DATED AUGUST 12, 2024

NEW ISSUE

Electronic Bidding via Parity®

Bank Interest Deduction Eligible

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

RATING Moody's: " "

Due: as shown below

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under existing law (i) interest on the Bonds will be excludable from gross income of the holders thereof for purposes of federal taxation and (ii) interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax; however, with respect to certain corporations, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. All subject to the qualifications described herein under the heading "Tax Exemption." The Bonds and interest thereon are exempt from income taxation and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and political subdivisions thereof (see "Tax Exemption" herein

\$2,215,000* PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE BONDS, SERIES OF 2024

Dated with Delivery: SEPTEMBER 10, 2024

Interest on the Bonds is payable each March 1 and September 1, beginning March 1, 2025. The Bonds will mature as to principal on September 1, 2025, and thereafter as shown below. The Bonds are being issued in Book-Entry-Only Form and will be available for purchase in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Maturing		Interest	Reoffering		Maturing		Interest	Reoffering	
1-Sep	Amount*	Rate	Yield	CUSIP	1-Sep	Amount*	Rate	Yield	CUSIP
2025	\$25,000	%	%		2035	\$35,000	%	%	
2026	\$25,000	%	%		2036	\$35,000	%	%	
2027	\$25,000	%	%		2037	\$150,000	%	%	
2028	\$25,000	%	%		2038	\$195,000	%	%	
2029	\$25,000	%	%		2039	\$205,000	%	%	
2030	\$25,000	%	%		2040	\$215,000	%	%	
2031	\$30,000	%	%		2041	\$225,000	%	%	
2032	\$30,000	%	%		2042	\$235,000	%	%	
2033	\$30,000	%	%		2043	\$245,000	%	%	
2034	\$35,000	%	%		2044	\$400,000	%	%	

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity as described herein.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right to call, upon thirty (30) days notice, the Bonds in whole or in part on any date for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any of the building(s) constituting the Project(s) and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds constitute a limited indebtedness of the Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation and are payable from and secured by a pledge of the gross income and revenues derived by leasing the Project (as hereinafter defined) on an annual renewable basis to the Paintsville Independent Board of Education.

The Paintsville (Kentucky) Independent School District Finance Corporation will until August 20, 2024, at 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T., receive competitive bids for the Bonds at the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, Carriage House, 700 Louisville Rd., Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

*As set forth in the "Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale," the principal amount of Bonds sold to the successful bidder is subject to a Permitted Adjustment by increasing or decreasing the amount not to exceed \$220,000.

PURCHASER'S OPTION: The Purchaser of the Bonds, within 24 hours of the sale, may specify to the Municipal Advisor that any Bonds may be combined immediately succeeding sequential maturities into a Term Bond(s), bearing a single rate of interest, with the maturities set forth above (or as may be adjusted as provided herein) being subject to mandatory redemption in such maturities for such Term Bond(s).

The Bonds will be delivered utilizing the BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM administered by The Depository Trust Company.

The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for certain information on the cover page hereof which has been omitted in accordance with such Rule and which will be supplied with the final Official Statement.



PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT BOARD OF EDUCATION

Kay Hall, Chairperson Mike Short, Member Joe Porter, Member Marvin Walker, Member Thomas Crace, Member

Thomas Salyer, Superintendent/Secretary

PAINTSVILLE(KENTUCKY) INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

Kay Hall, President Mike Short, Member Joe Porter, Member Marvin Walker, Member Thomas Crace, Member

Thomas Salyer, Secretary Joseph Schmitt, Treasurer

BOND COUNSEL

Steptoe & Johnson PLLC Louisville, Kentucky

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

RSA Advisors, LLC Lexington, Kentucky

PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

US Bank Trust Company, National Association Louisville, Kentucky

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

REGARDING USE OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement does not constitute an offering of any security other than the original offering of the Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2024, identified on the cover page hereof. No person has been authorized by the Corporation or the Board to give any information or to make any representation other than that contained in the Official Statement, and if given or made such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been given or authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, and there shall not be any sale of the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation or the Board since the date hereof.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state or other governmental entity or agency, except the Corporation will pass upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Official Statement or approve the Bonds for sale.

The Official Statement includes the front cover page immediately preceding this page and all Appendices hereto.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT Relating to the Issuance of

\$2,215,000*

PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION SCHOOL BUILDING REVENUE BONDS, SERIES OF 2024

*Subject to Permitted Adjustment

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page and Appendices hereto, is to set forth certain information pertaining to the Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2024 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are being issued to finance improvements to Paintsville Independent High School (the "Project").

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds will be secured by a statutory mortgage lien and a pledge of the rental income derived by the Corporation from leasing the school building Projects (as hereinafter defined) to the Paintsville Independent Board of Education (the "Board") on a year to year basis (see "Security" herein).

All financial and other information presented in this Official Statement has been provided by the Paintsville Independent Board of Education from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. The presentation of financial and other information is not intended, unless specifically stated, to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the Board. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by financial and other information, will necessarily continue or be repeated in the future.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety, and no one subject discussed should be considered more or less important than any other by reason of its location in the text. Reference should be made to laws, reports or other documents referred to in this Official Statement for more complete information regarding their contents.

Copies of the Bond Resolution authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and the Lease Agreement, dated September 10, 2024, may be obtained at the office of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, 700 N. Hurstbourne Parkway, Suite 115, Louisville, Kentucky 40222.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

The following information about the Book-Entry only system applicable to the Bonds has been supplied by DTC. Neither the Corporation nor the Paying Agent and Registrar makes any representations, warranties or guarantees with respect to its accuracy or completeness.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC.

DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry

transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of Direct Participants of DTC and Members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, (NSCC, GSCC, MBSCC, and EMCC, also subsidiaries of DTCC), as well as by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Paying Agent and Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name" and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or its nominee, the Paying Agent and Registrar or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice the Corporation or the Paying Agent and Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's Book-Entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation believes to be reliable but the Corporation takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

THE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.290 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board. Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Board herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

Any bonds, notes or other indebtedness issued or contracted by the Corporation shall, prior to the issuance or incurrence thereon, be specifically approved by the Board. The members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation are the members of the Board. Their terms expire when they cease to hold the office and any successor members of the Board are automatically members of the Corporation upon assuming their public offices.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission") is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of KRS Sections 157.611 through 157.640, as amended, repealed and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, the Regulations of the Kentucky Board of Education and the Commission, the Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for participation from the Commission in meeting the costs of construction of the Projects and has entered into a Participation Agreement with the Board whereunder the Commission agrees to pay an annual Agreed Participation equal to approximately \$47,748 to be applied to the annual debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified each year until their retirement; provided, however, that the contractual commitment of the Commission to pay the annual Agreed Participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2026; the right is reserved in the Commission to terminate its commitment to pay the Agreed Participation after the initial biennial period and every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the Agreed Participation shall be automatically renewed each two years for a period of two years unless the Commission shall give notice of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium; however, by the execution of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has expressed its present intention to continue to pay the Agreed Participation in each successive biennial budget period through September 1, 2044, but such execution does not obligate the Commission to do so.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$116,928,400 in FY 23024-25 and \$126,269,500 in FY 2025-2026 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues. There are \$75,900,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium. It authorizes \$85,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2026.

The 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2020, 2022, and 2024 Regular Sessions of the Kentucky General Assembly appropriated funds to be used for new debt service of participating school districts. The appropriations for each biennium are shown in the following table:

<u>Biennium</u>	_	Appropriation
2000-02		8,100,000
2002-04		9,500,000
2004-06		14,000,000
2006-08		9,000,000
2008-10		10,968,000
2010-12		12,656,200
2012-14		8,469,200
2014-16		8,764,000
2016-18		23,019,400
2018-20		7,608,000
2020-22		2,946,900
2022-24		5,305,300
2024-26		22,280,000
Total		\$142,617,000

In addition to the appropriations for new financings as shown, appropriations subsequent to that for 2000 included additional funds to continue to meet the annual debt requirements for all bond issues involving Commission participation issued in prior years.

BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2026

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

The General Assembly adopted a budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2026 which was approved and signed recently by the Governor. Such budget became effective July 1, 2024.

The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at www.osbd.ky.gov.

OUTSTANDING BONDS

The following table shows the outstanding Bonds of the Board by the original principal amount of each issue, the current principal outstanding, the amount of the original principal scheduled to be paid with the corresponding interest thereon by the Board or the School Facilities Construction Commission, the approximate interest range; and, the final maturity date of the Bonds:

Bond Series	Original Principal	Current Principal Outstanding	Principal Assigned to Board	Principal Assigned to Commission	Approximate Interest Rate Range	Final Maturity
2012 QZAB	\$2,719,298	\$2,719,298	\$2,719,298	\$0	4.000%	2035
2012	\$4,155,000	\$2,750,000	\$3,354,762	\$800,238	2.375%	2032
2018	\$1,925,000	\$1,660,000	\$1,692,936	\$232,064	3.000% - 3.500%	2038
2020-REF	\$1,760,000	\$1,165,000	\$1,156,942	\$603,058	2.000%	2030
2023	\$1,115,000	\$1,105,000	\$1,115,000	\$0	3.750% - 4.125%	2037
2023B	\$2,700,000	\$2,685,000	\$2,394,825	\$305,175	4.000% - 4.250%	2043
Totals:	\$ 14.374.298	\$ 12,084,298	\$ 12,433,763	\$ 1.940.535		

AUTHORITY

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has adopted a Bond Resolution which authorized among other things:

- i) the issuance of approximately \$2,215,000 of Bonds subject to a permitted adjustment of \$220,000;
- ii) the advertisement for the public sale of the Bonds;
- iii) the Official Terms and Conditions for the sale of the Bonds to the successful bidder; and,
- iv) the President and Secretary of the Corporation to execute certain documents relative to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

THE BONDS

General

The Bonds will be dated September 10, 2024, will bear interest from that date as described herein, payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing March 1, 2025, and will mature as to principal on September 1, 2025, and thereafter in the years and in the principal amounts as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement.

Registration, Payment and Transfer

The Bonds are to be issued in fully-registered form (both principal and interest). US Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co., as the nominee of The Depository Trust Company. Please see Book-Entry-Only-System. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning March 1, 2025 (Record Date is 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

Redemption

The Bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2033, are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after September 1, 2032, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Redemption Date	Redemption Price
September 1, 2032, and thereafter	100%

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

SECURITY

General

The Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation. The Bonds are payable as to both principal and interest solely from the income and revenues derived from the leasing of the school building Project financed from the Bond proceeds from the Corporation to the Board. The Bonds are secured by a statutory mortgage lien on and pledge of revenue from the school building Project; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with a similar lien and pledge securing the Corporation's School Building Revenue Bonds previously issued to finance or refinance the school building(s) which constitute the school building Project (the "Parity Bonds"). Should the Board default in its obligations under the Lease or fail to renew the Lease, the Registered Owners of Bonds have the right to have a receiver appointed to administer the school building Project but foreclosure and sale are not available as remedies.

The Lease; Pledge of Rental Revenues

The Board has leased the school building Project securing the Bonds for an initial period from September 10, 2024, through June 30, 2025 with the option in the Board to renew said Lease from year to year for one year at a time, at annual rentals, sufficient in each year to enable the Corporation to pay, solely from the rental due under the Lease, the principal and interest on all of the Bonds as same become due. The Lease provides further that so long as the Board exercises its annual renewal options, its rentals will be payable according to the terms and provisions of the Lease until September 1, 2044, the final maturity date of the Bonds. Under the lease, the Corporation has pledged the rental revenue to the payment of the Bonds.

Authorization of General Obligation Bonds

The Kentucky Legislature recently passed and the Governor signed HB 727 which, 90 days after the adjournment of the Legislature, will authorize Kentucky Boards of Education to issue general obligation bonds within certain limitations prescribed by Kentucky law. The Board does not currently have any specific plan to issue general obligation bonds. Issuance by the Board of general obligation debt in the future would not affect either the Board's obligation to make lease payments to the Corporation for payment of debt service on the Bonds or the security for the Bonds.

COMMISSION'S PARTICIPATION

The Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for annual participation equal to approximately \$47,748 from the Commission's appropriation by the Kentucky General Assembly which will be used to meet all of the debt service of the Bonds. The plan for financing the Project will require the Commission to pay approximately 26% of the debt service of the Bonds.

The Participation Agreement to be entered into with the Board will be limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2026. The right is reserved in the Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the agreed participation every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the agreed participation shall be automatically renewed each two years thereafter unless the Commission gives notice to the Board of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium. However, the Commission has expressed its intention to continue to pay the agreed participation in successive biennial budget periods through September 1, 2044, but the Commission is not required to do so.

STATE INTERCEPT

Under the terms of the Lease and any renewal thereof, so long as the Bonds remain outstanding and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 157.627 (5) and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the Lease and Participation Agreement to the Corporation the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

THE PROJECT

After payment of the Bond issuance costs, the Board plans to deposit the net Bond proceeds to finance improvements to Paintsville Independent High School (the "Project").

The Board has reported construction bids have been let for the Project and award of the construction contract is expected prior to the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

Contractors for the Project are required to furnish to the Board a one hundred percent completion bond to assure their performance of the construction contract.

ADDITIONAL PARITY BONDS

The Corporation has reserved the right and privilege of issuing additional bonds from time to time payable from the income and revenues of said lands and school building Project and secured by a statutory mortgage lien and pledge of revenues, but only if and to the extent the issuance of such additional parity bonds are in accordance with plans and specifications approved by the Board, Commissioner of Education, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Corporation and a Lease shall be entered into whereunder the annual rental payments during the life of such additional bonds shall be increased by the amount of the annual principal and interest requirements of such additional bonds.

KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SUPERVISION

Kentucky statutes, and the regulations of the Kentucky Department of Education ("KDE") issued thereunder, generally require that a local school district submit to KDE for its prior approval the district's plans for the funding, financing, design, construction, renovation, and modification of school facilities. House Bill 678 of the 2022 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly (2022 Ky. Acts, Ch. 185, hereinafter referred to as "HB 678"), enacted and effective April 8, 2022, eliminates until June 30, 2024 this requirement of prior approval for local school districts which elect by resolution to proceed without such prior approval and which so notify the Department. The District has adopted such a resolution and has so notified KDE.

Notwithstanding HB 679, KDE's supervision of local school districts continues to apply other areas of local school finance, including supervision of general operations such as the examination of business methods and accounts of a school district, requirements of prompt, detailed reports of receipts and expenditures and the annual approval of the district's operating budget. All local school boards which have entered into contracts for the issuance of bonds must maintain insurance protection in an amount equal to the full insurable value of the buildings financed by the bonds. This State Department of Education supervision and control is believed to be a major contribution toward the maintenance of Kentucky's perfect record of no defaults in payment of its revenue bonds for school purposes.

ESTIMATED BOND DEBT SERVICE

The following table shows by fiscal year the current bond payments of the Board. The plan of financing provides for the Board to meet 74% of the debt service of the Bonds.

		School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 20240					
Fiscal Ending June 30	Current Bond Payments	Principal Portion	Interest Portion	Total Payment	SFCC Portion	Local Portion	Restricted Fund Bond Payments
2024	\$690,447						\$690,447
2025	\$744,696		\$44,055	\$44,055	\$11,937	\$32,118	\$776,814
2026	\$747,405	\$25,000	\$92,248	\$117,248	\$47,748	\$69,500	\$816,905
2027	\$744,736	\$25,000	\$91,260	\$116,260	\$47,748	\$68,512	\$813,248
2028	\$736,889	\$25,000	\$90,291	\$115,291	\$47,748	\$67,543	\$804,432
2029	\$738,864	\$25,000	\$89,329	\$114,329	\$47,748	\$66,581	\$805,444
2030	\$735,312	\$25,000	\$88,366	\$113,366	\$47,748	\$65,618	\$800,930
2031	\$757,732	\$25,000	\$87,404	\$112,404	\$47,748	\$64,656	\$822,387
2032	\$758,070	\$30,000	\$86,345	\$116,345	\$47,748	\$68,597	\$826,667
2033	\$754,696	\$30,000	\$85,190	\$115,190	\$47,748	\$67,442	\$822,138
2034	\$710,418	\$30,000	\$84,028	\$114,028	\$47,748	\$66,280	\$776,697
2035	\$707,255	\$35,000	\$82,751	\$117,751	\$47,748	\$70,003	\$777,258
2036	\$708,005	\$35,000	\$81,360	\$116,360	\$47,748	\$68,612	\$776,617
2037	\$706,969	\$35,000	\$79,953	\$114,953	\$47,748	\$67,205	\$774,174
2038	\$437,063	\$150,000	\$76,186	\$226,186	\$47,748	\$178,438	\$615,501
2039	\$346,580	\$195,000	\$69,109	\$264,109	\$47,748	\$216,361	\$562,941
2040	\$344,580	\$205,000	\$60,828	\$265,828	\$47,748	\$218,080	\$562,660
2041	\$342,180	\$215,000	\$52,049	\$267,049	\$47,748	\$219,301	\$561,481
2042	\$344,074	\$225,000	\$42,764	\$267,764	\$47,748	\$220,016	\$564,090
2043	\$344,936	\$235,000	\$32,965	\$267,965	\$47,748	\$220,217	\$565,153
2044	\$346,157	\$245,000	\$22,644	\$267,644	\$47,748	\$219,896	\$566,053
2045		\$400,000	\$8,676	\$408,676	\$35,811	\$372,865	\$372,865
Totals:	\$12,747,060	\$2,215,000	\$1,447,800	\$3,662,800	\$954,960	\$2,707,840	\$15,454,900

Note: Numbers are rounded to the nearest \$1.00.

ESTIMATED USE OF BOND PROCEEDS

The table below shows the estimated sources of funds and uses of proceeds of the Bonds, other than any portions thereof representing accrued interest:

Sources:	
Par Amount of Bonds Total Sources	\$2,215,000.00 \$2,215,000.00
Uses:	
Deposit to Construction Fund Underwriter's Discount (2%) Cost of Issuance Total Uses	\$2,137,290.00 44,300.00 33,410.00 \$2,215,000.00

DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION

Selected school census and average daily attendance for the Paintsville Independent School District is as follows:

Year	Average Daily Attendance	Year	Average Daily Attendance
2000-01	697.4	2012-13	743.7
2001-02	684.5	2013-14	716.7
2002-03	688.5	2014-15	735.7
2003-04	732.8	2015-16	749.8
2004-05	779.1	2016-17	754.4
2005-06	761.9	2017-18	743.7
2006-07	755.2	2018-19	726.3
2007-08	704.4	2019-20	711.5
2008-09	717.3	2020-21	703.3
2009-10	748.2	2021-22	730.6
2010-11	732.4	2022-23	730.6
2011-12	752.2	2023-24	756.6

Source: Kentucky Department of Education.

STATE SUPPORT

Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK). In determining the cost of the program to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), the statewide guaranteed base funding level is computed by dividing the amount appropriated by the prior year's statewide average daily attendance. The SEEK fund is a guaranteed amount of money per pupil in each school district of Kentucky. The current SEEK allotment is \$4,000 per pupil. The \$100 capital outlay allotment per each average daily attendance is included within the guaranteed amounts. Each district's base funding from the SEEK program is adjusted for the number of at-risk students, the number and types of exceptional children in the district, and cost of transporting students from and to school in the district.

Capital Outlay Allotment. The per pupil capital outlay allotment for each district from the public school fund and from local sources shall be kept in a separate account and may be used by the district only for capital outlay projects approved by the State Department of Education. These funds shall be used for the following capital outlay purposes:

- a. For direct payment of construction costs.
- b. For debt service on voted and funding bonds.
- c. For payment or lease-rental agreements under which the board will eventually acquire ownership of the school plant.
- d. For retirement of any deficit resulting from over-expenditure for capital construction, if such deficit resulted from certain declared emergencies.
- e. As a reserve fund for the above named purposes, to be carried forward in ensuing budgets.

