DATED DECEMBER 11, 2023

NEW ISSUE Electronic Bidding via Parity® Bank Interest Deduction Eligible BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM RATING Moody's: " '

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law (i) interest on the Bonds will be excludable from gross income of the holders thereof for purposes of federal taxation and (ii) interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax; however, with respect to certain corporations, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax; however, with respect to certain corporations, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax; however, with respect to certain corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. All subject to the qualifications described here the heading "Tax Exemption". The Bonds and interest thereon are exempt from income taxation and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and political subficiences (see "Tax Exemption" herein)

\$660,000 LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE BONDS, SERIES OF 2024

Dated with Delivery: JANUARY 9, 2024

Due: as shown below

Interest on the Bonds is payable each February 1 and August 1, beginning August 1, 2024. The Bonds will mature as to principal on February 1, 2025, and thereafter as shown below. The Bonds are being issued in Book-Entry-Only Form and will be available for purchase in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Maturing		Interest	Reoffering		Maturing		Interest	Reoffering	
1-Feb	Amount*	Rate	Yield	CUSIP	1-Feb	Amount*	Rate	Yield	CUSIP
2025	\$20,000	%	%		2035	\$30,000	%	%	
2026	\$25,000	%	%		2036	\$35,000	%	%	
2027	\$25,000	%	%		2037	\$35,000	%	%	
2028	\$25,000	%	%		2038	\$35,000	%	%	
2029	\$25,000	%	%		2039	\$40,000	%	%	
2030	\$25,000	%	%		2040	\$40,000	%	%	
2031	\$30,000	%	%		2041	\$40,000	%	%	
2032	\$30,000	%	%		2042	\$45,000	%	%	
2033	\$30,000	%	%		2043	\$45,000	%	%	
2034	\$30,000	%	%		2044	\$50,000	%	%	

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity as described herein.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right to call, upon thirty (30) days notice, the Bonds in whole or in part on any date for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds constitute a limited indebtedness of the Lee County School District Finance Corporation and are payable from and secured by a pledge of the gross income and revenues derived by leasing the Project (as hereinafter defined) on an annual renewable basis to the Lee County Board of Education.

The Lee County (Kentucky) School District Finance Corporation will until December 19, 2023, at 11:00 A.M., E.S.T., receive competitive bids for the Bonds at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Road, Carriage House, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

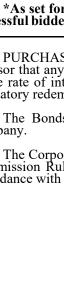
*As set forth in the "Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale," the principal amount of Bonds sold to the successful bidder is subject to a Permitted Adjustment by increasing or decreasing the amount not to exceed \$65,000.

PURCHASER'S OPTION: The Purchaser of the Bonds, within 24 hours of the sale, may specify to the Municipal Advisor that any Bonds may be combined immediately succeeding sequential maturities into a Term Bond(s), bearing a single rate of interest, with the maturities set forth above (or as may be adjusted as provided herein) being subject to mandatory redemption in such maturities for such Term Bond(s).

The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM administered by The Depository Trust Company.

The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for certain information on the cover page hereof which has been omitted in accordance with such Rule and which will be supplied with the final Official Statement.

advisors



LEE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

Lamon Coldiron, Chairperson Donald Napier, Member William Owens, Member Avis Thompson, Member Stephen Lanham, Member

Earl Ray Shuler, Superintendent/Secretary

LEE COUNTY (KENTUCKY) SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

Lamon Coldiron, President Donald Napier, Member William Owens, Member Avis Thompson, Member Stephen Lanham, Member

Earl Ray Shuler, Secretary Tina Lucas, Treasurer

BOND COUNSEL

Steptoe & Johnson PLLC Louisville, Kentucky

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

RSA Advisors, LLC Lexington, Kentucky

PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

US Bank Trust Company, National Association Louisville, Kentucky

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement does not constitute an offering of any security other than the original offering of the Lee County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2024, identified on the cover page hereof. No person has been authorized by the Corporation or the Board to give any information or to make any representation other than that contained in the Official Statement, and if given or made such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been given or authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, and there shall not be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation or the Board since the date hereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state or other governmental entity or agency, except the Corporation will pass upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement or approve the Bonds for sale.

The Official Statement includes the front cover page immediately preceding this page and all Appendices hereto.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT Relating to the Issuance of

\$660,000*

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE BONDS, SERIES OF 2024

*Subject to Permitted Adjustment

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page and Appendices hereto, is to set forth certain information pertaining to the Lee County School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2024 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are being issued to finance improvements at Lee County Middle/High School and Area Technology Center (the "Projects").

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds will be secured by a lien and a pledge of the rental income derived by the Corporation from leasing the school building Projects (as hereinafter defined) to the Lee County Board of Education (the "Board") on a year to year basis (see "Security" herein).

All financial and other information presented in this Official Statement has been provided by the Lee County Board of Education from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. The presentation of financial and other information is not intended, unless specifically stated, to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the Board. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety, and no one subject discussed should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its location in the text. Reference should be made to laws, reports or other documents referred to in this Official Statement for more complete information regarding their contents.

Copies of the Bond Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and the Lease Agreement, dated January 9, 2024, may be obtained at the office of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, 700 N. Hurstbourne Parkway, Suite 115, Louisville, Kentucky 40222.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

The following information about the Book-Entry only system applicable to the Bonds has been supplied by DTC. Neither the Corporation nor the Paying Agent and Registrar makes any representations, warranties or guarantees with respect to its accuracy or completeness.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants

of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, (NSCC, GSCC, MBSCC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Paying Agent and Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name" and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or its nominee, the Paying Agent and Registrar or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's Book-Entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation believes to be reliable but the Corporation takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

THE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board. Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Board herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of <u>White v. City of Middlesboro</u>, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

Any bonds, notes or other indebtedness issued or contracted by the Corporation shall, prior to the issuance or incurrence thereon, be specifically approved by the Board. The members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation are the members of the Board. Their terms expire when they cease to hold the office and any successor members of the Board are automatically members of the Corporation upon assuming their public offices.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission") is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of KRS Sections 157.611 through 157.640, as amended, repealed and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, the Regulations of the Kentucky Board of Education and the Commission, the Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for participation from the Commission in meeting the costs of construction of the Projects and has entered into a Participation Agreement with the Board whereunder the Commission agrees to pay an annual Agreed Participation equal to approximately \$41,963 to be applied to the annual debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified each year until their retirement; provided, however, that the contractual commitment of the Commission to pay the annual Agreed Participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2024; the right is reserved in the Commission to terminate its commitment to pay the Agreed Participation after the initial biennial period and every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the Agreed Participation shall be automatically renewed each two years for a period of two years unless the Commission shall give notice of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium; however, by the execution of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has expressed its present intention to continue to pay the Agreed Participation in each successive biennial budget period through February 1, 2044, but such execution does not obligate the Commission to do so.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$125,216,700 in FY 2022-23 and \$126,719,600 in FY 2023-2024 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues; \$58,000,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium. It authorizes \$85,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2026.

The 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2020 and 2022 regular sessions of the Kentucky General Assembly appropriated funds to be used for debt service of participating school districts. The appropriations for each biennium are shown in the following table:

<u>Biennium</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>
1986-88 1988-90	\$18,223,200 14,050,700
1990-92	13,542,800
1992-94 1994-96	3,075,300 2,800,000
1996-98	4,996,000
1998-00 2000-02	12,141,500 8,100,000
2000-02 2002-04	9,500,000
2004-06 2006-08	14,000,000 9,000,000
2008-10	10,968,000
2010-12 2012-14	12,656,200 8,469,200
2012-14 2014-16	8,764,000
2016-18 2018-20	23,019,400 7,608,000
2018-20	2,946,900
2022-24	5,305,300
Total	\$189,166,500

In addition to the appropriations for new financings as shown, appropriations subsequent to that for 1986 included additional funds to continue to meet the annual debt requirements for all bond issues involving Commission participation issued in prior years.

BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2024

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

The General Assembly adopted a budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2024 which was approved and signed recently by the Governor. Such budget became effective July 1, 2022.

The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at <u>www.osbd.ky.gov</u>.

OUTSTANDING BONDS

The following table shows the outstanding Bonds of the Board by the original principal amount of each issue, the current principal outstanding, the amount of the original principal scheduled to be paid with the corresponding interest thereon by the Board or the School Facilities Construction Commission, the approximate interest range; and, the final maturity date of the Bonds:

Bond	Original	Current Principal	Principal Assigned to	Principal Assigned to	Approximate Interest Rate	Final
Series	Principal	Outstanding	Board	Commission	Range	Maturity
2010	\$1,200,000	\$785,000	\$652,039	\$547,961	3.750% - 4.000%	2030
2015	\$2,350,000	\$2,085,000	\$1,758,187	\$591,813	2.000% - 3.500%	2035
2015 QZAB	\$500,000	\$403,000	\$500,000	\$0	0.350%	2030
2016-REF	\$1,835,000	\$775,000	\$1,632,589	\$202,411	2.000%	2028
2020-REF	\$975,000	\$795,000	\$626,723	\$348,277	2.250% - 2.500%	2030
TOTALS:	\$6,860,000	\$4,843,000	\$5,169,538	\$1,690,462		

AUTHORITY

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has adopted a Bond Resolution which authorized among other things:

- i) the issuance of approximately \$660,000 of Bonds subject to a permitted adjustment of \$65,000;
- ii) the advertisement for the public sale of the Bonds;
- iii) the Official Terms and Conditions for the sale of the Bonds to the successful bidder; and,
- iv) the President and Secretary of the Corporation to execute certain documents relative to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

THE BONDS

General

The Bonds will be dated January 9, 2024, will bear interest from that date as described herein, payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing August 1, 2024, and will mature as to principal on February 1, 2025, and thereafter in the years and in the principal amounts as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement.

Registration, Payment and Transfer

The Bonds are to be issued in fully-registered form (both principal and interest). US Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co., as the nominee of The Depository Trust Company. Please see Book-Entry-Only-System. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year, beginning August 1, 2024 (Record Date is 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

Redemption

The Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2033, are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after February 1, 2032, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Redemption Date	Redemption Price
February 1, 2032, and thereafter	100%

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

SECURITY

General

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds are payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues derived from the leasing of the school building Projects financed from the Bond proceeds from the Corporation to the Board. The Bonds are secured by a statutory mortgage lien on and pledge of revenue from the school building Projects; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with a similar lien and pledge securing the Corporation's School Building Revenue Bonds previously issued to finance or refinance the school building(s) which constitute the school building Project (the "Parity Bonds"). Should the Board default in its obligations under the Lease or fail to renew the Lease, the Registered Owners of Bonds have the right to have a receiver appointed to administer the school building Project but foreclosure and sale are not available as remedies.

The Lease; Pledge of Rental Revenues

The Board has leased the school building Project securing the Bonds for an initial period from January 9, 2024, through June 30, 2024, with the option in the Board to renew said Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rental due under the Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Bonds as same become due. The Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the Lease until February 1, 2044, the final maturity date of the Bonds. Under the lease, the Corporation has pledged the rental revenue to the payment of the Bonds.

COMMISSION'S PARTICIPATION

The Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for annual participation equal to approximately \$41,963 from the Commission's appropriation by the Kentucky General Assembly which will be used to meet all of the debt service of the Bonds. The plan for financing the Project will require the Commission to pay approximately eighty-four percent (84%) of the debt service of the Bonds.

The Participation Agreement to be entered into with the Board will be limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2024. The right is reserved in the Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the agreed participation every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the agreed participation shall be automatically renewed each two years thereafter unless the Commission gives notice to the Board of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium. However, the Commission has expressed its intention to continue to pay the agreed participation in successive biennial budget periods through February 1, 2044, but the Commission is not required to do so.

STATE INTERCEPT

Under the terms of the Lease and any renewal thereof, so long as the Bonds remain outstanding and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 157.627(5) and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the Lease and Participation Agreement to the Corporation and the Commission the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

THE PROJECTS

After payment of the Bond issuance costs, the Board plans to deposit the net Bond proceeds to finance improvements at Lee County Middle/High School and the Area Technology Center (the "Projects").

The Board has reported construction bids have been let for the Projects and award of the construction contract is expected prior to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

Contractors for the Projects are required to furnish to the Board a one hundred percent completion bond to assure their performance of the construction contract.

ADDITIONAL PARITY BONDS

The Corporation has reserved the right and privilege of issuing additional bonds from time to time payable from the income and revenues of said lands and school building Project and secured by a statutory mortgage lien and pledge of revenues, but only if and to the extent the issuance of such additional parity bonds are in accordance with plans and specifications approved by the Board, Commissioner of Education, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Corporation and a Lease shall be entered into whereunder the annual rental payments during the life of such additional bonds shall be increased by the amount of the annual principal and interest requirements of such additional bonds.

KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SUPERVISION

Kentucky statutes, and the regulations of the Kentucky Department of Education ("KDE") issued thereunder, generally require that a local school district submit to KDE for its prior approval the district's plans for the funding, financing, design, construction, renovation, and modification of school facilities. House Bill 678 of the 2022 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly (2022 Ky. Acts, Ch. 185, hereinafter referred to as "HB 678"), enacted and effective April 8, 2022, eliminates until June 30, 2024 this requirement of prior approval for local school districts which elect by resolution to proceed without such prior approval and which so notify the Department. The District has adopted such a resolution and has so notified KDE.

Notwithstanding HB 679, KDE's supervision of local school districts continues to apply other areas of local school finance, including supervision of general operations such as the examination of business methods and accounts of a school district, requirements of prompt, detailed reports of receipts and expenditures and the annual approval of the district's operating budget. All local school boards which have entered into contracts for the issuance of bonds must maintain insurance protection in an amount equal to the full insurable value of the buildings financed by the bonds. This State Department of Education supervision and control is believed to be a major contribution toward the maintenance of Kentucky's perfect record of no defaults in payment of its revenue bonds for school purposes.

ESTIMATED BOND DEBT SERVICE

The following table shows by fiscal year the current bond payments of the Board. The plan of financing provides for the Board to meet approximately 16% of the debt service of the Bonds.

Fiscal	Current	S	chool Buildin	g Revenue Boi	nds, Series 202	24	Total
Year	Local						Restricted Fund
Ending	Bond	Principal	Interest	Total	SFCC	Local	Bond
June 30	Payments	Portion	Portion	Payment	Portion	Portion	Payments
2024	\$393,544						\$393,544
2025	\$396,456	\$20,000	\$29,478	\$49,478	\$41,964	\$7,514	\$403,970
2025	\$399,211	\$25,000	\$27,010	\$52,010	\$41,963	\$10,047	\$409,258
2020	\$401,541	\$25,000	\$26,048	\$51,048	\$41,964	\$9,083	\$410,624
2028	\$397,710	\$25,000	\$25,085	\$50,085	\$41,963	\$8,122	\$405,832
2020	\$368,724	\$25,000	\$24,123	\$49,123	\$41,963	\$7,159	\$375,883
2029	\$351,133	\$25,000	\$23,160	\$48,160	\$41,963	\$6,197	\$357,331
2030	\$329,634	\$30,000	\$22,198	\$52,198	\$41,964	\$10,233	\$339,868
2031	\$276,457	\$30,000	\$21,043	\$51,043	\$41,963	\$9,080	\$285,536
2032	\$281,832	\$30,000	\$19,888	\$49,888	\$41,964	\$7,923	\$289,755
2033	\$291,682	\$30,000	\$19,600	\$48,613	\$41,964	\$6,649	\$298,330
2035	\$285,832	\$30,000	\$17,338	\$47,338	\$41,964	\$5,374	\$291,206
2036	<i>\\\</i> 202,022	\$35,000	\$16,063	\$51,063	\$41,963	\$9,099	\$9,099
2037		\$35,000	\$14,575	\$49,575	\$41,964	\$7,611	\$7,611
2038		\$35,000	\$13,088	\$48,088	\$41,963	\$6,124	\$6,124
2039		\$40,000	\$11,600	\$51,600	\$41,964	\$9,636	\$9,636
2040		\$40,000	\$9,900	\$49,900	\$41,963	\$7,937	\$7,937
2041		\$40,000	\$8,100	\$48,100	\$41,963	\$6,137	\$6,137
2042		\$45,000	\$6,300	\$51,300	\$41,963	\$9,337	\$9,337
2043		\$45,000	\$4,275	\$49,275	\$41,963	\$7,312	\$7,312
2044		\$50,000	\$2,250	\$52,250	\$41,962	\$10,288	\$10,288
TOTALS:	\$4,173,755	\$660,000	\$340,130	\$1,000,130	\$839,267	\$160,863	\$4,334,618

Notes: Numbers are rounded to the nearest \$1.00

ESTIMATED USE OF BOND PROCEEDS

The table below shows the estimated sources of funds and uses of proceeds of the Bonds, other than any portions thereof representing accrued interest:

Sources:	
Par Amount of Bonds	<u>\$660,000.00</u>
Total Sources	\$660,000.00
Uses:	
Deposit to Construction Fund Underwriter's Discount (2%) Cost of Issuance	\$631,600.00 13,200.00 <u>15,200.00</u>
Total Uses	\$660,000.00

DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION

Year	Average Daily Attendance	Year	Average Daily Attendance
2000-01	1,207.9	2012-13	995.4
2001-02	1,162.5	2013-14	953.5
2002-03	1,127.7	2014-15	937.1
2003-04	1,161.3	2015-16	899.9
2004-05	1,142.4	2016-17	849.9
2005-06	1,076.6	2017-18	831.1
2006-07	1,067.8	2018-19	820.1
2007-08	1,040.3	2019-20	789.8
2008-09	1,002.5	2020-21	789.8
2009-10	1,007.4	2021-22	825.1
2010-11	1,011.4	2022-23	825.1
2011-12	1,004.4		

Selected school census and average daily attendance for the Lee County School District is as follows:

Source: Kentucky State Department of Education.

