-21	274,364
National School Lunchroom	10.555	7970000-21	7970000-21	221,314
National School Lunchroom	10.555	7750002-22	7750002-22	1,306,979
National School Lunchroom	10.555	9980000-22	9980000-22	87,491
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-21	7760005-21	100,674
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-22	7760005-22	508,653
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7740023-21	7740023-21	73,329
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7690024-21	7690024-21	7,544
PEBT Administrative Funds	10.649	9990000-21	9990000-21	3,063
Child Nutrition Cluster				<u>2,583,411</u> *
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021-21	7790021-21	28,173
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7800016-21	7800016-21	1,668
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7980000-21	7980000-21	16,950
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021-22	7790021-22	95,144
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7800016-22	7800016-22	5,498
Child & Adult Care Food Program Total				<u>147,433</u>
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	7720012-21	7720012-21	39,774
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	7720012-22	7720012-22	66,086
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program Total				<u>105,860</u>
State Administrative Expense Funds	10.560	7700001-20	7700001-20	5,052
Food Distribution	10.565	057502-10	057502-10	<u>206,228</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				<u>3,047,984</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance				<u><u>16,559,462</u></u>

\* Tested as major program

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Lincoln County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Lincoln County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net asset, or cash flows of Lincoln County School District.

**NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are present where available.

**NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION**

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed.

**NOTE D – DE MINIMIS COST RATE**

The District did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**NOTE E – SUBRECIPIENTS**

There were no subrecipients during the fiscal year.

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results**

**Financial Statements**

Type of audit issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes      X   No
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes      X   None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes      X   No

**Federal Awards**

Internal control over major programs?

- Material weakness(es) identified? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes      X   No
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes      X   None Reported

Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major programs (unmodified):

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes      X   No

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Number</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>
84.425C/84.425D/84.425U/84.425W	Covid-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund
84.027/84.027X/84.173 84.367	IDEA Cluster *
10.553/10.555/10.559/10.649	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Child Nutrition Cluster

*\*Includes COVID-19 IDEA*

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:   \$750,000  

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?   X   Yes    \_\_\_\_\_ No

**Section II – Financial Statement of Findings**

No matters were reported.

**Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

No matters were reported

LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS  
JUNE 30, 2022

There were no prior year audit findings.

**WHITE AND COMPANY, P.S.C.**  
**Certified Public Accountants**  
**219 South Proctor Knott Avenue**  
**Lebanon, Kentucky 40033**  
**(270) 692-2102**  
**Fax (270) 692-2101**

Charles M. White, CPA  
Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA  
Stephanie A. Abell, CPA

Email: charles.white@whitecpas.com

November 15, 2022

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL  
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH  
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Members of the Board of Education  
Lincoln County School District  
Stanford, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request*, *Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lincoln County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2022.

**Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lincoln County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lincoln County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lincoln County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulation identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

*White and Company, P.S.C.*

Certified Public Accountants

**WHITE AND COMPANY, P.S.C.**  
**Certified Public Accountants**  
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**Lebanon, Kentucky 40033**  
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November 15, 2022

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR  
PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED  
BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Members of the Board of Education  
Lincoln County School District  
Stanford, Kentucky

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited Lincoln County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lincoln County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Lincoln County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Lincoln County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

***Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Lincoln County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Lincoln County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Lincoln County School District's federal programs.

### ***Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Lincoln County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Lincoln County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Lincoln County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Lincoln County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lincoln County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

*White and Company, P.S.C.*

Certified Public Accountants

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**Certified Public Accountants**  
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Charles M. White, CPA  
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Email charles.white@whitecpas.com

November 15, 2022

**MANAGEMENT LETTER**

Members of the Board of Education  
Lincoln County School District  
Stanford, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Lincoln County School District for the year ended June 30, 2022, we considered its internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements. Our professional standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We feel that the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement. However, we offer the following suggestions that we feel will strengthen your organization's internal control structure.

**Prior Year Recommendation – District:**

None.