The allotment for each school board of education in the Commonwealth for fiscal year 1978-79 was \$1,800 per classroom unit. The 1979 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly approved increases in this allotment in 1979-80 to \$1,900 per classroom unit. This rate remained unchanged in 1980-81. The 1981 Session of the Kentucky General Assembly decreased the allotment per classroom to \$1,800 and this allotment rate did not change from the 1981-82 rate, until the 1990-91 school year. Beginning with 1990-91, the Capital Outlay allotment for each district is based on \$100 per average daily attendance.

The following table shows the computation of the capital outlay allotment for the Paintsville Independent School District for certain preceding school years.

	Capital Outlay		Capital Outlay
<u>Year</u>	Allotment	Year	Allotment
2000-01	69,740.0	2012-13	74,368.5
2001-02	68,450.0	2013-14	71,667.2
2002-03	68,850.0	2014-15	73,574.1
2003-04	73,280.0	2015-16	74,980.0
2004-05	77,910.0	2016-17	75,440.0
2005-06	76,190.0	2017-18	74,370.0
2006-07	75,520.0	2018-19	72,630.0
2007-08	70,440.0	2019-20	71,150.0
2008-09	71,729.0	2020-21	70,333.1
2009-10	74,818.8	2021-22	73,055.9
2010-11	73,235.6	2022-23	73,055.9
2011-12	75,218.5	2023-24	75,658.6

Source: Kentucky Department of Education.

If the school district has no capital outlay needs, upon approval from the State, the funds can be used for school plant maintenance, repair, insurance on buildings, replacement of equipment, purchase of school buses and purchase of modern technological equipment for educational purposes. If any district has a special levy for capital outlay or debt service that is equal to the capital outlay allotment or a proportionate fraction thereof, and spends the proceeds of the levy for eligible purposes, the State may authorize the district to use all or a proportionate fraction of its capital outlay allotment for current expenses (school districts which use capital outlay allotments to meet current expenses are not eligible to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission funds).

Facilities Support Program of Kentucky. School districts may be eligible to participate in the Facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), subject to the following requirements:

- 1) The district must have unmet needs as set forth and approved by the State Department of Education in a School Facilities Plan;
- 2) The district must commit to establish an equivalent tax rate of at least 5 cents, in addition to the 30 cents minimum current equivalent tax rate; and,
- 3) The new revenues generated by the 5 cent addition, must be placed in a restricted account for school building construction bonding.

LOCAL SUPPORT

Homestead Exemption. Section 170 of the Kentucky Constitution was amended at the General Election held November 2, 1971, to exempt from property taxes \$6,500 of value of single unit residential property of taxpayers 65 years of age or older. The 1972 General Assembly amended KRS Chapter 132 to permit counties and school districts to adjust their local tax revenues lost through the application of this Homestead Exemption. The "Single Unit" qualification has been enlarged to subsequent sessions of the General Assembly to provide that such exemption shall apply to such property maintained as the permanent resident of the owner and the dollar amount has been construed to mean \$6,500 in terms of the purchasing power of the dollar in 1972. Every two years thereafter, if the cost of living index of the U.S. Department of Labor has changed as much as 1%, the maximum exemption shall be adjusted accordingly. Under the cost of living formula, the maximum was increased to \$46,350 effective January 1, 2023.

Limitation on Taxation. The 1979 Special Session of the Kentucky General Assembly enacted House Bill 44 which provides that no school district may levy a general tax rate, voted general tax rate, or voted building tax rate which would generate revenues that exceeds the previous years revenues by four percent (4%).

The 1990 Regular Session of the Kentucky General Assembly in enacting the "School Reform" legislative package amended the provisions of KRS 160.470 which prohibited school districts from levying ad valorem property taxes which would generate revenues in excess of 4% of the previous year's revenues without said levy subject to recall to permit exceptions to the referendum under (1) KRS 160.470(12) [a new section of the statute] and (2) an amended KRS 157.440.

Under KRS 160.470(12)(a) for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 school districts are required to levy a "minimum equivalent tax rate" of thirty cents (\$.30) for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes (including occupational or utilities) levied by the district for school purposes divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the State Revenue Cabinet. Failure to levy the minimum equivalent rate subjects the board of the district to removal.

The exception provided by KRS 157.440(1)(a) permits school districts to levy an equivalent tax rate as defined in KRS 160.470(12)(a) which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the program to support education excellence in Kentucky. Levies permitted by this section of the statute are not subject to public hearing or recall provisions as set forth in KRS 160.470.

Local Thirty Cents Minimum. Effective for school years beginning after June 30, 1990, the board of education of each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of thirty cents (\$0.30) for general school purposes. If a board fails to comply, its members shall be subject to removal from office for willful neglect of duty.

Additional 15% Not Subject to Recall. Effective with the school year beginning July 1, 1990, each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Effective with the 1990-91 school year, the State will equalize the revenue generated by this levy at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil equalized assessment. For 1993-94 and thereafter, this level is set at \$225,000. The additional 15% rate levy is not subject to the public hearing or recall provisions.

Assessment Valuation. No later than July 1, 1994, all real property located in the state and subject to local taxation shall be assessed at one hundred percent (100%) of fair cash value.

Special Voted and Other Local Taxes. Any district may, in addition to other taxes for school purposes, levy not less than four cents nor more than twenty cents on each one hundred dollars (\$100) valuation of property subject to local taxation, to provide a special fund for the purchase of sites for school buildings and the erection, major alteration, enlargement, and complete equipping of school buildings. In addition, districts may levy taxes on tangible and intangible property and on utilities, except generally any amounts of revenues generated above that provided for by House Bill 44 is subject to voter recall.

Local Tax Rates, Property Assessments and Revenue Collections

TD.	Combined	Total	Property
Tax	Equivalent	Property	Revenue
Year	Rate	Assessment	Collections
2000-01	72	203,355,146	1,464,157
2001-02	68.5	209,660,695	1,436,176
2002-03	68.5	210,457,717	1,441,635
2003-04	68.5	217,860,533	1,492,345
2004-05	87.6	225,119,597	1,972,048
2005-06	84.8	247,717,299	2,100,643
2006-07	87.3	246,724,599	2,153,906
2007-08	84.8	252,384,097	2,140,217
2008-09	95.3	255,280,697	2,432,825
2009-10	95.3	261,696,230	2,493,965
2010-11	90.6	266,540,499	2,414,857
2011-12	98.4	266,918,009	2,626,473
2012-13	95.1	273,511,939	2,601,099
2013-14	96.7	273,826,759	2,647,905
2014-15	100.2	276,880,647	2,774,344
2015-16	101.7	278,376,158	2,831,086
2016-17	101.7	280,987,344	2,857,641
2017-18	107.3	278,182,083	2,984,894
2018-19	102.7	280,497,007	2,880,704
2019-20	101.1	280,669,393	2,837,568
2020-21	107.3	278,010,312	2,983,051
2021-22	107.6	278,280,281	2,994,296
2022-23	112.5	271,544,776	3,054,879
2023-24	111.5	279,497,108	3,116,393

Source: Kentucky Department of Education.

OVERLAPPING BOND INDEBTEDNESS

The following table shows any other overlapping bond indebtedness of the Paintsville Independent School District or other issuing agency within Johnson County as reported by the State Local Debt Officer for the period ending June 30, 2024.

	Original	Amount	Current
	Principal	of Bonds	Principal
Issuer	Amount	Redeemed	Outstanding
County of Johnson			
Refunding Revenue	5,880,000	4,550,000	1,330,000
Flood Damage Revenue	500,000	92,674	407,326
Vehicles Revenue	166,589	0	166,589
City of Paintsville			
General Obligation	2,790,000	662,083	2,127,917
Water Revenue	808,000	339,500	468,500
Improvement Project Revenue	20,712,000	2,790,000	17,922,000
Refinancing Refunding Revenue	5,160,000	2,260,000	2,900,000
Special Districts			
Johnson County Extension District	600,000	260,000	340,000
Totals:	36,616,589	10,954,257	25,662,332

Source: 2024 Kentucky Local Debt Report.

SEEK ALLOTMENT

The Board has reported the following information as to the SEEK allotment to the District, and as provided by the State Department of Education.

	Base	Local	Total State &
SEEK	Funding	Tax Effort	Local Funding
2000-01	2,013,588	1,464,157	3,477,745
2001-02	1,848,672	1,436,176	3,284,848
2002-03	2,286,375	1,441,635	3,728,010
2003-04	2,359,030	1,492,345	3,851,375
2004-05	2,642,122	1,972,048	4,614,170
2005-06	2,654,145	2,100,643	4,754,788
2006-07	2,840,927	2,153,906	4,994,833
2007-08	2,864,020	2,140,217	5,004,237
2008-09	3,017,782	2,432,825	5,450,607
2009-10	2,828,670	2,493,965	5,322,635
2010-11	2,647,019	2,414,857	5,061,876
2011-12	2,947,664	2,626,473	5,574,137
2012-13	2,858,773	2,601,099	5,459,872
2013-14	2,696,989	2,647,905	5,344,894
2014-15	2,804,835	2,774,344	5,579,179
2015-16	3,007,868	2,831,086	5,838,954
2016-17	3,127,412	2,857,641	5,985,053
2017-18	3,148,079	2,984,894	6,132,973
2018-19	3,083,468	2,880,704	5,964,172
2019-20	3,023,542	2,837,568	5,861,110
2020-21	2,861,460	2,983,051	5,844,511
2021-22	3,173,509	2,994,296	6,167,805
2022-23	3,349,437	3,054,879	6,404,316

- (1) Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) replaces the minimum foundation program and power equalization funding. Capital Outlay is now computed at \$100 per average daily attendance (ADA). Capital Outlay is included in the SEEK base funding.
- (2) The Board established a current equivalent tax rate (CETR) of \$1.115 for FY 2023-24. The equivalent tax rate" is defined as the rate which results when the income from all taxes levied by the district for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Commonwealth of Kentucky Revenue Cabinet.

State Budgeting Process

- i) Each district board of education is required to prepare a general school budget on forms prescribed and furnished by the Kentucky Board of Education, showing the amount of money needed for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay, and other necessary expenses of the school during the succeeding fiscal year and the estimated amount that will be received from all sources.
- ii) By September 15 of each year, after the district receives its tax assessment data from the Department of Revenue and the State Department of Education, 3 copies of the budget are forwarded to the State Department for approval or disapproval.
- iii) The State Department of Education has adopted a policy of disapproving a school budget if it is financially unsound or fails to provide for:

- a) payment of maturing principal and interest on any outstanding voted school improvement bonds of the district or payment of rental in connection with any outstanding school building revenue bonds issued for the benefit of the school district; or
- b) fails to comply with the law.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. For example, on August 16, 2022, President Biden signed the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (the "Inflation Reduction Act"). The Inflation Reduction Act imposes a minimum tax of 15 percent of the adjusted financial statement income on certain corporations whose income exceeds stated thresholds for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. Under the Inflation Reduction Act, interest on debt obligations otherwise exempt from federal income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income for corporations subject to the minimum tax. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

As a result of the Board and issuing agencies acting on behalf of the Board offering for public sale municipal securities in excess of \$1,000,000, the Corporation and the Board will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of all parties who may become Registered or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds whereunder said Corporation and Board will agree to comply with the provisions of the Municipal Securities Disclosure Rules set forth in Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 by filing annual financial statements and material events notices with the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) System maintained by the Municipal Securities Rule Making Board.

As of the date of this Official Statement, the Corporation and the Board are in compliance "in all material respects" with the reporting requirements of the Rule for the past five years.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Paintsville Independent Board of Education, 220 Main Street, Paintsville, KY 41240 Telephone: (606) 789-2654.

TAX EXEMPTION; BANK QUALIFIED

Bond Counsel advises as follows with respect to the Bonds:

- (A) The Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.
- (B) The interest income from the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law and will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of Federal income taxation. However, with respect to certain corporations, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022.
- (C) As a result of designations and certifications by the Board and the Corporation, indicating the issuance of less than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year ending December 31, 2024, the Bonds are "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

The Corporation will provide the purchaser the customary no-litigation certificate, and the final approving Legal Opinions of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky approving the legality of the Bonds. These opinions will accompany the Bonds when delivered, without expense to the purchaser.

Original Issue Premium

Certain of the Bonds may be initially offered and sold to the public at a premium ("Acquisition Premium" from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. "Acquisition Premium" is the excess of the cost of a bond over the stated redemption price of such bond at maturity or, for bonds that have one or more earlier call dates, the amount payable at the next earliest call date. The Bonds that bear an interest rate that is higher than the yield (as shown on the cover page hereof), are being initially offered and sold to the public at an Acquisition Premium (the "Premium Bonds"). For federal income tax purposes, the amount of Acquisition Premium on each bond the interest on which is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes ("tax-exempt bonds") must be amortized and will reduce the bondholder's adjusted basis in that bond. However, no amount of amortized Acquisition Premium on tax-exempt bonds may be deducted in determining bondholder's taxable income for federal income tax purposes. The amount of any Acquisition Premium paid on the Premium Bonds, or on any of the Bonds, that must be amortized during any period will be based on the "constant yield" method, using the original bondholder's basis in such bonds and compounding semiannually. This amount is amortized ratably over that semiannual period on a daily basis.

Holders of any Bonds, including any Premium Bonds, purchased at an Acquisition Premium should consult their own tax advisors as to the actual effect of such Acquisition Premium with respect to their own tax situation and as to the treatment of Acquisition Premium for state tax purposes.

Original Issue Discount

Certain of the Bonds (the "Discount Bonds") may be initially offered and sold to the public at a discount ("OID") from the amounts payable at maturity thereon. OID is the excess of the stated redemption price of a bond at maturity (the face amount) over the "issue price" of such bond. The issue price is the initial offering price to the public (other than to bond houses, brokers or similar persons acting in the capacity of underwriters or wholesalers) at which a substantial amount of bonds of the same maturity are sold pursuant to that initial offering. For federal income tax purposes, OID on each bond will accrue over the term of the bond. The amount accrued will be based on a single rate of interest, compounded semiannually (the "yield to maturity") and, during each semi-annual period, the amount will accrue ratably on a daily basis. The OID accrued during the period that an initial purchaser of a Discount Bond at its issue price owns it is added to the purchaser's tax basis for purposes of determining gain or loss at the maturity, redemption, sale or other disposition of that Discount Bond. In practical effect, accrued OID is treated as stated interest, that is, as excludible from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

In addition, original issue discount that accrues in each year to an owner of a Discount Bond is included in the calculation of the distribution requirements of certain regulated investment companies and may result in some of the collateral federal income tax consequences discussed above. Consequently, owners of any Discount Bond should be aware that the accrual of original issue discount in each year may result in an alternative minimum tax liability, additional distribution requirements or other collateral federal income tax consequences although the owner of such Discount Bond has not received cash attributable to such original issue discount in such year.

Holders of Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the treatment of OID and the tax consequences of the purchase of such Discount Bonds other than at the issue price during the initial public offering and as to the treatment of OID for state tax purposes.

ABSENCE OF MATERIAL LITIGATION

There is no controversy or litigation of any nature now pending or threatened (i) restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the Board or Corporation taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof or (ii) which if successful would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Board.

APPROVAL OF LEGALITY

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel. The form of the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel will appear on each printed Bond.

NO LEGAL OPINION EXPRESSED AS TO CERTAIN MATTERS

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information contained in the Official Statement describing the Bonds and the provisions of the Bond Resolution and related proceedings authorizing the Bonds, but Bond Counsel has not reviewed any of the financial data, computations, tabulations, balance sheets, financial projections, and general information concerning the Corporation or District, and expresses no opinion thereon, assumes no responsibility for same and has not undertaken independently to verify any information contained herein.

BOND RATING

As noted on the cover page of this Official Statement, Moody's Investors Service has given the Bonds the indicated rating. Such rating reflects only the respective views of such organization. Explanations of the significance of the rating may be obtained from the rating agency. There can be no assurance that such rating will be maintained for any given period of time or will not be revised or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency, if in their judgement circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

Prospective bidders are advised that RSA Advisors, LLC ("RSA") has been employed as Municipal Advisor in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. RSA's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery thereof. Bidders may submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds at the time of the advertised public sale, either individually or as a member of a syndicate organized to submit a bid for the purchase of the Bonds.

APPROVAL OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The Corporation has approved and caused this "Official Statement" to be executed and delivered by its President. In making this "Official Statement" the Corporation relied upon information furnished to it by the Board of Education of the Paintsville Independent School District and does not assume any responsibility as to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this Official Statement except as to copies of documents denominated "Official Terms and Conditions" and "Bid Form." The financial information supplied by the Board of Education is represented by the Board of Education to be correct. The Corporation deems this preliminary Official Statement to be final for purposes of Securities Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(1) as qualified by the cover hereof.

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized by the Corporation, the Paintsville Independent contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. Except when otherwise indicated, the information set forth herein has been obtained from the Kentucky Department of Education and the Paintsville Independent School District and is believed to be reliable; however, such information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness by, and is not to be construed as a representation by the Municipal Advisor or by Counsel. The delivery of this Official Statement at any time does not imply that information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

This Official Statement does not, as of its date, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact which should be included herein for the purpose for which the Official Statement is to be used or which is necessary in order to make the statements contained herein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading in any material respect.

By_/s/		
•	President	
By _/s/		
-	Secretary	

APPENDIX A

Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2024

Demographic and Economic Data

PAINTSVILLE, KENTUCKY

Paintsville, the county seat of Johnson County, is located in the Eastern Coal Field Region of Kentucky. Paintsville, with an estimated 2023 population of 4,340, is located 116 miles southeast of Lexington, Kentucky; 186 miles southeast of Louisville, Kentucky; 159 miles southeast of Cincinnati, Ohio; and 201 miles northeast of Knoxville, Tennessee. Johnson County, with an estimated 2023 population of 22,36 has a land area of 261 square miles.

The Economic Framework

In 2023, Johnson County had a labor force of 8,162 people, with an unemployment rate of 8.40%. The top 5 jobs by occupation were as follows: Office and Administrative Support - 691 (13.31%); Sales - 648 (12.48%); Education, Library/Training - 468 (9.01%); Executive, Managers and Administrators - 454 (8.74%) and Food Preparation/Serving - 419 (8.07%).

Transportation

Highways serving Paintsville include U.S. 23, U.S. 460 and Kentucky Highway 40. The Mountain Parkway is located eighteen miles southwest via U.S. 460 and the Mountain Parkway. Rail service is provided to Paintsville by CSX Transportation. Fifteen trucking companies provide Paintsville with interstate and/or intrastate service. Combs Airport, five miles south of Paintsville, has a 3,200-foot paved runway. Big Sandy Regional Airport, twenty miles southeast of Paintsville, maintains a 5,000-foot paved runway. The nearest scheduled commercial airline service is available at the Tri-State Airport, three miles southwest of Huntington, West Virginia, sixty miles northeast of Paintsville.

Power and Fuel

Electric power is provided to Paintsville and of Johnson County by AEP-Kentucky Power Company, an electric generation and transmission company. Johnson County is also served by the Big Sandy Rural Electric Cooperative Corporation, which is supplied by East Kentucky Power. Natural gas is provided to Paintsville and Johnson County by Columbia Gas of Kentucky, Inc., Paintsville Utilities and Public Gas Company, Inc.

Education

Primary and Secondary education is provided to Paintsville and Johnson County School Systems. Two Universities, three senior colleges, and three community colleges are located within 70 miles of Paintsville. Vocational education is provided to Paintsville and Johnson County by the Mayo Regional Technology Center, located in Paintsville.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Structure

Paintsville is served by a mayor and six council members. Johnson County is served by a county judge/executive, a deputy judge/executive, and three commissioners.