STATE SUPPORT

Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK). In determining the cost of the program to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), the statewide guaranteed base funding level is computed by dividing the amount appropriated by the prior year's statewide average daily attendance. The SEEK fund is a guaranteed amount of money per pupil in each school district of Kentucky. The current SEEK allotment is \$3,866 per pupil. The \$100 capital outlay allotment per each average daily attendance is included within the guaranteed amounts. Each district's base funding from the SEEK program is adjusted for the number of at-risk students, the number and types of exceptional children in the district, and cost of transporting students from and to school in the district.

Capital Outlay Allotment. The per pupil capital outlay allotment for each district from the public school fund and from local sources shall be kept in a separate account and may be used by the district only for capital outlay projects approved by the State Department of Education. These funds shall be used for the following capital outlay purposes:

- a. For direct payment of construction costs.
- b. For debt service on voted and funding bonds.
- c. For payment or lease-rental agreements under which the board will eventually acquire ownership of the school plant.
- d. For retirement of any deficit resulting from over-expenditure for capital construction, if such deficit resulted from certain declared emergencies.
- e. As a reserve fund for the above named purposes, to be carried forward in ensuing budgets.

The allotment for each school board of education in the Commonwealth for fiscal year 1978-79 was \$1,800 per classroom unit. The 1979 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly approved increases in this allotment in 1979-80 to \$1,900 per classroom unit. This rate remained unchanged in 1980-81. The 1981 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly decreased the allotment per classroom to \$1,800 and this allotment rate did not change from the 1981-82 rate, until the 1990-91 school year. Beginning with 1990-91, the Capital Outlay allotment for each district is based on \$100 per average daily attendance.

Year	Capital Outlay Allotment	Year	Capital Outlay Allotment
Itar	Anotinent	1 car	Anotinent
2000-01	120,790.0	2012-13	99,543.7
2001-02	116,250.0	2013-14	95,347.7
2002-03	112,770.0	2014-15	93,714.2
2003-04	116,130.0	2015-16	89,993.4
2004-05	114,240.0	2016-17	84,990.0
2005-06	107,660.0	2017-18	83,110.0
2006-07	106,780.0	2018-19	82,007.9
2007-08	104,030.0	2019-20	78,980.0
2008-09	100,254.0	2020-21	78,984.7
2009-10	100,739.0	2021-22	82,509.9
2010-11	101,136.0	2022-23	82,509.9
2011-12	100,435.0		

The following table shows the computation of the capital outlay allotment for the Lee County School District for certain preceding school years.

If the school district has no capital outlay needs, upon approval from the State, the funds can be used for school plant maintenance, repair, insurance on buildings, replacement of equipment, purchase of school buses and purchase of modern technological equipment for educational purposes. If any district has a special levy for capital outlay or debt service that is equal to the capital outlay allotment or a proportionate fraction thereof, and spends the proceeds of the levy for eligible purposes, the State may authorize the district to use all or a proportionate fraction of its capital outlay allotment for current expenses (school districts which use capital outlay allotments to meet current expenses are not eligible to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission funds).

Facilities Support Program of Kentucky. School districts may be eligible to participate in the Facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), subject to the following requirements:

- 1) The district must have unmet needs as set forth and approved by the State Department of Education in a School Facilities Plan;
- 2) The district must commit to establish an equivalent tax rate of at least 5 cents, in addition to the 30 cents minimum current equivalent tax rate; and,
- 3) The new revenues generated by the 5 cent addition, must be placed in a restricted account for school building construction bonding.

LOCAL SUPPORT

Homestead Exemption. Section 170 of the Kentucky Constitution was amended at the General Election held November 2, 1971, to exempt from property taxes \$6,500 of value of single unit residential property of taxpayers 65 years of age or older. The 1972 General Assembly amended KRS Chapter 132 to permit counties and school districts to adjust their local tax revenues lost through the application of this Homestead Exemption. The "Single Unit" qualification has been enlarged to subsequent sessions of the General Assembly to provide that such exemption shall apply to such property maintained as the permanent resident of the owner and the dollar amount has been construed to mean \$6,500 in terms of the purchasing power of the dollar in 1972. Every two years thereafter, if the cost of living index of the U.S. Department of Labor has changed as much as 1%, the maximum exemption shall be adjusted accordingly. Under the cost of living formula, the maximum was increased to \$46,350 effective January 1, 2023.

Limitation on Taxation. The 1979 Special Session of the Kentucky General Assembly enacted House Bill 44 which provides that no school district may levy a general tax rate, voted general tax rate, or voted building tax rate which would generate revenues that exceeds the previous years revenues by four percent (4%).

The 1990 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly in enacting the "School Reform" legislative package amended the provisions of KRS 160.470 which prohibited school districts from levying ad valorem property taxes which would generate revenues in excess of 4% of the previous year's revenues without said levy subject to recall to permit exceptions to the referendum under (1) KRS 160.470(12) [a new section of the statute] and (2) an amended KRS 157.440.

Under KRS 160.470(12)(a) for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 school districts are required to levy a "minimum equivalent tax rate" of thirty cents (\$.30) for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes (including occupational or utilities) levied by the district for school purposes divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the State Revenue Cabinet. Failure to levy the minimum equivalent rate subjects the board of the district to removal.

The exception provided by KRS 157.440(1)(a) permits school districts to levy an equivalent tax rate as defined in KRS 160.470(12)(a) which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the program to support education excellence in Kentucky. Levies permitted by this section of the statute are not subject to public hearing or recall provisions as set forth in KRS 160.470.

Local Thirty Cents Minimum. Effective for school years beginning after June 30, 1990, the board of education of each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of thirty cents (\$0.30) for general school purposes. If a board fails to comply, its members shall be subject to removal from office for willful neglect of duty.

Additional 15% Not Subject to Recall. Effective with the school year beginning July 1, 1990, each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Effective with the 1990-91 school year, the State will equalize the revenue generated by this levy at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil equalized assessment. For 1993-94 and thereafter, this level is set at \$225,000. The additional 15% rate levy is not subject to the public hearing or recall provisions.

Assessment Valuation. No later than July 1, 1994, all real property located in the state and subject to local taxation shall be assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of fair cash value.

Special Voted and Other Local Taxes. Any district may, in addition to other taxes for school purposes, levy not less than four cents nor more than twenty cents on each one hundred dollars (\$100) valuation of property subject to local taxation, to provide a special fund for the purchase of sites for school buildings and the erection, major alteration, enlargement, and complete equipping of school buildings. In addition, districts may levy taxes on tangible and intangible property and on utilities, except generally any amounts of revenues generated above that provided for by House Bill 44 is subject to voter recall.

Ter	Combined	Total Bucar centre	Property	
Tax	Equivalent	Property	Revenue	
Year	Rate	Assessment	Collections	
2000-01	49.7	178,549,442	887,391	
2001-02	53.3	184,417,617	982,946	
2002-03	49.4	191,452,627	945,776	
2003-04	49.4	201,985,998	997,811	
2004-05	48.2	205,097,618	988,571	
2005-06	49.6	222,862,744	1,105,399	
2006-07	46.3	237,771,022	1,100,880	
2007-08	49.6	250,533,424	1,242,646	
2008-09	46.8	267,217,137	1,250,576	
2009-10	46.8	285,179,077	1,334,638	
2010-11	44.1	275,833,582	1,216,426	
2011-12	42.5	271,822,094	1,155,244	
2012-13	47.1	285,134,619	1,342,984	
2013-14	46.3	296,843,558	1,374,386	
2014-15	47	308,906,842	1,451,862	
2015-16	47.4	310,576,325	1,472,132	
2016-17	46.3	325,679,813	1,507,898	
2017-18	50.6	299,292,690	1,514,421	
2018-19	57.8	294,343,645	1,701,306	
2019-20	63.4	311,545,838	1,975,201	
2020-21	59	324,136,174	1,912,403	
2021-22	62.6	340,419,849	2,131,028	
2022-23	58.9	360,172,709	2,121,417	

Local Tax Rates, Property Assessments and Revenue Collections

OVERLAPPING BOND INDEBTEDNESS

The following table shows any other overlapping bond indebtedness of the Lee County School District or other issuing agency within Lee County as reported by the State Local Debt Officer for the period ending June 30, 2023.

Issuer	Original Principal Amount	Amount of Bonds Redeemed	Current Principal Outstanding
County of Lee			
General Obligation	2,230,000	1.001.250	1,228,750
Vehicles/Garbage Truck Revenue	930,234	16,861	913,373
Flood Damage Revenue	300,000	10,001	300,000
City of Beattyville			
General Obligation	1,833,000	1,502,665	330,335
Water & Sewer Revenue	4,718,000	1,652,100	3,065,900
Improvement Project Revenue	891,000	165,500	725,500
Refinancing Revenue	3,110,000	477,217	2,632,783
Total:	14,012,234	4,815,593	9,196,641

Source: 2023 Kentucky Local Debt Report.

SEEK ALLOTMENT

	Base	Local	Total State &
	Funding	Tax Effort	Local Funding
2022-23 SEEK	4,158,896	2,121,417	6,280,313
2021-22 SEEK	4,020,630	2,131,028	6,151,658
2020-21 SEEK	3,708,970	1,912,403	5,621,373
2019-20 SEEK	3,962,392	1,975,201	5,937,593
2018-19 SEEK	4,154,864	1,701,306	5,856,170
2017-18 SEEK	4,120,997	1,514,421	5,635,418
2016-17 SEEK	4,046,960	1,507,898	5,554,858
2015-16 SEEK	4,416,332	1,472,132	5,888,464
2014-15 SEEK	4,590,226	1,451,862	6,042,088
2013-14 SEEK	4,438,924	1,374,386	5,813,310
2012-13 SEEK	4,713,212	1,342,984	6,056,196
2011-12 SEEK	4,884,321	1,155,244	6,039,565
2010-11 SEEK	4,435,298	1,216,426	5,651,724
2009-10 SEEK	4,622,767	1,334,638	5,957,405
2008-09 SEEK	5,010,708	1,250,576	6,261,284
2007-08 SEEK	5,359,155	1,242,646	6,601,801
2006-07 SEEK	5,090,930	1,100,880	6,191,810
2005-06 SEEK	5,124,188	1,105,399	6,229,587
2004-05 SEEK	5,204,162	988,571	6,192,733
2003-04 SEEK	5,222,944	997,811	6,220,755
2002-03 SEEK	5,113,924	945,776	6,059,700
2001-02 SEEK	5,097,394	982,946	6,080,340
2000-01 SEEK	5,148,371	887,391	6,035,762

The Board has reported the following information as to the SEEK allotment to the District, and as provided by the State Department of Education.

- (1) Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) replaces the minimum foundation program and power equalization funding. Capital Outlay is now computed at \$100 per average daily attendance (ADA). Capital Outlay is included in the SEEK base funding.
- (2) The Board established a current equivalent tax rate (CETR) of \$0.5890 for FY 2022-23. The equivalent tax rate" is defined as the rate which results when the income from all taxes levied by the district for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Commonwealth of Kentucky Revenue Cabinet.

State Budgeting Process

- i) Each district board of education is required to prepare a general school budget on forms prescribed and furnished by the Kentucky Board of Education, showing the amount of money needed for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay, and other necessary expenses of the school during the succeeding fiscal year and the estimated amount that will be received from all sources.
- ii) By September 15 of each year, after the district receives its tax assessment data from the Department of Revenue and the State Department of Education, 3 copies of the budget are forwarded to the State Department for approval or disapproval.
- iii) The State Department of Education has adopted a policy of disapproving a school budget if it is financially unsound or fails to provide for:

- a) payment of maturing principal and interest on any outstanding voted school improvement bonds of the district or payment of rental in connection with any outstanding school building revenue bonds issued for the benefit of the school district; or
- b) fails to comply with the law.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. For example, on August 16, 2022, President Biden signed the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (the "Inflation Reduction Act"). The Inflation Reduction Act imposes a minimum tax of 15 percent of the adjusted financial statement income on certain corporations whose income exceeds stated thresholds for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. Under the Inflation Reduction Act, interest on debt obligations otherwise exempt from federal income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income for corporations subject to the minimum tax. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE; EXEMPTION

As a result of the principal amount of Bonds being offered not exceeding \$1,000,000 Bond Counsel has advised the Corporation and the Board that they are exempt from application of the Rule 15c2-12c2-12(b)(5) of the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to the Bonds.

As of the date of this Official Statement, the Corporation and the Board are in compliance "in all material respects" with the reporting requirements of the Rule for the past five years.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Lee County School District Board of Education, 242 Lee Avenue, Beattyville, Kentucky 41311, Telephone (606) 464-5000.

TAX EXEMPTION; BANK QUALIFIED

Bond Counsel is of the opinion that:

(A) The Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.

(B) The interest income from the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law and will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of Federal income taxation. However, with respect to certain corporations, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income for the purpose of computing the alternative minium tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022.

(C) As a result of designations and certifications by the Board and the Corporation, indicating the issuance of less than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year ending December 31, 2024, the Bonds are "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

The Corporation will provide the purchaser the customary no-litigation certificate, and the final approving Legal Opinions of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky approving the legality of the Bonds. These opinions will accompany the Bonds when delivered, without expense to the purchaser.

Original Issue Premium

Certain of the Bonds may be initially offered and sold to the public at a premium ("Acquisition Premium" from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. "Acquisition Premium" is the excess of the cost of a bond over the stated redemption price of such bond at maturity or, for bonds that have one or more earlier call dates, the amount payable at the next earliest call date. The Bonds that bear an interest rate that is higher than the yield (as shown on the cover page hereof), are being initially offered and sold to the public at an Acquisition Premium (the "Premium Bonds"). For federal income tax purposes, the amount of Acquisition Premium on each bond the interest on which is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes ("tax-exempt bonds") must be amortized and will reduce the bondholder's adjusted basis in that bond. However, no amount of amortized Acquisition Premium on tax-exempt bonds may be deducted in determining bondholder's taxable income for federal income tax purposes. The amount of any Acquisition Premium paid on the Premium Bonds, or on any of the Bonds, that must be amortized during any period will be based on the "constant yield" method, using the original bondholder's basis in such bonds and compounding semiannually. This amount is amortized ratably over that semiannual period on a daily basis.

Holders of any Bonds, including any Premium Bonds, purchased at an Acquisition Premium should consult their own tax advisors as to the actual effect of such Acquisition Premium with respect to their own tax situation and as to the treatment of Acquisition Premium for state tax purposes.

Original Issue Discount

Certain of the Bonds (the "Discount Bonds") may be initially offered and sold to the public at a discount ("OID") from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. OID is the excess of the stated redemption price of a bond at maturity (the face amount) over the "issue price" of such bond. The issue price is the initial offering price to the public (other than to bond houses, brokers or similar persons acting in the capacity of underwriters or wholesalers) at which a substantial amount of bonds of the same maturity are sold pursuant to that initial offering. For federal income tax purposes, OID on each bond will accrue over the term of the bond. The amount accrued will be based on a single rate of interest, compounded semiannually (the "yield to maturity") and, during each semi-annual period, the amount will accrue ratably on a daily basis. The OID accrued during the period that an initial purchaser of a Discount Bond at its issue price owns it is added to the purchaser's tax basis for purposes of determining gain or loss at the maturity, redemption, sale or other disposition of that Discount Bond. In practical effect, accrued OID is treated as stated interest, that is, as excludible from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

In addition, original issue discount that accrues in each year to an owner of a Discount Bond is included in the calculation of the distribution requirements of certain regulated investment companies and may result in some of the collateral federal income tax consequences discussed above. Consequently, owners of any Discount Bond should be aware that the accrual of original issue discount in each year may result in an alternative minimum tax liability, additional distribution requirements or other collateral federal income tax consequences although the owner of such Discount Bond has not received cash attributable to such original issue discount in such year.

Holders of Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the treatment of OID and the tax consequences of the purchase of such Discount Bonds other than at the issue price during the initial public offering and as to the treatment of OID for state tax purposes.

ABSENCE OF MATERIAL LITIGATION

There is no controversy or litigation of any nature now pending or threatened (i) restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the Board or Corporation taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof or (ii) which if successful would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Board.

APPROVAL OF LEGALITY

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel. The form of the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel will appear on each printed Bond.

NO LEGAL OPINION EXPRESSED AS TO CERTAIN MATTERS

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement describing the Bonds and the provisions of the Bond Resolution and related proceedings authorizing the Bonds, but Bond Counsel has not reviewed any of the financial data, computations, tabulations, balance sheets, financial projections, and general information concerning the Corporation or District, and expresses no opinion thereon, assumes no responsibility for same and has not undertaken independently to verify any information contained herein.