**Prior Year Recommendation – School Activity Funds:**

2021-1: Prior Year Recommendation:

During prior year testing, there was one instance at Crab Orchard Elementary School of a charge occurring prior to the issuance of a purchase order. We recommend that all purchase orders be issued prior to any purchase being made.

Current Year Status:

No such instances were found during current year testing.

**Current Year Recommendation – School Activity Funds:**

2022-1: Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, there were several instances where invoices were not signed nor receiving reports completed to document the receipt of goods at Lincoln County Middle School. We recommend that invoices be signed or receiving reports be completed to ensure that goods have been received prior to disbursement.

Management Response:

We will take measures to ensure that teachers, sponsors, and coaches complete receiving reports or sign invoices to document receipt of goods prior to payment.

**Current Year Recommendation – District:**

2022-2: Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, there were a couple of instances where a standard invoice was not properly completed for disbursements to a routine vendor, Springfield Laundry. It is noted that a standard invoice was deemed to be the appropriate documentation for these disbursements given their nature. To ensure that a disbursement contains proper documentation and approvals, we recommend that standard invoices be properly completed for all invoices associated with the applicable disbursement.

Management Response:

We will take measures to ensure that all invoices contain proper documentation and approval.

We would like to offer our assistance throughout the year if and when new or unusual situations arise. Our awareness of new developments when they occur would help to ensure that the District is complying with requirements such as those mentioned above.

Sincerely,

*White and Company, P.S.C.*

Certified Public Accountants

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November 15, 2022

Members of the Board of Education  
Lincoln County School District  
Stanford, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County School District for the year ended June 30, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated May 3, 2022. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters:

*Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices*

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting polices used by Lincoln County School District are described in Note A to the financial statements. As described in Note A to the financial statements, the District changed policies related to leases by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 87, Leases, in 2022. The District did not have any leases that were impacted by this adoption. No other new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2022. We noted no transactions entered into by Lincoln County School District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the sick leave liability is based on current pay rates and those currently eligible for retirement. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the sick leave liability in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

### *Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit*

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

### *Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements*

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

### *Disagreements with Management*

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

### *Management Representations*

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 15, 2022.

### *Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants*

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Lincoln County School District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

### *Other Audit Findings or Issues*

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Lincoln County School District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

### Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were not engaged to report on the budgetary comparison information on pages 52 and 53, or on the schedules of the district's proportionate share of net pension liabilities and other post-employment benefit plans on pages 54-55 and 58-60, or on the schedules of contributions to the County Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System pension plans or the County Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System other post-employment benefit plans on pages 56-57 and 61-63,



which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of Members of the Board of Education and management of Lincoln County School District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

*White and Company, P.S.C.*

Certified Public Accountants

## **APPENDIX C**

**Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation  
School Building Revenue Bonds  
Second Series of 2023**

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**Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale**

## **OFFICIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF BOND SALE**

**\$500,000\***

**Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation  
School Building Revenue Bonds, Second Series of 2023  
Dated November 7, 2023**

**SALE: October 17, 2023 AT 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T.**

As published on PARITY®, a nationally recognized electronic bidding system, the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation") will until October 17, 2023, at the hour of 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T., in the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Rd, Carriage House, Frankfort, KY 40601, receive competitive bids for the revenue bonds herein described. To be considered, bids must be submitted on an Official Bid Form and must be delivered to the Corporation at the address indicated on the date of sale no later than the hour indicated. Bids may be submitted manually or by facsimile or electronically via PARITY. Bids will be considered by the Corporation and may be accepted without further action by the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Subject to a Permitted Adjustment\* increasing or decreasing the issue by up to \$50,000.