Planning and Zoning

City agency - Paintsville Planning and Zoning Commission

Zoning enforced - Yes

Subdivision regulations enforced - Within city limits and five miles beyond

Local codes enforced - Building and housing

Mandatory state codes enforced - Kentucky Plumbing Code, National Electric code, Kentucky Boiler Regulations and Standards, Kentucky Building Code (modeled after BOCA code)

Local Fees and Licenses

The City of Paintsville levies an occupational license tax of 1.0 percent and Johnson County levies an occupational license tax of 0.5 percent on wages, salaries, and commissions of individuals and on net profits of businesses. An Annual business license fee of \$25 is also charged.

Property Taxes

The Kentucky Constitution requires the state to tax all classes of taxable property, and state statutes allow local jurisdictions to tax only a few classes. All locally taxed property is subject to county taxes and school district taxes (either a county school district or an independent school district). Property located inside of city limits may also be subject to city property taxes.

Special local taxing jurisdictions (fire protection districts, watershed districts, and sanitation districts) levy taxes within their operating areas (usually a small portion of community or county).

Property assessments in Kentucky are at 100% fair cash value. A 15% reduction is automatically granted for accounts receivable.

LABOR MARKET STATISTICS

The Paintsville Labor Market Area includes Johnson County and the adjoining Kentucky counties of Floyd, Lawrence, Martin, Morgan, and Magoffin.

Population

Area	<u>2021</u>	<u> 2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Paintsville	4,300	4,321	4,340
Johnson County	22,493	22,746	22,360

Source: Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development

Population Projections

<u>Area</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2030</u>	<u>2035</u>
Johnson County	22,813	22,416	21,935

Source: Kentucky State Data Center, University of Louisville

EDUCATION

Public Schools

	Paintsville Independent	<u>Johnson County</u>
Total Enrollment (2022-23)	754	3,207
Pupil-Teacher Ratio (2022-23)	14 - 1	13 - 1

Vocational Training

Vocational training is available at both the state vocational-technical schools and the area vocational education centers. The state vocational-technical schools are post-secondary institutions. The area vocational education centers are designed to supplement the curriculum of high school students. Both the state vocational-technical schools and the area vocational education centers offer evening courses to enable working adults to upgrade current job skills.

Arrangements can be made to provide training in the specific production skills required by an industrial plant. Instruction may be conducted either in the vocational school or in the industrial plant, depending upon the desired arrangement and the availability of special equipment.

Bluegrass State Skills Corporation

The Bluegrass State Skills Corporation, an independent public corporation created and funded by the Kentucky General Assembly, provides programs of skills training to meet the needs of business and industry from entry level to advanced training, and from upgrading present employees to retraining experienced workers.

The Bluegrass State Skills corporation is the primary source for skills training assistance for a new or existing company. The Corporation work in partnership with other employment and job training resources and programs, as well as Kentucky's economic development activities, to package a program customized to meet the specific needs of a company.

Vocational School	Location	Enrollment 2022-23
Belfry ATC	Belfry, KY	544
Breathitt County ATC	Jackson, KY	399
Floyd County ATC	Martin, KY	273
Greenup County ATC	Greenup, KY	459
Knott County ATC	Hindman, KY	315
Lee County ATC	Beattyville, KY	265
Leslie County ATC	Hyden, KY	403
Letcher County ATC	Whitesburg, KY	468
Martin County ATC	Inez, KY	335
Millard ATC	Millard, KY	294
Morgan County ATC	West Liberty, KY	411
Russell ATC	Russell, KY	428
Source: Kentucky Department of Educa	ution	

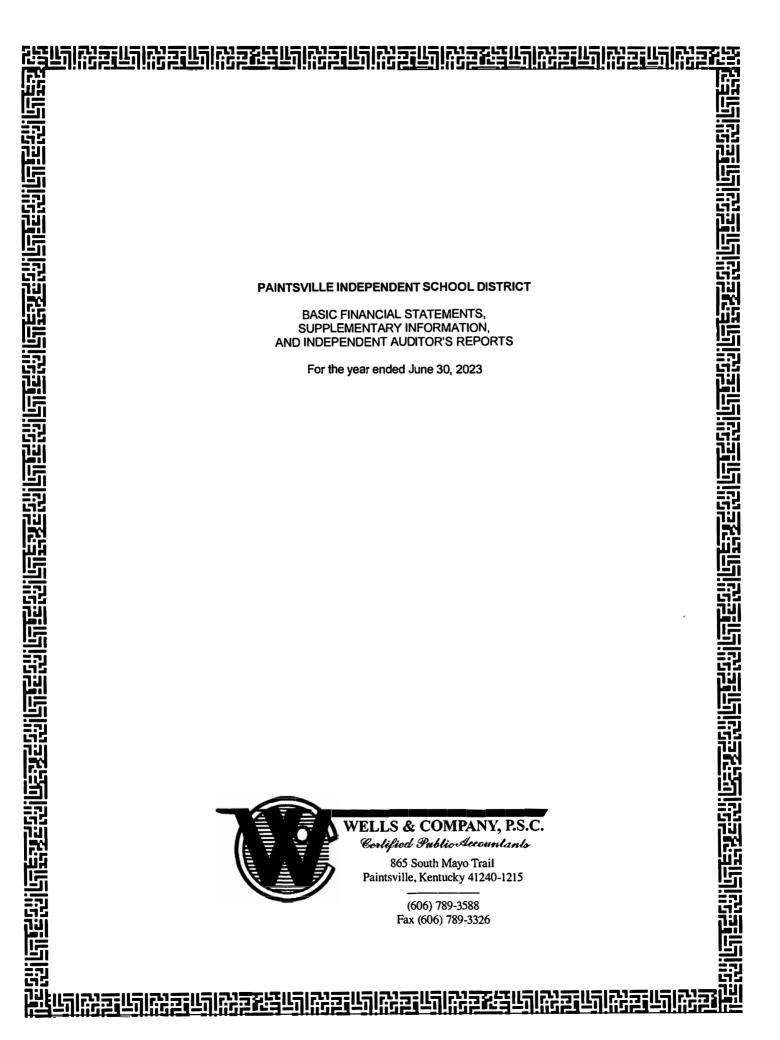
Colleges and Universities

School Name	Location	Undergraduate Enrollment Fall 2022
Alice Lloyd College	Pippa Passes, KY	570
Marshall University	Huntington, WV	8,001
Morehead State University	Morehead, KY	8,218
University of Pikeville	Pikeville, KY	1,483
University of Kentucky	Lexington, KY	22,735
Source: U.S. News & World Report	-	

APPENDIX B

Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds Series of 2024

Audited Financial Statement ending June 30, 2023



PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

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PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Education Paintsville Independent School District Paintsville, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Paintsville Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Paintsville Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Paintsville Independent School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for school district audits in the Independent Auditor's Contract. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Paintsville Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Paintsville Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government*

Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Paintsville Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Paintsville Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, on pages 4-7, budgetary comparison information on pages 52-53, and CERS and KTRS schedules and notes on pages 54-65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Paintsville Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the school activity funds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, school activity funds, and the schedule

of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Wells & Company PSC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2023, on our consideration of the Paintsville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Paintsville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Paintsville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants

Paintsville, Kentucky October 9, 2023

PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT – PAINTSVILLE, KY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

As management of the Paintsville Independent School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash balance for the District was \$2,451,794 in 2022 and \$3,309,808 in 2023. This is an increase of \$858,014. Much of this difference can be explained by the increase in bond revenue and federal and state funds. Also, the District had an investment (U.S. Treasury Bills) at June 30, 2023 in the amount of \$1,841,856.
- From 2023 to 2022, total General Fund revenue increased by 10.6%. Revenue from property taxes increased 2.64%, the state increased by 17.88%, and interest on invested funds increased by 467.54%.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$9.01 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of local property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes, federal programs and state funding. There were \$9.24 million in expenditures.
- A concerted effort was focused on purchasing in the areas of supplies, food, and travel resulting in several economies due to changed management strategies.
- The District purchased a new school bus in 2022 for \$111,204 without any financing.
- Bonds are issued as the District renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facilities plan that is
 established with community input and in keeping with Kentucky Department of Education's (KDE)
 stringent compliance regulations. The District paid \$611,484 in principal payments during the current
 fiscal year and issued series 2023 bonds to finance the turf at the football field for \$1,115,000.
- State law requires districts to update a priority list of construction and renovation needs, called a local facilities plan, every four years. The document guides the allocation of School Facilities Construction Commission dollars. The District has currently updated its local facilities plan. Now, there is a focus on investing in plant management with the age and size of our facilities.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 through 9 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: Governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare, and teacher support. The Proprietary Fund includes the food service and vending operation. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 16 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 51 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and general fixed assets), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the period ending June 30, 2023 and 2022

This is the twenty-first year that the District is following GASB 34 and comparing assets, liabilities and net position. 2023 Government Wide Net Position compared to 2022 are as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Current Assets Noncurrent Assets Total assets	\$ 5,555,234 _18,088,738 _23,643,972	\$ 2,810,865 <u>17,074,399</u> 19,885,264
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,464,660	1,145,865
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Total liabilities	3,570,378 13,064,121 16,634,499	988,966 <u>11,180,006</u> <u>12,168,972</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u> 1,774,177</u>	<u>1,968,376</u>
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Fund Balance Total net position	9,647,953 1,051,051 <u>(2,844,026)</u> <u>\$ 7,699,956</u>	9,117,259 717,354 (2,940,832) <u>\$_6,893,781</u>

There has been no significant change in the financial position of the District since the last audit.

The following table presents a fund accounting comparison and summary of revenue and expense for government funds only for the fiscal years 2023 and 2022.

	2023	2022
Revenues:		
Local revenue sources	\$ 3,568,378	\$ 3,476,277
State revenue sources	7,154,655	6,069,336
Federal sources	1,641,628	1,397,868
Investments	<u>48,545</u>	<u>10,383</u>
Total revenues	12,413,206	10,953,864
Expenditures:		
Instruction	7,417,965	6,667,518
Student support services	504,815	334,752
Instructional staff support	466,005	483,869
District administration	602,005	484,420
School administration	455,392	497,314
Business support	302,710	286,351
Plant operations and maintenance	1,259,726	887,823
Student transportation	313,042	189,773
Central office support	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	712,742	-
Community services activities	102,136	89,673
Other	<u>1,022,927</u>	<u>1,072,545</u>
Total expenses	13,159,465	10,994,038
Excess (deficit) of revenue over expenditures	(746,259)	(40,174)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets	-	-
Bond sale proceeds	<u>1,095.129</u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,095,129	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 348.870</u>	<u>\$ (4</u> 0.174)

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of fiscal 2023, the District had \$18.08 million invested in capital assets, including land, construction work in progress, buildings, buses, computers and other equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$1.01 million over last year.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation, in Millions)

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activi	• •	Totals		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Land	\$ 3.90	\$ 3.85	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3.90	\$ 3.85	
Construction work in progress	2.72	2.01	-	-	2.72	2.01	
Buildings & Improvements	10.70	10.54	-	-	10.70	10.54	
Technology Equipment	.21	.24	-	-	.21	.24	
Vehicles	.19	.11	-	-	.19	.11	
General Equipment	32	.32	04		36	32	
Totals	<u>\$ 18.04</u>	<u>\$ 17.07</u>	<u>\$.04</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 18.08</u>	<u>\$_17.07</u>	

On-behalf amounts are included in revenues and expenses. On-behalf payments as defined by KDE are
payments the state makes on behalf of employees to the various agencies for health and life insurance,
benefits and administration fees. Further discussion of these can be found in Note B. Expenses that
increased from 2022 to 2023 instruction, student support services, district administration, business support,
plant operations and maintenance, student transportation, facilities acquisition and construction, and
community services activities.

The changes in the balances and transactions of individual funds have not been material. Changes in final budget when compared to original are not material.

• The majority of revenue in 2023 was derived from state funding (58%) as compared with fiscal year 2022 (55%) with local revenue making up (29%) of total revenue in 2023 compared to (32%) in 2022.

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The District's total General Fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, net of other financing sources, were \$9.01 million.
- General Fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$1,161,624 more than budget.
- The total cost of all General Fund programs and services was \$9.24 million net of debt service.
- General Fund budget expenditures to actual varied slightly from line item with the ending actual balance being \$6,414 less than budget.

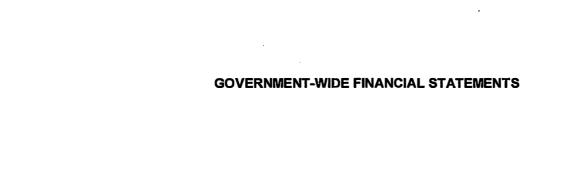
DEBT SERVICE

At year-end, the District had approximately \$8.48 million in outstanding debt, compared to \$8.00 million last year. The District continues to maintain favorable debt ratings from Moody's and Standard & Poor's.

FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget with \$2,526,398 in contingency (14.3%). The General Fund beginning cash balance for beginning the fiscal year was \$1,503,501.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent, Director of Financial Services or by mail at 305 Second Street, Paintsville, KY 41240.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Inventory	\$ 3,205,699 1,841,856 -	\$ 104,109 - 16,776	\$ 3,309,808 1,841,856 16,776
Accounts receivable Taxes - current Taxes - delinquent Accounts receivable Intergovernmental - state	42,634 12,256 7,833	- - -	42,634 12,256 7,833
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	282,074	41,997	324,071
Total current assets	5,392,352	162,882	5,555,234
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated, net	6,619,781 11,428,244	40,713	6,619,781 11,468,957
Total noncurrent assets	18,048,025	40,713	18,088,738
Total assets	23,440,377	203,595	23,643,972
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB	629,973 1,688,320	94,134 52,233	724,107 1,740,553
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,318,293	146,367	2,464,660
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue Current portion of bond obligations Current portion of capital lease Interest payable	109,577 2,780,951 578,917 39,518 45,613	15,802 - - - -	125,379 2,780,951 578,917 39,518 45,613
Total current liabilities	3,554,576	15,802	3,570,378
Noncurrent Liabilities: Noncurrent portion of capital lease Noncurrent portion of bond obligations, net of discounts \$59,607 Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave Noncurrent portion of net pension liability Noncurrent portion of net OPEB liability	134,948 7,687,402 51,002 2,080,230 2,714,849	- - - 310,839 84,851	134,948 7,687,402 51,002 2,391,069 2,799,700
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,668,431	395,690	13,064,121
Total llabilities	16,223,007	411,492	16,634,499
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB Total deferred Inflows of resources	294,178 1,386,507 1,680,685	43,957 49,535 93,492	338,135 1,436,042 1,774,177
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	9,607,240	40,713	9,647,953
School activity District activity Sick leave SFCC escrow Future Construction	77,214 12,243 51,002 592,618 358,687	- - -	77,214 12,243 51,002 592,618 358,687
Food Service Unrestricted	(2,844,026)	(195,735)	(195,735) (2,844,026)
Total net position	\$ 7,854,978	<u>\$ (155,022)</u>	\$ 7,699,956

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		(Expense) Revenue hanges in Net Position Business- Type Activities	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities:							
	\$ 7,251,635	\$ 2,050	\$ 1,437,784	\$ -	\$ (5,811,801)	œ	\$ (5,811,801)
Instruction	Φ 7,251,035	\$ 2,050	φ 1,437,704	Ф -	\$ (5,011,0U1)	\$ -	\$ (5,811,801)
Support services:	504,815		170,144		(224 674)		(334,671)
Student		•		-	(334,671)	•	
Instructional staff	475,305	-	94,717	-	(380,588)	•	(380,588)
District administrative	638,510	-	•	-	(638,510)	•	(638,510)
School administrative	494,761	-	-	-	(494,761)	•	(494,761)
Business	302,710	-	- 56,444	-	(302,710)	-	(302,710)
Plant operation and maintenance	1,058,805	2.500	· ·	-	(1,002,361)	•	(1,002,361)
Student transportation	229,505	2,580	111,204	-	(115,721)	-	(115,721)
Central office	-	-	-	- 770 504	770 524	-	- 770 524
Facilities acquisition and construction	102 126	-	102 126	778,531	778,531	•	778,531
Community service activities	102,136	-	102,136	-	(200.924)	•	(200.02.4)
Interest on long-term debt	299,824	-	-	-	(299,824)	-	(299,824)
Other	109,911				(109,911)		(109,911)
Total governmental activities	11,467,917	4,630	1,972,429	778,531	(8,712,327)	-	(8,712,327)
Business-Type Activities:							
Food service	820,369	36,096	639,411			(144,862)	(144,862)
Total primary government	\$ 12,288,286	\$ 40,726	\$ 2,611,840	\$ 778,531	(8,712,327)	(144,862)	(8,857,189)
			General Revenues: Taxes:	:			
			Property taxes		2,395,009	-	2,395,009
			Motor vehicle tax	es	188,662	-	188,662
			Utility taxes		485,501	-	485,501
			Investment earning	IS	48,545	5,748	54,293
			State and formula	grants	6,095,526	-	6,095,526
			Miscellaneous		444,373		444,373
			Changes in net posi	tion	945,289	(139,114)	806,175
			Net position - beginn	ning	6,909,689	(15,908)	6,893,781
			Net position - ending	9	\$ 7,854,978	\$ (155,022)	\$ 7,699,956

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Special Revenue	FSPK Fund	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets and Resources:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,146,096	\$ 993,895	\$ 592,618	\$ 383,633	\$ 89,457	\$ 3,205,699
Investments	305,303	1,536,553	-	•	-	1,841,856
Accounts receivable						
Taxes - current	42,634	-	-	-	-	42,634
Taxes - delinquent	12,256	-	-	-	-	12,256
Accounts receivable	7,833	•	-	-	-	7,833
Intergovernmental - state	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental - indirect federal		282,074			<u> </u>	282,074
Total assets and resources	\$ 1,514,122	\$ 2,812,522	\$ 592,618	\$ 383,633	\$ 89,457	\$ 5,392,352
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 53,060	\$ 31,571	\$ -	\$ 24,946	\$ -	\$ 109,577
Unearned revenue		2,780,951	-			2,780,951
Total liabilities	53,060	2,812,522	-	24,946	-	2,890,528
Fund Balances:						
Restricted For:						
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-
District activity	-	-	-	-	12,243	12,243
School acitivity	-	-	-	-	77,214	77,214
Sick leave payable	51,002	-	-	-	-	51,002
SFCC escrow	-	-	592,618	-	-	592,618
Future construction	-	•	-	358,687	-	358,687
Unassigned:						
Undesignated, reported in:						
General fund	1,410,060	-				1,410,060
Total fund balances	1,461,062		592,618	358,687	89,457	2,501,824
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,514,122	\$ 2,812,522	\$ 592,618	\$ 383,633	\$ 89,457	\$ 5,392,352
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

Total fund balance per fund financial statements	\$ 2,501,824
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the Statement of Net Position.	18,048,025
Pension contributions after measurement date are reported as a deferred outflows of resources.	189,096
OPEB contributions after measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources	46,767
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.	(2,080,230)
Net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported reported in governmental funds.	(2,714,849)
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, but they are presented in the statement of net postion, as follows:	
Deferred pension outflows of resources	440,877
Deferred OPEB outflows of resources	1,641,553
Deferred pension inflows of resources	(294,178)
Deferred OPEB inflows of resources	(1,386,507)
Certain liabilities (such as capital lease payable, bonds payable - net of discount, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, and accrued interest) are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable,	
but they are presented in the Statement of Net Position.	(8,537,400)
Net position for governmental activities	<u>\$ 7,854,978</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