BOND RATING

As noted on the cover page of this Official Statement, Moody's Investors Service has given the Bonds the indicated rating. Such rating reflects only the respective views of such organization. Explanations of the significance of the rating may be obtained from the rating agency. There can be no assurance that such rating will be maintained for any given period of time or will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency, if in their judgement circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

Prospective bidders are advised that RSA Advisors, LLC ("RSA") has been employed as Municipal Advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. RSA's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. Bidders may submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds at the time of the advertised public sale, either individually or as a member of a syndicate organized to submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds.

APPROVAL OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Corporation has approved and caused this "Official Statement" to be executed and delivered by its President. In making this "Official Statement" the Corporation relied upon information furnished to it by the Board of Education of the Lee County School District and does not assume any responsibility as to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Official Statement except as to copies of documents denominated "Official Terms and Conditions" and "Bid Form." The financial information supplied by the Board of Education is represented by the Board of Education to be correct. The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of Securities Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1) as qualified by the cover hereof.

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized by the Corporation, the Lee County Board of Education or the Municipal Advisor to give any information or representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. Except when otherwise indicated, the information set forth herein has been obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education and the Lee County School District and is believed to be reliable; however, such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation by the Municipal Advisor or by Counsel. The delivery of this Official Statement at any time does not imply that information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

This Official Statement does not, as of its date, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact which should be included herein for the purpose for which the Official Statement is to be used or which is necessary in order to make the statements contained herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading in any material respect.

> By /s/ President

> By /s/ Secretary

APPENDIX A

Lee County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds Series of 2024

Demographic and Economic Data

LEE COUNTY, KENTUCKY

Beattyville, the county seat of Lee County, is located in the western edge of the Eastern Kentucky coal field. Beattyville is located 73 miles southeast of Lexington, Kentucky; 147 miles southeast of Louisville, Kentucky; 149 miles southeast of Cincinnati, Ohio; and 152 miles north of Knoxville, Tennessee. Beattyville has an estimated population of 2,213 in 2023.

Lee County covers a land area of 210 square miles and has an estimated 2023 population of 7,407 persons. The topography of Lee County is characterized by cliff-lined valleys and ridges. Underground drainage features are also found in some of the valleys in the northwest sector, modifying some of the normal valley profiles.

The Economic Framework

In 2022, Lee County had a labor force of 2,687 people, with an unemployment rate of 6.2%. The top 5 jobs by occupation were as follows: office and administrative support - 205 (14.9%); education, training/library - 181 (13.15%); executive, managers and administrators - 137 (9.96%); sales - 92 (6.69%); and transportation workers - 81 (5.89%).

Transportation

Beattyville is served directly by Kentucky Highways 11 and 52, both AAA-rated trucking highways. The Mountain Parkway, a multi-lane highway, is accessible twenty miles north of Beattyville via Kentucky Highway 11. Interstate 64 is accessible fifty-three miles northwest of Beattyville via Kentucky Highway 52. Interstate and/or intrastate trucking service is provided by nine firms. Main line rail service is provided to Beattyville by CSX Transportation. The nearest scheduled commercial airline service is available at Blue Grass Airport near Lexington, 77 miles northwest of Beattyville. Local airport facilities include the Julian Carroll Airport, 24 miles east of Beattyville and Stanton Airport, 29 miles northwest of Beattyville.

Power and Fuel

Electric power is provided to Beattyville and a portion of eastern Lee County by Kentucky Utilities Company. A major portion of Lee County is served by the Jackson County Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation. A portion of northern Lee County is served by the Licking Valley Rural Electric cooperative Corporation. Natural gas service is provided by the Delta Natural Gas Company to the City.

Education

Primary and secondary education is provided to Beattyville and Lee County by the Lee County School System.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Structure

Beattyville is governed by a mayor and six council members. The mayor is elected to a four-year term, while the council members each serve two-year terms. Lee County is governed by a county judge/executive and four magistrates. Each county official serves a four-year term.

Planning and Zoning

Joint agency - Beattyville/Lee County Planning Commission Participating city - Beattyville Local codes enforced - Building and housing Mandatory state codes enforced - Kentucky Plumbing Code, National Electric Code, Kentucky Boiler regulations and Standards, Kentucky Building Code (modeled after BOCA code)

Local Fees and Licenses

The City of Beattyville levies a 1.0 percent occupational license tax on wages, salaries, and commissions of individuals and on self-employment net profits within the city. An 8.0 percent insurance premium tax is also levied.

A business license fee ranging from \$10 to \$200 annually is charged all persons, offices, professions, trades, and occupations for the privilege of doing business or operating in the city of Beattyville.

Property Taxes

The Kentucky Constitution requires the state to tax all classes of taxable property, and state statutes allow local jurisdictions to tax only a few classes. All locally taxed property is subject to county taxes and school district taxes (either a county school district or an independent school district). Property located inside of city limits may also be subject to city property taxes.

Special local taxing jurisdictions (fire protection districts, watershed districts, and sanitation districts) levy taxes within their operating areas (usually a small portion of community or county).

Property assessments in Kentucky are at 100% fair cash value. A 15% reduction is automatically granted for accounts receivable.

LABOR MARKET STATISTICS

The Columbia Labor Market Area includes, Lee County and the adjoining Kentucky counties of Casey, Cumberland, Green, Metcalfe, Russell, and Taylor.

Population

Area	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Beattyville	1,359	2,208	2,213
Lee County	7,288	7,677	7,407

Source: Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development

Population Projections

Area	2025	<u>2030</u>	<u>2035</u>
Lee County	7,739	7,607	7,430

Source: Kentucky State Data Center, University of Louisville and Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development.

EDUCATION

Public Schools

Total Enrollment (2022-2023) Pupil-Teacher Ratio (2022-2023)

Lee County
925
17 - 1

Source: Kentucky State Department of Education

Colleges and Universities

14.26% of the population in Lee County have an Associate's degree or higher. 74.16% have a high school degree or higher.

Top 5 Universities Within 50 Miles	Number of Graduates
Eastern Kentucky University	3,709
Morehead State University	1,591
Hazard Community and Technical College	398
Berea College	395
Galen College of Nursing - ARH	145

Source: Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development

APPENDIX B

Lee County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds Series of 2024

Audited Financial Statement ending June 30, 2023

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Prepared by:

WHITE & ASSOCIATES, PSC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 1407 Lexington Road Richmond, Kentucky 40475 Phone (859) 624-3926 Fax (859) 625-0227

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White & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Lee County School District Beattyville, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lee County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Lee County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Lee County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lee County School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Lee County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and TRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lee County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2023, on our consideration of the Lee County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lee County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lee County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2023

LEE COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT – BEATTYVILLE, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

As management of the Lee County School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please consider the information presented here in conjunction with the district's financial statements which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning General Fund balance for the District July 1, 2022, was \$1,524,477. The ending General Fund balance on June 30, 2023, was \$1,782,383; a change of \$257,906. Conservative revenue projections, conservative spending and on-going monitoring and adjusting are essential in maintaining the District's financial stability. Issues that may negatively impact the district's finances in future years is discussed in this MD&A.
- SEEK funding is the largest stream of revenue for the school district. For fiscal year 2023, SEEK revenue was \$4,076,386.
- Revenue for the General Fund totaled \$8,815,254 (exclusive of inter-fund transfers) which primarily consisted of the state funding program (SEEK), property, utility and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding inter-fund transfers, General Fund expenditures totaled \$8,986,059.

OVERVIEW OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The district's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and

operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state-mandated uniform accounting system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. The proprietary funds are made up of the food service operations. The only fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary fund in the District is the food service operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Supplementary Information: The financial statements include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

SEE TABLE ON NEXT PAGE

Table 1 Net Position \$ (in Millions)

	Go	vernmenta	al Act	ivities	Bus	iness-typ	e Acti	vities	Totals				
	<u>2022</u>		2	<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		023	<u>2022</u>		<u>2</u>	023	
Current assets	\$	2.76	\$	2.98	\$	0.46	\$	0.38	\$	3.22	\$	3.36	
Non-current assets		10.11		12.76		0.12		0.10		10.23		12.86	
Total assets		12.87		15.74		0.58		0.48		13.45		16.22	
Deferred outflows		2.00		3.21		0.06		0.09		2.06		3.30	
Current liabilities		1.36		1.43		-		-		1.36		1.43	
Non-current liabilities		10.38		11.47		0.18		0.23		10.56		11.70	
Total liabilities		11.74		12.90		0.18		0.23		11.92		13.13	
Deferred inflows		2.11		1.93		0.05		0.04		2.16		1.97	
Net position:													
Invested in capital													
assets, net of debt		4.90		8.01		0.12		0.10		5.02		8.11	
Restricted		0.44		0.34		0.29		0.20		0.73		0.54	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(4.33)		(4.22)		-		-		(4.33)		(4.22)	
Total net position	\$	1.01	\$	4.13	\$	0.41	\$	0.30	\$	1.42	\$	4.43	

The table below reflects the operations of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the District.

SEE TABLE ON NEXT PAGE

Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in millions)

Total

													Total
										To	tal		Percentage
	Governmenta		Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities			School District				Change			
	2	022	2023		2022		<u>2023</u>		2022		2023		2022-2023
Revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	0.21	\$	0.30	\$	0.01	\$	0.02	\$	0.22	\$	0.32	45%
Operating grants and contributions		5.14		7.85		0.82		0.90		5.96		8.75	47%
Capital grants and contributions		0.39		0.42		-		-		0.39		0.42	8%
General revenues		6.26		6.97		(0.06)		(0.23)		6.20		6.74	9%
Total revenue		12.00		15.54		0.77		0.69		12.77		16.23	27%
Expenses:													
Instruction	\$	6.00	\$	6.67	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6.00	\$	6.67	11%
Student		0.76		0.76		-		-		0.76		0.76	0%
Instructional staff		0.65		0.57		-		-		0.65		0.57	-12%
District administration		0.57		0.61		-		-		0.57		0.61	7%
School administration		0.60		0.70		-		-		0.60		0.70	17%
Business		0.52		0.55		-		-		0.52		0.55	6%
Plant operation & maintenance		1.08		1.00		-		-		1.08		1.00	-7%
Student transportation		0.79		0.67		-		-		0.79		0.67	-15%
Community services operations		0.21		0.25		-		-		0.21		0.25	19%
Food Service Operations		-		-		0.66		0.79		0.66		0.79	20%
Land improvements		0.01		-		-		-		0.01		-	-100%
Depreciation/Amortization		0.49		0.47		-		0.02		0.49		0.49	0%
Interest on long-term debt		0.18		0.17		0.01		-		0.19		0.17	-11%
Total Expenses	\$	11.86	\$	12.42	\$	0.67	\$	0.81	\$	12.53	\$	13.23	6%
Change in net position	\$	0.14	\$	3.12	\$	0.10	\$	(0.12)	\$	0.24	\$	3.00	1150%

Governmental Activities

The majority of revenue was derived from state and federal funding and local taxes. Instruction expenses comprise 42% of the governmental program expenses; support services expense 41% and student transportation and plant operations 11%. The remaining 5% of governmental expenses is comprised of debt service, building improvements and community services.

Business-Type Activities

The only business-type activity in the district is the School Food Service Program. The SFS program had total revenues of \$921,708. Of these revenues, \$18,323 was charges for services, \$902,120 was from State and Federal grants with \$1,265 from interest income. The Food Service Program receives no support from tax revenues. The District's program operates successfully under the Community Eligibility Provision which allows schools and local educational agencies with high poverty rates to provide free breakfast and lunch to all students.

General Fund Budget

The district's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and accounts for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund budgeted is the General Fund. The budget is prepared as a zero-based budget as required by the Kentucky Department of Education with a minimum of a 2% contingency expense.

Capital Assets

The District ended the fiscal year 2023 with \$12,860,188 in net capital assets, of which, \$12,755,726 was in governmental activities. These capital assets include land, buildings, buses, computers and other equipment. This number increased from last year primarily in the categories of Buildings & Improvements and Vehicles. All but a small fraction of this was in governmental activities.

				\$	(Net of Dep	reci	ation)							
	Government	Governmental Activities		В	usiness-type	Act	ivities	Totals						
	2022		2023	-	2022		2023	2022		2023				
Land	\$ 183,410	\$	183,410	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 183,410	\$	183,410				
Land Improvements	25,431		21,776		-		-	25,431		21,776				
Buildings	8,202,837		7,873,650		-		-	8,202,837		7,873,650				
Technology Equipment	358,624		354,125		(4,714)		(4,714)	353,910		349,411				
Vehicles	770,538		663,026		17,219		11,479	787,757		674,505				
General Equipment	122,142		128,090		109,535		97,697	231,677		225,786				
Construction in Progress	446,312		3,531,650		-		-	446,312		3,531,650				
Totals	\$ 10,109,294	\$	12,755,726	\$	122,040	\$	104,462	\$ 10,231,334	\$	12,860,188				

Capital Assets at Year-End \$ (Net of Depreciation)

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The General Fund ended the fiscal year with a fund balance of \$1,782,383, an increase of \$257,906 from prior year's fund balance.

A portion of the General Fund balance is reserved for prior year encumbrances, site-based council allocations carried forward from the prior year and sick leave payable. The unreserved portion of the fund balance at the end of fiscal year 2023 is \$1,765,003 compared to \$1,508,528 the preceding year.

REVENUE	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
	1	2	310	320	360	400	51
Local Revenue Sources	\$ 2,035,309	\$ 53,610	\$ -	\$ 180,086	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,588
State Revenue Sources	6,653,501	426,639	82,510	239,064		98,272	51,038
Federal Revenue Sources	126,444	4,717,188	82,510	259,004		90,272	851,082
Other	370,745	-,/1/,100					051,002
Transfers				-			
TOTALS	75,294	17,328	-	-	3,085,339	401,850	-
TOTALS	\$ 9,261,293 Fund	\$ 5,214,765 Fund	\$ 82,510 Fund	\$ 419,150 Fund	\$ 3,085,339 Fund	\$ 500,122 Fund	\$ 921,708 Fund
EXPENDITURES	1	2	310	320	360	400	51
Instruction	\$ 4,173,511	\$ 2,058,024	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Student Support Services	744,881	11,328	- ⁻	Ф	φ -	φ - -	
Instructional Staff Support Services	395,593	158,651	_	_	_	_	
District Admin Support	595,070	14,536	-	_	_	-	-
School Admin Support	685,486	19,314	-	_	_	-	-
Business Support Services	520,796	24,296	-	-	-	-	-
Plant Operation & Management	1,006,905	10,125	-	-	-	-	-
Student Transportation	687,950	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food Service Operations	305	-	-	-	-	-	787,424
Day Care Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Services	43,519	207,578	-	-	-	-	-
Land Improvements	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,578
Building Improvements	-	-	-	-	3,085,339	-	-
Debt Service	132,043	-	-	-	-	500,122	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	17,328	2,710,913	159,173	460,103	-	-	232,294
TOTALS	\$ 9,003,387	\$ 5,214,765	\$ 159,173	\$ 460,103	\$ 3,085,339	\$ 500,122	\$ 1,037,296
Excess / (Deficit)	257,906	_	(76,663)	(40,953)	-	-	(115,588)

COMMENTS ON BUDGET COMPARISONS

- The District's General fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, net of inter-fund transfers, were \$8,815,254.
- General fund budget expenditures compared to actual varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$8,986,059.

DEBT

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$4,827,201 in outstanding debt as shown below.

	Table 4 Outstanding Debt at Year-End								
	Government Activities								
	202	22		2023					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 4,6	68,868	\$	4,285,858					
Finance Purchased Obligations	5	44,195		463,080					
KSBIT Obligations	1	15,609		78,263					
Total Obligations	\$ 5,3	28,672	\$	4,827,201					

FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

By law, the district's budget must have a minimum 2.0% contingency. The District adopted a working budget for 2022-2023 with a 10% contingency.

Issues which are anticipated to impact future budgets include:

- The state pension crisis in Kentucky has the potential to critically impact future budgets in a negative manner. Cost-sharing proposals could substantially increase the board's contribution to retirement plans.
- The district utilizes several federal grants to pay personnel. Any significant budget cuts to these grants in the future which will significantly increase general fund expenditures in the upcoming years.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Finance Officer, Tina Lucas or Superintendent, Ray Shuler, at (606) 464-5000 or by mail at Lee County Board of Education, P.O. Box 668, Beattyville, Kentucky 41311.