### **LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION**

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non profit, non stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board of Education of Lincoln County, Kentucky (the "Board"). Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Bonds herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

### **STATUTORY AUTHORITY, PURPOSE OF ISSUE AND SECURITY**

These Bonds are authorized pursuant to KRS 162.120 through 162.300, 162.385, and KRS 58.180 and are issued in accordance with a Resolution of the Corporation's Board of Directors. Said Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation payable from rental revenues derived by the Corporation from the Board under the Lease identified below. Said Bonds are being issued to finance improvements at Lincoln County High School (the "Project") and are secured by a lien upon and a pledge of the revenues from the rental of the school building Project property to the Board under the Lease on a year to year basis; the first rental period ending June 30, 2024; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with a similar lien and pledge securing the Corporation's School Building Revenue Bonds previously issued to finance or refinance the school building(s) which constitute the school building Project (the "Parity Bonds" ).

Should the Board default in its obligations under the Lease or fail to renew the Lease, the Registered Owners of Bonds have the right to have a receiver appointed to administer the school building Project but foreclosure and sale are not available as remedies.

The rental of the school building Project property from the Corporation to the Board is to be effected under a certain Lease Agreement by and between the Corporation and the Board (the "Lease"), whereunder the school building Project property is leased to the Board for the initial period ending June 30, 2024, with an option in the Board to renew the Lease each year at rentals sufficient to provide for the principal and interest requirements on the Bonds as they become due, plus the costs of insurance, maintenance, depreciation, and bond issuance and administration expenses; the Board being legally obligated only for the initial rental period and for one year at a time thereafter each time the Lease is renewed.

Under the terms of the Lease and any renewal thereof, so long as the Bonds remain outstanding and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 157.627(5) and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the Lease and Participation Agreement to the Corporation and the Commission the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

Although the Board is obligated to pay the Corporation annual rentals in the full amount of the principal and interest requirements for the Bonds for each year in which the Lease is renewed, the Board has entered into the Lease in reliance upon a certain Participation Agreement by and between the Board and the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission"). Under the terms of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has agreed to pay annually directly to the Paying Agent for the Bonds a stated Agreed Participation equal to approximately 100% of the annual debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified until their retirement, subject to the constitutional restrictions limiting the commitment to the biennium; said annual amount is to be applied only to the principal and interest requirements of the Bonds so long as the Board renews the Lease. Under the Lease, the Board has pledged and assigned all of its rights under the Participation Agreement in and to the Agreed Participation to the Corporation in order to secure the Bonds and has agreed to pay that portion of the rentals in excess of said Agreed Participation for each year in which the Lease is renewed.

### **KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION**

The Commission is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of Sections 157.611 through 157.640 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as repealed, amended, and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, the Regulations of the Kentucky Board of Education and the Commission, the Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for participation from the Commission in meeting the costs of construction of the Projects and has entered into a Participation Agreement with the Board whereunder the Commission agrees to pay an annual Agreed Participation equal to approximately 100% of the annual debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified each year until their retirement; provided, however, that the contractual commitment of the Commission to pay the annual Agreed Participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2024; the right is reserved in the Commission to terminate its commitment to pay the Agreed Participation after the initial biennial period and every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the Agreed Participation shall be automatically renewed each two years for a period of two years unless the Commission shall give notice of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium; however, by the execution of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has expressed its present intention to continue to pay the Agreed Participation in each successive biennial budget period until the retirement of all of the Bonds, but such execution does not obligate the Commission to do so.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$125,216,700 in FY 2022-23 and \$126,719,600 in FY 2023-2024 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues; \$58,000,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium. It authorizes \$85,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2026.

### **ADDITIONAL PARITY BONDS**

The Corporation has reserved the right and privilege of issuing additional bonds from time to time payable from the income and revenues of said lands and school building Project property and secured by a statutory mortgage lien and pledge of revenues, but only if and to the extent the issuance of such additional parity bonds are in accordance with the plans and specifications which have been approved by the Board, Commissioner of Education, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Corporation and a Lease shall be entered into whereunder the annual rental payments during the life of such additional bonds shall be increased by the amount of the annual principal and interest requirements of such additional bonds.