					Other	Total
	General	Special	FSPK	Construction	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Revenue	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
Revenues:						
From local sources						
Taxes						
Property	\$ 2,123,465	\$ -	\$ 271,544	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,395,009
Motor vehicle	188,662	-	•	-	-	188,662
Utilities	485,501	-	-	-	-	485,501
Tuition and fees	2,050	-	•	-	-	2,050
Earnings on investments	47,094	•	•	-	1,451	48,545
Other local revenues	64,530	50,203	•	-	382,423	497,156
Intergovernmental - state	6,055,210	423,486	470,704	-	205,255	7,154,655
Intergovernmental – indirect federal	40,316	1,498,740			102,572	1,641,628
Total revenues	9,006,828	1,972,429	742,248		691,701	12,413,206
Expenditures:						
Instruction	5,733,141	1,453,127	-	-	231,697	7,417,965
Support services:	-,,.	.,,				.,,
Student	334,671	170,144	-		_	504,815
Instructional staff	371,288	94,717	_	_	-	466,005
District administrative	602,005	• ,,,	-		-	602,005
School administrative	455,392	•	-			455,392
Business	302,710	_	_	_	_	302,710
Plant operation and maintenance	1,203,282	56,444	_	_	_	1,259,726
Student transportation	195,106	111,204	_		6,732	313,042
Central office	-	•	-		-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	•	-	•	712,742		712,742
Community services activities	_	102,136	_	-	-	102,136
Other	45,887				977,040	1,022,927
Total expenditures	<u>9,243,482</u>	1,987,772_		712,742	1,215,469	13,159,465
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(236,654)	(15,343)	742,248	(712,742)	(523,768)	(746,259)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Bond proceeds	-	_	-	_	1,095,129	1,095,129
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets	_	_	_	_	.,000,.20	.,555,.25
Operating transfers in	221,141	15,343	_	1,071,429	595,715	1,903,628
Operating transfers out	(15,343)	,	(741,805)	.,	(1,146,480)	(1,903,628)
Non operating transfers in	(.0,0.0)	_	(, , ,,,,,,,,	_	(., , ,	(.,555,525)
Non operating transfers out	-	_		-	•	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	205,798	15,343	(741,805)	1,071,429	544,364	1,095,129
Net change in fund balance	(30,856)		443	358,687	20,596	348,870
Fund balance, July 1, 2022	1,491,918		592,175	•	68,861	2,152,954
Fund balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 1,461,062	\$ -	\$ 592,618	\$ 358,687	\$ 89,457	\$ 2,501,824
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements	\$	348,870
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the Statement of Activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation for the year.		973,626
The issuance of long term debt (capital leases, bonds, and financial obligations) provides current financial resources to government funds, while bonds are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		(483,645)
In the statement of activities, interest is accured on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in the governmental funds interest is not reported until due. This amount represents the net change in accured interest payable.		1,708
Changes in pension and OPEB expense are reported only in the statement of activities.		83,506
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in		
the Statement of Activities when they are incurred.		21,224
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u></u>	945,289

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2023

Assets	Food Service Fund
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents Inventory Accounts receivable	\$ 104,109 16,776
Intergovernmental – indirect federal	41,997
Total current assets	162,882
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	133,925 93,212
Total noncurrent assets	40,713
Total assets	203,595
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB	94,134 52,233
Total deferred outflows of resources	146,367
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable	15,802
Total current liabilities	15,802
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	310,839 <u>84,851</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	395,690
Total liabilities	411,492
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB	43,957 49,535
Total deferred inflows of resources	93,492
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	40,713 (195,735)
Total net position	<u>\$ (155,022)</u>

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Food
	Service
	Fund
On another Payment	
Operating Revenues:	
Lunchroom sales	<u>\$ 36,096</u>
Total operating revenues	36,096
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and wages	341,504
Materials and supplies	385,492
Depreciation	4,162
Other operating expenses	89,211
Total operating expenses	820,369
Operating loss	(784,273)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):	
Federal grants	534,563
Donated commodities	29,605
State grants	75,243
Interest income	5,748_
Total non-operating revenues	645,159
Change in net position	(139,114)
Net Position, July 1, 2022	(15,908)
Net Position, June 30, 2023	<u>\$ (155,022)</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from:		
Lunchroom sales	\$	36.096
Cash paid to/for:	•	00,000
Employees		(264,381)
Material and supplies		(349,655)
Other activities	_	(89,211)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(667,151)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Government grants		572,621
·		
Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities		572,621
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Purchases of capital assets		(44,875)
Fulcilases of Capital assets		(44,073)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(44,875)
		•
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Receipt of interest income		5,748
Net cash provided by investing activities		5,748
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(133,657)
Balances, beginning of year		237,766
		404400
Balances, end of year	<u>\$</u>	104,109
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided		
(used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(784,273)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided		
(used) by operating activities:		4.400
Depreciation		4,162
Donated commodities		29,605
On-behalf payments		75,243
Change in assets and liabilities Inventory		(248)
Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability		1,880
Accounts payable		6,480
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(667,151)
		·
Schedule of non-cash transactions:		
Donated commodities received from federal government	\$	29,605
On-behalf payments	\$	75,243

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Paintsville Independent School District have been prepared to conform with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Superintendent of Schools is responsible for keeping records and accounts of all financial transactions in the manner prescribed by the State Board of Education. The following is a summary of the more significant of these policies.

Reporting Entity

The Paintsville Independent Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Paintsville Independent Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Paintsville Independent Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Paintsville Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation</u> – In a prior year the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary Funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a Balance Sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, which reports on the changes in fund balance. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Accordingly, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the proprietary fund reports increases and decreases in total economic net worth. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The district may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- (C) Special Revenue Activity Fund is used to support co-curricular activities and are not raised and expended by student groups. District activity funds accounted for in the District bank account are not subject to the Redbook and may be expended with more flexibility than school activity funds but must meet the "educational purpose" standard for all District expenditures.
- (D) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by proprietary fund).
 - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
 - The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a major fund of the District.
 - 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.
- (E) The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law.

II. Proprietary Fund Type (Enterprise Fund)

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Trust Funds)

The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the <u>Uniform Program of Accounting</u> for School Activity Funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue – Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Due to GASB 65, this now has been re-characterized as unearned revenue.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2023, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.968 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.968 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.727 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities <u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

.

Capital assets that are leased (GASB 87) are recorded at present value of the leased asset and is amortized over the life of the lease.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statements of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accumulated Ungaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

For governmental fund financial statements the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accumulated sick leave payable" in the General Fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Per Board policy, only amendments that aggregate greater than \$50,000 require Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

The budget for the Special Revenue Fund consists of the sum of each active grant's budget. Large variances between budgeted and actual activity can occur because grants with little activity during the year will have their entire budget rolled up into the combined budget for all grants.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

On government-wide financial statements inventories are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

The Food Service Fund is stated at cost and uses the specific identification method and the General Fund is stated at cost and uses the first-in, first-out method for inventory.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2023 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private Districts and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The District also receives commodities from the USDA. The amounts of such services and commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Investments

The private purpose trust funds record investments at their quoted market prices. All realized gains and losses and changes in fair value are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

The permanent funds record investments at their quoted market value prices for purposes of the Statement of Net Position. All realized gains and losses and changes in fair value are recorded in the Statement of Activities. Long-term investments are not recorded on the fund financial statements nor are unrealized gains and losses.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within 60 days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The District has thirteen items that qualifies for reporting in this category. The items are the District pension contributions subsequent to measurement date, the difference between expected and actual experience, net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments, and change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. In addition, we have OPED (CERS) contributions subsequent to measurement date, the difference between expected and actual experience, change of assumptions, net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments, and change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. Then we have OPED (KTRS) contributions subsequent to measurement date, changes of assumptions, changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has nine items that qualifies for reporting in this category. For pensions it is the difference between expected and actual experience, the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments, and the change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. In addition, for OPED (CERS) it is the difference between expected and actual experience, net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments, change of assumptions, and the change in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. Then we have OPED (KTRS) difference between expected and actual experience, and changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Fund equity reserves have been established for inventories and fixed assets.

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into non-spendable and spendable components, if applicable.

Non-spendable includes amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually. Spendable include the following:

- Restricted-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the district using its highest level of decision making authority.
- Assigned-for all governmental funds, other than general fund, any remaining positive amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed. For the General Fund, amounts constrained by intent to be used for a specified purpose by the District or the delegated official given authority to assign amounts.
- Unassigned-for the General Fund, amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed
 or assigned. For all other governmental funds, amount expended in excess of resources that are
 non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

For resources considered committed, the district issues an ordinance or resolution that can only be changed with another corresponding ordinance or resolution.

For resources considered assigned, the district has designated the board to carry out the intent of the school district.

It is the policy of the District to spend restricted resources first, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to spend on the activity. Once restricted resources are exhausted, then committed, assigned and unassigned resources will be spent in that order on the activity.

Encumbrances, although not reported on the Balance Sheet, are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the district incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the district has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Significant encumbrances at year end are reported by major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate and included with the commitments and contingencies note disclosure, if applicable.

Net Position

Net positions represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the district-wide financial statements. Net positions are classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets — This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted net position — This amount is restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Unrestricted net position — This amount is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and additions to /deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* ("GASB 84"). GASB 84 establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. Generally, the focus of the criteria relates to (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity, and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and post-employment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. Additionally, GASB 84 describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust, or an equivalent arrangement, that meets specific criteria. Finally, it provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. GASB 84 will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87 Leases ("GASB 87"), which establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. GASB 87 (1) increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contact; and (2) establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Additionally, under GASB 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. GASB 87 will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2021 and will be applied retroactively by restating financial statements.

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements ("GASB 88"), which seeks to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements, while providing financial statement users with additional essential information concerning debt. In particular, GASB 88 defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date that the contractual obligation is established, and it clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. Furthermore, this Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including (1) unused lines of credit; (2) assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and (3) terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. GASB 88 will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2019. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period ("GASB 89"), which seeks to (1) enhance the relevance and comparability of information concerning capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period, and (2) simplify accounting for interest cost incurred during the period of construction. In particular, GASB 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, and thus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. GASB 89 will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2021.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020 ("GASB 92")*. GASB 92 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments. Provisions related to insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools and derivative instruments were effective upon issuance. All other provisions will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2022. Adoption of the provisions required upon issuance did not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements ("GASB 96"). GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. The Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset, an intangible asset, and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments,

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

including implementation costs of a SBITA: and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. GABS 96 will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2023. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

NOTE B - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2023, on-behalf payments were made on behalf of the District for KTRS GASB 68 \$1,835,522, KTRS GASB 75 \$37,699, KTRS GASB 75 LIF \$2,678, Health insurance \$942,289, Life insurance \$1,345, Administrative fee \$10,712, HRA/Dental/Vision \$37,538, Federal reimbursement (\$96,487), KEN services \$61,664, AT&T Firewall Services \$18,300, Munis financial management software and services \$2,346, McAfee virus protection software and services \$467, and SFCC debt service \$132,199. The overall total payments for on-behalf were \$3,088,844. In addition, \$102,572 was made from federal sources to satisfy a QZAB Bond payment. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the Statement of Activities and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

NOTE C - ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE D - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's third party agent approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District's funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance.

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$3,309,808 and the bank balance was \$3,457,493. The entire bank balance throughout the year was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

The deposits were deemed collateralized under Kentucky law during the year. The Kentucky Department of Education maintains copies of all safekeeping receipts in the name of the District. The following is disclosed:

- a. Name of bank: Citizens National Bank
- b. Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$10,100,000

The cash deposits held at financial institutions can be categorized according to three levels of risk. These three levels of risk are as follows:

- Catergory 1 Deposits which are insured to collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.
- Catergory 2 Deposits which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE D - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

Catergory 3 Deposits which are not collateralized or insured.

As of June 30, 2023, based on these levels of risk, all of the District's cash deposits are classified as Catergory 2.

Breakdown per financial statements:

Government funds	\$3,205,699
Proprietary funds	104,109
	\$3,309,808

NOTE E - INVESTMENTS

The District had an investment as of June 30, 2023 with U.S. Treasury bills issued on December 1, 2022 for six months yielding 4.627% at US Bank and was renewed on July 7, 2023. Market value as of June 30, 2023 was \$1,841,856.

Breakdown per fund financial statements:

General fund	\$ 305,303
Special revenue funds	1,536,553
•	\$1.841.856

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities	<u>July 1, 2022</u>	_Additions_	<u>Deductions</u>	June 30, 2023
Land	\$ 3,665,000	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ 3,715,000
Land improvements	184,055	-	-	184,055
Buildings and improvement	18,650,281	175,000	-	18,825,281
Technology equipment	830,113	49,600	320,400	559,313
General equipment	436,477	17,000	6,000	447,477
Vehicles	681,658	111,204	118,200	674,662
Construction work in progress	2,007,984	712,742	•	2,720,726
Right-to-use leased buildings (restated)	34,971		<u>34,971</u>	
Totals at historical cost	26,490,539	<u>1,115,546</u>	479,571	<u>27,126,514</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortiz	ation			
Buildings and improvements	8,111,734	6,225	-	8,117,959
Technology equipment	595,249	75,066	320,400	349,915
General equipment	118,711	16,448	6,000	129,159
Vehicles	571,989	27,667	118,200	481,456
Right-to-use leased buildings (restated	d) <u>18,457</u>		18,457	
Total accumulated depreciation	9,416,140	125,406	463,057	9,078,489
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets – Net	<u>\$17,074,399</u>	<u>\$ 990,140</u>	<u>\$16,514</u>	<u>\$ 18,048,025</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Business-Type Activities

General equipment	\$	89,050	\$	44,875	\$	-	\$	133,925
Technology equipment		<u> </u>						-
Totals at historical cost		_89,050		44,875				133,925
Less: accumulated depreciation								
General equipment		89,050		4,162		-		93,212
Technology equipment						-		<u> </u>
Total accumulated depreciation		89,050	_	4,162		-		93,212
Business-Type Activities							· ·	
Capital Assets - Net	<u>\$</u>		\$_	<u>40,713</u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>40.713</u>

Depreciation expense has been charged to the following functions in the statement of activities.

Instruction	\$ 5,000
Instructional staff	9,300
District administrative	36,505
School administrative	39,369
Plant operation and maintenance	7,565
Student transportation	27,667
Food service	4,162
	\$129.568

NOTE G - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Amounts	Rates
2012	\$ 4,155,000	1.20% - 2.375%
2018	1,925,000	2.00% - 3.60%
2020 Refinancing	1,760,000	1.10% - 1.90%
2023 1 ST Series	1,115,000	3.75% - 4.125%

The 2012, 2018, 2020R, and 2023 bond issues were sold at a discount (premium) of \$27,193, \$33,766, \$(22,931), and \$19.871, respectively. These amounts are being amortized over the life of the respective debt.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corp. to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The proceeds from certain refunding issues have been placed in escrow accounts to be used to service the related debt.

The District has "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky Legislature for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The following table sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the funds at June 30, 2023 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE G - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

<u>Year</u>		Paintsville Independent School District		Kentucky School Facilities Construction <u>Commission</u>		
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	
2023-2024 2024-2025 2025-2026 2026-2027 2027-2028 2028-2029 2029-2030 2030-2031 2031-2032 2032-2033 2033-2034	\$ 382,350 389,940 402,473 409,950 412,370 424,731 432,004 466,198 479,681 489,773 391,523	\$ 170,805 163,459 154,234 144,688 135,020 125,235 115,010 103,836 91,290 78,425 69,297	\$ 107,650 110,060 112,527 115,050 117,630 120,269 122,996 58,802 60,319 55,227 13,477	\$ 24,550 22,138 19,672 17,149 14,570 11,931 9,202 6,412 4,893 3,415 2,490	\$ 685,355 685,597 688,906 686,837 679,590 682,166 679,212 635,248 636,183 626,840 476,787	
2034-2035 2035-2036 2036-2037 2037-2038	406,084 420,598 435,093 <u>174,572</u>	54,772 39,309 22,995 6,110	13,916 14,402 14,907 <u>15,428</u>	2,053 1,566 1,062 540	476,825 475,875 474,057 	
	<u>\$6,117,340</u>	<u>\$1,474,485</u>	<u>\$1,052,660</u>	<u>\$141,643</u>	<u>\$ 8,786,128</u>	

On June 15, 2023, the District issued \$1,115,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds, (series 2023) with an interest rate ranging from 3.75% to 4.125% to finance turf at the football field.

On February 11, 2020, the District refinanced the School Building Revenue Bonds, (series 2010) with a cumulative savings of \$198,796. The new 2020 bond series was issued for \$1,760,000 with an interest rate ranging from 1.10% to 1.90%. As a result, the 2010 series bonds are considered to be deferred and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide State of Net Position.

On March 1, 2018, the District issued \$1,925,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds (series 2018) with an interest rate ranging from 2.00% to 3.60% to finance improvements to Paintsville Independent School District.

On November 29, 2012, the District issued \$4,155,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds (series 2012) with an interest rate ranging from 1.20% to 2.375% to finance a new addition to Paintsville Elementary.

During the year ended June 30, 2023 the District's debt obligation was as follows:

	BALANCE 6/30/22	ADDITIONS	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6/30/23	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
Loss:	\$6,525,000	\$1,115,000	\$ 470,000	\$7,170,000	\$490,000
Less: Discount on bonds	<u>(26,123)</u> \$6,498,877	<u>(19,871</u>) \$1,095,129	(1,070) \$_468,930	<u>(44,924)</u> \$7,125,076	<u>-</u> \$490,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE G - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

QUALIFIED ZONE ACADEMY BONDS

The Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation issued \$2,719,298 of Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB), Series 2012, November 29, 2012 under a guaranteed investment contract whereby the Paintsville Independent School District will remit to the low bidder The Bank Of New York Mellon contributions to an escrow account \$2,045,096 over a twenty-three year period. The federal government will pay directly to the bank all of the annual interest expense leaving the board a small portion of interest due if the government fails to make payment. Funds from the escrow will be used to defease the entire bond upon maturity December 1, 2035. The 2012 QZAB sold at a discount of \$33,506. This amount is being amortized over the life of the respective debt. The minimum obligations of the funds at June 30, 2023 for the escrow and interest are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Paintsville Independen School District	t <u>Federal Rebate</u>	Total Requirements <u>For Year</u>
	Escrow	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023-2024	\$ 88,917	\$ 108,772	\$ 197,689
2024-2025	88,917	108,772	197,689
2025-2026	88,917	108,772	197,689
2026-2027	88,917	108,772	197,689
2027-2028	88,917	108,772	197,689
2028-2029	88,917	108,772	197,689
2029-2030	88,917	108,772	197,689
2030-2031	88,917	108,772	197,689
2031-2032	88,918	108,772	197,690
2032-2033	88,918	108,772	197,690
2033-2034	88,918	108,772	197,690
2034-2035	88,918	108,771	197,689
2035-2036	<u>88,918</u>	54,385	143,303
	<u>\$1.155.926</u>	<u>\$1,359,648</u>	<u>\$2,515,574</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2023 the District's QZAB debt obligation to the escrow was as follows:

	BALANCE 6/30/22	ADDITIONS	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6/30/23	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
Less:	\$1,244,843	\$ -	\$ 88,917	\$1,155,926	\$ 88,917
Discount on bonds	<u>(15,865</u>) <u>\$1,228,978</u>	<u>-</u> \$	<u>(1,182)</u> <u>\$ 87,735</u>	<u>(14,683)</u> <u>\$1,141,243</u>	<u>\$ 88,917</u>

The District is required by GASB 68 and GASB 75 to account for net pension liability and net OPEB liability on the statement of net position. The district is not required to make any payments toward these liabilities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE G - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District's changes in long term obligations for pensions and OPEB are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 6/30/22	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance _6/30/23	Due Within One Year
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	\$1,628,247 	\$ 451,983 900,037	\$ - 	\$2,080,230 _2,714,849	\$ -
Total government activities	<u>\$3.443.059</u>	<u>\$1,352,020</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$4,795,079</u>	<u>s - </u>
Business - Type Activities	Balance 6/30/22	Additions	Reductions	Balance _6/30/23	Due Within One Year
Business - Type Activities Net Pension liability		Additions \$ 67,538	Reductions \$ -		
	6/30/22			_6/30/23	One Year

NOTE H - CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

Bus Lease and Lighting Lease

On July 8, 2021, the Musco Finance, LLC entered into an equipment lease and security agreement with the Paintsville Independent School District. The District received \$301,552 in lighting equipment and is required to make payments over a six year period with an interest rate of 3.95%.