Lee County School District Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total			
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,089,330 \$	353,775 \$	2,443,105			
Receivables (net)	893,933		893,933			
Inventories		29,801	29,801			
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress	3,715,061		3,715,061			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	9,040,665	104,462	9,145,127			
Total capital assets	12,755,726	104,462	12,860,188			
Total assets	15,738,989	488,038	16,227,027			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,321,192	58,743	1,379,935			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB CERS	689,643	30,663	720,306			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB TRS	1,142,351	50,005	1,142,351			
Deferred savings from refunding bonds Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>63,053</u> 3,216,239	89,406	63,053 3,305,645			
Total deletted buttlows of resources	5,210,239	09,400	3,303,045			
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	18,955,228	577,444	19,532,672			
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	258,611		258,611			
Accrued interest payable	48,936		48,936			
Accrued salaries & benefit payable	18,413		18,413			
Unearned revenue	602,830		602,830			
Long-term liabilities:	002,000		002,000			
Due within 1 year:						
Bond obligations	384,000		384,000			
Finance purchased obligations	77,548		77,548			
KSBIT payable	38,508		38,508			
Total due within 1 year	500,056		500,056			
Due in more than 1 year:	500,050	<u> </u>	500,050			
Bond obligations	3,901,858		3,901,858			
Finance purchased obligations	385,532		385,532			
KSBIT payable	39,755		39,755			
Net pension liability	,	100 550	,			
Net OPEB liability CERS	4,060,783	180,552	4,241,335			
5	1,108,401	49,282	1,157,683			
Net OPEB liability TRS	1,826,000		1,826,000			
Sick leave	152,051	000.004	152,051			
Total due in more than 1 year	11,474,380	229,834	11,704,214			
Total liabilities	12,903,226	229,834	13,133,060			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions	490,600	21,813	512,413			
Deferred inflows related to OPEB CERS	604,111	26,860	630,971			
Deferred inflows related to OPEB TRS	831,000		831,000			
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,925,711	48,673	1,974,384			
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in capital assets	8,006,788	104,462	8,111,250			
Restricted for:		,				
Capital projects	130,344		130,344			
District activities	11,173		11,173			
Student activities	179,509		179,509			
Site based carryforward	17,380		17,380			
Food services	,000	194,475	194,475			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(4,218,903)	101,170	(4,218,903)			
Total net position	4,126,291	298,937	4,425,228			

Lee County School District Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2023

		_		Pr	rogram Revenues	6		_	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Po				
								-		Prin	nary Government		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities		Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:													
Governmental activities:													
Instruction	\$ 6,666,433	\$	-	\$	4,620,580	\$	-	\$	(2,045,853)	\$	- \$		(2,045,853)
Support services													
Student	756,209		301,321		477,703				22,815				22,815
Instructional staff	567,102		,		358,243				(208,859)				(208,859)
District administration	609,606				385,093				(224,513)				(224,513)
School administration	704,800				445,228				(259,572)				(259,572)
Business	545,092				344,339				(200,753)				(200,753)
Plant operation & maintenance	1,001,455				632,627		321,574		(47,254)				(47,254)
Student transportation	672,400				424,760		021,011		(247,640)				(247,640)
Community services operations	251,097				158,620				(92,477)				(92,477)
Food service operations	305				193				(112)				(112)
Interest on long-term debt	174,010				100		98,272		(75,738)				(75,738)
Depreciation*	473,981						50,212		(473,981)				(473,981)
Total governmental activities	12,422,490		301,321		7,847,386		419,846	-	(3,853,937)				(3,853,937)
rotal governmental activities	12,422,430		501,521		7,047,000		413,040	-	(0,000,007)				(0,000,007)
Business-type activities:													
Food service operations	787,424		18,323		902,120						133,019		133,019
Depreciation*	17,577							_			(17,577)		(17,577)
Total business-type activities	805,001		18,323		902,120		-	-	-		115,442		115,442
Total primary government	\$13,227,491	\$	319,644	\$	8,749,506	\$	419,846	-	(3,853,937)		115,442		(3,738,495)
	General revenues:												
	Taxes:												
	Property taxes								1,528,369				1,528,369
	Oil taxes								33,762				33,762
	Motor vehicle taxes								247,842				247,842
	Uitility taxes								373,927				373,927
	Revenue in lieu of taxes								8,003				8,003
	State and formula grants								4,076,386				4,076,386
	Unrestricted investment ear	rninas							6,862		1,265		8,127
	Other local	mingo							91.457		1,200		91.457
	Sale of buildings & equipme	ant							370,745				370,745
	Transfers	SIIC							232,294		(232,294)		-
	Total general revenues a	and tran	sfers					-	6,969,647	•	(231,029)		6,738,618
	Change in net position								3,115,710		(115,587)		3,000,123
	Net Position - beginning							_	1,010,581		414,524		1,425,105
	Net Position - ending							\$	4,126,291	\$	298,937 \$		4,425,228

*Unallocated depreciation that excludes depreciation which is included in the direct expenses of various programs, if any.

Lee County School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	_				Govern	men	tal Funds			
	_	General		Special Revenue	 Construction	_	Debt Service	_	Other Governmental Funds	 Total
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	1,545,785	\$		\$ 235,926	\$	-	\$	307,619	\$ 2,089,330
Interfund		180,039								180,039
Taxes		129,266								129,266
Accounts		743		130,985					289	132,017
Intergovernmental-federal			_	632,650				_		 632,650
Total assets	_	1,855,833		763,635	 235,926	_	-	=	307,908	 3,163,302
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		33,667		2,136	222,808					258,611
Accrued salaries & benefits payable		18,413								18,413
Interfund payable				180,039						180,039
Unearned revenue		21,370		581,460				_		 602,830
Total liabilities	_	73,450		763,635	 222,808	_	-	-	-	 1,059,893
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted					13,118				128,399	141,517
Assigned		17,380								17,380
Committed									179,509	179,509
Unassigned		1,765,003						_		 1,765,003
Total fund balance	_	1,782,383		-	 13,118	_	-	-	307,908	 2,103,409
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$_	1,855,833	\$	763,635	\$ 235,926	\$	-	\$	307,908	\$ 3,163,302

Lee County School District Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 2,103,409
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	12,755,726
Costs associated with bond issues and refundings are expensed in the fund financial statements because they are a use of current financial resources but are capitalized on the statement of net position using the economic resources focus	63,053
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations) are not due and payble in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Accrued interest payable Bonds payable Finance purchased obligations KSBIT payable Sick leave liability Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(48,936) (4,285,858) (463,080) (78,263) (152,051) (4,060,783) (2,934,401)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB	1,321,192 1,831,994 (490,600) (1,435,111)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,126,291

Lee County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2023

	General	Special Revenue	Construction	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				0011100		i unuo
From local sources						
Taxes						
Property	\$ 1,348,283 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	180,086 \$	1,528,369
Oil	33,762					33,762
Motor vehicle	247,842					247,842
Utilities	373,927					373,927
Revenue in lieu of taxes	8,003					8,003
Student activities		2,292			299,029	301,321
Other local revenue	17,318	51,130			23,009	91,457
Earnings on investments	6,174	188			500	6,862
Intergovernmental - state	6,653,501	426,639		98,272	321,574	7,499,986
Intergovernmental - federal	126,444	4,717,188				4,843,632
Total revenues	 8,815,254	5,197,437	-	98,272	824,198	14,935,161
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction	4,173,511	2,058,024			293,761	6,525,296
Support services						
Student	744,881	11,328				756,209
Instructional staff	395,593	158,651			12,858	567,102
District administration	595,070	14,536				609,606
School administration	685,486	19,314				704,800
Business	520,796	24,296				545,092
Plant operation & maintenance	1,006,905	10,125			600	1,017,630
Student transportation	687,950				3,350	691,300
Food service operation	305					305
Community services operations	43,519	207,578				251,097
Building improvements			3,085,339			3,085,339
Debt service	 132,043			500,122		632,165
Total expenditures	 8,986,059	2,503,852	3,085,339	500,122	310,569	15,385,941
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(170,805)	2,693,585	(3,085,339)	(401,850)	513,629	(450,780)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of equipment	6,897					6,897
Sale of buildings	363,848					363,848
Operating transfers in	75,294	17,328	3,085,339	401,850	17,472	3,597,283
Operating transfers (out)	 (17,328)	(2,710,913)			(636,748)	(3,364,989)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	 428,711	(2,693,585)	3,085,339	401,850	(619,276)	603,039
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	257,906	-	-	-	(105,647)	152,259
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	 1,524,477	-	13,118		413,555	1,951,150
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ 1,782,383 \$	\$	13,118 \$	\$	307,908 \$	2,103,409

Lee County School District									
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental									
Funds to the Statement of Activities									
Year ended June 30, 2023									

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 152,259
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District pension contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(167,250)
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(11,893)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated	
economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	2,646,433
The difference in the issue amount of the refunding of bond proceeds and the amount for payment to the escrow account to pay the refunded bonds is amortized over the life of the refunding issue.	(8,916)
Bond and finance purchase payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	465,115
Bond discount/premium are a other financing use/expenditure in the fund financial statements, but are a netted against the bond liability and amortized over the life of the bond in the government wide financial statements.	(990)
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	
Accrued interest payable	2,946
KSBIT payable Noncurrent sick leave payable	 37,346 660
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,115,710

Lee County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year ended June 30, 2023

		Budget Original	ed /	Amounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
		Oliginal		- I IIIdi		Actual		(Onlavorable)
REVENUES								
From local sources								
Taxes								
Property	\$	1,127,000	\$	1,127,000	\$	1,348,283	\$	221,283
Oil	•	20,000	·	20.000	•	33.762	•	13,762
Motor vehicle		180,000		180,000		247,842		67,842
Utilities		320,000		320,000		373,927		53,927
Revenue in lieu of taxes		5,000		5,000		8,003		3,003
Other local revenue		-,		-,		17.318		17,318
Earnings on investments		5,000		5,000		6,174		1,174
Intergovernmental - state		6,065,784		6,065,784		6,653,501		587,717
Intergovernmental - federal		90,000		90,000		126,444		36,444
Total revenues		7,812,784		7,812,784		8,815,254		1,002,470
		.,0.2,.0.		.,		0,010,201		.,
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction		4,190,203		4,191,303		4,173,511		17,792
Support services		1,100,200		.,,		.,,		,
Student		662,885		662,885		744,881		(81,996)
Instructional staff		391,200		391,200		395,593		(4,393)
District administration		1,195,430		1,195,430		595.070		600,360
School administration		541.469		541.469		685.486		(144,017)
Business		465,802		465,802		520,796		(54,994)
Plant operation & maintenance		1,010,366		1,010,366		1,006,905		3,461
Student transportation		762,362		762,362		687,950		74,412
Food service operation		102,002		102,002		305		(305)
Community services operations		7,500		7,500		43,519		(36,019)
Debt service		132,043		132,043		132,043		(00,010)
Total expenditures		9,359,260		9,360,360		8,986,059		374,301
		0,000,200		0,000,000		0,000,000		014,001
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,546,476)		(1,547,576)		(170,805)		1,376,771
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of equipment						6,897		6,897
Finance purchase proceeds						363,848		363,848
Operating transfers in		40,000		40.000		75,294		35,294
Operating transfers (out)		(18,000)		(18,000)		(17,328)		672
Total other financing sources and (uses)		22,000		22,000		428,711		406,711
		22,000		22,000		720,711		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,524,476)		(1,525,576)		257,906		1,783,482
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING		1,524,476		1,524,476		1,524,477		1
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$		\$	(1,100)	\$	1,782,383	\$	1,783,483

Lee County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund Year ended June 30, 2023

		Budget Original	ed A	Amounts Final	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES								
From local sources								
Other local revenue	\$		\$		\$	51,130	\$	51,130
Student activities	Ŷ		Ψ		Ψ	2.292	Ψ	2.292
Earnings on investments						188		188
Intergovernmental - state		787,382		799,539		426,639		(372,900)
Intergovernmental - federal		1,265,314		1,264,064		4,717,188		3,453,124
Total revenues		2,052,696		2,063,603	-	5,197,437		3,133,834
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction		1,671,356		1,665,686		2,058,024		(392,338)
Support services		1,071,000		1,000,000		2,000,024		(002,000)
Student		59.947		58.547		11.328		47.219
Instructional staff		95,079		95,079		158,651		(63,572)
District administration		00,010		00,010		14,536		(14,536)
School administration						19.314		(19,314)
Business		36,000		36.000		24,296		11,704
Plant operation & maintenance		13,560		13,560		10,125		3,435
Community services operations		125,393		143,220		207,578		(64,358)
Total expenditures	_	2,001,335		2,012,092	-	2,503,852		(491,760)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		51,361		51,511		2,693,585		2,642,074
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		70,426		18,000		17,328		(672)
Operating transfers out		(121,787)		(69,361)		(2,710,913)		(2,641,552)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	(51,361)		(51,361)	-	(2,693,585)		(2,642,224)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		150		-		(150)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING		-			-			
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$		\$	150	\$		\$	(150)

Lee County School District Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2023

		School Food Services
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	353,775
Inventories		29,801
Capital assets:		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		104,461
Total assets	_	488,037
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		58,743
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		30,663
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	89,406
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	577,443
LIABILITIES		
Net pension liability		180,552
Net OPEB liability		49,282
Total liabilities	_	229,834
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pension		21,813
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		26,860
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	48,673
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		278,507
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		104,461
Restricted		194,475
Total net position		298,936
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	577,443

Lee County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund Year ended June 30, 2023

	_	School Food Services
OPERATING REVENUES		
Lunchroom sales	\$	18,323
Total operating revenues	_	18,323
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Depreciation		17,578
Food service operations		
Salaries and benefits		377,587
Operational		409,837
Total operating expenses	_	805,002
Operating income (loss)		(786,679)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Federal grants		851,082
State grants		51,038
Transfers (Out)		(232,294)
Earnings from investments	_	1,265
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	671,091
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(115,588)
NET POSITION-BEGINNING	_	414,524
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	298,936

Lee County School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Year ended June 30, 2023

		School Food
		Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	18,323
Payments to suppliers	Ŧ	(289,645)
Payments to employees		(377,587)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(648,909)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfer for indirect cost for administrative costs		(232,294)
Operating grants and contributions		902,120
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		669,826
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest		1,265
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		1,265
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		22,182
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-BEGINNING		331,593
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-ENDING	\$	353,775
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(786,679)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		17,578
Changes in assets and liabilities:		04.400
Receivables Outflow Deferrals		91,126
Inflow Deferrals		(28,498) (1,984)
		(1,984) 44,587
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability		8,465
Payables		(681)
Inventories		7,177
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(648,909)
		<u>·</u>

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the district received \$44,523 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits in the amount of \$45,810 provided by state government.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended June 30, 2023 NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Lee County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Lee County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100-Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies, which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Lee County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Blended Component Unit

Lee County Board Of Education Finance Corporation

The Board authorized establishment of the Lee County Board Of Education Finance Corporation a nonstock, non-profit corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Corporation") to act as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be the same persons who are at any time the members of the Board of Education of the Lee County Board of Education.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segments or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

(A) General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is always a major fund of the District.

(B) Special Revenue (Grant) Fund

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that is legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District by request of the Kentucky Department of Education.

(C) Special Revenue (District Activity) Fund

The Special Revenue (District Activity) Fund accounts for funds collected at individual schools for operation costs of the schools or school district that allows for more flexibility in the expenditures of those funds.

(D) Special Revenue (Student Activity) Fund

Special Revenue (Student Activity) Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts.

(E) Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).

SEEK Capital Outlay Fund

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects as identified in the District's facility plan.

Building (FSPK) Fund

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy that is required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling. This is a major fund of the District.

(F) Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture

(USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund of the district.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal period are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the government funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide financial statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the district are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgment, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five categories as defined by GASB 54 as follows:

Nonspendable:	Permanently nonspendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or funds that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses or inventory on hand.
Restricted	Legally restricted under legislation, bond authority, or grantor contract.
Committed	Commitments of future funds for specific purposes passed by the Board.
Assigned	Funds that are intended by management to be used for a specific purpose,
	including encumbrances.
Unassigned	Funds available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the General Fund unless a fund has a deficit.

The Board has adopted a GASB 54 spending policy which states that the spending order of funds is to first use restricted funds, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

Net Position

The statement of net position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets net of related debt – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets; 2) restricted net position – resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District; 3) unrestricted net position – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or invested in capital assets. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted net position and then unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2022, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.492 per \$100 valuation of real property, \$.492 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.523 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The amounts of such services and donated commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Interfund Transfers

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows – contributions to the CERS's pension and OPEB plans after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), and the County Retirement System of Kentucky (CERS), and additions to/deductions from TRS's/CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Bond and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

The District prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as used to prepare the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds. Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Per Board policy, all amendments require Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The Kentucky Department of Education does not require the Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds to prepare budgets.

Special Revenue Fund Expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$491,760.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 96-In May, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-based information Technology Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government and users (governments). The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 99-In April, 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The Statement is effective on various dates, but no later than reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 94-In March, 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

There is no effect on current year financial statements for newly adopted accounting pronouncements.

Effective in Future Years:

The District is currently evaluating the potential impact of the following issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards:

GASB Statement No. 101- In June, 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 100- In June, 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The Statement is effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NOTE B – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end the District's bank balances and certificates of deposit were fully collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$2,443,105. The bank balance for the same time was \$2,689,684.

The School Activity Fund has a \$10,000 non-negotiable certificate of deposit at June 30, 2023. Non-negotiable certificate of deposits are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK/Building) Fund, Special Revenue (Grant Fund), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Fund, and School Activity Fund.

NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental Activities		<u>July 1, 2022</u>		Additions		Deductions		<u>June 30, 2023</u>
Land	\$	183,410	\$	-	\$	-	\$	183,410
Land improvements		513,770		-		-		513,770
Buildings		18,878,623		-		-		18,878,623
Technology equipment		1,541,272		-		-		1,541,272
Vehicles		1,938,895		18,900		-		1,957,795
General equipment		457,551		16,175		-		473,726
Construction in progress	_	446,312	_	3,085,339	_	-	_	3,531,650
Total at historical cost	\$	23,959,833	\$	3,120,414	\$	-	\$	27,080,246
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements		488,339		3,655		-		491,994
Buildings		10,675,786		329,187		-		11,004,973
Technology equipment		1,182,648		4,499		-		1,187,147
Vehicles		1,168,356		126,413		-		1,294,769
General equipment	-	335,410	-	10,227	-	-	-	345,637
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	13,850,539	\$	473,981	\$	-	\$	14,324,520
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets-net	\$	10,109,294	\$	2,646,433	\$	-	\$	12,755,726
Business-Type Activities		<u>July 1, 2022</u>		Additions		Deductions		<u>June 30, 2023</u>
Technology equipment	\$	9,892	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,892
Vehicles		28,698		-		-		28,698
General equipment	_	481,503	_	-	_	-	_	481,503
Total at historical cost	\$	520,093	\$	-	\$		\$	520,093
Less: Accumulated depreciation	-		-		_		-	
Technology equipment	\$	14,606	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,606
Vehicles		11,479		5,740		-		17,219
General equipment	_	371,968	_	11,839	_	-	_	383,806
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	398,053	\$	17,578	\$	-	\$	415,631
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets-net	\$	122,040	\$	(17,578)	\$	-	\$	104,462

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as "unallocated".

NOTE D – LONG TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Bonds

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bonded debt and lease obligations represent the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Lee County School District Finance Corporation.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes), Building (FSPK) Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Lee County School District Finance Corporation to construct school

facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The bonds payable are collateralized by education facilities constructed by the District with bond proceeds. Bondholders are protected against default by a mechanism whereby the Commonwealth of Kentucky would withhold state SEEK payments and remit required debt service payments directly to the debt service paying agent. All bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations.

The original amount of outstanding issues, the issue dates, interest rates, maturity dates, and outstanding balances, at June 30, 2023, are summarized below:

Original Amount	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	2022 Outstanding Balance		Outstanding		terest Outst		Addi	tions	Ret	irements	2023 tstanding Balance
1,460,000	4/1/2023	.5-2.0%	\$	155,000	\$	-	\$	155,000	\$ -				
500,000	2/1/2030	.35%		417,000		-		14,000	403,000				
2,350,000	2/1/2035	2.0-3.5%		2,120,000		-		35,000	2,085,000				
1,835,000	8/1/2028	2%		1,080,000		-		135,000	945,000				
975,000	8/1/2030	2.250%		920,000		-		45,000	875,000				
				4,692,000		-		384,000	4,308,000				
Premium				14,023		-		3,273	10,750				
Discount				(37,155)		-		(4,263)	(32,892)				
			\$	4,668,868	\$	-	\$	383,010	\$ 4,285,858				

The table following sets forth the amount to be paid by the District for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2023, for debt service, (principal and interest) are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended <u>30-Jun</u>	<u>Principal</u> Local <u>KSFCC</u>		<u>Interest</u> Local <u>KSFCC</u>					Principal Total	Interest <u>Total</u>		
2024	\$	306,014	\$ 77,986	\$	87,530	\$	20,287	\$	384,000	\$	107,817
2025		314,361	79,639		82,095		18,633		394,000		100,728
2026		322,672	81,328		76,539		16,944		404,000		93,483
2027		331,552	83,448		69,989		14,824		415,000		84,812
2028		334,373	85,627		63,337		12,646		420,000		75,982
2029-2033		1,391,515	274,485		216,265		35,037		1,666,000		251,302
2034-2035		548,645	76,355		28,868		4,032		625,000		32,900
	\$	3,549,132	\$ 758,868	\$	624,623	\$	122,401	\$	4,308,000	\$	747,024

Finance Purchases

The following is an analysis of the financed property under financed purchases by class:

KISTA Issue		Driginal Amount	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	2022 Outstanding Balance		•		rements	Out	2023 tstanding Balance	
Issue of 2012	\$	175,500	3/1/2022	2.0 - 2.625%	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Issue of 2014		89,830	3/1/2024	2.0 - 3.0%		16,500		-		8,119		8,381
Issue of 2015		101,780	3/1/2025	1.0-2.625%		29,330		-		10,683		18,647
Issue of 2017		45,395	3/1/2027	2.55%		22,584		-		4,586		17,998
Issue of 2020		223,487	3/1/2030	2.00%		175,285		-		21,416		153,869
Issue of 2021		230,028	3/1/2031	1.25% - 1.50%		204,527		-		25,501		179,026
Issue of 2022		95,969	3/1/2032	3.00%		95,969		-		10,810		85,159
Totals				=	\$	544,195	\$	-	\$	81,115	\$	463,080

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum payments under finance purchases together with the present value of the net minimum payments as of June 30, 2023:

Fiscal						
Year Ended 30-Jun		Principal Local		Interest Local		Total
2024	\$	77,548	\$	9,146	\$	86,694
	Ψ		Ψ	,	Ψ	,
2025		68,206		7,511		75,717
2026		59,180		6,143		65,323
2027		60,302		5,017		65,319
2028		57,071		3,868		60,939
2029-2032	_	140,773		5,668		146,441
	\$ =	463,080	\$	37,353	\$	500,433
Total minimu	m pa	ayments		\$		500,433
Less: Amo		<u>(37,353)</u>				
Present Value	ofl	Net Minimur	n			
Payments				\$		<u>463,080</u>

In order to secure the payment of all of the Board's obligations under a KISTA Lease, the Board grants to KISTA a security interest constituting a first lien on the Equipment and on all additions, attachments, accessories, and substitutions thereto, and on all proceeds therefrom. In the Event of Default, title to the Equipment shall immediately vest in KISTA, and the Board will immediately surrender possession of the Equipment to KISTA or to KISTA's order; by the execution of this Lease the Board agrees upon demand by KISTA or the Second Trustee, and without order of court, to execute a bill of sale or such other instrument as may be required in favor of KISTA or the Second Trustee in order to permit liquidation of the equipment in an Event of Default by the Board.

Accumulated Sick Leave

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The activity during fiscal year for accumulated sick leave is as follows:

Out	2022 standing <u>alance</u>	<u>Addi</u>	<u>tions</u>	<u>Retiren</u>	nents	2023 Outstanding <u>Balance</u>		
\$	152,711	\$	-	\$	660	\$ 152,051		

<u>KSBIT</u>

The District elected to finance the worker's compensation insurance deficit (KSBIT) with the now defunct Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust through the Kentucky Inter-local School Transportation Association (KISTA). The activity during fiscal year 2023 for the worker's compensation and property and liability deficit are as follows:

<u>KSBIT</u>	Driginal Amount	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Interest KIS		2022 KISTA standing	ISTA			rements	2023 KISTA Outstanding
KSBIT	\$ 346,989	8/1/2024	2.0 - 3.25%	\$	115,609	\$	-	\$	37,346	\$78,263

The minimum payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30th	Local <u>'incipal</u>	<u>_In</u>	<u>terest</u>	Total Payments		
2024	\$ 38,508	\$	1,894	\$	40,402	
2025	39,755		646		40,401	
	\$ 78,263	\$	2,540	\$	80,803	

Net Pension & OPEB Liability

The net pension liability is \$4,060,783 for governmental activities and \$180,552 for business-type activities for a total of \$4,241,335 as of June 30, 2023 (See Note E for additional information). The net OPEB liability is \$2,934,401 for governmental activities and \$49,282 for business-type activities for a total of \$2,983,683 as of June 30, 2023 (See Note F for additional information).

A summary of activity in bond obligations and other debts is as follows:

Description		2022 Outstanding Balance	<u> </u>	Additions	Retirements		2023 Outstanding Balance	 Amount Due in One Year
Bonds, Net of Premium and Discount	\$	4,668,868	\$	-	\$ 383,010	\$	4,285,858	\$ 384,000
Finance Purchases		544,195		-	81,115		463,080	77,548
Sick Leave		152,711		-	660		152,051	-
KSBIT		115,609		-	37,346		78,263	38,508
Net Pension Liability		3,414,169		827,166	-		4,241,335	-
Net OPEB Liability	-	2,163,939		819,744		-	2,983,683	 -
Totals	\$	11,059,491	\$	1,646,910	\$ 502,131	\$	12,204,270	\$ 500,056

NOTE E – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification.

Teachers Retirement System Kentucky (TRS)

Retirement Annuity Trust

Plan description

Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky-a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues publicly available financial report that can be obtained a at http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

Benefits provisions

For Members before July 1, 2008: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 55 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Non-university members receive monthly payments equal to 2% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Non-university members who became members on or after July 1, 2002, will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than 10 years. New members after July 1, 2002, who retire with 10 or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first 10 years. In addition, non-university members who retire July 1, 2004, and later with more than 30 years of service will have a multiplier for all years over 30 of 3%.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.

For Members On or After July 1, 2008: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable of r life, members must either:

- 1. Attain age 60 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service, or
- 3. Attain age 55 and complete 10 years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to : (a) 1.7% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) 2% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) 2.3% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each years; (e) 3% of final average salary for years of credited service if their service is greater than 30 years; (e) 3% of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

For Members on and after January 1, 2022:

Condition for Retirement	Attainment of age 57 and 10 years of service or attainment of age 65 and 5 years of service.
Amount of Allowance	-
Foundational Benefit	The annual foundational benefit for members is equal to service Times a multiplier times final average salary.

	Years of Service							
Age	5-9.99		10- 19.99		20- 29.99		30 or More	
57-60	-	%	1.70	%	1.95	%	2.20	%
61	-	%	1.74	%	1.99	%	2.24	%
62	-	%	1.78	%	2.03	%	2.28	%
63	-	%	1.82	%	2.07	%	2.32	%
64	-	%	1.86	%	2.11	%	2.36	%
65 and over	1.90	%	1.90	%	2.15	%	2.40	%

The annual foundational benefit is reduced by 6% per year from The earlier of age 60 on the date the member would have Completed 30 years of service.

Supplemental BenefitThe annual supplemental benefit is equal to the account balance
Which includes member and employer contributions and interest
Credited annually on June 30. Options include annuitizing the
Balance or receiving the balance as a lump sum either at the time
Of retirement or at a later date.

Disability Retirement AllowanceTotally and permanently incapable of being employed as a teacherCondition for AllowanceTotally and permanently incapable of being employed as a teacher

And Under age 60 but after completing 5 years of service

Amount of Allowance	The disability allowance is equal to the greater of the service Retirement allowance or 60% of the member's final average Salary. The disability allowance is payable over an entitlement Period equal to 25% of the service credited to the member at the Date of the disability or 5 years, whichever is longer. After the Disability entitlement period has expired and if the member Remains disabled, he will be retired under service retirement. The Service retirement allowance will be computed with service credit Given for the period of disability retirement. The allowance will Not be less than \$6,000 per year. The service retirement allowance Will not be reduced for commencement of the allowance before Age 60 or the completion of 27 years of service.
Benefits Payable on Separation	
From Service	Any member who ceases to be in service is entitled to receive his Contributions with allowable interest. A member who has Completed 5 years of creditable service and leaves his Contributions with the System may be continued in the Membership of the System after separation from service, and file application for service retirement after the attainment of Age 60.
Life Insurance	A separate Life Insurance fund has been created as June 30, 2000 To pay benefits on behalf of deceased TRS active and retired Members.
Death Benefits	A surviving spouse of an active member with less than 10 years of Service may elect to receive an annual allowance of \$2,880 except That if income from other sources exceeds \$6,600 per year the Annual allowance will be \$2,160. A surviving spouse of an active Member with 10 or more years of service may elect to receive an Allowance which is the actuarial equivalent of the allowance the Deceased member would have received upon retirement. The Allowance will commence on the date the deceased member would have been eligible for service retirement and will be payable during the life of the spouse. If the deceased member is survived by unmarried children under Age 18 the following schedule of annual allowances applies:

Number of	Annual
Children	Allowance
1	\$ 2,400
2	\$ 4,080
3	\$ 4,800
4 or more	\$ 5,280

The allowances are payable until a child attains age 18, or age 23 if A full-time student.

If the member has no eligible survivor, a refund of his accumulated Contributions is payable to his estate. In lieu of the regular Option 1, a retirement allowance payable in

The form of a life annuity with refundable balance, any member Before retirement may elect to receive a reduced allowance which Is actuarially equivalent to the full allowance, in one of the Following forms:

Option 2. A single life annuity payable during the member's Lifetime with payments for 10 years certain.

Option 3. At the death of the member his allowance is continued Throughout the life of the beneficiary.

Option 3(a). At the death of the beneficiary designated by the Member under Option 3, the member's benefit will revert to what Would have been paid had he not selected an option.

Option 4. At the death of the member one half of his allowance is Continued throughout the life of the beneficiary.

Option 4(a). At the death of the beneficiary designated by the Member

Under Option 4, the member's benefit will revert to what would Have been paid had he not selected an option.

Post-Retirement Adjustments The retirement allowance of each retired member and of each Beneficiary shall be increased by 1.5% each July 1.

Member Contributions Members before 1/1/2022 Members on and after 1/1/2022

9.105% of salary to the Retirement System.
9% of salary to the Retirement System and an additional 2% of Salary to the supplemental benefit account. Employers also Contributes 2%.

Contributions

Options

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Employees are required to contribute 12.855%. of their salaries to the system effective July 1, 2015. The state, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for

local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those who joined thereafter. Contributions for local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to TRS

At June 30, 2023 the District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The net pension liability that was associated with the District follows.

TRS

State's proportionate share of the TRS net pension	
liability associated with the District	\$ 17,289,071

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.1020%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Prior Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Reporting Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age
Inflation Rate	2.5%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate Prior	7.10%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate at	
Measurement Date	7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate Prior	2.13%
Municipal Bond Index Rate at	
Measurement Date	3.37%
Projected Salary Increase	3.0-7.5%, including inflation
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	7.10

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the

groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

A summary of the target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, follows.

Asset Class	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Rates of Return	
Large Cap US Equity	37.4	%	4.2	%
Small Cap Equity	2.6	%	4.7	%
Developed International Equity	16.5	%	5.3	%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5	%	54.4	%
Fixed Income	15.0	%	-0.1	%
High Yield Bonds	2.0	%	1.7	%
Other Additional Categories	5.0	%	2.2	%
Real Estate	7.0	%	4.0	%
Private Equity	7.0	%	6.9	%
Cash	2.0	%	-0.3	%
Total	100	%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) rates for all future fiscal years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all

projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

TRS		1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase	
~		6.10%	7.10%	8.10%	
State's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	17,804,774	\$ 17,289,071	\$ 9,325,252	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publically available at <u>http://www.TRS.ky.gov/</u>.

County Employees Retirement System

Non-Hazardous

Plan description

Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly and overseen by the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA). The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the school board. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided

Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions

Funding for CERS: *Tier I* plan is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% of their creditable compensation.

Tier II plan members hired after September 1, 2008 contribute 6.00% of their creditable compensation. Further, 1% of these contributions are deposited to an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits.

Tier III plan members, who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. That plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Employee contributions to the plan are the same as the Tier II contributions. Tier III member accounts are also credited with an employer pay credit in the amount of 4% of the member's creditable compensation.

For the year ending June 30, 2023, employers were required to contribute 26.95% of the member's salary, 22.78% pension and 4.17% for insurance. The District contributed \$433,780 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 on an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability, \$4,241,335 was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The District's proportion was 0.058671%.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Pension Expense included in the Schedule of Pension Amounts include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedule of Pension Amounts does not include deferred outflow/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contribution or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2023, is based on the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation rolled forward. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are amortized over a closed five-year period.

The District recognized pension expense of \$183,835 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows.

CERS		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	-			
experience	\$	4,535	\$	37,771
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		577,119		468,386
proportionate share of contributions		389,574		6,256
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	408,708	_	-
	\$	1,379,936	\$	512,413

The \$408,708 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	247,834
Year 2		126,134
Year 3		(35,642)
Year 4		120,489
	_	
	\$ _	458,815

Actuarial Valuation

KPPA's actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., completed the actuarial valuation for the calculation of the employer contribution rates for CERS and the Insurance Fund for the period ended June 30, 2022.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The results of the actuarial valuation are based upon the assumptions and funding policies adopted by the Board and statutory funding requirements. Assumptions and funding policies are reviewed against actual plan experience every 5 years. In general, the assumptions and methods, used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the most recent actuarial experience study for the five year period ending June 30, 2018.

- 1. Actuarial Cost Method-prepared using the entry age normal cost (EANC) method as required by state statute.
- 2. UAAL Amortization Method-the actuarial liability contribution is calculated by amortizing the unfunded accrued liability as of June 30, 2019 over a closed 30-year amortization.
- 3. Asset Valuation Method- recognizes a portion of the difference between the market value of assets and he expected market value of assets.
- 4. Retiree Insurance Funding Policy-calculated by amortizing the unfunded accrued liability as of June 30, 2019, over a closed 20-year amortization bases.
- 5. Investment Return Assumption-the future investment earnings of plan assets are assumed t accumulate at a rate of 6.25% per annum.
- 6. Salary Increase Assumptions-member's salaries are assumed to increase, price inflation component is 2.3%, and productivity component is 1%.
- 7. Health Care Cost Trend Rate-medical premiums are assumed to increase in 2024 at 6.2% for Non-Medicare Plans, and 9% for Medicare Plans.
- 8. Payroll Growth Assumption-the amortization cost to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, the active member payroll is assumed to increase at a rate of 0%.
- 9. Retiree Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)-SB2 only allows the Cost of Living Adjustments to be awarded on a biennial basis.
- 10. Retirement Rate Assumptions-retirement ages for Males to retire range from 35%, Females 27%, under 45 years of age to 30% for Males age 70, Females 27%.
- 11. Mortality Assumptions-refer to the tables included in the KPPA's 2022 Annual Report.
- 12. Withdrawal Rates- the probability, or likelihood, of active member's terminating employment range from 20% with 1 year of service to 1.35% for 25 years of service.
- 13. Rates of Disablement-disability benefits to active members range from .04% probability near age 20 to 1.02% near age 60.
- 14. Assumption Changes Since Prior Valuation-in conjunction with the review of the healthcare per capita claims cost, the assumed increase in future healthcare costs, or trend assumption, is reviewed on an annual basis. The trend assumption for the Medicare Plans was increased during the select period as a result of this review.