### **BOND MATURITIES, PRIOR REDEMPTION PROVISIONS AND PAYING AGENT**

All such Bonds shall be in denominations in multiples of \$1,000 within the same maturity, bear interest from November 7, 2023, payable on May 1, 2024, and semi annually thereafter and shall mature as to principal on November 1 in each of the years as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount*</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount*</u>
2024	\$17,000	2034	\$25,000
2025	18,000	2035	26,000
2026	18,000	2036	27,000
2027	19,000	2037	29,000
2028	20,000	2038	30,000
2029	21,000	2039	31,000
2030	22,000	2040	32,000
2031	22,000	2041	34,000
2032	23,000	2042	35,000
2033	24,000	2043	27,000

\*Subject to a Permitted Adjustment of the amount of Bonds awarded of up to \$50,000 which may be applied in any or all maturities.

The Bonds maturing on or after November 1, 2032 are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after November 1, 2031, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds are to be issued in fully registered form (both principal and interest). U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, has been designated as the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co. Principal and interest will be payable through the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company: Please see "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM" below. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, beginning May 1, 2024 (Record Date is the 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

### **BIDDING CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS**

(A) Bids must be made on Official Bid Form, contained in Information for Bidders available from the undersigned or RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky, by visiting [www.rsamuni.com](http://www.rsamuni.com) submitted manually, by facsimile or electronically via PARITY®.

(B) Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing, non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

(C) The minimum bid shall be not less than \$490,000 (98% of par) plus accrued interest. Interest rates shall be in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1% or both. Only one interest rate shall be permitted per Bond, and all Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same rate. Interest rates must be on an ascending scale, in that the interest rate stipulated in any year may not be less than that stipulated for any preceding maturity. There is no limit on the number of different interest rates.

(D) The maximum permissible net interest cost for the Bonds shall not exceed "The Bond Buyer's" Index of 20 Municipal Bonds as established on the Thursday immediately preceding the sale of said Bonds plus 1.50%.

(E) The determination of the best purchase bid for said Bonds shall be made on the basis of all bids submitted for exactly \$500,000 principal amount of Refunding Bonds offered for sale under the terms and conditions herein specified, but the Corporation may adjust the principal amount of Bonds upward or downward by \$50,000 (the "Permitted Adjustment") which may be awarded to such best bidder may be a minimum of \$450,000 or a maximum of \$550,000. In the event of such Permitted Adjustment, no rebidding or recalculation of a submitted bid will be required or permitted and the Underwriter's Discount on the Bonds as submitted by the successful bidder shall be held constant. The Underwriter's Discount shall be defined as the difference between the purchase price of the Bonds submitted by the bidder and the price at which the Bonds will be issued to the public, calculated from information provided by the bidder, divided by the par amount of the Bonds bid. The price of which such adjusted principal amount of Bonds will be sold will be the same price per \$1,000 of Bonds as the price per \$1,000 for the \$500,000 of Bonds bid.

(F) If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

(a) *Holding Period* means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.

(b) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

(c) *Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(d) *Sale Date* means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is October 17, 2023.

(e) *Underwriter* means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

(G) The successful bidder may elect to notify the Municipal Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each term bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption by lot on November 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

(H) CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Bonds at the expense of the Corporation. The purchaser shall pay the CUSIP Service Bureau Charge. Improper imprintation or the failure to imprint CUSIP numbers shall not constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for said Bonds in accordance with the terms of any accepted proposal for the purchase of said Bonds.

(I) The Corporation will provide to the successful purchaser a Final Official Statement in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12. A Final Official Statement will be provided in Electronic Form to the successful bidder, in sufficient time to meet the delivery requirements of the successful bidder under SEC and Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board Delivery Requirements. The successful bidder will be required to pay for the printing of Final Official Statements.