On March 18, 2018, the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA) entered into an equipment lease and security agreement with the Paintsville Independent School District. The District received \$102,290 in transportation equipment (one school bus) and is required to make payments over a ten year period with an interest rate ranging from 2.0% to 3.0%.

The following is a schedule of equipment lease payments, by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital lease:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total <u>Reguirements</u>
2023-24	\$ 39,518	\$ 6,408	\$ 45,926
2024-25	40,941	4,946	45,887
2025-26	42,477	3,429	45,906
2026-27	41,980	1,857	43,837
2027-28	9,550	<u> 286</u>	9,836
TOTALS	\$ 174.466	\$_16,926	\$ <u>191,392</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE H - CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE - CONTINUED

During the year ended June 30, 2023 the District's capital lease obligation was as follows:

BALANCE 6/30/22	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6/30/23	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
\$212,537	\$ -	\$38,071	\$174,466	\$39,518

NOTE I - COMMITMENTS UNDER NONCAPITALIZED LEASES

The District had no commitments under noncapitalized leases at June 30, 2023.

NOTE J - PENSION PLANS

KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS)

The Paintsville Independent School District contributes to the Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky (KTRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. KTRS administers retirement and disability annuities, and death and survivor benefits to employees and beneficiaries of employees of the public school systems and other public educational agencies in Kentucky. KTRS requires that members of KTRS occupy a position requiring either a four (4) year college degree or certification by Kentucky Department of Education (KDE). Job classifications that permit experience to substitute for either of these requirements do not participate in KTRS.

KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statues (KRS). KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the defined benefit pension plan. That report can be obtained by writing to Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System, 479 Versailles Road, Frankfort, Ky 40601 or from the KTRS web site at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/.

Funding Policy – Contribution rates are established by KRS. Members are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to KTRS. The Commonwealth of Kentucky is required to contribute 13.105% of salaries for members in a state retirement system before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% of salaries for members who started their account after June 30, 2008. The federal program for any salaries paid by that program pays the matching contributions. The local school districts pay employer matching on all employees who do not occupy federally funded positions. As part of the Shared Responsibility Plan, beginning July 1, 2010 each employer is required to pay the amount equal to the increase in employee contributions. Effective July 1, 2015, the current employer match is 3.00% of total gross nonfederal salaries in the district and for individuals employed in federally funded positions the employer-matching rate is 16.105%

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statue 161.675 requires KTRS to provide access to post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The KTRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Funding policy – In order to fund the post-employment healthcare benefit, active member contributions are matched by the state at .75% of members' gross salaries. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan. Additionally, under the Shared Responsibility Plan, the local school district employers pay 3.00% of members' salary for the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

The Paintsville Independent School District's total payroll for the year was \$6,383,273. The payroll for employees covered under KTRS was \$4,861,489. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Commonwealth contributed \$820,330 to KTRS for the benefit of participating employees. The School District's contributions to KTRS for the year ending June 30, 2023 was \$219,000, which represents those employees covered by federal programs.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS

At June 30, 2023, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as it's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net Pension Liability

\$

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the Net Pension liability associated with the District

20,117,329 \$ 20,117,329

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the Commonwealth as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.1187%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$733,755 and revenue of \$733,755 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Measurement Date June 30, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between market value of assets is

recognized

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10% Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.37% Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.00%-7.50%, including inflation

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Investment Rate of Return
7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement Benefit Increases
1.50% annually

Mortality rates were based on the Pub 2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

,	Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
	Large Cap U.S. Equity	37.4%	4.2%
	Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	4.7%
	Developed International Equity	16.5%	5.3%
	Emerging Markets Equity	5.5%	5.4%
	Fixed Income	15.0%	(0.1)%
	High Yield Bonds	2.0%	1.7%
	Other Additional Categories	5.0%	2.2%
	Real Estate	7.0%	4.0%
	Private Equity	7.0%	6.9%
	Cash	2.0%	(0.3)%
	Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. We assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on a pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KTRS financial report which is publically available at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS)

Plan Description

Classified employees (substantially all full-time Board employees other than certified employees) are covered by the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System. CERS provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the State legislature. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The County Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 or at http://www.kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement Benefit

CERS is designed to provide three types of benefits: a monthly retirement benefit for life based on the employee's salary and service (the pension benefit), health insurance benefits after retirement, and disability/death benefits.

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a formula established by statute which is (final compensation x benefit factor x years of service credit). Participants hired before 8/1/04 have their monthly benefit calculated at the average of highest five years salary which must contain at least 48 months of service and includes lump-sum payments for compensatory time times 2.2% benefit factor times years of service credit. Participants hired after 8/1/04 but before 9/1/08 have a reduced benefit factor of 2.0%.

Participants hired after 9/1/08 have their monthly benefit calculated at the average of the five complete fiscal years immediately preceding retirement which must contain 60 months of service and does not include lump-sum payments for compensatory time. The benefit factor is 1.10% for 10 years or less of service, 1.30% for more than 10 years but no more than 20 years, 1.50% for greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years, 1.75% for greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years, and 2.00% for greater than 30 years.

At retirement, a retiree may choose to take a reduced monthly benefit in order to provide a monthly benefit to a beneficiary upon their death, either for a period certain or for the life of the beneficiary. The system also provides for a statutory 1.5% annual increase to monthly benefits after retirement, often referred to as the cost of living adjustment (COLA).

Medical Insurance

CERS also provides access to group rates on medical insurance for retired members, their spouse, and dependents. Coverage for retirees not eligible for Medicare is provided through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan the same health plan provided to state employees. Coverage for Medicare eligible retirees is provided through a plan administered by or contracted through the retirement systems which then coordinates with Medicare for delivery of health benefits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

As provided by state statute, CERS also subsidizes medical coverage for the retiree. In general, employees participating prior to 7/1/03 receive a percentage of the premium paid based upon service credit, while employees who begin participating after that date receive a set dollar amount for each year of service credit.

Disability and Death Benefits

Like most defined benefit plans, CERS provides benefits for those employees who become disabled or who die prior to retirement. Participants have to have a minimum of 5 years of service to apply for disability benefits and approval determined by systems under criteria established by state statute. CERS also provides death before retirement and special death in the line of duty benefits. After retirement, the benefits left to the retiree's beneficiary vary based upon the payment option selected at retirement. In addition, CERS provides a \$5,000 lump sum death benefit for members who retire with at least 4 years of service.

Contributions

Plan members are required to contribute 5.00% of their annual salary if hired before September 1, 2008 and 6% if hired on or after September 1, 2008 through payroll deductions and the Board is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 23.40% of the employee's total covered compensation, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District's contributions to CERS for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$269,689, which consisted of \$217,352 from the District and \$52,337 from the employees.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

KTRS portion of GASB 68 changes will be reported by the State only and the district will not reflect any of those changes in their report but the district will fully comply with all changes of GASB 68 concerning CERS and disclose those changes within the report.

At June 30, 2023 the District reported a liability of \$2,391,069 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.033076%, which was an increase of 0.003722% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$197,901. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,556	\$	21,293
Changes of assumptions				-

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	325,353	264,054
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	178,846	52,788
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	217,352	_
Total	<u>\$ 724,107</u>	\$ 338,13 <u>5</u>

\$217,352 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ 39,547
2025	81,240
2026	(20,093)
2027	67,926
2028	-
Thereafter	
	\$ 168,620

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00% for CERS non-hazardous
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous

Investment Rate of Return 6.25% for CERS non-hazardous

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous System, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

The mortality table used for non-disable retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.28%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	2.28%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	13.00%	4.07%
Expected Real Rate	100.00%	4.28%
Long-Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.30%</u>
Expected Nominal Return	for Portfolio	6.58%

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% for CERS non-hazardous and CERS Hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statue as amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 29 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Actual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (5.25%) or one percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE J - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

	1.0% Decrease (5.25%)	Current Discount Rate (6.25%)	1.0% Increase (7.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,988,539	\$2,391,069	\$1,896,911

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS 2022 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at kyret.ky.gov.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a payable of \$ -0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN

General Information about the OPEB plan

COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS) OPEB PLANS

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Paintsville Independent School District participates in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) Insurance Fund, a multiple-employer defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) plan for members that cover all regular full-time members employed by the District. The plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 3.39 percent of covered payroll. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$55,020 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$652,700 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the OPEB plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating OPEB employers. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.033073%, which was an increase of 0.003725% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$91,180. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected And actual experience	\$ 65,700	\$ 149,679
Changes of assumptions	103,229	85,060
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments	121,539	95,048
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	56,308	51,255
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	<u>55,020</u> <u>\$ 401,796</u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$_381,042</u>

\$55,020 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

	2024	\$ (9,010)
	2025	(7,676)
	2026	(32,793)
	2027	15,212
	2028	-
Thereafter		
		<u>\$ (34,267)</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Inflation 2.30%

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00% for CERS non-hazardous

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous

Investment Rate of Return 6.25% for CERS non-hazardous

Healthcare Trend Rates

Pre - 65 Initial trend starting at 6.20% at January 1, 2024, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Post - 65 Mortality	Initial trend starting at 9.00% at January 1, 2024, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Pre-retirement	PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous Systems, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.
Post-retirement (non-disabled)	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.
Post-retirement (disabled)	PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation,	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.28%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	2.28%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	13.00%	<u>4.07%</u>
Expected Real Rate	100.00%	4.28%
Long-Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.30%</u>
Expected Nominal Return for	r Portfolio	6.58%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend

	Current Healthcare Cost		
	1.0% Decrease	Trend Rate	1.0% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB			
liability	\$485,268	\$652,700	\$853,755

Discount Rate

Single discount rates of 5.70% for CERS non-hazardous system was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2022. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the KRS' actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the KRS' trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the RCFR.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability using the discount rate of 5.70%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (4.70%) or one percentage-point higher (6.70%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease (4.70%)	Current DiscountRate (5.70%)	1.0% Increase (6.70%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB	2070 550	2050 700	0.170.050
liability	\$872,556	\$652,700	\$470,953

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS 2022 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at kyret.ky.gov

KENTUCKY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS) OPEB PLANS

Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statues (KRS). TRS is a blended

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statue 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three and three quarter percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Medical Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$2,147,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.114899%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability

\$2,147,000

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability associated with the District

705,000 \$2,852,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$24,000. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 903,000
Changes of assumptions	436,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	114,000	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	674,000	152,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	114,757 \$ 1,338,757	<u>-</u> <u>\$ 1,055,000</u>

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$114,757 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2024	\$ (53,000)
2025	(36,000)
2026	(22,000)
2027	120,000
2028	110,000
Thereafter	<u>50,000</u>
	<u>\$ 169,000</u>

Actuarial methods and assumptions For Health and Life – The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, using the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2021 valuation based on the experience investigation for the five-year period ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% - 7.50%
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.37%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Health Trust N/A
Life Trust N/A

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan Investment expense, including price inflation

Health Trust 7.10% Life Trust 7.10%

Health Trust Health Care Cost Trends

Under Age 65 7.00% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate

rate of 4.50% by FYE 2032

Ages 65 and Older 5.125% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate

rate of 4.50% by FYE 2025

Medicare Part B Premiums 6.97% for FYE 2022 with an ultimate rate of

4.50% by 2034

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2021, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done currently with the June 30, 2021 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2021 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the total TOL liability roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the total TOL liability roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Assumed asset allocation:

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Health Insurance Trust

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.00%	5.10%
Fixed Income	9.00%	(0.10%)
Real Estate	6.50%	4.00%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.90%
Additional Category: High Yield	8.00%	1.70%
Other Additional Categories	9.00%	2.20%
Cash (LIBOR)	<u>1.00%</u>	(0.30%)
Total	100.0%	

Life Insurance Trust

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	40.00%	4.40%
International Equity	23.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	18.00%	(0.10%)
Real Estate	6.00%	`4.00%
Private Equity	5.00%	6.90%
Additional Categories	6.00%	2.10%
Cash (LIBOR)	<u>2.00%</u>	(0.30%)
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Discount Rate (7.10%)	1.0% Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$2,694,000	\$2,147,000	\$1,694,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1.0% <u>Decrease</u>	Current Trend Rate	1.0% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB			
liability	\$1,610,000	\$2,147,000	\$2,816,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statue 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Life Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2023, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

OPEB liability	\$ -
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability associated with the	
District	<u>35,000</u>
	\$ 35.000

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the Commonwealth as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.112823%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$-0- and revenue of \$-0- for support provided by the state.

Actuarial methods and assumptions – The Actuarially Determined Contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2022 for the Life Trust:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Percent of Payroll

Remaining Amortization period 25 years

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed value

Inflation3.00%Real wage growth0.50%Wage Inflation3.50%

Salary increases, including wage

inflation 3.50% - 7.20%

Discount Rate 7.50%

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a payable of \$-0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE L - CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from federal, state and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

NOTE M - LITIGATION

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress, except as described elsewhere in this report.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE N - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which includes Workers' Compensation insurance.

NOTE O - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss of torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards' Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage. Contributions to the Workers' Compensation Fund are based on premium rates established by such fund in conjunction with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and a group discount amount. Dividends may be declared, but are not payable until twenty-four (24) months after the expiration of the self-insurance term. The Liability Insurance Fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage and for any reason by giving ninety (90) days notice. In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund (after payment of operational and administrative costs and claims for which coverage was provided) would be returned to the member on a pro rata basis.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE P - DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES

The Business—Type Activities (Proprietary Fund) had a deficit net position of \$155,022 during the current year due to the recording of GASB 68 pensions and GASB 75 OPEB. There are no other funds of the District that currently have a deficit fund balance. However, the following fund had operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

General Fund \$ 30,856 District Activity Fund \$ 1,390 Proprietary Fund \$ 139,114

NOTE Q - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE R-TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2023

<u>Type</u>	From Fund	m Fund To Fund Purpose					
Operating	FSPK	General	Reimbursement	\$	221,141		
Operating	FSPK	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$	520,664		
Operating	General	Special Revenue	Other	\$	15,343		
Operating	Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$	73,056		
Operating	Student Activity	District Activity	Sweep	\$	1,995		
Operating	Debt Service	Construction	Construction	\$ 1	1,071,429		

NOTE S - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There was no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2023.

NOTE T - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused disruption through limited district activities. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the disruption. At this time, the District is uncertain on the disruption's impact on its operating results.

Subsequent events were considered through October 9, 2023, which represents the release date of our report.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

Revenues: From local sources	<u>Budgeted</u> Original	Amounts Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Taxes				
Property	\$ 2,437,381	\$ 2,414,823	\$ 2,123,465	\$ (291,358)
Motor vehicle	145,000	145,000	188,662	43,662
Utilities	450,000	450,000	485,501	35,501
Tuition and fees	•	•	2,050	2,050
Earnings on investments	5,000	5,000	47,094	42,094
Other local revenues	6,000	6,000	64,530	58,530
Intergovernmental - state	4,799,823	4,822,381	6,055,210	1,232,829
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	2,000	2,000	40,316	38,316
Total revenues	7,845,204	7,845,204	9,006,828	1,161,624
Expenditures:				
Instruction	4,616,750	4,616,750	5,733,141	(1,116,391)
Support services:	.,0.0,.00	.,0.0,7.00	5,,	(.,,,
Student	346,889	346,889	334,671	12,218
Instructional staff	428,245	428,245	371,288	56,957
District administrative	1,980,421	1,980,421	602,005	1,378,416
School administrative	512,756	512,756	455,392	57,364
Business	275,509	275,509	302,710	(27,201)
Plant operation and maintenance	856,291	856,291	1,203,282	(346,991)
Student transportation	187,127	187,127	195,106	(7,979)
Central office	-	-		(.,,
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	_	-	_
Community service activities	-	-	_	_
Other	45,908	45,908	45,887	21
Total expenditures	9,249,896	9,249,896	9,243,482	6,414
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(1,404,692)	(1,404,692)	(236,654)	1,168,038
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets	<u>.</u>	_	_	-
Operating transfers in	-	-	221,141	221,141
Operating transfers out	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,343)	(343)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(15,000)	(15,000)	205,798	220,798
Net change in fund balance	(1,419,692)	(1,419,692)	(30,856)	1,388,836
Fund balance, July 1, 2022	1,419,692	1,419,692	1,491,918	72,226
Fund balance, June 30, 2023	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,461,062	\$ 1,461,062

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2023

				variances with Final
	Pudantos	d Amounts	Actual	Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:	Oliginal	- Tillai	(Oral Dasis)	<u> Tomavorabie</u>
Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other local revenue	40,000	63,814	50,203	(13,611)
State aid	316,304	2,927,353	423,486	(2,503,867)
Federal aid	853,736	1,273,787	1,498,740	224,953
Total revenues	1,210,040	4,264,954	1,972,429	(2,292,525)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	1,009,626	1,460,629	1,453,127	7,502
Support Services:				
Student	29,607	170,326	170,144	182
Instructional staff	54,565	54,565	94,717	(40,152)
District administration	-	-	-	-
School administration	-	-	-	-
Business	-	-	-	-
Plant operations and maintenance	-	2,505,000	56,444	2,448,556
Student transportation	-	-	111,204	(111,204)
Central office	-	-	-	-
Community services activities	131,242	113,261	102,136	11,125
Total expenditures	1,225,040	4,303,781	1,987,772	2,316,009
Excess of (deficit) revenues over expenditures	(15,000)	(38,827)	(15,343)	23,484
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	15,000	15,343	15,343	-
Transfers out			-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,000	15,343	15,343	-
Net change in fund balance	-	(23,484)	-	23,484
Fund balance July 1, 2022		-		-
Fund balance June 30, 2023	\$ -	\$ (23,484)	\$ -	\$ 23,484

Variances

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

JUNE 30, 2023

	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023
CERS: District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.042352%	0.039875%	0.037787%	0.035563%	0.034363%	0.033348%	0.031395%	0.029354%	0.033076%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,374,000	\$ 1,714,429	\$ 1,860,491	\$ 2,081,612	\$ 2,092,811	\$ 2,345,380	\$ 2,407,971	\$ 1,871,548	\$ 2,391,069
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 930,475	\$ 899,302	\$ 866,348	\$ 851,720	\$ 841,335	\$ 803,561	\$ 750,593	\$ 916,089	\$ 928,854
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	147.67%	190.64%	214.75%	244.40%	248.75%	291.87%	320.81%	204.29%	257.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.80%	60.00%	55.50%	53.30%	53.54%	50.45%	47.81%	57.33%	52.42%
KTRS: District's proportion of net pension liability	0.1359%	0.1262%	0.1301%	0.1294%	0.1265%	0.1261%	0.1194%	0.1149%	0.1187%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district Total	27,929,557 \$ 27,929,557	29,362,234 \$ 29,362,234	38,388,195 \$ 38,388,195	34,926,734 \$ 34,926,734	16,570,644 \$ 16,570,644	17,206,735 \$ 17,206,735	16,918,993 \$ 16,918,993	14,947,462 \$ 14,947,462	20,117,329 \$ 20,117,329
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,290,007	\$ 4,072,694	\$ 4,288,142	\$ 4,293,102	\$ 4,353,215	\$ 4,371,831	\$ 4,142,331	\$ 3,946,031	\$ 4,339,713
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	45.59%	44.70%	57.04%	39.80%	59.30%	58.80%	58.27%	65.59%	56.41%