Discount rate

A single discount rate of 6.25% was used to measure the total pension liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

		Current	
CERS	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
District's proportionate share			
of net pension liability	\$ 5,301,142	\$ 4,241,335	\$ 3,364,786

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below for CERS Pension and Insurance Funds:

Asset Class	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Equity				
Public Equity	50	%	4.45	%
Private Equity	10	%	10.15	%
Fixed Income				
Core Fixed Income	10	%	0.28	%
Specialty Credit	10	%	2.28	%
Cash	0	%	-0.91	%
Inflation Protected				
Real Estate	7	%	3.67	%
Real Return	13	%	4.07	%

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at <u>https://kyret.ky.gov</u>.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2023, there are no payables to CERS.

NOTE F – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The District's employees participate in retirement systems of either TRS or CERS as described earlier. The following describes the other postemployment benefits for both systems.

TRS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

Health Insurance Trust (Medical Insurance Fund)

Plan description

In addition to the retirement annuity plan as described earlier, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Health Insurance Trust is funded by employer and member contributions. Changes made to the medical plans provided

through the trust may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Medical coverage through TRS is funded by a combination of contributions from employees, the state and other employers. Coverage is provided through an account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h) and 115 trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contributions required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4) (b).

Benefits provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability and a required amount of service credit. The TRS medical plan offers members who are not eligible for Medicare and under age 65 coverage through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan (KEHP) administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are eligible for Medicare, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan (MEHP) administered by TRS.

Contributions

Contributions are made on behalf of TRS retired members toward payment of health insurance premiums. The amount of the member's contribution is based on a table approved by the TRS board. Retired members pay premiums in excess of the monthly contribution. The Commonwealth of Kentucky bears risk for excess claims expenses that exceed the premium equivalents charged for the KEHP. The member postemployment medical contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment medical contribution is 0.75% of member salaries. Also, employers contribute 3% of members' salaries and the state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for new retirees after June 30, 2010, in the non-Medicare eligible group.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

The District reported a liability of \$1,826,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (NOL). The collective net OPEB liability was valued as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportion was .073562%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District as follows:

MIF

District's proportionate share of TRS net OPEB liability	\$ 1,826,000
State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	600,000
	\$ 2,426,000

The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following.

MIF	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	-	\$	768,000
Changes of assumptions		371,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		97,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		581,000		63,000
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	93,351	_	
	\$	1,142,351	\$	831,000

The \$93,351 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

MIF	-	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$	(32,000)
Year 2		(14,000)
Year 3		3,000
Year 4		116,000
Year 5		100,000
Thereafter	_	45,000
	\$	218,000

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

b by
June
30,

Mortality rates were based on the Teachers Mortality Table, and set forward two years for males and multiplied by 102%. Rates for females are set forward 2 years and multiplied by 101%. Disabled male members are set forward 1 year and multiplied by 96%. Rates for female members are set back 2 years and multiplied by 94%.

Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.00	5.10
Fixed Income	9.00	(0.10)
Real Estate	6.50	4.00
Private Equity	8.50	6.90
Additional Categories	17.00	2.20
Cash	1.00	(0.30)
Total	100.00	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the measurement date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB Statement

No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010, were assumed to be paid by either the state or the retirees themselves.
- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 per member per month (PMPM) paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the Health Insurance Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the health trust achieves a sufficient funded status, as determined by TRS's actuary, the following health trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
 - Employee Contributions
 - Employer Contributions
 - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amount in the years if the health trust is projected to achieve a funded ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

- In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years the following was assumed:
 - Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
 - For the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants, active headcounts were assumed to remain flat for all future years.

Based on these assumptions, the Health Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position (FNP) was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, and what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current discount rate:

MIF	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 2,291,000	\$ 1,826,000	\$ 1,441,000

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

MIF	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,369,000	\$ 1,826,000	\$ 2,395,000

Life Insurance Trust

Plan description and benefits provided

TRS administers the Life Insurance Trust as provided by KRS 161.655 to provide life insurance benefits to retired and active members. The benefit is financed by actuarially determined contributions from the 207 participating employers. The benefit is \$5,000 for members who are retired for service or disability, and \$2,000 for active contribution members.

Note: Members employed on a substitute or part-time basis and working at least 69% of a full contract year in a single fiscal year will be eligible for a life insurance benefit for the balance of the fiscal year or the immediately succeeding fiscal year under certain conditions. For non-vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, the life insurance benefit is provided if death occurs as the result of a physical injury on the job. For vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, death does not have to be the result of a physical injury on the job for life insurance benefits to be provided.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Net OPEB Liability

The District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District as follows:

LIF

State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	\$ 30,000

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll
Amortization Period	27 years, Closed
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed value
Inflation	3%
Real Wage Growth	0.5%
Wage Inflation	3.5%
Salary Increase	3.5 to 7.20%, including wage inflation
Discount Rate	7.5%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five year period ending June 30, 2015.

The remaining actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation of the health trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019, valuation. The health care cost trend rate assumption was updated for the June 30, 2019, valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the total OPEB liability (TOL) roll forward while the change in initial per capital claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20 year Municipal Bond index pushed weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Target Allocations

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	Expected Geometric Real Rate Percentage of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0	4.40
International Equity	23.0	5.6
Fixed Income	18.0	(.10)
Real Estate	6.0	4.0
Private Equity	5.0	6.9
Other Additional Categories	6.0	2.1
Cash	2.0	(0.3)
	100.0	

As the Life Trust investment policy is to change, the above reflects the pension allocation and returns that achieve the targeted 8.00% long-term rate of return.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (TOL) as of the measurement date was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the life insurance cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The employer will contribute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Insurance Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position (FNP) was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

Revenue or Expenses for TRS OPEB plans

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB revenue in the amount of \$58,764 for support provided on-behalf of the State.

CERS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

Employees' Health Plan

Plan description

The Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits. CERS Non-hazardous Insurance Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plan. The plan covers all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the school board. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

Benefits provided

The Plan provides hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits. The Insurance Fund will pay the cost of insurance premium for participating members prior to July 1, 2003 greater than 4 years of service, 25%, greater than 10 years of service, 50%, greater than 15 years of service, 75%, and greater than 20 years of service, 100%. For participating members after July 1, 2003 the benefit paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service the dollar amount per year of service is \$13.99 to be applied to the current cost premium.

Contributions

Requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above. Current employees pay 1% toward the insurance fund.

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

The District reported a liability of \$1,157,683 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability which is .058661%.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and OPEB Expense included in the Schedules of OPEB Amounts include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedules of OPEB Amounts do not include deferred outflow/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability (NOL), and sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$76,641. The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources.

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	116,530	\$ 265,484
Changes of assumptions		183,096	150,870
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		215,572	168,585
Changes in proportion and differences			
between District contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions		138,297	46,032
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	66,811	
	\$	720,306	\$ 630,971

The \$66,811 (includes \$41,739 Implicit Subsidy) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows.

_	Year Ended June 30,
\$	11,810
	19,359
	(30,633)
	21,988
\$	22,524
	_

Implicit Employer Subsidy for non-Medicare retirees- The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 and 75 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy be included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms

None

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions to Determine the Total OPEB Liability and the Net OPEB Liability

For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRA). The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information, were based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, using the generally accepted actuarial principles.

The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022:

Investment Rate of Return	6.25%
Inflation	2.3%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0%
Salary Increases	3.3 to 10.3%
Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65)	Initial trend starting at 6.4% at January 1, 2022, and
	Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%
	Over period of 14 years.
Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65)	Initial trend starting at 6.3% in 2023 then
	Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%
	Over period of 13 years.
Mortality	System-specific mortality table based on mortality
	Experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate
	rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using
	a base year of 2019.

Senate Bill 209 passed in the 2022 legislative session increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003 by \$5 for each year of service each member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023.

Discount rate

Single discount rates of 5.7% were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2022. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position on future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the plans actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plans trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy

The following table presents the Net OPEB Liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.7%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.7%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.7%) than the current rate:

CEDC	10/ D	Current	10/ T	
CERS	1% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase
	4.7%	5.7%		6.7%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,547,637	\$ 1,157,683	\$	835,320

Health Care Trend Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the health care sensitivity rate of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.7%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.7%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.7%) than the current rate:

CERS		1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	860,711	\$	1,157,683	\$	1,514,289

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE G – COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2023, the District has commitments of \$179,509 for Student Activity Funds and \$1,841,796 for construction projects.

NOTE H - CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local governmental agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their program.

NOTE I – LITIGATION

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation and has been turned over to the District's insurance companies. At this time, it appears they are to be paid by insurance coverage.

NOTE J – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively rated which include Workers' Compensation insurance.

NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to illegal acts, torts, theft/damage/destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omission, and general liability coverage, the District purchased commercial insurance policies.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Districts Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE L – DEFICIT FUND AND OPERATING BALANCES

The following funds had an operating deficit at the end of the fiscal year causing a reduction in the fund balance/net position.

Fund	<u>Change in Net Position/</u> <u>Net Change in Fund</u> <u>Balance</u>	Fund Balance/ Net Position
Food Service FSPK	\$ (115,588) (40,953)	-
Capital Outlay	\$ (76,663)	-

NOTE M - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE N – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From	<u></u>	Purpose	Amount
Operating	Food Service Fund	General Fund	Indirect Costs	\$ 75,294
Operating	Special Revenue Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Federal Expenditures	12,158
Operating	Special Revenue Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Federal Expenditures	17,309
Operating	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	KETS	17,328
Construction	Food Service Fund	Construction Fund	Construction	157,000
Construction	Building Fund	Construction Fund	Construction	460,103
Construction	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Construction	2,309,063
Construction	Capital Outlay	Construction Fund	Construction	159,173
Debt Service	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Payments	401,850
Operating	School Activity	District Activity	Operations	\$ 17,472

NOTE O – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For fiscal year 2023, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Plan/Description		<u>Amount</u>
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 &75)	\$	1,611,813
Health Insurance		1,125,818
Life Insurance		1,699
Administrative Fee		13,589
HRA/Dental/Vision		24,675
Federal Reimbursement		(249,572)
Technology		83,313
SFCC Debt Service Payments	_	98,272
Total	\$	2,709,607

NOTE P – RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

The following funds had restricted fund balances:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Purpose
Food Service	\$ 194,475	School Food Service Operations
FSPK	75,343	SFCC Requirements
Capital Outlay	41,883	SFCC Requirements
District Activity	11,173	School Activity
Construction Fund	\$ 13,118	Future Construction Projects

NOTE Q – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2023, the date of the audit report.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CERS and TRS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2017 (2016)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2016 (2015)
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):	-	(2022)	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability		0.058671%	0.053549%	0.047899%	0.05028%	0.05156%	0.05666%	0.060900%	0.06330%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,241,335 \$	3,414,169 \$	3,673,814 \$	3,535,933 \$	3,140,405 \$	3,316,601 \$	2,998,915 \$	2,723,320
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total	\$	4,241,335 \$	3,414,169 \$	3,673,814 \$	3,535,933 \$	3,140,405 \$	3,316,601 \$	2,998,915 \$	2,723,320
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,226,920 \$	1,367,174 \$	1,226,918 \$	1,268,290 \$	1,220,155 \$	1,379,582 \$	1,450,859 \$	1,479,836
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		345.69%	249.72%	299.43%	278.80%	257.38%	240.41%	206.70%	184.03%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.42%	57.33%	47.81%	50.54%	53.54%	53.30%	59.00%	59.97%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):									
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability		0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		17,289,071	12,898,223	13,794,870	13,723,692	12,951,684	28,218,554	33,156,056	28,067,443
Total	\$	17,289,071 \$	12,898,223 \$	13,794,870 \$	13,723,692 \$	12,951,684 \$	28,218,554 \$	33,156,056 \$	28,067,443
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,921,943 \$	3,967,994 \$	3,922,008 \$	4,037,310 \$	4,031,259 \$	4,074,186 \$	4,318,974 \$	4,301,283
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		56.41%	65.59%	58.27%	58.80%	59.30%	39.80%	35.22%	42.29%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS CERS and TRS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):		2023		2022		2021	 2020	_	2019		2018		2017		2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEE S RETIREMENT STSTEM (CERS).															
Contractually required contribution	\$	408,708	\$	411,961	\$	309,929	\$ 281,146	\$	259,461	\$	223,027	\$	237,987	\$	247,516
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	_	408,708		411,961		309,929	 281,146	_	259,461		223,027	_	237,987		247,516
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_	-	_	-	 -	_	-	_	-	_	-		-
District's covered-employee payrol	\$	1,597,622	\$	1,226,920	\$	1,367,174	\$ 1,226,918	\$	1,268,290	\$	1,220,155	\$	1,379,582	\$	1,450,859
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payrol		25.58%		33.58%		22.67%	22.91%		20.46%		18.28%		17.25%		17.06%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):															
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		-		-	_	-	 -	_		_	-	_			-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_	-	=	-	 -	=	-	_	-	_	-	_	-
District's covered-employee payrol	\$	4,368,957	\$	3,921,943	\$	3,967,994	\$ 3,922,008	\$	4,037,310	\$	4,031,259	\$	4,074,186	\$	4,318,974
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payrol		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSION

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Teachers Retirement System (TRS)

Retirement Annuity Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule D of the 2022 Actuary Report of the TRS.

Changes of assumptions

In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30 on the three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSION For the year ended June 30, 2023

A summary of the actuarial assumptions of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age
Inflation Rate	2.5%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.13%
Projected Salary Increase	3.0-7.5%, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

County Employee Retirement System (CERS)

Non-Hazardous

Changes of Benefit Terms

Please refer to P. 181 of KPPA's 2022 Annual Report "Benefit Changes since the Prior Valuation".

Changes of assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Based on the actuarial valuation report, the actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the contribution rates are as follows.

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method	June 30, 2020 Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets recognized
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay
Amortization Period	30-year closed period at June 30, 2019, Gains/losses incurring After 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year Amortization bases
Mortality	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019
Phase-In Provision	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0%
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Year ended June 30, 2023

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.073562%	0.053074%	0.052679%	0.05416%	0.05159%	0.05573%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 1,826,000 \$	1,139,000 \$	1,329,000 \$	1,585,000 \$	1,790,000 \$	1,987,000
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	600,000	925,000	1,065,000	1,280,000	1,542,000	1,623,000
Total	\$ 2,426,000 \$	2,064,000 \$	2,394,000 \$	2,865,000 \$	3,332,000 \$	3,610,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,921,943 \$	3,967,994 \$	3,922,008 \$	4,037,310 \$	4,031,259 \$	4,074,186
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	46.56%	28.70%	33.89%	39.26%	44.40%	48.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	47.75%	39.05%	37.10%	32.60%	25.50%	21.20%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	30,000	12,000	32,000	30,000	26,000	22,000
Total	\$ 30,000 \$	12,000 \$	32,000 \$	30,000 \$	26,000 \$	22,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,921,943 \$	3,967,994 \$	3,922,008 \$	4,037,310 \$	4,031,259 \$	4,074,186
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	73.97%	71.57%	71.60%	73.40%	75.00%	80.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Year ended June 30, 2023

	_	2023	-	2022	_	2021	-	2020	-	2019	-	2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	93,351	\$	97,587	\$	94,206	\$	93,022	\$	94,307	\$	91,787
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	93,351	_	97,587	_	94,206	-	93,022	_	94,307	-	91,787
Contribution deficiency (excess)				-	-	-			-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,368,957	\$	3,921,943	\$	3,967,994	\$	3,922,008	\$	4,037,310	\$	4,031,259
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		2.14%		2.49%		2.37%		2.37%		2.34%		2.28%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			_	-	_	-		-	-	-	_	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	=	-	=	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,368,957	\$	3,921,943	\$	3,967,994	\$	3,922,008	\$	4,037,310	\$	4,031,259
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM Year ended June 30, 2023

	-	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)		0.058661%	0.053537%	0.047885%	0.05027%	0.05156%	0.05666%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1,157,683 \$	1,024,939 \$	1,156,277 \$	845,451 \$	915,473 \$	1,139,100
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	-			<u> </u>			
Total	\$	1,157,683 \$	1,024,939 \$	1,156,277 \$	845,451 \$	915,473 \$	1,139,100
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,226,920 \$	1,367,174 \$	1,226,918 \$	1,268,290 \$	1,220,155 \$	1,379,582
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		94.36%	74.97%	94.24%	66.66%	75.03%	82.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		60.95%	62.91%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	13.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM Year ended June 30, 2023

	 2023	_	2022	_	2021		2020		2019	_	2018
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$ 58,997	\$	58,997	\$	47,390	\$	32,204	\$	27,736	\$	24,921
Contributions in relation to the contractually	 58,997	_	58,997	_	47,390	_	32,204		27,736	_	24,921
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 -	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,597,622	\$	1,226,920	\$	1,367,174	\$	1,226,918	\$	1,268,290	\$	1,220,155
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	3.69%		4.81%		3.47%		2.62%		2.19%		2.04%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB Year ended June 30, 2023

Teachers Retirement System (TRS)

Health Insurance Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule D of the 2022 Actuary Report of the TRS.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30, 2019. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule.