(J) Bids need not be accompanied by a certified or bank cashier's good faith check, BUT the successful bidder will be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the amount of the principal amount of Bonds awarded to the order of the Corporation by the close of business on the day following the award. Said good faith amount which will be forfeited as liquidated damages in the event of a failure of the successful bidder to take delivery of such Bonds when ready. The good faith amount (without interest) will be applied to the purchase price upon delivery of the Bonds. The successful bidder shall not be required to take up and pay for said Bonds unless delivery is made within 45 days from the date the bid is accepted.

(K) Delivery will be made utilizing the DTC Book-Entry-Only-System.

(L) The Corporation reserves the right to reject any and all bids or to waive any informality in any bid. The Bonds are offered for sale subject to the principal and interest not being subject to Federal or Kentucky income taxation or Kentucky ad valorem taxation on the date of their delivery to the successful bidder, in accordance with the Final Approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky, which Opinion will be qualified in accordance with the section hereof on TAX EXEMPTION.

(M) The Corporation and the Board agree to cooperate with the successful bidder in the event said purchaser desires to purchase municipal bond insurance regarding the Refunding Bonds; provided, however, that any and all expenses incurred in obtaining said insurance shall be solely the obligation of the successful bidder should the successful bidder so elect to purchase such insurance.

## **STATE SUPPORT OF EDUCATION**

The 1990 Regular Session of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth enacted a comprehensive legislative package known as the Kentucky Education Reform Act ("KERA") designed to comply with the mandate of the Kentucky Supreme Court that the General Assembly provide for as efficient and equitable system of schools throughout the State.

KERA became fully effective on July 13, 1990. Elementary and Secondary Education in the Commonwealth is supervised by the Commissioner of Education as the Chief Executive Officer of the State Department of Education ("DOE"), an appointee of the reconstituted State Board for Elementary and Secondary Education (the "State Board"). Some salient features of KERA are as follows:

KRS 157.330 establishes the fund to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funded from biennial appropriations from the General Assembly for distribution to school districts. The base funding guaranteed to each school district by SEEK for operating and capital expenditures is determined in each fiscal year by dividing the total annual SEEK appropriation by the state-wide total of pupils in average daily attendance ("ADA") in the preceding fiscal year; the ADA for each district is subject to adjustment to reflect the number of at risk students (approved for free lunch programs under state and federal guidelines), number and types of exceptional children, and transportation costs.

KRS 157.420 establishes a formula which results in the allocation of funds for capital expenditures in school districts at \$100 per ADA pupil which is included in the SEEK allotment (\$4,000) for the current biennium which is required to be segregated into a Capital Outlay Allotment Fund which may be used only for (1) direct payment of construction costs; (2) debt service on voted and funding bonds; (3) lease rental payments in support of bond issues; (4) reduction of deficits resulting from over expenditures for emergency capital construction; and (5) a reserve for each of the categories enumerated in 1 through 4 above.



KRS 160.470(12)(a) requires that effective for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of \$.30 for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes levied by the district (including utilities gross receipts license and special voted) for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property, plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Revenue Cabinet of the Commonwealth. Any school district board of education which fails to comply with the minimum equivalent tax rate levy shall be subject to removal from office.

KRS 160.470(12)(2) provides that for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Any increase beyond the 4% annual limitation imposed by KRS 132.017 is not subject to the recall provisions of that Section. Revenue generated by the 15% levy is to be equalized at 150% of the state-wide average per pupil equalized assessment.

KRS 157.440(2) permits school districts to levy up to 30% of the revenue guaranteed by the SEEK program, plus the revenue produced by the 15% levy, but said additional tax will not be equalized with state funds and will be subject to recall by a simple majority of those voting on the question.

KRS 157.620(1) also provides that in order to be eligible for participation from the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission for debt service on bond issues the district must levy a tax which will produce revenues equivalent to \$.05 per \$100 of the total assessed value of all property in the district (including tangible and intangible property and motor vehicles) in addition to the minimum \$.30 levy required by KRS 160.470(12). A district having a special voted tax which is equal to or higher than the required \$.05 tax, must commit and segregate for capital purposes at least an amount equal to the required \$.05 tax. Those districts which levy the additional \$.05 tax are also eligible for participation in the Kentucky Facilities Support ("KFS") program for which funds are appropriated separately from SEEK funds and are distributed to districts in accordance with a formula taking into account outstanding debt and funds available for payment from both local and state sources under KRS 157.440(1)(b).