Schedule is Intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

JUNE 30, 2023

CERS:	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023
Contractually required contribution	\$ 118,636	\$ 111,693	\$ 120,856	\$ 123,329	\$ 136,465	\$ 155,087	\$ 144,865	\$ 193,934	\$ 217,352
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	118,636	111,693	120,856	123,329	136,465	155,087	144,865	<u>193,934</u>	217,352
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>							
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 930,475	\$ 899,302	\$ 866,348	\$ 851,720	\$ 841,335	\$ 803,561	\$ 750,593	\$ 916,089	\$ 928,854
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.75%	12.42%	13.95%	14.48%	16.22%	19.30%	19.30%	21.17%	23.40%
KTRS: Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u> </u>								
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>s</u> -	<u>s -</u>	<u>s - </u>	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employee payroll	\$4,290,007	\$4,072,694	\$4,288,142	\$4,293,102	\$4,353,215	\$4,371,831	\$4,142,331	\$3,946,031	\$4,339,713
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

JUNE 30, 2023

	 6/30/2018	 6/30/2019	 6/30/2020	6/30/2021	 6/30/2022	 6/30/2023
CERS - INSURANCE FUND: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.035563%	0.034362%	0.033339%	0.031386%	0.029348%	0.033073%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 714,938	\$ 610,090	\$ 560,747	\$ 757,876	\$ 561,853	\$ 652,700
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 851,720	\$ 841,335	\$ 803,561	\$ 750,593	\$ 916,089	\$ 928,854
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	83.94%	72.51%	69.78%	100.97%	61.33%	70.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.40%	57.62%	60.44%	51.67%	62.91%	60.95%
KTRS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN: District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.124959%	0.122690%	0.122722%	0.116309%	0.111954%	0.114899%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,452,000	\$ 2,287,000	\$ 1,987,000	\$ 1,630,000	\$ 1,326,000	\$ 2,147,000
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district TOTAL	\$ 2,003,000 4,455,000	\$ 1,970,000 4,257,000	\$ 1,605,000 3,592,000	\$ 1,306,000 2,936,000	\$ 1,077,000 2,403,000	\$ 705,000 2,852,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,293,102	\$ 4,353,215	\$ 4,371,831	\$ 4,142,331	\$ 3,946,031	\$ 4,339,713
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	57.11%	52.54%	45.45%	39.35%	33.60%	49.47%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	21.18%	25.50%	32.58%	39.05%	51.74%	47.75%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2023

	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	
KTRS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN: District's proportion of the net OPEB flability	0.122083%	0.119908%	0.119957%	0.113741%	0.109439%	0.112823%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	27,000 \$ 27,000	34,000 \$ 34,000	37,000 \$ 37,000	39,000 \$ 39,000	14,000 \$ 14,000	35,000 \$ 35,000	
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,293,102	\$ 4,353,215	\$ 4,371,831	\$ 4,142,331	\$ 3,946,031	\$ 4,339,713	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	79.99%	75.00%	73.40%	71.57%	89.15%	73.97%	

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

JUNE 30, 2023

CERS - INSURANCE FUND:		6/30/2018	 6/30/2019	 6/30/2020	 6/30/2021	 6/30/2022	 6/30/2023
Contractually required contribution	\$	48,769	\$ 54,096	\$ 50,290	\$ 54,328	\$ 71,439	\$ 55,020
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	48,769	 54,096	 50,290	 54,328	 71,439	 55,020
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	•	\$ •	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	851,720	\$ 841,335	\$ 803,561	\$ 750,593	\$ 916,089	\$ 928,854
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.72%	6.43%	6.26%	7.24%	7.79%	5.92%
KTRS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN: Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$	117,835	\$ 117,386	\$ 118,221	\$ 114,051	\$ 109,661	\$ 114,757
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		117,835	117,386	118,221	114,051	109,661	114,757
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>.</u>	\$ 	\$ •	\$ 	\$ <u> </u>	\$ · .
Covered employee payroll	\$	4,293,102	\$ 4,353,215	\$ 4,371,831	\$ 4,142,331	\$ 3,946,031	\$ 4,339,713
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		2.74%	2.70%	2.70%	2.75%	2.77%	2.64%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2023

	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	
KTRS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-				<u>-</u>		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	•	-	-	-	-	
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,293,102	\$ 4,353,215	\$ 4,371,831	\$ 4,142,331	\$ 3,946,031	\$ 4,339,713	
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CERS)

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - GENERAL INFORMATION

Contributions

Contractually required employer contributions reported on the Schedule of Pension Contributions exclude the portion of contributions paid to CERS but allocated to the insurance fund of the CERS. The insurance contributions are reported on the Schedule of OPEB Contributions.

Payroll

The District's covered payroll reported on the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Schedules is one year prior to the District's fiscal year payroll as reported on the Schedule of Contributions for Pension and OPEB.

NOTE B - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

June 30, 2022 - Pension and OPEB - Non-hazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was 6.40% at January 1, 2022, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was 6.30% at January 1, 2022, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, for pension.

June 30, 2021 - Pension and OPEB - Non-hazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, for OPEB:

 The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 6.40% to 6.30%, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 2.90% to 6.30%, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, for pension.

June 30, 2020 - Pension and OPEB - Non-hazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 7% to 6.40%, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 5% to 2.90%, which increases to 6.30% in 2023 and then gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for pension.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CERS)

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE B - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019 - Pension and OPEB - Non-hazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for both pension and OPEB:

• The assumed rate of salary increases was increased from 3.05% to 3.3% to 10.3% on average.

June 30, 2018 - Pension and OPEB - Non-hazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, for either pension or OPEB.

June 30, 2017 - Pension - Non-hazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

- The assumed rate of return was deceased from 7.5% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.3%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4% to 2%.

June 30, 2016 - Pension and OPEB - Non-hazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2016, for either pension or OPEB.

June 30, 2015 - Pension - Non-hazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

- The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.5%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.5% to 3.25%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1% to .75%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).
- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females).
- For Disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.
- The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to reflect experience more accurately.

June 30, 2014 - Pension - Non-hazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2014.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CERS)

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE B - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2013 - Pension - Non-hazardous

The following assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the initial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013:

- The assumed rate of return was 7.75%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was 3.5%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was 1%.
- Payroll growth assumption was 4.5%.
- Mortality rates were based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired members and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006. The 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table was used for all other members.

NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to the surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session and increased the disability benefits for qualified members who become "totally and permanently disabled" as a result of a duty-related disability. The minimum disability benefit increased from 25% of the member's monthly final rate of pay to 75% of the member's monthly average pay. The insurance premium for the member, the member's spouse, and the member's dependent children shall also be paid in full by the System. For non-hazardous members to be eligible for this benefit, they must be working in a position that could be certified as a hazardous position. There were no other material plan provision changes since the prior valuation.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS)

NOTE A - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

In the 2020 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, setbacks and adjustments for each of the groups: service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.5% to 7.1% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.5%.

In 2019, valuation on the salary increase was reduced to 3.5% - 7.3% from 4.0% - 8.2%.

In 2018, the calculation of Single Equivalent Interest Rate resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS)

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - CONTINUED

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and rates of salary increases were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, set forward two years for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with projection scales AA, which was used prior to 2016.

In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with projection scale AA, set back one year for females rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables which was used prior to 2016. For the 2011 valuation through the 2013 valuation, an interest smoothing methodology was used to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

NOTE B - METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Period (closed) 25 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Real Wage Growth 0.50 percent
Wage Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary Increases, including Wage Inflation 3.50 – 7.20 percent

Discount Rate 7.50 percent

NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for TRS pension.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS) SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

NOTE A - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

2017

There were no changes in assumptions.

<u>2018</u>

There were no changes in assumptions.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS) SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - CONTINUED

2019

There were no changes in assumptions.

2020

Health care cost trend rates were updated for the June 30, 2019 valuation.

<u>2021</u>

There were no changes in assumptions.

2022

There were no changes in assumptions.

NOTE B - METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions – The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

Amortization Period

June 30, 2021

Entry Age Normal

Level Percent of Payroll

21 years. Closed

Asset Valuation Method Five-year smoothed value

Inflation 2.50% Real Wage Growth 0.25% Wage Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases, Including

Wage Inflation 3.0% - 7.5% Discount Rate 7.10%

Healthcare Cost Trends

Under 65 7.00% for FY 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY

2032

Ages 65 and Older 5.125% for FY 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by

FY 2025

Medicare Part B Premiums 6.97 for FY 2022 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS) SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

Changes of benefit terms (June 30, 2018) – With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the state will only finance, via its KEHP "Shared Responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

Benefit changes, which are reflected immediately, will increase OE, if there is a benefit improvement for existing Plan members, or decrease OE, if there is a benefit reduction. For the year ended June 30, 2022, there was a benefit change to be recognized due to the benefit tier that was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

COMBINING STATEMENTS – NONMA	JOR FUNDS	
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•		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2023

	Debt Service Fund	Service Activity Activity		SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets and Resources:					
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivables	\$ -	\$ 12,243 	\$ 77,214 	\$ - -	\$ 89,457
Total assets and resources	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 12,243	\$ 77,214	\$ -	\$ 89,457
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	_\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ -	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances: Restricted For:					
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-
District activity	-	12,243	-	-	12,243
School activity	-		77,214		77,214
Total fund balances		12,243	77,214		89,457
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u> </u>	\$ 12,243	\$ 77,214	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 89,457

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Debt Service Fund		District Activity Fund		School Activity Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund		Total Nonmajor Government Funds	
Revenues:					_				
From local sources									
Taxes:	_	_		_		_		_	
Property	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Earnings on investments	442		-		1,009		-		1,451
Other local revenues	400 400		225		382,198	-	-		382,423
Intergovernmental - state	132,199		-		-	′	3,056		205,255
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	102,572				-				102,572
Total revenues	235,213		225		383,207	7	3,056		691,701
Expenditures:									
Instruction	-		3,610		228,087		-		231,697
Support services:									
Student Instructional staff	-		-		-		-		-
Direct administrative	-		_		_		_		-
School administrative	-		_		-		_		-
Business	-		_		_		_		-
Plant operation and maintenance	-		-		-		_		-
Student transportation	-		-		6,732		-		6,732
Central office	-		-		-		-		-
Facilities and construction	-		-		-		-		-
Community service activities	-		-		-		-		-
Other	852,633				124,407				977,040
Total expenditures	852,633		3,610		359,226				1,215,469
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(617,420)		(3,385)		23,981	7	3,056		(523,768)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Bond proceeds	1,095,129		-		-		-		1,095,129
Operating transfers in	593,720		1,995		-		-		595,715
Operating transfers out	(1,071,429)		-		(1,995)	(7	3,056)	((1,146,480)
Non operating transfers in	-		-		-	•	-		-
Non operating transfers out							<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)	617,420		1,995		(1,995)	(7	<u>3,056)</u>		544,364
Net change in fund balance	-		(1,390)		21,986		-		20,596
Fund balance, July 1, 2022			13,633		55,228				68,861
Fund balance, June 30, 2023	<u>\$</u> -	\$	12,243	\$	77,214	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	89,457

OTHER COMBINING STATEMEN	NTS AND SCHOOL ACTIVITY	FUNDS
		•

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

PAINTSVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

	Cash Balance y 1, 2022	F	Receipts_	Disb	ursements	 ransfers	Cash Balance e 30, 2023	Rec	counts eivable 30, 2023	Pa	counts ayable 30, 2023	S &	Oue to tudents Others e 30, 2023
School Activity And Projects Funds Athletic Fund	\$ 16,820 2,418	\$	51,515 40,739	\$	49,081 25,258	\$ (1,995) -	\$ 17,259 17,899	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,259 17,899
Sweep Account	 220					 _	220				-		220
Totals	\$ 19,458	\$	92,254	\$	74,339	\$ (1,995)	\$ 35,378	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,378

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

PAINSTIVLLE HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

	Cash Balance July 1, 2022	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	Cash Balance June 30, 2023	Accounts Receivable June 30, 2023	Accounts Payable June 30, 2023	Due to Students & Others June 30, 2023	
Academic Boosters	\$ 149	\$ 268	280	\$ -	\$ 137	\$ -	\$ -	137	
AP Exams	1,240	3,578	2,295	(569)	1,954	•	•	1,954	
Athletic Fund	3,978	167,040	159,826	(121)	11,071	-	-	11,071	
Band Booster Club	•	42,114	42,343	229	•	-	-	•	
Beta Club	-	952	131	-	821	-	-	821	
Cheer Varsity	1,315	9,200	9,319	-	1,196	-	-	1,196	
Class of 2025	-	1,750	1,784	34	-	-	-	•	
Class of 2022	-	-	. 84	84	-	-	-	-	
Class of 2023	4,517	891	1,426	(1,155)	2,827	-	-	2,827	
Class of 2024	2,844	2,953	896	•	4,901	-	-	4,901	
Class of 2026	210	_	•	-	210	-	-	210	
Class of 2027	54	3,943	4,304	1,155	848	-	-	848	
Class of 2028	<u>-</u>	1,491	1,422	_	69	-	-	69	
ESPYS	413	•	1,896	1,483	-	-	-	•	
FACS	-	70	•	-	70	-	-	70	
FCA	346	507	349	-	504	-	•	504	
Fees	1,029	_	•	-	1,029	-	-	1,029	
Field Day	329	3,380	4,389	1,059	379	-	-	379	
General	3,452	31,820	32,877	(2,091)	304	•	•	304	
Library Media Center	-	-	,	-	•	-	•	•	
MC CMPS	-	570	545	_	25	-	-	25	
PHS Cheer	162	1,771	1,878	-	55	-	-	55	
PHS Donations	108	•	•	(108)	•	-	-	•	
Project Graduation	2,902	-	2,750	•	152	-	-	152	
Project Prom	1,863	11,965	7,307	-	6,521	-	-	6,521	
Pride Club	472	•	•	-	472	-	-	472	
Staff Pop	6,589	6,598	8,074	-	5,113	-	_	5,113	
Student Council	1,382	•	-	-	1,382	-	-	1,382	
Sweep Account	30	-	-	-	30	•	-	30	
Theatre	383	-	-	-	383	_	-	383	
Yearbook	2,032	474	1,123		1,383	-		1,383	
Totals	\$ 35,799	\$ 291,335	\$ 285,298	\$ -	\$ 41,836	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 41,836	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

	Cash Balance y 1, 2022	Receipts	Dist	oursements_	T	ansfers	В	Cash Balance e 30, 2023	Rece	counts eivable 30, 2023	Pa	counts yable 30, 2023	S1 &	Oue to tudents Others 2 30, 2023
High School Paintsville	\$ 35,799	\$ 291,335	\$	285,298	\$	-	\$	41,836	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,836
Elementary School Paintsville	19,458	92,254		74,339		(1,995)		35,378		_		_		35,378
Totals	\$ 55,257	\$ 383,589	\$	359,637	\$	(1,995)	\$	77,214	\$	-	\$		\$	77,214

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	Issue of 2023 1st Series	Issue of 2020 Refunding	Issue of 2018 Refunding	QZAB Series 2012	Issue of 2012	Total Debt Service Funds	
Revenues:							
Earning on investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 442	\$ -	\$ 442	
Intergovernmental - state	-	66,987	15,967	•	49,245	132,199	
Intergovernmental - federal				102,572	<u> </u>	102,572	
Total revenues	-	66,987	15,987	103,014	49,245	235,213	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Bond principal	-	175,000	45,000	88,917	250,000	558,917	
Bond interest	•	30,500	58,113	108,772	72,631	270,016	
Bond costs	23,700	·	-			23,700	
Total expenditures	23,700	205,500	103,113	197,689	322,631	852,633	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(23,700)	(138,513)	(87,146)	(94,675)	(273,386)	(617,420)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Bond Proceeds	1,095,129	-	-	-	-	1,095,129	
Operating transfers in	-	138,513	87,146	94,675	273,386	593,720	
Operating transfers out	(1,071,429)	-	•	-	-	(1,071,429)	
Non operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Non operating transfers out	<u></u>	·		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	23,700	138,513	87,146	94,675	273,386	617,420	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fund balance, July 1, 2022	-		-		-		
Fund balance, June 30, 2023	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS - THROUGH GRANTOR/	Federal CFDA	Pass - Through Grantor's	Federal
PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	Expenditures
U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through State Dept. of Education:			
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 22	\$ 81,010
		7750002 23	278,752
		9980000 22	22,426
		9980000 23	12,583
			394,771
Passed Through State Dept. of Agriculture:	40.000		
Food Donation (In-Kind Commodities)	10,555	1006	29,605
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 22	21,297
Concor Discussion in Co.	10.000	7760005 23	65,456
			86,753
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024 22	8,195
		7740023 22	79,582
			87,777
TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER			598,906
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001 22	761
Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	9990000 22	628
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE			600,295
U.S. DEPT. OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through State Dept. of Education:			
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 20	365
This is craited to Essai Essasational rigotions	01.010	3100002 21	36,372
		3100002 22	209,945
			246,682
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002 21	4,488
Career and Technical Education - Dasic Grants to States	04.040	3710002 21	4,007
		37 10002 22	8,495
		044000004	40.700
Rural Education	84.358	3140002 21	10,799
		3140002 22	3,350 14,149
			14,140
Supporting Effective Instruction - State Grant	84.367	3230002 21	11,444
- -		3230002 22	24,921
			36,365
			305,691

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule. (Continued next page)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

(Continued)

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	Federal CFDA Number	Pass - Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002 21 3420002 22	2,287 415 2,702
Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	4200002 21 4300002 21 4300005 21 4980002 21	31,264 560,443 1,890 2,792 596,389
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	701J	5,000
American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary Schools Emergency Relief Fund (ARP - ESSER)	84.425U	563J	32,809
SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER (IDEA) Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	4910002 21 3810002 20 3810002 21 3810002 22	9,822 14,113 33,279 106,195 163,409
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002 20 3800002 21 4900002 21	4,080 7,069 2,103 13,252
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER			176,661
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF EDUCATION			1,119,252
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed through Big Sandy Area Community Action Program, Inc.: Head Start TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	93.600	04CH011865 22 04CH011865 23	101,015 195,225 296,240
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 2,015,787

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Paintsville Independent School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Paintsville Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Paintsville Independent School District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Paintsville Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2023 the District had no food commodities in inventory.

NOTE D - TYPE A PROGRAMS

The Paintsville Independent School District did not have any Type A programs for which total expenditures of federal awards exceeded \$750,000 for fiscal year 2023.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued unmodified.

Internal control over financial reporting:

•	Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes yes	_X_no _X_none reported
No	ncompliance material to financial state	ments noted?	_X_yes	no
Fed	deral Awards			
Inte	ernal control over major programs:			
•	Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes yes	X_no X_none reported
Тур	pe of auditor's report issued on complia	ance for major programs unmodified.		
	y audit findings disclosed that are requivith 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	ired to be reported in accordance	yes	<u>X</u> no
lde	entification of major programs:			
	CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Pr	ogram or Clus	<u>ter</u>
	10.555 10.555 10.553	National School L Food Donation (In-Ki School Break	ind Commoditi ast Program	es)
	10.559	Summer Food Service F	-rogram tor Ci	niiaren

SECTION II - FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

2023 - 001 Payroll Noncompliance (A Non-Repeat Finding)

Condition: Central office is not tracking days worked for some staff members.