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Period Amortization Method Asset Valuation Method Inflation	Entry age normal Level percentage of payroll 21 years, closed 5-year smoothed market value 3%
Real Wage Growth	0.5%
Wage Inflation	3.5%
Salary Increase	3.5 to 7.2%, including wage inflation
Discount Rate	8.0%
Health Care Cost Trends	
KEHP Group	7.25% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30, 2029
MEHP Group	5.25% at June 30, 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30, 2022
Medicare Part B Premiums	6.49% at June 30, 2020 with an ultimate rate of 5% by June 30, 2031
KEHP Group Claims	The current KEHP premium is used as the base cost and is projected forward using only the health care trend assumption (no implicit rate subsidy is recognized).

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB Year ended June 30, 2023

Life Insurance Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule D of the 2022 Actuary Report of the TRS.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule.

June 30, 2017
Entry age normal
Level percentage of payroll
27 years, Closed
5-year smoothed value
3%
0.5%
3.5%
3.5 to 7.20%, including wage inflation
7.5%

County Employee Retirement System (CERS)

Employees' Health Plan

Changes of Benefit Terms

Please refer to P. 181 of KPPA's 2022 Annual Report "Benefit Changes since the Prior Valuation".

Changes of Assumptions None.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB Year ended June 30, 2023

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Asset Valuation Method	June 30, 2020 Entry Age Normal 20% of the difference between the market value of assets
Amortization Method Amortization Period	And the expected actuarial value of assets recognized Level Percent of Pay 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019, Gains/losses Incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate
Mortality	closed 20-year amortization bases System-specific mortality table based on mortality Experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010
Phase-In Provision	base year of 2019 Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0%
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%
Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65)	Initial trend starting at 6.40% at January 1, 2022, and Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05 Over period of 14 years. The 2021 premiums were Known at the time of the valuation and were Incorporated into the liability measurement
Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65)	Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023 then Gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% Over period of 13 years. The 2021 premiums were Known at the time of the valuation and were incorporated into the liability measurement. Additionally, Humana provided "Not to Exceed" 2022 Medicare premiums, which were incorporated and resulted in an assumed 2.90% increase in medicare premiums at January 1, 2022

Lee County School District Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	-								
	-	Special Revenue Student Activity	<u>.</u>	FSPK Fund	Capital Outlay		Special Revenue District Activity	-	Total
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivable	\$	179,220 289	\$	75,343	\$ 41,883	\$	11,173	\$	307,619 289
Total assets	=	179,509	: :	75,343	41,883	:	11,173	:	307,908
Fund Balance Restricted Committed	-	179,509		75,343	41,883		11,173	-	128,399 179,509
Total fund balance	-	179,509		75,343	41,883		11,173	-	307,908
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	179,509	\$	75,343	\$ 41,883	\$	11,173	\$	307,908

Lee County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2023

	-			Other Gover	'nm	ental Funds		•	
	-	Special Revenue Student Activity		FSPK Fund		Capital Outlay	Special Revenue District Activity		Total
Revenues									
Earnings on investments	\$	500	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	500
Property taxes				180,086					180,086
Student activities		299,029							299,029
Other local revenue		23,009							23,009
Intergovernmental - state	-			239,064		82,510			321,574
Total revenues	-	322,538	•	419,150		82,510	-	•	824,198
Expenditures									
Instruction		281,443					12,318		293,761
Support services		,					,		
Instructional staff		12,858							12,858
Student Transportation		3,350							3,350
Plant operation & maintenance	-						600		600
Total expenditures	-	297,651					12,918		310,569
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	-	24,887		419,150		82,510	(12,918)		513,629
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in							17,472		17,472
Transfers (out)	-	(17,472)	•	(460,103)		(159,173)		•	(636,748)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(17,472)		(460,103)		(159,173)	17,472		(619,276)
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures									
and Other Financing Uses		7,415		(40,953)		(76,663)	4,554		(105,647)
Fund Balance-Beginning	-	172,094		116,296		118,546	6,619		413,555
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	179,509	\$	75,343	\$	41,883	\$ 11,173	\$	307,908

Lee County School District Combining Balance Sheet - School Activity Funds June 30, 2023

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	-	LEE COUNTY MIDDLE/HIGH SCHOOL		LEE COUNTY ELEMENTARY		TOTAL	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	141,643	\$	27,577	\$	169,220	
Certificate of deposit		10,000				10,000	
Accounts receivable		289				289	
Total assets	=	151,932		27,577	-	179,509	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable						-	
FUND BALANCE							
School activities	_	151,932		27,577	-	179,509	
Total liabilities & fund balances	\$	151,932	\$	27,577	\$	179,509	

Lee County School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes In Fund Balance

School Activity Funds

Year ended June 30, 2023

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	-	LEE COUNTY MIDDLE/HIGH LEE COUNTY SCHOOL ELEMENTARY		TOTAL		
REVENUES Student/trust revenues	\$	244,352	\$	78,187	\$	322,539
EXPENSES Student/trust activities		242,940		72,184		315,124
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenses		1,412		6,003		7,415
Fund Balance, beginning	-	150,520		21,574	· _	172,094
Fund Balance, ending	\$	151,932	\$	27,577	\$	179,509

Lee County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance - Lee County High School Year ended June 30, 2023

	FUND BALANCE BEGINNING	REVENUES	EXPENSES	TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
OFFICE	\$ 7,977 \$	631 \$	660	\$ (2,562) \$	5,385
LOCKERS	2,517	1,548	000	φ (2,302) φ (4,000)	65
START UP		900	900		-
DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	E 050	400	10,562	10,562	-
NOW INTEREST STUDENT PARKING	5,252 72	428 175		(4,000)	1,680 247
FMD BOBCAT BISTRO	466	1,085	1,179		373
COMPUTER SCIENCE	5,960				5,960
STUDENT VENDING	2,023	6,990	4,346		4,667
FACULTY VENDING TEACHER CONTRIBUTION	434 82	2,008 45	1,994 52		448 75
STUDENT RESOURCE	818	1,247	711		1,354
ACADEMICS	270	9	149		130
E-SPORTS	412	700	412		-
BETA CLUB CLASS OF 2019	2,275	733	807		2,201
FFA	16,461	16,498	25,657	(150)	7,153
BASS FISHING TEAM	1,364	2,565	2,559		1,369
STUDENT COUNCIL	435			(5.000)	435
CLASS OF 2020 ART	12,180 6			(5,000)	7,180 6
BAND	8,686	27,753	28,613		7,826
BAND HONOR SOCIETY	20	,	-,		20
CLASS OF 2025	1,180	2,722	1,703		2,199
PROM YEARBOOK	4,545 4,605	3,400 3,170	1,487 2,097		6,459 5,677
SCHOLARSHIP FUND	4,005	445	2,097 895		5,677
ATHLETIC	6,019	49,889	54,034	150	2,023
BOYS BASKETBALL	6,063	8,306	7,472		6,897
GIRLS BASKETBALL	584	1,983	1,933		635
SOFTBALL VOLLEYBALL	1,318 4,734	4,187 1,372	2,444 2,031		3,061 4,074
TENNIS	1,158	580	902		835
CROSS COUNTRY	88	1,606	513		1,182
TRACK & FIELD	1,271	1,254	2,418		107
CHEERLEADER CLASS OF 2021	2,589	7,808	9,997		400
AV/LIBRARY	576	177	13		740
CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	11,179				11,179
BASEBALL BOOSTERS	706	9,664	139		10,231
ARCHERY CLASS OF 2026	5,821 139	6,708 8,019	6,227 3,411		6,302 4,748
CAT SCRATCH EMBROIDERY	551	0,010	0,411		551
PRIDE CLUB	120				120
CLASS OF 2024	1,515	7,716	1,669		7,563
BOWLING CLASS OF 2023	573 3,725	32,753	173 35,152	5,000	400 6,326
PROJECT PROM	1,408	3,789	3,300	3,000	1,896
CLASS OF 2022					-
CHARITABLE GAMING ACCOUNT		1,775	1,775		-
MIDDLE GRADE OFFICE MIDDLE GRADE LOCKS					-
MIDDLE GRADE FACULTY					-
MG STUDENT VENDING					-
MIDDLE GRADE STUDENTS	6,403	0 5 4 4	715		5,688
EIGHTH GRADE ACTIVIITES MIDDLE GRADE ACADEMICS	520 164	6,541 16	6,317 80		743 100
MIDDLE GRADE BETA CLUB	3,715	3,588	2,883		4,420
MIDDLE GRADE STUD C	417				417
MIDDLE GRADE DRAMA	454	390	4.000		844
MIDDLE GRADE YEARBOOK MIDDLE GRADE LIBRARY	1,569 981		1,283		287 981
MS VOLLEYBALL	301	4,071	2,173		1,898
MIDDLE GRADE GIRLS B	80	,-	, -		80
MIDDLE GRADE BOYS B	519	A			519
MIDDLE GRADE SOFTBALL MIDDLE GRADE CHEER	1,244 505	3,850	4,961		133 505
MIDDLE GRADE CHEER MIDDLE GRADE ARCHERY	719	5,009	4,375		1,352
MIDDLE GRADE BASEBALL	4,493	951	1,769		3,675
MIDDLE GRADE SUPPORT	111				111
TOTALS	\$\$\$	244,352 \$	242,940	\$\$	151,932

LEE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 Federal Grantor/ Assisted Pass-Through Passed Program Pass-Through Grantor/ Listing Grantor's Through to or Award Program Title Number Number Subrecipients Amount Expenditures US Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program 10 553 N/A \$ 7760005-22 \$ 69.527 Fiscal Year 22 \$ Fiscal Year 23 7760005-23 N/A 156,390 * National School Lunch Program 10.555 Fiscal Year 22 7750002-22 N/A 185,442 Fiscal Year 23 7750002-23 N/A 400,594 Fiscal Year 22 9980000-22 N/A 25,215 9980000-23 Fiscal Year 23 N/A 13,796 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 Fiscal Year 22 7740023-22 N/A 13,456 Fiscal Year 23 7740023-23 N/A 3,470 Fiscal Year 22 7690024-22 N/A 1,385 7690024-23 Fiscal Year 23 N/A 357 10 582 Fresh Fruits & Vegetables Fiscal Year 23 7720012-23 N/A 26,232 Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal 895,864 State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition 10.560 7700001-22 Fiscal Year 22 N/A 1,152 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: 10.565 **Food Donation-Commodities** 510.4950 N/A 44.523 Fiscal Year 23 Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer Administrative Costs 10.649 Fiscal Year 22 9990000-22 N/A 628 Total US Department of Agriculture 942,167 US Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010A Fiscal Year 20 3100002 19 7.500 265 3100002 20 Fiscal Year 21 7.327 2.453 Fiscal Year 22 3100002 21 716.217 236,549 Fiscal Year 23 3100002 22 732,800 436,110 675,377 **Special Education Grants to States** 84.027A Fiscal Year 22 3810002 21 263,936 184,607 Fiscal Year 23 3810002 22 273,419 79,005 COVID-19- IDEA B ARP 84.027X FY22 ARP Emergency Relief Fund- IDEA 4910002 21 52.029 16.436 Special Education-Preschool Grants 84 173A 3800002-21 24,992 13.290 Fiscal Year 22 Fiscal Year 23 3800002-22 25,264 12,448 COVID-19- IDEA Preschool ARP FY22 ARP Emergency Relief Fund- IDEA Preschool 84.173X 4900002 21 7,217 3,108 Special Education Cluster Subtotal 308,894 **Vocation Education-Basic Grants to States** 84.048 Fiscal Year 23 3710002 22 8,976 1,266 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367A Fiscal Year 22 3230002-21 22,132 78.737 Fiscal Year 23 3230002-22 73,120 49.180 71,312 Title IV Part A 84.424A Fiscal Year 20 3420002-19 16,300 8.750 Fiscal Year 21 3420002-20 40,360 6,625 Fiscal Year 22 3420002-21 37,860 2,906 Fiscal Year 23 3420002-22 42,179 26,149 44,430 COVID-19- ESSER 84.425D Fiscal Year 21 ESSER II 4200002-21 1,067,976 1,067,976 84.425U COVID-19- ARP ESSER FY21 ARP ESSER Funds 4300002 21 4 062 549 2.250.123 FY22 Kentucky Virtual Library 4300003-21 1,075 1,075 Educational Cooperative ARP ESSER Deeper Learning 4300005-21 7,810 7,810 **COVID-19- ARP Homeless Children and Youth** 84.425W FY22 American Relief Plan-Homeless Children and Youth Phase II 4980002-21 41,391 40,425 3,367,409 Rural Education, Title V 84.358B 3140002-21 19.849 4.090 Fiscal Year 22

Passed through Berea College

Fiscal Year 23

3140002-22

19.298

14 561

18,651

LEE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assisted Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Program or Award Amount	Expenditures			
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Progra Fiscal Year 19 Fiscal Year 22 Total US Department of Education	r 84.334A	P334A180018A 18 P334A180018A 21	-	N/A N/A	586 24,957 25,543 4,512,882			
US Department of Health & Human Services Improving Student Health & Academic Achievement Fiscal Year 22 Total US Department of Health & Human Services	93.981	Direct	-	8,500	8,500 8,500			
US Department of Health and Human Services Promoting Adolescent Health Fiscal Year 20 Fiscal Year 21 Total US Department of Health and Human Services	93.079	Direct Direct	-	N/A N/A	150 1,050 1,200			
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards					\$ 5,464,749			

* Major Programs

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Lee County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Lee County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District received food commodities totaling \$44,523.

NOTE D – INDIRECT COST RATE

The Lee County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

1407 Lexington Road Richmond, KY 40475 (859) 624-3926

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Lee County School District Beattyville, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit /Contract and requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lee County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lee County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lee County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lee County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lee County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not

express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Lee County School District in a separate letter dated November 15, 2023.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Lee County School District Beattyville, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lee County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lee County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Lee County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Lee County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Lee County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Lee County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Lee County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Lee County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Lee County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Lee County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Lee County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lee County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance to over compliance that we consider to

be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky

November 15, 2023

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS & QUESTIONED COSTS Year ended June 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

What type of report was issued for the financial statements?	Unmodified		
Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed? If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?	None Reported N/A		
Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)?	No		
Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed for major programs?	No		
Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed that were not considered to be material weaknesses?	None Reported		
What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs? Unmodified			
Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that Is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance? No			
Major ProgramsEducational Stabilization Fund [ALN 84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U, & 84.425W] Child Nutrition Cluster [ALN 10.553, 10.555, 10.559, & 10.582]			
Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs	\$750,000		
Low risk auditee?	Yes		

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings at the financial statement level.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended June 30, 2023

There were no prior year findings.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS

Lee County School District Beattyville, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Lee County School District for the year ended June 30, 2023, we considered the District's internal controls in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

We previously reported on the District's internal control in our report dated November 15, 2023. This letter does not affect our report dated November 15, 2023, on the financial statements of the Lee County School District. The following schools did not have any conditions noted:

LEE COUNTY ELEMENTARY No conditions.

LEE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL Nothing of concern

LEE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL CHARITABLE GAMING ACCOUNT No conditions.

All, if any, prior year conditions have been implemented and corrected. Ray Shuler, Superintendent is the person responsible for initiation of any corrective action plan. The corrective action plan is the management response for each condition, if any.

We would like to thank the Finance Officer, Tina Lucas, and her department for their support and assistance during our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and others within the district and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

White & Associates, PSC

White & Associates, PSC Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2023

APPENDIX C

Lee County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds Series of 2024

Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale

OFFICIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF BOND SALE

\$660,000* Lee County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2024 Dated January 9, 2024

SALE: December 19, 2023 AT 11:00 A.M., E.S.T.

As published on PARITY®, a nationally recognized electronic bidding system, the Lee County School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation") will until December 19, 2023, at the hour of 11:00 A.M., E.S.T., in the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Rd, Carriage House, Frankfort, KY 40601, receive competitive bids for the revenue bonds herein described. To be considered, bids must be submitted on an Official Bid Form and must be delivered to the Corporation at the address indicated on the date of sale no later than the hour indicated. Bids may be submitted manually or by facsimile or electronically via PARITY. Bids will be considered by the Corporation and may be accepted without further action by the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Subject to a Permitted Adjustment* increasing or decreasing the issue by up to \$65,000.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non profit, non stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board of Education of Lee County, Kentucky (the "Board"). Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Bonds herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY, PURPOSE OF ISSUE AND SECURITY

These Bonds are authorized pursuant to KRS 162.120 through 162.300, 162.385, and KRS 58.180 and are issued in accordance with a Resolution of the Corporation's Board of Directors. Said Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation payable from rental revenues derived by the Corporation from the Board under the Lease identified below. Said Bonds are being issued to finance improvements at Lee County High School/Middle School and ATC (collectively, the "Project") and are secured by a lien upon and a pledge of the revenues from the rental of the school building Project property to the Board under the Lease on a year to year basis; the first rental period ending June 30, 2024; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with a similar lien and pledge securing the Corporation's School Building Project (the "Parity Bonds"). Should the Board default in its obligations under the Lease or fail to renew the Lease, the Registered Owners of Bonds have the right to have a receiver appointed to administer the school building Project but foreclosure and sale are not available as remedies.