KRS 160.460 provides that as of July 1, 1994 all real property located in the Commonwealth subject to local taxation shall be assessed at \$57,158 to be applied to fair cash value.

### **BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2022**

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

The General Assembly recently adopted a budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2024 which was approved and signed by the Governor. Such budget became effective beginning July 1, 2022. The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at [www.osbd.ky.gov](http://www.osbd.ky.gov).

## **POTENTIAL LEGISLATION**

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. For example, on August 16, 2022, President Biden signed the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (the "Inflation Reduction Act"). The Inflation Reduction Act imposes a minimum tax of 15 percent of the adjusted financial statement income of certain corporations whose income exceeds stated thresholds for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. Under the Inflation Reduction Act, interest on debt obligations otherwise exempt from federal income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income for corporations subject to the minimum tax. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

## **CONTINUING DISCLOSURE; EXEMPTION**

As a result of the principal amount of Bonds being offered not exceeding \$1,000,000 Bond Counsel has advised the Corporation and the Board that they are exempt from application of the Rule 15c2-12c2-12(b)(5) of the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to the Bonds.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Lincoln County Board of Education, 305 Danville Avenue, Stanford, Kentucky 40484 (606.365.2124).

## **TAX EXEMPTION; BANK QUALIFIED**

Bond Counsel advises as follows with respect to the Bonds:

(A) The Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.

(B) The interest income from the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law and interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of calculating the Federal alternative minimum tax; however, with respect to certain corporations, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022.

(C) As a result of certifications by the Board and the Corporation, indicating the issuance of less than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year ending December 31, 2023, the Bonds may be treated by financial institutions as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

## **BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM**

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds initially will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee). One fully-registered Bond Certificate will be issued, in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds securities that its participants ("Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the settlement among Participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in Participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. "Direct Participants" include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is owned by a number of its Direct Participants and by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange, Inc., and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as securities brokers and dealers, banks, and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). The Rules applicable to DTC and its participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participant's records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds ("Beneficial Ownership Interest") are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their Beneficial Ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued. Transfers of ownership interest in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co., effect no change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners, will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to Cede & Co. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in the Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. will consent or vote with respect to Bonds. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments of the Bonds will be made to DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' account on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records unless DTC has reason to believe that it will not receive payment on payable date. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name", and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Issuer, or the Trustee, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to DTC is the responsibility of the Issuer or the Trustee, disbursements of such payments to Direct Participants shall be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payment to the Beneficial Owners shall be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Beneficial Ownership Interests purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Trustee, and shall effect delivery of such Beneficial Ownership Interests by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Beneficial Ownership Interests, on DTC's records, to the purchaser or the Trustee, as appropriate. The requirements for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with a demand for purchase or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Issuer or the Bond Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered by the Bond Registrar.

NEITHER THE ISSUER, THE BOARD NOR THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OR ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER OR ANY OTHER PERSON NOT SHOWN ON THE REGISTRATION BOOKS OF THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT AS BEING AN OWNER WITH RESPECT TO: (1) THE BONDS; (2) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (3) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT DUE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF TENDERED BONDS OR THE PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PRICE OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS; (4) THE DELIVERY BY ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY NOTICE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WHICH IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE BOND RESOLUTION TO BE GIVEN TO HOLDERS; (5) THE SELECTION OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF ANY PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE BONDS; OR (6) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS HOLDER.

**LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL  
DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION**

By /s/ Colleen Benson  
Secretary

**APPENDIX D**

**Lincoln county School District Finance Corporation  
School Building Revenue Bonds  
Second Series of 2023**

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**Official Bid Form**

**OFFICIAL BID FORM  
(Bond Purchase Agreement)**

The Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation" or "Issuer"), will until 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T., on October 17, 2023, receive in the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Rd, Carriage House, Frankfort, KY 40601, (telephone 502-564-5582; fax 888-979-6152) competitive bids for its \$500,000 School Building Revenue Bonds, Second Series of 2023, dated November 7, 2023; maturing November 1, 2024 through 2043 ("Bonds").

We hereby bid for said \$500,000\* principal amount of Bonds, the total sum of \$\_\_\_\_\_ (not less than \$490,000) plus accrued interest from November 7, 2023 payable May 1, 2024 and semiannually thereafter at the following annual rates, (rates on ascending scale in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1%; number of interest rates unlimited) and maturing as to principal on November 1 in the years as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount*</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount*</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2024	\$17,000	_____%	2034	\$25,000	_____%
2025	18,000	_____%	2035	26,000	_____%
2026	18,000	_____%	2036	27,000	_____%
2027	19,000	_____%	2037	29,000	_____%
2028	20,000	_____%	2038	30,000	_____%
2029	21,000	_____%	2039	31,000	_____%
2030	22,000	_____%	2040	32,000	_____%
2031	22,000	_____%	2041	34,000	_____%
2032	23,000	_____%	2042	35,000	_____%
2033	24,000	_____%	2043	27,000	_____%

\* Subject to Permitted Adjustment

We understand this bid may be accepted for as much as \$550,000 of Bonds or as little as \$450,000 of Bonds, at the same price per \$1,000 Bond, with the variation in such amount occurring in any maturity or all maturities, which will be determined at the time of acceptance of the best bid.

We further understand that by submitting a bid we agree as follows:

If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

- (a) *Holding Period* means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.
- (b) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.
- (c) *Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.
- (d) *Sale Date* means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is October 17, 2023.
- (e) *Underwriter* means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing, non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

The successful bidder may elect to notify the Municipal Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each Term Bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption on November 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

The DTC Book-Entry-Only-System will be utilized on delivery of this issue.

It is understood that the Corporation will furnish the final approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky.

No certified or bank cashier's check will be required to accompany a bid, but the successful bidder shall be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Bonds awarded by the close of business on the date following the award. Said good faith amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price on delivery. Wire transfer procedures should be arranged through U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Attn: Mr. Charles Lush (502-797-6421).

Bids must be submitted only on this form and must be fully executed.

If we are the successful bidder, we agree to accept and make payment for the Bonds in Federal Funds on or about November 7, 2023 and upon acceptance by the Issuer's Municipal Advisor this Official Bid Form shall become the Bond Purchase Agreement.

Respectfully submitted,

\_\_\_\_\_  
Bidder  
By \_\_\_\_\_  
Authorized Officer  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Address

Total interest cost from November 7, 2023 to final maturity \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Plus discount or less any premium \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Net interest cost (Total interest cost plus discount) \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Average interest rate or cost \_\_\_\_\_%

The above computation of net interest cost and of average interest rate or cost is submitted for information only and is not a part of this Bid.

Accepted by RSA Advisors, LLC, as Municipal Advisor and Agent for the Lincoln County School District Finance Corporation for \$ \_\_\_\_\_ amount of Bonds at a price of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2024	_____,000	_____%	2034	_____,000	_____%
2025	_____,000	_____%	2035	_____,000	_____%
2026	_____,000	_____%	2036	_____,000	_____%
2027	_____,000	_____%	2037	_____,000	_____%
2028	_____,000	_____%	2038	_____,000	_____%
2029	_____,000	_____%	2039	_____,000	_____%
2030	_____,000	_____%	2040	_____,000	_____%
2031	_____,000	_____%	2041	_____,000	_____%
2032	_____,000	_____%	2042	_____,000	_____%
2033	_____,000	_____%	2043	_____,000	_____%

Dated: October 17, 2023

\_\_\_\_\_  
RSA Advisors, LLC,  
As Agent for the Lincoln County  
School District Finance Corporation