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Criteria: The District needs to keep up with all employees' days worked and sick time taken per the individuals contract.

X ves

no

Cause of Condition: Central office is too relaxed on keeping up with work days on a consistent basis.

Effect: Employees may not be working the number of days stated in their contract. Also, retirees could be receiving more in their sick leave buyout than what they are entitled.

Recommendation: The Superintendent needs to make sure a policy is in place mandating all employees are to clock or sign in or they will be considered absent with no exceptions. The employees' supervisor should review and sign off on documentation supporting the accuracy of the report. Then it is to be given to the payroll clerk for payroll and record keeping of the absences.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: Our Chief Finance Officer will develop a corrective action plan for our payroll department to ensure all employees timesheets are collected, effective October 9, 2023.

SECTION III - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

No matters were reported.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

June 30, 2023

All prior year comments were addressed by the District. Corrections were initiated or improvements made in the documentation that was recommended.

2022-001 Fraudulent Checks Cashed

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Fax (606) 789-3326

Members of the Board of Education Paintsville Independent School District Paintsville, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the Independent Auditor's Contract, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Paintsville Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Paintsville Independent School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2023.

Report On Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Paintsville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Paintsville Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Paintsville Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report On Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Paintsville Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001.

In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of material noncompliance of specific state statues or regulation identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Paintsville Independent School District, in a separate letter dated October 9, 2023.

Paintsville Independent School District's Response to Findings

Wells & Company, PSC

Governmental Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Paintsville Independent School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Paintsville Independent School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants Paintsville, Kentucky

October 9, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Fax (606) 789-3326

Members of the Board of Education Paintsville Independent School District Paintsville, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Paintsville Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Paintsville Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Paintsville Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Paintsville Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Paintsville Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Paintsville Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Paintsville Independent School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Paintsville Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,

misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Paintsville Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Paintsville Independent School District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Paintsville Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Paintsville Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Wells & Company PSC

Paintsville, Kentucky October 9, 2023

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

Fax (606) 789-3326

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Paintsville Independent School District Paintsville, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Paintsville Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding these matters. This letter does not affect our report dated October 9, 2023 on the financial statements of the District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations

Respectfully,

Certified Public Accountants Paintsville, Kentucky

Wells & Company PSC

Paintsville, Kentucky October 9, 2023

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

June 30, 2023

PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS

All prior year comments were addressed by the District. Corrections were initiated or improvements made in the documentation that was recommended except for Activity Fund 22-1 Spent over \$40,000 with a vendor without any bid, in which this problem still exists.

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2023

CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS

Board Fund 23-1 Spent Over \$40,000 With A Vendor Without Any Bid (Repeat)

Condition: Found where the District Office paid a vendor over \$40,000 for services without obtaining any bids.

Criteria: All items and services over \$40,000 must be bid unless it is an emergency item or a professional service.

Cause of Condition: Paintsville Independent School District failed to notice that they had spent over \$40,000 with this vendor.

Effect: The District was in violation of the bid laws.

Recommendation: We recommend obtaining bids for all items over \$40,000 unless it is an emergency item or professional service.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: We disagree with this finding based on statute.

45A.380(3) allows noncompetitive negotiation for the services of a "licensed professional" which includes an "educational specialist." This would seem to encompass various professions on par with school psychologists, speech-language pathologists, behavioral specialists, etc. The same section allows for noncompetitive negotiation for the services of a "technician" and lists plumbers, electricians, carpenters, or mechanics as examples. Randy McCarty is a carpenter.

Additionally, to trigger the bid requirements, KRS 45A.385 (1) defines "Aggregate amount" means the total dollar amount during a fiscal year of items of a like nature, function, and use the need for which can reasonably be determined at the beginning of the fiscal year. Here, facility repairs that were made could not have been reasonably determined at the beginning of the school year and were more in line with emergency repairs made due to storm damage. The monies which paid for these repairs were insurance funds, not school funds, even though the initial payment was made by the district and later reimbursed by the insurance company.

Activity Fund 23-2 Activity Funds Spent on Teachers

Condition: Student generated funds from vending machine profits are being put into the teachers' accounts and being spent on staff.

Criteria: If teachers want to use profits generated from vending machines, then the machines have to be in a location where only the teachers have access to and be used strictly by the staff.

Cause of Condition: Principal failed to monitor the bookkeeping to see how profits were being coded and distributed.

Effect: Student funds were spent on the staff. Money generated from these vending machines was from the staff, students, and public and should be considered student activity funds to be used on the students only.

Recommendation: If the staff wants to use the profits generated from any vending machines as their own, they need to be moved to a location where only the staff have access. In addition, all profits generated from these machines last year need to be returned to the student activity account.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: Our Chief Finance Officer will develop a corrective action plan to correct this finding, effective immediately.

APPENDIX C

Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2024

Continuing Disclosure Agreement

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE UNDERTAKING AGREEMENT

This Continuing Disclosure Undertaking Agreement ("Agreement") made and entered into as of September 10, 2024, by and between the Board of Education of Paintsville, Kentucky ("Board"); the Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation, an agency and instrumentality of the Board ("Corporation") and the Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds hereinafter identified as third-party beneficiaries to this Agreement. For the purposes of this Agreement "Beneficial Owner" means the person or entity treated as the owner of the Bonds for federal income tax purposes and "Registered Owner" means the person or entity named on the registration books of the bond registrar.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Corporation has acted as issuing agency for the Board pursuant to the provisions of Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS") and the Corporation's Bond Resolution in connection with the authorization, sale and delivery of \$2,215,000 of the Corporation's School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2024, dated as of September 10, 2024 ("Bonds"), which Bonds were offered for sale under the terms and conditions of a Final Official Statement ("FOS") prepared by RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky ("Financial Advisor") and approved by the authorized representatives of the Board and the Corporation, and

WHEREAS, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, has amended the provisions of SEC Rule 15c2-12 relating to financial disclosures by the issuers of municipal securities under certain circumstances ("Rule"), and

WHEREAS, it is intended by the parties to this Agreement that all terms utilized herein shall have the same meanings as defined by the Rule, and

WHEREAS, the Board is an "obligated person" as defined by the Rule and subject to the provisions of said Rule, and

WHEREAS, failure by the Board and the Corporation to observe the requirements of the Rule will inhibit the subsequent negotiation, transfer and exchange of the Bonds with a resulting diminution in the market value thereof to the detriment of the Registered and Beneficial Owners of said Bonds and the Board;

NOW, THEREFORE, in order to comply with the provisions of the Rule and in consideration of the purchase of the Bonds by the Registered and Beneficial Owners, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Board agrees to provide the annual financial information contemplated by Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i) relating to the Board for its fiscal years ending June 30 of each year, commencing with fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, to (a) the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"), or any successor thereto for purposes of its Rule, through the continuing disclosure service portal provided by the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system as described in 1934 Act Release No. 59062, or any similar system that is acceptable to the Securities and Exchange Commission and (b) the State Information Depository ("SID"), if any (the Commonwealth of Kentucky has not established a SID as of the date of this Agreement) within nine (9) months of the close of each fiscal year.

For the purposes of the Rule "annual financial information" means financial information and operating data provided annually, of the type included in the FOS with respect to the Board in accordance with guidelines established by the National Federation of Municipal Analysts, and shall include annual audited financial statements for the Board in order that the recipients will be provided with ongoing information regarding revenues and operating expenses of the Board and the information provided in the FOS under the headings "OUTSTANDING BONDS", "BOND DEBT SERVICE", "DISTRICT STUDENT POPULATION", "LOCAL SUPPORT - Local Tax Rates, Property Assessment and Revenue Collections and SEEK Allotment". If audited financial statements are not available when the annual financial information is filed, unaudited financial statements shall be included, to be followed by audited financial statements when available.

The audited financial statements shall be prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, Generally Accepted Auditing Standards or in accordance with the appropriate sections of KRS or Kentucky Administrative Regulations.

The parties hereto agree that this Agreement is entered into among them for the benefit of those who become Registered and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds as third party beneficiaries to said Agreement.

2. MATERIAL EVENTS NOTICES

Under the Rule, Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C), the following sixteen (16) events must be disclosed within ten (10) business days following the occurrence of said event to MSRB via EMMA and the SID, if any:

- (1) Principal/interest payment delinquency;
- (2) Nonpayment related default, if material;
- (3) Unscheduled draw on debt service reserve reflecting financial difficulties;
- (4) Unscheduled draw on credit enhancement reflecting financial difficulties;
- (5) Substitution of credit or liquidity provider, or its failure to perform;
- (6) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the IRS of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the securities, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security;
- (7) Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
- (8) Bond call, if material and tender offers;
- (9) Defeasance;
- (10) Release, substitution or sale of property securing the repayment of the security, if material;
- (11) Rating change;
- (12) Merger, consolidation, acquisition or sale of all or substantially all assets of an obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, and the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to such action, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- (13) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person;
- (14) Successor, additional or change in trustee, if material;
- (15) Incurrence of a financial obligation of the obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material, and;
- (16) Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For purposes of this Agreement the term "financial obligation" means:

- (A) Debt obligation;
- (B) Derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or
- (C) Guarantee of paragraph (A) or (B) above.

Notice of said material events shall be given to the entities identified in this Section by the Board on a timely basis (within ten (10) business days of the occurrence). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of the documents under which the Bonds are authorized and issued do not provide for a debt service reserve, credit enhancements or credit or liquidity providers.

In accordance with Rule Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(D), the Board agrees that in the event of a failure to provide the Annual Financial Information required under Section 1 of this Agreement, it will notify MSRB via EMMA of such failure in a timely manner.

The Finance Officer of the Board shall be the responsible person for filing the annual financial information and/or notices of the events set forth above within the time prescribed in this Agreement. The Board shall cause the Finance Officer to institute an internal tickler system as a reminder of the obligations set forth herein. By December 1 of each fiscal year and each 30 days thereafter the Finance Officer will contact the auditor for the Board to determine when the audited financial statements will be finalized. The Finance Officer will impress upon the auditor the necessity of having such audited financial report on or before March 15. Within 5 days of receipt of such audited financial report the finance officer will cause the annual financial information to be filed as required by this Agreement.

3. SPECIAL REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Upon the request of any Registered or Beneficial Owner of the Bonds or the original purchaser of the Bonds or any subsequent broker-dealer buying or selling said Bonds on the secondary market ("Underwriters"), the Board shall cause financial information or operating data regarding the conduct of the affairs of the Board to be made available on a timely basis following such request.

4. DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

The Board and the Corporation hereby disclaim any liability for monetary damages for any breach of the commitments set forth in this Agreement and remedies for any breach of the Board's continuing disclosure undertaking shall be limited to an action for specific performance or mandamus in a court of competent jurisdiction in Kentucky following notice and an opportunity to cure such a breach.

5. FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT

That the Final Official Statement prepared by the Financial Advisor and approved by the authorized representatives of the Board and the Corporation is hereby incorporated in this Agreement as fully as if copied herein and the "annual financial information" required under Section 1 hereof shall in summary form update the specific information set forth in said FOS.

6. DURATION OF THE AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall be in effect so long as any of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid; provided, however, that the right is reserved in the Board to delegate its responsibilities under the Agreement to a competent agent or trustee, or to adjust the format of the presentation of annual financial information so long as the intent and purpose of the Rule to present adequate and accurate financial information regarding the Board is served.

7. AMENDMENT; WAIVER

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Board may amend this Agreement, and any provision of this Agreement may be waived, provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) If the amendment or waiver relates to the provisions of Section 1, it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of an obligated person with respect to the Bonds, or the type of business conducted;
- (b) The undertaking, as amended or taking into account such waiver, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the original issuance of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and
- (c) The amendment or waiver either (i) is approved by the holders of the Bonds in the same manner as provided in the Bond Resolution for amendments to the Bond Resolution with the consent of holders, or (ii) does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, materially impair the interests of the Registered Owners or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Agreement, the Board shall describe such amendment or waiver in the next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by the Board. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given in the same manner as for a material event under Section 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) of the Rule, and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

8. DEFAULT

In the event of a failure of the Board to comply with any provision of this Agreement, the Corporation may and, at the request of any Underwriter or any Registered Owner or Beneficial Owner of Bonds, shall take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the Board to comply with its obligations under this Agreement. A default under this Agreement shall not be deemed an event of default under the Bond Resolution, and the sole remedy under this Agreement in the event of any failure of the Board to comply with this Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

In witness whereof the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

	PAINTSVILLE, KENTUCKY
Attest:	Chairperson
Attest:	
Secretary	
	PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOI DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION
Attest:	
	President
Secretary	

APPENDIX D

Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2024

Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale

OFFICIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF BOND SALE

\$2,215,000*

Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2024 Dated September 10, 2024

SALE: August 20, 2024 AT 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T.

As published on PARITY®, a nationally recognized electronic bidding system, the Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation") will until August 20, 2024, at the hour of 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T., in the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Rd, Carriage House, Frankfort, KY 40601, receive competitive bids for the revenue bonds herein described. To be considered, bids must be submitted on an Official Bid Form and must be delivered to the Corporation at the address indicated on the date of sale no later than the hour indicated. Bids may be submitted manually or by facsimile or electronically via PARITY. Bids will be considered by the Corporation and may be accepted without further action by the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Subject to a Permitted Adjustment* increasing or decreasing the issue by up to \$220,000.

PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

The Corporation has been formed in accordance with the provisions of Sections 162.120 through 162.290 and Section 162.385 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"), and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non profit, non stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities for and on behalf of the Board of Education of Paintsville, Kentucky (the "Board"). Under the provisions of existing Kentucky law, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the Board for financing purposes and the legality of the financing plan to be implemented by the Bonds herein referred to has been upheld by the Kentucky Court of Appeals (Supreme Court) in the case of White v. City of Middlesboro, Ky. 414 S.W.2d 569.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY, PURPOSE OF ISSUE AND SECURITY

These Bonds are authorized pursuant to KRS 162.120 through 162.290, 162.385, and KRS 58.180 and are issued in accordance with a Resolution of the Corporation's Board of Directors. Said Bonds are revenue bonds and constitute a limited indebtedness of the Corporation payable from rental revenues derived by the Corporation from the Board under the Lease identified below. Said Bonds are being issued to finance improvements to Paintsville High School (the "Project") and are secured by a statutory mortgage lien upon and a pledge of the revenues from the rental of the school building Project property to the Board under the Lease on a year to year basis; the first rental period ending June 30, 2025; provided, however, said lien and pledge are on parity with a similar lien and pledge securing the Corporation's School Building Revenue Bonds previously issued to finance or refinance the school building(s) which constitute the school building Project (the "Parity Bonds").

Should the Board default in its obligations under the Lease or fail to renew the Lease, the Registered Owners of Bonds have the right to have a receiver appointed to administer the school building Project but foreclosure and sale are not available as remedies.

The rental of the school building Project property from the Corporation to the Board is to be effected under a certain Lease Agreement by and between the Corporation and the Board (the "Lease"), whereunder the school building Project property is leased to the Board for the initial period ending June 30, 2025, with an option in the Board to renew the Lease each year at rentals sufficient to provide for the principal and interest requirements on the Bonds as they become due, plus the costs of insurance, maintenance, depreciation, and bond issuance and administration expenses; the Board being legally obligated only for the initial rental period and for one year at a time thereafter each time the Lease is renewed.

Under the terms of the Lease and any renewal thereof, so long as the Bonds remain outstanding and in conformance with the intent and purpose of KRS 157.627(5) and KRS 160.160(5), in the event of a failure by the Board to pay the rentals due under the Lease, and unless sufficient funds have been transmitted to the Paying Agent, or will be so transmitted, for paying said rentals when due, the Board has granted under the terms of the Lease and Participation Agreement to the Corporation and the Commission the right to notify and request the Kentucky Department of Education to withhold from the Board a sufficient portion of any undisbursed funds then held, set aside, or allocated to the Board and to request said Department or Commissioner of Education to transfer the required amount thereof to the Paying Agent for the payment of such rentals.

Although the Board is obligated to pay the Corporation annual rentals in the full amount of the principal and interest requirements for the Bonds for each year in which the Lease is renewed, the Board has entered into the Lease in reliance upon a certain Participation Agreement by and between the Board and the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (the "Commission"). Under the terms of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has agreed to pay annually directly to the Paying Agent for the Bonds a stated Agreed Participation equal to approximately \$47,748 to be applied to the annual debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified until their retirement, subject to the constitutional restrictions limiting the commitment to the biennium; said annual amount is to be applied only to the principal and interest requirements of the Bonds so long as the Board renews the Lease. Under the Lease, the Board has pledged and assigned all of its rights under the Participation Agreement in and to the Agreed Participation to the Corporation in order to secure the Bonds and has agreed to pay that portion of the rentals in excess of said Agreed Participation for each year in which the Lease is renewed.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION

The Commission is an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky established pursuant to the provisions of Sections 157.611 through 157.640 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, as repealed, amended, and reenacted (the "Act") for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs of the Commonwealth in a manner which will ensure an equitable distribution of funds based upon unmet need.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, the Regulations of the Kentucky Board of Education and the Commission, the Commission has determined that the Board is eligible for participation from the Commission in meeting the costs of construction of the Projects and has entered into a Participation Agreement with the Board whereunder the Commission agrees to pay an annual Agreed Participation equal to approximately \$47,748 to be applied to the annual debt service requirements for the Bonds herein identified each year until their retirement; provided, however, that the contractual commitment of the Commission to pay the annual Agreed Participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth, with the first such biennial period terminating on June 30, 2026; the right is reserved in the Commission to terminate its commitment to pay the Agreed Participation after the initial biennial period and every two years thereafter. The obligation of the Commission to make payments of the Agreed Participation shall be automatically renewed each two years for a period of two years unless the Commission shall give notice of its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of the biennium; however, by the execution of the Participation Agreement, the Commission has expressed its present intention to continue to pay the Agreed Participation in each successive biennial budget period until the retirement of all of the Bonds, but such execution does not obligate the Commission to do so.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth adopted the State's Budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Inter alia, the Budget provides \$116,928,400 in FY 2024-2025 and \$126,269,500 in FY 2025-2026 to pay debt service on existing and future bond issues. There are \$75,900,000 of the Commission's previous Offers of Assistance made during the last biennium. It authorizes \$85,000,000 in additional Offers of Assistance for the current biennium to be funded in the Budget for the biennium ending June 30, 2026.

ADDITIONAL PARITY BONDS

The Corporation has reserved the right and privilege of issuing additional bonds from time to time payable from the income and revenues of said lands and school building Project property and secured by a statutory mortgage lien and pledge of revenues, but only if and to the extent the issuance of such additional parity bonds are in accordance with the plans and specifications which have been approved by the Board, Commissioner of Education, and filed in the office of the Secretary of the Corporation and a Lease shall be entered into whereunder the annual rental payments during the life of such additional bonds shall be increased by the amount of the annual principal and interest requirements of such additional bonds.

BOND MATURITIES, PRIOR REDEMPTION PROVISIONS AND PAYING AGENT

All such Bonds shall be in denominations in multiples of \$5,000 within the same maturity, bear interest from September 10, 2024, payable on March 1, 2025, and semi annually thereafter and shall mature as to principal on September 1 in each of the years as follows:

Year	Amount*	<u>Year</u>	Amount*
2025	\$25,000	2035	\$ 35,000
2026	25,000	2036	35,000
2027	25,000	2037	150,000
2028	25,000	2038	195,000
2029	25,000	2039	205,000
2030	25,000	2040	215,000
2031	30,000	2041	225,000
2032	30,000	2042	235,000
2033	30,000	2043	245,000
2034	35,000	2044	400,000

*Subject to a Permitted Adjustment of the amount of Bonds awarded of up to \$220,000 which may be applied in any or all maturities.