The rental of the school building Project property from the Corporation to the Board is to be effected under a certain Lease Agreement by and between the Corporation and the Board (the "Lease"), whereunder the school building Project property is leased to the Board for the initial period ending June 30, 2024, with an option in the Board to renew the Lease each year at rentals sufficient to provide for the principal and interest requirements on the Bonds as they become due, plus the costs of insurance, maintenance, depreciation, and bond issuance and administration expenses; the Board being legally obligated only for the initial rental period and for one year at a time thereafter each time the Lease is renewed.

Under the terms of the Lease and any renewal thereof, so long as the Bonds remain outstanding and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 157.627(5) and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the Lease and Participation Agreement to the Corporation and the Commission the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

Although the Board is obligated to pay the Corporation annual rentals in the full amount of the principal and interest requirements for the Bonds for each year in which the Lease is renewed, the Board has entered into the Lease in reliance upon a certain Participation Agreement by and between the Board and the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission"). Under the terms of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has agreed to pay annually directly to the Paying Agent for the Bonds a stated Agreed Participation equal to approximately 83.92% of the annual debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified until their retirement, subject to the constitutional restrictions limiting the commitment to the biennium; said annual amount is to be applied only to the principal and interest requirements of the Bonds so long as the Board renews the Lease. Under the Lease, the Board has pledged and assigned all of its rights under the Participation Agreement in and to the Agreed Participation to the Corporation in order to secure the Bonds and has agreed to pay that portion of the rentals in excess of said Agreed Participation for each year in which the Lease is renewed.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

The Commission is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of Sections 157.611 through 157.640 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as repealed, amended, and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, the Regulations of the Kentucky Board of Education and the Commission, the Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for participation from the Commission in meeting the costs of construction of the Projects and has entered into a Participation Agreement with the Board whereunder the Commission agrees to pay an annual Agreed Participation equal to approximately 83.92% of the annual debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified each year until their retirement; provided, however, that the contractual commitment of the Commission to pay the annual Agreed Participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2024; the right is reserved in the Commission to terminate its commitment to pay the Agreed Participation after the initial biennial period and every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the Agreed Participation shall be automatically renewed each two years for a period of two years unless the Commission shall give notice of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium; however, by the execution of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has expressed its present intention to continue to pay the Agreed Participation in each successive biennial budget period until the retirement of all of the Bonds, but such execution does not obligate the Commission to do so.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$125,216,700 in FY 2022-23 and \$126,719,600 in FY 2023-2024 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues; \$58,000,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium. It authorizes \$85,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2026.

ADDITIONAL PARITY BONDS

The Corporation has reserved the right and privilege of issuing additional bonds from time to time payable from the income and revenues of said lands and school building Project property and secured by a statutory mortgage lien and pledge of revenues, but only if and to the extent the issuance of such additional parity bonds are in accordance with the plans and specifications which have been approved by the Board, Commissioner of Education, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Corporation and a Lease shall be entered into whereunder the annual rental payments during the life of such additional bonds shall be increased by the amount of the annual principal and interest requirements of such additional bonds.

BOND MATURITIES, PRIOR REDEMPTION PROVISIONS AND PAYING AGENT

All such Bonds shall be in denominations in multiples of \$5,000 within the same maturity, bear interest from January 9, 2024, payable on August 1, 2024, and semi annually thereafter and shall mature as to principal on February 1 in each of the years as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount*</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount*</u>
2025	\$20,000	2035	\$30,000
2026	25,000	2036	35,000
2027	25,000	2037	35,000
2028	25,000	2038	35,000
2029	25,000	2039	40,000
2030	25,000	2040	40,000
2031	30,000	2041	40,000
2032	30,000	2042	45,000
2033	30,000	2043	45,000
2034	30,000	2044	50,000

*Subject to a Permitted Adjustment of the amount of Bonds awarded of up to \$65,000 which may be applied in any or all maturities.

The Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2033 are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after February 1, 2032, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds are to be issued in fully registered form (both principal and interest). U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, has been designated as the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co. Principal and interest will be payable through the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company: Please see "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM" below. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on August 1 and February 1 of each year, beginning August 1, 2024 (Record Date is the 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

BIDDING CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

(A) Bids must be made on Official Bid Form, contained in Information for Bidders available from the undersigned or RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky, by visiting www.rsamuni.com submitted manually, by facsimile or electronically via PARITY®.

(B) Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing, non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

(C) The minimum bid shall be not less than \$646,800 (98% of par) plus accrued interest. Interest rates shall be in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1% or both. Only one interest rate shall be permitted per Bond, and all Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same rate. Interest rates must be on an ascending scale, in that the interest rate stipulated in any year may not be less than that stipulated for any preceding maturity. There is no limit on the number of different interest rates.

(D) The maximum permissible net interest cost for the Bonds shall not exceed "The Bond Buyer's" Index of 20 Municipal Bonds as established on the Thursday immediately preceding the sale of said Bonds plus 1.50%.

(E) The determination of the best purchase bid for said Bonds shall be made on the basis of all bids submitted for exactly \$660,000 principal amount of Refunding Bonds offered for sale under the terms and conditions herein specified, but the Corporation may adjust the principal amount of Bonds upward or downward by \$65,000 (the "Permitted Adjustment") which may be awarded to such best bidder may be a minimum of \$595,000 or a maximum of \$725,000. In the event of such Permitted Adjustment, no rebidding or recalculation of a submitted bid will be required or permitted and the Underwriter's Discount on the Bonds as submitted by the successful bidder shall be held constant. The Underwriter's Discount shall be defined as the difference between the purchase price of the Bonds submitted by the bidder and the price at which the Bonds will be issued to the public, calculated from information provided by the bidder, divided by the par amount of the Bonds bid. The price of which such adjusted principal amount of Bonds will be sold will be the same price per \$5,000 of Bonds as the price per \$5,000 for the \$660,000 of Bonds bid.

(F) If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

(a) *Holding Period* means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.

(b) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

(c) *Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(d) *Sale Date* means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is December 19, 2023.

(e) *Underwriter* means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

(G) The successful bidder may elect to notify the Municipal Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each term bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption by lot on February 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

(H) CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Bonds at the expense of the Corporation. The purchaser shall pay the CUSIP Service Bureau Charge. Improper imprintation or the failure to imprint CUSIP numbers shall not constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for said Bonds in accordance with the terms of any accepted proposal for the purchase of said Bonds.

(I) The Corporation will provide to the successful purchaser a Final Official Statement in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12. A Final Official Statement will be provided in Electronic Form to the successful bidder, in sufficient time to meet the delivery requirements of the successful bidder under SEC and Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board Delivery Requirements. The successful bidder will be required to pay for the printing of Final Official Statements.

(J) Bids need not be accompanied by a certified or bank cashier's good faith check, BUT the successful bidder will be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the amount of the principal amount of Bonds awarded to the order of the Corporation by the close of business on the day following the award. Said good faith amount which will be forfeited as liquidated damages in the event of a failure of the successful bidder to take delivery of such Bonds when ready. The good faith amount (without interest) will be applied to the purchase price upon delivery of the Bonds. The successful bidder shall not be required to take up and pay for said Bonds unless delivery is made within 45 days from the date the bid is accepted.

(K) Delivery will be made utilizing the DTC Book-Entry-Only-System.

(L) The Corporation reserves the right to reject any and all bids or to waive any informality in any bid. The Bonds are offered for sale subject to the principal and interest not being subject to Federal or Kentucky income taxation or Kentucky ad valorem taxation on the date of their delivery to the successful bidder, in accordance with the Final Approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky, which Opinion will be qualified in accordance with the section hereof on TAX EXEMPTION.

(M) The Corporation and the Board agree to cooperate with the successful bidder in the event said purchaser desires to purchase municipal bond insurance regarding the Refunding Bonds; provided, however, that any and all expenses incurred in obtaining said insurance shall be solely the obligation of the successful bidder should the successful bidder so elect to purchase such insurance.

STATE SUPPORT OF EDUCATION

The 1990 Regular Session of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth enacted a comprehensive legislative package known as the Kentucky Education Reform Act ("KERA") designed to comply with the mandate of the Kentucky Supreme Court that the General Assembly provide for as efficient and equitable system of schools throughout the State.

KERA became fully effective on July 13, 1990. Elementary and Secondary Education in the Commonwealth is supervised by the Commissioner of Education as the Chief Executive Officer of the State Department of Education ("DOE"), an appointee of the reconstituted State Board for Elementary and Secondary Education (the "State Board"). Some salient features of KERA are as follows:

KRS 157.330 establishes the fund to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funded from biennial appropriations from the General Assembly for distribution to school districts. The base funding guaranteed to each school district by SEEK for operating and capital expenditures is determined in each fiscal year by dividing the total annual SEEK appropriation by the state-wide total of pupils in average daily attendance ("ADA") in the preceding fiscal year; the ADA for each district is subject to adjustment to reflect the number of at risk students (approved for free lunch programs under state and federal guidelines), number and types of exceptional children, and transportation costs.

KRS 157.420 establishes a formula which results in the allocation of funds for capital expenditures in school districts at \$100 per ADA pupil which is included in the SEEK allotment (\$4,000) for the current biennium which is required to be segregated into a Capital Outlay Allotment Fund which may be used only for (1) direct payment of construction costs; (2) debt service on voted and funding bonds; (3) lease rental payments in support of bond issues; (4) reduction of deficits resulting from over expenditures for emergency capital construction; and (5) a reserve for each of the categories enumerated in 1 through 4 above.

KRS 160.470(12)(a) requires that effective for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of \$.30 for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes levied by the district (including utilities gross receipts license and special voted) for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property, plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Revenue Cabinet of the Commonwealth. Any school district board of education which fails to comply with the minimum equivalent tax rate levy shall be subject to removal from office.

KRS 160.470(12)(2) provides that for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Any increase beyond the 4% annual limitation imposed by KRS 132.017 is not subject to the recall provisions of that Section. Revenue generated by the 15% levy is to be equalized at 150% of the state-wide average per pupil equalized assessment.

KRS 157.440(2) permits school districts to levy up to 30% of the revenue guaranteed by the SEEK program, plus the revenue produced by the 15% levy, but said additional tax will not be equalized with state funds and will be subject to recall by a simple majority of those voting on the question.

KRS 157.620(1) also provides that in order to be eligible for participation from the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission for debt service on bond issues the district must levy a tax which will produce revenues equivalent to \$.05 per \$100 of the total assessed value of all property in the district (including tangible and intangible property and motor vehicles) in addition to the minimum \$.30 levy required by KRS 160.470(12). A district having a special voted tax which is equal to or higher than the required \$.05 tax, must commit and segregate for capital purposes at least an amount equal to the required \$.05 tax. Those districts which levy the additional \$.05 tax are also eligible for participation in the Kentucky Facilities Support ("KFS") program for which funds are appropriated separately from SEEK funds and are distributed to districts in accordance with a formula taking into account outstanding debt and funds available for payment from both local and state sources under KRS 157.440(1)(b).

KRS 160.460 provides that as of July 1, 1994 all real property located in the Commonwealth subject to local taxation shall be assessed at \$57,158 to be applied to fair cash value.

BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2024

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

The General Assembly recently adopted a budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2024 which was approved and signed by the Governor. Such budget became effective beginning July 1, 2022. The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at www.osbd.ky.gov.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. For example, on August 16, 2022, President Biden signed the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (the "Inflation Reduction Act"). The Inflation Reduction Act imposes a minimum tax of 15 percent of the adjusted financial statement income of certain corporations whose income exceeds stated thresholds for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. Under the Inflation Reduction Act, interest on debt obligations otherwise exempt from federal income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income for corporations subject to the minimum tax. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE; EXEMPTION

As a result of the principal amount of Bonds being offered not exceeding \$1,000,000 Bond Counsel has advised the Corporation and the Board that they are exempt from application of the Rule 15c2-12c2-12(b)(5) of the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to the Bonds.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Lee County Board of Education, 242 Lee Avenue, Beattyville, Kentucky 41311 (606.464.5000).

TAX EXEMPTION; BANK QUALIFIED

Bond Counsel advises as follows with respect to the Bonds:

(A) The Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.

(B) The interest income from the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law and interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of calculating the Federal alternative minimum tax; however, with respect to certain corporations, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022.

(C) As a result of certifications by the Board and the Corporation, indicating the issuance of less than 10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year ending December 31, 2024, the Bonds may be treated by financial institutions as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds initially will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee). One fully-registered Bond Certificate will be issued, in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds securities that its participants ("Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the settlement among Participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in Participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. "Direct Participants" include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is owned by a number of its Direct Participants and by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange, Inc., and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as securities brokers and dealers, banks, and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). The Rules applicable to DTC and its participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participant's records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds ("Beneficial Ownership Interest") are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their Beneficial Ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued. Transfers of ownership interest in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the books of the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued. To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co., effect no change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners, will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to Cede & Co. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in the Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. will consent or vote with respect to Bonds. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments of the Bonds will be made to DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' account on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records unless DTC has reason to believe that it will not receive payment on payable date. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name", and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Issuer, or the Trustee, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to DTC is the responsibility of the Issuer or the Trustee, disbursements of such payments to Direct Participants shall be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payment to the Beneficial Owners shall be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Beneficial Ownership Interests purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Trustee, and shall effect delivery of such Beneficial Ownership Interests by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Beneficial Ownership Interests, on DTC's records, to the purchaser or the Trustee, as appropriate. The requirements for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with a demand for purchase or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Issuer or the Bond Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered by the Bond Registrar.

NEITHER THE ISSUER, THE BOARD NOR THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OR ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER OR ANY OTHER PERSON NOT SHOWN ON THE REGISTRATION BOOKS OF THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT AS BEING AN OWNER WITH RESPECT TO: (1) THE BONDS; (2) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (3) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT DUE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF TENDERED BONDS OR THE PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PRICE OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS; (4) THE DELIVERY BY ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY NOTICE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WHICH IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE BOND RESOLUTION TO BE GIVEN TO HOLDERS; (5) THE SELECTION OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF ANY PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE BONDS; OR (6) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS HOLDER.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

By /s/ Earl Ray Shuler Secretary

APPENDIX D

Lee County School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds Series of 2024

Official Bid Form

OFFICIAL BID FORM (Bond Purchase Agreement)

The Lee County School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation" or "Issuer"), will until 11:00 A.M., E.S.T., on December 19, 2023, receive in the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Rd, Carriage House, Frankfort, KY 40601, (telephone 502-564-5582; fax 888-979-6152) competitive bids for its \$660,000 School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2024, dated January 9, 2024; maturing February 1, 2025 through 2044 ("Bonds").

We hereby bid for said \$660,000* principal amount of Bonds, the total sum of \$ (not less than \$646,800) plus accrued interest from January 9, 2024 payable August 1, 2024 and semiannually thereafter at the following annual rates, (rates on ascending scale in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1%; number of interest rates unlimited) and maturing as to principal on February 1 in the years as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount*</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount*</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2033	\$20,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000		2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2043 2044		

* Subject to Permitted Adjustment

We understand this bid may be accepted for as much as \$725,000 of Bonds or as little as \$595,000 of Bonds, at the same price per \$5,000 Bond, with the variation in such amount occurring in any maturity or all maturities, which will be determined at the time of acceptance of the best bid.

We further understand that by submitting a bid we agree as follows:

If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

(a) *Holding Period* means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.

(b) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

(c) *Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.

(d) *Sale Date* means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is December 19, 2023.

(e) Underwriter means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing, non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

The successful bidder may elect to notify the Municipal Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each Term Bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption on February 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

The DTC Book-Entry-Only-System will be utilized on delivery of this issue.

It is understood that the Corporation will furnish the final approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky.

No certified or bank cashier's check will be required to accompany a bid, but the successful bidder shall be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Bonds awarded by the close of business on the date following the award. Said good faith amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price on delivery. Wire transfer procedures should be arranged through U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, Attn: Mr. Charles Lush, Trust Officer (502.797.6421).

Bids must be submitted only on this form and must be fully executed.

If we are the successful bidder, we agree to accept and make payment for the Bonds in Federal Funds on or about January 9, 2024 and upon acceptance by the Issuer's Municipal Advisor this Official Bid Form shall become the Bond Purchase Agreement.

R	Respectfully submitted,	
_	Bidder By Authorized Officer	
В		
_	Address	
Total interest cost from January 9, 2024 to final maturity		\$
Plus discount or less any premium		\$
Net interest cost (Total interest cost plus discount)		\$
Average interest rate or cost		%

The above computation of net interest cost and of average interest rate or cost is submitted for information only and is not a part of this Bid.

Accepted by RSA Advisors, LLC, as Municipal Advisor and Agent for the Lee County School District Finance Corporation for \$______ amount of Bonds at a price of \$______ as follows:

Year	Amount	Rate	Year	<u>Amount</u>	Rate
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2033	$\begin{array}{c} 000 \\$	% %	2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044	$\begin{array}{c} 000\\ 000\\ 000\\ 000\\ 000\\ 000\\ 000\\ 00$	% %

Dated: December 19, 2023

RSA Advisors, LLC, As Agent for the Lee County School District Finance Corporation