The Bonds maturing on or after September 1, 2033 are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation prior to their stated maturity on any date falling on or after September 1, 2032, in any order of maturities (less than all of a single maturity to be selected by lot), in whole or in part, upon notice of such prior redemption being given by the Paying Agent in accordance with DTC requirements not less than thirty (30) days prior to the date of redemption, upon terms of the face amount, plus accrued interest, but without redemption premium.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation reserves the right, upon thirty (30) days notice, to call the Bonds in whole or in part on any date at par for redemption upon the total destruction by fire, lightning, windstorm or other hazard of any building constituting the Project and apply casualty insurance proceeds to such purpose.

The Bonds are to be issued in fully registered form (both principal and interest). U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, has been designated as the Bond Registrar and Paying Agent, shall remit interest on each semiannual due date to Cede & Co. Principal and interest will be payable through the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company: Please see "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM" below. Interest on the Bonds will be paid at rates to be established upon the basis of competitive bidding as hereinafter set forth, such interest to be payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning March 1, 2025 (Record Date is the 15th day of month preceding interest due date).

BIDDING CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

- (A) Bids must be made on Official Bid Form, contained in Information for Bidders available from the undersigned or RSA Advisors, LLC, Lexington, Kentucky, by visiting www.rsamuni.com submitted manually, by facsimile or electronically via PARITY®.
- (B) Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the

failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Bond Sale, this Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing, non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

- (C) The minimum bid shall be not less than \$2,170,700 (98% of par) plus accrued interest. Interest rates shall be in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1% or both. Only one interest rate shall be permitted per Bond, and all Bonds of the same maturity shall bear the same rate. Interest rates must be on an ascending scale, in that the interest rate stipulated in any year may not be less than that stipulated for any preceding maturity. There is no limit on the number of different interest rates.
- (D) The maximum permissible net interest cost for the Bonds shall not exceed "The Bond Buyer's" Index of 20 Municipal Bonds as established on the Thursday immediately preceding the sale of said Bonds plus 1.50%.
- (E) The determination of the best purchase bid for said Bonds shall be made on the basis of all bids submitted for exactly \$2,215,000 principal amount of Bonds offered for sale under the terms and conditions herein specified, but the Corporation may adjust the principal amount of Bonds upward or downward by \$220,000 (the "Permitted Adjustment") which may be awarded to such best bidder may be a minimum of \$1,995,000 or a maximum of \$2,435,000. In the event of such Permitted Adjustment, no rebidding or recalculation of a submitted bid will be required or permitted and the Underwriter's Discount on the Bonds as submitted by the successful bidder shall be held constant. The Underwriter's Discount shall be defined as the difference between the purchase price of the Bonds submitted by the bidder and the price at which the Bonds will be issued to the public, calculated from information provided by the bidder, divided by the par amount of the Bonds bid. The price of which such adjusted principal amount of Bonds will be sold will be the same price per \$5,000 of Bonds as the price per \$5,000 for the \$2,215,000 of Bonds bid.
- (F) If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

- (a) *Holding Period* means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.
- (b) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.

- (c) *Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.
- (d) Sale Date means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is August 20, 2024.
- (e) *Underwriter* means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).
- (G) The successful bidder may elect to notify the Municipal Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each term bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption by lot on September 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.
- (H) CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the Bonds at the expense of the Corporation. The purchaser shall pay the CUSIP Service Bureau Charge. Improper imprintation or the failure to imprint CUSIP numbers shall not constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for said Bonds in accordance with the terms of any accepted proposal for the purchase of said Bonds.
- (I) The Corporation will provide to the successful purchaser a Final Official Statement in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12. A Final Official Statement will be provided in Electronic Form to the successful bidder, in sufficient time to meet the delivery requirements of the successful bidder under SEC and Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board Delivery Requirements. The successful bidder will be required to pay for the printing of Final Official Statements.
- (J) Bids need not be accompanied by a certified or bank cashier's good faith check, BUT the successful bidder will be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the amount of the principal amount of Bonds awarded to the order of the Corporation by the close of business on the day following the award. Said good faith amount which will be forfeited as liquidated damages in the event of a failure of the successful bidder to take delivery of such Bonds when ready. The good faith amount (without interest) will be applied to the purchase price upon delivery of the Bonds. The successful bidder shall not be required to take up and pay for said Bonds unless delivery is made within 45 days from the date the bid is accepted.
 - (K) Delivery will be made utilizing the DTC Book-Entry-Only-System.
- (L) The Corporation reserves the right to reject any and all bids or to waive any informality in any bid. The Bonds are offered for sale subject to the principal and interest not being subject to Federal or Kentucky income taxation or Kentucky ad valorem taxation on the date of their delivery to the successful bidder, in accordance with the Final Approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC, Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky, which Opinion will be qualified in accordance with the section hereof on TAX EXEMPTION.
- (M) The Corporation and the Board agree to cooperate with the successful bidder in the event said purchaser desires to purchase municipal bond insurance regarding the Refunding Bonds; provided, however, that any and all expenses incurred in obtaining said insurance shall be solely the obligation of the successful bidder should the successful bidder so elect to purchase such insurance.

STATE SUPPORT OF EDUCATION

The 1990 Regular Session of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth enacted a comprehensive legislative package known as the Kentucky Education Reform Act ("KERA") designed to comply with the mandate of the Kentucky Supreme Court that the General Assembly provide for as efficient and equitable system of schools throughout the State.

KERA became fully effective on July 13, 1990. Elementary and Secondary Education in the Commonwealth is supervised by the Commissioner of Education as the Chief Executive Officer of the State Department of Education ("DOE"), an appointee of the reconstituted State Board for Elementary and Secondary Education (the "State Board"). Some salient features of KERA are as follows:

KRS 157.330 establishes the fund to Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK") funded from biennial appropriations from the General Assembly for distribution to school districts. The base funding guaranteed to each school district by SEEK for operating and capital expenditures is determined in each fiscal year by dividing the total annual SEEK appropriation by the state-wide total of pupils in average daily attendance ("ADA") in the preceding fiscal year; the ADA for each district is subject to adjustment to reflect the number of at risk students (approved for free lunch programs under state and federal guidelines), number and types of exceptional children, and transportation costs.

KRS 157.420 establishes a formula which results in the allocation of funds for capital expenditures in school districts at \$100 per ADA pupil which is included in the SEEK allotment (\$4,000) for the current biennium which is required to be segregated into a Capital Outlay Allotment Fund which may be used only for (1) direct payment of construction costs; (2) debt service on voted and funding bonds; (3) lease rental payments in support of bond issues; (4) reduction of deficits resulting from over expenditures for emergency capital construction; and (5) a reserve for each of the categories enumerated in 1 through 4 above.

KRS 160.470(12)(a) requires that effective for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district shall levy a minimum equivalent tax rate of \$.30 for general school purposes. The equivalent tax rate is defined as the rate which results when the income collected during the prior year from all taxes levied by the district (including utilities gross receipts license and special voted) for school purposes is divided by the total assessed value of property, plus the assessment for motor vehicles certified by the Revenue Cabinet of the Commonwealth. Any school district board of education which fails to comply with the minimum equivalent tax rate levy shall be subject to removal from office.

KRS 160.470(12)(2) provides that for fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990 each school district may levy an equivalent tax rate which will produce up to 15% of those revenues guaranteed by the SEEK program. Any increase beyond the 4% annual limitation imposed by KRS 132.017 is not subject to the recall provisions of that Section. Revenue generated by the 15% levy is to be equalized at 150% of the state-wide average per pupil equalized assessment.

KRS 157.440(2) permits school districts to levy up to 30% of the revenue guaranteed by the SEEK program, plus the revenue produced by the 15% levy, but said additional tax will not be equalized with state funds and will be subject to recall by a simple majority of those voting on the question.

KRS 157.620(1) also provides that in order to be eligible for participation from the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission for debt service on bond issues the district must levy a tax which will produce revenues equivalent to \$.05 per \$100 of the total assessed value of all property in the district (including tangible and intangible property and motor vehicles) in addition to the minimum \$.30 levy required by KRS 160.470(12). A district having a special voted tax which is equal to or higher than the required \$.05 tax, must commit and segregate for capital purposes at least an amount equal to the required \$.05 tax. Those districts which levy the additional \$.05 tax are also eligible for participation in the Kentucky Facilities Support ("KFS") program for which funds are appropriated separately from SEEK funds and are distributed to districts in accordance with a formula taking into account outstanding debt and funds available for payment from both local and state sources under KRS 157.440(1)(b).

KRS 160.460 provides that as of July 1, 1994 all real property located in the Commonwealth subject to local taxation shall be assessed at \$57,158 to be applied to fair cash value.

BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR PERIOD ENDING JUNE 30, 2026

The Kentucky General Assembly is required by the Kentucky Constitution to adopt measures providing for the state's revenues and appropriations for each fiscal year. The Governor is required by law to submit a biennial State Budget (the "State Budget") to the General Assembly during the legislative session held in each even numbered year. State Budgets have generally been adopted by the General Assembly during those legislative sessions, which end in mid-April, to be effective upon the Governor's signature for appropriations commencing for a two-year period beginning the following July 1.

In the absence of a legislatively enacted budget, the Supreme Court has ruled the Governor has no authority to spend money from the state treasury except where there is a statutory, constitutional or federal mandate and the Commonwealth may be prevented from expending funds for certain state governmental functions, including the ability to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest, when due, on obligations that are subject to appropriation.

The General Assembly adopted a budget for the biennial period ending June 30, 2026, which was approved and signed by the Governor. Such budget became effective beginning July 1, 2024. The Office of the State Budget Director makes available on its website monthly updates to the General Fund receipts and other Funds of the commonwealth. When published, the updates can be found at www.osbd.ky.gov.

POTENTIAL LEGISLATION

No assurance can be given that any future legislation, including amendments to the Code, if enacted into law, or changes in interpretation of the Code, will not cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation, or otherwise prevent owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax exemption of such interest. In addition, current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, may cause interest on state or local government bonds (whether issued before, on the date of, or after enactment of such legislation) to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation by, for example, changing the current exclusion or deduction rules to limit the amount of interest on such bonds that may currently be treated as tax exempt by certain individuals. For example, on August 16, 2022, President Biden signed the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (the "Inflation Reduction Act"). The Inflation Reduction Act imposes a minimum tax of 15 percent of the adjusted financial statement income of certain corporations whose income exceeds stated thresholds for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. Under the Inflation Reduction Act, interest on debt obligations otherwise exempt from federal income tax would be included in the calculation of adjusted financial statement income for corporations subject to the minimum tax. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisers regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Further, no assurance can be given that the introduction or enactment of any such future legislation, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to regulation, ruling, or selection of the Bonds for audit examination, or the course or result of any IRS examination of the Bonds or obligations which present similar tax issues, will not affect the market price for the Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

As a result of the Board and issuing agencies acting on behalf of the Board offering for public sale municipal securities in excess of \$1,000,000, the Corporation and the Board will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of all parties who may become Registered or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds whereunder said Corporation and Board will agree to comply with the provisions of the Municipal Securities Disclosure Rules set forth in Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") by filing annual financial statements and material events notices with the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") System maintained by the Municipal Securities Rule Making Board.

Financial information regarding the Board may be obtained from Superintendent, Paintsville Independent Board of Education, 220 Main Street, Paintsville, Kentucky 41240 (606.789.2654).

TAX EXEMPTION; BANK QUALIFIED

Bond Counsel advises as follows with respect to the Bonds:

- (A) The Bonds and the interest thereon are exempt from income and ad valorem taxation by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and all of its political subdivisions.
- (B) The interest income from the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the recipient thereof for Federal income tax purposes under existing law and interest on the Bonds will not be a specific item of tax preference for purposes of calculating the Federal alternative minimum tax; however, with respect to certain corporations, interest on the Bonds is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022.
- (C) As a result of certifications by the Board and the Corporation, indicating the issuance of less than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year ending December 31, 2024, the Bonds may be treated by financial institutions as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY-SYSTEM

The Bonds shall utilize the Book-Entry-Only-System administered by The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds initially will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee). One fully-registered Bond Certificate will be issued, in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds securities that its participants ("Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the settlement among Participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in Participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. "Direct Participants" include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is owned by a number of its Direct Participants and by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange, Inc., and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as securities brokers and dealers, banks, and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). The Rules applicable to DTC and its participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participant's records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds ("Beneficial Ownership Interest") are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their Beneficial Ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued. Transfers of ownership interest in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co., effect no change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners, will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to Cede & Co. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in the Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. will consent or vote with respect to Bonds. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments of the Bonds will be made to DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' account on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records unless DTC has reason to believe that it will not receive payment on payable date. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name", and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Issuer, or the Trustee, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to DTC is the responsibility of the Issuer or the Trustee, disbursements of such payments to Direct Participants shall be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payment to the Beneficial Owners shall be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Beneficial Ownership Interests purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Trustee, and shall effect delivery of such Beneficial Ownership Interests by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Beneficial Ownership Interests, on DTC's records, to the purchaser or the Trustee, as appropriate. The requirements for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with a demand for purchase or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Issuer or the Bond Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered by the Bond Registrar.

NEITHER THE ISSUER, THE BOARD NOR THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OR ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER OR ANY OTHER PERSON NOT SHOWN ON THE REGISTRATION BOOKS OF THE BOND REGISTRAR/PAYING AGENT AS BEING AN OWNER WITH RESPECT TO: (1) THE BONDS; (2) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (3) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT DUE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF TENDERED BONDS OR THE PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PRICE OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS; (4) THE DELIVERY BY ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY NOTICE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WHICH IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE BOND RESOLUTION TO BE GIVEN TO HOLDERS; (5) THE SELECTION OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF ANY PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE BONDS; OR (6) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS HOLDER.

PAINTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE CORPORATION

by /s/Betty Mullins Secretary

APPENDIX E

Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2024

Official Bid Form

OFFICIAL BID FORM (Bond Purchase Agreement)

The Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation ("Corporation" or "Issuer"), will until 11:00 A.M., E.D.S.T., on August 20, 2024, receive in the office of the Executive Director of the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission, 700 Louisville Rd, Carriage House, Frankfort, KY 40601, (telephone 502-564-5582; fax 888-979-6152) competitive bids for its \$2,215,000 School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2024, dated September 10, 2024; maturing September 1, 2025 through 2044 ("Bonds").

We hereby bid for said \$2,215,000* principal amount of Bonds, the total sum of \$ (not less than \$2,170,700) plus accrued interest from September 10, 2024 payable March 1, 2025 and semiannually thereafter at the following annual rates, (rates on ascending scale in multiples of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1%; number of interest rates unlimited) and maturing as to principal on September 1 in the years as follows:

Year	Amount*	Rate	Year	Amount*	<u>Rate</u>
2025 2026	\$25,000		2035 2036	\$ 35,000	
2026 2027 2028	25,000 25,000		2036 2037 2038	35,000 150,000	
2028 2029	25,000 25,000		2038 2039 2040	195,000 205,000	
2029 2030 2031 2032	25,000 30,000		2040 2041	215,000 225,000	
2032 2033	30,000 30,000		2042 2043	235,000 245,000	
2033	35,000		2043	400,000	

^{*} Subject to Permitted Adjustment

We understand this bid may be accepted for as much as \$2,435,000 of Bonds or as little as \$1,995,000 of Bonds, at the same price per \$5,000 Bond, with the variation in such amount occurring in any maturity or all maturities, which will be determined at the time of acceptance of the best bid.

We further understand that by submitting a bid we agree as follows:

If three (3) or more bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser will be required to certify on or before the issue date the reasonably expected initial offering price to the public for each Maturity of the Bonds which prices are the prices for each Maturity of the Bonds used by the successful purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

If less than three (3) bids for the Bonds are received as a result of this competitive sale, the successful purchaser, by submitting a bid pursuant to a published Notice of Sale, has agreed in writing that they will certify on or before the issue date (and provide reasonable supporting documentation for such Certification, such as a copy of the Pricing wire or equivalent communication) for each Maturity of the Bonds (i) the first price at which at least 10% of each Maturity of the Bonds was sold to the Public, or (ii) that they will neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of each Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity.

Bids will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal by the bidder in the event that three bids are not received and the Issuer determines to apply the hold-the-offering-price rule.

For purposes of the above the following terms are defined as follows:

- (a) Holding Period means, with respect to a Maturity, the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date, or (ii) the date on which the successful purchaser has sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at prices that are no higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.
- (b) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Bonds with different maturity dates, or Bonds with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate maturities.
- (c) *Public* means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter or a related party to an Underwriter. The term "related party" for purposes of this certificate generally means any two or more persons who have greater than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly.
- (d) Sale Date means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of a Maturity of the Bonds. The Sale Date of the Bonds is August 20, 2024.
- (e) *Underwriter* means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).

Electronic bids for the Bonds must be submitted through PARITY® and no other provider of electronic bidding services will be accepted. Subscription to the PARITY® Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid. The Corporation will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidders to subscribe. For the purposes of the bidding process, the time as maintained by PARITY® shall constitute the official time with respect to all bids whether in electronic or written form. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY® conflict with the terms of the Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds, this

Official Terms and Conditions of Sale of Bonds shall prevail. Electronic bids made through the facilities of PARITY® shall be deemed an offer to purchase in response to the Notice of Bond Sale and shall be binding upon the bidders as if made by signed, sealed written bids delivered to the Corporation. The Corporation shall not be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by or as a result of the use of the electronic bidding facilities provided and maintained by PARITY®. The use of PARITY® facilities are at the sole risk of the prospective bidders. For further information regarding PARITY®, potential bidders may contact PARITY®, telephone (212) 404-8102. Notwithstanding the foregoing, non-electronic bids may be submitted via facsimile or by hand delivery utilizing the Official Bid Form.

The successful bidder may elect to notify the Municipal Advisor within twenty-four (24) hours of the award of the Bonds that certain serial maturities as awarded may be combined with immediately succeeding serial maturities as one or more Term Bonds; provided, however, (a) bids must be submitted to permit only a single interest rate for each Term Bond specified, and (b) Term Bonds will be subject to mandatory redemption on September 1 in accordance with the maturity schedule setting the actual size of the issue.

The DTC Book-Entry-Only-System will be utilized on delivery of this issue.

It is understood that the Corporation will furnish the final approving Legal Opinion of Steptoe & Johnson PLLC Bond Counsel, Louisville, Kentucky.

No certified or bank cashier's check will be required to accompany a bid, but the successful bidder shall be required to wire transfer an amount equal to 2% of the principal amount of Bonds awarded by the close of business on the date following the award. Said good faith amount will be applied (without interest) to the purchase price on delivery. Wire transfer procedures should be arranged through U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, Louisville, Kentucky, Attn: Mr. Charles Lush, Trust Officer (502.797.6421).

Bids must be submitted only on this form and must be fully executed.

If we are the successful bidder, we agree to accept and make payment for the Bonds in Federal Funds on or about September 10, 2024 and upon acceptance by the Issuer's Municipal Advisor this Official Bid Form shall become the Bond Purchase Agreement.

	Respectfully submitte	ed,	
	Bidder ByAuthorized Officer		_
	Address		_
Total interest cost from September 10, 2024 to	final maturity	\$	
Plus discount or less any premium		\$	
Net interest cost (Total interest cost plus discou	ant)	\$	
Average interest rate or cost			%

The above computation of net interest cost and of average interest rate or cost is submitted for information only and is not a part of this Bid.

Accepted by RSA Advisors, LLC, as Municipal Advisor and Agent for the Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation for \$_____ amount of Bonds at a price of \$_____ as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Rate
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034	,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,00		2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044	,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,000 ,00	9/0 9/0 9/0 9/0 9/0 9/0 9/0 9/0 9/0

Dated: August 20, 2024

RSA Advisors, LLC, As Agent for the Paintsville Independent School District Finance Corporation